

FAN8038B(KA3038)

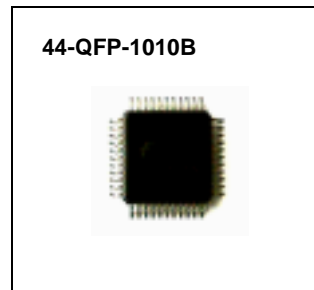
4-Channel Motor Drive IC

Features

- 4-CH H-Bridge Driver
- Built-in DC/DC Converter Controller Circuit
- Built-in Reset Circuit
- Built-in Battery Charging Circuit
- Built-in Voltage Drop Detector
- Built-in Thermal Shutdown Circuit
- Built-in General OP-AMP
- Low Power Consumption
- Built-in Power Controller Circuit

Description

FAN8038B is monolithic IC for portable CD player.



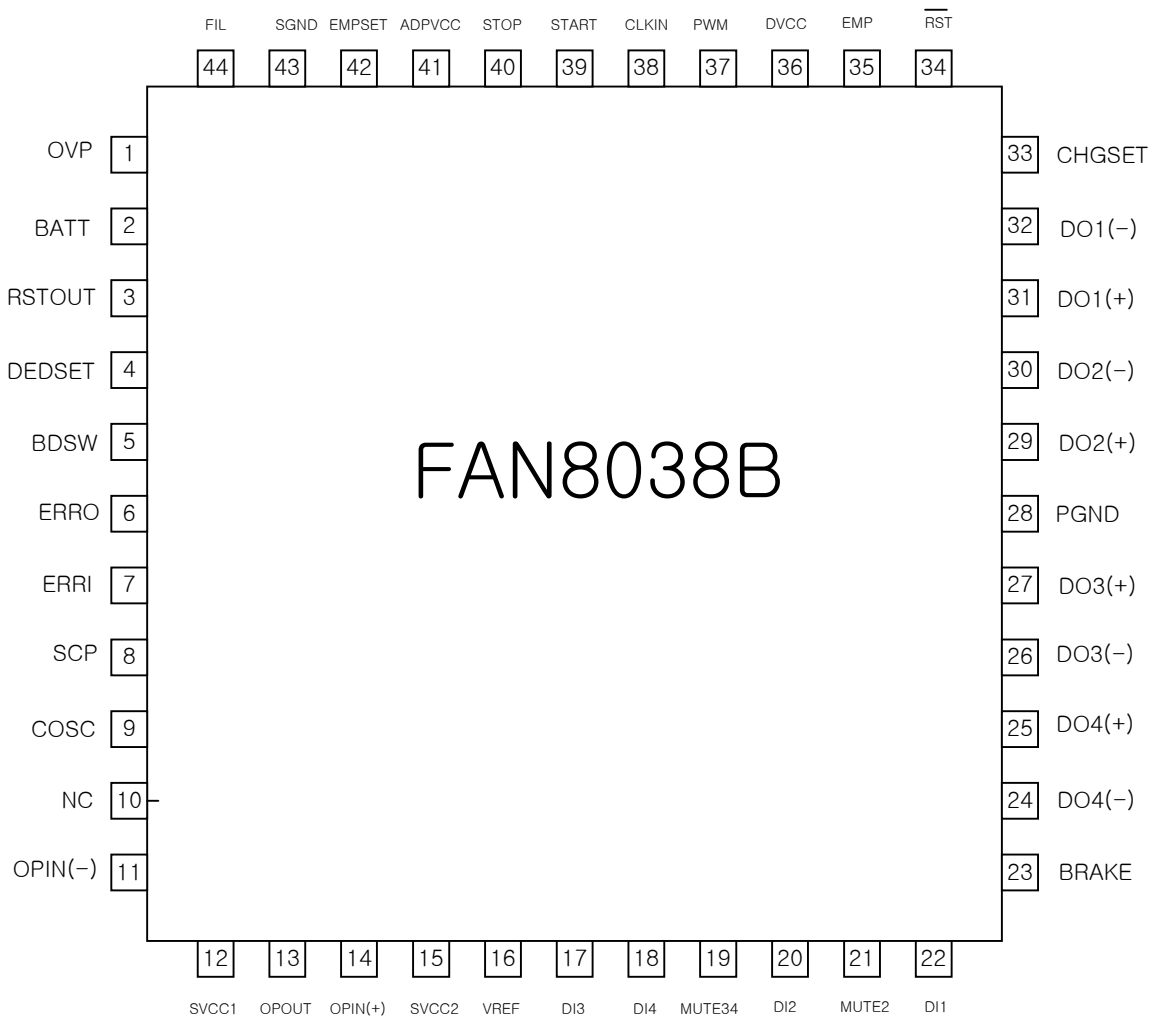
Typical application

- Portable Compact Disk Player (CDP)
- Portable Mini Disk Player (MD)
- Disc-Man
- Other Potable Compact Disk Media

