

PREPARED BY: DATE: <i>M. Mitsui March 28, 1996</i>	SHARP ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS GROUP SHARP CORPORATION SPECIFICATION	SPEC. No. SA-88049D
APPROVED BY: DATE: <i>T. Yoshikawa March 22, 1996</i>		ISSUE March 25, 1996
		PAGE 15 Pages
		REPRESENTATIVE DIVISION OPTO-ELECTRONIC DEVICES DIV.

DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR

PHOTOCOUPLER

MODEL No. Business dealing name

	PC900V
	PC900VY

PC900V

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2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for use outlined in these specification sheets, as well as the precautions mentioned below. Sharp assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets, and the precautions mentioned below.

(Precautions)

 - (1) This product is designed for use in the following application areas ;

• OA equipment	• Audio visual equipment	• Home appliances
• Telecommunication equipment (Terminal)	• Measuring equipment	
• Tooling machines	• Computers	

If the use of the product in the above application areas is for equipment listed in paragraphs (2) or (3), please be sure to observe the precautions given in those respective paragraphs.
 - (2) Appropriate measures, such as fail-safe design and redundant design considering the safety design of the overall system and equipment, should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when this product is used for equipment which demands high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as ;

• Transportation control and safety equipment (aircraft, train, automobile etc.)
• Traffic signals • Gas leakage sensor breakers • Rescue and security equipment
• Other safety equipment
 - (3) Please do not use this product for equipment which require extremely high reliability and safety in function and precision, such as ;

• Space equipment • Telecommunication equipment (for trunk lines)
• Nuclear power control equipment • Medical equipment
 - (4) Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative if there are any questions regarding interpretation of the above three paragraphs.
3. Please contact and consult with a Sharp sales representative for any questions about this product.

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL

DATE _____

BY _____

DATE
PRESENTED
BY

T. M

T. Matsumura,
Department General Manager of
Engineering Dept.,II
Opto-Electronic Devices Div.
ELECOM Group
SHARP CORPORATION

1. Application

This specification applies to the outline and characteristics of photocopier Model No. PC900V.

2. Outline

Refer to the attached drawing No. CY5440K02.

3. Ratings and characteristics

Refer to the attached sheet, page 3 to 5.

4. Reliability

Refer to the attached sheet, page 8.

5. Incoming inspection

Refer to the attached sheet, page 9.

6. Supplement

6.1 Isolation voltage shall be measured in the following method.

- (1) Short among pins 1 to 3 on the primary side and among pins 4 to 6 on the secondary side.
- (2) The dielectric withstand tester with zero-cross circuit shall be used.
- (3) The wave form of applied voltage shall be a sine wave.
(It is recommended that the isolation voltage be measured in insulation oil.)

6.2 Business dealing name

("○" mark indicates business dealing name of ordered product)

Product	Business dealing name	Remarks
○	PC900V	
	PC900VY	Applied to products as a option (Attached sheets -2-1 to 2-4.)

6.3 This Model is approved by UL.

Approved Model No. : PC900V

UL file No. : E64380

6.4 Theory of operation

- (1) When the forward current of above the "H→L" threshold input current (I_{FHL}) is applied to the input side, the output will go "Low level".
- (2) When the forward current on the input side goes below the "L→H" threshold input current (I_{FLH}) the output will go "High level".

