

SP202E/232E/233E/310E/312E

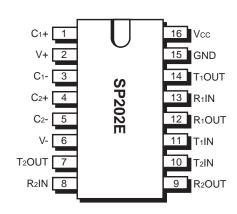
High-Performance RS-232 Line Drivers/Receivers

- Operates from Single +5V Power Supply
- Meets All RS-232D and ITU V.28 Specifications
- Operates with 0.1µF to 10µF Capacitors
- High Data Rate 120Kbps Under Load
- Low Power Shutdown ≤1µA (Typical)
- 3-State TTL/CMOS Receiver Outputs
- Low Power CMOS 3mA Operation
- Improved ESD Specifications:

±15kV Human Body Model

±15kV IEC1000-4-2 Air Discharge

±8kV IEC1000-4-2 Contact Discharge



Now Available in Lead Free Packaging

DESCRIPTION

The SP202E/232E/233E/310E/312E devices are a family of line driver and receiver pairs that meet the specifications of RS-232 and V.28 serial protocols with enhanced ESD performance. The ESD tolerance has been improved on these devices to over ± 15 KV for both Human Body Model and IEC1000-4-2 Air Discharge Method. These devices are pin-to-pin compatible with Sipex's SP232A/233A/310A/312A devices as well as popular industry standards. As with the initial versions, the SP202E/232E/233E/310E/312E devices feature at least 120Kbps data rate under load, 0.1μ F charge pump capacitors, and overall ruggedness for commercial applications. This family also features Sipex's BiCMOS design allowing low power operation without sacrificing performance. The series is available in plastic DIP and SOIC packages operating over the commercial and industrial temperature ranges.

SELECTION TABLE

	Number	of RS232	No. of Receivers	No. of External			
Model	Drivers	Receivers	Active in Shutdown	0.1μF Capacitors	Shutdown	WakeUp	TTL Tri-State
SP202E	2	2	0	4	No	No	No
SP232E	2	2	0	4	No	No	No
SP233E	2	2	0	0	No	No	No
SP310E	2	2	0	4	Yes	No	Yes
SP312E	2	2	2	4	Yes	Yes	Yes

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

ronability.	
V	+6V
V+	(Vcc-0.3V) to +11.0V
V	-11.0V
Input Voltages	
T _{IN}	-0.3 to (Vcc +0.3V)
R _{IN}	±15V
Output Voltages	
Топт	(V+, +0.3V) to (V-, -0.3V) -0.3V to (Vcc +0.3V)
R _{OUT}	-0.3V to (Vcc +0.3V)
Short Circuit Duration	
T _{OUT}	

Plastic DIP	375mW
(derate 7mW/°C above +70°C)	
Small Outline	375mW
(derate 7mW/°C above +70°C)	

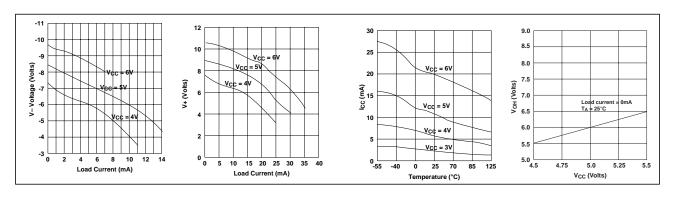
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{\text{CC}}\text{=+5V} \pm 10\%; \ 0.1 \mu\text{F charge pump capacitors; } T_{\text{MIN}} \text{ to } T_{\text{MAX}} \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$