Ordering Information

Device	Package	Operating Temp.
FAN8038B	44-QFP-1010B	-35°C ~ +85°C

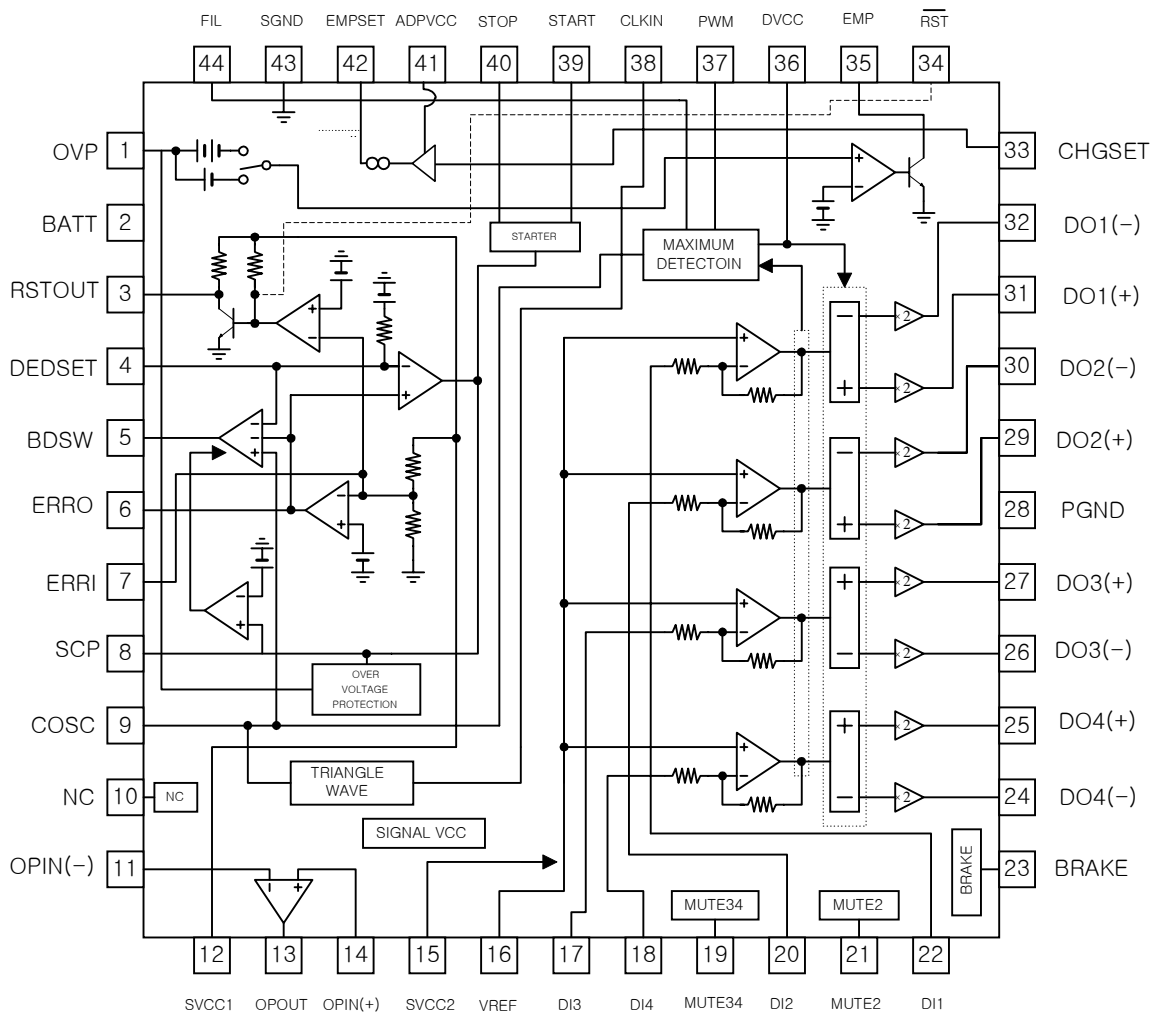
Pin Assignments



Pin Definitions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function Description
1	OVP	Battery Power Supply Mode
2	BATT	Battery Power Supply
3	RSTOUT	RSTOUT Detection Output
4	DEDSET	DEDSET Time Setting
5	BDSW	Booster Transistor Drive
6	ERRO	Error Amp Output
7	ERRI	Error Amp Input
8	SCP	Short Circuit Protection Setting
9	COSC	Triangular Wave Output
10	N.C	No Connection
11	OPIN(-)	OP-AMP Negative Input
12	SVCC1	Control Circuit Power Supply
13	OPOUT	OP-AMP Output
14	OPIN(+)	OP-AMP Positive Input
15	SVCC2	Pre-Drive Power Supply
16	VREF	Reference Voltage
17	DI3	CH3 Control Signal Input
18	DI4	CH4 Control Signal Input
19	MUTE34	CH3, 4 Mute
20	DI2	CH2 Control Signal Input
21	MUTE2	CH2 Mute
22	DI1	CH1 Control Signal Input
23	BRAKE	CH1 Brake
24	DO4(-)	CH4 Negative Output
25	DO4(+)	CH4 Positive Output
26	DO3(-)	CH3 Negative Output
27	DO3(+)	CH3 Positive Output
28	PGND	Power Unit Power Ground
29	DO2(+)	CH2 Positive Output
30	DO2(-)	CH2 Negative Output
31	DO1(+)	CH1 Positive Output
32	DO1(-)	CH1 Negative Output
33	CHGSET	Charge Current Setting
34	RST	RSTOUT Inverting Output
35	EMP	Empty Detection Output
36	DVCC	H-Bridge Power Supply
37	PWM	PWM Transistor Drive
38	CLKIN	External Clock Input
39	START	Boost DC/DC Converter Starting
40	STOP	Boost DC/DC Converter Off
41	ADPVCC	Charging Circuit Power Supply
42	EMPSET	Empty Dection Level Converting
43	SGND	Signal Ground
44	FIL	PWM Phase Compensation

Internal Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	VCC	13.2	V
Maximum Output Current	IO	500	mA
Power Dissipation	PD	1.0	W
Operating Temperature	TOPR	-35 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-55 ~ +150	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Charging Circuit Power Supply Voltage	ADPVCC	3.0	4.5	8.0	V
