

### **General Description**

The MIC5247 is an efficient, precise low voltage CMOS voltage regulator optimized for ultra-low-noise applications. The MIC5247 offers better than 1% initial accuracy, and  $85\mu$ A constant ground current over load (typically  $85\mu$ A). The MIC5247 provides a very low noise output, ideal for RF applications where quiet voltage sources are required. A noise bypass pin is also available for further reduction of output noise.

Designed specifically for hand-held and battery-powered devices, the MIC5247 provides a logic compatible enable pin. When disabled, power consumption drops nearly to zero.

The MIC5247 also works with low-ESR ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space necessary for power applications, critical in hand-held wireless devices.

Key features include current limit, thermal shutdown, a pushpull output for faster transient response, and an active clamp to speed up device turnoff. Available in the IttyBitty<sup>™</sup> SOT-23-5 package, the MIC5247 also offers a range of fixed output voltages.

# **MIC5247**

150mA Low-Voltage µCap Linear Regulator

### **Preliminary Information**

### Features

- Ultralow noise
- Low voltage outputs
- Load independent, ultralow ground current: 85μA
- 150mA output current
- Current limiting
- Thermal Shutdown
- Tight load and line regulation
- "Zero" off-mode current
- Stability with low-ESR capacitors
- Fast transient response
- · Logic-controlled enable input

### Applications

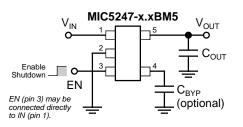
- · Cellular phones and pagers
- Cellular accessories
- Battery-powered equipment
- Laptop, notebook, and palmtop computers
- PCMCIA V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>PP</sub> regulation/switching
- Consumer/personal electronics
- SMPS post-regulator/dc-to-dc modules
- High-efficiency linear power supplies

### **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Marking	Voltage	Junction Temp. Range	Package
MIC5247-1.5BM5	LU15	1.5V	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5
MIC5247-1.8BM5	LU18	1.8V	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5
MIC5247-2.0BM5	LU20	2.0V	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5
MIC5247-2.4BM5	LU24	2.4V	–40°C to +125°C	SOT-23-5

Other voltages available. Contact Micrel for details.

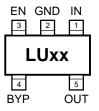
# **Typical Application**



### **Ultra-Low-Noise Regulator Application**

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MIC5247-x.xBM5

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function	
1	IN	Supply Input	
2	GND	Ground	
3	EN	Enable/Shutdown (Input): CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable; logic low = shutdown. Do not leave open.	
4	BYP	Reference Bypass: Connect external 0.01pF capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. May be left open.	
5	OUT	Regulator Output	

# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Supply Input Voltage (VIN)	0V to +7V
Enable Input Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> )	0V to V <sub>IN</sub>
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	+150°C
Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 5 sec.)	260°C
ESD, Note 3	

## **Operating Ratings (Note 2)**

Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	+2.7V to +6V
Enable Input Voltage (V <sub>EN</sub> )	0V to V <sub>IN</sub>
Junction Temperature (T)	–40°C to +125°C
Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	235°C/W

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Units
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage Accuracy	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA	-1 -2		1 <b>2</b>	% %
$\Delta V_{LNR}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.1V$ to 6V	-0.3		+0.3	%/V
$\Delta V_{LDR}$	Load Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.1mA to 150mA, <b>Note 4</b>		2	3	%
	Load Regulation for 1.5V only	$I_{OUT} = 0.1$ mA to 150mA, $V_{OUT} = 1.5$ V		3	4	%
V <sub>IN</sub> – V <sub>OUT</sub>	Dropout Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA (see Note 5)		150		mV
I <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current	$V_{EN} \le 0.4V$ (shutdown)		0.2	1	μA
I <sub>GND</sub>	Ground Pin Current, Note 6	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA		85	150	μΑ
		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 150mA		85	150	μΑ
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection	f ≤ 1kHz		50		dB
I <sub>LIM</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V	160	300		mA
e <sub>n</sub>	Output Voltage Noise	$C_{OUT} = 10\mu$ F, $C_{BYP} = 0.01\mu$ F, f = 10Hz to 100kHz		30		μVrms

### $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ; $V_{IN} = V_{EN}$ ; $I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ ; $T_1 = 25^{\circ}C$ , **bold** values indicate $-40^{\circ}C \le T_1 \le +125^{\circ}C$ ; unless noted.

