SHARP

| | Date Feb. | 4. 2003 |
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| PRELIMINARY DA | TASHEET | |
| | DATASHEET | |
| | 128M (x16) Flash Memory | |
| Model No : | LH28F128BFHBD-PWTLZ1 | |
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| | sales office to obtain the latest datasheet. | |

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- When using the products covered herein, please observe the conditions written herein and the precautions outlined in the following paragraphs. In no event shall the company be liable for any damages resulting from failure to strictly adhere to these conditions and precautions.
 - The products covered herein are designed and manufactured for the following application areas. When using the products covered herein for the equipment listed in Paragraph (2), even for the following application areas, be sure to observe the precautions given in Paragraph (2). Never use the products for the equipment listed in Paragraph (3).
 - Office electronics
 - Instrumentation and measuring equipment
 - Machine tools
 - Audiovisual equipment
 - Home appliance
 - Communication equipment other than for trunk lines
 - (2) Those contemplating using the products covered herein for the following equipment which demands high reliability, should first contact a sales representative of the company and then accept responsibility for incorporating into the design fail-safe operation, redundancy, and other appropriate measures for ensuring reliability and safety of the equipment and the overall system.
 - Control and safety devices for airplanes, trains, automobiles, and other transportation equipment
 - Mainframe computers
 - Traffic control systems
 - Gas leak detectors and automatic cutoff devices
 - Rescue and security equipment
 - Other safety devices and safety equipment, etc.
 - (3) Do not use the products covered herein for the following equipment which demands extremely high performance in terms of functionality, reliability, or accuracy.
 - Aerospace equipment
 - Communications equipment for trunk lines
 - Control equipment for the nuclear power industry
 - Medical equipment related to life support, etc.
 - (4) Please direct all queries and comments regarding the interpretation of the above three Paragraphs to a sales representative of the company.
- Please direct all queries regarding the products covered herein to a sales representative of the company.

CONTENTS

PAGE

| 0.8mm pitch 72-Ball CSP Pinout 3 |
|---|
| Pin Descriptions 4 |
| Simultaneous Operation Modes Allowed with Eight Planes 5 |
| Memory Map 6 |
| Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation 8 |
| Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation on Partition Configuration 8 |
| OTP Block Address Map for OTP Program |
| Bus Operation 10 |
| Command Definitions 11 |
| Functions of Block Lock and Block Lock-Down 13 |
| Block Locking State Transitions upon Command Write |
| Block Locking State Transitions upon WP# Transition |
| Status Register Definition 15 |

| PAGE |
|--|
| Extended Status Register Definition 16 |
| Partition Configuration Register Definition 17 |
| Partition Configuration 17 |
| 1 Electrical Specifications 18 |
| 1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings 18 |
| 1.2 Operating Conditions 18 |
| 1.2.1 Capacitance 19 |
| 1.2.2 AC Input/Output Test Conditions 19 |
| 1.2.3 DC Characteristics 20 |
| 1.2.4 AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations |
| 1.2.5 AC Characteristics - Write Operations |
| 1.2.6 Reset Operations 27 |
| 1.2.7 Block Erase, Bank Erase,(Page Buffer) Program andOTP Program Performance |
| 2 Related Document Information |

1

LH28F128BFHBD-PWTLZ1 128Mbit (8Mbit×16) Page Mode Dual Work Flash MEMORY

- 128M density with 16Bit I/O Interface
 2 Bank Enable (BE₀#, BE₁#) Control
- High Performance Reads
 85/35ns 8-Word Page Mode
- Configurative 8-Plane Dual Work
 - Flexible Partitioning
 - Read operations during Block Erase or (Page Buffer) Program
 - Status Register for Each Partition
- Low Power Operation
 - 2.7V Read and Write Operations
 - Automatic Power Savings Mode Reduces I_{CCR} in Static Mode
- Enhanced Code + Data Storage
 5µs Typical Erase/Program Suspends
- OTP (One Time Program) Block
 - 4-Word Factory-Programmed Area
 - 4-Word User-Programmable Area
- High Performance Program with Page Buffer
 - 16-Word Page Buffer
 - + 5µs/Word (Typ.) at 12V $V_{\ensuremath{PP}}$
- Operating Temperature -30°C to +85°C
- CMOS Process (P-type silicon substrate)

- Flexible Blocking Architecture
 - Sixteen 4K-word Parameter Blocks
 - Two-hundred and fifty-four 32K-word Main Blocks
 - Top and Bottom Parameter Location
- Enhanced Data Protection Features
 - Individual Block Lock and Block Lock-Down with Zero-Latency
 - All blocks are locked at power-up or device reset.
 - Absolute Protection with $V_{PP} \leq V_{PPLK}$
 - Block Erase, Bank Erase, (Page Buffer) Word Program Lockout during Power Transitions
- Automated Erase/Program Algorithms
 - 3.0V Low-Power 11µs/Word (Typ.) Programming
 - 12V No Glue Logic 9µs/Word (Typ.) Production Programming and 0.5s Erase (Typ.)
- Cross-Compatible Command Support
 - Basic Command Set
 - Common Flash Interface (CFI)
- Extended Cycling Capability
 - Minimum 100,000 Block Erase Cycles
- 0.8mm pitch 72-Ball CSP
- ETOX^{TM*} Flash Technology
- Not designed or rated as radiation hardened

The product, which is 8-Plane Page Mode Dual Work (Simultaneous Read while Erase/Program) Flash memory, is a low power, high density, low cost, nonvolatile read/write storage solution for a wide range of applications. The product can operate at V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V and V_{PP} =1.65V-3.6V or 11.7V-12.3V. Its low voltage operation capability greatly extends battery life for portable applications.

The product provides high performance asynchronous page mode. It allows code execution directly from Flash, thus eliminating time consuming wait states. Furthermore, its newly configurative partitioning architecture allows flexible dual work operation.

The memory array block architecture utilizes Enhanced Data Protection features, and provides separate Parameter and Main Blocks that provide maximum flexibility for safe nonvolatile code and data storage.

Fast program capability is provided through the use of high speed Page Buffer Program.

Special OTP (One Time Program) block provides an area to store permanent code such as a unique number.

* ETOX is a trademark of Intel Corporation.

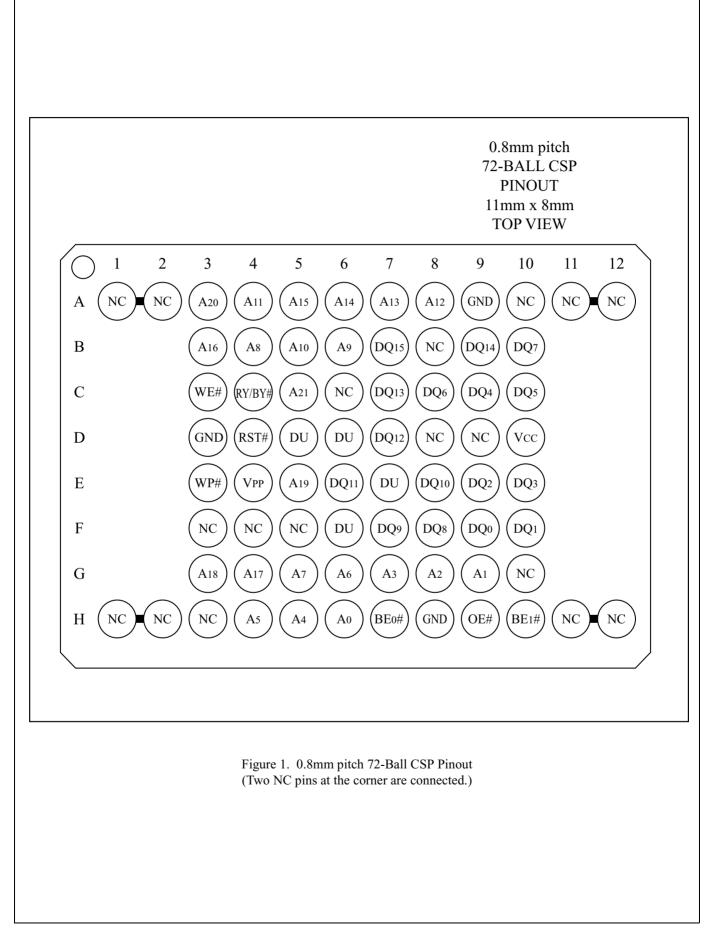


Table 1. Pin Descriptions

| Symbol | Туре | Name and Function |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| A ₀ -A ₂₁ | INPUT | ADDRESS INPUTS: Inputs for addresses. A ₀ -A ₂₁ |
| DQ ₀ -DQ ₁₅ | INPUT/ OUTPUT | DATA INPUTS/OUTPUTS: Inputs data and commands during CUI (Command User Interface) write cycles, outputs data during memory array, status register, query code, identifier code and partition configuration register code reads. Data pins float to high-impedance (High Z) when the chip or outputs are deselected. Data is internally latched during an erase or program cycle. |
| BE ₀ #, BE ₁ # | INPUT | BANK ENABLE: Activates the device's control logic, input buffers, decoders and sense amplifiers. BE_0 #-high (V_{IH}) and BE_1 #-high (V_{IH}) deselects the device and reduces power consumption to standby levels. |
| RST# | INPUT | RESET: When low (V_{IL}), RST# resets internal automation and inhibits write operations which provides data protection. RST#-high (V_{IH}) enables normal operation. After power-up or reset mode, the device is automatically set to read array mode. RST# must be low during power-up/down. |
| OE# | INPUT | OUTPUT ENABLE: Gates the device's outputs during a read cycle. |
| WE# | INPUT | WRITE ENABLE: Controls writes to the CUI and array blocks. Addresses and data are latched on the rising edge of $BE_0^{\#}$ or $BE_1^{\#}$ or WE# (whichever goes high first). |
| WP# | INPUT | WRITE PROTECT: When WP# is V_{IL} , locked-down blocks cannot be unlocked. Erase or program operation can be executed to the blocks which are not locked and not locked-down. When WP# is V_{IH} , lock-down is disabled. |
| RY/BY# | OPEN DRAIN OUTPUT | READY/BUSY#: Indicates the status of the internal WSM (Write State Machine). When low, WSM is performing an internal operation (block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program). RY/BY#-High Z indicates that the WSM is ready for new commands, block erase is suspended and (page buffer) program is inactive, (page buffer) program is suspended, or the device is in reset mode. |
| V _{PP} | INPUT | MONITORING POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE: V _{PP} is not used for power supply pin. With V _{PP} \leq V _{PPLK} , block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program cannot be executed and should not be attempted. Applying 12V±0.3V to V _{PP} provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, V _{PP} is power supply pin. Applying 12V±0.3V to V _{PP} during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. V _{PP} may be connected to 12V±0.3V for a total of 80 hours maximum. Use of this pin at 12V beyond these limits may reduce block cycling capability or cause permanent damage. |
| V _{CC} | SUPPLY | DEVICE POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.6V): With $V_{CC} \leq V_{LKO}$, all write attempts to the flash memory are inhibited. Device operations at invalid V_{CC} voltage (see DC Characteristics) produce spurious results and should not be attempted. |
| GND | SUPPLY | GROUND: Do not float any ground pins. |
| NC | | NO CONNECT: Lead is not internally connected; it may be driven or floated. |
| DU | | DON'T USE: Do not use this pin. This pin should not be connected to any power supplies, signals or other pins and must be floated. |

| | | uole 2. c | minantant | ous ope | iunon nio | ue 5 1 1110 // (| | Sile i luite | 5 | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------|-------|--|--|
| | THEN THE MODES ALLOWED IN THE OTHER PARTITION IS: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IF ONE PARTITION IS: | Read Array | Read ID/OTP | Read Status | Read Query | Word Program | Page Buffer Program | OTP Program | Block Erase | Bank Erase | Program Suspend | Erase | | |
| Read Array | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | | X | Х | | |
| Read ID/OTP | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | | Х | Х | | |
| Read Status | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | |
| Read Query | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | | Х | | Х | Х | | |
| Word Program | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | |
| Page Buffer Program | Х | X | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | |
| OTP Program | | | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| Block Erase | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | | | | | | |
| Bank Erase | | | Х | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program Suspend | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | | | | Х | | |
| Block Erase Suspend | Х | X | Х | Х | Х | Х | | | | X | | | |