Power Supply Voltage	BATT	1.5	2.4	8.0	V
Control Circuit Power Supply Voltage	SVCC	2.7	3.2	5.5	V
PRE-Driver VCC	SVCC2	2.7	3.2	5.5	V
Output Voltage	VM	-	PWM	BATT	V
Operating Temperature	Ta	-10	25	70	°C

Electrical characteristics

(Ta=25°C, BATT=2.4V, SVCC1=SVCC2=3.2V, VREF=1.6V, ADPVCC=0V, fCLKIN=88.2kHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
COMMON SECTION						
BATT Stand-by Current	IST	BATT=10.5V,SVCC1, 2=VREF=0V	-	-	5	μA
BATT Supply Current (No Load)	IBATT	DVCC=0.45V, MUTE34=3.2V	-	2.5	3.5	mA
SVCC Supply Current (No Load)	ISVCC1	DVCC=0.45V, MUTE34=3.2V, ERRI=0V	-	3.0	3.5	mA
SVCC2 Supply Current (No Load)	ISVCC2	DVCC=0.45V, MUTE34=3.2V	-	3.5	5.0	mA
ADPVCC Supply Current (No Load)	IADPVCC	ADPVCC=4.5V, ROUT=OPEN	-	0.2	1.0	mA
H-DRIVE PART						
Voltage Gain CH1, 3, 4 CH2	GVC134 GVC2	-	12 21.5	14 23.5	16 24.5	dB
Gain Error By Polarity	ΔGVC	-	-2	0	2	dB
Input pin Resistance CH1, 3, 4 CH2	RDI134 RDI2	IN=1.7 & 1.8V	9 6	11 7.5	13 9	KΩ
Maximum Output Voltage	VOUT	RL=8Ω, DVCC=BATT=4V, IN=0 ~ 3.2V	1.9	2.1	-	V
Saturation Voltage (Lower)	VSAT1	IO= -300mA, IN=0 & 3.2V	-	240	400	mV
Saturation Voltage (Upper)	VSAT2	IO=300mA, IN=0 & 3.2V	-	240	400	mV
Input offset Voltage	VIO	-	-8	0	8	mV
Output Offset Voltage CH1, 3, 4 CH2	VOO134 VOO2	VREF=IN=1.6V	-70 -130	0 0	70 130	mV
DEAD Zone	VDB	-	-20	0	20	mV
Brake1 On Voltage	VM1ON	DI1=1.8V	2.0	-	-	V
Brake1 Off Voltage	VM1OFF	DI1=1.8V	-	-	0.8	V
MUTE2 On Voltage	VM2ON	DI2=1.8V	2.0	-	-	V
MUTE2 Off Voltage	VM2OFF	DI2=1.8V	-	-	0.8	V
MUTE34 On Voltage	VM34ON	DI3=DI4=1.8V	-	-	0.8	V
MUTE34 Off Voltage	VM34OFF	DI3=DI4=1.8V	2.0	-	-	V
VREF On Voltage	VREFON	INn=1.8V(N=1, 2, 3, 4)	1.2	-	-	V
VREF Off Voltage	VREFOFF	INn=1.8V(N=1, 2, 3, 4)	-	-	0.8	V
BRAKE1 Brake Current	IBRAKE	Brake Current	4	7	10	mA

