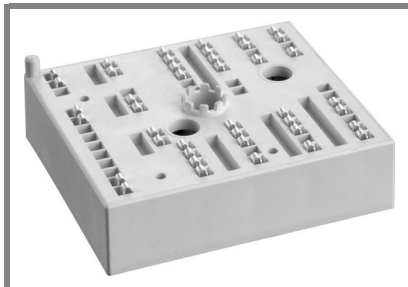


SKiiP 26AC126V1



MiniSKiiP[®] 2

3-phase bridge inverter

SKiiP 26AC126V1

Features

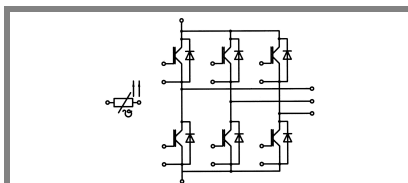
- Fast Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications

- Inverter up to 36 kVA
- Typical motor power 18,5 kW

Remarks

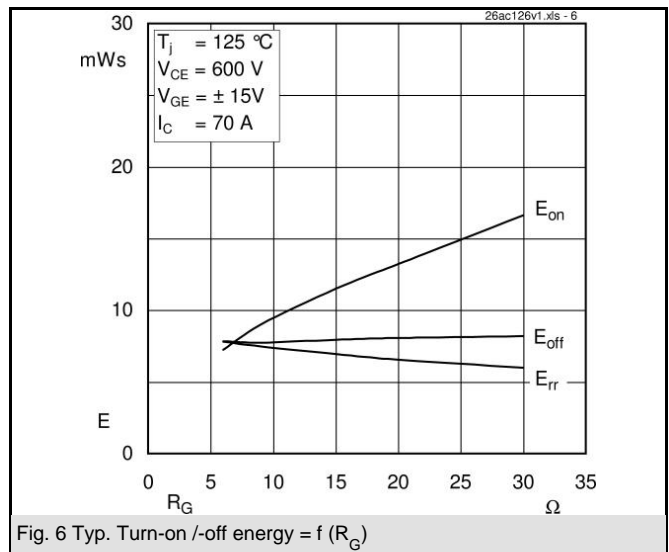
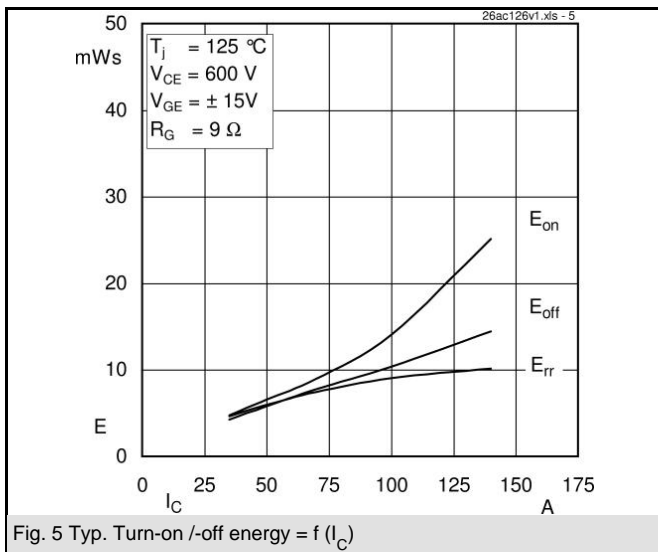
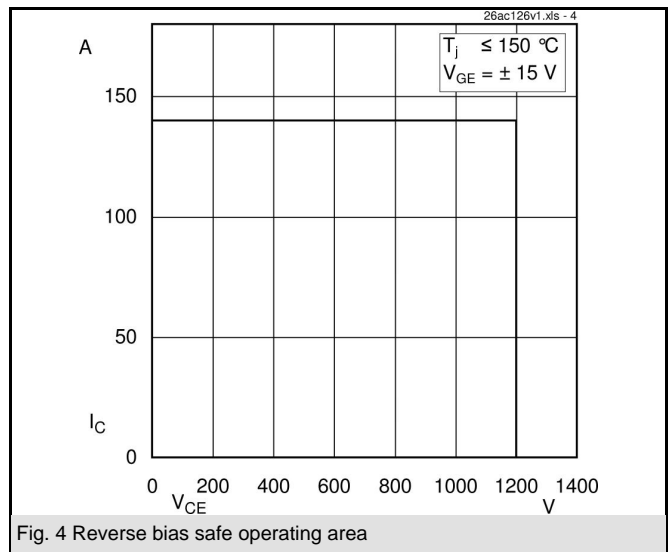
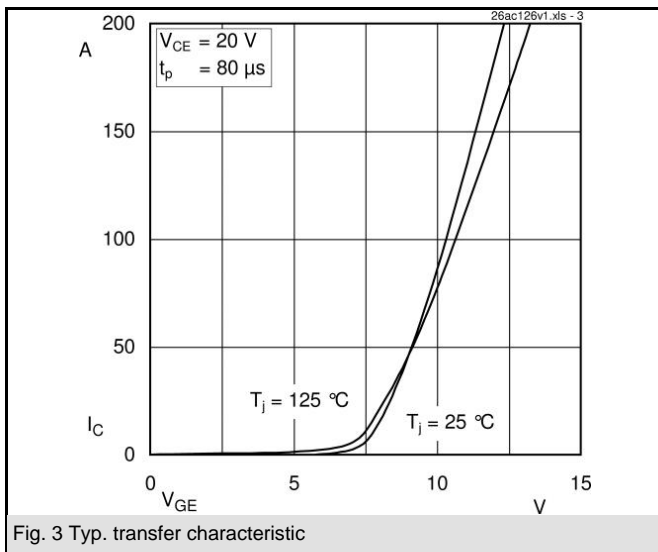
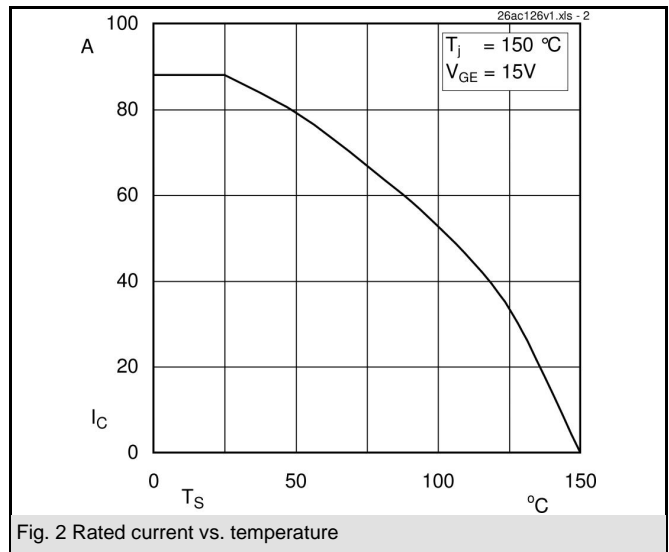
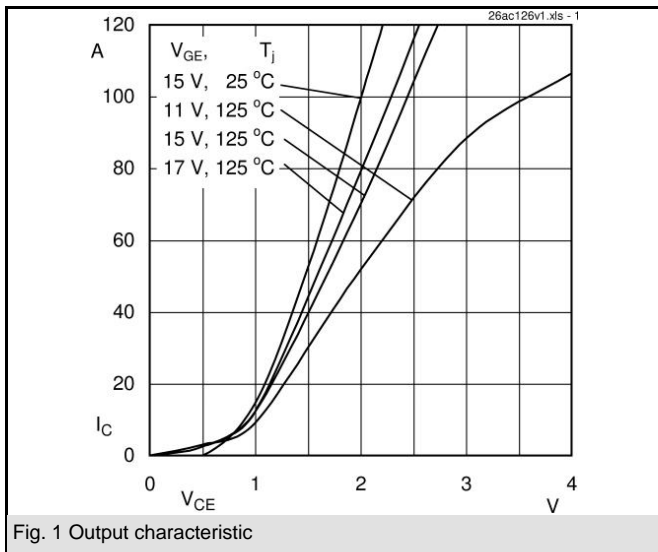
- V_{CEsat} , V_F = chip level value



AC

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
IGBT - Inverter			
V_{CES}		1200	V
I_C	$T_s = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$	88 (66)	A
I_{CRM}	$t_p \leq 1 \text{ ms}$	140	A
V_{GES}		± 20	V
T_j		- 40 ... + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Diode - Inverter			
I_F	$T_s = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$	91 (68)	A
I_{FRM}	$t_p \leq 1 \text{ ms}$	140	A
T_j		- 40 ... + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IRMS}	per power terminal (20 A / spring)	100	A
T_{stg}	$T_{op} \leq T_{stg}$	- 40 ... + 125	$^\circ\text{C}$
V_{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V

