

April 1999 File Number 2907.4

2.5MHz, Precision Operational Amplifier

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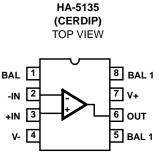
The Intersil HA-5135 is a precision operational amplifier manufactured using a combination of key technological advancements to provide outstanding input characteristics.

A Super Beta input stage is combined with laser trimming, dielectric isolation and matching techniques to produce 75μ V (Maximum) input offset voltage and 0.4μ V/⁰C input offset voltage average drift. Other features enhanced by this process include 9nV/ \sqrt{Hz} (Typ) Input Noise Voltage, 1nA Input Bias Current and 140dB Open Loop Gain.

These features coupled with 120dB CMRR and PSRR make the HA-5135 an ideal device for precision DC instrumentation amplifiers. Excellent input characteristics in conjunction with 2.5MHz bandwidth and 0.8V/µs slew rate, make this amplifier extremely useful for precision integrator and biomedical amplifier designs. This amplifier is also well suited for precision data acquisition and for accurate threshold detector applications.

HA-5135 offers added features over the industry standard OP-07 in regards to bandwidth and slew rate specifications. For the military grade product, refer to the HA-5135/883 data sheet.

Pinout



NOTE: Both BAL 1 pins are connected together internally.

Features

+ Low Offset Voltage
+ Low Offset Voltage Drift $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots 0.4 \mu V/^0 C$
• Low Noise
Open Loop Gain 140dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth 2.5MHz
All Dinalar Canatruction

All Bipolar Construction

Applications

- High Gain Instrumentation
- Precision Data Acquisition
- Precision Integrators
- Biomedical Amplifiers
- Precision Threshold Detectors

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (^O C)	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
HA7-5135-5	0 to 75	8 Ld CERDIP	F8.3A

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltage Between V+ and V- Terminals. 40V Differential Input Voltage 7V Output Short Circuit Duration. Indefinite

Operating Conditions

Temperature Ranges

HA-5135-5	0°C to 75°C
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Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 2)	θ _{JA} (^o C/W)	θ _{JC} (^o C/W)
CERDIP Package	135	50
Maximum Junction Temperature (Note 1) .		
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	6	5 ⁰ C to 150 ⁰ C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 1	l0s)	300 ⁰ C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTES:

- 1. Maximum power dissipation, including output load, must be designed to maintain the maximum junction temperature below 175°C.
- 2. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

		TEMP. (^o C)	HA-5135-5			
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS			!	1	!	
Offset Voltage		25	-	10	75	μV
		Full	-	50	130	μV
Average Offset Voltage Drift		Full	-	0.4	1.3	μV/ ^o C
Bias Current		25	-	±1	±4	nA
		Full	-	-	±6	nA
Bias Current Average Drift		Full	-	0.02	0.04	nA/ ^o C
Offset Current		25	-	-	4	nA
		Full	-	-	5.5	nA
Offset Current Average Drift		Full	-	0.02	0.04	nA/ ^o C
Common Mode Range		Full	±12	-	-	V
Differential Input Resistance		25	20	30	-	MΩ
Input Noise Voltage (Note 3)	0.1Hz to 10Hz	25	-	-	0.6	μν _{Ρ-Ρ}
Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 10Hz	25	-	13.0	18.0	nV/√Hz
(Note 3)	f = 100Hz		-	10.0	13.0	nV/√Hz
	f = 1000Hz		-	9.0	11.0	nV/√Hz
Input Noise Current (Note 3)	0.1Hz to 10Hz	25	-	15	30	pA _{P-P}
Input Noise Current Density	f = 10Hz	25	-	0.4	0.8	pA/√Hz
(Note 3)	f = 100Hz		-	0.17	0.23	pA/√Hz
	f = 1000Hz		-	0.14	0.17	pA/√Hz
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS		·				
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{OUT} = \pm 10V, R_L = 2k\Omega$	25	120	140	-	dB
		Full	120	-	-	dB
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = \pm 10V$	Full	106	120	-	dB
Closed Loop Bandwidth	$A_{VCL} = +1$	25	0.6	2.5	-	MHz
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 600\Omega$	25	±10	±12	-	V
		Full	±10	-	-	V