*Granted Design Value

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
PWM POWER SUPPLY DRIVING						
PWM Sink Current	IPWM	DI1=2.1V	10	13	17	mA
*DVCC Level Shift Voltage	VSHIF	DI1=1.8V, DVCC-OUT1F	0.35	0.45	0.55	V
DVCC Leak Current	IDLK	DVCC=9V, SVCC1,2=BATT=0V	-	0	5	μ A
*PWM Amp Transfer Gain	GPWM	DI1=1.8V, DVCC=1.2V ~ 1.4V	1/60	1/50	1/40	1/k Ω
DC/DC CONVERTER						
ERROR AMP						
SVCC1 Pin Threshold Voltage	VS1TH	-	3.05	3.20	3.35	V
ERRO Pin Output Voltage H	VEOH	ERRI=0.7V, IO = -100 μ A	1.4	1.6	-	V
ERRO Pin Output Voltage L	VEOL	ERRI=1.3V, IO = 100 μ A	-	-	0.3	V
SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION						
SCP Pin Voltage	VSCP	ERRI=1.3V	-	0	0.1	V
SCP Pin Current 1	ISCP1	ERRI=0.7V	6	10	16	μ A
SCP Pin Current 2	ISCP2	ERRI=1.3V, OFF=0V	12	20	32	μ A
SCP Pin Current 3	ISCP3	ERRI=1.3V, BATT=9.5V	12	20	32	μ A
*SCP Pin Impedance	RSCP	-	175	220	265	k Ω
SCP Pin Threshold Voltage	VSCPTH	ERRI=0.7V, COSC=470PF	1.10	1.20	1.30	V
Over Voltage Protection Detect	VOVP	OVP Voltage	9.5	10	10.5	V
TRANSISTOR DRIVING						
BDSW Pin Output Voltage 1H	VSW1H	BATT=COSC=1.5V =SVCC2=0V, 10mA	0.78	0.98	1.13	V
BDSW Pin Output Voltage 2H	VSW2H	COSC=0V, IO = -10mA, ERRI=0.7V SCP=0V	1.0	1.5	-	V
BDSW Pin Output Voltage 2L	VSW2L	CT=2V, IO=1-mA	-	0.3	0.45	V
BDSW Pin Oscillating Reequency1	fSW1	COSC=470pF, =SVCC2=0V	65	80	95	kHz
SW Pin Oscillating Reequency 2	fSW2	COSC=470pF, CLKIN=0V	60	70	82	kHz
BDSW Pin Oscillating Reequency 3	fSW3	COSC=470pF	-	88.2	-	kHz
*BDSW Pin Minimum Pulse Width	TSWMIN	COSC=470pF, ERRO=0.5 \rightarrow 0.7V	0.01	-	0.6	μ s
Pulse Duty Start	DSW1	COSC=470PF, SVSS1,SVCC2=0V	40	50	60	%
MAX. Pulse Duty at Self-Running	DSW2	COSC=470pF, ERRO=0.8V, CLKIN=0V	50	60	70	%
MAX. Pulse Duty at CLKIN Synchronization	DSW3	ERRO=0.8V, COSC=470pF	45	55	65	%

*Granteed Design Value

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
DEAD TIME						
*DESET Pin Impedance	RDESET	-	52	65	78	k Ω
DESET Pin Output Voltage	VDESET	-	0.78	0.88	0.98	V
INTERFACE						
STOP Pin Threshold Voltage	VSTOPH	ERRI=1.3V	2.0	-	-	V
STOP Pin Bias Current	ISTOP	OFF=0V	75	95	115	μ A
START Pin On Threshold Voltage	VSTATH1	SVCC1,SVCC2=0V, COSC=2V	1.3	-	-	V
START Pin Off Threshold Voltage	VSTATH2	SVCC1,SVCC2=0V, COSC=2V	-	-	2.1	V
START Pin Bias Current	ISTART	START=0V	13	16	19	μ A
CLKIN Pin Threshold Voltage H	VCLKINTH H	-	2.0	-	-	V
CLKIN Pin Threshold Voltage L	VCLKINTH L	-	-	-	0.8	V
CLKIN Pin Bias Current	ICLKIN	CLKIN=3.2V	-	-	10	μ A
START CURCUIT						
Starter Switching Voltage	VSSV	SVCC1,SVCC2=0V \rightarrow 3.2V START=0V	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
Starter Switching Hysteresis Width	VSSHS	START=0V	130	200	300	mV
Discharge Release Voltage	VDIS	-	1.63	1.83	2.03	V
RESET CIRCUIT						
*SVCC1 RESET Threshold Voltage Ratio	RRSTOTH	-	85	90	95	%
RESET Detection Hysteresis Width	VRSTHS	-	25	50	100	mV
RSTOUT Pin Output Voltage	VRSTO	IO=1mA, SVCC1,SVCC2=2.8V	-	-	0.5	V
RSTOUT Pin Pull Up Resistance	RRSTO	-	72	90	108	k Ω
RST Pin Output Voltage 1	VRST1	IO= -1mA, SVCC1,SVCC2=2.8V	2.0	-	2.4	V
RST Pin Output Voltage 2	VRST2	IO= -1mA, SVCC1,SVCC2=0V	2.0	-	2.4	V
*RST Pin Pull Up Resistance	RRST	-	77	95	113	k Ω

