### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### DESCRIPTION

The M66330 is a high-speed coder & decoder (CODEC) LSI under the control of a micro-processor unit (MPU). The M66330 supports coding and decoding of MH, MR, and MMR methods.

Commands from the MPU specify and set the scan line length, operating mode, method of coding or decoding, and image processing.

The controller includes three 2048-bit line memories. In addition to the MPU bus, there are serial buses for scanning and recording and MR mode detection circuit. M66330 permits fast coding and decoding of data.

### FEATURES

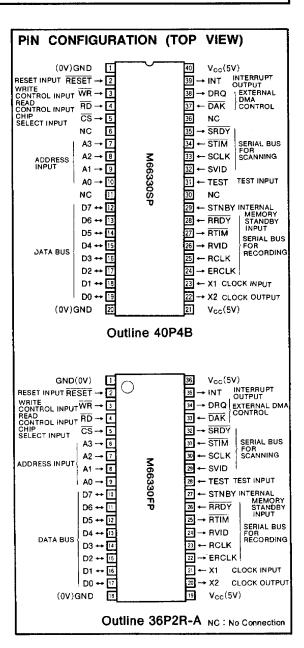
- Supports MH, MR, and MMR coding methods recommended by CCITT
- Various operating modes
- · G2 send/receive mode
- G3 send/receive mode (MH/MR/MMR coding and decoding methods)
- G2 to G3 conversion and vice versa
- · Copy mode
- Image processing functions
- Up to 2048 pixels per line
- Reduction (B4 to A4)
- Addition of sender identification (in G2 to G3 conversion mode)
- Recording of receiver identification (in G2 receive mode)
- · Journal output (in G2 receive mode)
- Processing for transfer of image data to a recording system

Alignment function (recording with left alignment, right alignment, or centered)

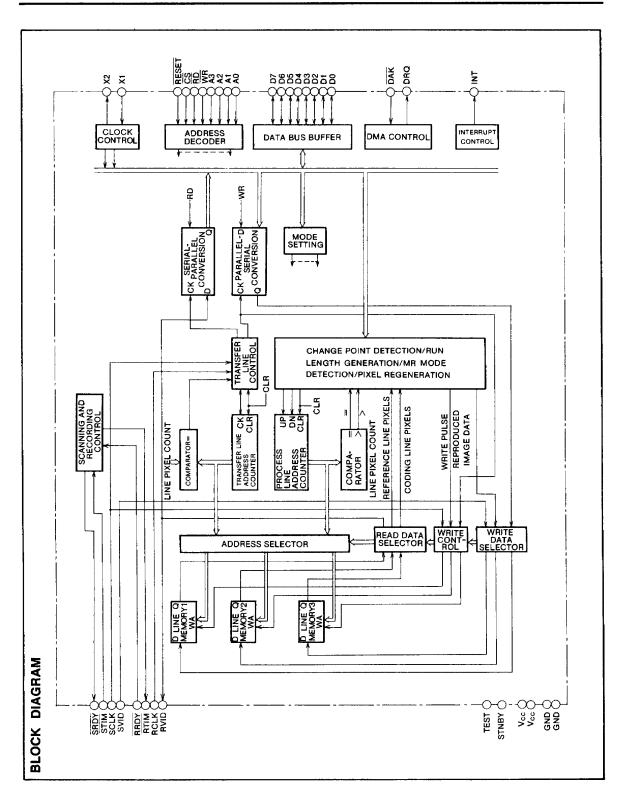
- Edge blanking (16 or 32 bits)
- High-speed processing
- Three internal 2048-bit line memories for scanning and recording
- Circuits for change point detection, run-length generation, and pixel reproduction (MH method)
- Circuits for MR mode detection and pixel reproduction (MR and MMR methods)
- · Control circuit for external DMA
- Efficient bus configurations
- · Serial buses for scanning and recording

### APPLICATION

Facsimile machines









#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

### **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Pin	Classification	Input/ Output	Descriptions
RESET		Input	Input for resetting system
cs		Input	Chip select signal required by MPU to access M66330
RD		Input	Control signal line for input when MPU reads data from M66330
WR		Input	Control signal line for input when MPU writes data to M66330
A0~A3		Input	Address signal lines for accessing M66330 registers
D0~D7	MPU bus interface	Input/ Output	8-bit bidirectional bus buffer
INT		Output	Interrupt request signal output from M66330 to MPU
DRQ		Output	DMA request signal for image data input-output by external DMA controller. DMA transfer is possible in the following modes G2 send, G2 receive. G2 to G3 conversion, and G3 to G2 conversion.
DAK		Input	DAM acknowledge signal from DMA controller. This signal is paired with the above DRQ signal.
SRDY	Output		Outputs ready signal for scanner for starting data transfer
STIM	Serial bus for scanning	Input	Defines scanner data transfer interval
SCLK	Senal bus for scanning	Input	Inputs sync clock signal for image data transfer from scanner
SVID		Input	Serial input of image data from scanner
RRDY		Input	Inputs ready signal for recorder for starting data transfer
RTIM		Output	Defines recorder data transfer interval
RCLK	Serial bus for recorder	Input	Inputs sync clock signal for image data transfer to recorder
ERCLK		Output	Outputs sync clock signal (= $1_{x_1}/4$ ) for transfer of data to recorder. This pin is connected to pin RCLK during operation.
RVID		Output	Serial output of image data to recoroer
Х1		Input	Connected to quartz oscillator. Also used as input pin for X1 with external clock input. In such a case, X2 re-
X <sub>2</sub>		Output	mains open.
Vcc		-	Positive power supply pin
GND	Others		Ground (GND) pin
STNBY		~	When set to level "H", the internal memory is placed in standby mode. Set to level "L" during operation.
TEST		-	Test pin. Set level permanently to "L".



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#### **REGISTER STRUCTURE**

 The numerics in brackets under the register name are the address in hexadecimal.

## (1) Command Registers

The numerics in brackets under the bit allocation show the register status after reset. (X : undefined)

Register name	R/W	Bit allocation	Description				
System reset (6H)	w	D7 D0	Resets the controller D0 0 : Reset off 1 : Reset on Always set the reset off after setting the reset on.				
Interrupt enable (0H)	w		Enables or disables interrupt requests D0 : Transfer line input-output completion interrupt (1 : enable) D1 : Code/decode completion and process line output completion interrupt (1 : enable) D2 : Recorder ready interrupt (1 : enable) D3 : Image data input-output ready interrupt (Note 1) (1 : enable)				
Line pixel count (4H)	w	D7 D0	Sets the pixel count and reduction ratio for the line memory for image data input         D1       D0       Pixel count and reduction ratio       Possible operating modes         0       0       A4 (1728 bits per line)       All modes         0       1       B4 (2048 bits per line)       All modes         1       0       B4 to A4 (9/11 reduction)       G3 send         G2 to G3 conversion       G2 to G3 to G2 conversion				
Output image data processing (8H)	W		Sets format of data for output to recorder         Size setting         D1       D0       Output image data       Recording paper         0       0       A4 (1728 bits)       A4 (216mm)         0       1       A4 (1728 bits)       B4 (256mm)         1       0       -       -         1       0       -       -         1       1       B4 (2048 bits)       B4 (256mm)         D3       D2       Margin addition setting         0       0       Output only image data       B4 (256mm)         D3       D2       Margin addition setting         0       0       Output only image data       Image data         0       1       After image data, output 320 bit margin : left align       1         1       0       After 320 bit margin, output image data : right align       1         1       1       Output 160 bit margin before and after image data : center         Addition of margins can be specified only when D1=="0" and D0="1"         D5       D4       Edge blanking setting         0       0       No processing       0         0       1       -       -         1       0<				
Coerating mode (2H)	w		D2         D1         D0         Operating mode           0         0         0         Copy mode           0         0         1         G3 to G2 conversion mode           0         1         0         32 to G3 conversion mode           0         1         1         G3 receive mode           1         0         0         G2 receive mode           1         0         1         G3 send mode           1         1         0         G2 send mode				



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Register name	R/W	Bit allocation			Description	
Coding & decod- ing method (3H)	w	D7 D0	D0 0 : One-d	Sets coding-decoding method D0 0 : One-dimensional method (MH) 1 : Two-dimensional method (MR, MMR)		
Line memory	w		Allocates line	memory	/	
(5H)			D2 D1	D0	Cycle	
			0 0	0	0	
		D7 D0	0 0	1	1	
			0 1	0	2	
		(0 0 0)	1 0	0	4	
			1 0	1	5	
			1 1 1	0	6	
			Refer to Table	e 4 on p	age 8.	

#### (2) Status register

Register náme	R/W	Bit allocation	Description
Internal status (1H)	R	D7 D0	Indicates internal status D0 : Completion of transfer line input-output (1 : completed) D1 : Completion of coding/decoding and process line output (1 : completed) D2 : Recorder ready D3 : Image data input-output ready (Note 1) (1 : ready)

#### (3) Data registers

Register name	R/W	Bit allocation	Description Inputs image data from MPU to M66330 in G2 receive mode and G2 to G3 conversion mode. (The least significant bit (LSB : D0) corresponds to the top left on the document.)					
Image data input (7H)	w	$ \begin{array}{c c}     D7 & D0 \\     \hline                               $						
Image data output (7H)	R		to G2 conversion	in G2 send mode and G3 esponds to the top left on				
Coded data 1	at R	ata 1 R D7	D7 D0	Indicates the result of G3 coding				
(9H)			D2 D1 D0	One-dimensional coding	Two-dimensional coding			
		(0 1 × × 0 0 0)	0 0 0	—	-			
			0 0 1	-	V (0) mode			
			0 1 0	-	V <sub>L</sub> mode			
			0 1 1	-	V <sub>R</sub> mode			
			1 0 0	MH mode	H mode (a0 a1)			
			1 0 1	-	H mode (a1 a2)			
			1 1 0	-	P mode			
			1 1 1	_				



