### 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The M52321SP semiconductor integrated circuit is a video amplifier with OSD mixing function. It has three channels of 100-MHz amplifiers.

OSD blanking function, OSD mixing function, wide-band amplifier, main and sub contrast controls, main and sub brightness controls are provided for each channel. This semiconductor is aptimal for high-definition displays with an OSD.

#### **FEATURES**

● Frequency band : RGB 100MHz (at 3VP-P)

OSD 50MHz

Input: RGB 0.7VPP (standard)

OSD 4VPP or more (polarity : positive)

BLK 4VPP or more (polarity : positive)

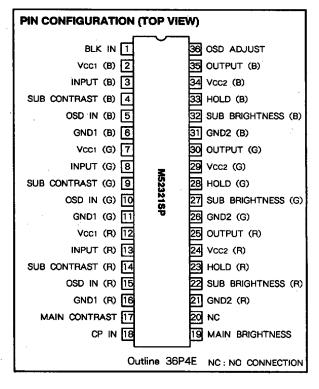
Output : RGB 4.0VP-P (max)

OSD 4.0VP-P (max)

- Both contrast and brightness can be adjusted with a main or sub control. The main control is used to change contrast or brightness for three channels at the same time. The sub control is used to change contrast or brightness for each channel independently. Each control pin can be controlled in a range between OV and 5V.
- A feedback circuit is built in the IC, enabling stable DC supply at IC output pins.

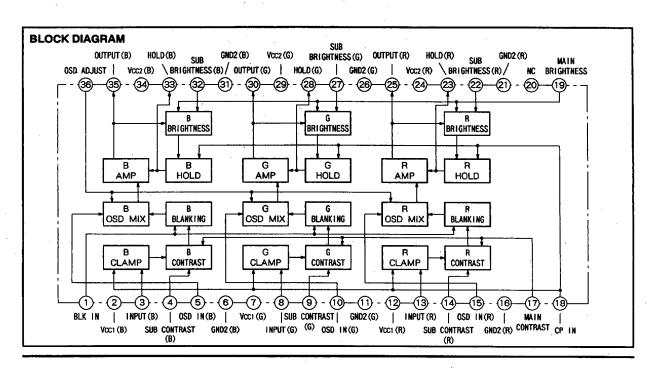
#### **APPLICATION**

CRT displays



#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATIONAL CONDITION**

Supply voltage	range11.5~	12.5V
Rated voltage	range ······	12.0V



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### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25 °C)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	13.0	V
Pd ·	Power dissipation	2016	mW
Topr	Operating temperature	- 20~ + 85	ౡ
Tstg	Storage temperature	- 40~ + 150	ల
Vopr	Recommended operating voltage	12.0	V
Vopr'	Recommended operating voltage range	11.5~12.5	V
Sarge	Surge voltage resistance	± 200	V

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		3		200		2	<u>.</u>		ľ			l.				
				Input		Č	External power		(V) yiddins	2	Pulse	input		Limits		
Symbol	Parameter	point	SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW3 B-ch	٧4	V17	V19	٧32	v36	SW18	SW1,5 10,15	Z.	g.	Max.	Cnit
<u> </u>	Circuit current	∢	ю I	ю !	1 o	5	5	5	5	2	SG6	n 1	2	8	04-	Απ
Vomax	Output dynamic range	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ь SG1	SG1	b SG1	5	· फ	Vari able	5	_	ю I	ю I	5.8	6.8	0.0	УPъ
Vimax	Maximum allowable input	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	5	2.5	Vari able	ഹ	ı	(C)	<b>6</b> t	1.7	2.4	2.9	Λ <sub>P</sub> -p
ð	Maximum gain	1.P35 1.P30 1.P25	b SG1	SG1	b SG1	5	5	٧٢	5	1	ю I .	ю I	.Ε	17	20	g
ΛΘΛ	Relative maximum gain			ථ	Calculate	using t	the mea	measured \	values.				0.8	-	1.2	ŀ
VcR1	Contrast control characteristic (typical)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	8G	sg.	ഹ	.73	٧	. س		ю I	ro I	ъ	80	=	g g
∆ VcR1	Relative contrast control characteristic (typical)			ථ	Calculate	using t	the mea	measured v	values.				0.8	-	1.2	t
VCR2	Contrast control characteristic (minimum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	sg1	sg1	sG1	S.	-	٧٦	D	ı	ю I	ю I	0.3	9.0	6:0	Λργ
∆ VcR2	Relative contrast control characteristic (minimum)			ථ	Calculate	using t	the mea	measured	values.				0.8	-	1.2	I
VscRI	Sub contrast control characteristic (typical)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	sg1	gg P	2	ro	٧	D	ı	60 I	m 1	9	တ	12	ВВ
∆ Vscrı	Relative sub contrast control characteristic (typical)			ථ ්	Calculate	using t	the mea	measured values.	ralues.				0.8	-	1.2	ı
VscR2	Sub contrast control characteristic (minimum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	SG1	SG 1	-	S	٧	ည	1	ю I	<b>.00</b> 1	0.5	6:0	£.	A-d/
∆ Vscr2	Relative sub contrast control characteristic (minimum)			ථ්	Calculate	using t	the mea	measured	values.				0.8	-	1.2	1
VscR3	Main/Sub contrast control characteristic (typical for both main and sub controls)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	sG1	SG1	sg1	ო	က	٨	S	ı	ю I	0 1	0.8	<del>7.</del>	2.2	V P P
∆ VscR3	Relative main/sub contrast control characteristics (typical for both main and sub controls)			ථ්	lculate	Calculate using the measured values.	не теа	sured	/alues.				0.8	-	1.2	1