*Granteed Design Value

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
OP-AMP						
Input Bias Current	IBIAS	IN(+)=1.6V	-	-	300	nA
Input Offset Voltage	VOFOP	IN(+)=1.6V	-5.5	0	5.5	mV
High Level Output Voltage	VOHOP	RL=OPEN	2.8	-	-	V
Low Level Output Voltage	VOLOP	RL=OPEN	-	-	0.2	V
Output Drive Current (Source)	VSOURCE	50Ω GND	-	-6.5	-3.0	mA
Output Drive Current (Sink)	VSINK	50Ω SVCC	0.4	0.7	-	mA
*Open Loop Voltage Gain	GVO	VIN= -75dB, F=1kHz	-	70	-	dB
*Slew Rate	SR	-	-	0.5	-	V/μs
BATTERY CHARGING CURCUIT						
CHGSET Pin Bias Voltage	VCHGSET	ADPVCC=4.5V, CHGSET=1.8kΩ	0.71	0.81	0.91	V
*CHGSET Pin Output Resistance	RCHGSET	ADPVCC=4.5V	0.75	0.95	1.20	kΩ
EMPSET Pin Leak Current 1	IEMPSET	ADPVCC=4.5V, CHGSET=OPEN	-	-	1.0	μA
EMPSET Pin Leak Current 2	IEMPSET	ADPVCC = 0.6V, CHGSET = 1.8kΩ	-	-	1.0	μA
EMPSET Pin Saturation Voltage	VEMPSET	ADPVCC = 4.5V, IO = 300mA, CHGSET = 0Ω	-	0.45	1.0	V
EMPTY DETECTION						
EMP Detection Voltge 1	VEMPT1	VEMPSET = 0V	2.1	2.2	2.3	V
EMP Detection Voltge 2	VEMPT2	IEMPSET = -2μA	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
EMP Detection Hysteresis Voltage 1	VEMHS1	VEMPSET = 0V	25	50	100	mV
EMP Detection Hysteresis Voltage 2	VEMHS2	IEMPSET = -2μA	25	50	100	mV
EMP Pin Output Voltage	VEMP	IO = 1mA, OVP = 1V	-	-	0.5	V
EMP Pin Output Leak Current	IEMPLK	OVP = 2.4V	-	-	1.0	μA
*OVP Pin Input Resistance	ROVP	VEMPSET = 0V	17	23	27	kΩ
OVP Pin Leak Current	IOVPLK	SVCC1 = SVCC2 = 0V, OVP = 4.5V	-	-	1.0	V
EMP_SET Pin Detection Voltage	VEMPSET	VEMPSET = BATT-EMPSET, OVP = 2V	1.5	-	-	V
EMP_SET Pin Detection Current	IEMPSET	EMPSET	-2	-	-	μA

*Granteed Design Value

Application Information

1. Mute Function

- When The BRAKE Pin is low is normal operation (high is CH1 mute on).
- When The Mute2 Pin is low is normal operation (high is CH2 mute on).
- When The Mute34 Pin is high is normal operation (low is CH3,4 mute on).

2. Vref Drop Mute (Figure 1)

- When the Voltage of the mute pin is above 1V, the mute circuit is stopped and the output circuit is.

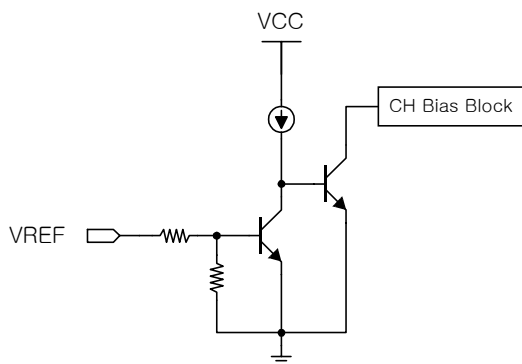


Figure 1. VREF Drop MUTE Circuit

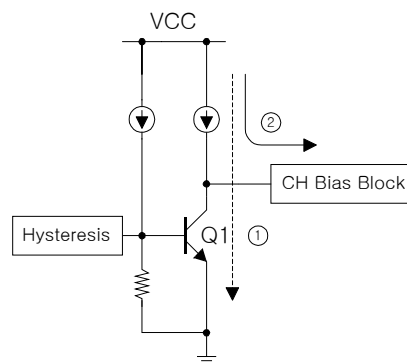


Figure 2. TSD Circuit

3. Thermal Shutdown(Figure 2)

- If the chip temperature rises above 150°C, then the thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit is activated and the output circuit will be mute.

4. H-bridge Driver (4-Channels)

Driver input resistance is 10kΩ of CH1, CH3, CH4 and input resistance of CH2 is 7.5kΩ.

Driver gain can obtain under -mentioned

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CH1, 3, 4:} \quad GV &= 20\log \left| \frac{55K}{11K + R} \right| \\ \text{CH2} \quad GV &= 20\log \left| \frac{110K}{7.5K + R} \right| \end{aligned}$$

R is External resistance.