Register name	R/W	Bit allocation	Description
			D4         D3         Distance of a1 to b1 in V <sub>R</sub> /V <sub>L</sub> mode           0         0         -
			0 1 1
			1 0 2
			1 1 3
			D6 D5 Coding status
			0 0 Mode detection in progress
			0 1 Mode detection complete
	1		1 0 -
			1 1 Detection of last mode complete (end of 1 line)
Coded data 2 (AH)	R	$ \begin{array}{c c}     D7 & D0 \\     \hline         \\         \\         (x \times x \times x \times x \times x) \end{array} $	Shows terminate run length in MH and H modes of MR D5 to D0 : Terminate run length (0 to 63) D6 : Color specification (1 : black) D7 : Existence of make-up coding (1 : exists)
Coded data 3 (BH)	R	$ \begin{array}{c c}     D7 & D0 \\     \hline                               $	Shows make-up run length in MH and H modes of MR D5 to D0 : Make-up run length (64, 128, 192, …, 2560) D6 : Color specification (1 : black)
Decoding	w	D7D0	Sets G3 decoding mode
data 1			D2 D1 D0 One-dimensional decoding Two-dimensional decoding
(9H)		(0 0 0 0 0)	0 0 0
			0 0 1 - V(0) mode
			0 1 0 VL mode
			0 1 1 - V <sub>R</sub> mode
			1 0 0 MH mode H mode (a0 a1)
			1 0 1 - H mode (a1 a2)
			1 1 0 — Pmode
			D4 D3 Distance of a1 to b1 in V <sub>R</sub> /V <sub>L</sub> mode
			0 0
	:		0 1 1
			1 0 2
Decoding data 2 (AH)	w		Shows terminate run-length in MH and H modes of MR D5 to D0 : Terminate run length (0 to 63)
Decoding data 3 (BH)	w	D7 D0 (0 0 0 0 0 0)	Shows make-up run length in MH and H modes of MR D5 to D0 : Make-up run length (64, 128, 192, ···, 2560)
Decoding	R	D7 D0	Shows decoding status
status			D2 D1 D0 Decoding status
(8H)		(0 0 0)	0 0 0 Decoding in progress
			0 0 1 Normal end of decoding
			0 1 1 Line end (Normal end of processing for one line)
			1 0 0 Decoding error (excess pixels)



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#### (4) Control registers

Register name	R/W	Bit allocation		Description	
Transfer line counter reset (CH)	w	D7	DO	Resets transfer line address counter	
Transfer line start (DH)	w	D7	D0	Starts input-output of transfer line data	
Process line counter reset (EH)	w	D7	DO	Resets process line address counter	
Process line start (FH)	w	D7	D0	Starts or restart process line	

Note 1 : Image data input-output ready

In the G2 send mode, G2 receive mode, G2 to G3 conversion mode and G3 to G2 conversion mode, this signal indicates that the input-output of image data is enabled on the MPU data bus.

Note 2 : Decoding mode setting error

This error is occured if '000' or '111' is set for D2, D1, and D0 in the G3 decoding mode for decoding data 1.

### FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW

#### (1) Overview

The M66330 is a CODEC LSI for high speed coding and decoding of image data under the control of an MPU.

- Pixels : Maximum 2048 bits/line (for B4-size)
   Binary image data is treated according to Table 1.
- Coding and decoding methods : MH, MR, and MMR
- Operation in the coding and decoding processes
   Table 2 and Figure 1 show the operations of the M66330 and MPU during the MH, MR, and MMR coding and decoding processes.

#### Table 1 Expression of binary data

Pixel	Binary form	
White level	0	
Black level	1	

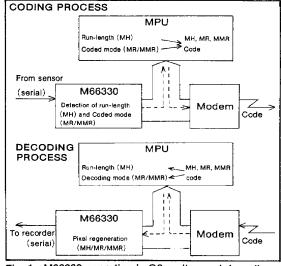


Fig. 1 M66330 operation in G3 coding and decoding processes

#### Table 2 M66330 operation in coding and decoding processes

Method	Process	M66330	MPU
МН	Coding	Generates black and white run-length data from the im- age data input from the scanning sensors. This data is sent to the MPU.	Codes the black and white run-length data input from the M66330 using the MH coding method. This coded data is sent to the modern.
MR	Decoding	Generates image data from the black and white run- length data supplied by the MPU. This image data is sent to the recording device.	Converts the MH-coded string input from the modern into black and white run-length data. This data is sent to the M66330.
MR MMR	Coding	Detects the MR mode of the image data input from the scanning sensors and sends the information to the MPU. In horizontal mode, the run-length data is also sent to the MPU.	Codes the result of MR mode detection input from the M66330. The result is coded by the MR method and sent to the modern.
	Decoding	Regenerates the image data on the basis of the result of MR mode detection input from the MPU. The re- generated image data is sent to the recording device.	Converts the MR-coded string input from the modem to MR mode, and sends the data to the M66330.



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(2) Operating mode

The following operating modes can be set using operating mode commands.

- Copy mode
- G3 to G2 conversion mode
- G2 to G3 conversion mode
- •G3 receive mode (MH, MR, and MMR methods)
- •G2 receive mode
- •G3 send mode (MH, MR, and MMR methods)
- ●G2 send mode
- (3) Internal line memory operation

The M66330 has three line memories of 2048 bits per line. These are the transfer line memory, process line memory, and reference line memory.

The transfer line memory is used as a data input-output buffer, and the writing or reading position of data is controlled according to the transfer line address counter.

The process line memory is used mainly for handling the line data for the coding and decoding processes. The memory is controlled by the process line address counter.

The reference line memory is used as a reference line data buffer for use in two-dimensional coding and decoding. As with the process line memory, the data writing or reading position is controlled by the process line address counter.

Table 3 shows the operation of each type of line memory in each operating mode.

Table 3 Internal	line memory	operation in each operating	mode
	Line memory	Transfer line	Reference li

	ine memory	Transfer line	Reference line	Process line
Operating mode		Transfer line address counter	Process line	address counter
Copy mode	De	ta buffer for scanning	-	Data buffer for recording
G3 to G2 conversion mod	e Da	ta buffer for MPU output	Reference line data for decoding	Decoded line data
G2 to G3 conversion mod	e Da	ta buffer for MPU input	Reference line data for coding	Coding line data
G3 receive mode	Da	ta buffer for recording	Reference line data for decoding	Decoded line data
G2 receive mode	Da	ta buffer for MPU input	-	Data buffer for recording
G3 send mode	Da	ta buffer for scanning	Reference line data for coding	Coding line data
G2 send mode	Da	ta buffer for scanning	_	Data buffer for MPU output

The three line memories (LM1, LM2, and LM3) are allocated cyclically by the line memory commands to the transfer line, reference line, and process line.

Table 4 shows the relationship between the roles of the line memories and the line memory cycle.

#### Table 4 Line memory switching cycle

	Cycle	•				_	_
Line memory		U	1	2	4	5	6
Transfer line		LM1	LM2	LM3	LM2	LM3	LM1
Reference line		LM2	LM3	LM1	LM1	LM2	LM3
Process line		LM3	LM1	LM2	LM3	LM1	LM2



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#### (4) Interrupt requests

As shown in Table 5, the M66330 has seven interrupt factors. The interrupt enable command is used to enable and disable each interrupt request. When an in-

terrupt is generated, the factor is determined by reading the internal status register. Table 6 shows which interrupt factors can be generated in each operating mode.

No.	laterant lester	In	ternal status	(1H) bit patt	ern	
NO.	Interrupt factor	D3	D2	D1	DO	Interrupt reset timing
1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	0	0	o	1	WR of transfer line counter reset (CH)
2	Completion of coding	0	0	1	C	RD of coded data 1 (9H)
3	Completion of decoding	0	0	1	o	RD of decoding status (8H)
4	Completion of process line data output	0	0	1	0	WR of process fine counter reset (EH)
5	Recorder ready	0	1	0	0	RRDY input inactive
6	Image data output ready	1	0	0	o	RD of image data output (7H)
7	Image data input ready	1	0	0	0	WR of image data input (7H)

Table 5 M66330 interrupt factors

Values in brackets indicate hexadecimal address of the register.



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

Operating mode	No.	Internet factor			il statu			
Operating mode	NO.	Interrupt factor	D3	D2	ern (1F		Interrupt set timing	Interrupt reset timing
	1	Completion of transfer line input/output	0	0	0	1	Scanning system to M66330 at completion of input of one line of data	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
Сору	5	Recorder ready	0	1	0	0	Recording system to M66330 when RRDY input active	RRDY input inactive
	4	Completion of process line data output	0	0	1	0	M66330 to recording system at completion of output of one line of data	WR of process line counter r set (EH)
G3 send	1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	0	0	0	1	Scanning system to M66330 at completion of input of one line of data	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
	2	Completion of coding	0	0	1	0	At completion of coding	RD of coded data 1 (9H)
	1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	O	0	0	1	Scanning system to M66330 at completion of input of one line of data	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
G2 send	6	Image data output ready	1	0	0	0	When DRQ output for G2 data output is active	RD of image data output (7H)
	4	Completion of process line data output	C	0	1	c	At completion of output of one line of data for G2 data output	WR of process line counter r set (EH)
	3	Completion of decoding	0	0	1	0	At completion of decoding	RD of decoding status (8H)
G3 receive	5	Recorder ready	0	1	0	0	Recorder to M66330 when RRDY input is active	RRDY input inactive
	1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	0	0	o	1	M66330 to recording system at completion of output of one line of data	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
	7	Image data input ready	1	0	0	0	When DRQ output for G2 data input is active	WR of image data input (7H)
	1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	0	0	0	1	At completion of input of one line of data for G2 data input	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
G2 receive	5	Recorder ready	0	1	0	0	Recording system to M66330 when RRDY input active	RRDY input inactive
	4	Completion of process line data output	0	0	1	c	M66330 to recording system at completion of output of one line of data	WR of process line counter r set (EH)
	3	Completion of decoding	0	0	1	0	At completion of decoding	RD of decoding status (8H)
G3 to G2 conversion	6	Image data output ready	1	0	0	0	When DRQ output for G2 data output is active	RD of image data output(7H)
	1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	0	0	0	1	At completion of output of one line of data for G2 data output	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
	7	Image data input ready	ĩ	0	0	0	When DRQ output for G2 data input is active	WR of image data input (7H)
G2 to G3 conversion	1	Completion of transfer line data input/output	0	0	0	1	At completion of input of one line of data for G2 data input	WR of transfer line counter r set (CH)
	2	Completion of coding	0	0	1	0	At completion of coding	RD of coded data 1 (9H)

#### Table 6 Interrupt factors in each operating mode

Values in brackets indicate hexadecimal address of the register.



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#### (5) M66330 data input/output

The M66330 has three data buses. These are the MPU bus, the serial bus for the scanner, and the serial bus for the recorder.

Table 7 M66330 data input/output

These buses are used for the input and output of image data, coded data, and decoding data. The input/output sequences for these data types are shown on the subsequent pages.