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Electrical Specifications $V_{SUPPLY} = \pm 15V$ (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP.	HA-5135-5			
		(°C)	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Full Power Bandwidth (Note 4)	$R_L = 2k\Omega$	25	8	10	-	kHz
Output Current	V _{OUT} = 10V	25	±15	±20	-	mA
Output Resistance	Note 5	25	-	45	-	Ω
TRANSIENT RESPONSE (Note 6)			1			
Rise Time		25	-	340	-	ns
Slew Rate		25	0.5	0.8	-	V/µs
Settling Time (Note 7)		25	-	11	-	μs
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS	I		I			
Supply Current		Full	-	1.0	1.7	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_S = \pm 5V$ to $\pm 20V$	Full	94	130	-	dB

NOTES:

3. Not tested. 90% of units meet or exceed these specifications.

4. Full power bandwidth guaranteed based on slew rate measurement using: FPBW = $\frac{\text{Slew Rate}}{2\pi \text{ V}_{\text{PEAK}}}$

5. Output resistance measured under open loop conditions (f = 100Hz).

6. Refer to test circuits section of the data sheet.

7. Settling time is measured to 0.1% of final value for a 10V output step and $A_V = -1$.

Test Circuits and Waveforms

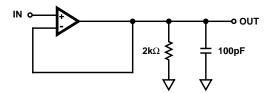
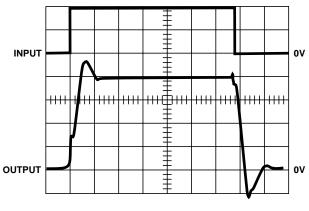


FIGURE 1. SLEW RATE AND TRANSIENT RESPONSE TEST CIRCUIT





SMALL SIGNAL RESPONSE

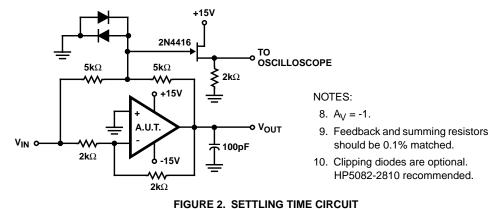
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Ŧ + + INPUT dı 0٧ + OUTPUT ٥V

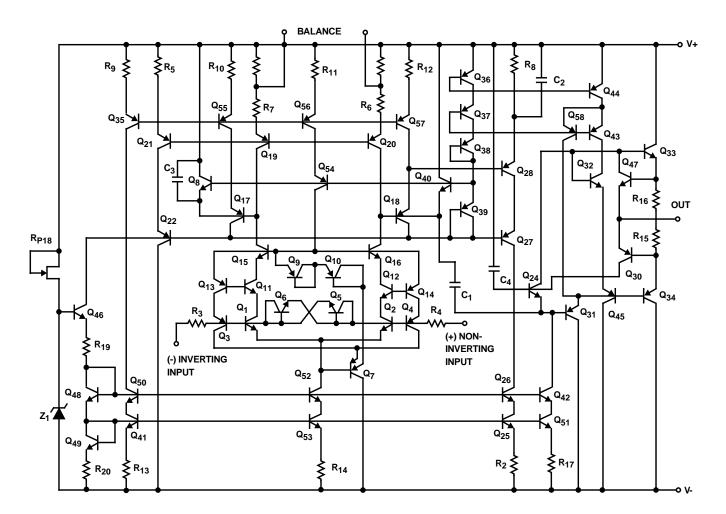
LARGE SIGNAL RESPONSE

Vertical Scale: 5V/Div. Horizontal Scale: 5µs/Div.

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)



Schematic Diagram



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Application Information

Power Supply Decoupling

Although not absolutely necessary, it is recommended that all power supply lines be decoupled with 0.01μ F ceramic capacitors to ground. Decoupling capacitors should be located as near to the amplifier terminals as possible.

Considerations For Prototyping:

The following list of recommendations are suggested for prototyping.

- 1. Resolving low level signals requires minimizing leakage currents caused by external circuitry. Use of quality insulating materials, thorough cleaning of insulating surfaces and implementation of moisture barriers when required is suggested.
- Error voltages generated by thermocouples formed between dissimilar metals in the presence of temperature gradients should be minimized. Isolation of low level circuity from heat generating components is recommended.
- 3. Shielded cable input leads, guard rings and shield drivers are recommended for the most critical applications.

