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 $4 \text{ M SRAM} (256\text{-kword} \times 16\text{-bit})$



ADE-203-1099G (Z) Rev. 4.0 Jul. 31, 2002

Description

The Hitachi HM62V16256C Series is 4-Mbit static RAM organized 262,144-word × 16-bit. HM62V16256C Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing CMOS process technology (6-transistor memory cell). It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in standard 44-pin plastic TSOPII.

Features

Single 2.5 V and 3.0 V supply: 2.2 V to 3.6 V

• Fast access time: 55 ns (max)

• Power dissipation:

— Active: $5.0 \text{ mW/MHz} \text{ (typ)}(V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V})$

: $6.0 \text{ mW/MHz (typ) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V)}$

— Standby: $2 \mu W \text{ (typ) } (V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V})$

: $2.4 \mu W \text{ (typ) } (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$

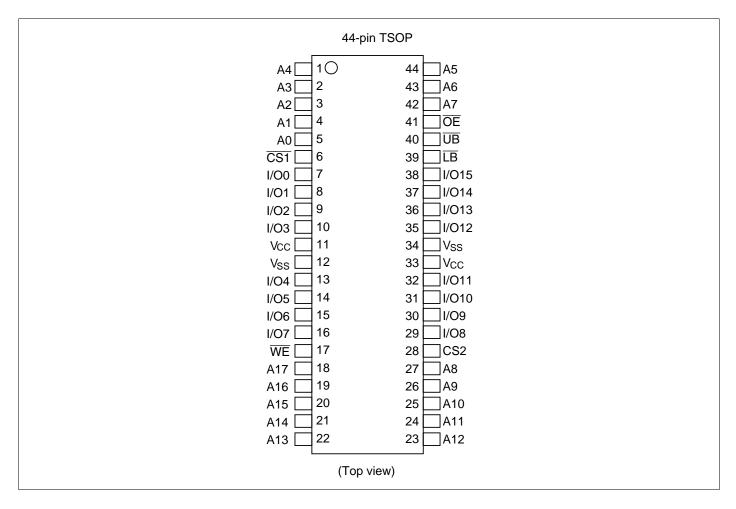
• Completely static memory.

- No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
 - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
 - 2 chip selection for battery backup

Ordering Information

Type No.	Access time	Package
HM62V16256CLTT-5	55 ns	400-mil 44-pin plastic TSOPII (normal-bend type) (TTP-44DB)
HM62V16256CLTT-5SL	55 ns	

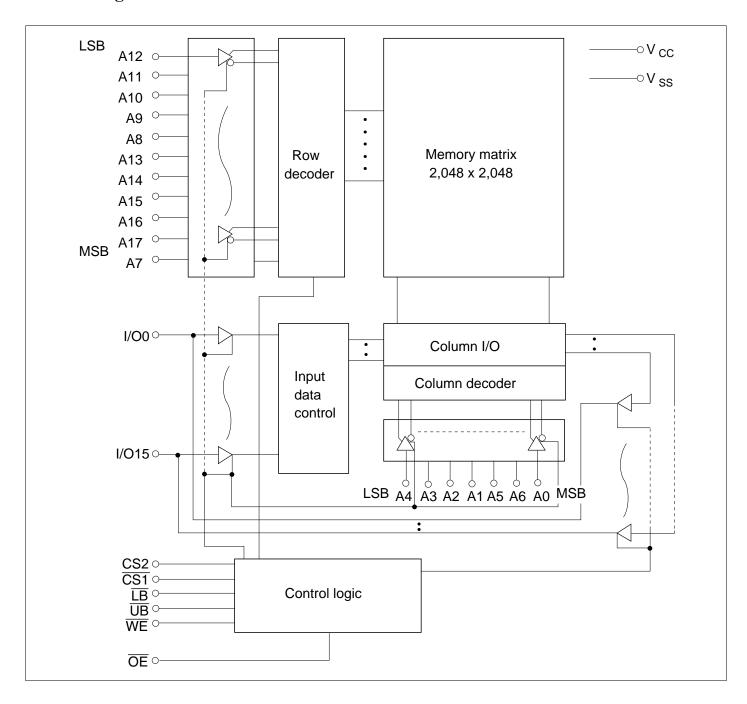
Pin Arrangement



Pin Description

Pin name	Function
A0 to A17	Address input
I/O0 to I/O15	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
LB	Lower byte select
ŪB	Upper byte select
V _{cc}	Power supply
V _{SS}	Ground