Table 2. Simultaneous Operation Modes Allowed with Eight $Planes^{(1,2)}$

"X" denotes the operation available.
 Configurative Partition Dual Work Restrictions:

Status register reflects partition state, not WSM (Write State Machine) state - this allows a status register for each partition. Only one partition can be erased or programmed at a time - no command queuing. Commands must be written to an address within the block targeted by that command.

| Se | lected by BE ₀ #= | V _{IL} (Bank 0) | | BLO | OCK NUMBER | ADDRESS RA |
|-----------------|--|--|------------|----------|----------------------|--|
| | | | | 70 | 32K-WORD | 1F8000H - 1FFFFFH |
| | | | | 69 | 32K-WORD | 1F0000H - 1F7FFFH |
| | | | | 68 | 32K-WORD | 1E8000H - 1EFFFF |
| | | | | 67 66 | 32K-WORD | 1E0000H - 1E7FFF 1D8000H - 1DFFFF |
| | | | | 65 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 1D0000H - 1D7FFF |
| | BLOCK NUMBE | ER ADDRESS RANGE | | 64 | 32K-WORD | 1C8000H - 1CFFFFI |
| | 134 32K-WORD | 3F8000H - 3FFFFFH | | 63 | 32K-WORD | 1C0000H - 1C7FFF |
| | 133 32K-WORD | 3F0000H - 3F7FFFH | Ē | 62 | 32K-WORD | 1B8000H - 1BFFFFI |
| | 132 32K-WORD | 3E8000H - 3EFFFFH | PLANE | 61 | 32K-WORD | 1B0000H - 1B7FFF |
| | 131 32K-WORD 130 32K-WORD | 3E0000H - 3E7FFFH 3D8000H - 3DFFFFH | LA | 60 59 | 32K-WORD | 1A8000H - 1AFFFF |
| | 130 32K-WORD 129 32K-WORD | 3D0000H - 3D7FFFH | Б | 58 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 1A0000H - 1A7FFF 198000H - 19FFFFH |
| | 128 32K-WORD | 3C8000H - 3CFFFFH | (UNIFORM | 57 | 32K-WORD | 190000H - 197FFFH |
| | 127 32K-WORD | 3C0000H - 3C7FFFH | LE LE | 56 | 32K-WORD | 188000H - 18FFFFH |
| Ω. | 126 32K-WORD | 3B8000H - 3BFFFFH | E | 55 | 32K-WORD | 180000H - 187FFFH |
| Ē | 125 32K-WORD | 3B0000H - 3B7FFFH | E | 54 | 32K-WORD | 178000H - 17FFFFH |
| Ą | 124 32K-WORD | 3A8000H - 3AFFFFH | 5 | 53 | 32K-WORD | 170000H - 177FFFH |
| Ы | 123 32K-WORD 122 32K-WORD | 3A0000H - 3A7FFFH 398000H - 39FFFFH | | 52 | 32K-WORD | 168000H - 16FFFF |
| 7 | 122 32K-WORD 121 32K-WORD | 390000H - 397FFFH | Ē | 51 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | _ 160000H - 167FFFH 158000H - 15FFFFH |
| 2 | 120 32K-WORD | 388000H - 38FFFFH | E S | 49 | 32K-WORD | 150000H - 157FFFH |
| Õ | 119 32K-WORD | 380000H - 387FFFH | PLANE1 | 48 | 32K-WORD | 148000H - 14FFFF |
| (UNIFORM PLANE) | 118 32K-WORD | 378000H - 37FFFFH | <u>ъ</u> | 47 | 32K-WORD | 140000H - 147FFFH |
| Ę. | 117 32K-WORD | 370000H - 377FFFH | | 46 | 32K-WORD | 138000H - 13FFFFH |
| | 116 32K-WORD | 368000H - 36FFFFH | | 45 | 32K-WORD | 130000H - 137FFFH |
| PLANE3 | 115 32K-WORD | 360000H - 367FFFH | | 44 | 32K-WORD | 128000H - 12FFFF |
| Z | 114 32K-WORD 113 32K-WORD | 358000H - 35FFFFH | | 43 | 32K-WORD | 120000H - 127FFFH |
| Ą | 113 32K-WORD 112 32K-WORD | 350000H - 357FFFH 348000H - 34FFFFH | | 42 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 118000H - 11FFFFF |
| Ы | 111 32K-WORD | 340000H - 347FFFH | | 40 | 32K-WORD | 110000H - 117FFFE 108000H - 10FFFFE |
| | 110 32K-WORD | 338000H - 33FFFFH | | 39 | 32K-WORD | 100000H - 107FFFE |
| | 109 32K-WORD | 330000H - 337FFFH | | | | |
| | 108 32K-WORD | 328000H - 32FFFFH | | 38 | 32K-WORD | OF8000H - OFFFFI |
| | 107 32K-WORD | 320000H - 327FFFH | | 37 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 0F0000H - 0F7FFF |
| | 106 32K-WORD 105 32K-WORD | 318000H - 31FFFFH | | 36 | 32K-WORD | 0E8000H - 0EFFFF |
| | 105 32K-WORD 104 32K-WORD | 310000H - 317FFFH 308000H - 30FFFFH | | 35 | 32K-WORD | 0E0000H - 0E7FFF |
| | 103 32K-WORD | 300000H - 307FFFH | | 34 | 32K-WORD | 0D8000H - 0DFFFF |
| | | | | 33 | 32K-WORD | 0D0000H - 0D7FFF |
| | 102 32K-WORD | 2F8000H - 2FFFFFH | | 32 | 32K-WORD | 0C8000H - 0CFFFF 0C0000H - 0C7FFF |
| | 102 32K-WORD 101 32K-WORD | 2F0000H - 2F7FFFH | | 30 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 0B8000H - 0BFFFF |
| | 100 32K-WORD | 2E8000H - 2EFFFFH | | 29 | 32K-WORD | 0B0000H - 0B7FFF |
| | 99 32K-WORD | 2E0000H - 2E7FFFH | | 28 | 32K-WORD | 0A8000H - 0AFFFF |
| | 98 32K-WORD | 2D8000H - 2DFFFFH | (ANE) | 27 | 32K-WORD | 0A0000H - 0A7FFF |
| | 97 32K-WORD | 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH | - IZ | 26 | 32K-WORD | 098000H - 09FFFFI |
| | 96 32K-WORD | 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH | | 25 | 32K-WORD | 090000H - 097FFFF |
| | 95 32K-WORD 94 32K-WORD | 2C0000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2BFFFFH | L L | 24 | 32K-WORD | 088000H - 08FFFF |
| £ | 94 32K-WORD 93 32K-WORD | 2B8000H - 2BFFFFH 2B0000H - 2B7FFFH | 臣 | 23 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 080000H - 087FFF 078000H - 07FFFF |
| (UNIFORM PLANE) | 92 32K-WORD | 2A8000H - 2AFFFH | (PARAMETER | 21 | 32K-WORD | 070000H - 077FFF |
| Y, | 91 32K-WORD | 2A0000H - 2A7FFFH | 1¥ | 20 | 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFF |
| Ы | 90 32K-WORD | 298000H - 29FFFFH | A | 19 | 32K-WORD | 060000H - 067FFFF |
| \mathbf{z} | 89 32K-WORD | 290000H - 297FFFH | ¥ | 18 | 32K-WORD | 058000H - 05FFFF |
| R | 88 32K-WORD | 288000H - 28FFFFH | PA | 17 | 32K-WORD | 050000H - 057FFF |
| Q | 87 32K-WORD 86 32K-WORD | 280000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 27FFFFH | | 16 | 32K-WORD | 048000H - 04FFFF 040000H - 047FFFF |
| Ē | 86 32K-WORD 85 32K-WORD | 270000H - 277FFFH | ШЩ | 15 14 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 038000H - 03FFFF |
| 5 | 83 32K-WORD 84 32K-WORD | 268000H - 26FFFFH | PLANE0 | 13 | 32K-WORD | 030000H - 037FFFF |
| | 83 32K-WORD | 260000H - 267FFFH | | 12 | 32K-WORD | 028000H - 02FFFFI |
| H | 82 32K-WORD | 258000H - 25FFFFH | 百 | 11 | 32K-WORD | 020000H - 027FFF |
| PLANE2 | 81 32K-WORD | 250000H - 257FFFH | | 10 | 32K-WORD | 018000H - 01FFFF |
| ۲A | 80 32K-WORD | 248000H - 24FFFFH | | 9 | 32K-WORD | 010000H - 017FFF |
| Ы | 79 32K-WORD | 240000H - 247FFFH | | 8 | 32K-WORD | 008000H - 00FFFF |
| | 78 <u>32K-WORD</u> | 238000H - 23FFFFH | | 7 | 4K-WORD | 007000H - 007FFH 006000H - 006FFFH |
| | 77 32K-WORD 76 32K-WORD | 230000H - 237FFFH 228000H - 22FFFFH | | 6 5 | 4K-WORD 4K-WORD | 005000H - 005FFFI |
| | 76 <u>32K-WORD</u> 75 <u>32K-WORD</u> | 220000H - 227FFFH | | 4 | 4K-WORD | 004000H - 004FFF |
| | 75 32K-WORD 74 32K-WORD | 218000H - 21FFFFH | | 3 | 4K-WORD | 003000H - 003FFFI |
| | 73 32K-WORD | 210000H - 217FFFH | | 2 | 4K-WORD | 002000H - 002FFFI |
| | 72 32K-WORD | 208000H - 20FFFFH | | 1 | 4K-WORD | 001000H - 001FFFF |
| | | 200000H - 207FFFH | | 0 | 4K-WORD | 000000H - 000FFFH |