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**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Ta = 25  $\mathbb{C}$ , V $\infty$  = 12V, unless otherwise specified)



### 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

ELECTR	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.) (	(Ta = 25°C,	= 25 °C, $Vcc = 12V$ , unless otherwise specified)	12V, ur	less of	herwise	specif	(þe	:							
1		Test		T T		찣	External	power	) Ajddns	S	Pulse	input		Limits		
DQW.	Parameter	point	SW13 R-ch	SW8 Gch	SW3 Bch	<b>4</b>	V17	۷19	V32	736	SW18	SW1,5 10,15	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Chit
VB1	Brightness control characteristic (maximum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	(O)	u2	w i	വ	വ	4	വ	1	98 88		3.0	3.6	4.2	>
ΔVΒι	Relative brightness characteristic (maximum)			ථී	Calculate	using t	the measured		values				- 0.3	0	0.3	>
VB2	Brightness control characteristic (typical)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	us I	1 m	G I	ഹ	ಒ	2.5	വ	ı	988	n 1	1.7	2.3	2.9	>
∆ V <sub>B2</sub>	Relative brightness characteristic (typical)			3	lculate	using t	Calculate using the measured values.	sured	values.				- 0.3	0	0.3	>
V <sub>B3</sub>	Brightness control characteristic (minimum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ro I .	<b>10</b> 0.	ю I	D.	י מ	-	ည	ļ	98 98	(a)	0.5	0.0	6.1	8
ΔV83	Relative brightness characteristic (minimum)			ి	culate	using t	Calculate using the measured values.	sured	ralues.				- 0.3	0	0.3	>
VšB1	Sub brightness control characteristic (maximum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	6 1	1 co	<b>100</b> 1	TC.	2	2	ហ	1	90s	as I	<u></u>	8.	2.4	V <sub>DC</sub>
VsB1	Sub brightness control characteristic (minimum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ю I	ro )	т I	2	D.	2	0,	I	99S	ro	1	0	0.5	N N N
Ē	Frequency characteristic 1 (f = 50MHz, maximum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	SG3	SG3	SG3	D	2.5	\ \	ı	ı	w 1	60 1	- 2.5	-	m,	<b>8</b>
ΔFcı	Relative frequency characteristic 1 (t = 50MHz, maximum)		·	ষ্ট	Calculate using		the measured values.	sured v	alues.				1-	0	-	쁑
Fcı	Frequency characteristic 1 (f = 100MHz, maximum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	sG4	S64	S64	D.	2.5		1	ı	60	ro 1	e -	-2	m ·	8
ΔFc1′	Relative frequency characteristic 1 (f = 100MHz, maximum)			ট	culate i	using t	Calculate using the measured values.	sured v	alues.				-	0	-	ВВ
Fc2	Frequency characteristic 2 (f = 100MHz, typical)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	SG4	sg4	S 54	rύ	<del>7</del> .	- Y		ı	601	(a)	E -	0	m	g <sub>B</sub>
ΔFcz	Relative frequency characteristic 2 (f = 100MHz, typical)			ঠ	culate u	using th	Calculate using the measured values.	v perus	alues.				-	0	-	æ