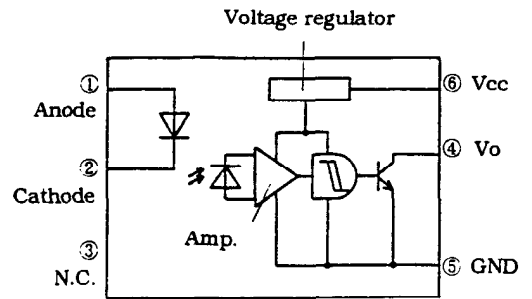
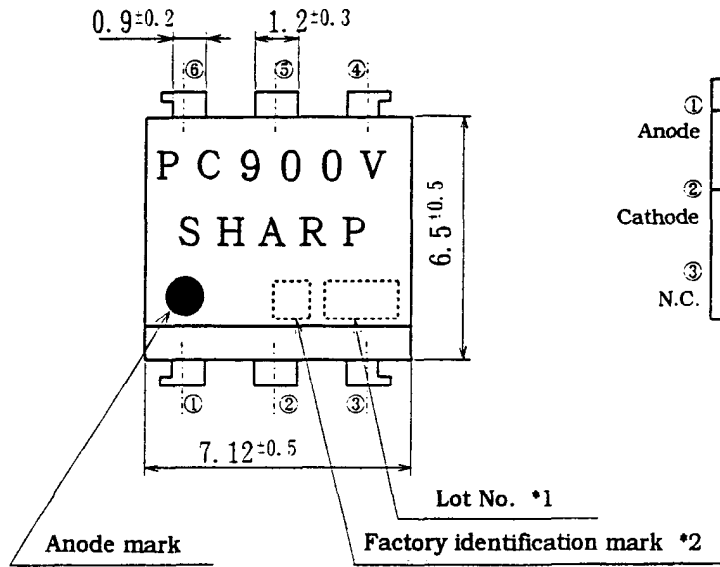
6.5 This product is not designed against irradiation.

This product is assembled with electrical input and output.

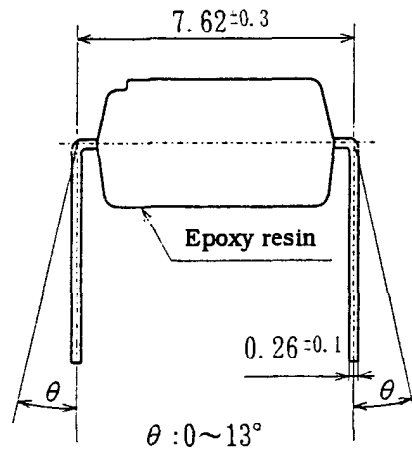
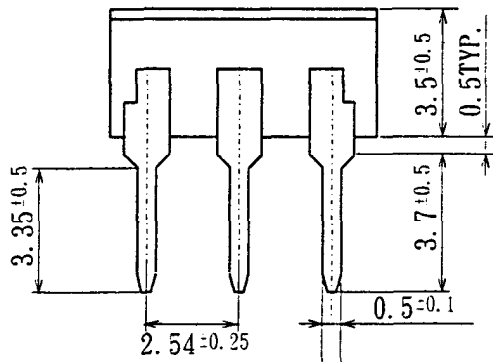
This product incorporates non-coherent light emitting diode.

7. Notes

Refer to the attached sheet-1-1, 2.



Pin Nos. and internal connection diagram



- *1) 2-digit number shall be marked according to DIN standard.
- *2) Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

UNIT : 1/1 mm	
Name	PC900V Outline Dimensions (Business dealing name : PC900V)
Drawing No.	CY5440K02

3. Ratings and characteristics

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Ta=25°C

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	*1 Forward current	I_F	50	mA
	*2 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW
Output	Supply voltage	V_{CC}	16	V
	High level output voltage	V_{OH}	16	V
	Low level output current	I_{OL}	50	mA
	*1 Power dissipation	P_o	150	mW
*1 Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	170	mW
*3 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5.0	kVrms
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-25 to +85	°C
*4 Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-40 to 125	°C
*4 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 The derating factors of absolute maximum ratings due to ambient temperature are shown in Fig. 1, 2, 3.

*2 Pulse width $\leq 100 \mu s$, Dutyratio : 0.001

*3 AC for 1 min, 40 to 60%RH

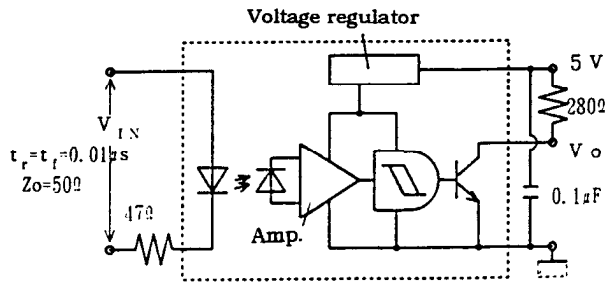
*4 For 10 s

3.2 Electro-optical characteristics

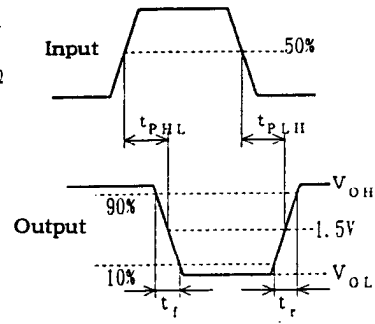
(Unspecified : Ta=0 to 70°C)