Block Diagram



Operation Table

CS1	CS2	WE	OE	ŪB	LB	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O15	Operation
Н	×	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	L	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	×	×	×	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Dout	Dout	Read
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Dout	High-Z	Lower byte read
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z	Dout	Upper byte read
L	Н	L	×	L	L	Din	Din	Write
L	Н	L	×	Н	L	Din	High-Z	Lower byte write
L	Н	L	×	L	Н	High-Z	Din	Upper byte write
L	Н	Н	Н	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note: $H: V_{IH}, L: V_{IL}, \times: V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage relative to V _{ss}	V _{cc}	-0.5 to + 4.6	V
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to V _{SS}	V _T	-0.5^{*1} to $V_{cc} + 0.3^{*2}$	V
Power dissipation	P _T	1.0	W
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-20 to +85	°C

Notes: 1. V_T min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

DC Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage		V _{cc}	2.2	2.5/3.0	3.6	V	
		V _{SS}	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	V_{cc} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{IH}	2.0	_	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V_{IH}	2.0	_	$V_{cc} + 0.3$	V	
Input low voltage	V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V	V_{IL}	-0.2	_	0.4	V	1
	$V_{\rm CC}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	V_{IL}	-0.3	_	0.6	V	1
Ambient temperature range		Та	-20	_	70	°C	

Note: 1. V_{IL} min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width ≤ 30 ns.

DC Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typ* ¹	Max	Unit	Test conditions	
Input leakage	current	I _{LI}	_	_	1	μΑ	$Vin = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC}	
Output leaka	ge current	I _{LO}	_	_	1	μΑ		
Operating cu	rrent	I _{cc}	_	5	20	mA	$\overline{\text{CS1}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{ CS2} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}},$ Others = $\text{V}_{\text{IH}}/\text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{I}_{\text{I/O}} = 0 \text{ mA}$	
Average ope	rating current	I _{CC1}	_	8	25	mA	Min. cycle, duty = 100%, $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA, $\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}$, $CS2 = V_{IH}$, Others = V_{IH}/V_{IL}	
		I _{CC2}	_	2	5	mA	Cycle time = 1 μ s, duty = 100%, $I_{\text{I/O}}$ = 0 mA, $\overline{\text{CS1}} \leq$ 0.2 V, $\overline{\text{CS2}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $V_{\text{IH}} \geq V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{IL}} \leq$ 0.2 V	
Standby curre	ent	I_{SB}	_	0.1	0.3	mA	CS2 = V _{IL}	
Standby curre	ent	I _{SB1} *2	_	0.5	20	μА	$ \begin{array}{l} 0 \; \text{V} \leq \text{Vin} \\ \text{(1)} \; 0 \; \text{V} \leq \text{CS2} \leq \text{0.2 V or} \\ \text{(2)} \; \overline{\text{CS1}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - \text{0.2 V}, \\ \text{CS2} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - \text{0.2 V or} \\ \text{(3)} \; \overline{\text{LB}} = \overline{\text{UB}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - \text{0.2 V} \\ \text{CS2} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - \text{0.2 V} \\ \overline{\text{CS1}} \leq \text{0.2 V} \end{array} $	
		I _{SB1} *3	_	0.5	10	μΑ	_	
Output high voltage	V_{CC} =2.2 V to 2.7 V		2.0	_	_	V	$I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V _{OH}	2.4	_	_	V	I _{OH} = -1 mA	
	V_{cc} =2.2 V to 3.6 V	V _{OH}	V _{cc} - 0	0.2—	_	V	I _{OH} = -100 μA	
Output low voltage	V_{CC} =2.2 V to 2.7 V	V _{OL}	_		0.4	V	I _{OL} = 0.5 mA	
	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V _{OL}	_	_	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2 mA	
	V _{CC} =2.2 V to 3.6 V	V _{OL}	_		0.2	V	I _{OL} = 100 μA	

Notes: 1. Typical values are at $V_{cc} = 2.5 \text{ V}/3.0 \text{ V}$, $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.