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ELECTRK	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.) (1	$(Ta=25 \mathtt{C},$	V <sub>cc</sub> = 1	. 2V, un	Vcc = 12V, unless otherwise specified)	erwise	specifie	(þ							ŀ	·
		1		Input		Ext	External power	1 1	(V) ylddns	0	Pulse	input		Limits	ŀ	
Symbol	Parameter	l est point	SW13 R-ch	SW8 Gch	SW3 B-ch	44	V17	٧19	V32	×36	SW18	SW1,5 10,15	Zi.	T <sub>y</sub>	Мах.	Unit
FC3	Frequency characteristic 3 (f = 100MHz, minimum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	b SG4	b SG4	ഹ	0.5	۶	·	1	ю I	co	က	0	m	8
D Fc3	Relative frequency characteristic 3 (f = 100MHz, minimum)			ථි	Calculate using the measured values	using th	не теа	v pains	alues.				-	0	<del></del>	ВВ
C.T.1	Crosstalk 1 (f = 50MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	sg3	io I	ю I	5	വ	7	ည	ı	<i>c</i> 0	63 I	1	- 30	- 20	8
C.T.1	Crosstalk 1 (f = 100MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	no i	<b>6</b> 3 ∣	D.	ω	>	വ	ı	·65	60	1	- 20	15	88
C.T.2	Crosstalk 2 (f = 50MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ю I	863	eo l	വ	ഹ	>	വ	ı	w 1	ro I	1	- 30	- 20	8
C.T.2′	Crosstalk 2 (f = 100MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ro	864	es I	5	ω.	7	S	•	ю I	ю I	ı	- 20	- 13 21	æ
C.T.3	Crosstalk 3 (f = 50MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	60 I	e l	sg3	ហ	വ	>	വ	1	ю I	ro I	t	- 30	- 20	æ
C.T.3′	Crosstalk 3 (f = 100MHz)	1.P35 1.P30 1.P25	ю I	<i>w</i>	b SG4	, ID	5	Ϋ́	വ	ı	<b>60</b>	ю I	ı	- 20	- 15	88
Ľ	Pulse characteristic 1	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	SG5	SG5	sG5	LO	·	2	2	ı	98 28	ю I	ı	4	7	SC
<u> </u>	Pulse characteristic 2	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	SG5	SG5	SG5	2		2	2	١.	SG6	ю I	ı	4	7	SC
V14th	Clamp pulse threshold voltage	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ю I	<b>а</b> I	ro	D	D	2	2	1	99S	ro i	- 0.7	1.5	2.5	N N N
W14	Clamp pulse operating minimum width	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	60 I	ø I	1 00	വ	2	2	D.	1	SG6	60	ı	0.3	1.0	n s

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ELECTR	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.) (Ta = $25$ °C, Vcc = $12$ V, unless otherwise specified)	(Ta = 25 °C,	- Ncc	12V, u	nless o	therwise	specif	(pe								
		100		Input		ă	External		(V) ylaans		Pulse	ti de		imit		
Symbol	Parameter	point	SW13 R-ch	SW8 Gch	SW3 B-ch	7		-	<b>V32</b>	88	SW18	SW1.5	Σ Č	Typ.	Мах.	Ü
Росн	Pedestal voltage temperature characteristic 1	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	SG7	SG7	sG7	Ŋ	. ю	2	ಬ	1	99S		- 0.3	0	0.3	ναΛ
Poc	Pedestal voltage temperature characteristic 2	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	sG7	b SG7	sG7	Ŋ	5	8	2	ı	99S	·	- 0.3	0	0.3	> 20
OTr	OSD pulse characteristic 1	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ro I	1 to	ю I	ro	5	N	5	1.7	1 m	988 808	1	4	Ø	క
014	OSD pulse characteristic 2	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	, co	<i>(</i> 0 )	(C)	ις.	വ	2		1.7	60 ∤	9 SG8	I	4	Ø	S.
Oaj1	OSD adjusting control characteristic (maximum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	eo 1	1 m	60 I	വ	2	2	5	1.7	<b>60</b> 1	988 SG8	ю	3.6	4.2	VP.P
∆ Oaj1	Relative OSD adjusting control characteristic (maximum)			ථි	Iculate	Calculate using the measured values.	he mea	Sured	alues.				0.8	-	1.2	†
Oaj2	OSD adjusting control characteristic (minimum)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ю I	(a)	ю I	2	വ	2	ည	0	1 m	sg8	0.5	-	<u>.</u> ਲ	V P.P
∆ 0aj2	Relative OSD adjusting control characteristic (minimum)			ථී	culate	Calculate using the measured values.	ne mea	sured v	alues.				0.8	-	12	'
OSDth	OSD input threshold voltage	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	ю I	<b>6</b> 0 ∤	<b>в</b> I	Ŋ	'n	2	رم م	1.7	1 m	988 898	1.7	2.5	3.5	\ \ \ \
V1th	BLK input threshold voltage	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	SG4	2 PS	ഹ	ιċ	2	rs.	1	(G)	SK only	1.7	2.5	3.5	200