No.	Data	Input/output	Data bus	Applicable modes	Fig.
1	image data	Input	Serial bus for scanner	Copy, G2 send, and G3 send	3
2	Image data	Output	Serial bus for recorder	Copy, G2 receive, and G3 receive	4
3	Coded data	Output	MPU bus	G3 send and G2 to G3 conversion	5,6
4	Decoding data	Input	MPU bus	G3 receive and G3 to G2 conversion	7,8
5	image data	Input	MPU bus	G2 receive and G2 to G3 conversion	9
6	Image data : DMA transfer	Input	MPU bus	G2 receive and G2 to G3 conversion	10
7	Image data	Output	MPU bus	G2 send and G3 to G2 conversion	11
8	Image data : DMA transfer	Output	MPU bus	G2 send and G3 to G2 conversion	12

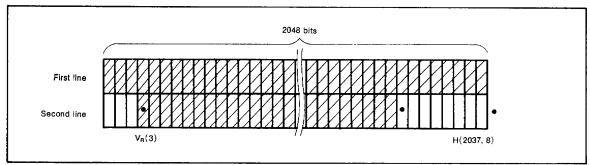
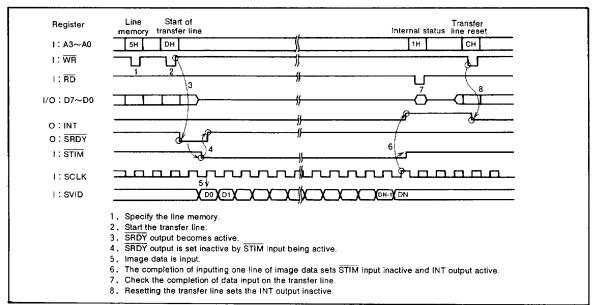
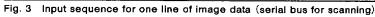


Fig. 2 Image data used in the coding/decoding data I/O sequence







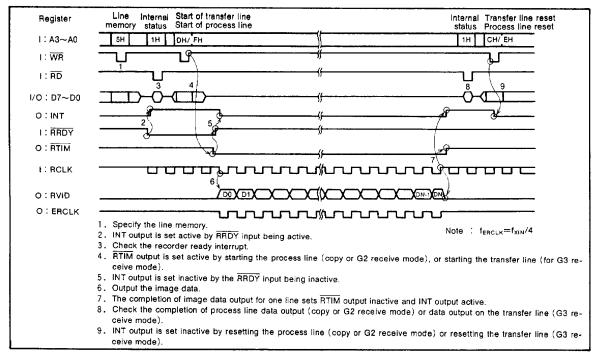
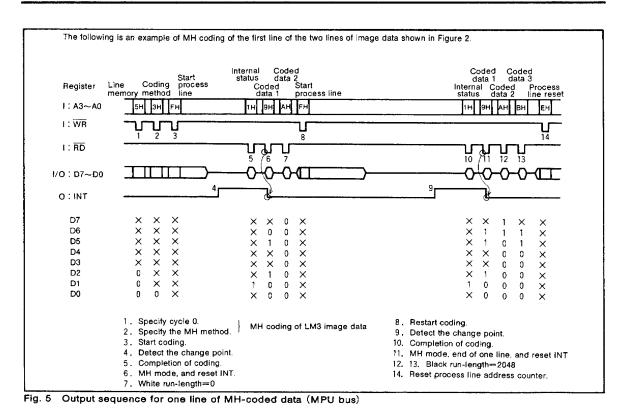


Fig. 4 Output sequence for one line of image data (serial bus for recording)





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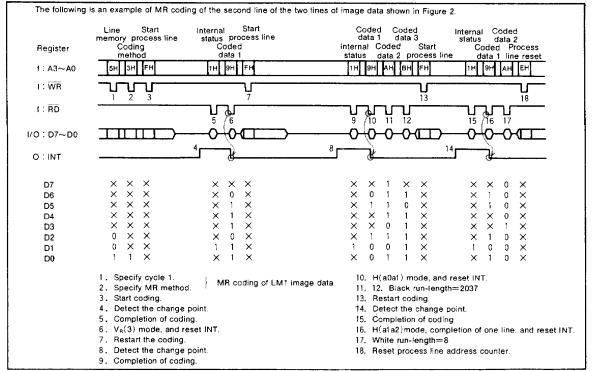
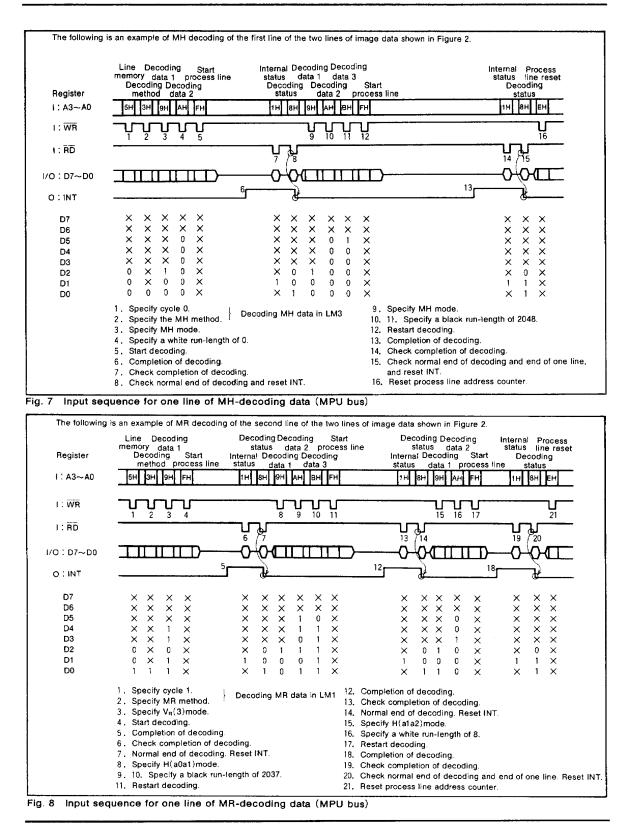


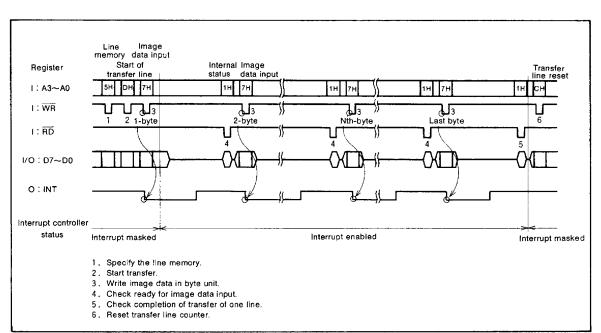
Fig. 6 Output sequence for one line of MR-coded data (MPU bus)







## M66330SP/FP





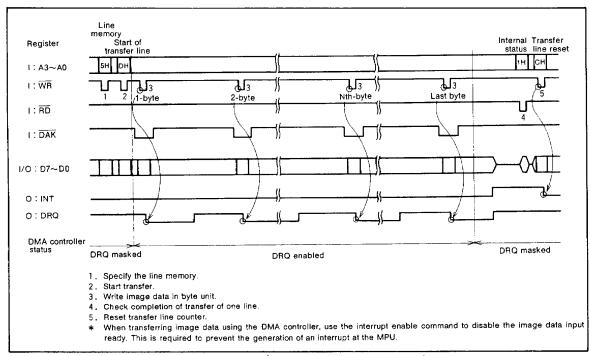
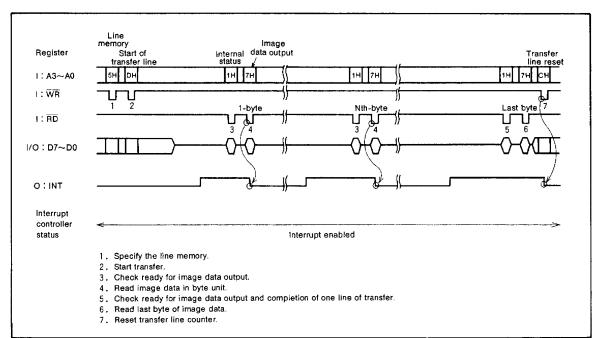
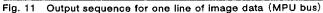


Fig. 10 Input sequence for one line of image data (MPU bus using DMA controller)







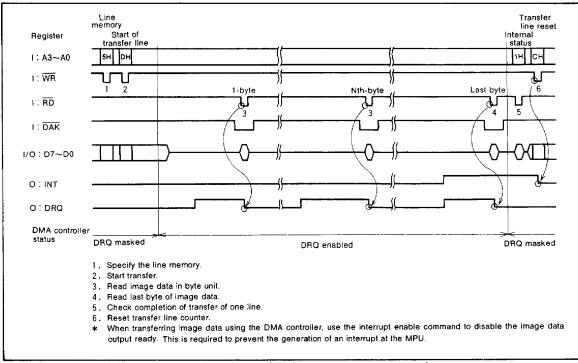


Fig. 12 Output sequence for one line of image data (MPU bus using DMA controller)



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### (6) Image processing function

The M66330 has three 2048-bit line memories. This allows the image data up to B4-size. The following describes the image processing functions of the M66330. These functions can be implemented using commands from the MPU.

Reduction function (B4 to A4)

Use the **line pixel count command** in G2 or G3 send modes to select reduction from B4 to A4 (reduction ratio : 9/11). Image data scanned at the B4-size is reduced in the horizontal scanning direction to A4-size for transfer. An MPU program reduces the dimensions in the vertical scanning direction by the same ratio.

Addition of sender identification

In G3 send mode, use the **operating mode command** to select the G2 to G3 conversion mode. In this mode, image data of the sender identification is input via the MPU bus of the M66330, is coded, and is sent appended to the coded data for the document. This allows the sender identification to be printed.

Recording of receiver identification
 In G2 and G3 receive modes, use the operating mode
 command to select G2 receive mode. In this mode, re-

command to select G2 receive mode. In this mode, receiver identification data is input via the MPU bus of the M66330, is output via the serial bus for the recorder, and is appended to the received image data. This allows the receiver identification to be printed.

Journal output

Use the **operating mode command** to select G2 receive mode. In this mode, journal data is input via the MPU bus of the M66330 and output via the serial bus for the recorder. This allows journal output.

Processing for image data transferred to recorder system

Use the output image processing command for the following settings.

These settings are possible when image data in the M66330 line memories is output via the serial bus for recording.

① Alignment function

When recording A4-size (1728-bit) images on B4-size (2048-bit) recording paper, a white margin can be added before and after the image data. This allows the image to be right-aligned, centered, or left-aligned. Figure 13 shows examples.

2 Edge blanking function

As shown in Figure 14, this function allows forcible blanking of 16 bits (2mm) or 32 bits (4mm) on both side of the output image data.

- This function is used in the following cases :
- To correct for the difference between the A4 image sensor width (1728 bits: 216mm) and the JIS standard

A4 paper size (1680 bits : 210mm)

- To delete the shadow around a scanned document when recording A4-size image data on B4-size recording paper
- To prevent the thermal head from burning the platen when the thermal head of the recorder is misaligned with the recording paper. This situation can occur when B4 images are being printed on B4 paper, or A4 images are being printed on A4 paper.