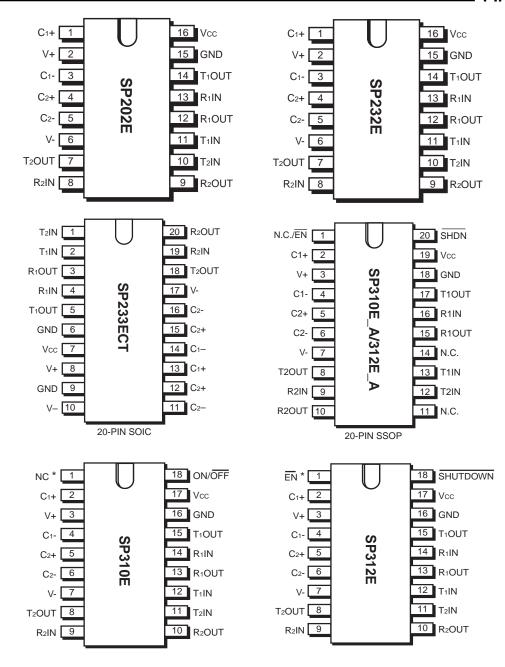
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \textbf{TTL INPUT} \\ \textbf{Logic Threshold} \\ \textbf{LOW} \\ \textbf{HIGH} \\ \textbf{Logic Pull-Up Current} \\ \hline \textbf{TTL OUTPUT} \\ \textbf{TTL OUTPUT} \\ \textbf{TTL OUTPUT} \\ \textbf{TTL OUTPUSOUTPUT} \\ \textbf{Copic Pull-Up Current} \\ \textbf{Voltage, High} \\ \textbf{Leakage Current}^*; \textbf{T}_{\Delta} = +25^{\circ} \\ \textbf{0.05} \\ \textbf{\pm 6} \\ \textbf{0.05} \\ \textbf{\pm 10} \\ \textbf{0.05} \\ \textbf{0.05} \\ \textbf{10} \\ \textbf{0.07} \\ \textbf{0.07} \\ \textbf{0.09 LV Oltage Swing} \\ \textbf{0.09 Leakage Swing} \\ \textbf{1.00} \\ \textbf{2.0} \\ \textbf{0.09 Leakage Current}^*; \textbf{T}_{\Delta} = +25^{\circ} \\ \textbf{0.00} \\ 0.0$	PARAMETERS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CONDITIONS
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Logic Threshold					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	LOW			0.8	Volts	T_{IN} ; \overline{EN} , \overline{SD}
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	2.0			Volts	T _{IN} ; EN, SD
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			15	200	μΑ	$T_{IN}^{T} = 0V$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TTL OUTPUT					
Leakage Current **; $T_A = +25^\circ$ 0.05±10μAEN = V_{CC} , $0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ RS-232 OUTPUT Output Voltage Swing±5±6VoltsAll transmitter outputs loaded with $3K\Omega$ to GroundOutput Resistance300Ohms $V_{CC} = 0V$; $V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$ Output Short Circuit Current Maximum Data Rate±18mAInfinite durationMaximum Data Rate120240Kbps $C_L = 2500pF$, $R_L = 3k\Omega$ RS-232 INPUT Voltage Range Voltage Threshold LOW0.81.2Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ HIGH Hysteresis Resistance0.20.51.0Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ Hysteresis Resistance0.20.51.0Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ Driver Propagation Delay Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate1.53.0μsTTL to RS-232; $C_L = 50pF$ Transition Region Slew Rate10 V/μ s $V_{L} = 10pF$, $R_L = 3+25^\circ C$ Output Enable Time ** Output Disable Time **400nsSP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V _{CC} Power Supply Current35mANo load, $T_A = +25^\circ C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$ T _A = +25°C $T_A = +25^\circ C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$						
Leakage Current **; $T_A = +25^\circ$ 0.05±10μAEN = V_{CC} , $0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ RS-232 OUTPUT Output Voltage Swing±5±6VoltsAll transmitter outputs loaded with $3K\Omega$ to GroundOutput Resistance300Ohms $V_{CC} = 0V$; $V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$ Output Short Circuit Current Maximum Data Rate±18mAInfinite durationMaximum Data Rate120240Kbps $C_L = 2500pF$, $R_L = 3k\Omega$ RS-232 INPUT Voltage Range Voltage Threshold LOW0.81.2Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ HIGH Hysteresis Resistance0.20.51.0Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ Hysteresis Resistance0.20.51.0Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ Driver Propagation Delay Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate1.53.0μsTTL to RS-232; $C_L = 50pF$ Transition Region Slew Rate10 V/μ s $V_{L} = 10pF$, $R_L = 3+25^\circ C$ Output Enable Time ** Output Disable Time **400nsSP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V _{CC} Power Supply Current35mANo load, $T_A = +25^\circ C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$ T _A = +25°C $T_A = +25^\circ C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$				0.4		$I_{OUT} = 3.2 \text{mA}; Vcc = +5 \text{V}$
Leakage Current **; $T_A = +25^\circ$ 0.05±10μAEN = V_{CC} , $0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ RS-232 OUTPUT Output Voltage Swing±5±6VoltsAll transmitter outputs loaded with $3K\Omega$ to GroundOutput Resistance300Ohms $V_{CC} = 0V$; $V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$ Output Short Circuit Current Maximum Data Rate±18mAInfinite durationMaximum Data Rate120240Kbps $C_L = 2500pF$, $R_L = 3k\Omega$ RS-232 INPUT Voltage Range Voltage Threshold LOW0.81.2Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ HIGH Hysteresis Resistance0.20.51.0Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ Hysteresis Resistance0.20.51.0Volts $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$ Driver Propagation Delay Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate1.53.0μsTTL to RS-232; $C_L = 50pF$ Transition Region Slew Rate10 V/μ s $V_{L} = 10pF$, $R_L = 3+25^\circ C$ Output Enable Time ** Output Disable Time **400nsSP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V _{CC} Power Supply Current35mANo load, $T_A = +25^\circ C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$ T _A = +25°C $T_A = +25^\circ C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$						$\underline{I}_{OUT} = -1.0 \text{mA}$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		0	0.05	±10	μΑ	$EN = V_{CC}, 0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$
Output Resistance Output Short Circuit Current Maximum Data Rate 120 240 $\text{Moth Moth Moth Maximum}$ Data Rate 120 240 $Moth Moth Moth Moth Moth Moth Moth Moth $						
Output Resistance Output Short Circuit Current Maximum Data Rate	Output Voltage Swing	±5	±6		Volts	
Output Short Circuit Current Maximum Data Rate 120 240 Kbps $C_L = 2500pF, R_L = 3k\Omega$ RS-232 INPUT Voltage Range Voltage Threshold LOW HIGH Hysteresis 0.2 0.5 1.0 Volts Votts Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Volts Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Volts Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Volts Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Volts Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Volts Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Voc = 5V, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Volts		000			01	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		300	40		I	$V_{CC} = 0V; V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		120				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		120	240		Kops	$C_{L} = 2500 \text{pr}, R_{L} = 38\Omega$
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		4-		4-		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-15		+15	Volts	
HIGH Hysteresis 0.2 0.5		0.0	4.0		1/-1/-	V 5V T .05°C
Hysteresis Resistance0.2 30.5 51.0 7Volts $k\Omega$ $V_{CC}^{CC} = 5V$, $T_A^A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $-15V \le V_{IN} \le +15V$ DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS Driver Propagation Delay Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate1.5 0.1 1.0<		0.8		2.0		$V_{CC} = 5V, I_A = +25^{\circ}C$
Résistance357kΩ $T_A^{\text{CS}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, -15\text{V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le +15\text{V}$ DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS Driver Propagation Delay Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate1.53.0μsTTL to RS-232; $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ RS-232 to TTL $C_L = 10\text{pF}, R_L = 3-7\text{k}\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Transition Region Slew Rate10 $V/\mu s$ $C_L = 10\text{pF}, R_L = 3-7\text{k}\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ Transition Region Slew Rate10 $V/\mu s$ $C_L = 2500\text{pF}, R_L = 3\text{k}\Omega$; measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3VOutput Enable Time ** Output Disable Time ** POWER REQUIREMENTS V_{cc} Power Supply Current400 250nsSP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP312E only nsPOWER REQUIREMENTS V_{cc} Power Supply Current35mANo load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$ All transmitters $R_L = 3\text{k}\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	I	0.2	1	_		$V_{CC} = 5V, I_A = +25^{\circ}C$
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c } \hline \textbf{DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS} \\ \hline \textbf{Driver Propagation Delay} \\ \hline \textbf{Receiver Propagation Delay} \\ \hline \textbf{Instantaneous Slew Rate} \\ \hline \textbf{Transition Region Slew Rate} \\ \hline \textbf{Transition Region Slew Rate} \\ \hline \textbf{10} \\ \hline \textbf{Output Enable Time **} \\ \hline \textbf{Output Disable Time **} \\ \hline \textbf{POWER REQUIREMENTS} \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} \\ \hline \textbf{Power Supply Current} \\ \hline \textbf{3} \\ \hline \textbf{5} \\ \hline \textbf{mA} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{All transmitters R}_{L} = 3k\Omega; \\ \hline \textbf{TA} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}; \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} = 5\text{V} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{All transmitters R}_{L} = 3k\Omega; \\ \hline \textbf{TA} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}; \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} = 5\text{V} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{All transmitters R}_{L} = 3k\Omega; \\ \hline \textbf{TA} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}; \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} = 5\text{V} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{All transmitters R}_{L} = 3k\Omega; \\ \hline \textbf{TA} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}; \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} = 5\text{V} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{All transmitters R}_{L} = 3k\Omega; \\ \hline \textbf{TA} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}; \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} = 5\text{V} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline \textbf{All transmitters R}_{L} = 3k\Omega; \\ \hline \textbf{TA} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}; \\ \hline \textbf{V}_{CC} = 5\text{V} \\ \hline \textbf{MA} \\ \hline MA$	1		1			$V_{CC} = 5V, I_A = +25 C$
Driver Propagation Delay Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate1.53.0μsTTL to RS-232; $C_L = 50pF$ RS-232 to TTL $C_L = 10pF$, $R_L = 3-7kΩ$; $T_A = +25°C$ Transition Region Slew Rate10 $V/μs$ $C_L = 10pF$, $R_L = 3-7kΩ$; $T_A = +25°C$ Output Enable Time ** Output Disable Time ** Output Disable Time **400nsSP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current35mANo load, $T_A = +25°C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$ All transmitters $R_L = 3kΩ$; $T_A = +25°C$	Resistance	3) 5	_ ′	K52	$I_A = +25 \text{ C}, -15 \text{ V} \le V_{IN} \le +15 \text{ V}$
Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate0.11.0μsRS-232 to TTL $C_L = 10pF$, $R_L = 3-7kΩ$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Transition Region Slew Rate10V/μs $C_L = 2500pF$, $R_L = 3kΩ$; measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3VOutput Enable Time ** Output Disable Time ** POWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current400 250nssP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current3 3 4 3 4 5 5 7 4 5 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 8 9 7 8 9 <b< td=""><td>DYNAMIC CHARACTERIST</td><td>ICS</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></b<>	DYNAMIC CHARACTERIST	ICS				
Receiver Propagation Delay Instantaneous Slew Rate0.11.0μsRS-232 to TTL $C_L = 10pF$, $R_L = 3-7kΩ$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ Transition Region Slew Rate10V/μs $C_L = 2500pF$, $R_L = 3kΩ$; measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3VOutput Enable Time ** Output Disable Time ** POWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current400 250nssP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current3 3 4 3 4 5 5 7 4 5 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 8 7 7 8 7 8 9 7 8 9 <b< td=""><td>Driver Propagation Delay</td><td></td><td>1.5</td><td>3.0</td><td>μS</td><td>TTL to RS-232; C, = 50pF</td></b<>	Driver Propagation Delay		1.5	3.0	μS	TTL to RS-232; C, = 50pF
Instantaneous Slew Rate 30 $V/\mu s$ $C_L = 10pF, R_L = 3-7k\Omega;$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $C_L = 2500pF, R_L = 3k\Omega;$ measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V Output Enable Time ** 400 ns SP310E and SP312E only Output Disable Time ** 250 ns SP310E and SP312E only POWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current 3 5 mA No load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C; V_{CC} = 5V$ All transmitters $R_L = 3k\Omega;$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			0.1	1.0		RS-232 to TTL
Transition Region Slew Rate 10 $V/\mu s$ $C_L = 2500pF, R_L = 3k\Omega;$ measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V Output Enable Time ** 400 ns SP310E and SP312E only All transmitters $R_L = 3k\Omega;$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	Instantaneous Slew Rate			30		$C_1 = 10pF, R_1 = 3-7k\Omega;$
Output Enable Time ** 400 ns SP310E and SP312E only Output Disable Time ** 250 ns SP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP312E only No load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ All transmitters $R_L = 3k\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$,	T _A =+25°C
Output Enable Time ** 400 ns SP310E and SP312E only SP310E and SP31	Transition Region Slew Rate		10		V/μs	
Output Enable Time ** 0 Output Disable Time *						
Output Disable Time **250nsSP310E and SP312E onlyPOWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current35mANo load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$ All transmitters $R_L = 3k\Omega$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$						
POWER REQUIREMENTS V_{CC} Power Supply Current 3 5 mA No load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$ 15 mA All transmitters $R_L = 3kΩ$; $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$					_	
V_{CC} Power Supply Current S_{CC} Power Supply Current S_{CC} $S_{$	·		250		ns	SP310E and SP312E only
$T_{\Delta} = +25^{\circ}C$						
$T_{\Delta} = +25^{\circ}C$	V _{cc} Power Supply Current			5		No load, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC} = 5V$
Shutdown Supply Current ** $\left \begin{array}{c cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			15		mA	All transmitters $R_L = 3k\Omega$;
Shutdown Supply Current " 1 5 μA $V_{cc} = 5V$, $I_A = +25^{\circ}C$	Chutdana Comb Comb			_	_	$\begin{vmatrix} I_A = +25^{\circ}C \\ V_A = 5V_A T_{-1} \cdot 25^{\circ}C \end{vmatrix}$
	Snutdown Supply Current **		1	5	μΑ	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_A = +25^{\circ}C$