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC TESTING PROCEDURE

Because signal input pin switch numbers and pulse input pin switch numbers are shown in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, we omit them in these notes. Only the switch numbers of external power supplies are named in the notes.

Sub brightness voltages V32, V27 and V22 are set to the same value, therefore, we mention only V32 in Supplementary Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC. Sub contrast voltages V4, V9 and V14 are also set to the same value, therefore we mention only V4 in Supplementary Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.

#### lcc

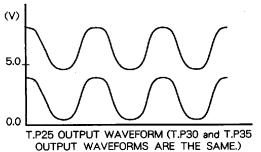
Test conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC. Measure with ammeter A while SW1 is set to "a".

#### Vomax

Set V19 as follows:

Input SG1 to pin 13 (pin 8 or pin 3). Increase V19 gradually, and read voltage V19 when the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output waveform peak is distorted. This reading is called VTRI (VTGI or VTBI).

Lower V19 gradually, and read voltage V19 when the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output waveform bottom is distorted. This reading is called VTR2(VTG2 or VTB2).



2. With these readings, VT(VTR, VTG and VTB) can be calculated as follows:

$$V_{TR}(V_{TG}, V_{TB}) = \frac{V_{TR1}(V_{TG1}, V_{TB1}) + V_{TR2}(V_{TG1}, V_{TB1})}{2}$$

Select relevant readings, depending on the output pin.When T.P25 is measured, use VTR1; when T.P30 is measured, use VTR1; and when T.P35 is measured, use VTR1.

3. After setting VTR(VTG or VTB), increase SG1 amplitude gradually starting from 700mV, and read the output amplitude when T.P25(T.P30 and T.P35) output waveform peak and bottom start being distorted simultaneously.

#### Vimax

Starting from a condition as described in Vomax, adjust V17 to 25V as shown in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC. Enlarge the input signal amplitude

gradually starting from 700mV<sub>P-P</sub>, and read it when output signal starts being distorted.

#### Gv. ∧ Gv

- Input SG1 to pin 13 (pin 8 or pin 3), and read the T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called VoR1(Vog1 and Vog1).
- 2. Maximum gain Gv is:

$$G_V = 20 \log \frac{V_{OR1}(V_{OG1}, V_{OB1})}{0.7}$$
 [VP.P]

3. Relative maximum gain  $\Delta G$  can be calculated with the equation given below:

△Gv = Vor1/Vog1, Vog1/Vog1, Vog1/Vor1

#### Vcni, A Vcni

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, except that V17 is set to 2V.
- Read the T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called VoR2(Vog2 or VoB2).
- 3. Contrast control characteristic VcR₁ and relative contrast control characteristic △VcR₁ can be calculated as follows:

$$V_{CR1} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OR2}(V_{OG2}, V_{OB2})}{0.7}$$
 [VP.P]

△VCR1 = VOR2/VOG2, VOG2/VOB2, VOB2/VOR2

#### Vcn2. ∧ Vcn2

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, except that V17 is set to 1V.
- Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This
  reading is called Vors (Vocs or Voss). Each voltage is
  called Vcrs.
- Relative contrast control characteristic △VcR2 is calculated as follows:

△ Vor2 = Vor3/Vog3, Vog3/Vog3, Vog3/Vor3

#### Vscn1, A Vscn1

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, except that V4, V9 and V14 are set to 2.0V.
- 2. Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called VoR4 (Vog4 or VoB4).
- 3. Sub contrast control characteristic VscRI and relative sub contrast control characteristic  $\Delta$  VscRI are calculated as follows:

$$V_{SCR1} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OR4}(V_{OG4}, V_{OB4})}{0.7}$$
 [VP.P]

△VSCR1 = VOR4/VOG4, VOG4/VOB4, VOB4/VOR4

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#### Vscn2, △ Vscn2

- 1. The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, except that V4, V9 and V14 are set to 1.0V.
- 2. Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called VoR5(Vogs or VoB5).
- 3. Relative sub contrast characteristic VcR2 is calculated as follows:

△ VCR2 = VOR5/VOG5, VOG5/VOB5, VOB5/VOR5

#### Vscra, $\triangle$ Vscra

- 1. The conditions are as shown in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, except that V17 is set to 3.0V, and that V4, V9 and V14 are set to 3.0V.
- 2. Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called Vorse(Vocs or Voss).

$$V_{CR3} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OR6}(V_{OG6}, V_{OB6})}{0.7}$$
 [VP.P]

△ VCR3 = VOR6/VOG6, VOG6/VOB6, VOB6/VOR6

#### Vos, A Vos

- 1. The conditions are as shown in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- 2. Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called Vor7 (Vog7 or Vog7), and is used as Vai at the same time.
- 3. The relative brightness control characteristic can be obtained by calculating the difference among channels, by using Vor7, Vog7 and Vob7.

#### VB2, A VB2

- 1. The conditions are as shown in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- 2. Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This voltage is called Vor7' (Vog7' or Voe7'), and is Ve2 at the same time.
- 3. Relative brightness control characteristic A VB2 can be obtained by calculating the difference among channels, by using Vor7', Vog7' and VoB7'.

$$\triangle V_{B2} = V_{OR7}' - V_{OG7}'$$
 (mV)  
=  $V_{OG7}' - V_{OR7}'$   
=  $V_{OB7}' - V_{OR7}'$ 

#### VB3, △ VB3

- 1. The conditions are as shown in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- 2. Read the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output amplitude. This reading is called Vor7" (Voc7" or Vor7"), and is used as VB3 at the same time.
- 3. Relative brightness control characteristic A VB3 can be obtained by calculating the difference among channels, by using Vor7", Vog7" and Vog7".

#### Ven

The measuring procedure is the same as described in Val.  $\Delta$  VB1, except that sub brightness (V32, V27 and V22) is set to 5.0V or 0V. However, paragraph 3 of Vai, \( \Delta Vai \) does not apply.

#### Fc1, Fc1'

- 1. The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- 2. SG3 and SG4 are used. Measure the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output waveform amplitude by the procedure as described in Gv. △ Gv.
- 3. The readings are called as follows: Output amplitude with SG1 input: Vont (Vogt or Vont) Output amplitude with SG3 input: Vore(Vogs or Vogs) Output amplitude with SG4 input: Vors (Vogs or Vogs) Frequency characteristics Fc1 and Fc1' can be calculated as follows:

$$F_{C1} = 20 \log \frac{V_{OR8}(V_{OG8}, V_{OB8})}{V_{OR1}(V_{OG1}, V_{OB1})}$$
 [VP.P.]

Fc1' = 
$$20 \log \frac{\text{VoR9}(\text{VoG9, VoB9})}{\text{VoR1}(\text{VoG1, VoB1})} \frac{\text{[VP-P]}}{\text{[VP-P]}}$$

4. To obtain relative frequency bandwidths △ Fc₁ and △Fc1' calculate the difference between Fc1 and Fc1' for each channel.

#### Fc2, △ Fc2

The measuring procedure is the same as described in Fc1. Fc1', except that CONTRAST(V17) is throttled to 1.5V.

#### Fcs. ∧ Fcs

The measuring procedure is the same as described in Fc1. Fc1', except that CONTRAST(V17) is throttled to 0.5V. C.T.1, C.T.1

- 1. The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- 2. Input SG3 (or SG4) to pin 13 (R-ch), and measure the T.P25(T.P30 or T.P35) output waveform. The measured value is called Vor (Vog or Vob).
- 3. Crosstalk C.T.1 is calculated as follows:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{C.T.1} = 20 \log & \frac{\text{Vog or VoB}}{\text{VoR}} & \frac{\text{[VP.P]}}{\text{[VP.P]}} & \text{[dB]} \end{array}$$

#### C.T.2, C.T.2

- 1. Input SG2 (or SG4) to pin 8 (G-ch), and read the output in the same way as described in C.T.1, C.T.1'.
- 2. Crosstalk C.T.2 is calculated as follows:



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$$C.T.2 = 20 \log \frac{V_{OR \text{ or } V_{OB}}}{V_{OG}} \frac{[V_{P.P}]}{[V_{P.P}]} \quad [dB]$$