Large Capacitive Loads

When driving large capacitive loads (>500pF), a small value resistor (\approx 50 Ω) should be connected in series with the output and inside the feedback loop.

Offset Voltage Adjustment (See Figure 3)

A 20k Ω balance potentiometer is recommended if offset nulling is required. However, other potentiometer values such as 10k Ω , 50k Ω and 100k Ω may be used. The minimum adjustment range for given values is ± 2 mV. V_{OS} TC of the amplifier is optimized at minimal V_{OS}. Tested Offset Adjustment is |V_{OS} + 1mV| minimum referred to output.

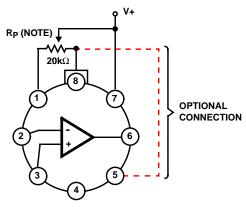


FIGURE 3. OFFSET NULLING CONNECTIONS

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Saturation Recovery

Input and output saturation recovery time is negligible in most applications. However, care should be exercised to avoid exceeding the absolute maximum ratings of the device.

Differential Input Voltages

Inputs are shunted with back-to-back diodes for overvoltage protection. In applications where differential input voltages in excess of 1V are applied between the inputs, the use of limiting resistors at the inputs is recommended.

Typical Applications

The excellent input and gain characteristics of HA-5135 are well suited for precision integrator applications. Accurate integration over seven decades of frequency using HA-5135, virtually nullifies the need for more expensive chopper-type amplifiers.

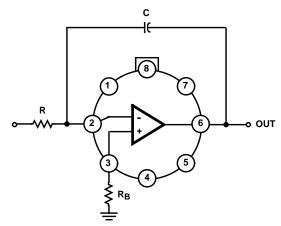


FIGURE 4. PRECISION INTEGRATOR

Low V_{OS} coupled with high open loop Gain, high CMRR and high PSRR make HA-5135 ideally suited for precision detector applications, such as the zero crossing detector shown in Figure 5.

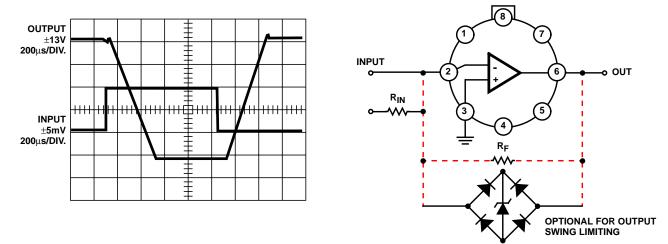


FIGURE 5. ZERO CROSSING DETECTOR

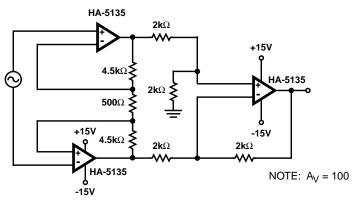
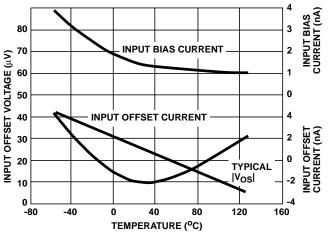
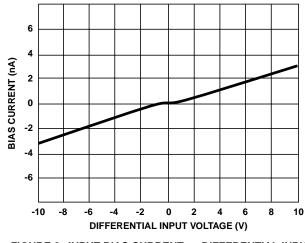


FIGURE 6. PRECISION INSTRUMENTATION AMPLIFIER



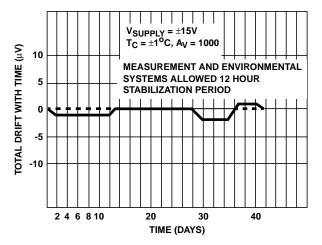








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Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

FIGURE 9. HA-5135 OFFSET VOLTAGE STABILITY vs TIME

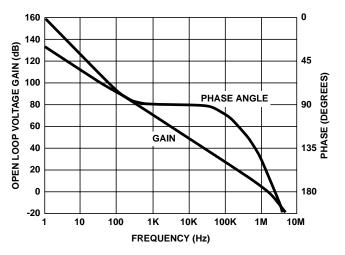
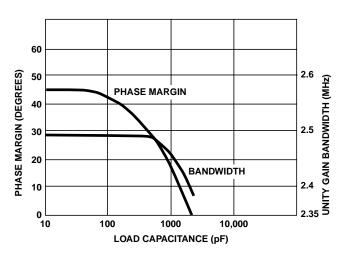
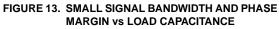


