## 64K $\times 16$ CMOS FLASH MEMORY

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The W29F102 is a 1 -megabit, 5 -volt only CMOS flash memory organized as $64 \mathrm{~K} \times 16$ bits. The device can be programmed and erased in-system with a standard 5 V power supply. A 12-volt VPP is not required. The unique cell architecture of the W29F102 results in fast program/erase operations with extremely low current consumption (compared to other comparable 5 -volt flash memory products). The device can also be programmed and erased using standard EPROM programmers.

## FEATURES

- Single 5-volt operations:
- 5 -volt Read
- 5-volt Erase
- 5-volt Program
- Fast Program operation:
- Word-by-Word programming: $50 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ (max.)
- Fast Erase operation: 100 mS (typ.)
- Fast Read access time: 45/50/55/70 nS
- Endurance: 1K/10K cycles (typ.)
- Ten-year data retention
- Hardware data protection
- 8 K word Boot Block with Lockout protection
- Low power consumption
- Active current: 25 mA (typ.)
- Standby current: $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (typ.)
- Automatic program and erase timing with internal VPP generation
- End of program or erase detection
- Toggle bit
- Data polling
- Latched address and data
- TTL compatible I/O
- JEDEC standard word-wide pinouts
- Available packages: 40-pin TSOP and 44-pin PLCC

PIN CONFIGURATIONS


## BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

| SYMBOL | PIN NAME |
| :---: | :--- |
| A0-A15 | Address Inputs |
| DQ0-DQ15 | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ | Chip Enable |
| $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | Output Enable |
| $\overline{\mathrm{WE}}$ | Write Enable |
| VDD | Power Supply |
| GND | Ground |
| NC | No Connection |

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

## Read Mode

The read operation of the W29F102 is controlled by $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$, both of which have to be low for the host to obtain data from the outputs. $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ is used for device selection. When $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ is high, the chip is de-selected and only standby power will be consumed. $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ is the output control and is used to gate data from the output pins. The data bus is in high impedance state when either $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ or $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ is high. Refer to the timing waveforms for further details.

## Boot Block Operation

There is one 8 K -word boot block in this device, which can be used to store boot code. It is located in the first 8 K words of the memory with the address range from 0000 hex to 1FFF hex.
See Command Codes for Boot Block Lockout Enable for the specific code. Once this feature is set the data for the designated block cannot be erased or programmed (programming lockout); other memory locations can be changed by the regular programming method. Once the boot block programming lockout feature is activated, the chip erase function will only affect the main memory.
In order to detect whether the boot block feature is set on the 8 K -words block, users can perform software command sequence: enter the product identification mode (see Command Codes for Identification/Boot Block Lockout Detection for specific code), and then read from address "0002 hex". If the output data is "FF hex," the boot block programming lockout feature is activated; if the output data is "FE hex," the lockout feature is inactivated and the block can be erased/programmed.
To return to normal operation, perform a three-byte command sequence (or an alternate single-word command) to exit the identification mode. For the specific code, see Command Codes for Identification/Boot Block Lockout Detection.

## Chip Erase Operation

The chip-erase mode can be initiated by a six-word command sequence. After the command loading cycle, the device enters the internal chip erase mode, which is automatically timed and will be completed in a fast 100 mS (typical). The host system is not required to provide any control or timing during this operation. If the boot block programming lockout is activated, only the data in the main memory will be erased to $F F($ hex ), and the data in the boot block will not be erased (remains same as before the chip erase operation). The entire memory array (main memory and boot block) will be erased to FF hex. by the chip erase operation if the boot block programming lockout feature is not activated. The device will automatically return to normal read mode after the erase operation completed. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of erase cycle.

## Main Memory Erase Operation

The main memory erase mode can be initiated by a six-word command sequence. After the command loading cycle, the device enters the internal main-memory erase mode, which is automatically timed and will be completed in a fast 100 mS (typical). The host system is not required to provide any control or timing during this operation. The device will automatically return to normal read mode after the erase operation completed. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of erase cycle.

## Program Operation

The W29F102 is programmed on a word-by-word basis. Program operation can only change logical data "1" to logical data "0" The erase operation (changed entire data in main memory and/or boot block from " 0 " to "1" is needed before programming.
The program operation is initiated by a 4 -word command cycle (see Command Codes for Word Programming). The device will interally enter the program operation immediately after the wordprogram command is entered. The internal program timer will automatically time-out ( $50 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ max. TBP) once completed and return to normal read mode. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of program cycle.