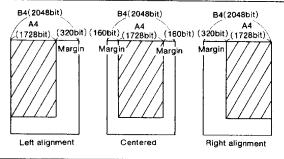


Fig. 13 Alignment function

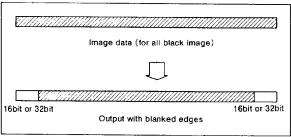


Fig. 14 Edge blanking function



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

(7) G3 to G3 conversion function

In facsimile machines with memory functions, image data is first compressed and stored in memory. For the data to be transferred, the sender must convert the coding method and/or recording paper size according to the functions of the receiver. With the M66330, G3 to G3 conversion is achieved by the appropriate commands from the MPU.

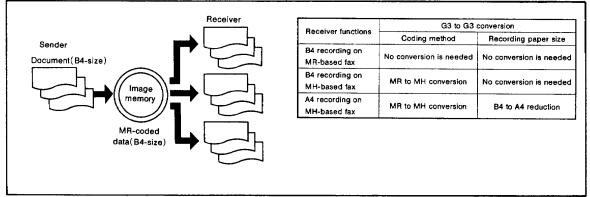


Fig. 15 Conversion functions in facsimile machines with memory functions

Coding method conversion

The G3 to G2 conversion mode of the M66330 is used to decode G3-coded data stored in image memory to image data in the line memory. The G2 to G3 conversion mode is then used to re-code the data into G3 format.

Operating sequences and line memory cycles are shown in Table 8.

Paper size conversion

The G3 to G2 conversion mode of the M66330 is used to decode G3-coded data (B4-size) stored in image

memory to image data in the line memory. The G2 to G3 conversion mode is then used to specify a reduction from B4 to A4 (**line pixel count command**) and to recode the data into G3 format. This allows the dimensions in the horizontal scanning direction to be reduced from B4 to A4.

An MPU program is used to reduce the dimensions in the vertical scanning direction in the same ratio.

Operating sequences and line memory cycles are shown in Table 9.



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

Data I/O	Data I/O Operating mode Coding.			Operating sequence							
G3 data input	G3 to G2 conversion	Decoding	0 line (All white image)	1 line	2 line	3 line		Last line			
G3 data output	G2 to G3 conversion	Coding	-	1 line	2 line	3 line		Last line			
	Line mem	2	0	1	2						
	Transf	er line	LM3(-)	LM1(~)	LM2(0)	LM3(1)	Repeat the same line memory cycle as 1st line to 3rd line	ne to 3rd line to last			
line memory	Refere	Reference line		LM2(0)	LM3(1)	LM1(2)	line.				
	Proces	ss line	LM2(0)	LM3(1)	LM1(2)	LM2(3)					

#### Table 8 G3 to G3 operating sequence (without paper size conversion)

#### Table 9 G3 to G3 operating sequence (with paper size conversion)

Data I/O	Operating mode	line pixel count	Coding/ decoding			_		c	Operating	sequenc	e				
G3 data input	G3 to G2 conversion	B4	Decoding	0 line (All white image)	1 line	2 line	3 line	4 line	5 line	6 line	-	7 line	8 line	9 line	10 line
G3 data output	G2 to G3 conversion	B4→A4	Coding	-	1 line	2 line	3 line	4 line	-	-	6 line	7 line	8 line	9 line	-
	Line merr	nory cycle	3	2	0	1	2	0	1	2	6	0	1	2	0
line memory	Transf	er line		LM3(-)	LM1()	LM2(0)	LM3(1)	LM1(2)	LM2(3)	LM3(4)	LM1(5)	LM1(5)	LM2(6)	LM3(7)	LM1(8
me memory	Refere	ence line												LM1(8)	
	Process line												LM2(9)		

(to be continued)

							0	perating	sequenc	e							
11 line	-	12 line	13 line	14 line	15 line	16 line	17 line	_	18 line	19 line	20 line	21 line	22 line	-	23 line	24 line	25 line
-	11 line	12 line	13 line	14 line	15 line	-	-	17 line	18 line	19 line	20 line	-	_	22 line	23 line	24 line	25 line
1	5	2	0	1	2	0	1	5	2	0	1	2	0	4	1	2	0
_M2(9)	LM3(10)	LM3(10)	LM1(11)	LM2(12)	LM3(13)	LM1(14)	LM2(15)	LM3(16)	LM3(16)	LM1(17)	LM2(18)	LM3(19)	LM1(20)	LM2(21)	LM2(21)	LM3(22)	LM1(23
M3(10)	LM2(9)	LM1(11)	LM2(12)	LM3(13)	LM1(14)	LM2(15)	LM3(16)	LM2(15)	LM1(17)	LM2(18)	LM3(19)	LM1(20)	LM2(21)	LM1(20)	LM3(22)	LM1(23)	LM2(24
.M1(11)	LM1(11)	LM2(12)	LM3(13)	LM1(14)	LM2(15)	LM3(16)	LM1(17)	LM1(17)	LM2(18)	LM3(19)	LM1(20)	LM2(21)	LM3(22)	LM3(22)	LM1(23)	LM2(24)	LM3(25

							0	perating	sequence	)	
26 line	27 line	28 line	_	29 line	30 line	31 line	32 line	33 line	-		Last line
26 line	-	-	28 line	29 line	30 line	31 line	-	-	33 line		Last line
1	2	0	4	1	2	0	1	2	6		
LM2(24)	LM3(25)	LM1(26)	LM2(27)	LM2(27)	LM3(28)	LM1(29)	LM2(30)	LM3(31)	LM1(32)	Repeat the same line memory cycle as 1st line to 33rd line	to last
LM3(25)	LM1(26)	LM2(27)	LM1(26)	LM3(28)	LM1(29)	LM2(30)	LM3(31)	LM1(32)	LM3(31)	line.	
LM1(26)	LM2(27)	LM3(28)	LM3(28)	LM1(29)	LM2(30)	LM3(31)	LM1(32)	LM2(33)	LM2(33)		



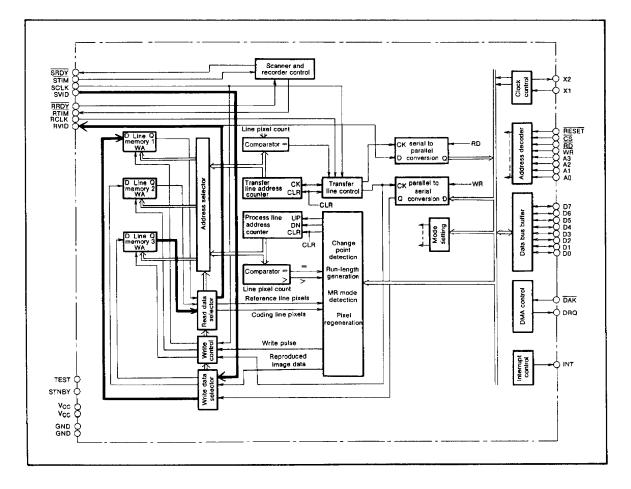
#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

### DATA FLOW

The following describes the data flow in each operating mode. Line memory cycle 0 is used for the examples.

(1) Copy mode

In the copy mode, image data input from the scanner is output to the recorder via line memory.



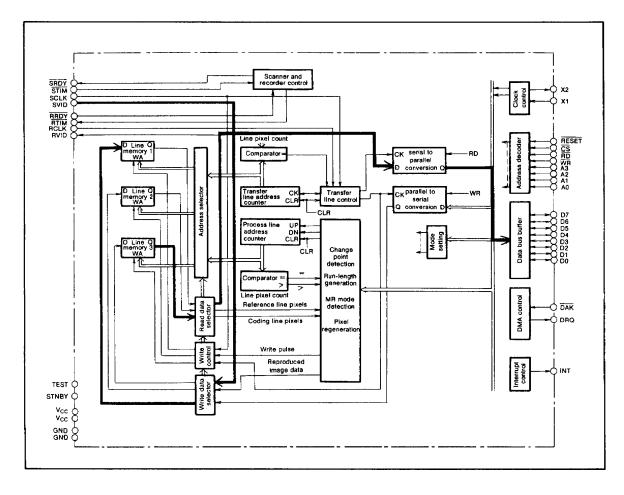
Line memory	Address counter	Role		
Transfer line	Transfer line address counter	Data buffer for scanner		
Reference line				
Process line	<ul> <li>Process line address counter</li> </ul>	Data buffer for recorder		



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### (2) G2 send mode

In the G2 send mode, image data input from the scanner is output to the MPU bus.



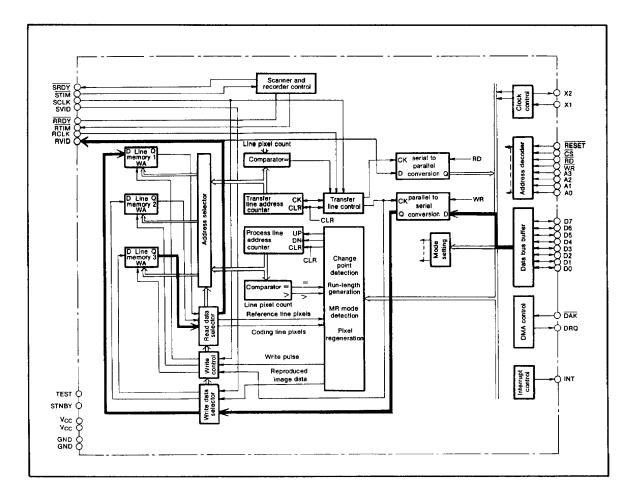
Line memory	Address counter	Role
Transfer line	Transfer line address counter	Data buffer for scanner
Reference line		_
Process line	Process line address counter	Data buffer for MPU output



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### (3) G2 receive mode

In the G2 receive mode, image data input via the MPU bus is output to the recorder via line memory. This mode allows the recording of journals and data transfer when recording receiver identification.



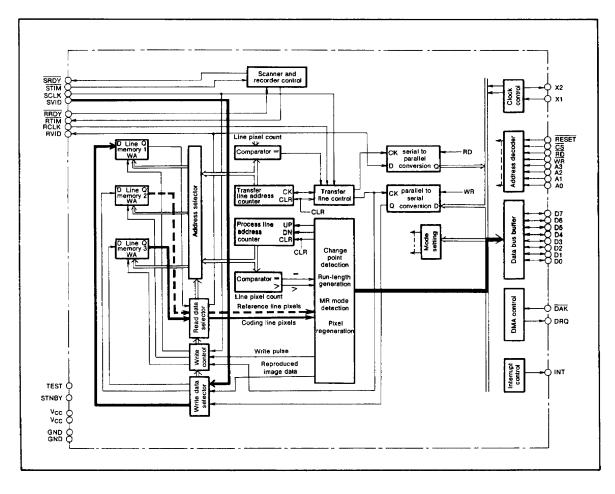
Line memory	Address counter	Role		
Transfer line	Transfer line address counter	Data buffer for MPU input		
Reference line	Deserve line address souther			
Process line	Process line address counter	Data buffer for recorder		



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

(4) G3 send mode
 In the G3 send mode, image data input from the scanner is coded and output as G3 data (coded data 1 to

3) to the MPU bus.