FIGURE 11. OPEN LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE





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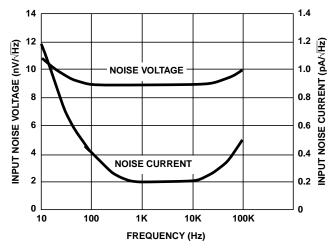


FIGURE 10. INPUT NOISE vs FREQUENCY

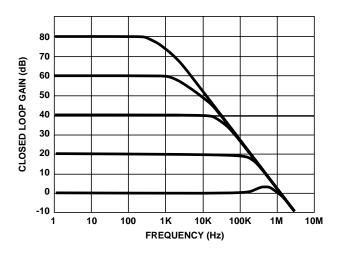


FIGURE 12. CLOSED LOOP FREQUENCY RESPONSE

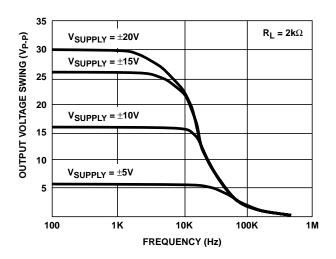
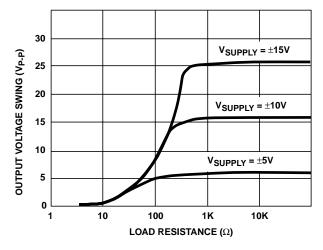


FIGURE 14. OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING vs FREQUENCY

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Typical Performance Curves (Continued)





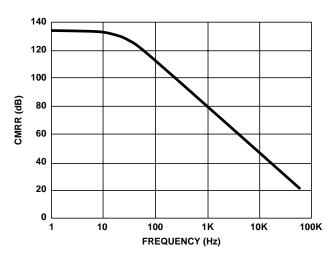
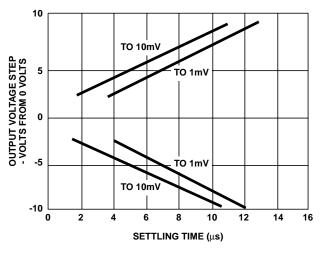
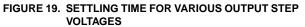
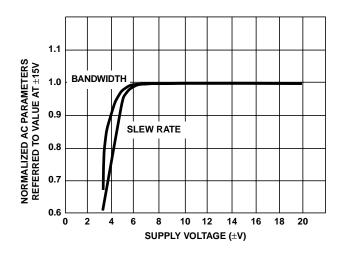


FIGURE 17. CMRR vs FREQUENCY





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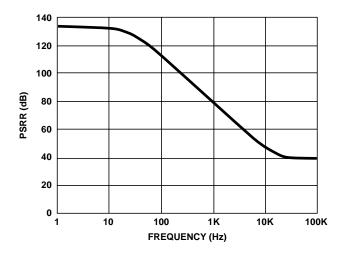


FIGURE 18. PSRR vs FREQUENCY

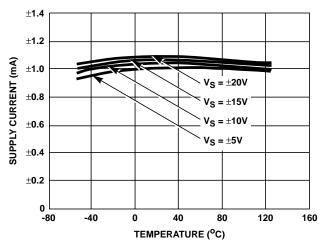


FIGURE 20. POWER SUPPLY CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

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Die Characteristics

DIE DIMENSIONS:

72 mils x 103 mils x 19 mils (1840µm x 2620µm x 483µm)

METALLIZATION:

Type: Al, 1% Cu Thickness: 16kÅ ±2kÅ

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

V-

Metallization Mask Layout

PASSIVATION:

Type: Nitride (Si₃N₄) over Silox (SiO₂, 5% Phos.) Silox Thickness: 12kÅ ±2kÅ Nitride Thickness: 3.5kÅ ±1.5kÅ

TRANSISTOR COUNT:

71

PROCESS:

Bipolar Dielectric Isolation

BALV+OTBAL

BAL2

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