Figure 2.1. Memory Map (Bottom Parameter)

| | BLO | CK NUMBER | _ ADDRESS RA |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|---|
| | 134 | 4K-WORD | 3FF000H - 3FFFFFH |
| | 133 132 | 4K-WORD 4K-WORD | 3FE000H - 3FEFFFH 3FD000H - 3FDFFFH |
| | 131 | 4K-WORD | 3FC000H - 3FCFFFH |
| | 130 | 4K-WORD | 3FB000H - 3FBFFFH |
| | 129 | 4K-WORD | 3FA000H - 3FAFFFH |
| | 128 127 | 4K-WORD 4K-WORD | 3F9000H - 3F9FFFH 3F8000H - 3F8FFFH |
| | 126 | 32K-WORD | 3F0000H - 3F7FFFH |
| | 125 | 32K-WORD | 3E8000H - 3EFFFFH |
| Ш | 124 | 32K-WORD | 3E0000H - 3E7FFFH 3D8000H - 3DFFFFH |
| Z | 123 122 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 3D0000H - 3D7FFFH |
| Ľ | 121 | 32K-WORD | 3C8000H - 3CFFFFH |
| <u></u> | 120 | 32K-WORD | 3C0000H - 3C7FFFH |
| ΕH | 119 | 32K-WORD | 3B8000H - 3BFFFFH |
| H | 118 117 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 3B0000H - 3B7FFFH 3A8000H - 3AFFFFH |
| Ē. | 116 | 32K-WORD | 3A0000H - 3A7FFFH |
| P | 115 | 32K-WORD | 398000H - 39FFFFH |
| PLANE3 (PARAMETER PLANE) | 114 | 32K-WORD | 390000H - 397FFFH |
| Ę | 113 | 32K-WORD | 388000H - 38FFFFH |
| ŝ | 112 111 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 380000H - 387FFFH 378000H - 37FFFFH |
| Ë. | 110 | 32K-WORD | 370000H - 377FFFH |
| F | 109 | 32K-WORD | 368000H - 36FFFFH |
| L. | 108 | 32K-WORD | 360000H - 367FFFH |
| _ | 107 | 32K-WORD | 358000H - 35FFFFH |
| | 106 105 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 350000H - 357FFFH 348000H - 34FFFFH |
| | 103 | 32K-WORD | 340000H - 347FFFH |
| | 103 | 32K-WORD | 338000H - 33FFFFH |
| | 102 | 32K-WORD | _ 330000H - 337FFFH |
| | 101 100 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 328000H - 32FFFFH 320000H - 327FFFH |
| | 99 | 32K-WORD | 318000H - 31FFFFH |
| | 98 | 32K-WORD | 310000H - 317FFFH |
| | 97 | 32K-WORD | 308000H - 30FFFFH |
| | 96 | 32K-WORD | _300000H - 307FFFH |
| | 95 | 32K-WORD | 2F8000H - 2FFFFFH |
| | 94 | 32K-WORD | 2F0000H - 2F7FFFH |
| | 93 | 32K-WORD | 2E8000H - 2EFFFFH |
| | 92 91 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 2E0000H - 2E7FFFH 2D8000H - 2DFFFFH |
| | 90 | 32K-WORD | 2D0000H - 2D7FFF |
| | 89 | 32K-WORD | 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH |
| | 88 | 32K-WORD | 2C0000H - 2C7FFFH |
| (fr) | 87 | 32K-WORD | 2B8000H - 2BFFFFH 2B0000H 2B7FFFH |
| PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE) | 86 85 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 2B0000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2AFFFFH |
| Y | 84 | 32K-WORD | 2A0000H - 2A7FFFF |
| Ы | 83 | 32K-WORD | 298000H - 29FFFFH |
| Z | 82 | 32K-WORD | 290000H - 297FFFH |
| 2 | 81 | 32K-WORD | 288000H - 28FFFFH 280000H - 287FFFH |
| Q | 80 79 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 278000H - 27FFFH |
| Ę | 78 | 32K-WORD | 270000H - 277FFFH |
| 5 | 77 | 32K-WORD | 268000H - 26FFFFH |
| 5 | 76 | 32K-WORD | 260000H - 267FFFH |
| Ë | 75 | 32K-WORD | 258000H - 25FFFFH 250000H 257EEEH |
| A | 74 73 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 250000H - 257FFFH 248000H - 24FFFFH |
| Ľ | 72 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 240000H - 247FFFH |
| щ | 71 | 32K-WORD | 238000H - 23FFFFH |
| | 70 | 32K-WORD | 230000H - 237FFFH |
| | 69 | 32K-WORD | 228000H - 22FFFFH |
| | 68 | 32K-WORD | 220000H - 227FFFH 218000H - 21FFFFH |
| | 67 | 32K WODD | |
| | 67 66 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | |
| | 67 66 65 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 218000H - 217FFFH 210000H - 217FFFH 208000H - 20FFFFH |

Selected by $BE_1 #= V_{IL}$ (Bank 1)

BLOCK NUMBER ADDRESS RANGE

| | BLC | OCK NUMBER | ADDRESS RAI |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| | 63 | 32K-WORD | 1F8000H - 1FFFFFH |
| | 62 | 32K-WORD | 1F0000H - 1F7FFFH |
| | 61 | 32K-WORD | 1E8000H - 1EFFFFH |
| | 60 | 32K-WORD | 1E0000H - 1E7FFFH |
| | 59 | 32K-WORD | 1D8000H - 1DFFFFH |
| | 58 57 | 32K-WORD | 1D0000H - 1D7FFFH 1C8000H - 1CFFFFH |
| | 56 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 1C0000H - 1C7FFFH |
| _ | 55 | 32K-WORD | 1B8000H - 1BFFFFH |
| ΈÌ | 54 | 32K-WORD | 1B0000H - 1B7FFFH |
| Z | 53 | 32K-WORD | 1A8000H - 1AFFFFH |
| Ľ | 52 | 32K-WORD | 1A0000H - 1A7FFFH |
| Р | 51 | 32K-WORD | 198000H - 19FFFFH |
| Σ | 50 | 32K-WORD | 190000H - 197FFFH |
| Ж | 49 | 32K-WORD | 188000H - 18FFFFH 180000H - 187FFFH |
| H | 48 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 178000H - 17FFFH |
| E | 46 | 32K-WORD | 170000H - 177FFFH |
| 5 | 45 | 32K-WORD | 168000H - 16FFFFH |
| | 44 | 32K-WORD | 160000H - 167FFFH |
| Щ | 43 | 32K-WORD | 158000H - 15FFFFH |
| Z | 42 | 32K-WORD | 150000H - 157FFFH |
| PLANE1 (UNIFORM PLANE) | 41 | 32K-WORD | 148000H - 14FFFFH |
| Ъ | 40 | 32K-WORD | 140000H - 147FFFH |
| | 39 | 32K-WORD | 138000H - 13FFFFH |
| | 38 37 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 130000H - 137FFFH 128000H - 12FFFFH |
| | 36 | 32K-WORD | 120000H - 127FFFH |
| | 35 | 32K-WORD | 118000H - 11FFFFH |
| | 34 | 32K-WORD | 110000H - 117FFFH |
| | 33 | 32K-WORD | 108000H - 10FFFFH |
| | 32 | 32K-WORD | 100000H - 107FFFH |
| | 21 | ANK WORD | |
| | 31 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 0F8000H - 0FFFFFH 0F0000H - 0F7FFFH |
| | 29 | 32K-WORD | 0E8000H - 0EFFFFH |
| | 28 | 32K-WORD | 0E0000H - 0E7FFFH |
| | 27 | 32K-WORD | 0D8000H - 0DFFFFH |
| | 26 | 32K-WORD | 0D0000H - 0D7FFFH |
| | 25 | 32K-WORD | 0C8000H - 0CFFFFH |
| | 24 | 32K-WORD | 0C0000H - 0C7FFFH |
| | 23 | 32K-WORD | 0B8000H - 0BFFFFH 0B0000H - 0B7FFFH |
| Ë | 21 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 0A8000H - 0AFFFFH |
| A | 20 | 32K-WORD | 0A0000H - 0A7FFFH |
| L | 19 | 32K-WORD | 098000H - 09FFFFH |
| II | 18 | 32K-WORD | 090000H - 097FFFH |
| 2 | 17 | 32K-WORD | 088000H - 08FFFFH |
| ō | 16 | 32K-WORD | 080000H - 087FFFH |
| H | 15 | 32K-WORD | 078000H - 07FFFFH |
| | 14 | 32K-WORD | 070000H - 077FFFH |
| \mathbf{Z} | - | | |
| (UNIFORM PLANE) | 13 | 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH |
| \sim | 13 12 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH |
| \sim | 13 12 11 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 05FFFFH |
| \sim | 13 12 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH |
| \sim | 13 12 11 10 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 05FFFFH 050000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 04FFFFH 040000H - 047FFFH |
| PLANE0 (UN | 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 050000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 04FFFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 03FFFFH |
| \sim | 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 04FFFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 037FFFH 038000H - 037FFFH |
| \sim | $ \begin{array}{r} 13\\12\\11\\10\\9\\8\\7\\6\\5\end{array} $ | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 040000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 037FFFH 038000H - 027FFFH |
| \sim | $ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{array} $ | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 05FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 037FFFH 030000H - 037FFFH 028000H - 02FFFFH 020000H - 027FFFH |
| \sim | $ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ \end{array} $ | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 05FFFH 050000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 040000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 037FFFH 028000H - 027FFFH 028000H - 027FFFH 018000H - 01FFFFH |
| \sim | $ \begin{array}{r} 13\\12\\11\\10\\9\\8\\7\\6\\5\\4\\3\\2\end{array} $ | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 05FFFH 058000H - 057FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 048000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 037FFFH 030000H - 037FFFH 028000H - 027FFFH 020000H - 027FFFH |
| \sim | $ \begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ \end{array} $ | 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD | 068000H - 06FFFFH 060000H - 067FFFH 058000H - 05FFFH 050000H - 05FFFH 048000H - 04FFFFH 040000H - 047FFFH 038000H - 03FFFFH 038000H - 03FFFFH 028000H - 02FFFFH 028000H - 027FFFH 018000H - 01FFFFH 018000H - 017FFFH |

Figure 2.2. Memory Map (Top Parameter)

| Table 3. Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---|--|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Code | Address [A ₁₅ -A ₀] | Data [DQ ₁₅ -DQ ₀] | Notes | | | | | |
| Manufacturer Code | Manufacturer Code | 0000H | 00B0H | 1 | | | | | |
| Device Code | Device Code | 0001H | $00B1H(BE_0 \#= V_{IL})$ | 1.2 | | | | | |
| | | 0001H | 00B0H (BE ₁ #=V _{IL}) | 1, 2 | | | | | |
| Block Lock Configuration | Block is Unlocked | | $DQ_0 = 0$ | 3 | | | | | |
| Code | Block is Locked | Block | $DQ_0 = 1$ | 3 | | | | | |
| | Block is not Locked-Down | - Address + 2 | $DQ_1 = 0$ | 3 | | | | | |
| | Block is Locked-Down | | $DQ_1 = 1$ | 3 | | | | | |
| Device Configuration Code | Partition Configuration Register | 0006H | PCRC | 1,4 | | | | | |
| OTP | OTP Lock | 0080H | OTP-LK | 1, 5, 7 | | | | | |
| | OTP | 0081-0088H | OTP | 1, 6, 7 | | | | | |

1. The address A₂₁-A₁₆ are shown in below table for reading the manufacturer code, device code, device configuration code and OTP data.

