SIEMENS

Dual Sound FM IF Amplifier

TBA 229-2

Bipolar IC

The component contains two separate limiter amplifiers with FM demodulators and separate AF outputs.

Features

- High AM suppression over a very wide input voltage range
- High sensitivity
- Very high symmetry

Туре	Ordering Code	Package
TBA 229-2	Q67000-A8037	P-DIP-16

Circuit Description

The component contains two separate FM sound IF sections for television stereo applications or for multistandard receivers. Each FM section consists of an eight-stage symmetrical limiter amplifier followed by a coincidence demodulator and an AF pre-amplifier with a low-ohmic output. The component features considerably improved AM suppression characteristics with small input signals, as well as a very low frequency deviation between *THD* min and AMmin.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

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Parameter	Symbol	Lii	Unit	
		min.	max.	
Supply voltage	Vs	0	16	V
Reference current	IREF	0	2	mA
IF input voltage	VUE rms	0	600	mV
DC voltages	V9, 10, 11 V14, 15, 16	0	V REF VREF	V V
DC currents	1 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8	0	2	mA
Junction temperature	Tj		150	°C
Storage temperature range	Tstg	- 40	125	°C
Thermal resistance (system-air)	R th SA		80	K/W

Operating Range

Supply voltage	Vs	10.5	15.75	V
Ambient temperature	TA	0	70	°C
Fequency	f_{1}	0.1	12	MHz

Characteristics

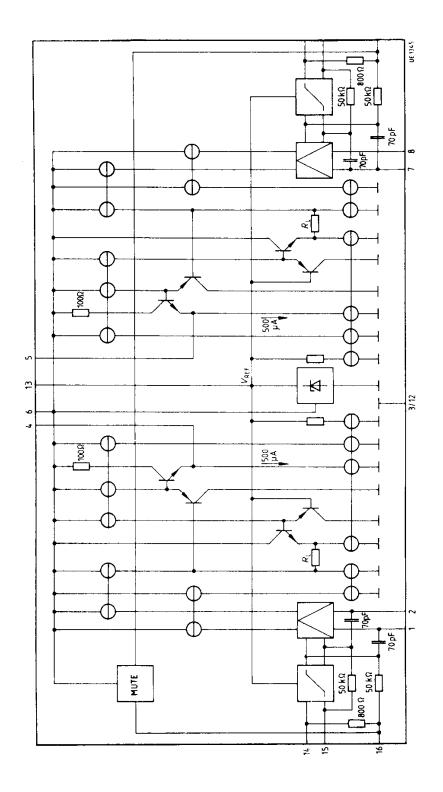
 $V_{\rm S}$ = 12 V; $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C; $V_{\rm LIF}$ 14 rms = 10 mV; $f_{\rm IIF}$ 11, 14 = 5.5 MHz; $f_{\rm mod}$ = 1 kHz; Δf = ± 30 kHz (if not stated otherwise)

Parameter	Symbol	Lin	nit Va	lues	Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Current consumption	Is	25	35	42	mA	
Input voltage for limiter threshold	V: 11 rms V: 14 rms		50 50	100 100	μV μV	$V_{Q4,5} = -3 dB$
Output voltage	Vq 4 rms Vq 5 rms	510 510	600 600	700 700	mV mV	
DC voltage portion	Va 4 = Va 5 =	4.8 4.8	6 6	6.2 6.2	V V	$\Delta f = 0; THD = THD$ min
Total harmonic distortion	THD₄,THD₅		0.4	0.8	%	THD = THD min
AM suppression Virms =1 mV; m = 30%	α AM 4 α AM 5	55 55	60 60		dB dB	Virms=1 mV; <i>m</i> = 30%
Cross-talk rejection	C IF 1-2 = V_{Q} 4/ V_{Q} 5 C IF 1-2 = V_{Q} 4/ V_{Q} 5	60 60			dB dB	$f_{11F 11} = 5.5 \text{ MHz}; \Delta f_{11} = 0 \text{ kHz};$ $V_{111} \text{ rms} = 4 \text{ mV}; V_{114} \text{ rms} = 10 \text{ mV};$ $f_{11F 11} = 5.74 \text{ MHz}; \Delta f_{14} = 0 \text{ kHz};$ $V_{111} \text{ rms} = 4 \text{ mV}; V_{114} \text{ rms} = 10 \text{ mV};$
Reference voltage	V 13 =	5.4	6	6.6	v	
Switching voltage muting ON (AF off) OFF	V 16 V 16	8 0		Vs 3	v v	
Design-Related Valu	es	L				•
Input resistance	R 1,2 R 7,8	20 20			kΩ kΩ	
Output resistance	R Q 4, 5			100	Ω	
Input impedance	Z111, 14		800		Ω	
IF residual voltage	VQ 4, 5 (IF)		15		mV	
Hum suppression	QQ hum		32		dB	$f_{s} = 100 \text{ Hz}$ $\Delta V_{s} \text{ rms} = 500 \text{ mV}; V_{s}/V_{Q4}; V_{s}/V_{Q5}$
Frequency deviation	Δf if		±10		kHz	