^{**}SP310E and SP312E only

PERFORMANCE CURVES



PINOUTS



* N.C. for SP310E_A, EN for SP312E_A

FEATURES...

The SP202E/232E/233E/310E/312E devices are a family of line driver and receiver pairs that meet the specifications of RS-232 and V.28 serial protocols with enhanced ESD performance. The ESD tolerance has been improved on these devices to over ±15KV for both Human Body Model and IEC1000-4-2 Air Discharge Method. These devices are pin-to-pin compatible with **Sipex's** 232A/233A/310A/312A devices as well as popular industry standards. As with the initial versions, the SP202E/232E/ 233E/310E/312E devices feature 10V/us slew rate, 120Kbps data rate under load, 0.1µF charge pump capacitors, overall ruggedness for commercial applications, and increased drive current for longer and more flexible cable configurations. This family also features Sipex's BiCMOS design allowing low power operation without sacrificing performance.

The SP202E/232E/233E/310E/312E devices have internal charge pump voltage converters which allow them to operate from a single +5V supply. The charge pumps will operate with polarized or non-polarized capacitors ranging from 0.1 to 10 µF and will generate the ±6V needed to generate the RS-232 output levels. Both meet all EIA RS-232 and ITU V.28 specifications.

The **SP310E** provides identical features as the SP232E with a single control line which simultaneously shuts down the internal DC/DC converter and puts all transmitter and receiver outputs into a high impedance state. The SP312E is identical to the **SP310E** with separate tri-state and shutdown control lines.

THEORY OF OPERATION

The SP232E, SP233E, SP310E and SP312E devices are made up of three basic circuit blocks – 1) a driver/transmitter, 2) a receiver and 3) a charge pump. Each block is described below.

Driver/Transmitter

The drivers are inverting transmitters, which accept TTL or CMOS inputs and output the RS-232 signals with an inverted sense relative to the input logic levels. Typically the RS-232output voltage swing is ±6V. Even under worst case loading conditions of 3kOhms and 2500pF, the output is guaranteed to be $\pm 5V$, which is consistent with the RS-232 standard specifications. The transmitter outputs are protected against infinite short-circuits to ground without degradation in reliability.

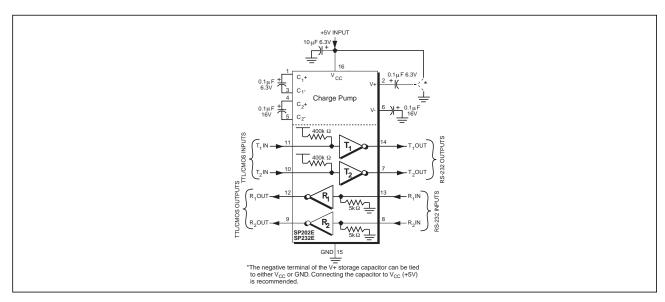


Figure 1. Typical Circuit using the SP202E or SP232E.

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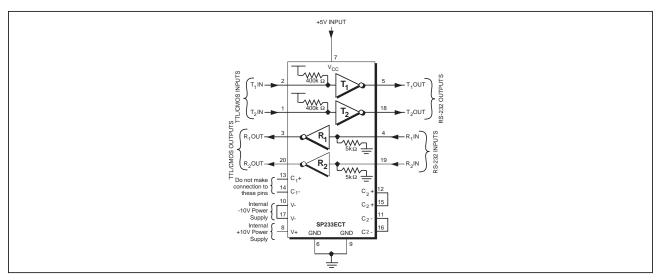


Figure 2. Typical Circuits using the SP233ECP and SP233ECT

The instantaneous slew rate of the transmitter output is internally limited to a maximum of 30V/ μs in order to meet the standards [EIA RS-232-D 2.1.7, Paragraph (5)]. However, the transition region slew rate of these enhanced products is typically $10V/\mu s$. The smooth transition of the loaded output from V_{OL} to V_{OH} clearly meets the monotonicity requirements of the standard [EIA RS-232-D 2.1.7, Paragraphs (1) & (2)].

Receivers

The receivers convert RS-232 input signals to inverted TTL signals. Since the input is usually from a transmission line, where long cable lengths

and system interference can degrade the signal, the inputs have a typical hysteresis margin of 500mV. This ensures that the receiver is virtually immune to noisy transmission lines.

The input thresholds are 0.8V minimum and 2.4V maximum, again well within the ±3V RS-232 requirements. The receiver inputs are also protected against voltages up to ±15V. Should an input be left unconnected, a 5KOhm pulldown resistor to ground will commit the output of the receiver to a high state.

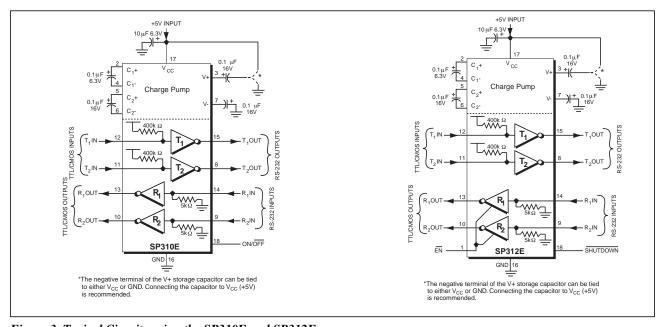


Figure 3. Typical Circuits using the SP310E and SP312E

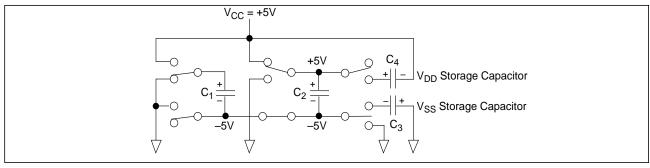


Figure 4. Charge Pump — Phase 1

In actual system applications, it is quite possible for signals to be applied to the receiver inputs before power is applied to the receiver circuitry. This occurs, for example, when a PC user attempts to print, only to realize the printer wasn't turned on. In this case an RS-232 signal from the PC will appear on the receiver input at the printer. When the printer power is turned on, the receiver will operate normally. All of these enhanced devices are fully protected.