2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version.

3. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

Capacitance (Ta = +25°C, f = 1.0 MHz)

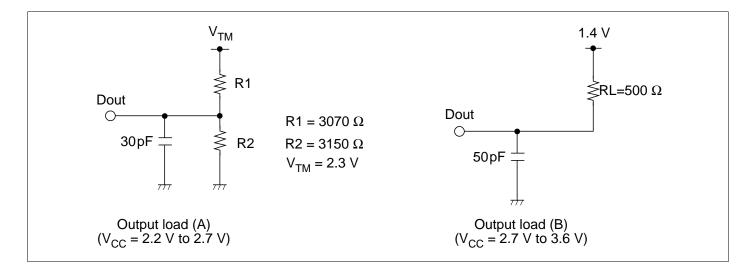
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C _{I/O}	_	_	10	pF	V _{I/O} = 0 V	1

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Characteristics (Ta = -20 to +70°C, $V_{CC} = 2.2$ V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

Test Conditions

- Input pulse levels: $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ ($V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V) $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{IH} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ ($V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V)
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input timing reference levels: 1.1 V ($V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V)
- Output timing reference levels: 1.1 V ($V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$ to 2.7 V)
- Input timing reference levels: 1.4 V ($V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V)
- Output timing reference levels: 1.4 V ($V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V)
- Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



Read Cycle

HM62V16256C

		-5			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t _{RC}	55	_	ns	
Address access time	t _{AA}	_	55	ns	
Chip select access time	t _{ACS1}	_	55	ns	
	t _{ACS2}	_	55	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t _{OE}	_	35	ns	
Output hold from address change	t _{oH}	10	_	ns	
TB, UB access time	t _{BA}	_	55	ns	
Chip select to output in low-Z	t _{CLZ1}	10	_	ns	2, 3
	t _{CLZ2}	10	_	ns	2, 3
LB, UB enable to low-z	t _{BLZ}	5	_	ns	2, 3
Output enable to output in low-Z	t _{oLZ}	5	_	ns	2, 3
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t _{CHZ1}	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3
	t _{CHZ2}	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3
LB, UB disable to high-Z	t _{BHZ}	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3
Output disable to output in high-Z	t _{OHZ}	0	20	ns	1, 2, 3

Write Cycle

НΝ	162 \	11	62	56	\mathbf{c}
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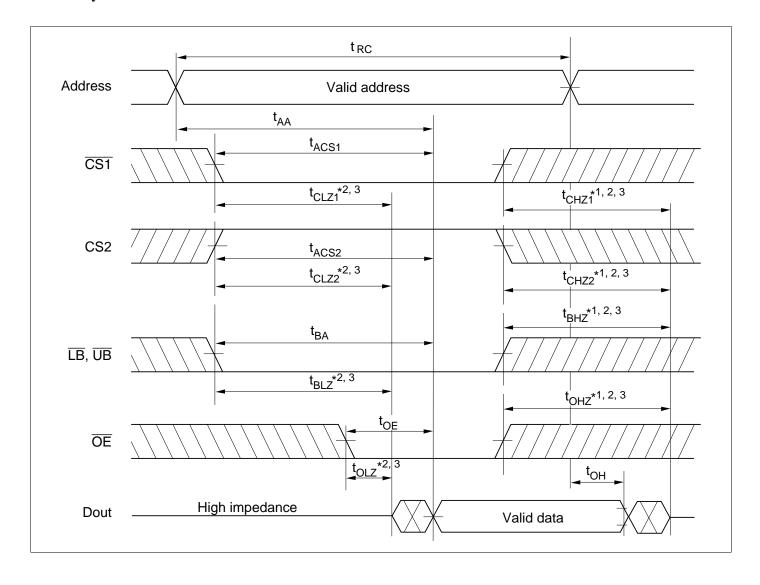
		-5			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t_{wc}	55	_	ns	
Address valid to end of write	t _{AW}	50	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t _{cw}	50	_	ns	5
Write pulse width	t _{wP}	40	_	ns	4
LB, UB valid to end of write	t _{BW}	50	_	ns	
Address setup time	t _{AS}	0	_	ns	6
Write recovery time	t _{wR}	0	_	ns	7
Data to write time overlap	t _{DW}	25	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t _{DH}	0	_	ns	
Output active from end of write	t _{ow}	5	_	ns	2
Output disable to output in High-Z	t _{OHZ}	0	20	ns	1, 2
Write to output in high-Z	t _{wHZ}	0	20	ns	1, 2