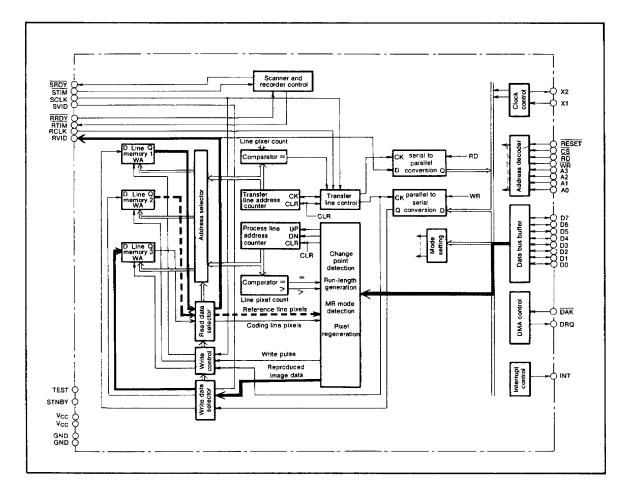


Line memory	Address counter	Role		
Transfer line	Transfer line address counter	Data buffer for scanner		
Reference line	Process line address counter	Reference line data for coding		
Process line		Line data to be coded		



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

 (5) G3 receive mode
 In the G3 receive mode, image data is regenerated in line memory using the G3 data (decoded data 1 to 3) input from the MPU bus.
 This image data is then output to the recorder.



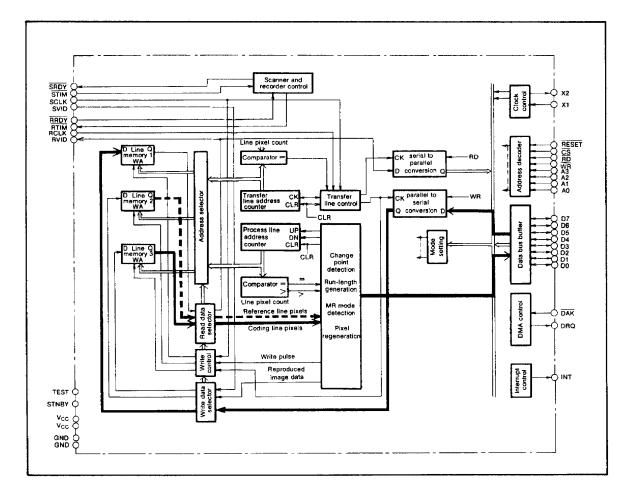
Line memory	Address counter	Role		
Transfer line	Transfer line address counter	Data buffer for scanner		
Reference line	Process line address counter	Reference line data for coding		
Process line	1	Line data to be coded		



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### (6) G2 to G3 conversion mode

In the G2 to G3 conversion mode, image data input from the MPU bus is coded, then output as G3 data (coded data 1 to 3) to the MPU bus. This mode is used for data transfer of sender identification.

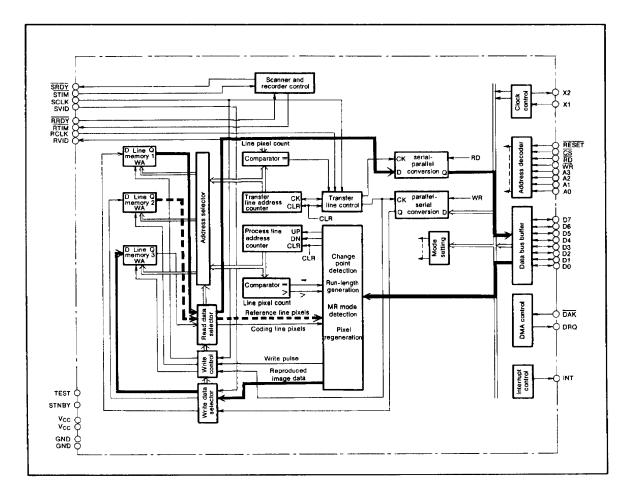


Line memory	Address counter	Role
Transfer line	Transfer line address counter	Data buffer for MPU input
Reference line	Process line address counter	Reference line data for coding
Process line		Line data to be coded



### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

(7) G3 to G2 conversion mode In the G3 to G2 conversion mode, image data is regenerated in line memory from the G3 data (coded data 1 to 3) input from the MPU bus. This image data is then output again to the MPU bus.



Line memory	Address counter	Role		
Transfer line Transfer line address cou		Data buffer for MPU output		
Reference line	Process line address counter	Reference line data for decoding		
Process line		Decoded line data		



## M66330SP/FP

### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### **RESET CIRCUIT**

Requirements for reset circuit is shown in Figure 16.

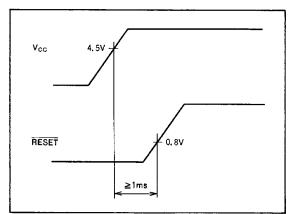
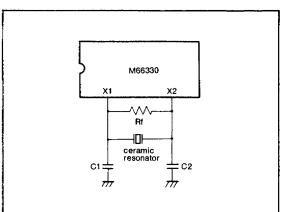


Fig. 16 Requirements for power on reset

### CLOCK GENERATOR

Clock generator circuit for the ceramic resonator is shown in Figure 17.





Supplier	Туре	frequency (MHz)	C1 (pF)	C2 (pF)	Rf (MΩ)
Murata Manufacturing Co., L1d.	CSA4. 00 MG 040	4.0	100	100	1.0
	CST4.00 MGW040	4.0	100 (Included)	100 (Included)	1.0
	CSA8.00 MT	8.0	30	30	1.0
	CST8.00 MTW	8.0	30 (Included)	30 (Included)	1.0



## M66330SP/FP

### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage		-0.3~+7.0	V
V <sub>1</sub>	Input voltage		-0.3~Vcc+0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		0~Vcc	V
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65~+150	ĉ

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter		11-14		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	4.5	5.0	5.5	v
GND	Ground voltage		0.		v
Vi	Input voltage	0		Vcc	v
Topr	Operating temperature range	-20	1	75	°

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_a = -20 \sim 75$ °C and $V_{cc} = 5V \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Test conditions		Limits		Unit	
Gymbol	Falbineter		Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
ViH	"H" input voltage	RESET, WR. RD, CS, A3~A0, D7~D0, RRDY,		2.0			v	
VIL	"L" input voltage	SVID, STIM, DAK, STNBY				0.8	v	
ViH	"H" input voltage	- x1		V <sub>CC</sub> ×0.8			v	
VIL	"L" input voltage	<b>_</b> ^				V <sub>cc</sub> X0.2	v	
VT+	Positive threshold voitage					2.4	v	
VT-	Negative threshold voltage	SCLK, RCLK		0.6			v	
Vн	Hysteresis width				0.2		v	
V <sub>OH</sub>	"H" output voltage	D7~D0, ERCLK,	I <sub>OH</sub> =-12mA	V <sub>cc</sub> -0,8			v	
Vol	"L" output voltage	RVID	I <sub>OL</sub> =12mA			0.55	v	
VoH	"H" output voltage	RTIM, SRDY,	I <sub>OH</sub> =4mA	V <sub>cc</sub> -0.8			v	
VoL	"L" output voltage	DRQ, INT	I <sub>OL</sub> =4mA			0.55	v	
կո	"H" input current	RESET, WR, RD, CS, A3~A0,	Vi=Vcc			1.0	μA	
i <sub>iL</sub>	"L" input current	STNBY, SVID, STIM, SCLK, RCLK, RRDY, DAK	V <sub>I</sub> =GND			-1.0	μA	
lozн	"H" output current in OFF state	D7~D0	vo=vcc			5.0	μA	
lozL	"L" output current in OFF state	D7~D0	V <sub>0</sub> =GND			-5.0	μA	
	Static consumption (standby)		STNBY=V <sub>CC</sub> Other input=V <sub>CC</sub> , GND			100	μA	
lcc	Static consumption (active)		STNBY=GND Other input=V <sub>CC</sub> , GND			60	mA	
	Dynamic consumption		$V_1 = V_{CC}$ , GND $t_{X1} = 8MHz$		35		mA	



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

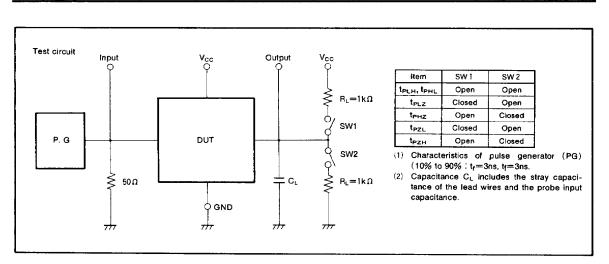
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Limits	Limits		Unit
Symbol	Parameter	rest conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>C(X1)</sub>	Clock cycle			125		ns
tw+(x1)	Clock "H" pulse width			62.5		ns
tw-(x1)	Clock "L" pulse width			62.5		ns
t <sub>r(x1)</sub>	Clock rise time				20	ns
<b>፟</b> f(x1)	Clock fall time				20	ns
tsu(A-RD)	Address setup time before read	-	0			ns
th(RD-A)	Address hold time after read		0			ns
tw(RD)	Read pulse width	-	100			ns
	Address setup time before write		0			ns
th(WR-A)	Address hold time after write		0			ns
tw(wa)	Write pulse width		100			ns
	Data setup time before write		50			ns
th(wa-o)	Data hold time after write		0			ns
to(SCLK)	Scanning clock cycle		250			пs
tw+(SOLK)	Scanning clock "H" pulse width	-	100			ns
tw-(SCLK)	Scanning clock "L" pulse width		100			ns
tr(SCLK)	Scanning clock rise time				20	ns
tf(SOLK)	Scanning clock fall time	_			20	ns
tsu(STIM-SCLK)	Clock enable setup time before scanning clock		0			ns
th(SCLK-STIM)	Clock enable hold time after scanning clock		10			ns
tsu(svid_sclk)	Scanned data setup time before scanning clock		50			ns
th(SCLK-SVID)	Scanned data hold time after scanning clock		50			ns
tSU(RTIM-RCLK)	Enable setup time before recording clock	-	50			ns
th( RTIM-RRDY)	Recording ready hold time after print enable		0			ns
t <sub>C(RCLK)</sub>	Recording clock cycle		250			пs
tw+(BOLK)	Recording clock "H" pulse width		100			ns
tw-(RCLK)	Recording clock "L" pulse width	]	100			ns
tr(RCLK)	Recording clock rise time	]			20	ns
tf(RCLK)	Recording clock fall time				20	ns