2. Bank 0 (selected by $BE_0 #= V_{IL}$) has its parameter blocks in the plane0 (The lowest address within the bank). Bank 1 (selected by BE₁#=V_{IL}) has its parameter blocks in the plane3 (The highest address within the bank).

3. Block Address = The beginning location of a block address within the partition to which the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H) has been written.

- DQ₁₅-DQ₂ are reserved for future implementation.
- 4. PCRC=Partition Configuration Register Code.
- 5. OTP-LK=OTP Block Lock configuration.
- 6. OTP=OTP Block data.
- 7. When the data within OTP block is read, $BE_0^{\#}$ must be V_{IL} . OTP block in Bank 1 (selected by $BE_1^{\#}=V_{IL}$) should not be used.

| Partition C | Configuration I | Register ⁽²⁾ | Address ⁽³⁾ | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| PCR.10 | PCR.9 | PCR.8 | [A ₂₁ -A ₁₆] | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 00H | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 00H or 10H | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 00H or 20H | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 00H or 30H | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 00H or 10H or 20H | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 00H or 20H or 30H | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 00H or 10H or 30H | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 00H or 10H or 20H or 30H | | | |

Table 4. Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation on Partition Configuration⁽¹⁾

NOTES:

- 1. The address to read the identifier codes or OTP data is dependent on the partition which is selected when writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H).
- 2. Refer to Table 12 for the partition configuration register.
- 3. When the data within OTP block is read, BE_0 # must be V_{IL} . OTP block in Bank 1 (selected by BE_1 #= V_{IL}) should not be used.

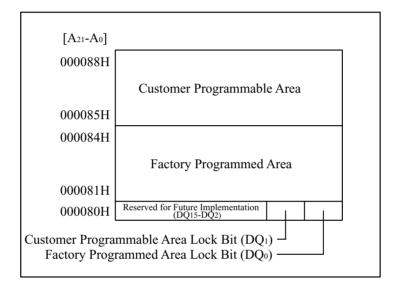


Figure 3. OTP Block Address Map for OTP Program⁽¹⁾ (The area outside 80H~88H cannot be used.)

NOTE:

1. When the OTP program operation is executed, write the OTP Program command with $BE_0\#$ at V_{IL} . OTP block in Bank 1 (selected by $BE_1\#=V_{IL}$) should not be used.

| Table 5. Bus $Operation^{(1, 2)}$ | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Mode | | Notes | RST# | BE₀# | BE1# | OE# | WE# | Address | V _{PP} | DQ ₀₋₁₅ |
| | Bank 0 | | | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | | | | | D |
| Read Array | Bank 1 | 6 | V_{IH} | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | Х | Х | D _{OUT} |
| | Inhibited | | | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | | | | | N/A |
| Output Disable | | | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | V _{IH} | Х | Х | High Z |
| | Bank 0 | | | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | | | | Х | |
| Standby | Bank 1 | | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | Х | Х | Х | | High Z |
| | Bank 0, 1 | | | V _{IH} | V _{IH} | | | | | |
| Reset | | 3 | V _{IL} | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | Х | High Z |
| | Bank 0 | | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | See Table 3 and Table 4 | X | See |
| Read Identifier Codes/OTP | Bank 1 | 6,9 | | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | | | | | Table 3 and Table 4 |
| | Inhibited | | | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | | | | | N/A |
| | Bank 0 | | | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | | | | | See |
| Read Query | Bank 1 | 6,7 | V_{IH} | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | See Appendix | Х | Appendix |
| | Inhibited | | | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | | | Appendix | | N/A |
| | Bank 0 | | | V _{IL} | V _{IH} | | V _{IL} | | | D |
| Write | Bank 1 | 4,5, 6,8 | V_{IH} | V _{IH} | V _{IL} | V_{IH} | | Х | Х | D _{IN} |
| | Inhibited | 0,0 | | V _{IL} | V _{IL} | | | | | N/A |

1. Refer to DC Characteristics. When $V_{PP} \leq V_{PPLK}$, memory contents can be read, but cannot be altered. 2. X can be V_{IL} or V_{IH} for control pins and addresses, and V_{PPLK} or $V_{PPH1/2}$ for V_{PP} . See DC Characteristics for V_{PPLK} and $V_{PPH1/2}$ voltages. 3. RST# at GND±0.2V ensures the lowest power consumption.

4. Command writes involving block erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program are reliably executed when $V_{PP}=V_{PPH1/2}$ and $V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V$. Command writes involving bank erase are reliably executed when $V_{PP}=V_{PPH1}$ and $V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V$.

5. Refer to Table 6 for valid D_{IN} during a write operation. 6. Never hold OE# low and WE# low at the same timing.

7. Refer to Appendix of LH28F128BF series for more information about query code.

8. While the erase or program operation is executed in one bank, it is inhibited to execute the erase or program operation in another bank.

9. When the data within OTP block is read, BE_0 must be V_{IL} . OTP block in Bank 1 (selected by $BE_1 #= V_{II}$) should not be used.

| Table 6. Command $Definitions^{(12)}$ | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| | Bus | | I | First Bus Cyc | le | Second Bus Cycle | | | |
| Command | Cycles Req'd | Notes | Oper ⁽¹⁾ | Addr ⁽²⁾ | Data | Oper ⁽¹⁾ | Addr ⁽²⁾ | Data ⁽³⁾ | |
| Read Array | 1 | | Write | PA | FFH | | | | |
| Read Identifier Codes/OTP | ≥2 | 4,11 | Write | PA | 90H | Read | IA or OA | ID or OD | |
| Read Query | ≥2 | 4 | Write | PA | 98H | Read | QA | QD | |
| Read Status Register | 2 | | Write | PA | 70H | Read | PA | SRD | |
| Clear Status Register | 1 | | Write | PA | 50H | | | | |
| Block Erase | 2 | 5 | Write | BA | 20H | Write | BA | D0H | |
| Bank Erase | 2 | 5,9 | Write | Х | 30H | Write | Х | D0H | |
| Program | 2 | 5,6 | Write | WA | 40H or 10H | Write | WA | WD | |
| Page Buffer Program | ≥4 | 5,7 | Write | WA | E8H | Write | WA | N-1 | |
| Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Suspend | 1 | 8,9 | Write | PA | B0H | | | | |
| Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Resume | 1 | 8,9 | Write | PA | D0H | | | | |
| Set Block Lock Bit | 2 | | Write | BA | 60H | Write | BA | 01H | |
| Clear Block Lock Bit | 2 | 10 | Write | BA | 60H | Write | BA | D0H | |
| Set Block Lock-down Bit | 2 | | Write | BA | 60H | Write | BA | 2FH | |
| OTP Program | 2 | 9,11 | Write | OA | СОН | Write | OA | OD | |
| Set Partition Configuration Register | 2 | | Write | PCRC | 60H | Write | PCRC | 04H | |

1. Bus operations are defined in Table 5.

2. All addresses which are written at the first bus cycle should be the same as the addresses which are written at the second bus cvcle.

X=Any valid address. Bank erase is executed to the bank selected by BE₀# or BE₁#.

PA=Address within the selected partition.

IA=Identifier codes address (See Table 3 and Table 4).

QA=Query codes address. Refer to Appendix of LH28F128BF series for details.

BA=Address within the block being erased, set/cleared block lock bit or set block lock-down bit.

WA=Address of memory location for the Program command or the first address for the Page Buffer Program command. OA=Address of OTP block to be read or programmed (See Figure 3).

PCRC=Partition configuration register code presented on the address A₀-A₁₅.

3. ID=Data read from identifier codes. (See Table 3 and Table 4).

QD=Data read from query database. Refer to Appendix of LH28F128BF series for details.

SRD=Data read from status register. See Table 10 and Table 11 for a description of the status register bits.

WD=Data to be programmed at location WA. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or BE₁# or BE₁#

(whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.

OD=Data within OTP block. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or BE_0 # or BE_1 #

(whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.

N-1=N is the number of the words to be loaded into a page buffer.

- 4. Following the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command, read operations access manufacturer code, device code, block lock configuration code, partition configuration register code and the data within OTP block (See Table 3 and Table 4). The Read Query command is available for reading CFI (Common Flash Interface) information.
- 5. Block erase, bank erase or (page buffer) program cannot be executed when the selected block is locked. Unlocked block can be erased or programmed when RST# is V_{IH} .

6. Either 40H or 10H are recognized by the CUI (Command User Interface) as the program setup.

7. Following the third bus cycle, input the program sequential address and write data of "N" times. Finally, input the any valid address within the target block to be programmed and the confirm command (D0H). Refer to Appendix of LH28F128BF series for details.

- 8. If the program operation in one partition is suspended and the erase operation in other partition is also suspended, the suspended program operation should be resumed first, and then the suspended erase operation should be resumed next.
- 9. Bank erase and OTP program operations can not be suspended. The OTP Program command can not be accepted while the block erase operation is being suspended.
- 10. Following the Clear Block Lock Bit command, block which is not locked-down is unlocked when WP# is VII. When
- WP# is V_{IH}, lock-down bit is disabled and the selected block is unlocked regardless of lock-down configuration.
 When the data within OTP block is read, BE₀# must be V_{IL}. When the OTP program operation is executed, write the OTP Program command with BE₀# at V_{IL}. OTP block in Bank 1 (selected by BE₁#=V_{IL}) should not be used.
 Commands other than those shown above are reserved by SHARP for future device implementations and should not be
- used.

| State | WP# | $\mathrm{DQ}_{1}^{(1)}$ | $DQ_0^{(1)}$ | State Name | Erase/Program Allowed ⁽²⁾ |
|----------------------|-----|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| [000] | 0 | 0 | 0 | Unlocked | Yes |
| [001] ⁽³⁾ | 0 | 0 | 1 | Locked | No |
| [011] | 0 | 1 | 1 | Locked-down | No |
| [100] | 1 | 0 | 0 | Unlocked | Yes |
| [101] ⁽³⁾ | 1 | 0 | 1 | Locked | No |
| [110] ⁽⁴⁾ | 1 | 1 | 0 | Lock-down Disable | Yes |
| [111] | 1 | 1 | 1 | Lock-down Disable | No |

Table 7. Functions of Block Lock⁽⁵⁾ and Block Lock-Down

1. $DQ_0=1$: a block is locked; $DQ_0=0$: a block is unlocked.

 $DQ_1=1$: a block is locked-down; $DQ_1=0$: a block is not locked-down.