Notes: 1. t_{CHZ} , t_{OHZ} , t_{WHZ} and t_{BHZ} are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

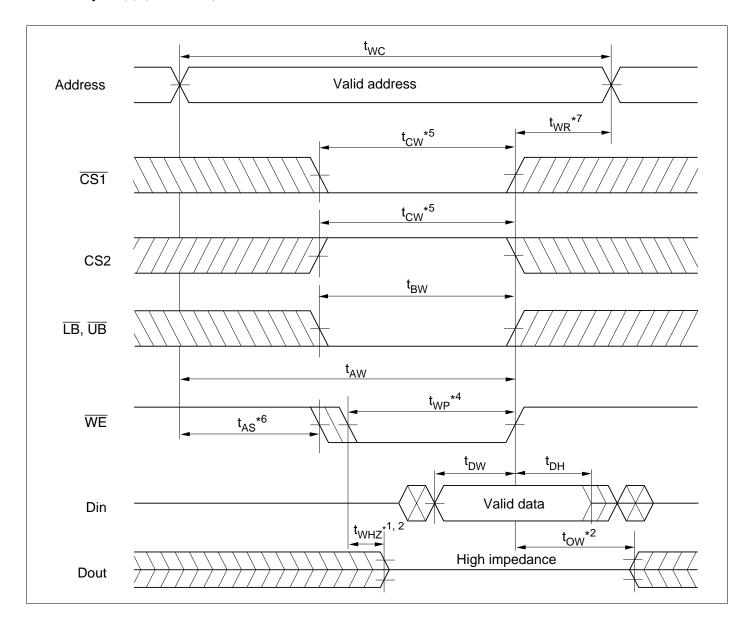
- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZ} max is less than t_{LZ} min both for a given device and from device to device.
- 4. A write occures during the overlap of a low $\overline{CS1}$, a high CS2, a low \overline{WE} and a low \overline{LB} or a low \overline{UB} . A write begins at the latest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going low, CS2 going high, \overline{WE} going low and \overline{LB} going low or \overline{UB} going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among $\overline{CS1}$ going high, CS2 going low, \overline{WE} going high and \overline{LB} going high or \overline{UB} going high. t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5. t_{CW} is measured from the later of $\overline{CS1}$ going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 6. t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 7. t_{WR} is measured from the earliest of $\overline{CS1}$ or \overline{WE} going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.