Parameter		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Conditions	
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	-	1.1	1.4	V	$I_F=4\text{mA}$	
			0.7	1.0	-		$I_F=0.3\text{mA}$	
	Reverse current	I_R	-	-	10	μA	Ta=25°C, $V_R=3\text{V}$	
	Terminal capacitance	C_t	-	30	250	pF	Ta=25°C, V=0 f=1kHz	
Output	Operating supply voltage range	V_{CC}	3	-	15	V		
	Low level output voltage	V_{OL}	-	0.2	0.4	V	$I_{OL}=16\text{mA}$, $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$ $I_F=4\text{mA}$	
	High level output voltage	I_{OH}	-	-	100	μA	$V_{CC}=V_O=15\text{V}$ $I_F=0\text{mA}$	
	Low level supply current	I_{CCL}	-	2.5	5.0	mA	$V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $I_F=4\text{mA}$	
	High level supply current	I_{CCH}	-	1.0	5.0	mA	$V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $I_F=0\text{mA}$	
Transfer characteristics	"H→L" threshold input current *1	I_{FHL}	-	1.1	2.0	mA	Ta=25°C, $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$ $R_L=280\ \Omega$	
			-	-	4.0		$V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $R_L=280\ \Omega$	
	"L→H" threshold input current *2	I_{FLH}	0.4	0.8	-	mA	Ta=25°C, $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$ $R_L=280\ \Omega$	
			0.3	-	-		$V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $R_L=280\ \Omega$	
	Hysteresis *3	I_{FLH}/I_{FHL}	0.5	0.7	0.9		$V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $R_L=280\ \Omega$	
	Isolation resistance	R_{iso}	5×10^{10}	10^{11}	-	Ω	Ta=25°C, DC500V 40 to 60%RH	
	Response time	"H→L" propagation time	t_{PHL}	-	1	3	μs	Ta=25°C $V_{CC}=5\text{V}$, $I_F=4\text{mA}$ $R_L=280\ \Omega$
		"L→H" propagation time	t_{PLH}	-	2	6		
		Fall time	t_f	-	0.05	0.5		
		Rise time	t_r	-	0.1	0.5		

- *1 I_{FHL} represents forward current when output goes from "H" to "L".
- *2 I_{FLH} represents forward current when output goes from "L" to "H".
- *3 Hysteresis : I_{FLH}/I_{FHL}
- *4 Test circuit for response time shall be shown below.