## Hardware Data Protection

The integrity of the data stored in the W29F102 is also hardware protected in the following ways:
(1) Noise/Glitch Protection: A $\overline{W E}$ pulse of less than 15 nS in duration will not initiate a write cycle.
(2) VDD Power Up/Down Detection: The programming operation is inhibited when VDD is less than 2.5 V typical.
(3) Write Inhibit Mode: Forcing $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ low, $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ high, or $\overline{\mathrm{WE}}$ high will inhibit the write operation. This prevents inadvertent writes during power-up or power-down periods.
(4) VDD power-on delay: When VDD has reached its sense level, the device will automatically time-out 5 mS before any write (erase/program) operation.

## Data Polling (DQ7 \& DQ15)- Write Status Detection

The W29F102 includes a data polling feature to indicate the end of a program or erase cycle. When the W29F102 is in the internal program or erase cycle, any attempt to read DQ7 or DQ15 of the last word loaded will receive the complement of the true data. Once the program or erase cycle is completed, DQ7 or DQ15 will show the true data. Note that DQ7 or DQ15 will show logical "0" during the erase cycle, and become logical " 1 " or true data when the erase cycle has been completed.

## Toggle Bit (DQ6 \& DQ14)- Write Status Detection

In addition to data polling, the W29F102 provides another method for determining the end of a program cycle. During the internal program or erase cycle, any consecutive attempts to read DQ6 or DQ14 will produce alternating 0's and 1's. When the program or erase cycle is completed, this toggling between 0's and 1's will stop. The device is then ready for the next operation.

## Product Identification

The product ID operation outputs the manufacturer code and device code. Programming equipment automatically matches the device with its proper erase and programming algorithms.
The manufacturer and device codes can be accessed by software or hardware operation. In the software access mode, a six-word (or JEDEC 3-word) command sequence can be used to access the product ID. A read from address 0000 H outputs the manufacturer code (00DAh). A read from address 0001 H outputs the device code (002Fh). The product ID operation can be terminated by a three-word command sequence or an altenate one-word command sequence (see Command Definition table).
In the hardware access mode, access to the product ID is activated by forcing $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ low, $\overline{\mathrm{WE}}$ high, and raising A9 to 12 volts.

## TABLE OF OPERATING MODES

Operating Mode Selection
( V нн $=12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ )

| MODE | PINS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{WE}}$ | ADDRESS | DQ. |
| Read | VIL | VIL | VIH | AIN | Dout |
| Write | VIL | VIH | VIL | AIN | Din |
| Standby | Vİ | X | X | X | High Z |
| Write Inhibit | X | VIL | X | X | High Z/Dout |
|  | X | X | VIH | X | High Z/Dout |
| Output Disable | X | VIH | X | X | High Z |
| Product ID | VIL | VIL | VIH | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} 0=\mathrm{VIL} ; \mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{A} 15=\mathrm{VIL} ; \\ & \mathrm{A} 9=\mathrm{VHH} \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturer Code 00DA (Hex) |
|  | VIL | VIL | VIH | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} 0=\mathrm{V} \mathrm{IH} ; \mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{A} 15=\mathrm{VIL} ; \\ & \mathrm{A} 9=\mathrm{VHH} \end{aligned}$ | Device Code 002F (Hex) |

TABLE OF COMMAND DEFINITION

| Command Description | No. of Cycles | 1st Cycle | 2nd Cycle | 3rd Cycle | 4th Cycle | 5th Cycle | 6th Cycle |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data | Addr. Data |
| Read | 1 | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {IN }} \mathrm{D}_{\text {Out }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chip Erase | 6 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555580 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555510 |
| Main Memory Erase | 6 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555580 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555530 |
| Word Program | 4 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 A0 | $\mathrm{A}_{\text {IN }} \mathrm{D}_{\text {IN }}$ |  |  |
| Boot Block Lockout | 6 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555580 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555540 |
| Product ID Entry | 3 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 555590 |  |  |  |
| Product ID Exit ${ }^{(1)}$ | 3 | 5555 AA | 2AAA 55 | 5555 F0 |  |  |  |
| Product ID Exit ${ }^{(1)}$ | 1 | XXXX F0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex); Data Format: DQ15-DQ8 (Don't Care); DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)
Either one of the two Product ID Exit commands can be used.