Timing Waveform

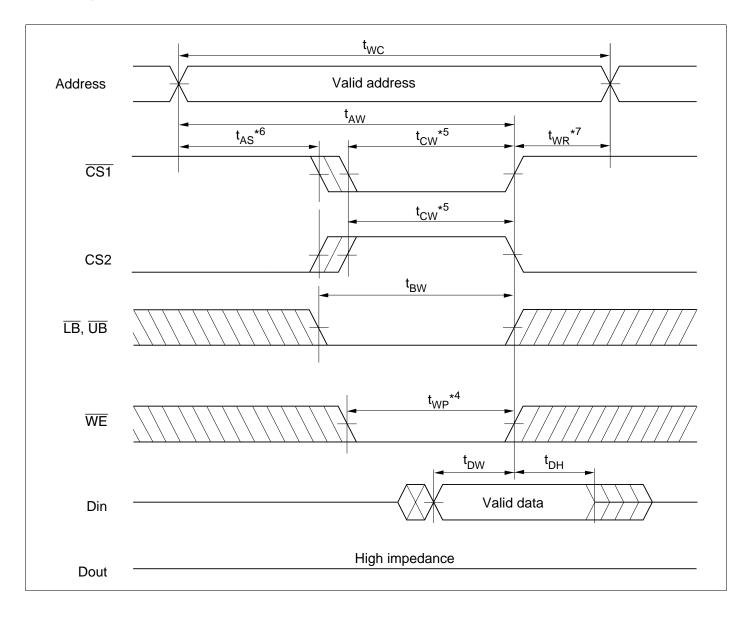
Read Cycle



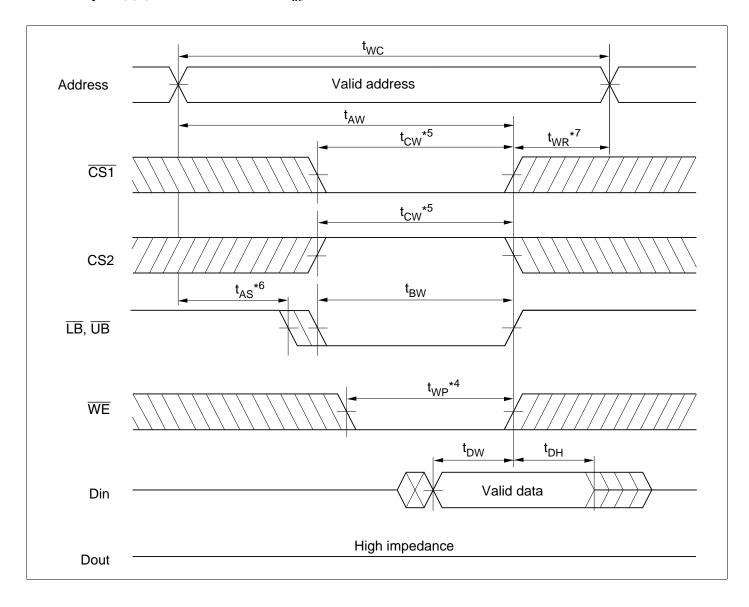
Write Cycle (1) (WE Clock)



Write Cycle (2) ($\overline{\text{CS}}$ Clock, $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IH}}$)



Write Cycle (3) (\overline{LB} , \overline{UB} Clock, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$)



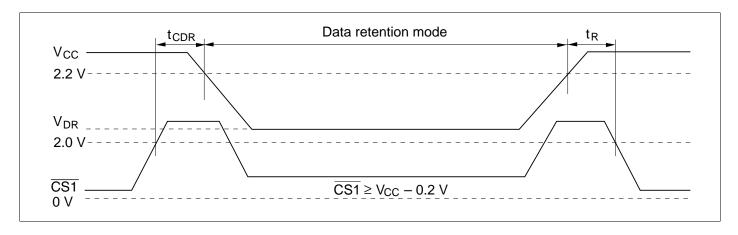
Low V_{CC} **Data Retention Characteristics** (Ta = -20 to +70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*4	Max	Unit	Test conditions*3
V _{cc} for data retention	V_{DR}	2.0	_	3.6	V	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Vin} \geq 0\text{V} \\ \text{(1)} \ 0 \ \text{V} \leq \text{CS2} \leq 0.2 \ \text{V} \ \text{or} \\ \text{(2)} \ \underline{\text{CS2}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \ \text{V} \\ \hline \underline{\text{CS1}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \ \text{V} \ \text{or} \\ \text{(3)} \ \overline{\text{LB}} = \overline{\text{UB}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \ \text{V}, \\ \underline{\text{CS2}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \ \text{V}, \\ \overline{\text{CS1}} \leq 0.2 \ \text{V} \end{array}$
Data retention current	I _{CCDR} *1	_	0.5	20	μА	$\begin{split} &V_{\rm CC} = 3.0 \text{ V, Vin} \ge 0\text{V} \\ &(1) \ 0 \ \text{V} \le \text{CS2} \le 0.2 \ \text{V or} \\ &(2) \ \frac{\text{CS2}}{\text{CS1}} \ge V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ \text{V,} \\ &\frac{\text{CS1}}{\text{LB}} = \overline{\text{UB}} \ge V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ \text{V,} \\ &\frac{\text{CS2}}{\text{CS1}} \ge V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ \text{V,} \\ &\frac{\text{CS2}}{\text{CS1}} \le 0.2 \ \text{V} \end{split}$
	l _{CCDR} *2	_	0.5	10	μΑ	
Chip deselect to data retention time	t _{CDR}	0	_	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t_R	t _{RC} *5	_		ns	

