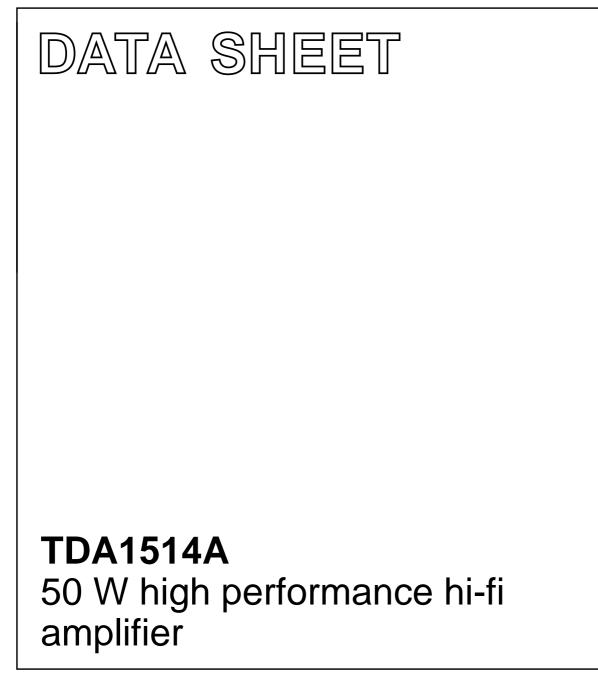
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



Product specification File under Integrated Circuits, IC01 May 1992



HILIP

### **TDA1514A**

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The TDA1514A integrated circuit is a hi-fi power amplifier for use as a building block in radio, tv and other audio applications. The high performance of the IC meets the requirements of digital sources (e.g. Compact Disc equipment).

The circuit is totally protected, the two output transistors both having thermal and SOAR protection (see Fig.3). The circuit also has a mute function that can be arranged for a period after power-on with a delay time fixed by external components.

The device is intended for symmetrical power supplies but an asymmetrical supply may also be used.

#### Features

- High output power
- Low harmonic distortion
- Low intermodulation distortion
- · Low offset voltage
- Good ripple rejection
- Mute/stand-by facilities
- Thermal protection
- · Protected against electrostatic discharge
- · No switch-on or switch-off clicks
- Very low thermal resistance
- Safe Operating Area (SOAR) protection.

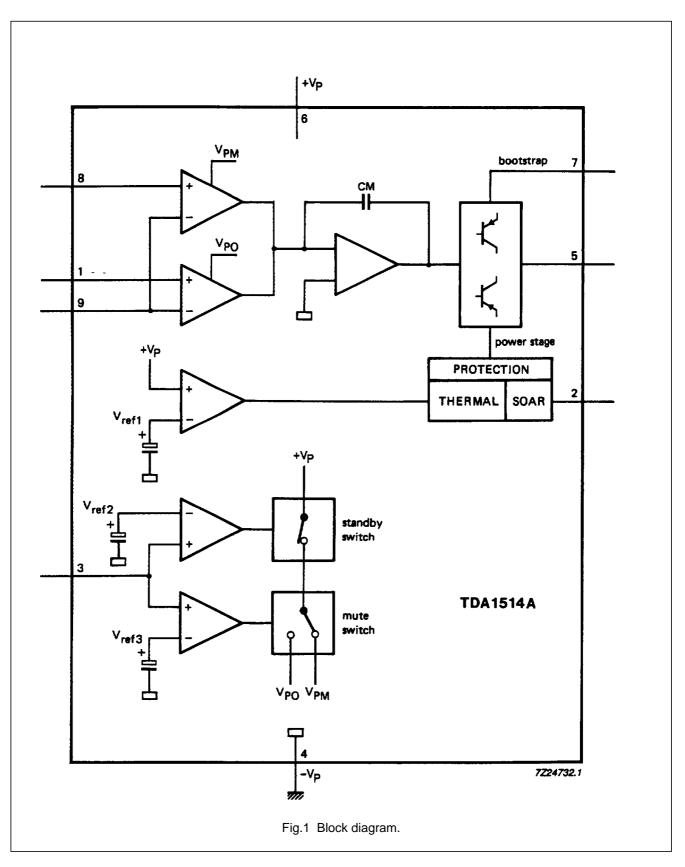
#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage range						
(pin 6 to pin 4)		V <sub>P</sub>	± 10	-	± 30	V
Total quiescent current	V <sub>P</sub> = ± 27.5 V	I <sub>tot</sub>	_	56	-	mA
Output power	THD = -60 dB;					
	V <sub>P</sub> = ± 27.5 V;					
	$R_L = 8 \Omega$	Po	_	40	-	W
	$V_{P} = \pm 23 V;$					
	$R_L = 4 \Omega$	Po	_	48	_	W
Closed loop voltage gain	determined					
	externally	G <sub>c</sub>	_	30	_	dB
Input resistance	determined					
	externally	R <sub>i</sub>	_	20	_	kΩ
Signal plus noise-to-noise ratio	$P_0 = 50 \text{ mW}$	(S+N)/N	_	83	_	dB
Supply voltage ripple						
rejection	f = 100 Hz	SVRR	_	64	_	dB