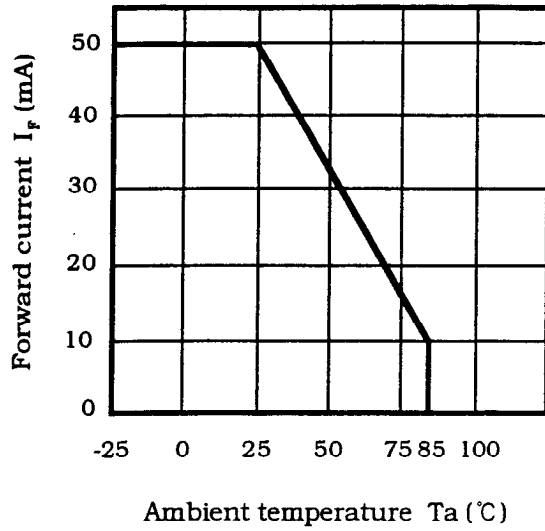


Test circuit diagram

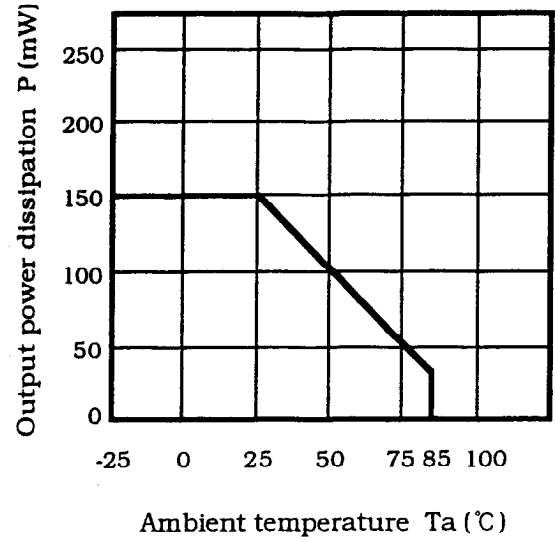


Timing chart

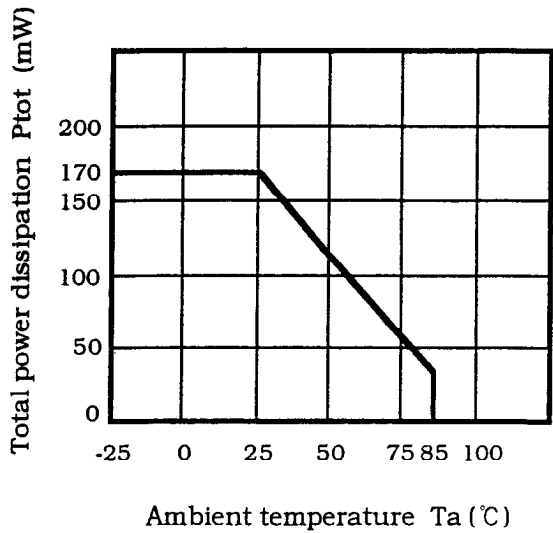
(Fig. 1) Forward current vs. ambient temperature



(Fig. 2) Output power dissipation vs. ambient temperature



(Fig. 3) Total power dissipation vs. ambient temperature



4. Reliability

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

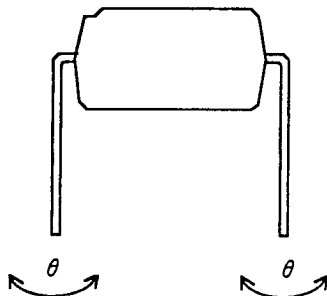
Confidence level : 90%
LTPD : 10%/20%

Test Items	Test Conditions *1	Failure Judgement Criteria	Samples (n)
			Defective(C)
Solderability *2	230°C, 5 s	—	n=11, C=0
Soldering heat	260°C, 10 s	$V_F > U \times 1.2$	n=11, C=0
Terminal strength (Tension)	Weight : 5N 5 s/each terminal	$I_R > U \times 2$	n=11, C=0
Terminal strength (Bending) *3	Weight : 2.5N 2 times/each terminal	$V_{OL} > U \times 1.2$ $I_{OH} > U \times 1.2$	n=11, C=0
Mechanical shock	15000m/s ² , 0.5ms 3 times/±X, ±Y, ±Z direction	$I_{CCL} > U \times 1.2$ $I_{CCH} > U \times 1.2$	n=11, C=0
Variable frequency vibration	100 to 2000 to 100Hz/4min 200m/s ² 4 times/ X, Y, Z direction	$I_{FHL} > U \times 1.3$ $I_{FLH} < L \times 0.8$	n=11, C=0
Temperature cycling	1 cycle -40°C to +125°C (30min) (30min) 20 cycles test	$I_{FLH} / I_{FHL} \neq L \times 0.8$ ~U×1.2	n=22, C=0
High temp. and high humidity storage	+60°C, 90%RH, 1000h	U : Upper specification limit L : Lower specification limit	n=22, C=0
High temp. storage	+125°C, 1000h		n=22, C=0
Low temp. storage	-40°C, 1000h		n=22, C=0
Operation life	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{CC} = 15\text{V}$ $I_{OL} = 16\text{mA}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1000h		n=22, C=0

*1 Test method, conforms to JIS C 7021.

*2 Solder shall adhere at the area of 95% or more of immersed portion of lead and pin hole or other holes shall not be concentrated on one portion.

*3 Terminal bending direction is shown below.



5. Incoming inspection

5.1 Inspection items

(1) Electrical characteristics

V_F , I_R , V_{OL} , I_{OH} , I_{CCL} , I_{CCH} , I_{FHL} , I_{FLH} , Riso, Viso

(2) Appearance

5.2 Sampling method and Inspection level

A single sampling plan, normal inspection level II based on ISO 2859 is applied. The AQL according to the inspection items are shown below.

