

**OptiMOS® Buck converter series**
**Feature**

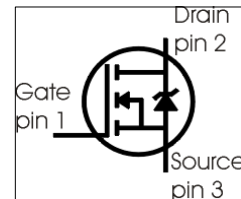
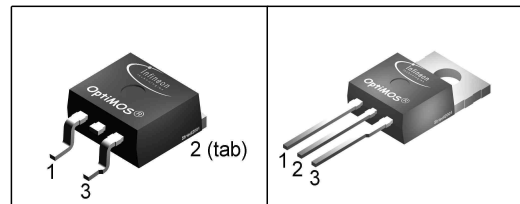
- N-Channel
- Logic Level
- Low On-Resistance  $R_{DS(on)}$
- Excellent Gate Charge x  $R_{DS(on)}$  product (FOM)
- Superior thermal resistance
- 175°C operating temperature
- Avalanche rated
- dv/dt rated
- Ideal for fast switching buck converters

**Product Summary**

$V_{DS}$	30	V
$R_{DS(on)}$ max. SMD version	12.6	mΩ
$I_D$	42	A

P- TO263 -3-2

P- TO220 -3-1



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
IPP15N03L	P- TO220 -3-1	Q67042-S4039	15N03L
IPB15N03L	P- TO263 -3-2	Q67040-S4344	15N03L

**Maximum Ratings, at  $T_i = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current <sup>1)</sup> $T_C=25\text{ °C}$	$I_D$	42 42	A
Pulsed drain current $T_C=25\text{ °C}$	$I_{D\text{ puls}}$	168	
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=20\text{ A}$ , $V_{DD}=25\text{ V}$ , $R_{GS}=25\text{ Ω}$	$E_{AS}$	20	mJ
Repetitive avalanche energy, limited by $T_{imax}$ <sup>2)</sup>	$E_{AR}$	8	
Reverse diode dv/dt $I_S=42\text{ A}$ , $V_{DS}=-\text{V}$ , $di/dt=200\text{ A/μs}$ , $T_{jmax}=175\text{ °C}$	dv/dt	6	kV/μs
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$	±20	V
Power dissipation $T_C=25\text{ °C}$	$P_{tot}$	83	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_i, T_{stg}$	-55... +175	°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1		55/175/56	

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Characteristics</b>					
Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$	-	1.2	1.8	K/W
SMD version, device on PCB:	$R_{thJA}$				
@ min. footprint		-	-	62	
@ 6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>3)</sup>		-	-	40	

**Electrical Characteristics, at  $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>Static Characteristics</b>					
Drain-source breakdown voltage $V_{GS}=0V, I_D=1mA$	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	30	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage, $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ $I_D=40\mu A$	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.2	1.6	2	
Zero gate voltage drain current $V_{DS}=30V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{DS}=30V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=125^\circ C$	$I_{DSS}$	-	0.01 10	1 100	$\mu A$
Gate-source leakage current $V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$	$I_{GSS}$	-	1	100	
Drain-source on-state resistance $V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=21A$ $V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=21A, \text{SMD version}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	14.9 14.5	19.9 19.6	m $\Omega$
Drain-source on-state resistance $V_{GS}=10V, I_D=21A$ $V_{GS}=10V, I_D=21A, \text{SMD version}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	10.3 9.9	12.9 12.6	

<sup>1</sup>Current limited by bondwire ; with an  $R_{thJC} = 1.8K/W$  the chip is able to carry  $I_D = 64A$  at  $25^\circ C$ , for detailed information see app.-note ANPS071E available at [www.infineon.com/optimos](http://www.infineon.com/optimos)

<sup>2</sup>Defined by design. Not subject to production test.

<sup>3</sup>Device on 40mm\*40mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70  $\mu m$  thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

**Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

**Dynamic Characteristics**

Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$ , $I_D = 42A$	21	42	-	S
Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $V_{DS} = 25V$ , $f = 1MHz$	-	850	1130	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	330	330	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	90	130	
Gate resistance	$R_G$		-	1	-	$\Omega$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 15V$ , $V_{GS} = 10V$ , $I_D = 21A$ , $R_G = 7.8\Omega$	-	6.5	9.8	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	20	30	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	24	36	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	14.5	21.8	