Charge Pump

The charge pump is a **Sipex**–patented design (5,306,954) and uses a unique approach compared to older less–efficient designs. The charge pump still requires four external capacitors, but uses a four–phase voltage shifting technique to attain symmetrical power supplies. There is a free–running oscillator that controls the four phases of the voltage shifting. A description of each phase follows.

Phase 1

— V_{SS} charge storage —During this phase of the clock cycle, the positive side of capacitors C_1 and C_2 are initially charged to +5V. C_1^+ is then switched to ground and the charge in C_1^- is transferred to C_2^- . Since C_2^+ is connected to +5V, the voltage potential across capacitor C_2 is now 10V.

Phase 2

— V_{SS} transfer — Phase two of the clock connects the negative terminal of C_2 to the V_{SS} storage capacitor and the positive terminal of C_2 to ground, and transfers the generated -10V to C_3 . Simultaneously, the positive side of capacitor C_1 is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground.

Phase 3

— V_{DD} charge storage — The third phase of the clock is identical to the first phase — the charge transferred in C_1 produces –5V in the negative terminal of C_1 , which is applied to the negative side of capacitor C_2 . Since C_2^+ is at +5V, the voltage potential across C_2 is 10V.

Phase 4

— V_{DD} transfer — The fourth phase of the clock connects the negative terminal of C_2 to ground, and transfers the generated 10V across C_2 to C_4 , the V_{DD} storage capacitor. Again, simultaneously with this, the positive side of capacitor C_1 is switched to +5V and the negative side is connected to ground, and the cycle begins again.

Since both V^+ and V^- are separately generated from V_{CC} ; in a no–load condition V^+ and V^- will

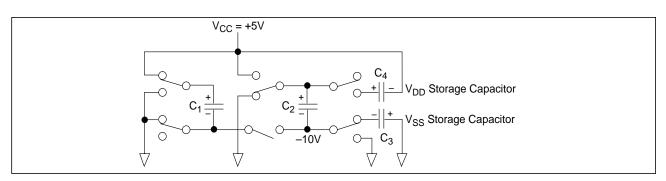


Figure 5. Charge Pump — Phase 2

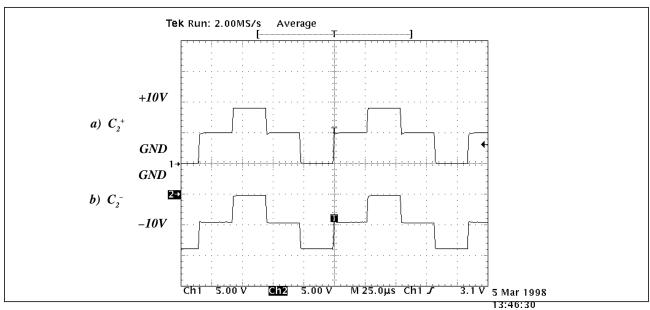


Figure 6. Charge Pump Waveforms

be symmetrical. Older charge pump approaches that generate V^- from V^+ will show a decrease in the magnitude of V^- compared to V^+ due to the inherent inefficiencies in the design.

The clock rate for the charge pump typically operates at 15kHz. The external capacitors can be as low as $0.1\mu F$ with a 16V breakdown voltage rating.

Shutdown (SD) and Enable (EN) for the SP310E and SP312E

Both the **SP310E** and **SP312E** have a shutdown/standby mode to conserve power in battery-powered systems. To activate the shutdown mode, which stops the operation of the charge pump, a logic "0" is applied to the appropriate control line. For the **SP310E**, this control line is ON/OFF (pin 18). Activating the shutdown mode also puts the

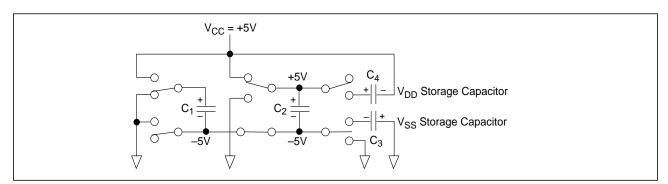


Figure 7. Charge Pump — Phase 3

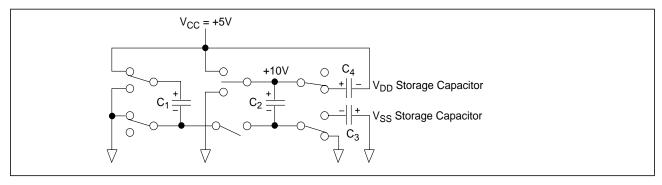


Figure 8. Charge Pump — Phase 4

SP310E transmitter and receiver outputs in a high impedance condition (tri-stated). The shutdown mode is controlled on the **SP312E** by a logic "0" on the <u>SHUTDOWN</u> control line (pin 18); this also puts the transmitter outputs in a tri-state mode. The receiver outputs can be tri-stated separately during normal operation or shutdown by a logic "1" on the <u>ENABLE</u> line (pin 1).

Wake-Up Feature for the SP312E

The **SP312E** has a wake–up feature that keeps all the receivers in an enabled state when the device is in the shutdown mode. *Table 1* defines the truth table for the wake–up function.

With only the receivers activated, the **SP312E** typically draws less than $5\mu A$ supply current. In the case of a modem interfaced to a computer in power down mode, the Ring Indicator (RI) signal from the modem would be used to "wake up" the computer, allowing it to accept data transmission.

After the ring indicator signal has propagated through the **SP312E** receiver, it can be used to trigger the power management circuitry of the computer to power up the microprocessor, and bring the \overline{SD} pin of the **SP312E** to a logic high, taking it out of the shutdown mode. The receiver propagation delay is typically 1 μ s. The enable time for V⁺ and V⁻ is typically 2ms. After V⁺ and V⁻ have settled to their final values, a signal can be sent back to the modem on the data terminal ready (DTR) pin signifying that the computer is ready to accept and transmit data.

SD	EN	Power Up/Down	Receiver Outputs
0	0	Down	Enable
0	1	Down	Tri-state
1	0	Up	Enable
1	1	Up	Tri-state

Table 1. Wake-up Function Truth Table.

Pin Strapping for the SP233ECT

The **SP233E** packaged in the 20–pin SOIC package (**SP233ECT**) has a slightly different pinout than the **SP233E** in other package configurations. To operate properly, the following pairs of pins must be externally wired together:

the two V– pins (pins 10 and 17) the two C_2 + pins (pins 12 and 15) the two C_2 – pins (pins 11 and 16)

All other connections, features, functions and performance are identical to the **SP233E** as specified elsewhere in this data sheet.

ESD TOLERANCE

The SP202E/232E/233E/310E/312E devices incorporates ruggedized ESD cells on all driver output and receiver input pins. The ESD structure is improved over our previous family for more rugged applications and environments sensitive to electro-static discharges and associated transients. The improved ESD tolerance is at least ±15KV without damage nor latch-up.

There are different methods of ESD testing applied:

- a) MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.7
- b) IEC1000-4-2 Air-Discharge
- c) IEC1000-4-2 Direct Contact

The Human Body Model has been the generally accepted ESD testing method for semiconductors. This method is also specified in MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.7 for ESD testing. The premise of this ESD test is to simulate the human body's potential to store electro-static energy and discharge it to an integrated circuit. The simulation is performed by using a test model as shown in *Figure 9*. This method will test the IC's capability to withstand an ESD transient during normal handling such as in manufacturing areas where the ICs tend to be handled frequently.