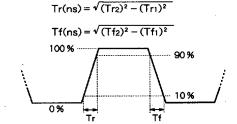
#### C.T.3, C.T.3'

- 1. Input SG2 (or SG4) to pin 3 (B-ch), and read the output in the same way as described in C.T.1, C.T.1'.
- 2. Crosstalk C.T.3 is:

$$C.T.3 = 20 log \frac{Vor or Voc}{Vos} \frac{[V_{P.P}]}{[V_{P.P}]} [dB]$$

#### Tr, Tf

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Measure rise time Tri, during which an input pulse rises from 10% to 90%. Also measure fall time Tfi, during which an input pulse falls from 90% to 10%. Use an active probe for this measurement.
- 3. Measure rise time Tr2, during which an output pulse rises from 10 % to 90 %, and measure fall time Tf2 during which an output pulse falls from 90 % to 10 %. Use an active probe for this measurement.
- 4. Pulse characteristics Tr and Tr are calculated as follows:



#### V14th

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Monitoring output (approximately 2.0Vpc), lower the SG6 level gradually, and read the SG6 level when output is 0V.

#### W14

Under the same conditions as described in V14th, reduce the SG6 pulse width gradually, while monitoring output. Measure the SG6 pulse width when output is 0V.

#### PDCH. PDCL

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Measure pedestal voltage at room temperature. The measurement is called Poc1.
- Measure pedestal voltage at -20 ℃ and at 85 ℃. The measurements are called, respectively, Pbc2 and Pbc3.
- 4. PDCH = PDC1 PDC2
  PDCL = PDC1 PDC3

#### OTr. OTf

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Measure rise time OTr and fall time OTf, during both of which an output pulse changes between 10% and 90%, using an active probe.

#### Oaj1, △ Oaj1

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Read the T.P25(T.P30 and T.P35) output amplitude. The reading is called Vora (Voga or Voga). Each reading is used as Oai1.
- 3. Relative OSD adjusting control characteristic △ Oaj1 is calculated as follows:

△Oaj1 = Vora/Voga, Voga/Voba, Voba/Vora

#### Oaj2, △ Oaj2

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC, except that V36 is set to 0V.
- Read the T.P25(T.P30 and T.P35) output amplitude. The reading is called Vore (Voce or Voce). Each reading is used as Oaj2.
- Relative OSD adjusting control characteristic 
   △Oaj2 is calculated as follows:

△ Oaj2 = Vora/Voga, Voga/Voga, Voga/Vora

#### **OSDth**

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Monitoring output, lower the SG8 level, and read the SG8 level when there is no output. The measurement is called OSDth.

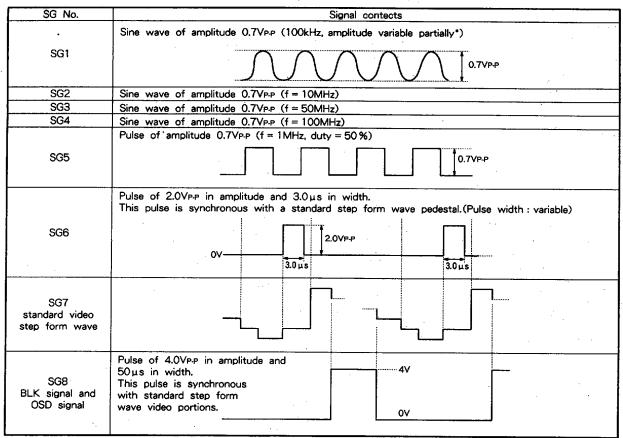
#### V1th

- The conditions are as specified in Table of ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC.
- Check that no signal is output synchronously with SG8. (Blanking period)
- Monitoring output, lower the SG8 level, and measure the SG8 level when there is no blanking period. The measurement is called V1th.



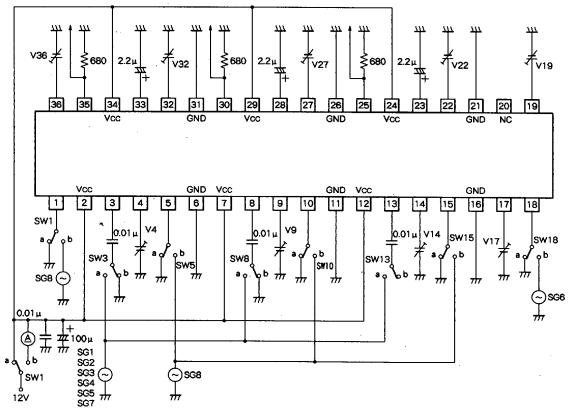
# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