Characteristics		$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
IGBT - Inverter					
V_{CEsat}	$I_{Cnom} = 70 \text{ A}, T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1,7 (2)	2,1 (2,4)	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
$V_{CE(TO)}$	$T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1 (0,9)	1,2 (1,1)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		10 (16)	13 (19)	m Ω
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4,8		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1		nF
C_{res}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		0,6		nF
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		0,5		K/W
$t_{d(on)}$	under following conditions		80		ns
t_r	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}, V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$		30		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$I_{Cnom} = 70 \text{ A}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		430		ns
t_f	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 9 \Omega$		90		ns
E_{on}	inductive load		9		mJ
E_{off}			7,7		mJ
Diode - Inverter					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_{Fnom} = 70 \text{ A}, T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1,5 (1,5)	1,7 (1,7)	V
$V_{(TO)}$	$T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1 (0,8)	1,1 (0,9)	V
r_T	$T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		7,1 (10)	8,6 (11)	m Ω
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per diode		0,7		K/W
I_{RRM}	under following conditions		77		A
Q_{rr}	$I_{Fnom} = 70 \text{ A}, V_R = 600 \text{ V}$		18		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $di_F/dt = 2000 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		7,5		mJ
Temperature Sensor					
R_{ts}	3 %, $T_r = 25 (100)^\circ\text{C}$		1000(1670)		Ω
Mechanical Data					
m			65		g
M_s	Mounting torque	2		2,5	Nm