2. Erase and program are general terms, respectively, to express: block erase, bank erase and (page buffer) program operations.

3. At power-up or device reset, all blocks default to locked state and are not locked-down, that is, [001] (WP#=0) or [101] (WP#=1), regardless of the states before power-off or reset operation.

4. When WP# is driven to V_{IL} in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.

5. OTP (One Time Program) block has the lock function which is different from those described above.

| Current State | | | | Result after L | Result after Lock Command Written (Next State) | | | | |
|---------------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| State | WP# | DQ ₁ | DQ ₀ | Set Lock ⁽¹⁾ | Clear Lock ⁽¹⁾ | Set Lock-down ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| [000] | 0 | 0 | 0 | [001] | No Change | [011] ⁽²⁾ | | | |
| [001] | 0 | 0 | 1 | No Change ⁽³⁾ | [000] | [011] | | | |
| [011] | 0 | 1 | 1 | No Change | No Change | No Change | | | |
| [100] | 1 | 0 | 0 | [101] | No Change | [111] ⁽²⁾ | | | |
| [101] | 1 | 0 | 1 | No Change | [100] | [111] | | | |
| [110] | 1 | 1 | 0 | [111] | No Change | [111] ⁽²⁾ | | | |
| [111] | 1 | 1 | 1 | No Change | [110] | No Change | | | |

Table 8. Block Locking State Transitions upon Command Write⁽⁴⁾

NOTES:

1. "Set Lock" means Set Block Lock Bit command, "Clear Lock" means Clear Block Lock Bit command and "Set Lock-down" means Set Block Lock-Down Bit command.

2. When the Set Block Lock-Down Bit command is written to the unlocked block ($DQ_0=0$), the corresponding block is locked-down and automatically locked at the same time.

3. "No Change" means that the state remains unchanged after the command written.

4. In this state transitions table, assumes that WP# is not changed and fixed V_{IL} or V_{IH} .

| | (| Current S | State | | Result after WP# Transition (Next State) | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| Previous State | State | WP# | DQ ₁ | DQ ₀ | WP#= $0 \rightarrow 1^{(1)}$ | WP#= $1 \rightarrow 0^{(1)}$ | |
| - | [000] | 0 | 0 | 0 | [100] | - | |
| - | [001] | 0 | 0 | 1 | [101] | - | |
| [110] ⁽²⁾ | [011] | 0 | 1 | 1 | [110] | - | |
| Other than $[110]^{(2)}$ | [011] | 0 | | 1 | [111] | - | |
| - | [100] | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | [000] | |
| - | [101] | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | [001] | |
| - | [110] | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | [011] ⁽³⁾ | |
| - | [111] | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | [011] | |

Table 9. Block Locking State Transitions upon WP# Transition⁽⁴⁾

1. "WP#=0 \rightarrow 1" means that WP# is driven to V_{IH} and "WP#=1 \rightarrow 0" means that WP# is driven to V_{IL}.

2. State transition from the current state [011] to the next state depends on the previous state.

3. When WP# is driven to V_{IL} in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.

4. In this state transitions table, assumes that lock configuration commands are not written in previous, current and next state.

| P | P | | | Register Definiti | | P | D |
|--|--|-------------|--|--|---|---|---|
| R | R | R | R | R | R | R | R |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| WSMS | BESS | BEFCES | PBPOPS | VPPS | PBPSS | DPS | R |
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| ENHANCE | = RESERVED F MENTS (R) E STATE MACH | | WSMS) | Status Register | NO7 | | ition not WSN |
| 1 = Ready 0 = Busy SR $6 = \text{BLOC}$ | K ERASE SUSI | PEND STATUS | (BESS) | (Write State Ma be occupied by 3 or 4 partitions | achine). Even if the other partit | the SR.7 is "1" ion when the do | , the WSM may |
| 1 = Block | Erase Suspender Erase in Progres | d | (DL33) | Check SR.7 or (page buffer) p SR.1 are invalie | orogram or OTI | P program con | |
| SR.5 = BLOCK ERASE AND BANK ERASE STATUS (BEFCES) 1 = Error in Block Erase or Bank Erase 0 = Successful Block Erase or Bank Erase | | | If both SR.5 and SR.4 are "1"s after a block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program, set/clear block lock bit, set block lock-down bit, set partition configuration register attempt, an improper command sequence was entered. | | | | |
| SR.4 = (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM AND OTP PROGRAM STATUS (PBPOPS) 1 = Error in (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program 0 = Successful (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program SR.3 = V _{PP} STATUS (VPPS) | | | SR.3 does not The WSM inte Block Erase, F Program comm report accurate | rrogates and inc Bank Erase, (P nand sequences | licates the V _{PP} age Buffer) Pr s. SR.3 is not | level only after ogram or OTI guaranteed to | |
| SR.3 = V_{PP} STATUS (VPPS) 1 = V_{PP} LOW Detect, Operation Abort 0 = V_{PP} OK SR.2 = (PAGE BUFFER) PROGRAM SUSPEND STATUS (PBPSS) 1 = (Page Buffer) Program Suspended 0 = (Page Buffer) Program in Progress/Completed | | | | report accurate feedback when $V_{PP} \neq V_{PPH1}$, V_{PPH2} or V_{PPL} SR.1 does not provide a continuous indication of block loc bit. The WSM interrogates the block lock bit only after Bloc Erase, Bank Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Progra command sequences. It informs the system, depending on the attempted operation, if the block lock bit is set. Reading the block lock configuration codes after writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command indicates block lock be status. | | | only after Block r OTP Program epending on the set. Reading the ting the Read |
| 1 = Erase of | CE PROTECT S or Program Atter d Block, Operat ced | mpted on a | | SR.15 - SR.8 at be masked out | | | |
| SR.0 = RESER | NED FOR FUT | ΓΠΡΕ ΕΝΗΛΝΟ | TEMENTS (P) | | | | |

| Table 11. Extended Status Register Definition | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|--|--|--|-----------------|--|--|
| R | R | R | R | R R R R | | | | | |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 10 9 8 | | | | | |
| SMS | R | R | R | R | R | R | R | | |
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | | |
| XSR.15-8 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R) XSR.7 = STATE MACHINE STATUS (SMS) 1 = Page Buffer Program available 0 = Page Buffer Program not available | | | | XSR.7="1" ind If XSR.7 is "0" Buffer Program | NOT Page Buffer licates that the , the command in command (E8 uffer is availabl | Program cor entered comma is not accepted BH) should be | nd is accepted. | | |
| XSR.6-0 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R) | | | | XSR.15-8 and XSR.6-0 are reserved for future use and should be masked out when polling the extended status register. | | | | | |

| | | Table 12. I | Partition Config | guration R | egist | ter Definition | | |
|---|------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------|---|---|
| R | R | R | R | R | | PC2 | PC1 | PC0 |
| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | | 10 | 9 | 8 |
| R | R | R | R | R | | R | R | R |
| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| PCR.15-11 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)PCR.10-8 = PARTITION CONFIGURATION (PC2-0) 000 = No partitioning. Dual Work is not allowed.001 = Plane1-3 are merged into one partition. (default in Bank 0 selected by $BE_0 \#=V_{IL}$)010 = Plane 0-1 and Plane2-3 are merged into one partition respectively.100 = Plane 0-2 are merged into one partition. (default in Bank 1 selected by $BE_1 \#=V_{IL}$)011 = Plane 2-3 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.110 = Plane 0-1 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.101 = Plane 1-2 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.101 = Plane 1-2 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.101 = Plane 1-2 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions.101 = Plane 1-2 are merged into one partition. There are three partitions in this configuration. Dual work operation is available between any two partitions. | | | | After po "001" in See Figu PCR.15- should configura | Each tivel two y = R wer- Ban re 4 11 a be ation | n register. | nds to each p ration is availal FUTURE TS (R) FES: et, PCR10-8 (I Bank 1. partition config reserved for hen checking | PC2-0) is set to uration. future use and the partition |
| PC2 PC1 PC0 | | ING FOR DUA | L WORK | PC2 PC1 | PC0 | | NING FOR DU | AL WORK N1 PARTITION0 |
| 0 0 0 | | PLANE1 | PLANE0 | 0 1 | 1 | PLANE3 | PLANE2 | PLANEO |
| 0 0 1 | | LINOITI PLANET PLANET | DELEVENCE OF CONTRACT OF CONTRACT. | 1 1 | 0 | PARTITION2 PAR | LANE2 | DITITION0 |
| 0 1 0 | PARTITIO | LANE1 | 0NOITI | 1 0 | 1 | | PARTITION1 IJUNET | PARTITION0 |
| 1 0 0 | PARTITION1 | PARTITIO | 0M brane0 | 1 1 | 1 | PARTITION3 PART | LTION2 PARTITIC | ONI PARTITIONO |
| | | F | igure 4. Partiti | on Config | gurat | ion | | |
| | | | | | | | | Rev 2 44 |

| Electrical Specifications Absolute Maximum Ratings[*] Operating Temperature During Read, Erase and Program30°C to +85°C ⁽¹⁾ | *WARNING: Stressing the device beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operation beyond the "Operating Conditions" is not recommended and extended exposure beyond the "Operating Conditions" may affect device reliability. |
|---|---|
| | NOTES: |
| Storage Temperature | 1. Operating temperature is for extended temperature product defined by this specification. |
| During under Bias | 2. All specified voltages are with respect to GND. |
| During non Bias55°C to +125°C | Minimum DC voltage is -0.5V on input/output pins |
| Voltage On Any Pin | and -0.2V on V_{CC} and V_{PP} pins. During transitions, this level may undershoot to -2.0V for periods <20ns. |
| | Maximum DC voltage on input/output pins is |
| (except V_{CC} and V_{PP}) | V_{CC} +0.5V which, during transitions, may overshoot to V_{CC} +2.0V for periods <20ns. |
| | 3. Maximum DC voltage on V_{PP} may overshoot to |
| V_{CC} Supply Voltage0.2V to +3.9V ⁽²⁾ | +13.0V for periods <20ns. |
| | 4. V _{PP} erase/program voltage is normally 2.7V-3.6V. Applying 11.7V-12.3V to V _{PP} during erase/program |
| V_{PP} Supply Voltage0.2V to +12.6V ^(2, 3, 4) | can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the |
| | main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. |
| | V_{PP} may be connected to 11.7V-12.3V for a total of 80 hours maximum. |
| Output Short Circuit Current 100mA ⁽⁵⁾ | 5. Output shorted for no more than one second. No more |
| | than one output shorted at a time. |

