LC58E76



On-Chip EPROM Microcomputer 4-Bit Single Chip Microprocessor with LCD Driver, 12 Kbytes of EPROM and 1 Kbit of RAM On-Chip

Overview

The LC58E76 is an on-chip EPROM microcontroller in the LC587X series of CMOS 4-bit single chip microcontrollers.

The LC58E76 provides the same functionality as the LC5876 mask ROM version, and has the same pin layout. The LC58E76 has a 16-kbyte EPROM capacity, and corresponds to the LC5872, LC5873, LC58E74 and LC5876.

The LC58E76 is provided in an 80-pin ceramic window package, and programs can be written and erased repeatedly. Thus it is optimal for use during program development.

Applications

The LC58E76 can be used for program and function evaluation in the following applications.

- System control of consumer products that use LCD displays, such as cameras, CD players and tuners
- Remote controllers for products such as VCRs or tuners
- System control of instruments that use LCD displays, such as miniature test equipment and medical equipment.
- The LC58E76 is optimal for products that use LCD displays, in particular, battery operated products.

Features

• Optional functions can be switched by EPROM data settings.

The LC58E76 includes both program and option selection EPROM on-chip. The option selection EPROM can be used to specify almost all of the LC587X options, including crystal/ceramic oscillator specifications, port hold transistor selection and segment PLA specifications. These option specifications allow functional and operational testing in the actual PC board used in the mass-produced end product.

- On-chip 16 kbyte program EPROM The on-chip 16 kbyte program EPROM allows the LC58E76 to be used to evaluate all four members of the LC587X series. (See the series structure table on the next page.)
- Program and option data read/write

The program and option data can be read and written with a standard commercial EPROM writer by using a dedicated EPROM writing board. (256K equivalent) (Either a Sanyo or an Advanced EPROM writer should be used.)

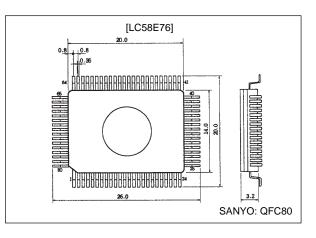
• Pin correspondence

The LC58E76 is pin compatible with the mask ROM versions. (There is no chip correspondence.)

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

3152A-QFC80



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Series Structure

Type No.	LC5872	LC5873	LC5874	LC5876	LC58E76
ROM capacity	$2 \text{ k} \times 16 \text{ bits}$	$3 \text{ k} \times 16 \text{ bits}$	$4 \text{ k} \times 16 \text{ bits}$	$6 \text{ k} \times 16 \text{ bits}$	EPROM: 16 kbytes
RAM capacity	256×4 bits	256×4 bits	256× 4 bits	256×4 bits	256×4 bits
Package	QIP80	QIP80	QIP80	QIP80	QFC80 ceramic window package
Notes	Available in quantity	Available in quantity	Available in quantity	Available in quantity	The on-chip EPROM window version will be available shortly.

Usage Notes

The LC58E76 is designed for use in developing and evaluating programs for the microprocessors in the LC587X series. However, there are differences between the LC58E76 and the mask ROM versions. Keep the following points in mind when using the LC58E76.

1. Notes on Reset

When the RES pin input changes from high to low, the reset state is cleared after the prescribed oscillator stabilization period has elapsed. The options and the segment PLA are set up during the first 256 cycles following the clearing of the reset state. Instructions are executed starting at location 0 after this setup phase has completed. (The options are undefined and the segment outputs are held at the V_{SS} level when the RES pin is high and during the first 256 cycles following the clearing of the reset state.)

- 2. Cover the LC58E76's window with an opaque seal when writing data to EPROM.
- 3. The LC58E76 and the mask ROM versions differ in the following points.