Command Codes for Word Program

| WORD SEQUENCE | ADDRESS | DATA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 1 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 2 Write | 5555 H | AOH |
| 3 Write | Programmed-Address | Programmed-Data |

## Word Program Flow Chart

Word Program
Command Flow


Notes for software program code:
Data Format: DQ15-DQ0 (Hex); XX = Don't Care
Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)

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Command Codes for Chip Erase

| BYTE SEQUENCE | ADDRESS | DATA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 2 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 3 Write | 5555 H | 80 H |
| 4 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 5 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 6 Write | 5555 H | 10 H |

## Chip Erase Acquisition Flow



Notes for chip erase:
Data Format: DQ15-DQ8: Don't Care ; DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)
Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)

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Command Codes for Main Memory Erase

| BYTE SEQUENCE | ADDRESS | DATA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 2 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 3 Write | 5555 H | 80 H |
| 4 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 5 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 6 Write | 5555 H | 30 H |

Main Memory Erase Acquisition Flow


Notes for chip erase:
Data Format: DQ15-DQ8: Don't Care ; DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)
Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)

Command Codes for Product Identification and Boot Block Lockout Detection

| BYTE SEQUENCE | PRODUCTIDENTIFICATION/BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT DETECTION ENTRY |  | SOFTWARE PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION/BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT DETECTION EXIT (6) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ADDRESS | DATA | ADDRESS | DATA |
| 1 Write | 5555 | AA | 5555H | AAH |
| 2 Write | 2AAA | 55 | 2AAAH | 55H |
| 3 Write | 5555 | 90 | 5555H | FOH |
|  | Pause $10 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ |  | Pause $10 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ |  |

## Software Product Identification and Boot Block Lockout Detection Acquisition Flow



Notes for software product identification/boot block lockout detection:
(1) Data Format: DQ15-DQ8 (Don't Care), DQ7-DQ0 (Hex); Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)
(2) $\mathrm{A} 1-\mathrm{A} 15=\mathrm{VIL}$; manufacture code is read for $\mathrm{A} 0=\mathrm{VIL}$; device code is read for $\mathrm{A} 0=\mathrm{VIH}$.
(3) The device does not remain in identification and boot block lockout detection mode if power down.
(4) If the output data is "FF Hex," the boot block programming lockout feature is activated; if the output data "FE Hex," the lockout feature is inactivated and the block can be programmed.
(5) The device returns to standard operation mode.
(6) Optional 1-write cycle (write FO hex at XXXX address) can be used to exit the product identification/boot block lockout detection.

Command Codes for Boot Block Lockout Enable

| BYTE SEQUENCE | BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT FEATURE SET |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ADDRESS | DATA |
| 1 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 2 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 3 Write | 5555 H | 80 H |
| 4 Write | 5555 H | AAH |
| 5 Write | 2 AAAH | 55 H |
| 6 Write | 5555 H | 40 H |
| Pause 1 Sec. |  |  |

## Boot Block Lockout Enable Acquisition Flow

Boot Block Lockout Feature Set Flow


Notes for boot block lockout enable:
Data Format: DQ15-DQ8 Don't Care), DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)
Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex)

DC CHARACTERISTICS
Absolute Maximum Ratings

| PARAMETER | RATING | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Power Supply Voltage to Vss Potential | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| Operating Temperature | 0 to +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| D.C. Voltage on Any Pin to Ground Potential except $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | -0.5 to VDD +1.0 | V |
| Transient Voltage (<20 nS ) on Any Pin to Ground Potential | -1.0 to VDD +1.0 | V |
| Voltage on $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ Pin to Ground Potential | -0.5 to 12.5 | V |

Note: Exposure to conditions beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may adversely affect the life and reliability of the device.

## DC Operating Characteristics

(VDD $=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, Vss $=0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{TA}=0$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| PARAMETER | SYM. | TEST CONDITIONS |  | LIMITS |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |  |
| Power Supply Current | ICC | $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}=\overline{\mathrm{OE}}=\mathrm{V} \mathrm{V}, \overline{\mathrm{WE}}=\mathrm{VIH}$, all I/Os open Address inputs = $\mathrm{VIL} / \mathrm{VIH}$, at $\mathrm{f}=5 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,55, \\ & 70 \mathrm{nS} \end{aligned}$ | - | 25 | 50 | mA |
|  |  |  | 45 nS | - | 25 | 70 | mA |
| Standby VDD <br> Current (TTL input) | ISB1 | $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}=\mathrm{VIH}$, all I/Os open <br> Other inputs = VIL/VIH |  | - | 2 | 3 | mA |
| Standby VDD Current (CMOS input) | IsB2 | $\mathrm{CE}=\mathrm{VDD}-0.3 \mathrm{~V}$, all I/Os open Other inputs $=$ VDD $-0.3 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{GND}$ |  | - | 20 | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Leakage Current | ILI | VIN = GND to VDD |  | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Output Leakage Current | ILO | VoUT = GND to VDD |  | - | - | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Input Low Voltage | VIL | - | , 55, 70 nS | -0.3 | - | 0.8 | V |
|  |  |  | nS | -0.3 | - | 0.6 | V |
| Input High Voltage | VIH | - |  | 2.0 | - | $\begin{array}{r} \text { VDD } \\ +0.5 \end{array}$ | V |
| Output Low Voltage | Vol | $\mathrm{IOL}=2.1 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | - | - | 0.45 | V |
| Output High Voltage | VOH | $\mathrm{IOH}=-0.4 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.4 | - | - | V |