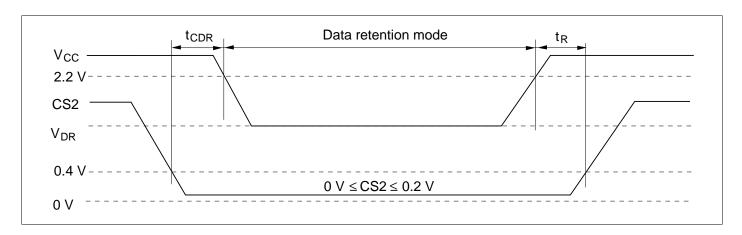
Notes: 1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version, 10 μ A max. at Ta = -20 to +40°C.

- 2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-SL version, 3 μ A max. at Ta = -20 to +40°C.
- 3. CS2 controls address buffer, $\overline{\text{WE}}$ buffer, $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ buffer, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ buffer, $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$ buffer and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address, $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{CS1}}$, $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$, I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If $\overline{\text{CS1}}$ controls data retention mode, CS2 must be CS2 \geq V_{CC} 0.2 V or 0 V \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 V. The other input levels (address, $\overline{\text{WE}}$, $\overline{\text{OE}}$, $\overline{\text{LB}}$, $\overline{\text{UB}}$, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 4. Typical values are at $V_{cc} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $Ta = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and not guaranteed.
- 5. t_{RC} = read cycle time.

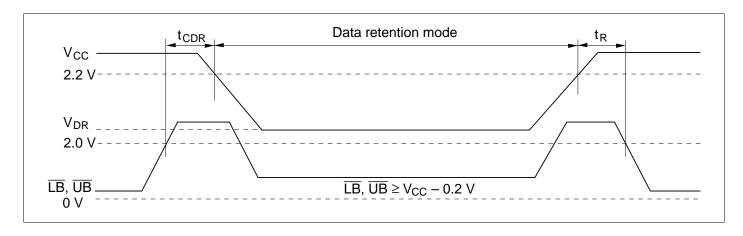
Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) ($\overline{CS1}$ Controlled)



 $Low\ V_{CC}\ Data\ Retention\ Timing\ Waveform\ (2)\ (CS2\ Controlled)$

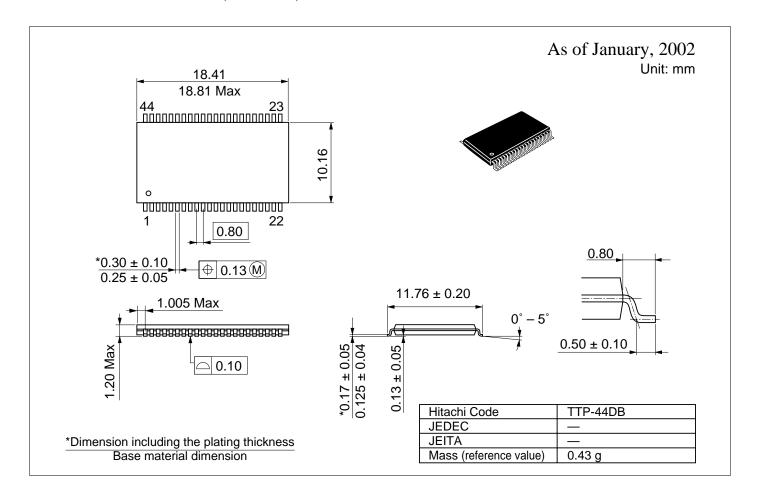


Low V_{CC} Data Retention Timing Waveform (3) (\overline{LB} , \overline{UB} Controlled)



Package Dimensions

HM62V16256CLTT Series (TTP-44DB)



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