The IEC-1000-4-2, formerly IEC801-2, is generally used for testing ESD on equipment and systems. For system manufacturers, they must guarantee a certain amount of ESD protection since the system itself is exposed to the outside environment and human presence. The premise

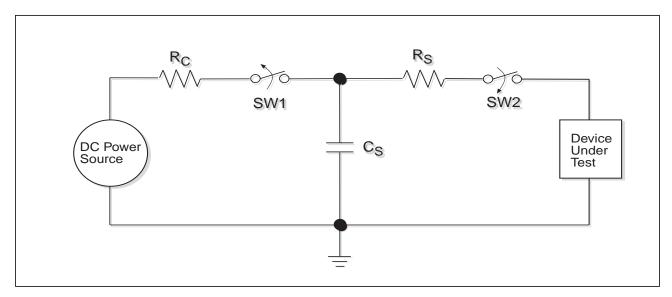


Figure 9. ESD Test Circuit for Human Body Model

with IEC1000-4-2 is that the system is required to withstand an amount of static electricity when ESD is applied to points and surfaces of the equipment that are accessible to personnel during normal usage. The transceiver IC receives most of the ESD current when the ESD source is applied to the connector pins. The test circuit for IEC1000-4-2 is shown on *Figure 10*. There are two methods within IEC1000-4-2, the Air Discharge method and the Contact Discharge method.

With the Air Discharge Method, an ESD voltage is applied to the equipment under test (EUT) through air. This simulates an electrically charged person ready to connect a cable onto the rear of the system only to find an unpleasant zap just before the person touches the back panel. The high energy potential on the person discharges through an arcing path to the rear panel of the system before he or she even touches the system. This energy, whether discharged directly or through air, is predominantly a function of the

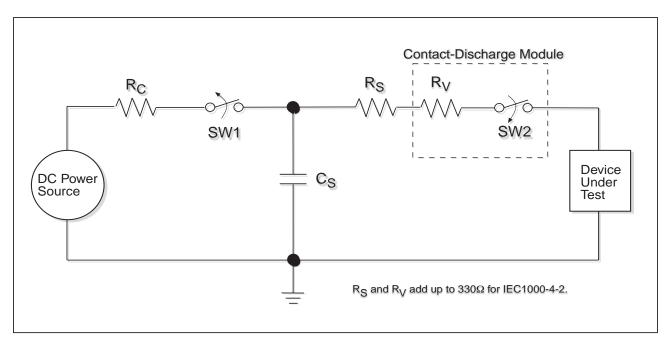


Figure 10. ESD Test Circuit for IEC1000-4-2

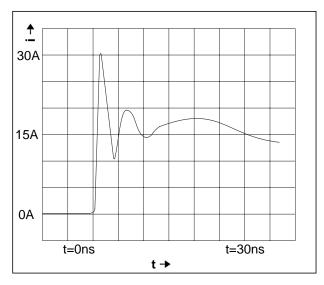


Figure 11. ESD Test Waveform for IEC1000-4-2

discharge current rather than the discharge voltage. Variables with an air discharge such as approach speed of the object carrying the ESD potential to the system and humidity will tend to change the discharge current. For example, the rise time of the discharge current varies with the approach speed.

The Contact Discharge Method applies the ESD current directly to the EUT. This method was devised to reduce the unpredictability of the ESD arc. The discharge current rise time is constant since the energy is directly transferred without the air-gap arc. In situations such as hand held systems, the ESD charge can be directly

discharged to the equipment from a person already holding the equipment. The current is transferred on to the keypad or the serial port of the equipment directly and then travels through the PCB and finally to the IC.

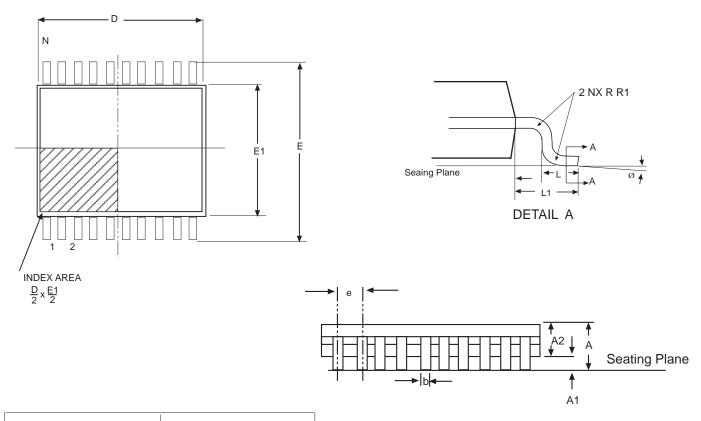
The circuit models in *Figures 9* and *10* represent the typical ESD testing circuit used for all three methods. The C_S is initially charged with the DC power supply when the first switch (SW1) is on. Now that the capacitor is charged, the second switch (SW2) is on while SW1 switches off. The voltage stored in the capacitor is then applied through R_S , the current limiting resistor, onto the device under test (DUT). In ESD tests, the SW2 switch is pulsed so that the device under test receives a duration of voltage.

For the Human Body Model, the current limiting resistor (R_s) and the source capacitor (C_s) are 1.5k Ω an 100pF, respectively. For IEC-1000-4-2, the current limiting resistor (R_s) and the source capacitor (C_s) are 330 Ω an 150pF, respectively.

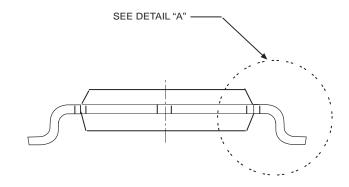
The higher C_s value and lower R_s value in the IEC1000-4-2 model are more stringent than the Human Body Model. The larger storage capacitor injects a higher voltage to the test point when SW2 is switched on. The lower current limiting resistor increases the current charge onto the test point.

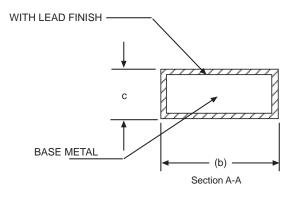
SP202E	HUMAN BODY		IEC1000-4-2	
Family	MODEL	Air Discharge	Direct Contact	Level
Driver Outputs Receiver Inputs	±15kV ±15kV	±15kV ±15kV	±8kV ±8kV	4 4

Table 2. Transceiver ESD Tolerance Levels

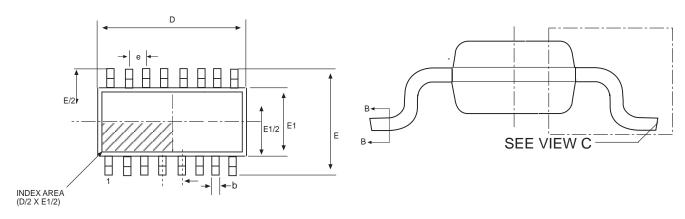


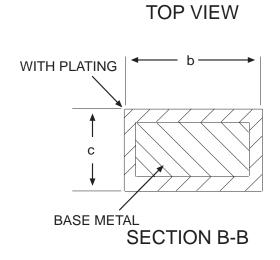
20 PIN SSOP JEDEC MO-150	Dimensions in (mm)			
(AE) Variation	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	-	-	2.0	
A1	0.05	-	-	
A2	1.65	1.75	1.85	
b	0.22	-	0.38	
С	0.09	-	0.25	
D	6.90	7.20	7.50	
Е	7.40	7.80	8.20	
E1	5.00	5.30	5.60	
L	0.55	0.75	0.95	
L1	1.25 REF			
Ø	00	40	80	

