# DS600 ±0.5 Accurate Analog-Output Temperature Sensor

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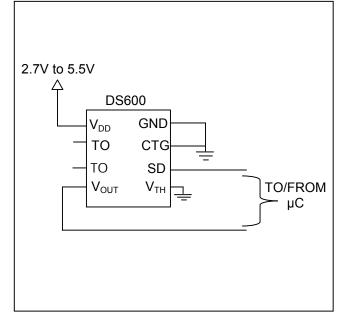
### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The DS600 is a  $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C accurate analog-output temperature sensor. This accuracy is valid over its entire operating voltage range of 2.7V to 5.5V and the wide temperature range of -20°C to +100°C. The DS600 can also act as a thermostat, with user-programmable trip points. A shutdown mode enables the DS600 to be placed in a low-power standby state. The DS600 is available in an 8-pin  $\mu$ SOP package.

### **APPLICATIONS**

Cold-Junction Thermocouple Compensation Portable Medical Equipment Thermally Sensitive Systems that Require a High-Accuracy Analog-Output Temperature Sensor

## **TYPICAL OPERATING CIRCUIT**



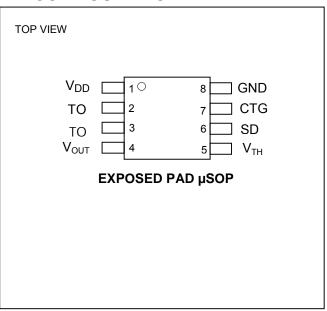
### FEATURES

- ±0.5°C Accuracy (-20°C to +100°C)
- ±0.75°C Accuracy Over Entire Temperature Range of(-40°C to +125°C
- Requires No External Components
- 6.45mV/°C Output Gain with 509mV Offset at 0°C
- 2.7V to 5.5V Supply Voltage Range
- User-Programmable Thermostat Function
- Shutdown Function Puts Device into a Low-Power Standby Mode
- Exposed Pad 8-Pin µSOP Package for Quick Thermal Response

### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE		
DS600U	-40°C to +125°C	8 µSOP		
DS600U/T&R	-40°C to +125°C	8 µSOP Tape-and-Reel		

## **PIN CONFIGURATION**



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**Note:** Some revisions of this device may incorporate deviations from published specifications known as errata. Multiple revisions of any device may be simultaneously available through various sales channels. For information about device errata, click here: <u>www.maxim-ic.com/errata</u>.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Voltage Range on Any Pin (except CTG) Relative to Ground Voltage Range on CTG Relative to Ground Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Soldering Temperature (10s) Reflow Oven Temperature -0.5V to +6.0V -0.5 to +0.5V -40°C to +125°C -55°C to +125°C +260°C (See IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020A) +220°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

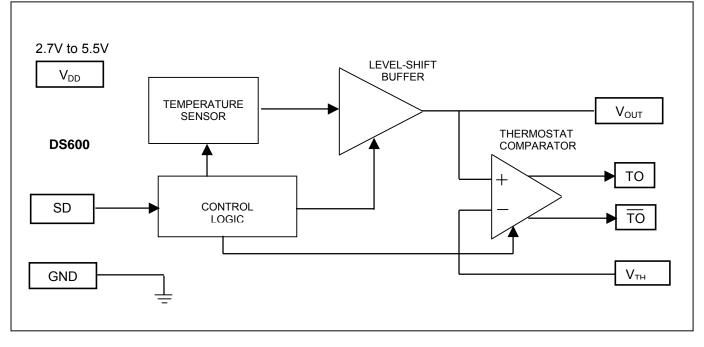
 $(V_{CC} = 2.7V \text{ to } 5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNITS
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		2.7		5.5	V
Thermometer Error	$T_{ERR}$	-20°C to +100°C -40°C to +125°C			±0.5 ±0.75	°C
Output Gain	$\Delta V / \Delta T$			6.45		mV/°C
V <sub>OUT</sub> DC Offset	V <sub>os</sub>	0°C		509		mV
Low-Level Input Voltage (SD)	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.5		$0.3 \text{ x V}_{\text{DD}}$	V
High-Level Input Voltage (SD)	V <sub>IH</sub>		$0.7 \text{ x V}_{\text{DD}}$		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
SD Input Capacitance	$C_{SD}$			5		рF
VTH Input Capacitance	$C_{\text{VTH}}$			5		рF
Low-Level Output Voltage (TO, TO)	V <sub>OL</sub>	4mA sink current	0		0.4	V
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>				140	μA
Shutdown Current	I <sub>SD</sub>				2.5	μA
Input Current (V <sub>TH</sub> )	I <sub>TH</sub>			0.01	1	μA
Input Resistance (V <sub>TH</sub> )	R <sub>TH</sub>		5			MΩ
Leakage Current (SD)	ΙL			0.01	1	μA
External Load Capacitance on $V_{OUT}$	C <sub>EL</sub>				50	pF
V <sub>OUT</sub> Source Current	I <sub>oso</sub>		10			μA
V <sub>OUT</sub> Sink Current	I <sub>OSI</sub>		10			μA
Output Impedance (V <sub>OUT</sub> )	R <sub>OUT</sub>				100	Ω
Power-Up Time	t <sub>POWERUP</sub>				10	ms
Nonlinearity					±0.2	°C
Comparator Offset					±3	mV
Comparator Response Time	t <sub>COMP</sub>				20	ms