Defect	Inspection item	AQL (%)
Major defect	Electrical characteristics Unreadable marking	0.1
Minor defect	Appearance defect except the above mentioned.	0.4

Precautions for Photocouplers

1. For cleaning

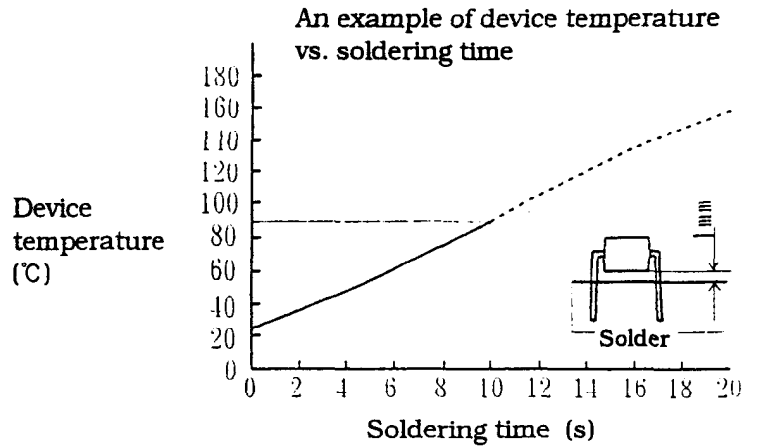
- (1) Solvent cleaning : Solvent temperature 45°C or less
Immersion for 3 min or less
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning : The affect to device by ultrasonic cleaning is different by cleaning bath size, ultrasonic power output, cleaning time, PWB size or device mounting condition etc. Please test it in actual using condition and confirm that doesn't occur any defect before starting the ultrasonic cleaning.
- (3) Applicable solvent : Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol
Freon TE · TF, Diflon-solvent S3-E

Please refrain from using Chloro Fluoro Carbon type solvent to clean device as much as possible since it is internationally restricted to protect the ozonosphere. Before you use alternative solvent you are requested to confirm that it does not attack package resin.

2. Please use the same as normal integration circuit about static electricity in order that this device is OPIC photocopier.
3. In order to stabilize power supply line, we recommend to connect a by-pass capacitor of 0.01 μ F or more between Vcc and GND near the device.
4. The LED used in the Photocoupler generally decreases the light emission power by operation. In case of long operation time, please design the circuit with considering the decreases of the light emission power of the LED. (50%/5years)
Please decide the input current which become 2 times of MAX. I_{FHL} .

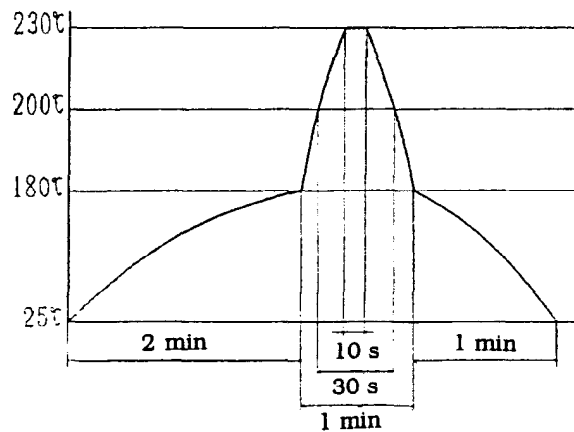
5. Precautions for Soldering Photocouplers

- (1) In case of soldering to lead
260°C 10 s or less



- (2) If solder reflow :

It is recommended that only one soldering be done at the temperature and the time within the temperature profile as shown in the figure.



- (3) Other precautions

An infrared lamp used to heat up for soldering may cause a localized temperature rise in the resin. So keep the package temperature within that specified in Item (2). Also avoid immersing the resin part in the solder.