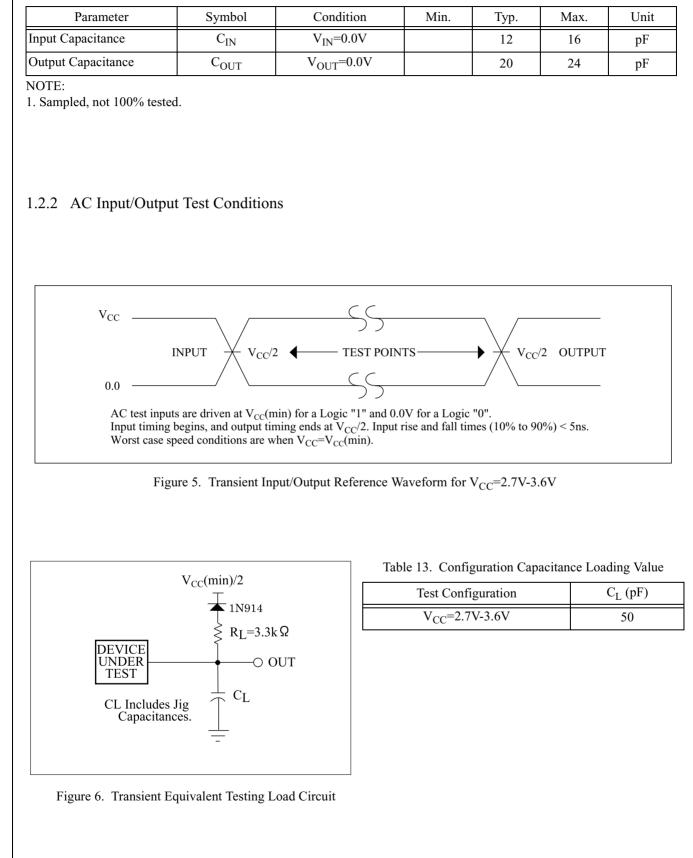
1.2 Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
|--|-------------------|---------|------|-------|--------|-------|
| Operating Temperature | T _A | -30 | +25 | +85 | °C | |
| V _{CC} Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V | 1 |
| V _{PP} Voltage when Used as a Logic Control | V _{PPH1} | 1.65 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V | 1 |
| V _{PP} Supply Voltage | V _{PPH2} | 11.7 | 12 | 12.3 | V | 1, 2 |
| Main Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} | | 100,000 | | | Cycles | |
| Parameter Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} | | 100,000 | | | Cycles | |
| Main Block Erase Cycling: V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} , 80 hrs. | | | | 1,000 | Cycles | |
| Parameter Block Erase Cycling: $V_{PP}=V_{PPH2}$, 80 hrs. | | | | 1,000 | Cycles | |
| Maximum V _{PP} hours at V _{PPH2} | | | | 80 | Hours | |

NOTES:

1. See DC Characteristics tables for voltage range-specific specification.

2. Applying V_{PP} =11.7V-12.3V during a erase or program can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. A permanent connection to V_{PP} =11.7V-12.3V is not allowed and can cause damage to the device.



1.2.1 Capacitance⁽¹⁾ (T_A =+25°C, f=1MHz)

1.2.3 DC Characteristics

V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V

| | | | • | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------|------|------|------|---------------|--|
| Symbol | Paran | neter | Notes | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Conditions |
| I _{LI} | Input Load Current | | 1 | | | ±2.0 | μA | V _{CC} =V _{CC} Max., |
| I _{LO} | Output Leakage Current | | 1 | | | ±2.0 | μΑ | V _{IN} /V _{OUT} =V _{CC} or GND |
| I _{CCS} | V _{CC} Standby Current | | 1,8 | | 8 | 40 | μΑ | $V_{CC}=V_{CC}Max.,$ $BE_0\#=BE_1\#=RST\#=$ $V_{CC}\pm 0.2V,$ $WP\#=V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ |
| I _{CCAS} | V _{CC} Automatic Power Savings Current | | 1,4 | | 8 | 40 | μΑ | $V_{CC} = V_{CC}Max.,$ BE ₀ # or BE ₁ #= GND±0.2V, WP#= V_{CC} or GND |
| I _{CCD} | V _{CC} Reset Power-D | 1 | | 8 | 40 | μΑ | RST#=GND±0.2V | |
| I | Average V _{CC} Read Current Normal Mode | | 1,7 | | 16 | 26 | mA | $V_{CC} = V_{CC}Max.,$ BE ₀ # or BE ₁ #=V _{IL} , |
| I _{CCR} | Average V _{CC} Read Current Page Mode | 8 Word Read | 1,7 | | 6 | 11 | mA | OE#=V _{IH} , f=5MHz |
| T | V _{CC} (Page Buffer) P | rogram Current | 1,5,7 | | 21 | 61 | mA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} |
| I _{CCW} | V _{CC} (Fage Buller) I | Togram Current | 1,5,7 | | 11 | 21 | mA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} |
| т | V _{CC} Block Erase, Ba | ank | 1,5,7 | | 11 | 31 | mA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} |
| I _{CCE} | Erase Current | | 1,5,7 | | 11 | 31 | mA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} |
| I _{CCWS} I _{CCES} | V _{CC} (Page Buffer) P Block Erase Suspend | | 1,2,7 | | 10 | 200 | μΑ | BE0#=BE1#=VIH |
| I _{PPS} I _{PPR} | V _{PP} Standby or Read | d Current | 1,6,7 | | 4 | 10 | μA | V _{PP} ≤V _{CC} |
| T | V _{PP} (Page Buffer) P | rogram Current | 1,5,6,7 | | 2 | 5 | μΑ | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} |
| I _{PPW} | · pp (1 age Durier) I | | 1,5,6,7 | | 10 | 30 | mA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} |
| Inne | V _{PP} Block Erase, Ba | ink | 1,5,6,7 | | 2 | 5 | μA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} |
| I _{PPE} | Erase Current | | 1,5,6,7 | | 5 | 15 | mA | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} |
| I _{PPWS} | V _{PP} (Page Buffer) P | rogram | 1,6,7 | | 2 | 5 | μΑ | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} |
| -PPWS | Suspend Current | | 1,6,7 | | 10 | 200 | μΑ | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} |
| I _{PPES} | V _{PP} Block Erase Sus | spend Current | 1,6,7 | | 2 | 5 | μΑ | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} |
| *PPES | PP DIOCK LIASE SUS | pond Current | 1,6,7 | | 10 | 200 | μΑ | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} |

| Continued) |
|------------|
| |

| Symbol | Parameter | Notes | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Test Conditions |
|-------------------|---|-------|-------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|---|
| V _{IL} | Input Low Voltage | 5 | -0.3 | | 0.3 | V | |
| V _{IH} | Input High Voltage | 5 | V _{CC} -0.3 | | V _{CC} + 0.3 | V | |
| V _{OL} | Output Low Voltage | 5,8 | | | 0.3 | V | V _{CC} =V _{CC} Min., I _{OL} =100µA |
| V _{OH} | Output High Voltage | 5 | V _{CC} -0.3 | | | V | V _{CC} =V _{CC} Min., I _{OH} =-100µA |
| V _{PPLK} | V _{PP} Lockout during Normal Operations | 3,5,6 | | | 0.4 | V | |
| V _{PPH1} | V _{PP} during Block Erase, Bank Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations | | 1.65 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V | |
| V _{PPH2} | V _{PP} during Block Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations | 6 | 11.7 | 12 | 12.3 | V | |
| V _{LKO} | V _{CC} Lockout Voltage | | 1.5 | | | V | |

$V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V$

NOTES:

1. All currents are in RMS unless otherwise noted. Typical values are the reference values at V_{CC} =3.0V and T_{Δ} =+25°C unless V_{CC} is specified.

2. I_{CCWS} and I_{CCES} are specified with the device de-selected. If read or (page buffer) program is executed while in block erase suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I_{CCES} and I_{CCR} or I_{CCW}. If read is executed while in (page buffer) program suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I_{CCWS} and I_{CCR} . 3. Block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program are inhibited when $V_{PP} \leq V_{PPLK}$, and not guaranteed in

the range between $V_{PPLK}(max.)$ and $V_{PPH1}(min.)$, between $V_{PPH1}(max.)$ and $V_{PPH2}(min.)$ and above $V_{PPH2}(max.)$.

4. The Automatic Power Savings (APS) feature automatically places the device in power save mode after read cycle completion. Standard address access timings (t_{AVOV}) provide new data when addresses are changed.

5. Sampled, not 100% tested.

6. V_{PP} is not used for power supply pin. With $V_{PP} \leq V_{PPLK}$, block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program cannot be executed and should not be attempted.

Applying 12V±0.3V to V_{PP} provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, V_{PP} is power supply pin and supplies the memory cell current for block erasing and (page buffer) programming. Use similar power supply trace widths and layout considerations given to the V_{CC} power bus.

Applying 12V±0.3V to V_{PP} during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. V_{PP} may be connected to $12V\pm0.3V$ for a total of 80 hours maximum.

7. The operating current in dual work is the sum of the operating current (read, erase, program) in each plane.

8. Includes RY/BY#.

1.2.4 AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations⁽¹⁾

| $V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V, T_{A}=-30^{\circ}C \text{ to }+85^{\circ}C$ | V_{C} | c = 2.7 V - 3 | .6V, Τ _Δ | =-30°C | to +85°C |
|--|---------|---------------|---------------------|--------|----------|
|--|---------|---------------|---------------------|--------|----------|

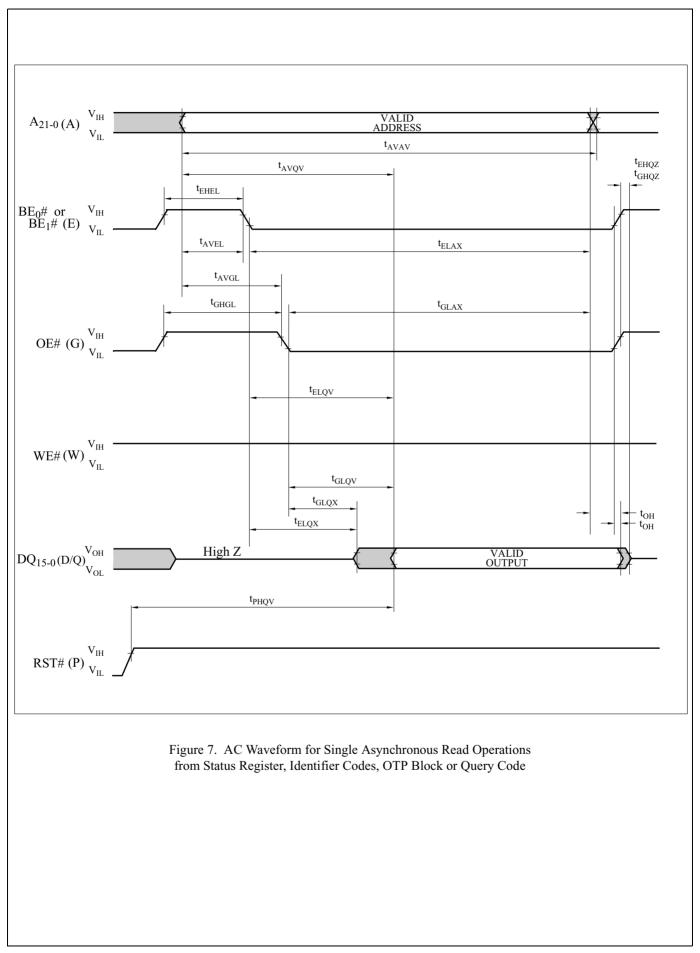
| Symbol | Parameter | Notes | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------|------|------|------|
| t _{AVAV} | Read Cycle Time | | 85 | | ns |
| t _{AVQV} | Address to Output Delay | | | 85 | ns |
| t _{ELQV} | $BE_0 #$ or $BE_1 #$ to Output Delay | 3 | | 85 | ns |
| t _{APA} | Page Address Access Time | | | 35 | ns |
| t _{GLQV} | OE# to Output Delay | 3 | | 20 | ns |
| t _{PHQV} | RST# High to Output Delay | | | 150 | ns |
| t _{EHQZ} , t _{GHQZ} | BE_0 or BE_1 or OE to Output in High Z, Whichever Occurs First | | | 20 | ns |
| t _{ELQX} | $BE_0 #$ or $BE_1 #$ to Output in Low Z | 2 | 0 | | ns |
| t _{GLQX} | OE# to Output in Low Z | 2 | 0 | | ns |
| t _{OH} | Output Hold from First Occurring Address, BE_0 # or BE_1 # or OE # change | 2 | 0 | | ns |
| t _{AVEL} , t _{AVGL} | Address Setup to BE_0 # or BE_1 #, OE # Going Low for Reading Status Register | | 10 | | ns |
| $t_{\rm ELAX}, t_{\rm GLAX}$ | Address Hold from BE_0 # or BE_1 #, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register | 5, 6 | 30 | | ns |
| t _{EHEL} , t _{GHGL} | BE_0 # or BE_1 #, OE# Pulse Width High for Reading Status Register | 6 | 30 | | ns |