#### **Enable Input**

V <sub>IL</sub>	Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to 5.5V, regulator shutdown		0.8	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Enable Input Logic-High Voltage	$V_{IN}$ = 2.7V to 5.5V, regulator enabled	1.6	1		V
I <sub>EN</sub>	Enable Input Current	$V_{IL} \le 0.4V$		0.01		μA
		V <sub>IH</sub> ≥ 1.6V		0.01		μΑ
	Shutdown Resistance Discharge			500		Ω

#### **Thermal Protection**

Therma	I Shutdown Temperature		150	°C
Therma	l Shutdown Hysteresis		10	°C

Note 1. Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.

**Note 2.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.

Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.

**Note 4.** Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 0.1mA to 150mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.

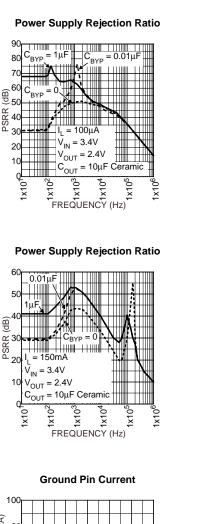
**Note 5.** Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured a1V differential. For outputs below 2.7V, dropout voltage is the input-to-output voltage differential with the minimum input voltage 2.7V. Minimum input operating voltage is 2.7V.

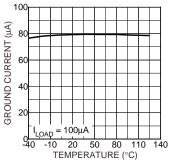
Note 6. Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current plus pass transistor base current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

### **Typical Characteristics**

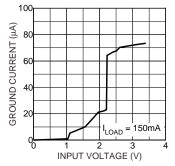
PSRR

(qB)

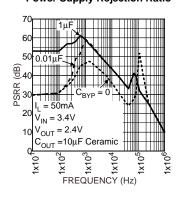


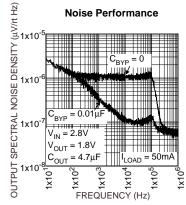


**Ground Pin Current** 

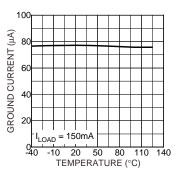


**Power Supply Rejection Ratio** 

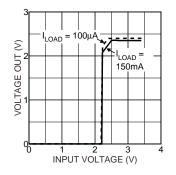




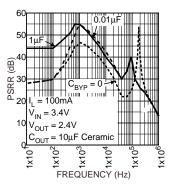
**Ground Pin Current** 

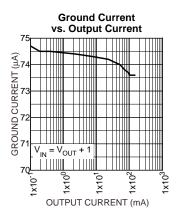


**Dropout Characteristics** 

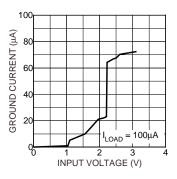


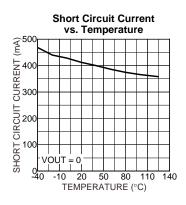
**Power Supply Rejection Ratio** 

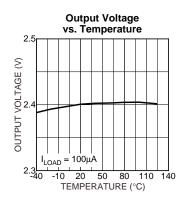


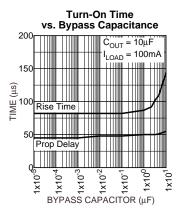


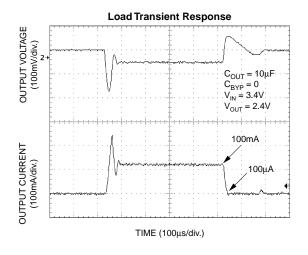
**Ground Pin Current** 

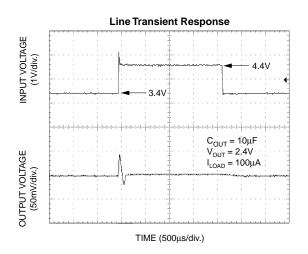


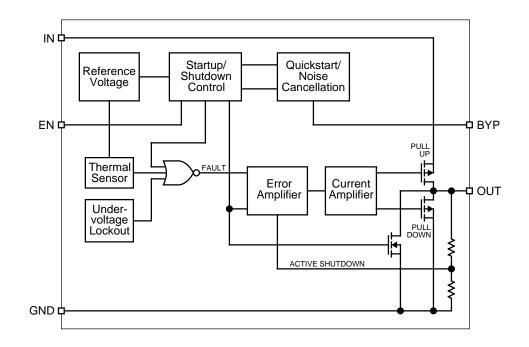












### **Applications Information**

### Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5247 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into a "zero" off-modecurrent state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. This part is CMOS and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

#### **Input Capacitor**

An input capacitor is not required for stability. A  $1\mu$ F input capacitor is recommended when the bulk ac supply capacitance is more than 10 inches away from the device, or when the supply is a battery.