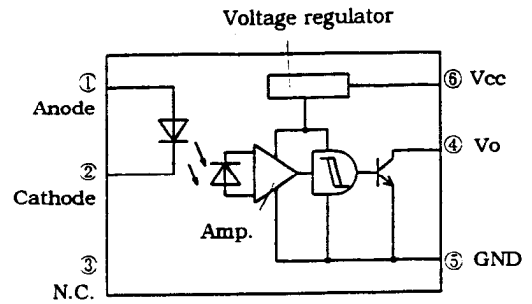
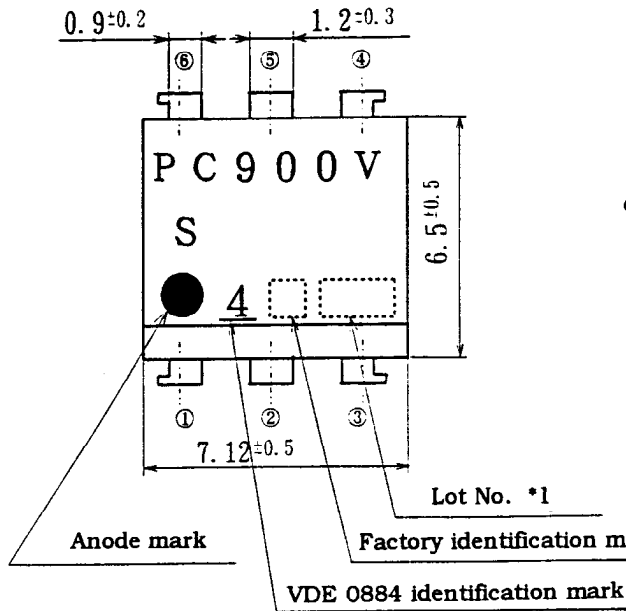
5. Isolation specification according to VDE 0884

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating	Unit	Remark	
Class of environmental test	-	DIN IEC68	25/85/21	-		
Pollution	-	DIN VDE0110	2	-		
Maximum operating isolation voltage	U_{IORM}	-	710	V_{PEAK}		
Partial discharge test voltage (Between input and output)					Refer to the Diagram 1, 2	
	Diagram 1	U_{pr}	$tp=60\text{ s}, qc<5pC$	852		V_{PEAK}
	Diagram 2		$tp=1\text{ s}, qc<5pC$	1136		V_{PEAK}
Maximum over-voltage	$U_{INITIAL}$	$t_{NI}=10\text{ s}$	6000	V_{PEAK}		
Safety maximum ratings						
1) Case temperature	T_{si}	$I_F=0, P_c=0$	150	$^{\circ}C$	Refer to the Fig. 6, 7	
2) Input current	I_{si}	$P_c=0$	120	mA		
3) Electric power (Output or Total power dissipation)	P_{si}	-	240	mW		
Isolation resistance (Test voltage between input and output ; DC500V)	R_{ISO}	$T_a=T_{si}$	MIN. 10^9	Ω		
		$T_a=Topr\text{ (MAX.)}$	MIN. 10^{11}			
		$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	MIN. 10^{12}			

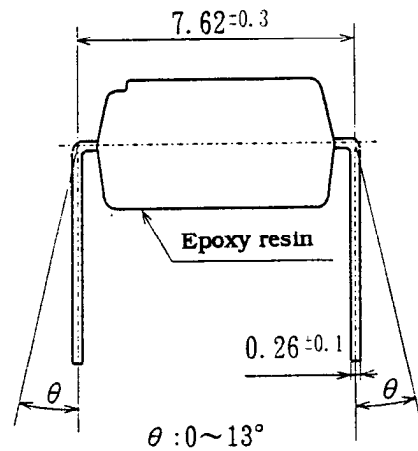
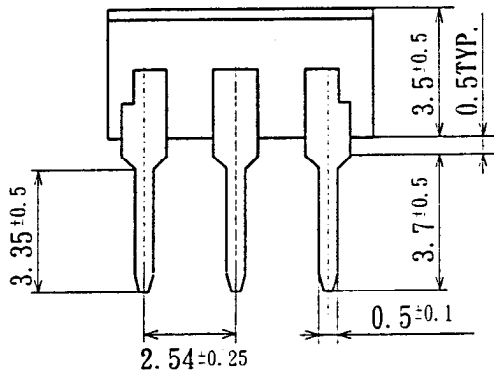
6. Precautions in performing isolation test

6.1 Partial discharge test methods shall be the ones according to the specifications of VDE 0884/08.87

6.2 Please don't carry out isolation test (Viso) over $U_{INITIAL}$. This product deteriorates isolation characteristics by partial discharge due to applying high voltage (ex. $U_{INITIAL}$). And there is possibility that this product occurs partial discharge in operating isolation voltage. (U_{IORM}).