5. Switching Regulated Power Supply Drive

- This circuit detects a maximum output value of 4CH drivers and then generates PWM Signal.
- External Component is PNP-Tr, Coil, Schottky Diode and Capacitor .

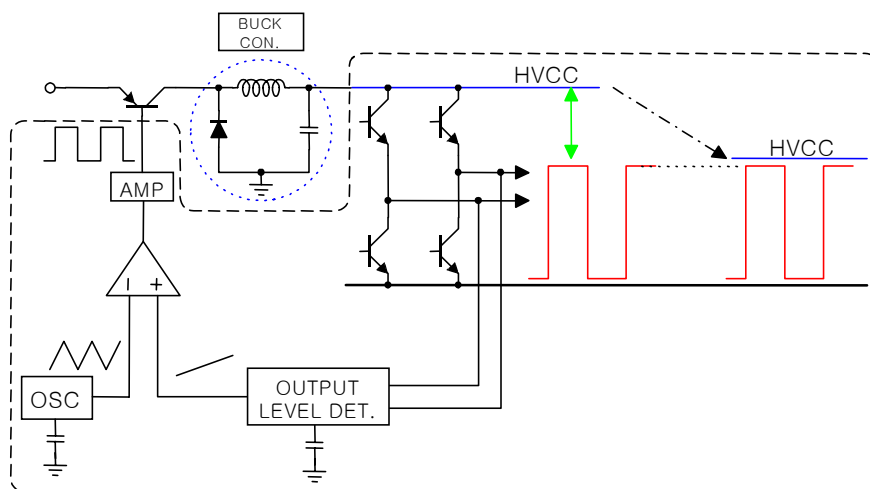


Figure 1. Switching Regulated Power Supply

6. DC/DC Converter Control Circuit

- Booster circuit needs External component. and the voltage() is defined as follows.

$$SVCC1 = 1.267 \times \frac{\frac{R1 \cdot R3}{R1 + R3} + \frac{R2 \cdot R4}{R2 + R4}}{\frac{R2 \cdot R4}{R2 + R4}}$$

R1 = Resistor1
R2 = Resistor2
R3 = 30KΩ
R4 = 30.5KΩ

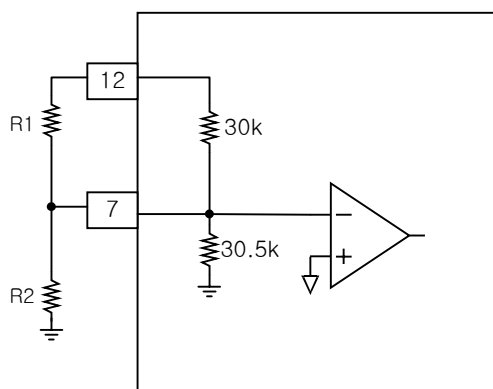


Figure 2. Output Voltage

- Short Circuit Protection function when GND and is short, ERRI become LOW and ERRO HIGH and it makes capacitor charging. fanally AMP3 is OFF.(figure 5)

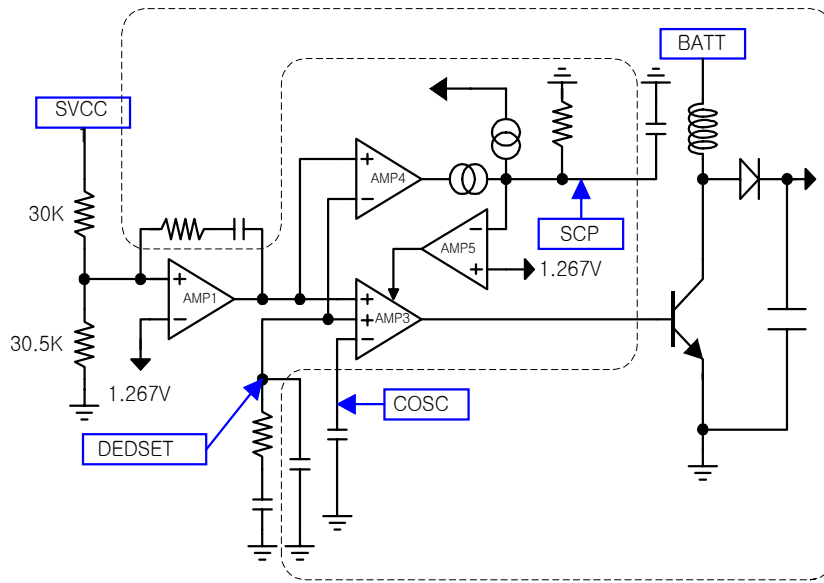


Figure 3. DC/DC Converter Control Circuit

Switching off time depen on a capacitor of the SCP . and the equation is as follow.