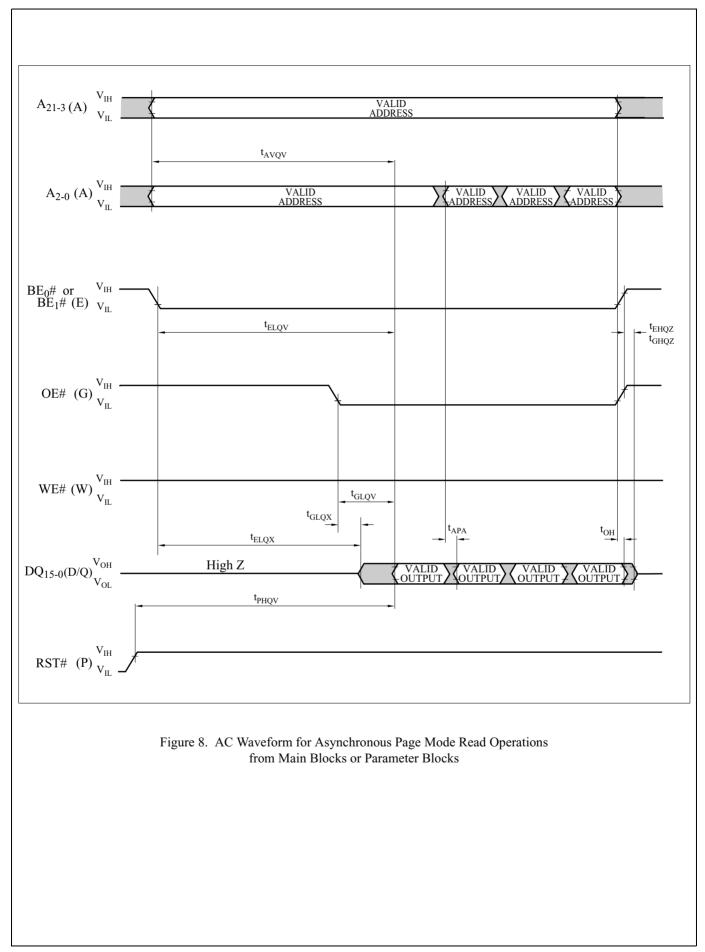
NOTES:

1. See AC input/output reference waveform for timing measurements and maximum allowable input slew rate.

2. Sampled, not 100% tested.

 Sampled, not 100% tested.
 OE# may be delayed up to t_{ELQV} — t_{GLQV} after the falling edge of BE₀# or BE₁# without impact to t_{ELQV}.
 Address setup time (t_{AVEL}, t_{AVGL}) is defined from the falling edge of BE₀# or BE₁# or OE# (whichever goes low last).
 Address hold time (t_{ELAX}, t_{GLAX}) is defined from the falling edge of BE₀# or BE₁# or OE# (whichever goes low last).
 Specifications t_{AVEL}, t_{AVGL}, t_{ELAX}, t_{GLAX} and t_{EHEL}, t_{GHGL} for read operations apply to only status register read operations. operations.





1.2.5 AC Characteristics - Write Operations^{(1), (2)}

| Symbol | Parameter | Notes | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|--|---|---------------------|------|--------------------|------|
| t _{AVAV} | Write Cycle Time | | 85 | | ns |
| t _{PHWL} (t _{PHEL}) | RST# High Recovery to WE# (BE_0 # or BE_1 #) Going Low | 3 | 150 | | ns |
| $t_{ELWL} (t_{WLEL})$ | BE_0 or BE_1 (WE#) Setup to WE# (BE_0 # or BE_1 #) Going Low | | 0 | | ns |
| $t_{WLWH}(t_{ELEH})$ | WE# (BE $_0$ # or BE $_1$ #) Pulse Width | 4 | 60 | | ns |
| t _{DVWH} (t _{DVEH}) | Data Setup to WE# (BE $_0$ # or BE $_1$ #) Going High | 8 | 40 | | ns |
| $t_{\rm AVWH} (t_{\rm AVEH})$ | Address Setup to WE# (BE $_0$ # or BE $_1$ #) Going High | 8 | 50 | | ns |
| $t_{\rm WHEH} \left(t_{\rm EHWH} ight)$ | BE_0 # or BE_1 # (WE#) Hold from WE# (BE_0 # or BE_1 #) High | E ₁ #) 0 | | | ns |
| $t_{WHDX} (t_{EHDX})$ | Data Hold from WE# (BE ₀ # or BE ₁ #) High | | 0 | | ns |
| $t_{WHAX} (t_{EHAX})$ | Address Hold from WE# (BE_0 # or BE_1 #) High | | 0 | | ns |
| $t_{\rm WHWL} (t_{\rm EHEL})$ | WE# (BE $_0$ # or BE $_1$ #) Pulse Width High | 5 | 30 | | ns |
| $t_{\rm SHWH} \left(t_{\rm SHEH} \right)$ | WP# High Setup to WE# (BE_0 # or BE_1 #) Going High | 3 | 0 | | ns |
| t _{VVWH} (t _{VVEH}) | V_{PP} Setup to WE# (BE ₀ # or BE ₁ #) Going High | 3 | 200 | | ns |
| $t_{\rm WHGL}$ ($t_{\rm EHGL}$) | Write Recovery before Read | | 30 | | ns |
| t _{QVSL} | WP# High Hold from Valid SRD, RY/BY# High Z | 3,6 | 0 | | ns |
| t _{QVVL} | V _{PP} Hold from Valid SRD, RY/BY# High Z | 3, 6 | 0 | | ns |
| $t_{WHR0} (t_{EHR0})$ | WE# (BE ₀ # or BE ₁ #) High to SR.7 Going "0" | 3, 7 | | t_{AVQV}^+ 40 | ns |
| $t_{WHRL} (t_{EHRL})$ | WE# (BE ₀ # or BE ₁ #) High to RY/BY# Going Low | 3 | | 100 | ns |

NOTES:

1. The timing characteristics for reading the status register during block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program operations are the same as during read-only operations. Refer to AC Characteristics for read-only operations.

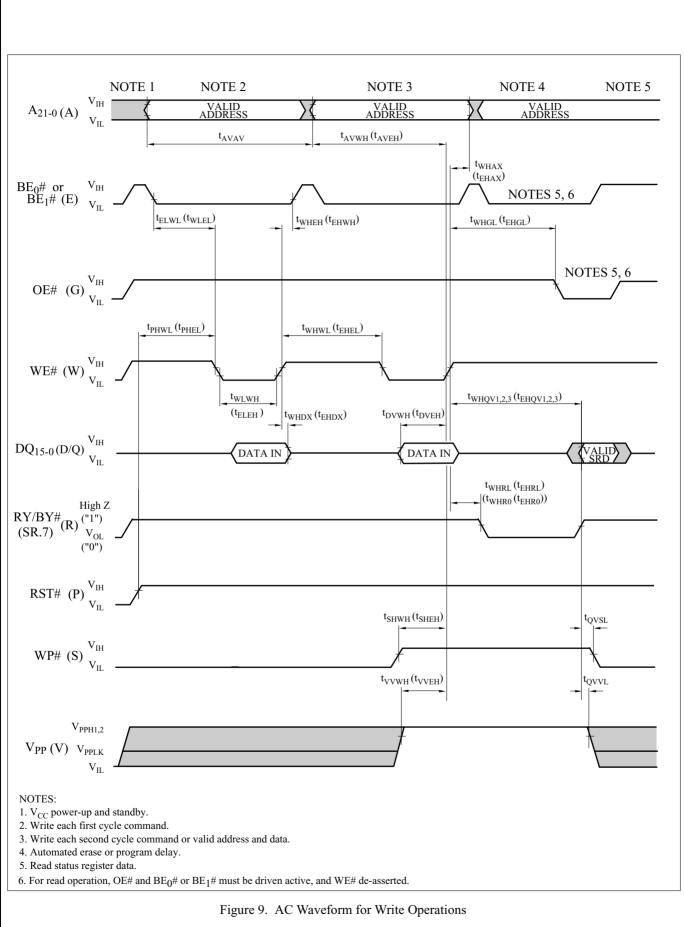
2. A write operation can be initiated and terminated with either $BE_0\#$ or $BE_1\#$ or WE#.