#### TIMING REQUIREMENTS ( $T_a = -20 \sim 75$ °C and $V_{cc} = 5V \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise noted)

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_a = -20 \sim 75^{\circ}$ and $V_{cc} = 5V \pm 10\%$ , unless otherwise noted)

0t 1	Deservation	<b>T</b>	Limits			
Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
tPZL(RD-0)	Data output enable time after read				100	ns
tezh(RD-D)	INT output propagation time after RRDY input RTIM output propagation time after RCLK input	C <sub>L</sub> =150pF			100	113
tPLZ(RD-D)	Data output disable time after read	CL-150PF	10		85	ns
tPHZ(AD-D)	Data obtput disable time alter read				65	113
PHL (AD-INT)	INT output propagation time after read				150	ns
PHL(WA-INT)	INT output propagation time after write	  СL=50рF			150	ns
PHL(RD-DRQ)	DRQ output propagation time after read				150	ns
PHL(WA-DRQ)	DRQ output propagation time after write				150	ns
PLH(STIM-SADY)	SRDY output propagation time after STIM input				50	ns
PLH(RRDY-INT)	INT autout propagation time after BBDV issue				50	ns
TPHL (BRDY-INT)					50	115
tPLH(RGLK-RTIM)	RTIM output propagation time after RCLK input				50	ns
TPHL(RCLK-RVID)	RVID output propagation time after RCLK input	0 -150-5			100	ns
ta(ACLK-RVID)	RVID output propagation time after RCLK input	C <sub>L</sub> =150pF			50	ns

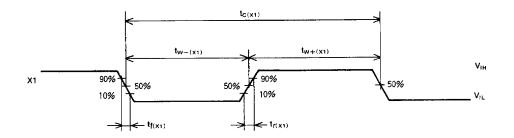




#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

### TIMING CHARTS

Clock timing

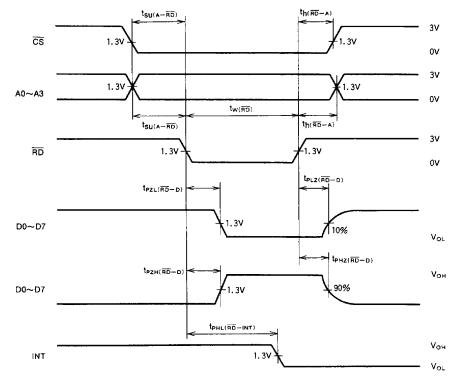




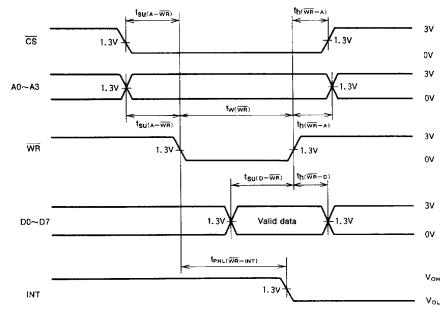
### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

MPU bus interface timing

Read operation timing (M66330 to MPU)



Write operation timing (MPU to M66330)

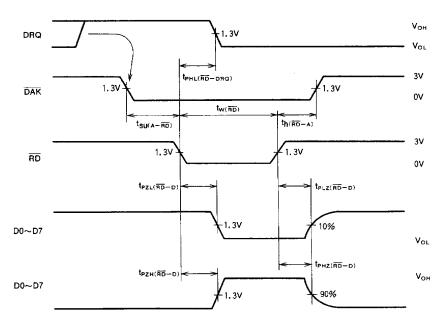




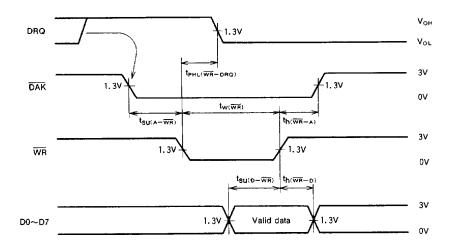
### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### MPU bus DMA timing

Read operation timing (M66330 to system bus)

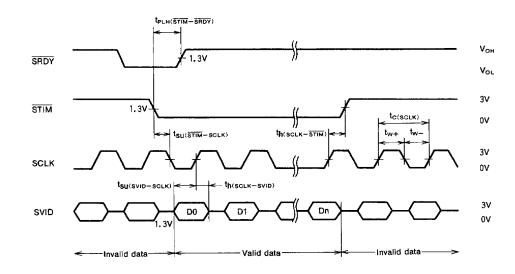


Write operation timing (System bus to M66330)



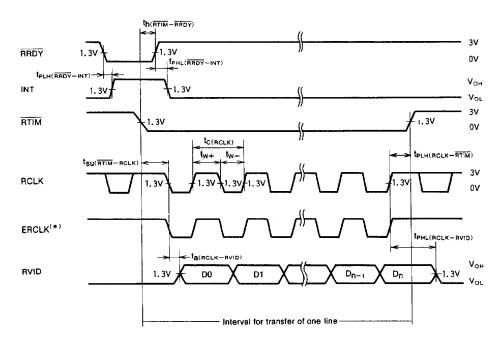


### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER



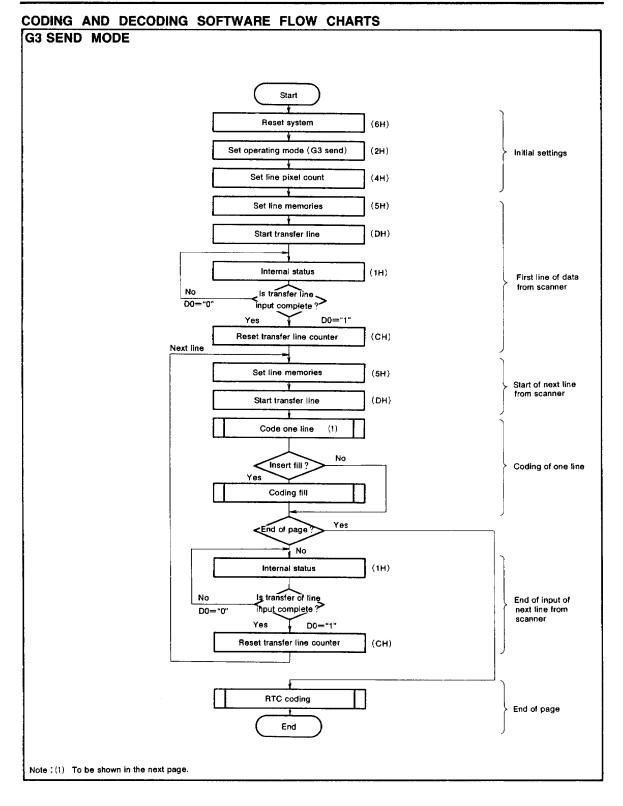
Serial bus timing for scanning

#### Serial bus timing for recording

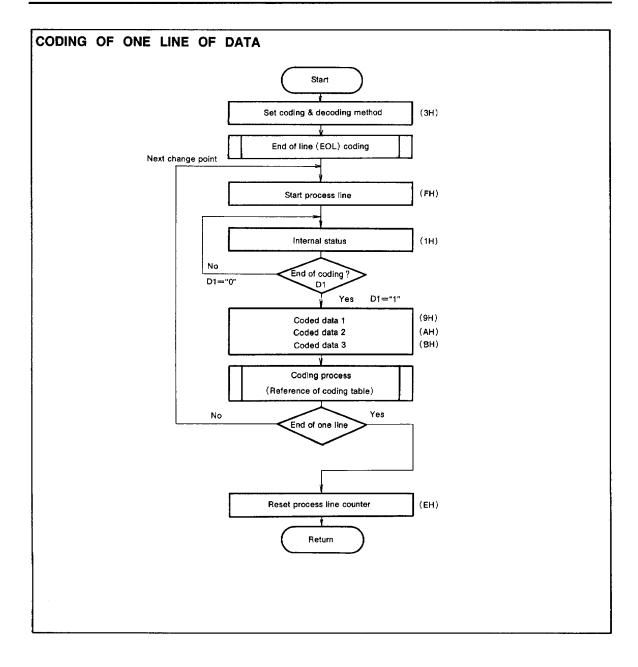


(\*) f<sub>ERCLK</sub>=f<sub>X1</sub>/4 When using ERCLK output, connect the ERCLK output to the RCLK input.