$$t = C_{SCP} \times \frac{V_{TH}}{I_{SCP}} \quad (V_{TH} = 1.25V, I_{SPRT} = 10\mu A)$$

- Max Duty can be controlled resistor. the equation is as follow.

$$t = C_{DESET} \times R \quad (R = 65K\Omega)$$

- Capacitor of the SCP terminal can control disable switching time and it can be calculated by as follow equation.

$$t = C_{SCP} \times \frac{V_{TH}}{I_{STOP}} \quad (V_{TH} = 1.25V, I_{OFF} = 20\mu A)$$

- Over Voltage Protection BATT Voltage is over 9.7V charging SCP terminal Capacitor, it reach to V_{TH} SW terminal signal is OFF the equation is as follow

$$t = C_{SCP} \times \frac{V_{TH}}{I_{HV}} \quad (V_{TH} = 1.25V, I_{HV} = 20\mu A)$$

- If Output Voltage of RSTOUT Circuit DC/DC Conver is over than 90%, RSTOUT terminal turn to HIGH and Hysteresis is 50mV. and RSTOUT stste is ON.

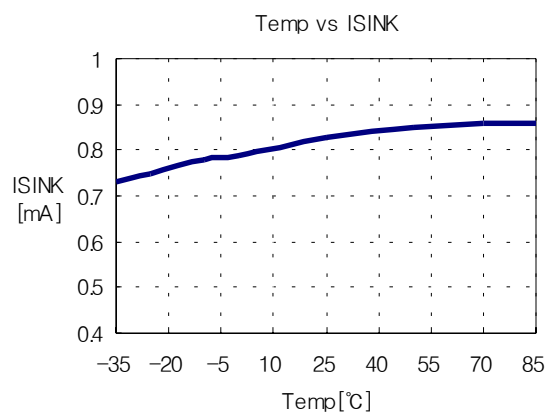
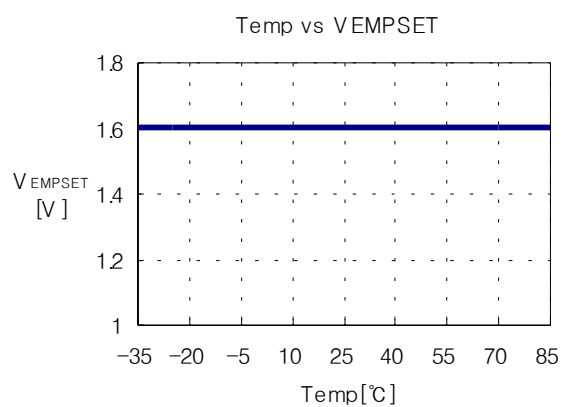
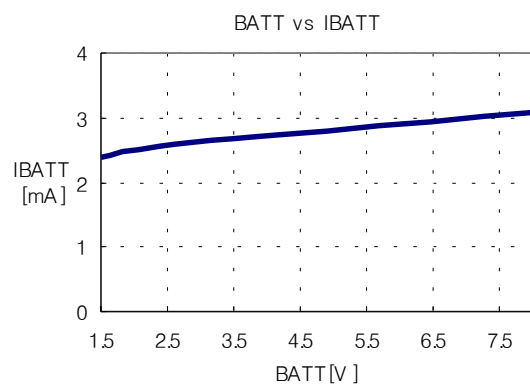
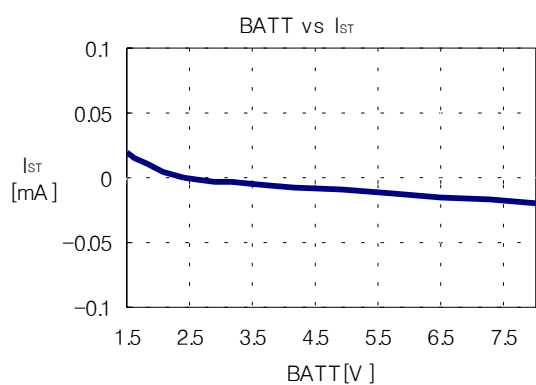
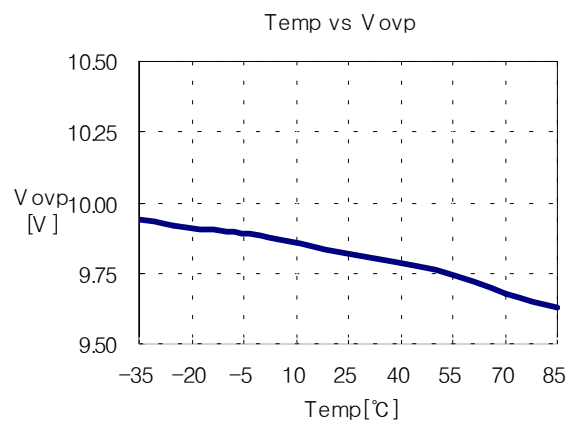
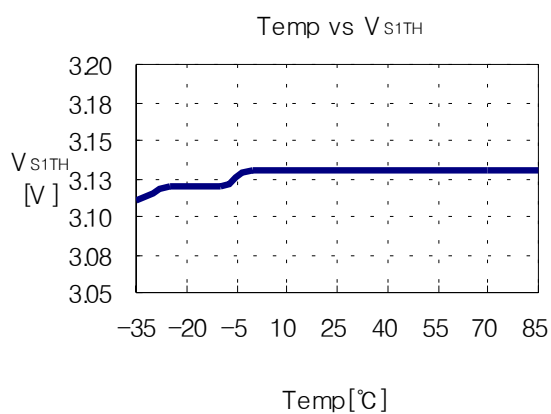
7. Empty Detecting Circuit.