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AMmin – *THD* min

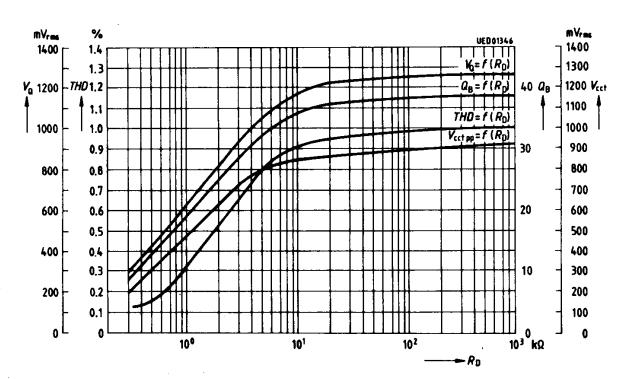
Block Diagram



Pin Functions

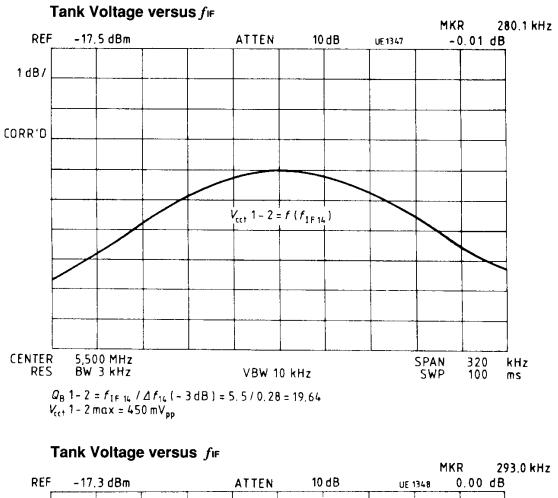
Pin No.	Function						
1, 2	Demodulator tank circuit connection IF 1 (high impedance input – slope of S-curve can be determined by external resistor between pins 1 and 2)						
3	GND						
4	AF output IF 1 (emitter follower)						
5	AF output IF 2 (emitter follower)						
6	Supply voltage						
7, 8	Demodulator tank circuit connection IF 2 (high impedance input – slope of S-curve can be determined by external resistor between pins 1 and 2)						
9	Operating point feedback of limiter amplifier and low end IF 2 (RF decoupling of IF amplifiers with appropriate capacitors is required!						
10	Operating point feedback of limiter amplifier IF 2 (RF decoupling of IF amplifiers with appropriate capacitors is required!)						
11	IF 2 input (input of limiter amplifier IF 2; internal resistor between pins 9 and 11 is typ. 800 Ω)						
12	GND						
13	Internal reference voltage (typ. 6 V)						
14	IF 1 input (input of limiter amplifier IF 2; internal resistor between pins 14 and 15 is typ. 800 Ω)						
15	Operating feedback of limiter amplifier IF 1 (RF decoupling of IF amplifiers with appropriate capacitors is required!)						
16	Operating point feedback of limiter amplifier and low end IF 1 (RF decoupling of IF amplifiers with appropriate capacitors is required!)						

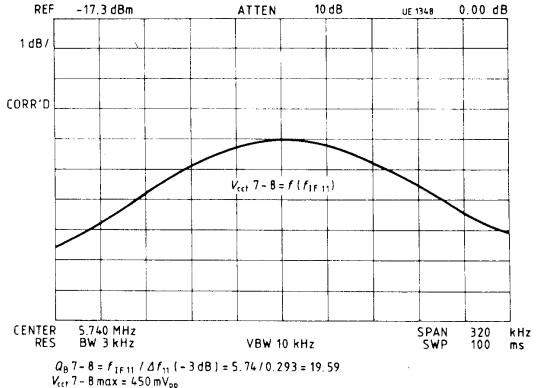
Diagrams



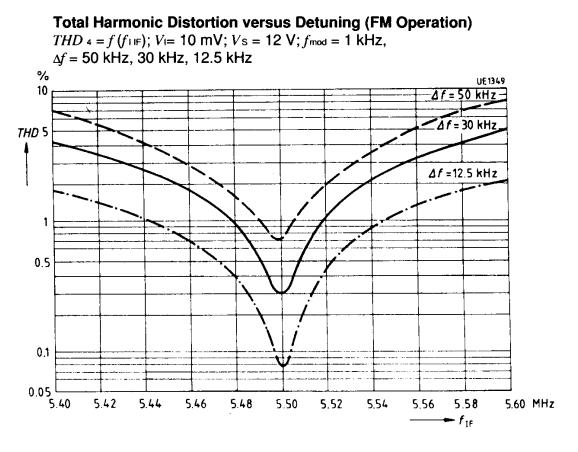
AF Output Voltage, Total Harmonic Distortion, Circuit Voltage versus Circuit $Q_{\rm B}$