3. Sampled, not 100% tested.

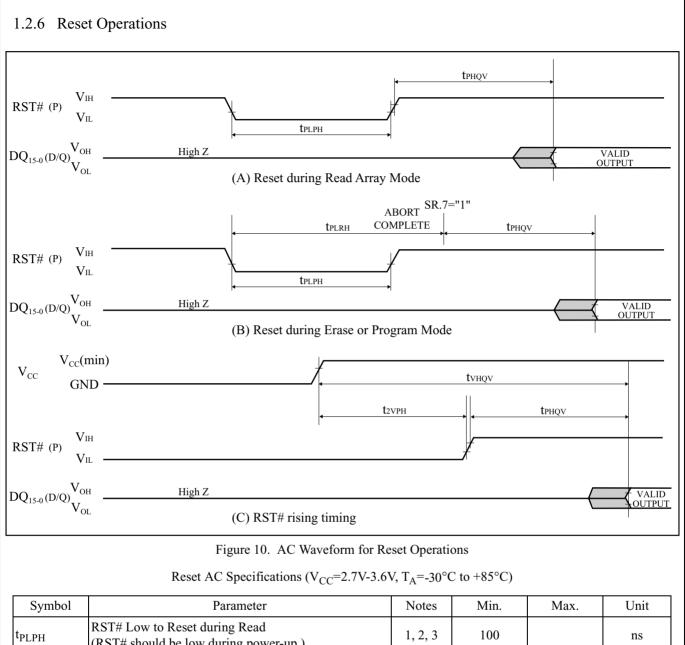
4. Write pulse width (t_{WP}) is defined from the falling edge of BE_0 or BE_1 or WE (whichever goes low last) to the rising edge of BE₀# or BE₁# or WE# (whichever goes high first). Hence, $t_{WP}=t_{WLWH}=t_{ELEH}=t_{WLEH}=t_{ELWH}$. 5. Write pulse width high (t_{WPH}) is defined from the rising edge of BE₀# or BE₁# or WE# (whichever goes high first) to the

6. V_{PP} should be held at V_{PP}=V_{PPH1/2} until determination of block erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program success (SR.1/3/4/5=0) and held at V_{PP}=V_{PPH1/2} until determination of bank erase success (SR.1/3/5=0).
7. t_{WHR0} (t_{EHR0}) after the Read Query or Read Identifier Codes/OTP command=t_{AVQV}+100ns.

8. Refer to Table 6 for valid address and data for block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program, OTP program or lock bit configuration.



Rev. 2.44



| 5 | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---------|-----|-------|----|
| t _{PLPH} | RST# Low to Reset during Read (RST# should be low during power-up.) | 1, 2, 3 | 100 | | ns |
| t _{PLRH} | RST# Low to Reset during Erase or Program | 1, 3, 4 | | 22 µs | |
| t _{2VPH} | V _{CC} 2.7V to RST# High | 1, 3, 5 | 100 | | ns |
| t _{VHQV} | V _{CC} 2.7V to Output Delay | 3 | | 1 | ms |
| MAREA | - | | • | | |

1. A reset time, t_{PHQV}, is required from the later of SR.7 (RY/BY#) going "1" (High Z) or RST# going high until outputs are valid. Refer to AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations for t_{PHQV} . 2. t_{PLPH} is <100ns the device may still reset but this is not guaranteed.

3. Sampled, not 100% tested.

4. If RST# asserted while a block erase, bank erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program operation is not executing, the reset will complete within 100ns.

5. When the device power-up, holding RST# low minimum 100ns is required after V_{CC} has been in predefined range and also has been in stable there.

Rev. 2.44

27

| 1.2.7 | Block Erase, | Bank Erase, | (Page | Buffer) | Program and | OTP Pro | gram Per | formance ⁽³⁾ |
|-------|--------------|-------------|-------|---------|-------------|---------|----------|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | |

| | V_{CC} =2.7V-3.6V, T_{A} =-30°C to +85°C | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------|---------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|------|
| Symbol | Symbol Parameter | Notes | Page Buffer Command is | V _{PP} =V _{PPH1} (In System) | | | V _{PP} =V _{PPH2} (In Manufacturing) | | | Unit |
| | | | Used or not Used | Min. | Тур. ⁽¹⁾ | Max. ⁽²⁾ | Min. | Тур. ⁽¹⁾ | Max. ⁽²⁾ | |
| t _{WPB} | 4K-Word Parameter Block | 2 | Not Used | | 0.05 | 0.3 | | 0.04 | 0.12 | s |
| WPB | Program Time | 2 | Used | | 0.03 | 0.12 | | 0.02 | 0.06 | s |
| t _{WMB} | 32K-Word Main Block | 2 | Not Used | | 0.38 | 2.4 | | 0.31 | 1.0 | s |
| •WMB | Program Time | 2 | Used | | 0.24 | 1.0 | | 0.17 | 0.5 | S |
| t _{WHQV1} / | Word Program Time | 2 | Not Used | | 11 | 200 | | 9 | 185 | μs |
| t _{EHQV1} | | 2 | Used | | 7 | 100 | | 5 | 90 | μs |
| t _{WHOV1} / t _{EHOV1} | OTP Program Time | 2, 6 | Not Used | | 36 | 400 | | 27 | 185 | μs |
| t _{WHQV2} / t _{EHQV2} | 4K-Word Parameter Block Erase Time | 2 | - | | 0.3 | 4 | | 0.2 | 4 | s |
| t _{WHQV3} / t _{EHQV3} | 32K-Word Main Block Erase Time | 2 | - | | 0.6 | 5 | | 0.5 | 5 | s |
| | Bank Erase Time | 2 | | | 80 | 700 | | | | s |
| t _{WHRH1} / t _{EHRH1} | (Page Buffer) Program Suspend Latency Time to Read | 4 | - | | 5 | 10 | | 5 | 10 | μs |
| t _{WHRH2} / t _{EHRH2} | Block Erase Suspend Latency Time to Read | 4 | - | | 5 | 20 | | 5 | 20 | μs |
| t _{ERES} | Latency Time from Block Erase Resume Command to Block Erase Suspend Command | 5 | - | 500 | | | 500 | | | μs |

1. Typical values measured at V_{CC} =3.0V, V_{PP} =3.0V or 12V, and T_A =+25°C. Assumes corresponding lock bits are not set. Subject to change based on device characterization.

2. Excludes external system-level overhead.

3. Sampled, but not 100% tested.

4. A latency time is required from writing suspend command (WE# or $BE_0^{\#}$ or $BE_1^{\#}$ going high) until SR.7 going "1" or RY/ BY# going High Z.

5. If the interval time from a Block Erase Resume command to a subsequent Block Erase Suspend command is shorter than t_{ERES} and its sequence is repeated, the block erase operation may not be finished. 6. When the OTP program operation is executed, write the OTP Program command with BE_0 # at V_{IL} .

OTP block in Bank 1 (selected by $BE_1 #= V_{II}$) should not be used.

2 Related Document Information⁽¹⁾

| Document No. | Document Name |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| FUM00701 | LH28F128BF series Appendix |

NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales offices.

A-1 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

A-1.1 At Device Power-Up

AC timing illustrated in Figure A-1 is recommended for the supply voltages and the control signals at device power-up. If the timing in the figure is ignored, the device may not operate correctly.

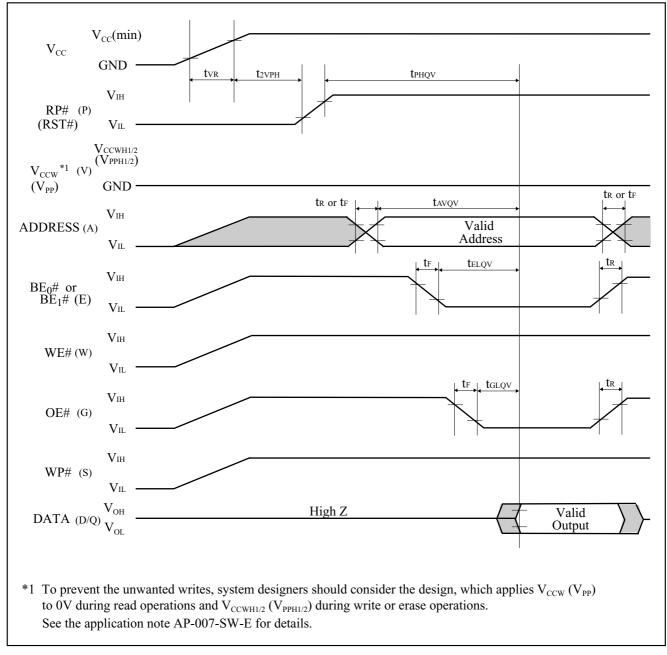


Figure A-1. AC Timing at Device Power-Up

For the AC specifications t_{VR} , t_R , t_F in the figure, refer to the next page. See the "ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS" described in specifications for the supply voltage range, the operating temperature and the AC specifications not shown in the next page.

A-1.1.1 Rise and Fall Time

| Symbol | Parameter | | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------------------|------|------|-------|------|
| t _{VR} | V _{CC} Rise Time | | 0.5 | 30000 | μs/V |
| t _R | Input Signal Rise Time | | | 1 | μs/V |
| t _F | Input Signal Fall Time | 1, 2 | | 1 | µs/V |

NOTES:

1. Sampled, not 100% tested.

2. This specification is applied for not only the device power-up but also the normal operations.

A-1.2 Glitch Noises

Do not input the glitch noises which are below V_{IH} (Min.) or above V_{IL} (Max.) on address, data, reset, and control signals, as shown in Figure A-2 (b). The acceptable glitch noises are illustrated in Figure A-2 (a).

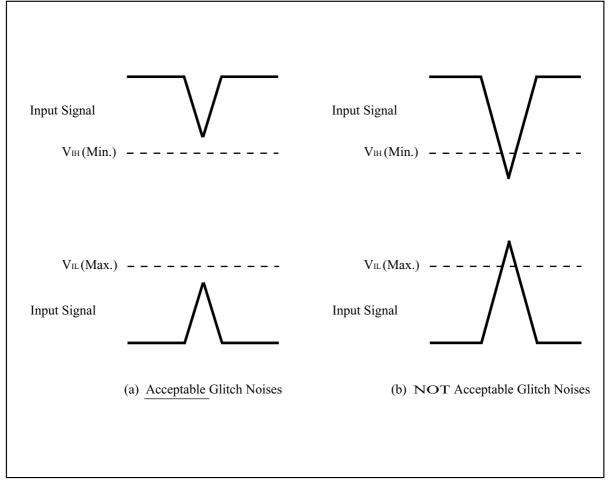


Figure A-2. Waveform for Glitch Noises

See the "DC CHARACTERISTICS" described in specifications for V_{IH} (Min.) and V_{IL} (Max.).

A-2 RELATED DOCUMENT INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

| Document No. | Document Name |
|--------------|---|
| AP-001-SD-E | Flash Memory Family Software Drivers |
| AP-006-PT-E | Data Protection Method of SHARP Flash Memory |
| AP-007-SW-E | RP#, V _{PP} Electric Potential Switching Circuit |

NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales office.

A-3 STATUS REGISTER READ OPERATIONS

If AC timing for reading the status register described in specifications is not satisfied, a system processor can check the status register bit SR.15 instead of SR.7 to determine when the erase or program operation has been completed.

| | NOTES: |
|---|---|
| SR.15 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS: (DQ ₁₅) 1 = Ready in All Partitions 0 = Busy in Any Partition | SR.15 indicates the status of WSM (Write State Machine). If SR.15="0", erase or program operation is in progress in any partition. |
| SR.7 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS FOR EACH PARTITION: (DQ₇) 1 = Ready in the Addressed Partition 0 = Busy in the Addressed Partition | SR.7 indicates the status of the partition. If SR.7="0", erase or program operation is in progress in the addressed partition. Even if the SR.7 is "1", the WSM may be occupied by the other partition. |

Table A-3-1. Status Register Definition (SR.15 and SR.7)

