



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AO3400

N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor



General Description

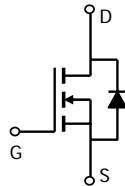
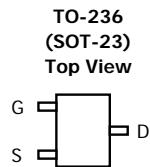
The AO3400/L uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. AO3400 and AO3400L are electrically identical.

-RoHS Compliant

-AO3400L is Halogen Free

Features

V_{DS} (V) = 30V
 I_D = 5.8 A (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 28m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 10V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 33m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 4.5V)
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 52m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = 2.5V)



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|--|----------------|------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 30 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 12 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^A | I_D | 5.8 | A |
| $T_A=70^\circ C$ | | 4.9 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^B | I_{DM} | 30 | |
| Power Dissipation ^A | P_D | 1.4 | W |
| $T_A=70^\circ C$ | | 1 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | °C |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 65 | 90 | °C/W |
| Steady-State | | 85 | 125 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C | $R_{\theta JL}$ | 43 | 60 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|--|---|-----|------|------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | 30 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1 | | μA |
| | | | | 5 | | |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 12\text{V}$ | | | 100 | nA |
| $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$ | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.4 | V |
| $I_{D(\text{ON})}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$ | 30 | | | A |
| $R_{DS(\text{ON})}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=5.8\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 22.8 | 28 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5\text{A}$ | | 32 | 39 | |
| | | $V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}, I_D=4\text{A}$ | | 27.3 | 33 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=5\text{A}$ | 10 | 15 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.71 | 1 | V |
| I_s | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | 2.5 | A |
| I_{SM} | Pulsed Body-Diode Current ^B | | | | 30 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 823 | 1050 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 99 | | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 77 | | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 1.4 | 2 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=5.8\text{A}$ | | 9.7 | 12 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 1.6 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 3.1 | | nC |
| $t_{D(\text{on})}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | $V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=2.7\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$ | | 3.3 | 5 | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 4.8 | 7 | ns |
| $t_{D(\text{off})}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 26.3 | 40 | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 4.1 | 6 | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 16 | 20 | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 8.9 | 12 | nC |

A: The value of R_{0JA} is measured with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the $\leq 10\text{s}$ thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R_{0JA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{0JL} and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

Rev 6 :May,2008

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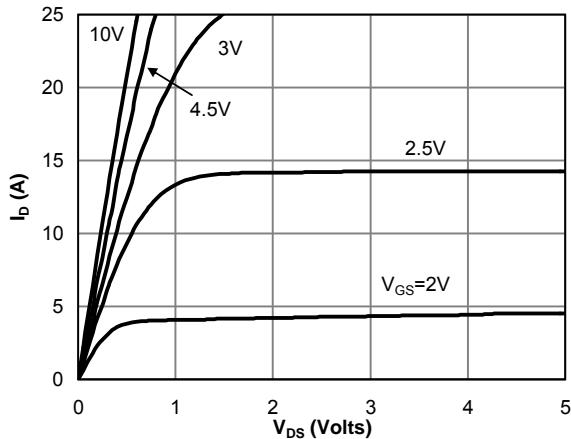
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

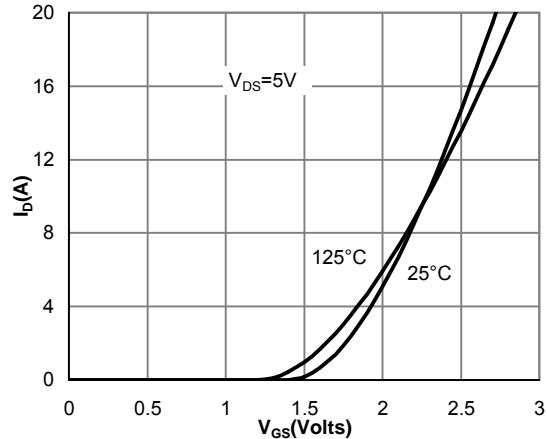


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

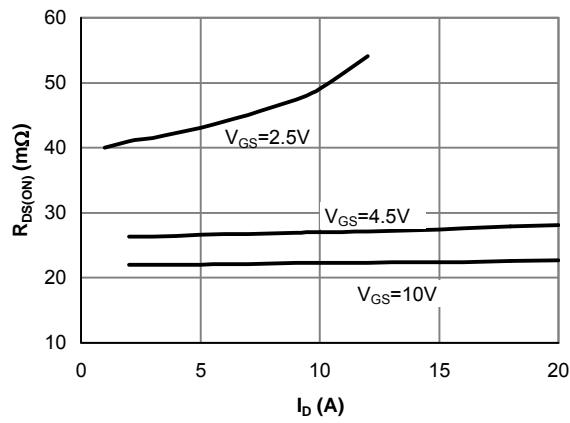


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

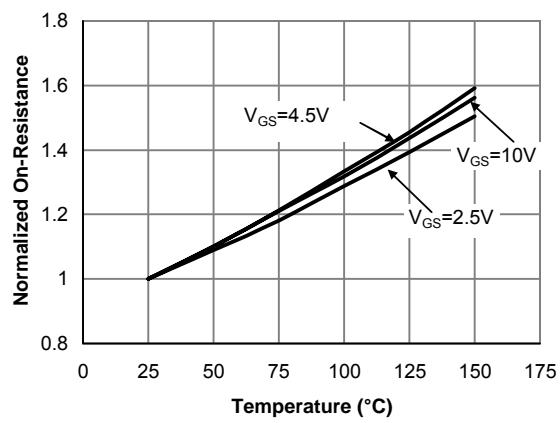


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

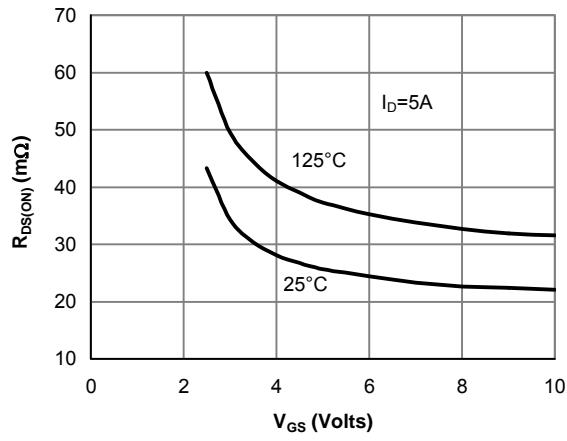


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

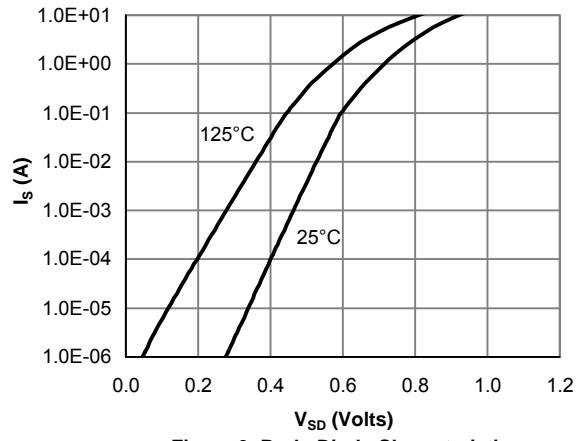


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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