### **Output Capacitor**

The MIC5247 requires an output capacitor for stability. The design requires  $1\mu$ F or greater on the output to maintain stability. The capacitor can be a low-ESR ceramic chip capacitor. The MIC5247 has been designed to work specifically with the low-cost, small chip capacitors. Tantalum capacitors can also be used for improved capacitance over temperature. The value of the capacitor can be increased without bound.

### **Bypass Capacitor**

A capacitor can be placed from the noise bypass pin to ground to reduce output voltage noise. The capacitor bypasses the internal reference. A  $0.01\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for applications that require low-noise outputs.

The bypass capacitor can be increased without bound, further reducing noise and improving PSRR. Turn-on time remains constant with respect to bypass capacitance. Refer to the Typical Characteristics section for a graph of turn-on time vs. bypass capacitor.

### **Transient Response**

The MIC5247 implements a unique output stage to dramatically improve transient response recovery time. The output is a totem-pole configuration with a P-channel MOSFET pass device and an N-channel MOSFET clamp. The N-channel clamp is a significantly smaller device that prevents the output voltage from overshooting when a heavy load is removed. This feature helps to speed up the transient response by significantly decreasing transient response recovery time during the transition from heavy load (100mA) to light load (85 $\mu$ A).

### **Active Shutdown**

The MIC5247 also features an active shutdown clamp, which is an N-channel MOSFET that turns on when the device is disabled. This allows the output capacitor and load to discharge, de-energizing the load.

### **Thermal Considerations**

The MIC5247 is designed to provide 150mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power

dissipation of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{\theta_{JA}}\right)$$

 $T_{J(max)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die, 125°C, and  $T_A$  is the ambient operating temperature.  $\theta_{JA}$  is layout dependent; Table 1 shows examples of junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the MIC5247.

Package	$\begin{array}{l} \theta_{\text{JA}} \text{ Recommended} \\ \text{Minimum Footprint} \end{array}$	θ <sub>JA</sub> 1" Square Copper Clad	ө <mark>лс</mark>
SOT-23-5 (M5)	235°C/W	185°C/W	145°C/W

#### Table 1. SOT-23-5 Thermal Resistance

The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_{D} = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) I_{OUT} + V_{IN} I_{GND}$$

Substituting  $P_{D(max)}$  for  $P_D$  and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. For example, when operating the MIC5247-2.4BM5 at room temperature with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum input voltage for a set output current can be determined as follows:

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{max})} = \left(\frac{125^{\circ}\mathsf{C} - 25^{\circ}\mathsf{C}}{235^{\circ}\mathsf{C}/\mathsf{W}}\right)$$

$$P_{D(max)} = 425 \text{mW}$$

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is  $235^{\circ}$ C/W, from Table 1. The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation. Using the output voltage of 2.4V and an output current of 150mA, the maximum input voltage can be determined. Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically 100µA over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is <1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

$$\begin{split} &425\text{mW} = (\text{V}_{\text{IN}} - 2.4\text{V}) \ 150\text{mA} \\ &425\text{mW} = \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \cdot 150\text{mA} - 360\text{mW} \\ &785\text{mW} = \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \cdot 150\text{mA} \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}(\text{max})} = 5.2\text{V} \end{split}$$

Therefore, a 2.4V application at 150mA of output current can accept a maximum input voltage of 5.2V in a SOT-23-5 package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the Regulator Thermals section of Micrel's *Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators* handbook.

#### **Fixed Regulator Applications**

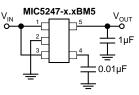
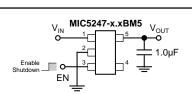


Figure 1. Ultra-Low-Noise Fixed Voltage Application

Figure 1 includes a 0.01 $\mu$ F capacitor for low-noise operation and shows EN (pin 3) connected to IN (pin 1) for an application where enable/shutdown is not required. C<sub>OUT</sub> = 1 $\mu$ F minimum.

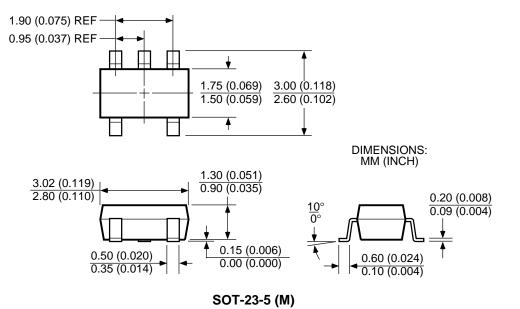


### Figure 2. Low-Noise Fixed Voltage Application

Figure 2 is an example of a low-noise configuration where  $C_{BYP}$  is not required.  $C_{OUT}$  = 1µF minimum.

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# **Package Information**



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