**Gate Charge Characteristics**

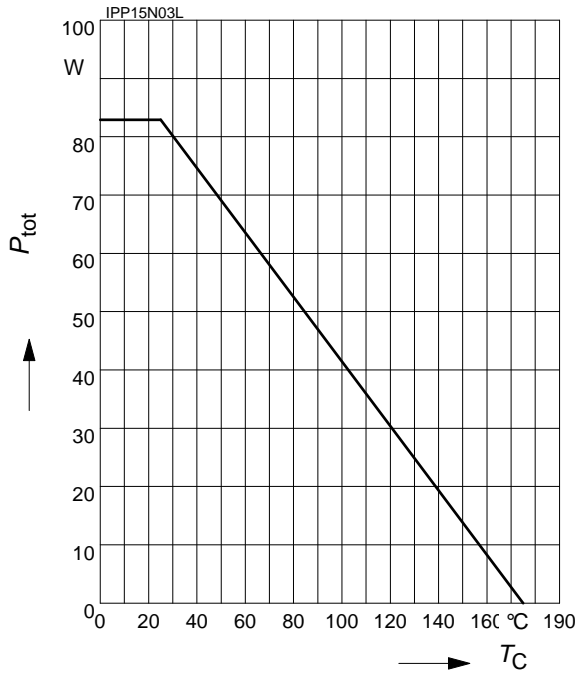
Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD} = 15V$ , $I_D = 21A$	-	2.7	3.6	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	7.4	9.3	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$	$V_{DD} = 15V$ , $I_D = 21A$ , $V_{GS} = 0$ to $5V$	-	12.7	15.9	
Output charge	$Q_{oss}$	$V_{DS} = 15V$ , $I_D = 21A$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$	-	12.2	15.3	nC
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 15V$ , $I_D = 21A$	-	3.5	-	V

**Reverse Diode**

Inverse diode continuous forward current	$I_S$	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	-	-	42	A
Inv. diode direct current, pulsed	$I_{SM}$		-	-	168	
Inverse diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$ , $I_F = 42A$	-	0.95	1.25	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R = -V$ , $I_F = I_S$	-	24	31	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$	$di_F/dt = 100A/\mu s$	-	18	23	nC

