

DATA SHEET

AA226-87, AA226-87LF: GaAs IC 4-Bit Digital Attenuator, 1 dB LSB LF-2.5 GHz

Features

- Attenuation 1 dB steps to 15 dB with high accuracy
- Single positive control (3 to 5 V) for each bit
- Low DC power consumption
- Small low-cost TSSOP-16 plastic package
- Available lead (Pb)-free and RoHS-compliant MSL-1 @ 260 °C per JEDEC J-STD-020

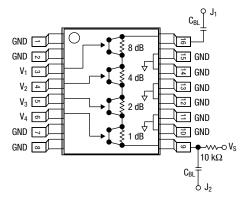
Description

The AA226-87 is a 4-bit, single positive control GaAs IC FET digital attenuator. It requires DC blocking capacitors, positive supply voltage (V_S) and four individual positive bit control voltages (V_1 – V_4). The AA226-87 is particularly suited where high attenuation accuracy, low insertion loss and low intermodulation products are required. Typical applications include base station, wireless data and wireless local loop gain control circuits.



Skyworks offers lead (Pb)-free, RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances)-compliant packaging.

Pin Out



DC blocking capacitors (C_{BL}) and biasing resistor must be supplied externally for positive voltage operation.

C_{BL} = 47 pF for operation >500 MHz.

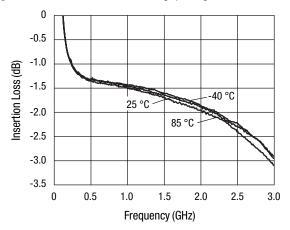
Electrical Specifications at -40 °C to +85 °C (0, 5 V)

| Parameter ⁽¹⁾ | Condition | Frequency | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|----------------------------|---------|-------|------|
| Insertion loss | | 0.5-1.0 GHz | | 1.3 | 1.7 | dB |
| | | 1.0-2.0 GHz | | 1.7 | 2.2 | dB |
| | | 2.0-2.5 GHz | | 2.3 | 2.6 | dB |
| Attenuation range | | | | 15 | | dB |
| Attenuation accuracy ⁽²⁾ | | 0.5-1.0 GHz | ± (0.2 + 3% of | | | |
| | | | Attenuation Setting in dB) | | dB | |
| | | 1.0-2.5 GHz | ± (0.3 | + 4% of | | |
| | | | Attenuation Setting in dB) | | dB | |
| VSWR (I/O) ⁽³⁾ | | 0.5–2.5 GHz | | 1.5:1 | 2.0:1 | |
| Switching characteristics | | | | | | |
| Rise, fall | 10/90% or 90/10% RF | | | 150 | | ns |
| On, off | 50% CTL to 90/10% RF | | | 300 | | ns |
| Video feedthru | $T_{RISE} = 1 \text{ ns, BW} = 500 \text{ MHz}$ | | | 70 | | mV |
| Input power for 1 dB compression | V _S = 3 V | 0.5–2.5 GHz | 20 | 25 | | dBm |
| | $V_S = 5 V$ | 0.5–2.5 GHz | 24 | 30 | | dBm |
| Intermodulation intercept point (IP3) | For two-tone input power 5 dBm | | | | | |
| | $V_S = 3 V$ | 0.5-2.5 GHz | 43 | 49 | | dBm |
| | $V_S = 5 V$ | 0.5–2.5 GHz | 44 | 50 | | dBm |
| Control voltages | $V_{LOW} = 0$ to 0.2 V @ 20 μ A max. | | • | • | | • |
| | V _{HIGH} = 3 V @ 100 μA max. to 5 V @ 200 μA max. | | | | | |
| | $V_S = V_{HIGH} \pm 0.2 V$ | | | | | |

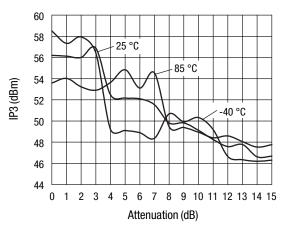
^{1.} All measurements made in a 50 Ω system, unless otherwise specified. 2. Attenuation referenced to insertion loss.

^{3.} Input/output.