EMPSET	Detect Voltage	Hysteresis	Mode
LOW	2.2V	50mV	Battery Mode
HIGH-Z	1.8V	50mV	Adapter Mode

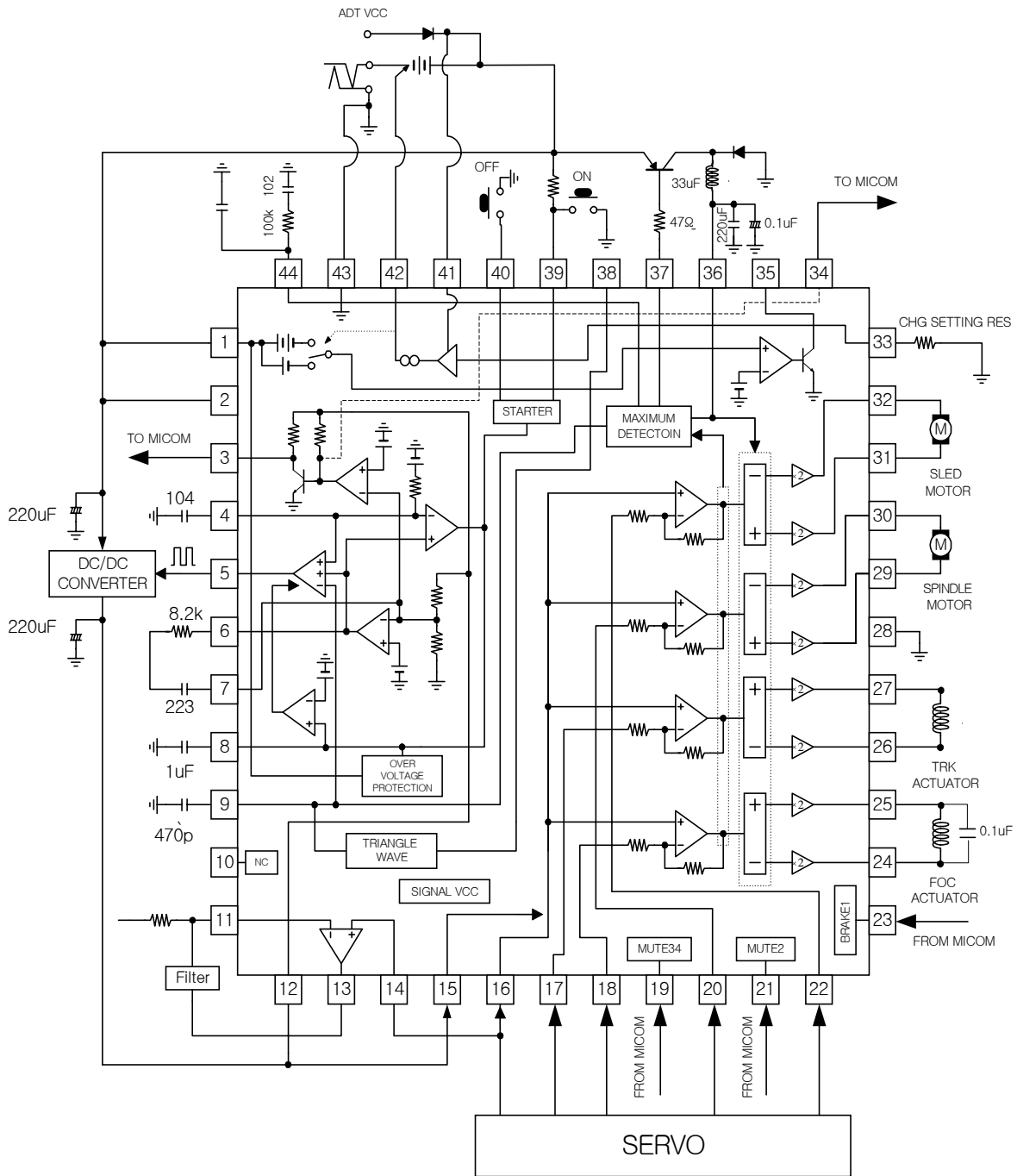
8. Battery Charging Circuit

- the battery charger circuit is separated from any other block .
- TSD operate at 150°C. Hysteresis is 30°C

Typical Performance Characteristics



Application Circuits



DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.