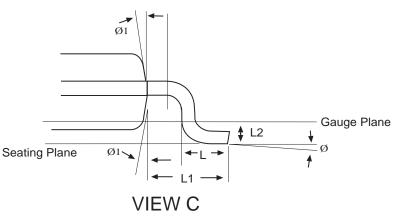


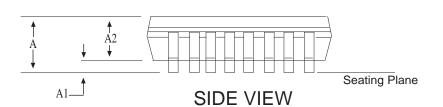


20 PIN SSOP





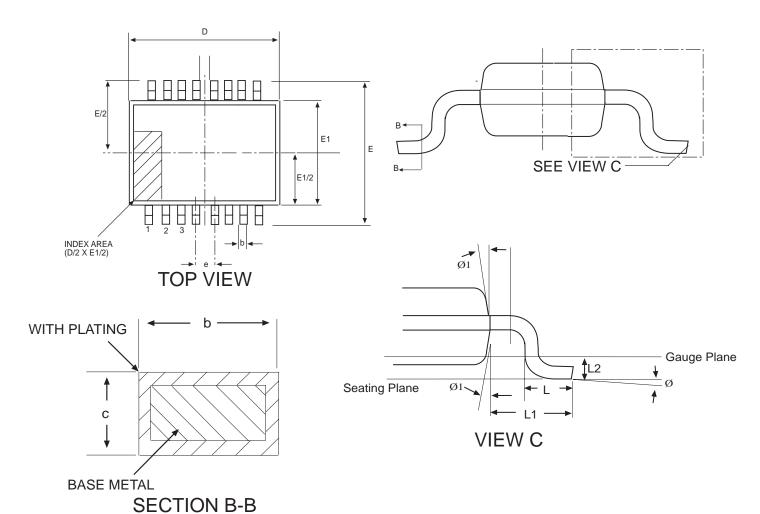


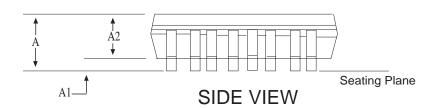


16 Pin NSOIC (JEDEC MS-012, AC - VARIATION) 16 DIMENSIONS in (mm)			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
А	1.35	-	1.75
A1	0.10	-	0.25
A2	1.25	-	1.65
b	0.31	-	0.51
С	0.17	-	0.25
D	9.90 BSC		
Е	6.00 BSC		
E1	3.	90 BS	С
е	1.1	27 BS	2
L	0.40	-	1.27
L1	L1 1.04 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
Ø	00	-	8°
Ø1	5º	-	15º

16 PIN NSOIC

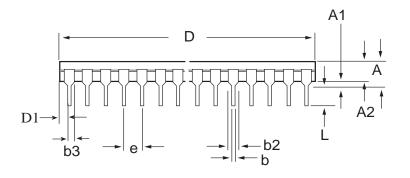
12

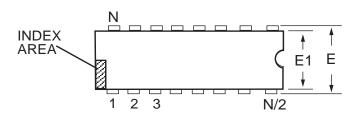




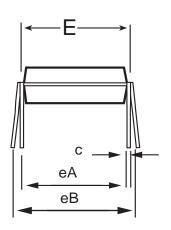
16 Pin SOIC (WIDE) (JEDEC MS-013, AA - VARIATION)	S-013,		
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	2.35	-	2.65
A1	0.10	-	0.30
A2	2.05	-	2.55
b	0.31	-	0.51
С	0.20	-	0.33
D	10.30 BSC		
E	E 10.30 BSC		
E1	E1 7.50 BSC		
е	1.2	27 BS0	2
L	0.40	-	1.27
L1	1.40 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		SC SC
Ø	00	-	80
Ø1	5º	-	15°

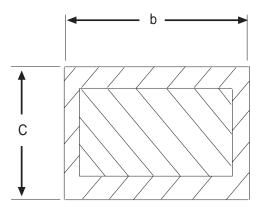
16 PIN SOIC WIDE





18 PIN PDIP JEDEC MS-001	Dimensions in inches		
(AC) Variation	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	-	-	.210
A1	.015	-	-
A2	.115	.130	.195
b	.014	.018	.022
b2	.045	.060	.070
b3	.030	.039	.045
С	.008	.010	.014
D	.880	.900	.920
D1	.005	-	-
Е	.300	.310	.325
E1	.240	.250	.280
e	.100 BSC		
eA	.300 BSC		
eB	-	-	.430
L	.115	.130	.150