**1 Power dissipation**

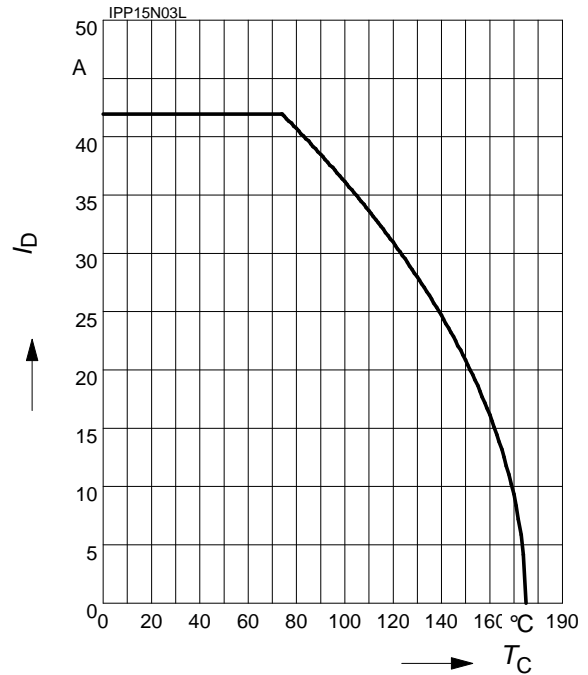
$P_{tot} = f(T_C)$



**2 Drain current**

$I_D = f(T_C)$

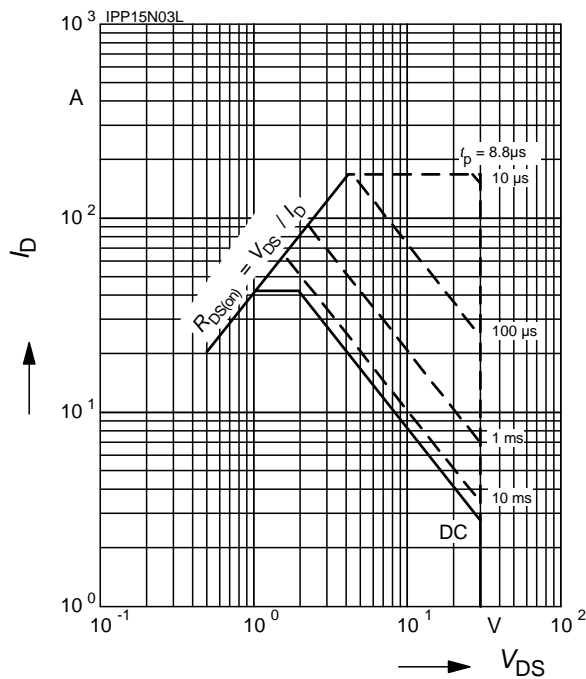
parameter:  $V_{GS} \geq 10\text{ V}$



**3 Safe operating area**

$I_D = f(V_{DS})$

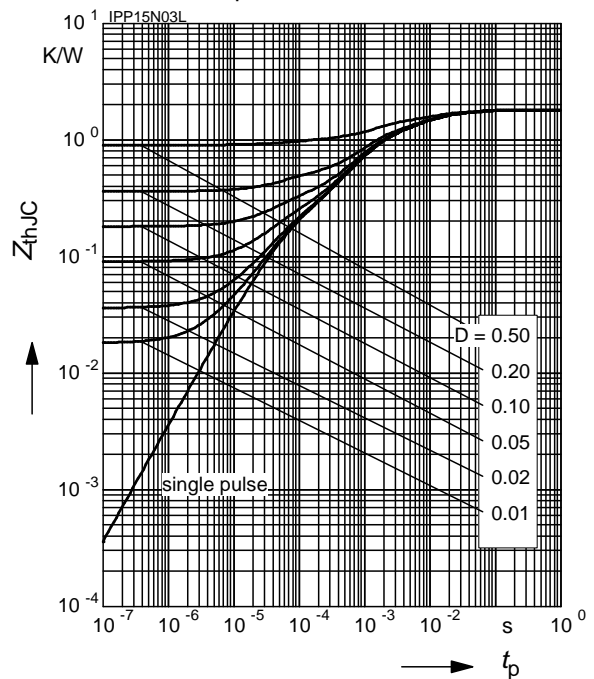
parameter:  $D = 0, T_C = 25\text{ °C}$



**4 Max. transient thermal impedance**

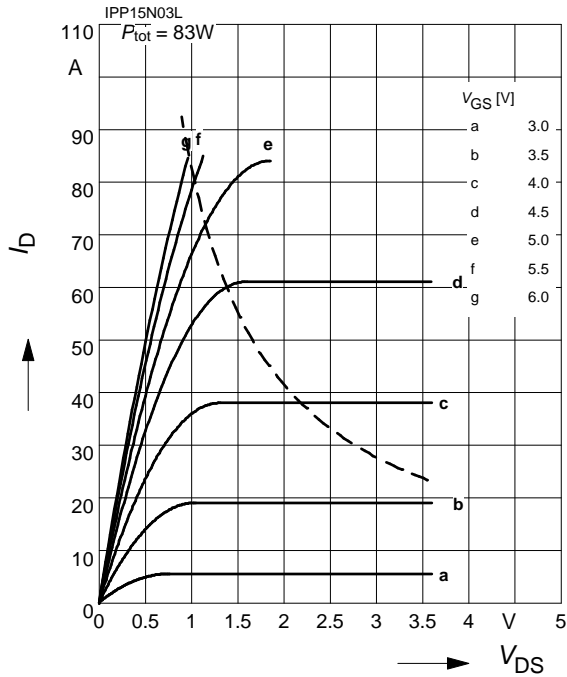
$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$

parameter:  $D = t_p/T$



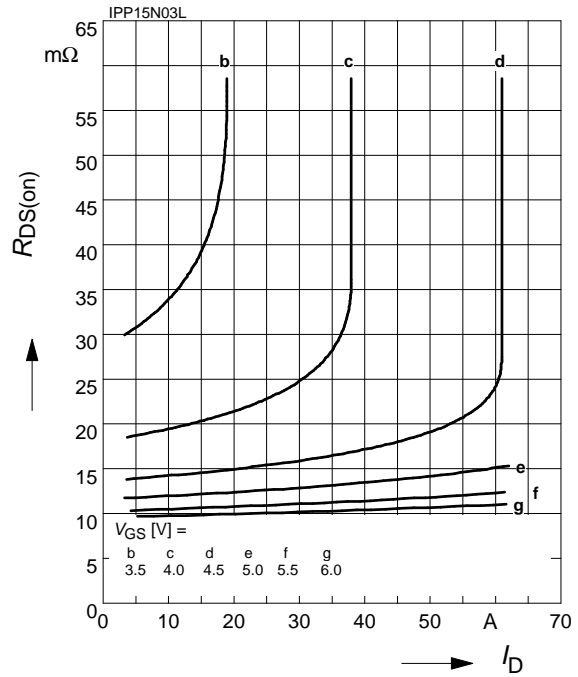
**5 Typ. output characteristic**

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
parameter:  $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}$