#### **INPUT SIGNALS**



# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

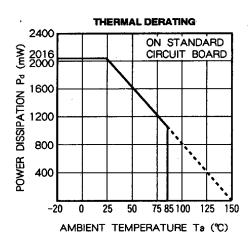
#### **TEST CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

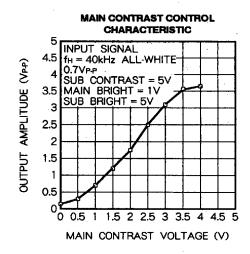


Units Resistance : Q Capacitance : F

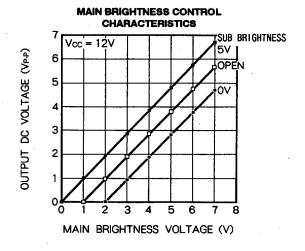
## 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

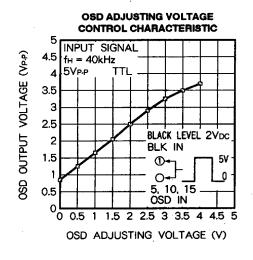
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

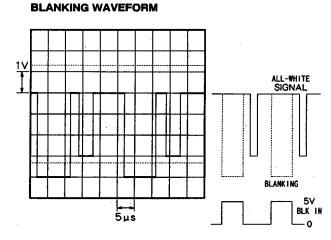




#### SUB CONTRAST CONTROL CHARACTERISTIC INPUT SIGNAL 4.5 fn = 40kHz ALL-WHITE OUTPUT AMPLITUDE (VP-P) MAIN CONTRAST = 5V MAIN BRIGHT = 1V 3.5 SUB BRIGHT = 5V 3 2.5 2 1.5 1 0.5 0, 1.5 2 2.5 3 3.5 SUB CONTRAST VOLTAGE (V)







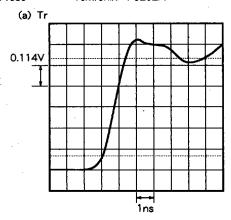


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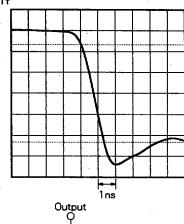
# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

#### **Pulse Response**

1. Input signal Oscilloscope Probe fH = 40kHz, all-white, 0.7VP-P VG-819 lwatsu SS6521 (up to 500MHz) Tektronix P6202A

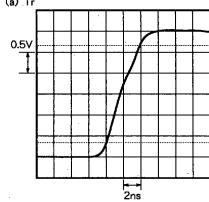


(b) Tf

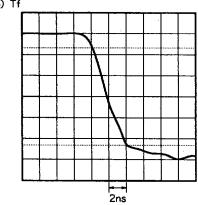


2. Output signal Output voltage = 3VPP Black level 2Vpc





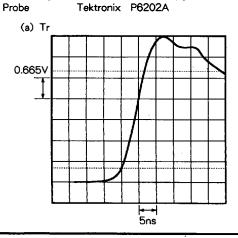




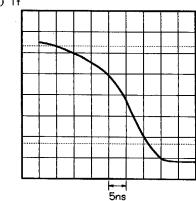
<del>///</del> \$680

Pulse Response (BLK)

1. Input signal Oscilloscope fH = 40kHz, all-white, 0.7VPP VG-819 Iwatsu SS6521 (up to 500MHz)



(b) Tf



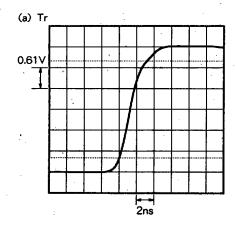
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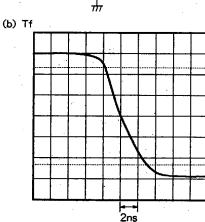
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### 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

2. Output signal Black level 2Vpc



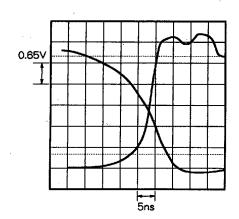
Output **≸680** 

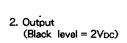


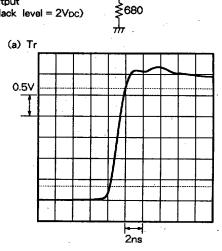
Output O

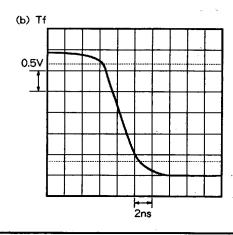
### Pulse Response (OSD)