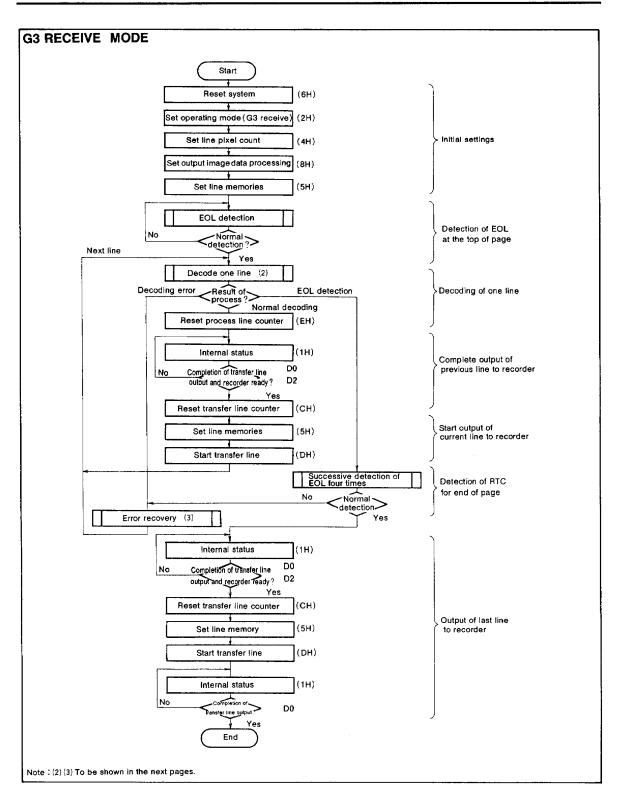




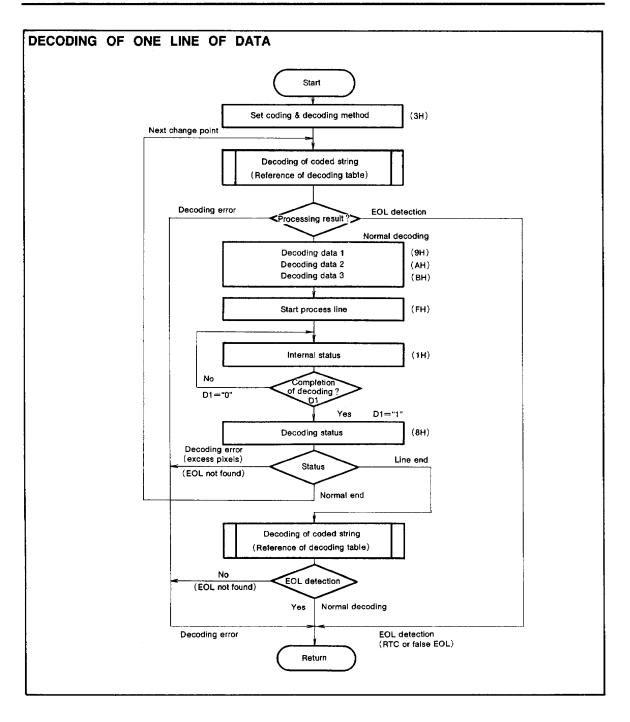




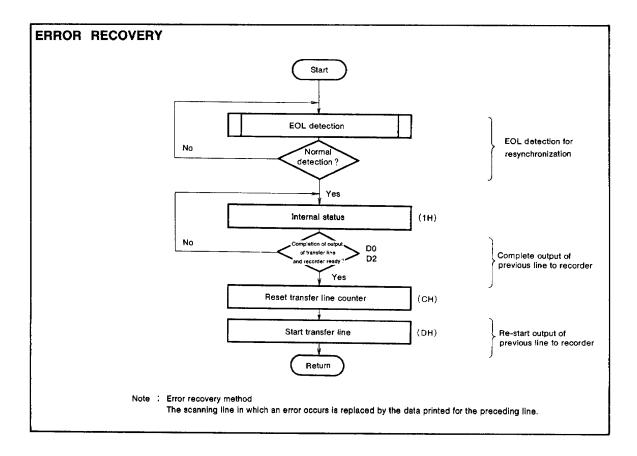














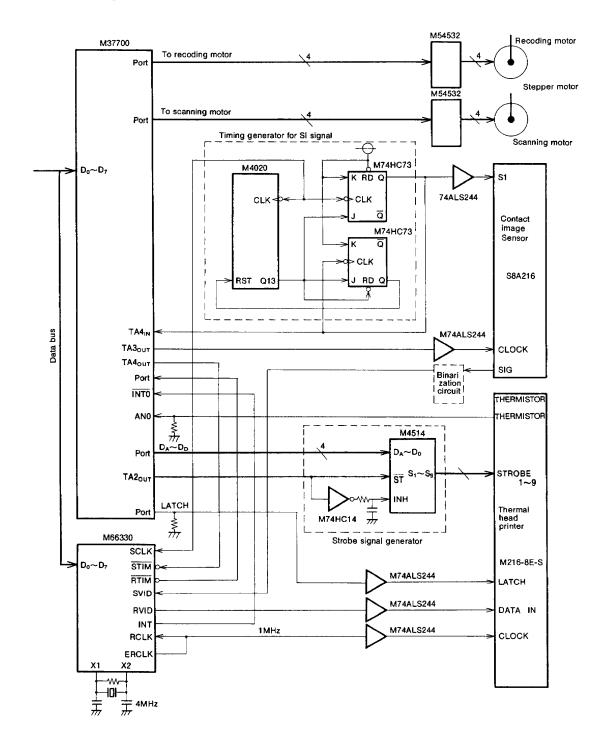
### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

Equivalent to M37700 Timing generator for SI signal M5M80C85 Q M74HC73 M4020 K RD Q CLK SI I CLK CLK 1 ā M74HC73 Contact Data bus image Sensor CPU õ 1 CLK 1 M5M82C54 CLK1 RST Q13 RD Q CLK2 CLK3 -S8A216 GATE OUT1 OUT2 M74ALS244 1 500kHz OUT3 CLOCK 1 TIMER Binari M58990 | zation ⊷ SIG I circuit! AN0 L \_ \_ \_ \_ Address bus EOC > IR2 CLK Ð A/D converter THERMISTOR Strobe signal generator THERMISTOR M5M82C55 M4514 DI QI  $D_A \sim D_D$ 9 STROBE 24 Q9 Port A Port B RRDY Port C RTIM Port D INH Thernal  $\Lambda\Lambda\Lambda$ head Port E LATCH M74HC14 printer Port F  $\overline{\mathcal{H}}$ PPI M74ALS244 M5M82C59 OUT2 (Window) (Strobe) (AD CONV.) LATCH IRO M74ALS244 IR1 DATA IN IR2 M74ALS244 1R3 Interrupt 1MHz CLOCK controller M54532 Recoding M66330 motor To recoding motor INT STIM SCLK Stepper motor SVID M54532 RVID From port B BRDY ➤ To port C RTIM To scanning moto. 4 RCLK ERCLK Scanning CODEC motor

Example of FAX engine unit with M5M80C85 and M66330



# BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

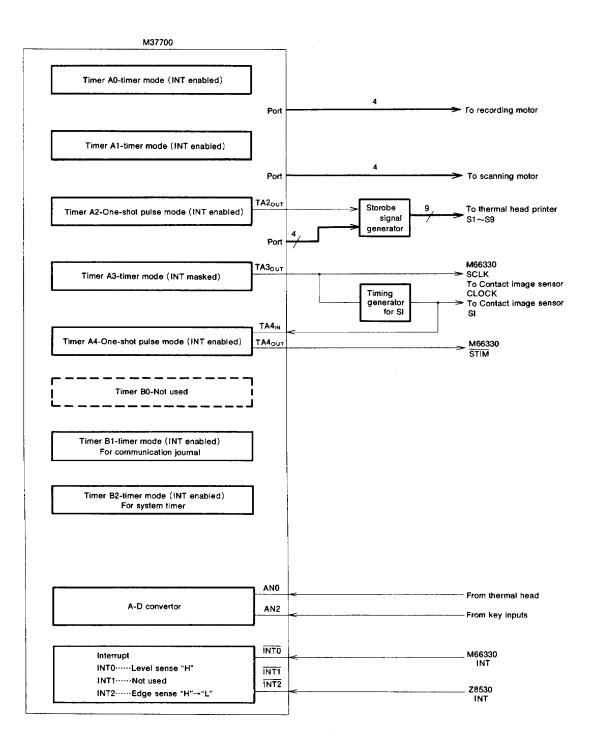


Example of FAX engine unit with M37700 and M66330

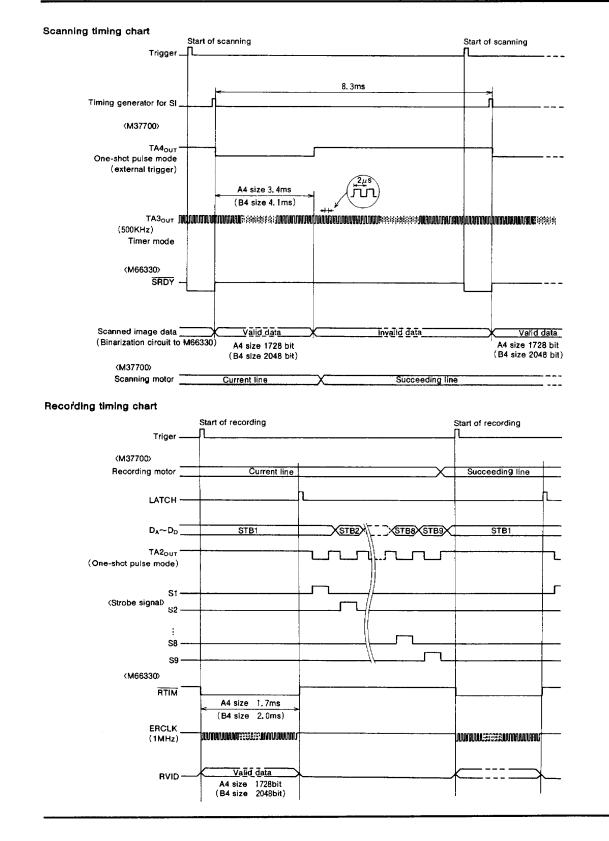


#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### Example of M37700 functions









# Telephone line LCD/LED Key HDD Audio recording and reproduction EPROM NCU DRAM SRAM 1 IC card 1 Ч۲ LSI for control panel mage memory MODEM $\mathbb{D}$ ROM RAM Main control MPU with DMAC Serial-parallel conversion Change point detection Run-length generation MR mode detection Pixel M66330SP/FP Line memory Line memory Line memory Address counter Binarization & half tone Cotrol Thermal head hysteresis control and motor control SYSTEM CONFIGURATION DIAGRAM Image data processor M66332FP M66333FP Recorder control MCU M37450 with A/D D/A Image sensor 1 Head driver 1 Stepping motor driver Stepping motor driver I Lamp D.L $\triangleleft$ -0

BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

MITSUBISHI (DIGITAL ASSP)