Power-up Timing

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TYPICAL | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power-up to Read Operation | TPU. READ | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{~S}$ |
| Power-up to Write Operation | TPU. WRITE | 5 | mS |

CAPACITANCE
(VDD $=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{TA}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ )

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I/O Pin Capacitance | $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{O}$ | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{O}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 12 | pf |
| Input Capacitance | $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{N}$ | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{V}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6 | pf |

## AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC Test Conditions

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input Pulse Levels | 0 V to 3.0 V |
| Input Rise/Fall Time | $<5 \mathrm{nS}$ |
| Input/Output Timing Level | $1.5 \mathrm{~V} / 1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Output Load | 1 TTL Gate and $\mathrm{CL}=30 \mathrm{pF}$ |

AC Test Load and Waveform


AC Characteristics, continued

## Read Cycle Timing Parameters

( $\mathrm{VdD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{TA}=0$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| PARAMETER | SYM. | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { W29F102- } \\ 45 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { W29F102- } \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ |  | W29F102- <br> 55 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { W29F102- } \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |  |
| Read Cycle Time | Trc | 45 | - | 50 | - | 55 | - | 70 | - | nS |
| Chip Enable Access Time | Tce | - | 45 | - | 50 | - | 55 | - | 70 | nS |
| Address Access Time | TAA | - | 45 | - | 50 | - | 55 | - | 70 | nS |
| Output Enable Access Time | Toe | - | 25 | - | 25 | - | 30 | - | 35 | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ Low to Active Output | Tclz | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ Low to Active Output | Tolz | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ High to High-Z Output | Tchz | - | 20 | - | 20 | - | 25 |  | 25 | nS |
| $\overline{\text { OE High to High-Z Output }}$ | ToHz | - | 20 | - | 20 | - | 25 | - | 25 | nS |
| Output Hold from Address Change | Тон | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | - | nS |

Write Cycle Timing Parameters

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address Setup Time | TAS | 0 | - | - | nS |
| Address Hold Time | TAH | 50 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\text { WE }}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ Setup Time | TCS | 0 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\text { WE }}$ and $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ Hold Time | TCH | 0 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ High Setup Time | TOES | 0 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\text { OE High Hold Time }}$ | TOEH | 0 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ Pulse Width | TCP | 70 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\text { WE Pulse Width }}$ | TWP | 70 | - | - | nS |
| $\overline{\text { WE High Width }}$ | TWPH | 70 | - | - | nS |
| Data Setup Time | TDS | 50 | - | - | nS |
| Data Hold Time | TDH | 0 | - | - | nS |
| Word Programming Time | TBP | - | 10 | 50 | $\mu S$ |
| Erase Cycle Time | TEC | - | 0.1 | 1 | Sec. |

Note: All AC timing signals observe the following guidelines for determining setup and hold times:
(a) High level signal's reference level is $\mathrm{VIH}^{\prime}$ and (b) low level signal's reference level is VIL.

AC Characteristics, continued
Data Polling and Toggle Bit Timing Parameters

| PARAMETER | SYM. | $\begin{gathered} \text { W29F102- } \end{gathered}$ |  | W29F10250 |  | W29F10255 |  | W29F10270 |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |  |
| OE to Data Polling Output Delay | Toep | - | 25 | - | 25 | - | 30 | - | 35 | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ to Data Polling Output Delay | TCEP | - | 45 | - | 50 | - | 55 | - | 70 | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ to Toggle Bit Output Delay | Toet | - | 25 | - | 25 | - | 30 | - | 35 | nS |
| $\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ to Toggle Bit Output Delay | TCET | - | 45 | - | 50 | - | 55 | - | 70 | nS |

## TIMING WAVEFORMS

Read Cycle Timing Diagram


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Timing Waveforms, continued
WE Controlled Command Write Cycle Timing Diagram