#### PACKAGE OUTLINE

9-lead SIL, plastic power (SOT131R); SOT131-2; 1996 July 19.

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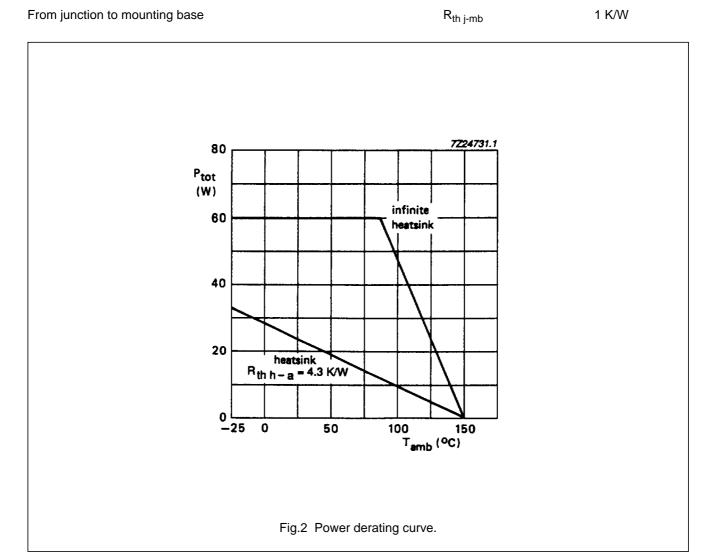
# TDA1514A

#### RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage (pin 6 to pin 4)	V <sub>P</sub>	-	± 30	V
Bootstrap voltage (pin 7 to pin 4)	V <sub>bstr</sub>	_	70	V
Output current (repetitive peak)	I <sub>o</sub>	_	8	A
Operating ambient temperature range	T <sub>amb</sub>	see F	ig.2	
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55	+ 150	°C
Power dissipation		see F	ig.2	
Thermal shut-down protection time	t <sub>pr</sub>	_	1	hour
Mute voltage (pin 3 to pin 4)	V <sub>m</sub>	-	7.25	V

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE



TDA1514A

The theoretical maximum power dissipation for  $P_0 = 40$  W with a stabilized power supply is:

$$\frac{V_{P}^{2}}{2\pi^{2}R_{I}}$$
 = 19 W; where V<sub>P</sub> = ± 27.5 V; R<sub>L</sub> = 8 Ω

Considering, for example, a maximum ambient temperature of 50 °C and a maximum junction temperature of 150 °C the total thermal resistance is:

$$R_{th \, j\text{-}a} \; = \; \frac{150 - 50}{19} \; = \; 5.3 \; \text{K/W}$$

Since the thermal resistance of the SOT131A encapsulation is  $R_{th j-mb} < 1$  K/W, the thermal resistance required of the heatsink is  $R_{th h-a} < 4.3$  K/W.

#### SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOAR) PROTECTION

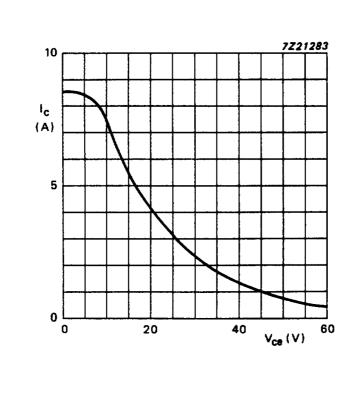


Fig.3 SOAR protection curve.