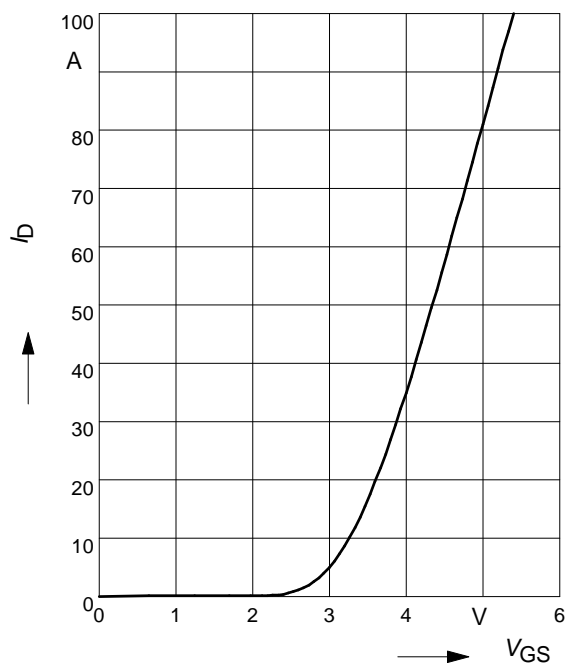
**6 Typ. drain-source on resistance**

$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$   
parameter:  $V_{GS}$



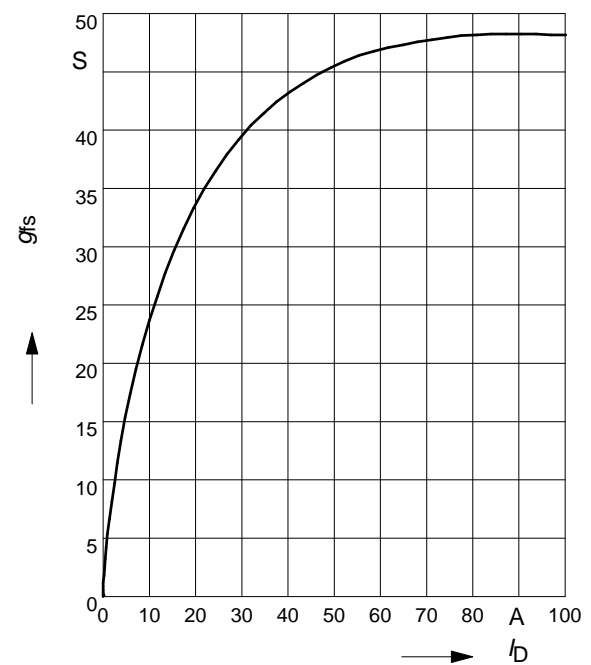
**7 Typ. transfer characteristics**

$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$   
parameter:  $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}$



**8 Typ. forward transconductance**

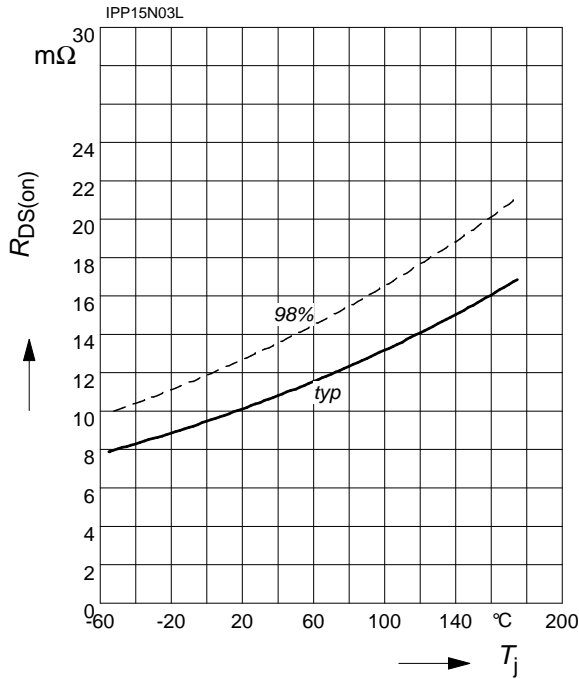
$g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
parameter:  $g_{fs}$