Item	LC58E76	Mask ROM versions (LC587X)	Note		
Operating temperature	10 to 40°C	-30 to 70°C			
Operating supply voltage	2.8 to 5.5 V	2.0 to 6.0 V			
Operating supply currents	5 μA typ. (3 V, 32 kHz crystal) 20 μA typ. (5 V, 32 kHz crystal) 400 μA typ. (5 V, 400 kHz ceramic) 500 μA typ. (5 V, 2 MHz ceramic) 700 μA typ. (5 V, 4 MHz ceramic)	4 μA typ. (3 V, 32 kHz crystal) 15 μA typ. (5 V, 32 kHz crystal) 400 μA typ. (5 V, 400 kHz ceramic) 500 μA typ. (5 V, 2 MHz ceramic) 700 μA typ. (5 V, 4 MHz ceramic)	Hold mode		
Common segment output states at reset	Segment pins: VSS level (CMOS output) Common pins: N-channel open drain	Static operation (LCD drive output)			
Segment output states after the reset state is cleared	Off state	Off state/lit state			
Oscillator circuit specifications	CF/Xtal/CF + Xtal	CF/Xtal/CF + Xtal RC/RC+Xtal/EXT/EXT+Xtal	Option switching in the		
Crystal oscillator circuit	2.8 to 5.5 V 5 μ A typ. (3 V, 32 kHz crystal) 20 μ A typ. (5 V, 32 kHz crystal) 400 μ A typ. (5 V, 400 kHz ceramic) 500 μ A typ. (5 V, 2 MHz ceramic) 700 μ A typ. (5 V, 4 MHz ceramic) Segment pins: VSS level (CMOS output) Common pins: N-channel open drain Off state CF/Xtal/CF + Xtal 32K/38K/65K (Note that this is 65K in the reset state) Open (reset on high) Open drain output Static 1/2 bias, 1/2 duty 1/2 bias, 1/3 duty 1/2 bias, 1/4 duty (Substitute static when the LCD driver is r used.) 00 – 1E However, 0E and 0F cannot be used with	32K/38K/65K	EPROM version is performed by writing		
RES pin specifications	Open (reset on high)	Open (reset on high) Open (reset on low) Pull-up (reset on low) Pull-down (reset on high)	 data to the option EPROM. Option switching in mask ROM versions is performed by 		
N ports	Open drain output	Open drain output/CMOS output	specifying mask		
LCD drive specifications	1/2 bias, 1/2 duty 1/2 bias, 1/3 duty 1/2 bias, 1/4 duty 1/3 bias, 1/3 duty 1/3 bias, 1/4 duty (Substitute static when the LCD driver is not	Static 1/2 bias, 1/2 duty 1/2 bias, 1/3 duty 1/2 bias, 1/3 duty 1/3 bias, 1/4 duty 1/3 bias, 1/4 duty (Substitute static when the LCD driver is not used.)	_ specifying mask options.		
Number of specifiable strobes		00 – 1E However, 0E and 0F cannot be used with the 4 MHz specifications.			

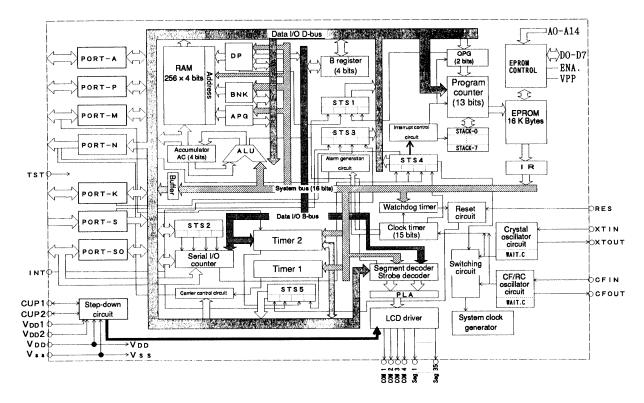
Note: Although the strobes number 00 to 1E can be used with CF 2 MHz and lower specifications, strobes number 0E, 0F and 1E cannot be used with the CF 4 MHz specifications.

Pin Assignments

PIn No.		Symbol	PIn No.		Symbol	PIn No.	Symbol	PIn No.	Symbol
1	COM2		21	V _{DD} 2		41	N3	61	Seg18
2	COM1		22	V _{DD} 1		42	N4 Output ports	62	Seg19
3	CUP1		23	V _{SS}		43	TST	63	Seg20
4	CUP2		24	VDD		44	Seg1	64	Seg21
5	RES		25	CFIN		45	Seg2	65	Seg22
6	INT		26	CFOU	Т	46	Seg3	66	Seg23
7	SO1		27	S1 `)	47	Seg4	67	Seg24
8	SO2	I/O, serial I/O	28	S2	La su di su su di s	48	Seg5	68	Seg25
9	SO3	ports	29	S3	Input ports	49	Seg6	69	Seg26
10	SO4 _		30	S4 _	J	50	Seg7	70	Seg27
11	A1	1	31	K1)		51	Seg8	71	Seg28
12	A2	I/O ports	32	K2	I/O ports	52	Seg9	72	Seg29
13	A3	1/O ports	33	K3	1/O poits	53	Seg10	73	Seg30
14	A4 🚽		34	K4 <)	54	Seg11	74	Seg31
15	P1 `		35	M1 `		55	Seg12	75	Seg32
16	P2	I/O ports	36	M2	I/O ports	56	Seg13	76	Seg33
17	P3		37	M3		57	Seg14	77	Seg34
18	P4 ノ	l	38	M4 <)	58	Seg15	78	Seg35
19	XTOU	Т	39	N1	Output ports	59	Seg16	79	COM4
20	XTIN		40	N2 _		60	Seg17	80	COM3

Note: 1. The TST pin must be connected to V_{SS} in normal operation. 2. When mounting the LC58E76, do not use solder dip techniques.