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### CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_P = \pm 27.5 \text{ V}$ ;  $R_L = 8 \Omega$ ; f = 1 kHz;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ ; test circuit as Fig.4; unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage range						
(pin 6 to pin 4)		VP	± 10	_	± 30	V
Maximum output current						
(peak value)		I <sub>OM max</sub>	6.4	-	-	A
Operating state						
Voltage (pins 3 to 4)		V <sub>3-4</sub>	6	_	7.25	V
Total quiescent current	$R_L = \infty$	I <sub>tot</sub>	30	56	90	mA
Output power	THD = -60 dB	Po	37	40	_	w
	THD = -20 dB	Po	_	51	_	w
Output power	$V_{P} = \pm 23 V;$					
	THD = -60 dB					
	$R_L = 8 \Omega$	Po	_	28	_	w
	$R_L = 4 \Omega$	Po	_	48	_	w
Total harmonic distortion	P <sub>o</sub> = 32 W	THD	_	-90	-80	dB
Intermodulation distortion	P <sub>o</sub> = 32 W					
	note 1	d <sub>im</sub>	_	-86	-	dB
Power bandwidth	(–3 dB);					
	THD = -60 dB	В	-	20 to		
				25 000		Hz
Slew rate		dV/dt	-	14	-	V/µs
Closed loop voltage gain	note 2	G <sub>c</sub>	-	30	-	dB
Open loop voltage gain		Go	-	89	-	dB
Input impedance	note 3	Z <sub>i</sub>	1	-	-	MΩ
Signal-to-noise ratio	note 4					
	$P_o = 50 \text{ mW}$	S/N	80	83	-	dB
Output offset voltage		Vo	-	7	200	mV
Input bias current		I <sub>I</sub>	-	0.1	1.0	μA
Output impedance		Z <sub>o</sub>	-	-	0.1	Ω
Supply voltage ripple						
rejection	note 5	SVRR	58	64	_	dB
Quiescent current into pin 2	note 6	I <sub>2</sub>	_	0.1	-	μA

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PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Mute state						
Voltage on pin 3		V <sub>3-4</sub>	2	_	4.5	v
Offset voltage		Vo	-	30	200	V
Output voltage	V <sub>i(rms)</sub> = 1 V					
	f = 1 kHz	Vo	-	450	_	μV
Ripple rejection	note 5	RR	-	60	-	dB
Standby state						
Voltage on pin 3		V <sub>3-4</sub>	0	_	0.9	v
Total quiescent current		I <sub>tot</sub>	-	18	25	mA
Ripple rejection	notes 5 and 7	RR	-	60	-	dB
Supply voltage to obtain						
standby state		± V <sub>P</sub>	5.0	-	7.0	V