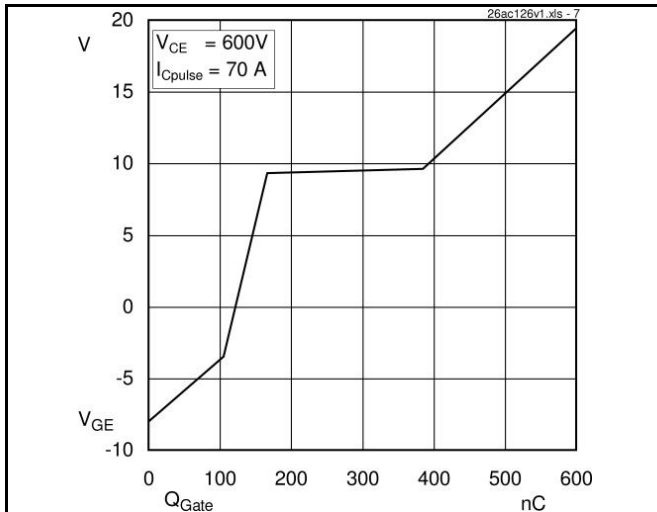


Fig. 7 Typ. gate charge characteristic

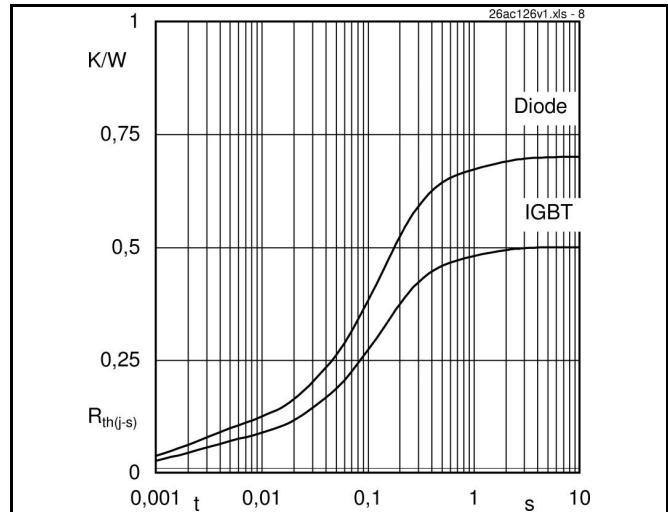


Fig. 8 Typ. thermal impedance

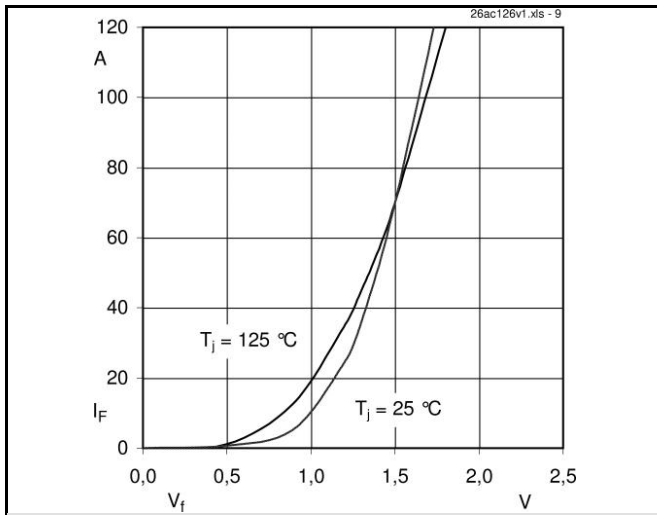
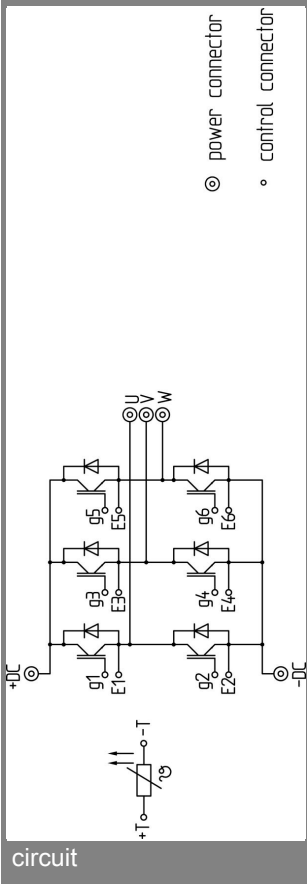
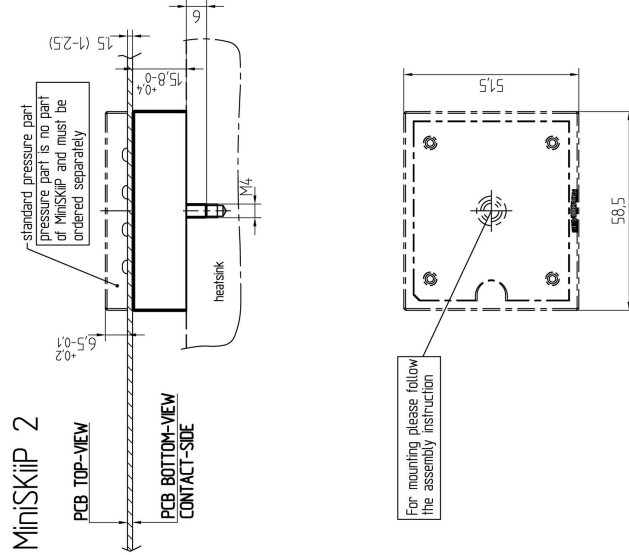


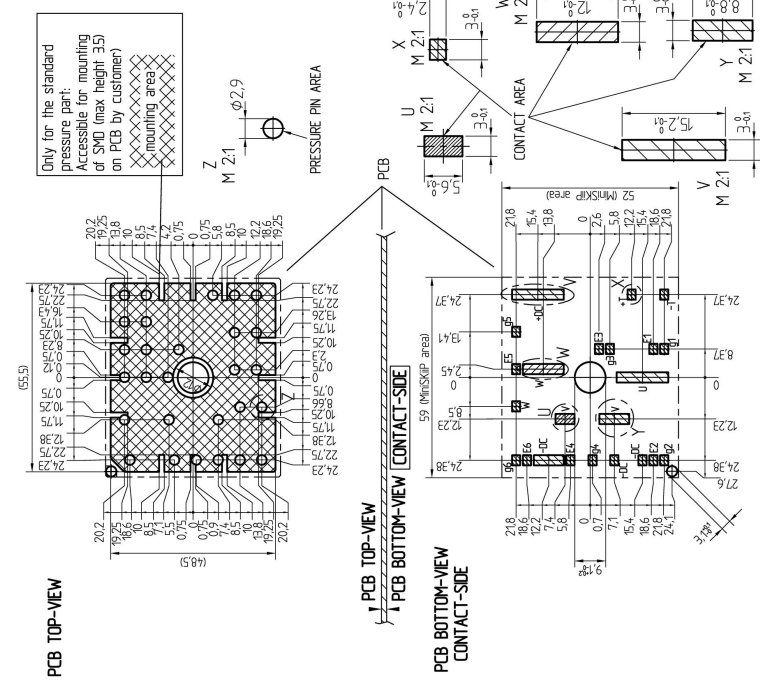
Fig. 9 Typ. freewheeling diode forward characteristic



MiniSKiiP 2



measure: mm
 tolerance: ISO 2768-1



pinout, dimensions

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