$\overline{\mathrm{CE}}$ Controlled Command Write Cycle Timing Diagram


Timing Waveforms, continued

## Program Cycle Timing Diagram



## $\overline{\text { DATA }}$ Polling Timing Diagram



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Timing Waveforms, continued

## Toggle Bit Timing Diagram



Boot Block Lockout Enable Timing Diagram


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Timing Waveforms, continued

## Chip Erase Timing Diagram



Main Memory Erase Timing Diagram


ORDERING INFORMATION

| PART NO. | ACCESS TIME (nS) | POWER SUPPLY CURRENT MAX. (mA) | STANDBY <br> VdD CURRENT MAX. <br> ( $\mu \mathrm{A}$ ) | PACKAGE | CYCLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W29F102Q-45 | 45 | 70 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 1K |
| W29F102Q-50 | 50 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 1K |
| W29F102Q-55 | 55 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 1K |
| W29F102Q-70 | 70 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 1K |
| W29F102P-45 | 45 | 70 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 1K |
| W29F102P-50 | 50 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 1K |
| W29F102P-55 | 55 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 1K |
| W29F102P-70 | 70 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 1K |
| W29F102Q-45B | 45 | 70 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 10K |
| W29F102Q-50B | 50 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 10K |
| W29F102Q-55B | 55 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP ( $10 \mathrm{~mm} \times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 10K |
| W29F102Q-70B | 70 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 40-pin TSOP (10 mm $\times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | 10K |
| W29F102P-45B | 45 | 70 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 10K |
| W29F102P-50B | 50 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 10K |
| W29F102P-55B | 55 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 10K |
| W29F102P-70B | 70 | 50 | 100 (CMOS) | 44-pin PLCC | 10K |

Notes:

1. Winbond reserves the right to make changes to its products without prior notice.
2. Purchasers are responsible for performing appropriate quality assurance testing on products intended for use in applications where personal injury might occur as a consequence of product failure.

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## 44-pin PLCC



| Symbol | Dimension in Inches |  |  |  | Dimension in mm |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min. | Nom. | Max. | Min. | Nom. | Max. |  |
| A | - | - | 0.185 | - | - | 4.70 |  |
| $\mathrm{~A}_{1}$ | 0.020 | - | - | 0.51 | - | - |  |
| $\mathrm{A}_{2}$ | 0.145 | 0.150 | 0.155 | 3.68 | 3.81 | 3.94 |  |
| $\mathrm{~b}_{1}$ | 0.026 | 0.028 | 0.032 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 0.81 |  |
| b | 0.016 | 0.018 | 0.022 | 0.41 | 0.46 | 0.56 |  |
| c | 0.008 | 0.010 | 0.014 | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.36 |  |
| D | 0.648 | 0.653 | 0.658 | 16.46 | 16.59 | 16.71 |  |
| E | 0.648 | 0.653 | 0.658 | 16.46 | 16.59 | 16.71 |  |
| e | 0.050 | BSC | 1.27 |  |  | BSC |  |
| $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 0.590 | 0.610 | 0.630 | 14.99 | 15.49 | 16.00 |  |
| $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | 0.590 | 0.610 | 0.630 | 14.99 | 15.49 | 16.00 |  |
| $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | 0.680 | 0.690 | 0.700 | 17.27 | 17.53 | 17.78 |  |
| $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{E}}$ | 0.680 | 0.690 | 0.700 | 17.27 | 17.53 | 17.78 |  |
| L | 0.090 | 0.100 | 0.110 | 2.29 | 2.54 | 2.79 |  |
| y | - | - | 0.004 | - | - | 0.10 |  |

Notes:

1. Dimension D \& E do not include interlead flash.
2. Dimension b1 does not include dambar protrusion/intrusion.
3. Controlling dimension: Inches
4. General appearance spec. should be based on final visual inspection spec

## 40-pin TSOP ( $10 \mathrm{~mm} \times 14 \mathrm{~mm}$ )



Controlling dimension: Millimeters

VERSION HISTORY

| VERSION | DATE | PAGE | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | Feb. 1998 |  | Initial Issued |
| A2 | Apr. 1998 | 1, 13, 14, 19 | Add 35 nS item and delete 50 nS item |
|  |  | $6,7,8,9,10$ | Change address format from A15 to A14 |
|  |  | 6, 7, 8, 9 | Add the pause time |
|  |  | 18 | Correct the address from 2000 to 5555 |
| A3 | Mar. 1999 | 1,13,14, 19 | Add 50/70 nS bining Delete 35 nS bining |
| A4 | Jun. 1999 | 11, 19 | Change Icc 50 mA to 70 mA (only for 45 nS ) Change VIL 0.8 V to 0.6 V (only for 45 nS ) |
|  |  | 5 | $\mathrm{VHH}=12 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  |  | 11, 13 | $\mathrm{VDD}=5.0 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ |

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Note: All data and specifications are subject to change without notice.