**9 Drain-source on-state resistance**

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

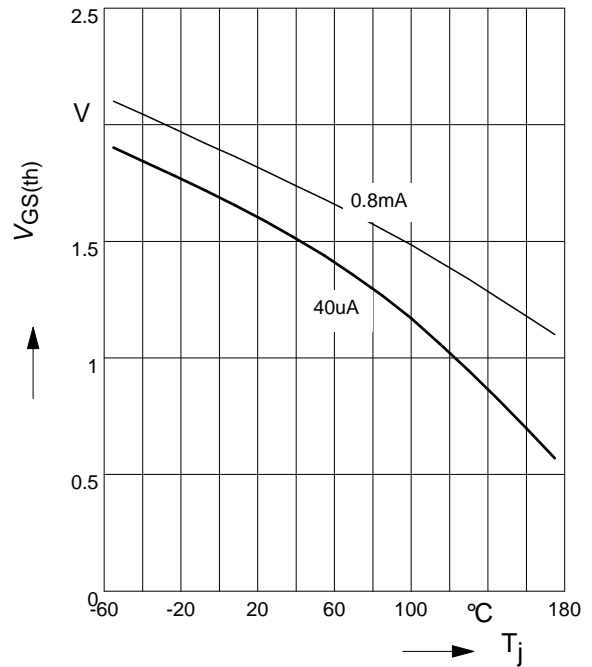
parameter :  $I_D = 21 \text{ A}$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$



**10 Typ. gate threshold voltage**

$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j)$$

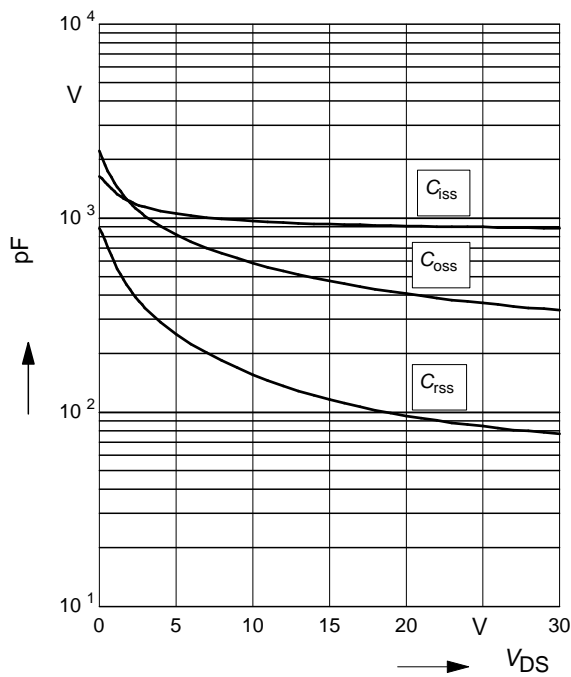
parameter:  $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$



**11 Typ. capacitances**

$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

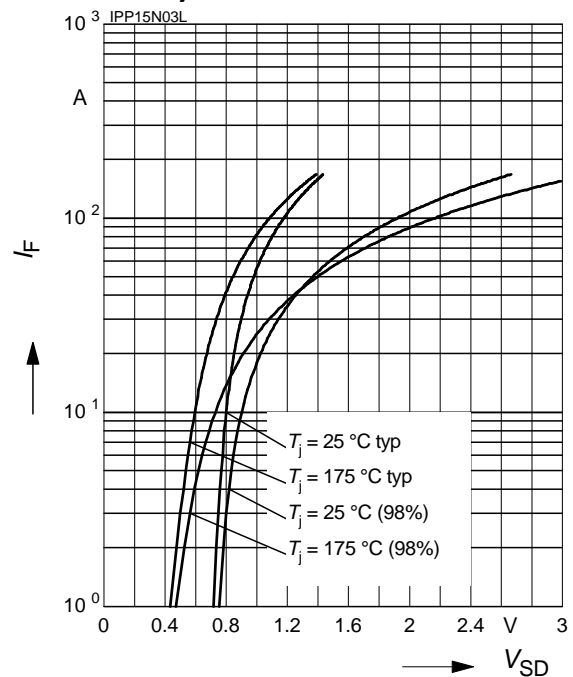
parameter:  $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ,  $f=1 \text{ MHz}$