Typical Performance Data (0, 5 V)



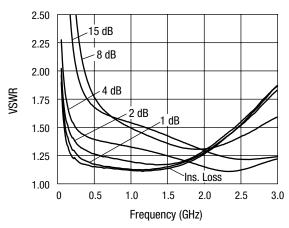
Insertion Loss vs. Frequency



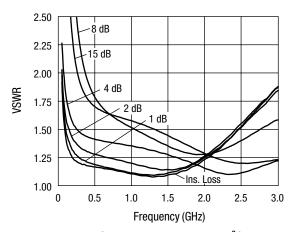
IP3 vs. Attenuation and Temperature (500 MHz)

Compression Point vs. Attenuation, Voltage, and Temperature

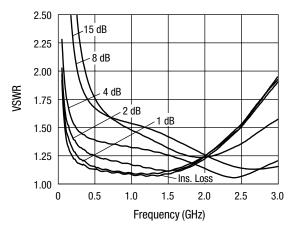
| Attenuation | Control | Input Power @ 1 dB Compression | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--|--|
| State | Voltage (V) | 25 °C (dBm) | 85 °C (dBm) | -40 °C (dBm) | | |
| Ins. loss | 5 | 31.6 | 31 | 30.8 | | |
| 1 dB | 5 | 31.9 | 31.5 | 31.2 | | |
| 2 dB | 5 | 31.4 | 31.1 | 30.9 | | |
| 4 dB | 5 | 32.7 | 31.5 | 34.8 | | |
| 8 dB | 5 | 33 | 32.8 | 33.5 | | |
| 15 dB | 5 | 30.7 | 28.5 | 31.7 | | |



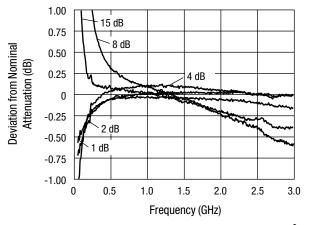
VSWR vs. Frequency (25 °C)



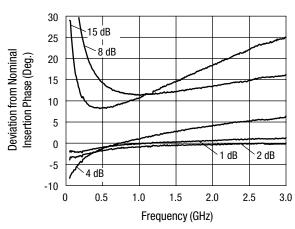
VSWR vs. Frequency (85°C)



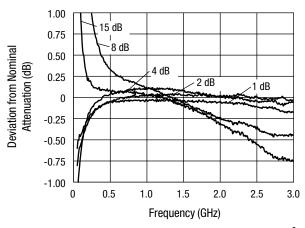
VSWR vs. Frequency (-40 °C)



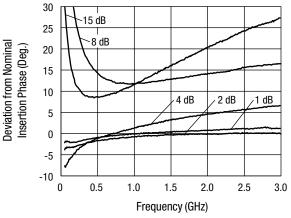
Attenuation Accuracy vs. Frequency (25 °C)



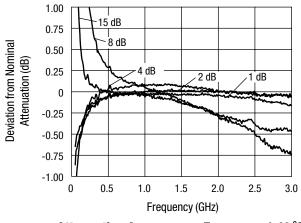
Attenuation Phase Accuracy vs. Frequency (25°C)



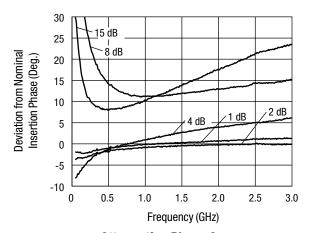
Attenuation Accuracy vs. Frequency (85 °C)



Attenuation Phase Accuracy vs. Frequency (85 °C)

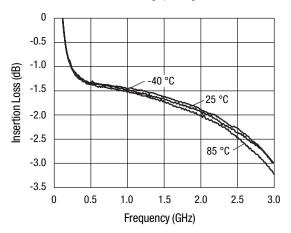


Attenuation Accuracy vs. Frequency (-40 °C)

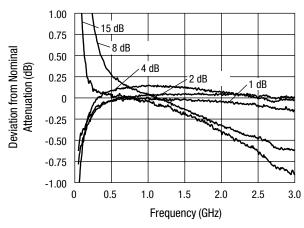


Attenuation Phase Accuracy vs. Frequency (-40 °C)

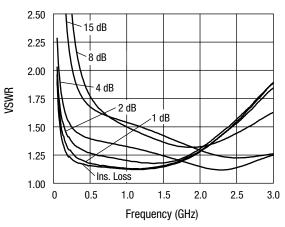
Typical Performance Data (0, 3 V)