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION				
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage. 2.7V to 5.5V				
2	то	Active-High Thermostat Output. Open-drain output transitions from low to high when the output voltage exceeds V <sub>TH</sub> . In shutdown mode, (SD = 1), TO is low.				
3	ТО	Active-Low Thermostat Output. Open-drain output transitions from high to low when the output voltage exceeds V <sub>TH</sub> . In shutdown mode, (SD = 1), TO is high.				
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	<b>Temperature Output.</b> Outputs a voltage that is proportional to the die temperature in degrees centigrade. In shutdown mode, this pin goes high-Z.				
5	V <sub>TH</sub>	<b>Thermostat Trip Voltage.</b> User-selectable voltage that sets the thermostat trip-point temperature TO and TO are asserted when $V_{OUT}$ crosses this voltage. (No on-chip hysteresis is present).				
6	SD	<b>Shutdown.</b> Power consumption and thermal sensor function are controlled through SD. This pin functions as an active-high input pin. Driving this pin high puts the device in a low-power state and discontinues thermal sensing.				
7	CTG	Must be connected to GND.				
8	GND	Ground.				

#### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

### Figure 1. Block Diagram

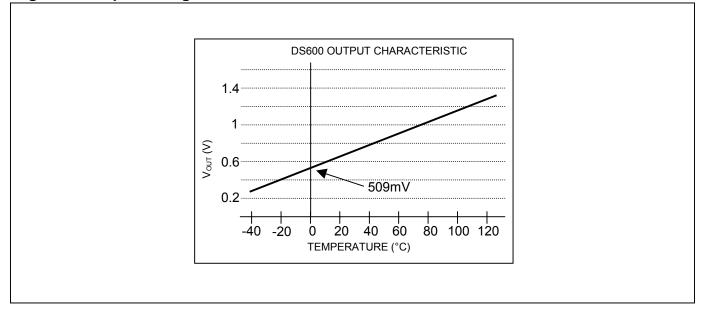


### **TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT**

The DS600 analog temperature sensor measures it own temperature and provides these measurements to the user in the form of an output voltage,  $V_{OUT}$ , that is proportional to degrees centigrade. The output voltage characteristic is factory-calibrated for a typical output gain ( $\Delta V/\Delta T$ ) of +6.45mV/°C and a DC offset ( $V_{OS}$ ) of 509mV. Its operating temperature range is -40°C to +125°C, corresponding to an output voltage range of 251mV to 1315mV. ( $V_{OUT}$  = Device Temperature (°C) x  $\Delta V/\Delta T$  +  $V_{OS}$ ). The DS600 has ±0.5°C accuracy over a -20°C to +100°C temperature range and over the full 2.7V to 5.5V voltage range. Because the output voltage is positive for the entire temperature range, there is no need for a negative supply.

Figure 2 shows the output voltage characteristic for the DS600.

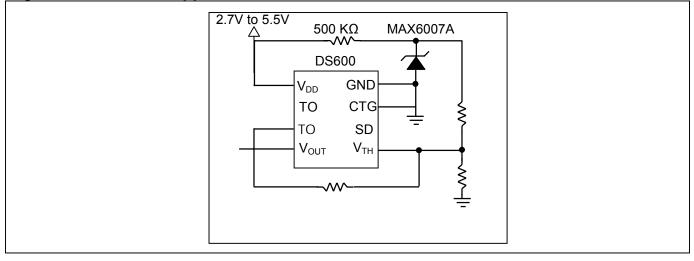
Figure 2. Output Voltage Characteristic



### THERMOSTAT OPERATION

The DS600 can also be used as a thermostat with either an active-high (TO) or active-low (TO) output. To function as a thermostat, a precise voltage reference equal to the desired threshold must be applied to the  $V_{TH}$  pin. When the temperature with the equivalent voltage value is reached (voltage on  $V_{OUT}$  = voltage on  $V_{TH}$ ), thermostat outputs TO and TO become active. Figure 3 shows an example thermostat application circuit.

**Figure 3. Thermostat Application Circuit** 



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