**12 Forward character. of reverse diode**

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

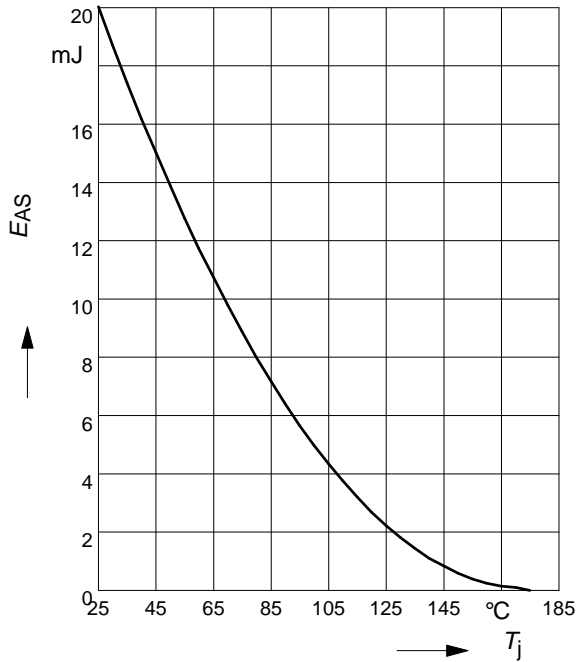
parameter:  $T_j$ ,  $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}$



**13 Typ. avalanche energy**

$$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$$

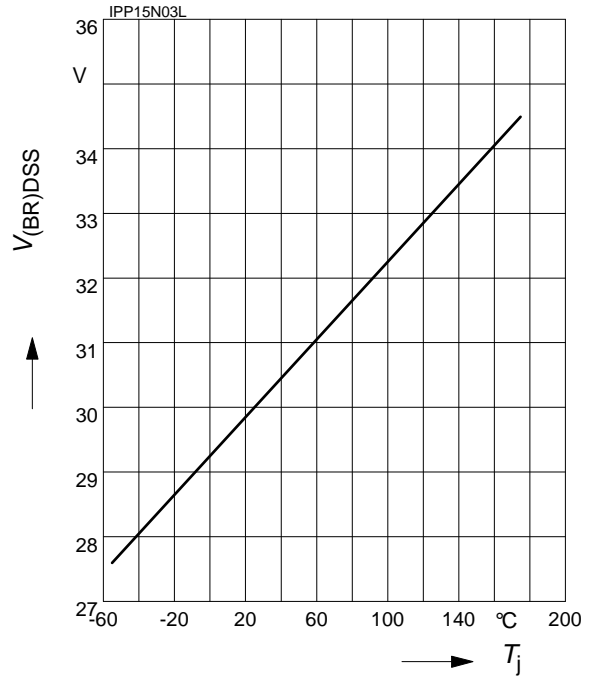
par.:  $I_D = 20 \text{ A}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 25 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_{GS} = 25 \Omega$



**15 Drain-source breakdown voltage**

$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$

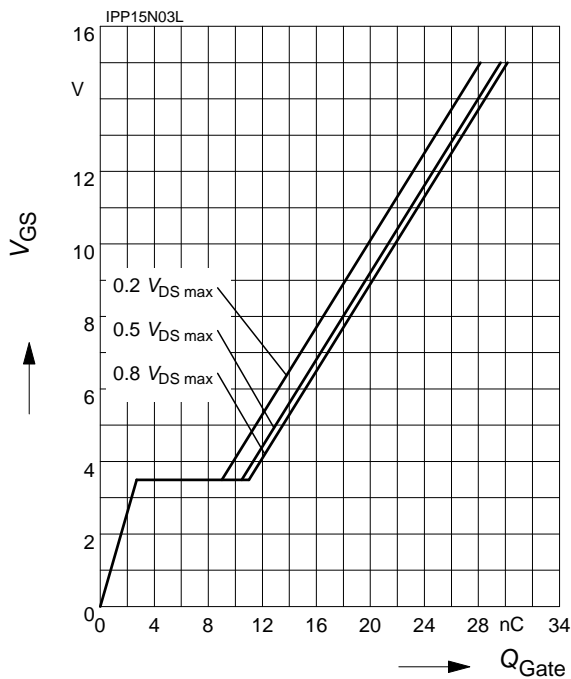
parameter:  $I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$



**14 Typ. gate charge**

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

parameter:  $I_D = 21 \text{ A}$  pulsed



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