#### Notes to the characteristics

1. Measured with two superimposed signals of 50 Hz and 7 kHz with an amplitude relationship of 4 : 1.

2. The closed loop gain is determined by external resistors (Fig.4, R2 and R3) and is variable between 20 and 46 dB.

3. The input impedance in the test circuit (Fig.4) is determined by the bias resistor R1.

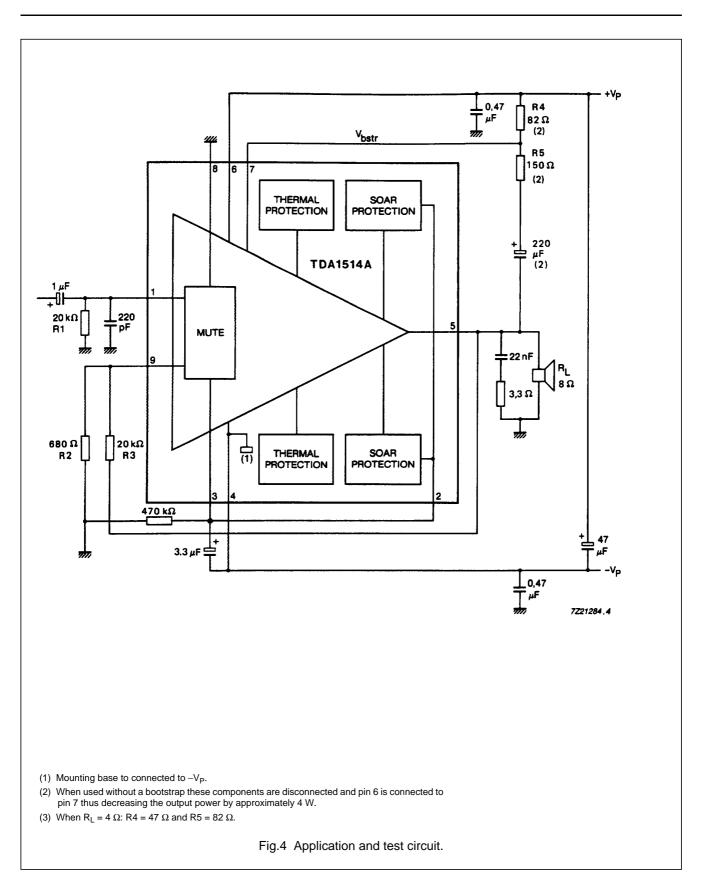
4. The noise output voltage is measured in a bandwidth of 20 Hz to 20 kHz with a source resistance of 2 k $\Omega$ .

5. f = 100 Hz;  $R_S = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; ripple voltage = 500 mV<sub>(eff)</sub> on positive and negative supply.

6. The quiescent current into pin 2 has an impact on the mute time.

7. Without bootstrap.

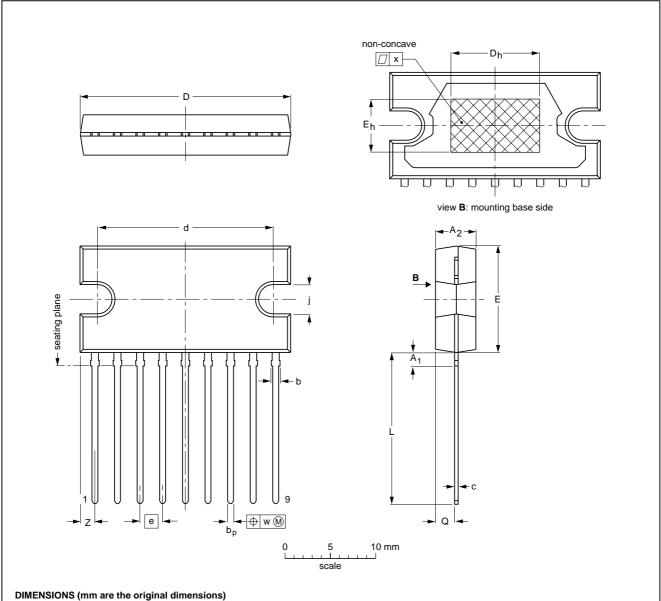
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### PACKAGE OUTLINE

### SIL9P: plastic single in-line power package; 9 leads



ι	JNIT	A <sub>1</sub> max.	A <sub>2</sub>	b max.	bp	с	D <sup>(1)</sup>	d	D <sub>h</sub>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	е	E <sub>h</sub>	j	L	Q	w	x	Z <sup>(1)</sup>
	mm	2.0	4.6 4.2	1.1	0.75 0.60	0.48 0.38	24.0 23.6	20.0 19.6	10	12.2 11.8	2.54	6	3.4 3.1	17.2 16.5	2.1 1.8	0.25	0.03	2.00 1.45

#### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT131-2						<del>-92-11-17</del> 95-03-11	

SOT131-2

### TDA1514A

#### SOLDERING

#### Introduction

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"IC Package Databook"* (order code 9398 652 90011).

#### Soldering by dipping or by wave

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joint for more than 5 seconds. The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ( $T_{stg max}$ ). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

#### **Repairing soldered joints**

Apply a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) to the lead(s) of the package, below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

#### DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status					
Objective specification	Objective specification This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.				
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.				
Product specification	n This data sheet contains final product specifications.				
Limiting values					
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.					
Application information					
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.					

#### LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.