1. Input signal fH = 40kHz, all-white, 0.7VP-P VG-819 Oscilloscope lwatsu SS6521 (up to 500MHz) Probe Tektronix P6202A



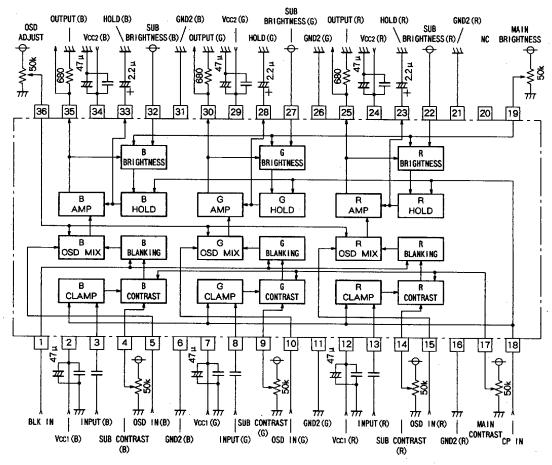






# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

#### **APPLICATION EXAMPLE**



% Capacitance is 0.01  $\mu F$  unless otherwise specified  $\rightleftharpoons$ : 5V

Units Resistance : Q Capacitance : F

# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

#### **DESCRIPTION OF PIN**

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage(V)	Peripheral circuit	Remarks
Φ	BLK IN	- -	0.3k Vcc 0.3k  0.3k  G-ch  G-ch  GND	Input pulse signals of no less than 3V.  3V or more  1V or less  Earth to GND when this pin is not used.
② ⑦ ⑫	Vcc (B-ch) Vcc (G-ch) Vcc (R-ch)	12	<del>-</del>	Apply the same level of voltage to 3 channels.
3 8 13	INPUT (B) INPUT (G) INPUT (R)	2.5	2k \$ 2k Vcc	<ul> <li>Clamped to approximately 2.5V due to pin® clamp pulse signals.</li> <li>Input at low impedance.</li> </ul>
<b>4 9 10</b>	SUB CONTRAST (B) SUB CONTRAST (G) SUB CONTRAST (R)	2.5	1.5k Vcc 2.5V S23.5k T2.5V	Apply 5V or less for stable operation.
© (0 (0	OSD IN (B) OSD IN (G) OSD IN (R)	-	Vcc \$0.25k Vcc \$0.25k GND	Apply pulse signals of between 3V and 5V.  3~5V  1V or less  Earth to GND when this pin is not used.
6 9 0 8 0 8	GND (B-ch) GND (G-ch) GND (R-ch)	GND		

# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

### **DESCRIPTION OF PIN** (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage(V)	Peripheral circuit	Remarks
Ø	MAIN CONTRAST	2.5	1.5k W 23.5k 2.5V GND	● Apply 5V or less for stable operation.
189	CP IN	-	18 VCC	Input pulse signals of no less than 2.2V  2.2V or more  1V or less  Input at low impedance.
19	MAIN BRIGHTNESS	· <del>-</del>	3	
200	NC	-	<del>-</del>	<ul> <li>Earth to GND or set to OPEN normally.</li> </ul>
Ø Ø @	SUB BRIGHTNESS (R) SUB BRIGHTNESS (G) SUB BRIGHTNESS (B)	2.8	4k \$ 4k 772k	Pull up to Vcc when this pin is not used.
<b>3</b> 3	HOLD (R) HOLD (G) HOLD (B)	Variable	Vcc 1k GND	



# 3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-DEFINITION COLOR DISPLAYS

#### **DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)**

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage(V)	Peripheral circuit	Remarks
Ø Ø Ø	Vcc2 (R) Vcc2 (G) Vcc2 (B)	12 Apply	Pin@ Pin@ Pin@	<ul> <li>Used exclusively for output emitter follower.</li> <li>Apply the same level of voltage to 3 channels.</li> </ul>
Ф 9 6	OUTPUT (R) OUTPUT (G) OUTPUT (B)	Variable	50 Pin @ Pin @ Pin ® Pin ®	Connect resistance to GND such that the amperage will be no more than 15mA with necessary driving capacity.
<b>ॐ</b>	OSD ADJUST	Apply	Vcc ₹108k 12k ₹17k — 2V GND	