Pin Nos. and internal connection diagram

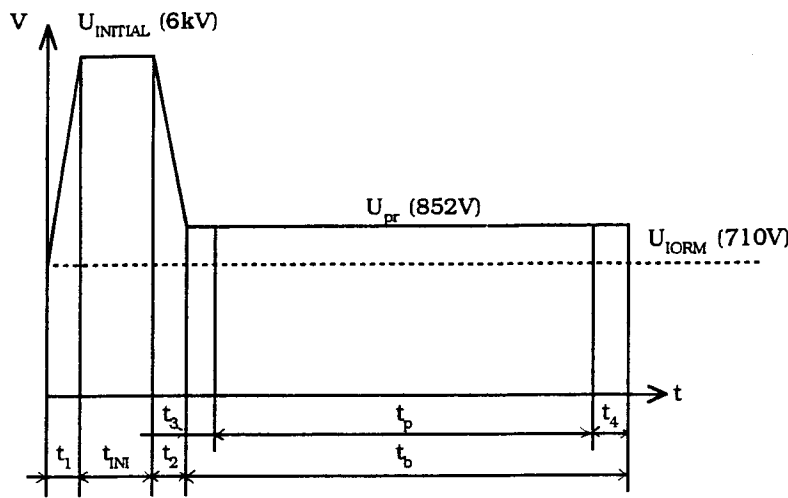


*1) 2-digit number shall be marked according to DIN standard.

*2) Factory identification mark shall be or shall not be marked.

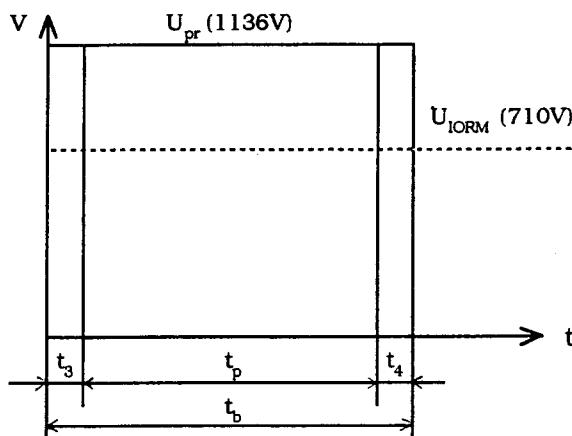
UNIT : 1/1 mm	
Name	PC900V Outline Dimensions (Business dealing name : PC900VY)
Drawing No.	CY5164K02

Method of Diagram 1 : Breakdown test (Apply to type test and sampling test)



t_1, t_2	=1 to 10 s
t_3, t_4	=1 s
t_p (Partial discharge measuring time)	=60 s
t_b	=62 s
t_{INI}	=10 s

Method of Diagram 2 : Non breakdown test (Apply to all device test)



t_3, t_4	=0.1 s
t_p (Partial discharge measuring time)	=1 s
t_b	=1.2 s

Fig. 6 Safety maximum power dissipation vs. ambient temperature (When failed)

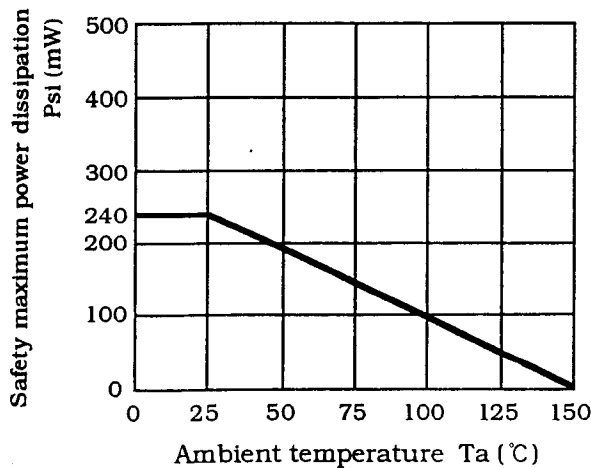


Fig. 7 Safety maximum forward current vs. ambient temperature (When failed)