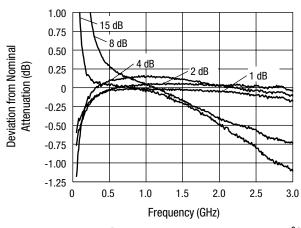
Insertion Loss vs. Frequency



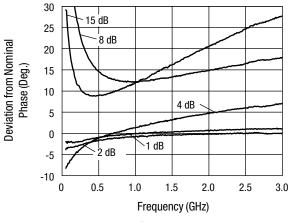
Attenuation Accuracy vs. Frequency (25 °C)



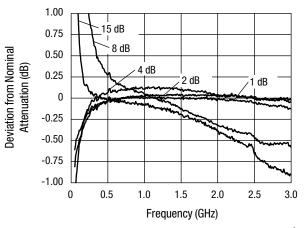
VSWR vs. Frequency (25 °C)



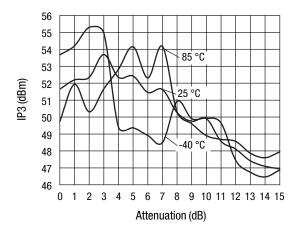
Attenuation Accuracy vs. Frequency (85 °C)



Attenuation Phase Accuracy vs. Frequency (25°C)



Attenuation Accuracy vs. Frequency (-40 °C)



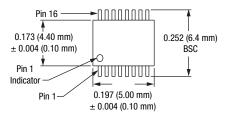
IP3 vs. Attenuation and Temperature (500 MHz)

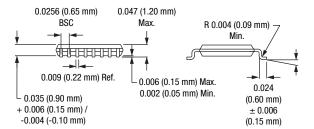
Truth Table

| V ₁ | V ₂ | V ₃ | V ₄ | Attenuation |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| 8 dB | 4 dB | 2 dB | 1 dB | J ₁ -J ₂ |
| V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | Reference I.L. |
| V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | 0 | 1 dB |
| V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | 0 | V _{HIGH} | 2 dB |
| V _{HIGH} | 0 | V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | 4 dB |
| 0 | V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | V _{HIGH} | 8 dB |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 dB max. atten. |

 $V_{HIGH} = 3$ to 5 V ($V_S = V_{HIGH} \pm 0.2$ V).

TSSOP-16





Compression Point vs. Attenuation, Voltage, and Temperature

| Attenuation | Control | Input Power @ 1 dB Compression | | | |
|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| State | Voltage (V) | 25 °C (dBm) | 85 °C (dBm) | -40 °C (dBm) | |
| Ins. loss | 3 | 24.5 | 24.1 | 24.6 | |
| 1 dB | 3 | 25.2 | 24.8 | 25.2 | |
| 2 dB | 3 | 25 | 24.3 | 24.9 | |
| 4 dB | 3 | 31.2 | 30.4 | 32.8 | |
| 8 dB | 3 | 28.3 | 26.3 | 29.2 | |
| 15 dB | 3 | 26.6 | 24.8 | 27.5 | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Characteristic | Value | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| RF input power | 1 W > 500 MHz 0/8 V 0.5 W @ 50 MHz 0/8 V | | |
| Supply voltage | 8 V | | |
| Control voltage | -0.2 V, +8 V | | |
| Operating temperature | -40 °C to +85 °C | | |
| Storage temperature | -65 °C to +150 °C | | |

Performance is guaranteed only under the conditions listed in the specifications table and is not guaranteed under the full range(s) described by the Absolute Maximum specifications. Exceeding any of the absolute maximum/minimum specifications may result in permanent damage to the device and will void the warranty.

CAUTION: Although this device is designed to be as robust as possible, ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) can damage this device. This device must be protected at all times from ESD. Static charges may easily produce potentials of several kilovolts on the human body or equipment, which can discharge without detection. Industry-standard ESD precautions must be employed at all times.

Recommended Solder Reflow Profiles

Refer to the "<u>Recommended Solder Reflow Profile</u>" Application Note.

Tape and Reel Information

Refer to the "Discrete Devices and IC Switch/Attenuators Tape and Reel Package Orientation" Application Note.

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