18 pin PDIP

ORDERING INFORMATION

SP20ZECN 0°C to +70°C SP20ZECN 16-pin NSOIC SP20ZECPT 0°C to +70°C SP20ZECP 16-pin PDIP SP20ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP20ZECT 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP20ZECT 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEEN 40°C to +85°C SP20ZEEN 16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEEN 40°C to +85°C SP20ZEEN 16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEEP 40°C to +85°C SP20ZEEP 16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEET 40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEET 40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECN 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECN 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECN 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECD 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECN 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECD 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECN 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECD 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECD 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECT 0°C to +70°C	Part Number	Temperature Range	Topmark	Package
SP202ECP	SP202ECN	0°C to +70°C	SP202ECN	16-pin NSOIC
SP202ECT. 0°C to +70°C. SP202ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP202EEN. -0°C to +70°C. SP202EEN. 16-pin WSOIC SP202EEN. -40°C to +85°C. SP202EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP202EEP. -40°C to +85°C. SP202EEP. 16-pin PDIP SP202EEP. -40°C to +85°C. SP202EEP. 16-pin PDIP SP202EET. -40°C to +85°C. SP202EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP202EET. -40°C to +85°C. SP202EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP232ECN. -0°C to +70°C. SP232ECN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECN. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECP. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECP. 16-pin PDIP SP232ECT. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET. 0°C to +70°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET. 0°C to +70°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP2	SP202ECN/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP202ECN	16-pin NSOIC
SP20ZECT/TR. .0°C to +70°C SP20ZEEN. .16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEEN. .40°C to +85°C. .SP20ZEEN. .16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEEP. .40°C to +85°C. .SP20ZEEP. .16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP20ZEET. .16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP20ZEET. .16-pin NSOIC SP20ZEET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP20ZEET. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECN. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECN. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECN. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECN. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECP. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECP. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECT. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECT. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEED. .40°C to +85°C. .SP23ZEET. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZEEN. .40°C to +85°C. .SP23ZEEN. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZEET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP23ZEET. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP23ZEET. .16-pin	SP202ECP	0°C to +70°C	SP202ECP	16-pin PDIP
SP202EN -40°C to +85°C SP202EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP202EEP -40°C to +85°C SP202EEP 16-pin PDIP SP202EEP -40°C to +85°C SP202EET 16-pin PDIP SP202EET -40°C to +85°C SP202EET 16-pin WSOIC SP202EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP202EET 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECN -40°C to +70°C SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECN/TR -0°C to +70°C SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECP 0°C to +70°C SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECT 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECT 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN 40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN 40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN 40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET 40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET 40°C to +85	SP202ECT	0°C to +70°C	SP202ECT	16-pin WSOIC
SP202EEN/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP202EEP. 16-pin NSOIC SP202EEP -40°C to +85°C. SP202EET 16-pin PDIP SP202EET -40°C to +85°C. SP202EET 16-pin WSOIC SP202EET/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP202EET 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECN -0°C to +70°C. SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECN 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECP 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECP. 16-pin PDIP SP232ECT 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232ECTR 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EEN 40°C to +85°C. SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN 40°C to +85°C. SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP 40°C to +85°C. SP232EEN. 16-pin PDIP SP232EET 40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET 40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT 40°C to +85°C. SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT	SP202ECT/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP202ECT	16-pin WSOIC
SP20ZEEP. -40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET. 16-pin PDIP SP20ZEETT/R -40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET. 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEETT/R -40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET. 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECN. -0°C to +70°C SP23ZECN. 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECP. 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECN. 16-pin PDIP SP23ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECT. 16-pin PDIP SP23ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECT 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEEN. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEEN. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZEET. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEED. 16-pin PDIP SP23ZEET. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET. 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET. 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET. 20-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET. -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET. 20-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET. </td <td>SP202EEN</td> <td>40°C to +85°C</td> <td>SP202EEN</td> <td>16-pin NSOIC</td>	SP202EEN	40°C to +85°C	SP202EEN	16-pin NSOIC
SP20ZEET -40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEET/R -40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP20ZEEN -40°C to +70°C SP23ZECN 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECN/TR 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECN 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECT 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECT 16-pin PDIP SP23ZECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP23ZECT 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEEN -70°C to +70°C SP23ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEEN -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEEN 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZEEN -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEEN 16-pin NSOIC SP23ZEEP -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEEN 16-pin PDIP SP23ZEET -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET 16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP23ZEET 20-pin WSOIC SP23SECT/TR -40°C to +70°C SP23SECT 20-pin WSOIC SP23SECT/TR -0°C to +70°C SP23SECT 20-pin WSOIC SP23SECT/TR	SP202EEN/TR	40°C to +85°C	SP202EEN	16-pin NSOIC
SP20ZEET/TR. -40°C to +85°C SP20ZEET. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECN. .0°C to +70°C .SP23ZECN. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECP. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECN. .16-pin NSOIC SP23ZECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECT. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECT. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZECT.TR. .0°C to +70°C. .SP23ZECT. .16-pin WSOIC SP23ZEEN	SP202EEP	40°C to +85°C	SP202EEP	16–pin PDIP
SP232ECN .0°C to +70°C .SP232ECN .16 − pin NSOIC SP232ECN/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP232ECN .16 − pin NSOIC SP232ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP232ECP .16 − pin NSOIC SP232ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP232ECT .16 − pin WSOIC SP232EET/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP232EEN .16 − pin WSOIC SP232EEN .40°C to +85°C .SP232EEN .16 − pin NSOIC SP232EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP232EEN .16 − pin NSOIC SP232EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP232EET .16 − pin NSOIC SP232EET .40°C to +85°C .SP232EET .16 − pin WSOIC SP233EET .40°C to +85°C .SP233EET .16 − pin WSOIC SP233ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP233ECT .20 − pin WSOIC SP233ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP233ECT .20 − pin WSOIC SP233ECT .40°C to +85°C .SP233ECT .20 − pin WSOIC SP233ECT .40°C to +85°C .SP233ECT .20 − pin WSOIC SP233ECT .40°C to +70°C .SP310EC .8P310EC	SP202EET	40°C to +85°C	SP202EET	16-pin WSOIC
SP232ECN/TR 0°C to +70°C SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECP 0°C to +70°C SP232ECP 16-pin PDIP SP232ECT 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin WSOIC SP232ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN -40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN -40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP -40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR	SP202EET/TR	40°C to +85°C	SP202EET	16-pin WSOIC
SP232ECN/TR 0°C to +70°C SP232ECN 16-pin NSOIC SP232ECP 0°C to +70°C SP232ECP 16-pin PDIP SP232ECT 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin WSOIC SP232ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN -40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN -40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP -40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR				·
SP232ECP. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin PDIP SP232ECT. 0°C to +70°C. SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EEN. −40°C to +85°C. SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN. −40°C to +85°C. SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP. −40°C to +85°C. SP232EEP. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP. −40°C to +85°C. SP232EEP. 16-pin PDIP SP232EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT. −40°C to +85°C. SP233ECT. 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT. 0°C to +70°C. SP233ECT. 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECC. SP310ECC. 18-pin WSOIC	SP232ECN	0°C to +70°C	SP232ECN	16-pin NSOIC
SP232ECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232ECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP232ECT. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EEN. .40°C to +85°C. .SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP. .40°C to +85°C. .SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP. .40°C to +85°C. .SP232EET. 16-pin PDIP SP232EET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT. .40°C to +85°C. .SP233ECT. 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP233ECT. 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP233EET. 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP233EET. 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET. .40°C to +85°C. .SP233EET. 20-pin WSOIC SP30ECT. .0°C to +70°C. .SP33EET. 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP. .0°C to +70°C. .SP310ECT. 18-pin PDIP SP310ECP. .0°C to +70°C. .SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC <td>SP232ECN/TR</td> <td>0°C to +70°C</td> <td>SP232ECN</td> <td>16-pin NSOIC</td>	SP232ECN/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP232ECN	16-pin NSOIC
SP232ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP232ECT 16-pin WSOIC SP232EEN -40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN/TR -40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP -40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin PDIP SP232EET -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR -40°C to +70°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET -6°C to +70°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP 0°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin PDIP SP310ECP 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECT 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA 0°C	SP232ECP	0°C to +70°C	SP232ECP	16-pin PDIP
SP232EEN −40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN/TR −40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP −40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT −0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin PDIP SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA <	SP232ECT	0°C to +70°C	SP232ECT	16-pin WSOIC
SP232EEN −40°C to +85°C SP232EEN 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEN/TR −40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP −40°C to +85°C SP232EEP 16-pin NSOIC SP232EET −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT −0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin PDIP SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA <	SP232ECT/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP232ECT	16-pin WSOIC