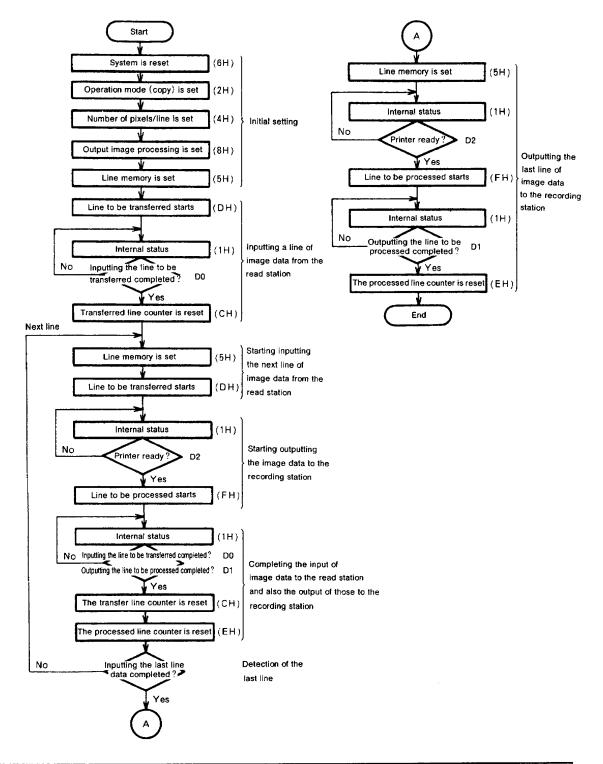
M66330SP/FP



# BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

#### **Flowcharts for Various Operations**

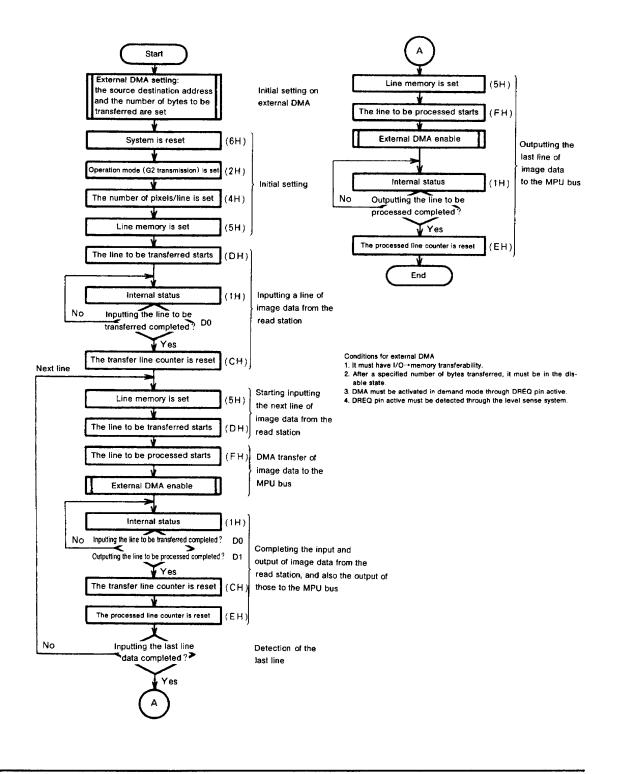
(1) Copy mode





#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

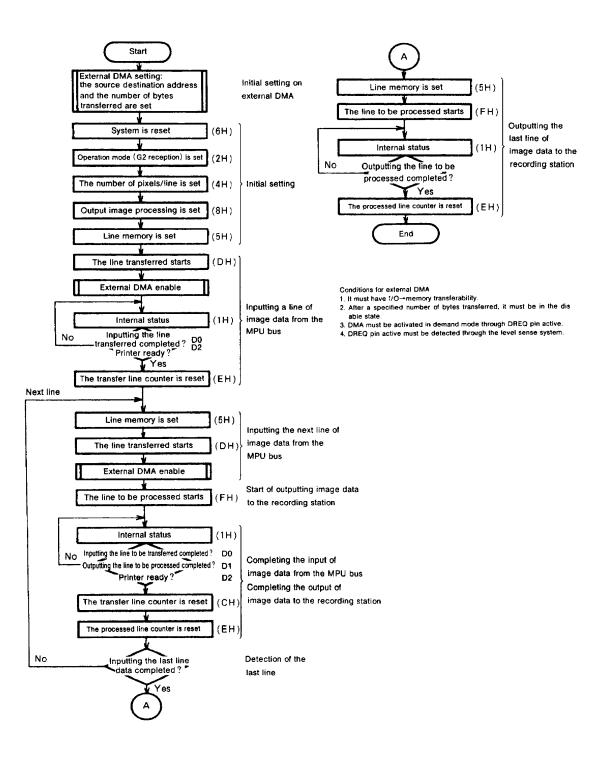
(2) G2 transmission mode (DMA transfer mode)





### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

(3) G2 reception mode (journal recording) (DMA transfer mode)



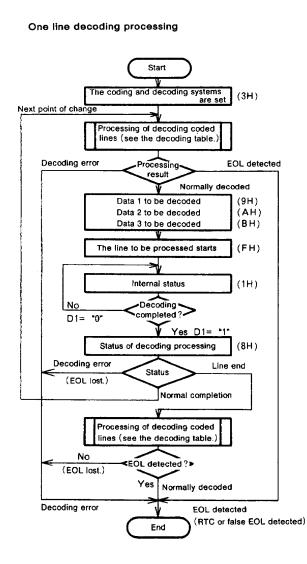


#### (4) G3 transmission mode One line coding processing Start Start The coding and decoding systems are set (6H) (3H) System is reset Operation mode (G3 transmission) (2H) EOL coding Initial setting Next point of change The number of pixels/line is set (4H) The line to be processed starts (FH) Line memory is set (5H) Internal status (1H) The line to be transferred starts (DH) Coding No D1 completed ? Inputting a line of D1= "0" Internal status (1H) image data from the Yes D1= "1" read station Inputting the line to be Data 1 to be coded (9H) No transferred completed? D0 Data 2 to be coded (AH) D0= "0" Data 3 to be coded (BH) D0= "1" Yes The transfer line counter is reset (CH) Coding processing (see the coding table.) Next line No Yes (5H) Line memory is set The line ends ?> Start of inputting the next line of image data from the read station The line to be transferred starts (DH) One line coding processing The processed line counter is reset (EH)No <Fills inserted ?> One line coding processing End Yes Processing of the fill codes Yes «The page ends ?-利 No (1H) Internal status Inputting the line to be Completing the input of the No D0 transferred completed? next line of image data D0= "0" from the read station D0= "1" Yes The transfer line counter is reset (CH) RTC coding processing Page end processing End



- Start (6H) System is reset Operation mode (G3 reception) is set (2H) The number of pixels/line is set (4H) Initial setting Output image processing is set (8H) Line memory is set (5H) EOL detection Detection of page-start EOL 1 No Normally detected ? Next line × Yes One line decoding processing Decoding error EOL detected Processing One line decoding processing result Normally decoded The processed line counter is reset (EH) > Internal status (1H) Completing the output of the No Inputting the line to be transferred completed? preceding line of image data DO to the recording station Printer ready? D2 Yes The transfer line counter is reset (CH) Starting the output of the Line memory is set (5H) current line of image data to the recording station (DH)The line transferred starts Detection of four serial EOLs Normally Detection of page-end RTC No detected ? Yes Error processing (1H)Internal status No Inputting the line to be transferred completed? D0 Printer ready? D2 Yes The processed line counter is reset (CH) Outputting the last line of image data to the Line memory is set (5H) recording station The line transferred starts (DH)Internal status (1H)Outputting the line transferred completed ? D0 No Yes End
- (5) G3 reception mode





#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

Error processing

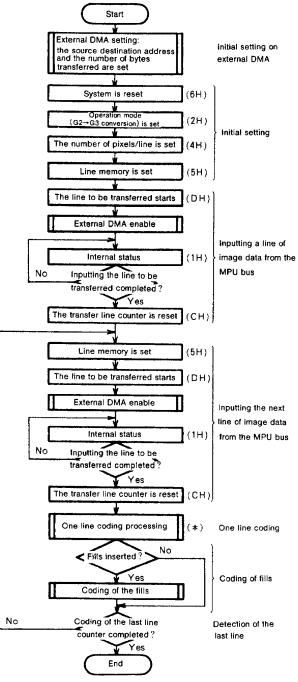
Start EOL detection Detection of EOL for No Normally re-synchronization detected ?~ ₹ Yes Internal status (1H) Completion of outputting toputting the line to be transferred completed? D0 No the preceding line of Printer ready? D2 image data to the Yes recording station The transfer line counter is reset (CH) Start of re-outputting The line transferred starts (DH) the preceding line of image data to the recording station End

Note : Error processing method The erred scan line is replaced with the data recorded on the scan line right above it.



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

(6)  $G2 \rightarrow G3$  conversion mode (printing of the sender) (DMA transfer mode)



Conditions for external DMA

- 1. It must have I/O→memory transferability
- 2. After a specified number of bytes transferred, it must be in the disable state.
- 3. DMA must be activated in demand mode through DREQ pin active.
   4. DREQ pin active must be detected through the level sense system.
- Note (\*): 4-80 pages
  - See the flowchart "One line coding processing".



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

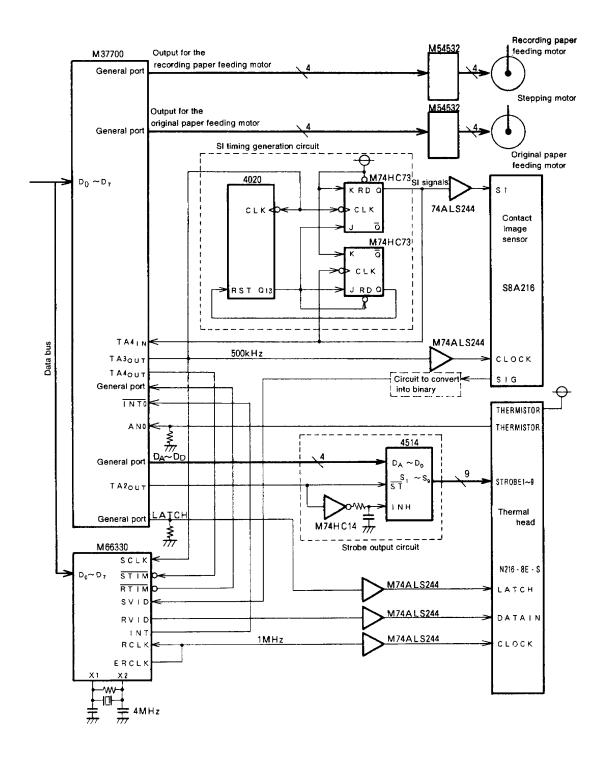
Parts responsible for the M37700 functions SI timing generation circuit M5M80C85 Ð M74ALS244 M74HC73 4020 SI signals KRDQ sι CLK CLK >CLK Contact ō image <u>M74HC73</u> к 0 sensor CPU Data bus >CLK M5M82C54 013 CLKI RST RD 0 CLK2 Т CLK3 GATE1 S8A216 M74ALS244 --------- - -----500kHz CLOCK TIMER Circuit to convert into M58990 SIG binary 1 ANG Address bus εoc NR2 CLK A/D converter THERMISTOR Strobe output circuit THERMISTOR M4514 M5M82C55 Da~DD D1 Q 9 General port A STROBE General port B RTIM General port ( General port [ ΙΝΗ  $\sim$ Thermal General port E head LATCH General port F M74HC14  $\overline{}$ PPI M74ALS244 M5M82C59 ουτ2 LATCH IRO -iOUT2 -iOUT1 -iStrobe) -iEOC M74 LS244 1 R I I R2 DATA IN Т (AD conversion) I RS M74 . S244 i Interrupt 1MHz сгоск controller \_ \_ \_ \_ M54532 Recording M66330 Output for the recording paper INT paper feeding motor 4 feeding STIM motor SCLK SVID Stepping motor M 54532 RVID Original paper General port B Output for the original feeding RTIM General port C paper feeding motor 4 motor RCLK ERCLK CODEC

An example of the facsimile-engine part connection using M5M80C85 and M66330



#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

An example of the facsimile-engine part connection using M37700 and M66330





#### BAND COMPRESSION AND EXPANSION CONTROLLER

An example of applications of the M37700 functions