VQ:	$V_{0.4}$ rms; $V_{0.5}$ rms
<i>THD</i> :	<i>THD</i> 4; <i>THD</i> 5
Measured at:	<i>f</i> i IF = 5.5 MHz; Δf = 30 kHz; <i>f</i> mod = 1 kHz; $V_{1.1F}$ = 10 mV
V_{cct} :	$V_{1,2} = V_{7,8}$
Measured at:	fi IF = 5.5 MHz; $\Delta f = 0$ kHz; V_{1} IF = 10 mV
Q_{B} :	<i>Q</i> between connections 1, 2 and 7, 8
Measured at:	<i>f</i> \models = 5.5 MHz/ Δf \models for 3 dB bandwidth, Δf = 0 kHz; <i>V</i> \models = 10 mV
Circuit:	L = 10 turns 0.25 CuL; Vogt Coil Assembly 517 12 000 00 without cap $C = 1$ nF STYROFLEX Capacitor

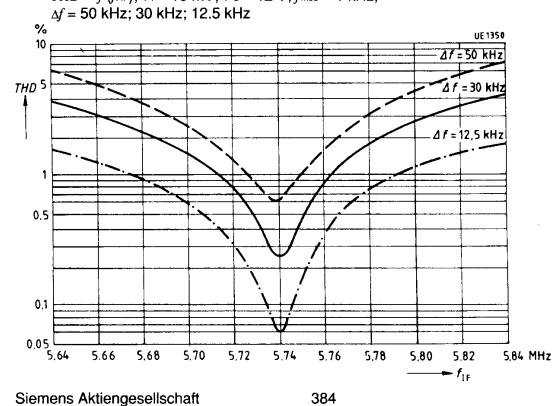




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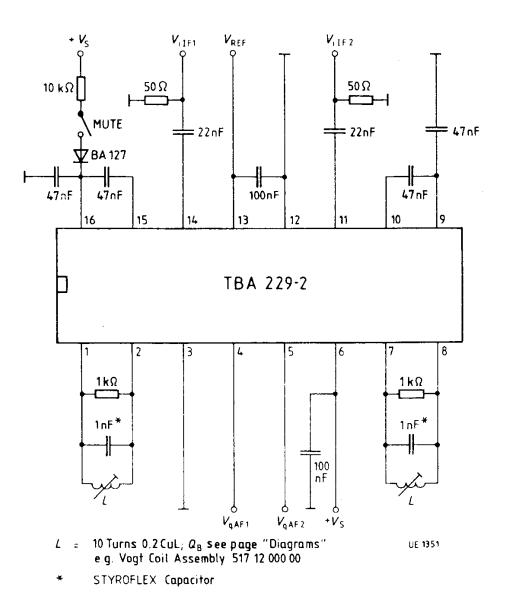


Total Harmonic Distortion versus Detuning (FM Operation) compensated for minimum total harmonic distortion at $f_{IF} = 5.5$ MHz; *THD* = $f(f_{IF})$; $V_I = 10$ mV; $V_S = 12$ V; $f_{mod} = 1$ kHz,



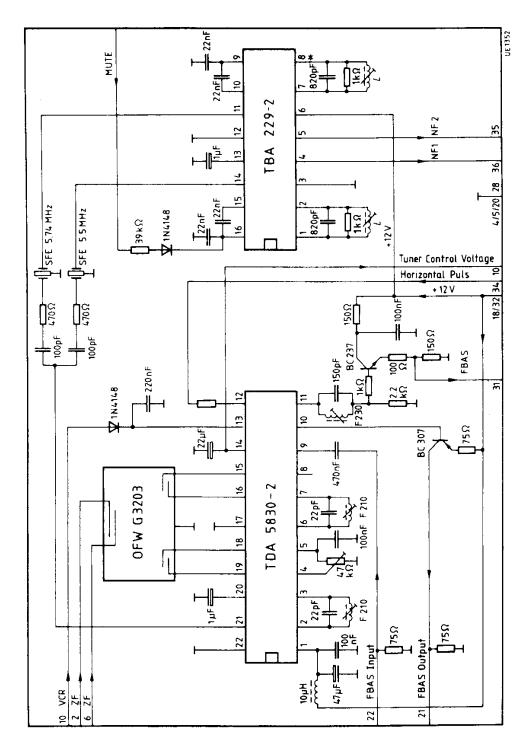
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Test Circuit



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Application Circuit



L = 10 turns 0.2 CuL; Q_B approx. 25 e.g. Vogt Coil Assembly 517 12 000 00