SP232EEN/TR. -40°C to +85°C. SP232EEN. 16-pin NSOIC SP232EEP -40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin PDIP SP232EET -40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET/TR. -40°C to +85°C. SP232EET. 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT. .0°C to +70°C. SP233ECT. 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT. .0°C to +70°C. SP233ECT. 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET. .40°C to +85°C. SP233EET. 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET. .40°C to +85°C. SP233EET. 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP. .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECP. 18-pin PDIP SP310ECP. .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECT. .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA. .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA. .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA. .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP. .40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18-pin PDIP				
SP232EET −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP232EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16-pin WSOIC SP233ECT −0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP −40°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin PDIP SP310ECT 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECT 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310EET -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EET -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA -40°C to +85°C				
SP232EET/TR −40°C to +85°C SP232EET 16−pin WSOIC SP233ECT .0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20−pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C SP233ECT 20−pin WSOIC SP233EET .40°C to +85°C SP233EET .20−pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR .40°C to +85°C SP233EET .20−pin WSOIC SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C SP310ECP .18−pin PDIP SP310ECT .0°C to +70°C SP310ECT .18−pin WSOIC SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA .20−pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C SP310ECA .20−pin SSOP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C SP310EEP .18−pin PDIP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C SP310EET .18−pin WSOIC SP310EET .18−pin WSOIC SP310EET .18−pin WSOIC SP310EET .40°C to +85°C SP310EET .18−pin WSOIC SP310EET .40°C to +85°C SP310EET .18−pin WSOIC SP310EEA .40°C to +85°C SP310EEA .20−pin SSOP SP312ECP	SP232EEP	40°C to +85°C	SP232EEP	16–pin PDIP
SP233ECT. 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT. 20−pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT. 20−pin WSOIC SP233EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP233EET. 20−pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C. SP233EET. 20−pin WSOIC SP310ECP. -0°C to +70°C. SP310ECP. 18−pin PDIP SP310ECT. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18−pin WSOIC SP310ECT/TR. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18−pin WSOIC SP310ECA. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20−pin SSOP SP310ECA. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20−pin SSOP SP310ECA. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20−pin SSOP SP310EEP. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EEP. 18−pin WSOIC SP310EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18−pin WSOIC SP310EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18−pin WSOIC SP310EEA. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20−pin SSOP SP310EEA. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20−pin SSOP <t< td=""><td>SP232EET</td><td>40°C to +85°C</td><td>SP232EET</td><td>16-pin WSOIC</td></t<>	SP232EET	40°C to +85°C	SP232EET	16-pin WSOIC
SP233ECT. 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT. 20−pin WSOIC SP233ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP233ECT. 20−pin WSOIC SP233EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP233EET. 20−pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR −40°C to +85°C. SP233EET. 20−pin WSOIC SP310ECP. -0°C to +70°C. SP310ECP. 18−pin PDIP SP310ECT. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18−pin WSOIC SP310ECT/TR. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18−pin WSOIC SP310ECA. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20−pin SSOP SP310ECA. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20−pin SSOP SP310ECA. 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20−pin SSOP SP310EEP. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EEP. 18−pin WSOIC SP310EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18−pin WSOIC SP310EET. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18−pin WSOIC SP310EEA. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20−pin SSOP SP310EEA. −40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20−pin SSOP <t< td=""><td>SP232EET/TR</td><td>40°C to +85°C</td><td>SP232EET</td><td>16-pin WSOIC</td></t<>	SP232EET/TR	40°C to +85°C	SP232EET	16-pin WSOIC
SP233ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C SP233ECT .20-pin WSOIC SP233EET .40°C to +85°C SP233EET .20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP233EET .20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECP .18-pin PDIP SP310ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECT .18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA .20-pin SSOP SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP310ECA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EET .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECP .18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA				
SP233EET -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP233EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP 0°C to +70°C SP310ECP 18-pin PDIP SP310ECT 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR 0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP -40°C to +85°C SP310EEP 18-pin WSOIC SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP 0°C to +70°C SP312ECP 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECP 0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°	SP233ECT	0°C to +70°C	SP233ECT	20-pin WSOIC
SP233EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECT 18-pin PDIP SP310ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEP .18-pin WSOIC SP310EET .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECP .8-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .8-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .8-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECA .20-pin SSOP SP312	SP233ECT/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP233ECT	20-pin WSOIC
SP233EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP233EET 20-pin WSOIC SP310ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECT 18-pin PDIP SP310ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEP .18-pin WSOIC SP310EET .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EET .18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C .SP310EEA .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECP .8-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .8-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .8-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECA .20-pin SSOP SP312	SP233EET	40°C to +85°C	SP233EET	20-pin WSOIC
SP310ECT 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP -40°C to +85°C. SP310EEP. 18-pin PDIP SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECP. 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP -40°C to +85°C. SP312EEP. 18-pin PDIP				•
SP310ECT 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR 0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP -40°C to +85°C. SP310EEP. 18-pin PDIP SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EET. 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C. SP310EEA. 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECP. 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECT. 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C. SP312ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP -40°C to +85°C. SP312EEP. 18-pin PDIP				•
SP310ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP310ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP310ECA 0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR 0°C to +70°C SP310ECA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP -40°C to +85°C SP310EEP 18-pin PDIP SP310EET -40°C to +85°C SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP 0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT 0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP -40°C to +85°C SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET -40°C to +85°C SP312EET 18-pin PDIP	SP310ECP	0°C to +70°C	SP310ECP	18-pin PDIP
SP310ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP310ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP310ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C. .SP310ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP310EEP .40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEP. .18-pin PDIP SP310EET .40°C to +85°C. .SP310EET. .18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA .40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR .40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECP. .18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECT. .18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .40°C to +85°C. .SP312EEP. .18-pin PDIP SP312EEP .40°C to +85°C. .SP312EET. .18-pin WSOIC	SP310ECT	0°C to +70°C	SP310ECT	18-pin WSOIC
SP310ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C. SP310ECA. 20-pin SSOP SP310EEP 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEP. 18-pin PDIP SP310EET 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EET. 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECP. .18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECT. .18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312EEP 40°C to +85°C. .SP312EEP. .18-pin PDIP SP312EET 40°C to +85°C. .SP312EET. .18-pin WSOIC	SP310ECT/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP310ECT	18-pin WSOIC
SP310EEP -40°C to +85°C SP310EEP 18-pin PDIP SP310EET -40°C to +85°C SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP 0°C to +70°C SP312ECP 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP -40°C to +85°C SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET -40°C to +85°C SP312EET 18-pin WSOIC	SP310ECA	0°C to +70°C	SP310ECA	20-pin SSOP
SP310EET. 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EET. .18-pin WSOIC SP310EET/TR 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EET. .18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA. 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR 40°C to +85°C. .SP310EEA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECP. .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECP. .18-pin PDIP SP312ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECT. .18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA. .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECA. .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C. .SP312ECA. .20-pin SSOP SP312EEP. 40°C to +85°C. .SP312EEP. .18-pin PDIP SP312EET. 40°C to +85°C. .SP312EET. .18-pin WSOIC	SP310ECA/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP310ECA	20-pin SSOP
SP310EET/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EET 18-pin WSOIC SP310EEA -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C SP312ECP 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP .40°C to +85°C SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET .40°C to +85°C SP312EET 18-pin WSOIC	SP310EEP	40°C to +85°C	SP310EEP	18–pin PDIP
SP310EEA -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C SP312ECP 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP .40°C to +85°C SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET .40°C to +85°C SP312EET 18-pin WSOIC	SP310EET	40°C to +85°C	SP310EET	18-pin WSOIC
SP310EEA/TR -40°C to +85°C SP310EEA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C SP312ECP 18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP .40°C to +85°C SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET .40°C to +85°C SP312EET 18-pin WSOIC	SP310EET/TR	40°C to +85°C	SP310EET	18-pin WSOIC
SP312ECP .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECP .18-pin PDIP SP312ECT .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .18-pin WSOIC SP312ECT/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECT .18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECA .20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECA .20-pin SSOP SP312EEP 40°C to +85°C .SP312EEP .18-pin PDIP SP312EET 40°C to +85°C .SP312EET .18-pin WSOIC	SP310EEA	40°C to +85°C	SP310EEA	20-pin SSOP
SP312ECT	SP310EEA/TR	40°C to +85°C	SP310EEA	20-pin SSOP
SP312ECT				
SP312ECT/TR 0°C to +70°C SP312ECT 18-pin WSOIC SP312ECA 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR 0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP -40°C to +85°C SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET -40°C to +85°C SP312EET 18-pin WSOIC	SP312ECP	0°C to +70°C	SP312ECP	18-pin PDIP
SP312ECA .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECA .20-pin SSOP SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C .SP312ECA .20-pin SSOP SP312EEP 40°C to +85°C .SP312EEP .18-pin PDIP SP312EET 40°C to +85°C .SP312EET .18-pin WSOIC	SP312ECT	0°C to +70°C	SP312ECT	18-pin WSOIC
SP312ECA/TR .0°C to +70°C SP312ECA 20-pin SSOP SP312EEP .40°C to +85°C .SP312EEP 18-pin PDIP SP312EET .40°C to +85°C .SP312EET .18-pin WSOIC	SP312ECT/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP312ECT	18-pin WSOIC
SP312EEP40°C to +85°CSP312EEP	SP312ECA	0°C to +70°C	SP312ECA	20-pin SSOP
SP312EET40°C to +85°CSP312EET18-pin WSOIC	SP312ECA/TR	0°C to +70°C	SP312ECA	20-pin SSOP
	SP312EEP	40°C to +85°C	SP312EEP	18-pin PDIP
\$\text{\$P242EET/TP} \qquad 40\circ \text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\circ}\$} \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \qquad \text{\$\circ}\$ \qquad \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qqq \qqqq \qq	SP312EET	40°C to +85°C	SP312EET	18–pin WSOIC
3F31ZEE1/1N40 0 10 +03 0	SP312EET/TR	40°C to +85°C	SP312EET	18–pin WSOIC
SP312EEA940°C to +85°CSP312EEA20-pin SSOP				
SP312EEA/TR40°C to +85°CSP312EEA				

Available in lead free packaging. To order add "-L" suffix to part number. Example: SP312EEA/TR = standard; SP312EEA-L/TR = lead free

/TR = Tape and Reel

Pack quantity is 1,500 for SSOP or WSOIC and 2,500 for NSOIC.

Sipex Corporation

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REVISION HISTORY

REVISION	DESCRIPTION
Α	Incorporated new package drawings with JEDEC reference.
Α	Added typical output voltage swing value (±6V).
	A A

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