System Block Diagram



LC58E76 System Block Diagram

RAM	: Data memory	В
ROM	: Program memory	OPG
DP	: Data pointer register	PC
BNK	: Bank register	IR
APG	: RAM page flag	STS1
AC	: Accumulator	STS2
ALU	: Arithmetic and logic unit	STS3

: B register

: Status register 3

STS4	: Status register 4
STS5	: Status register 5
PLA	: Program logic for
	segment data and strobes
WAIT.C	: Wait time counter

Pin Functions

Pin	I/O	QFC-80 Pin No.	Function	Option	At reset
V _{DD} V _{SS}	_	24 23	Power supply		
			LCD drive power supply		
V _{DD} 1 V _{DD} 2	=	22 21	NON $1/1$ bias $1/2$ bias $1/3$ bias V_{DD} $O_{}$ $O_{}$ $O_{}$ $O_{}$ V_{DD}^2 $O_{}$ $O_{}$ $O_{}$ $O_{}$ V_{SS} $O_{}$ $O_{}$ $O_{}$ $O_{}$		
CUP1 CUP2		3 4	 Switching pin used to supply the LCD drive voltage to the VDD1 and VDD2 pins Connect a nonpolar capacitor between CUP1 and CUP2 when 1/2 or 1/3 bias is used. Leave open when a bias other than 1/2 or 1/3 is used. 		
CFIN	Input	25	System clock oscillator connections • Ceramic resonator connection (CF specifications) • RC component connection (RC specifications)	CF specifications	
CFOUT	Output	26	 External signal input pin (CFOUT is left open) This oscillator is stopped by the execution of a STOP or SLOW instruction. 	Not used	
XTIN	Input	20	Reference calculation (clock specifications, LCD alternation frequency), system clock oscillator	 32k specifications 65k specifications 	
XTOUT	Output	19	 32 kHz crystal resonator connection 65 kHz crystal resonator connection This oscillator is stopped by the execution of a STOP instruction. 	 38k specifications Not used	
S1 S2 S3 S4	Input	27 28 29 30	Input-only ports • Input pins used to read data into RAM • Built-in 7.8 ms and 1.95 ms chatter exclusion circuits • Built-in pull-up/pull-down resistors Note: The 7.8 ms and 1.95 ms times are the times when ø0 is 32.768 kHz.	Transistors to hold a low or high level Selection of either pull-up or pull- down resistors	The pull-up or pull- down resistors are on. Note: These pins go to the floating state when reset is cleared.
K1 K2 K3 K4	I/O	31 32 33 34	 I/O ports Input pins used to read data into RAM Output pins used to output data from RAM Built-in 7.8 ms and 1.95 ms input-mode chatter exclusion circuits. The selection of 7.8 or 1.95 ms is linked to that for the S ports. Note: The 7.8 ms and 1.95 ms times are the times when ø0 is 32.768 kHz. 	 Transistors to hold a low or high level Selection of either pull-up or pull- down resistors 	 The pull-up or pull- down resistors are on. Note: These pins go to the floating state when reset is cleared. Input mode Output latch data is set high.
M1 M2 M3 M4	I/O	35 36 37 38	 I/O ports Input pins used to read data into RAM Output pins used to output data from RAM M4 is used as the external clock input pin in TM2 mode 3. * The minimum period for the external clock is twice the cycle time. Built-in pull-up/pull-down resistors 	The same as K1 to K4	The same as K1 to K4
A1 A2 A3 A4	I/O	11 12 13 14	I/O ports • Input pins used to read data into RAM • Output pins used to output data from RAM • Built-in pull-up/pull-down resistors	The same as K1 to K4	The same as K1 to K4
P1 P2 P3 P4	I/O	15 16 17 18	I/O ports Function: The same as pins A1 to A4	The same as K1 to K4	The same as K1 to K4

Pin	I/O	QFC-80 Pin No.	Function	Option	At reset
SO1 SO2 SO3 SO4	I/O	7 8 9 10	 I/O ports Function: The same as pins A1 to A4 Pins SO1 to SO3 area also used for the serial interface. Use of these pins in serial mode can be selected under program control. Pin functions: SO1: Serial input pin SO2: Serial output pin SO3: Serial clock pin The serial clock pin can be switched between internal and external, and between rising edge output and falling edge output. 	 Transistors to hold a low or high level Selection of either pull-up or pull- down resistors Internal serial clock divisor selection I 1/1 II 1/2 III 1/4 	The same as K1 to K4
N1 N2 N3 N4	Output	39 40 41 42	 Output-only ports Output pins used to output data from RAM An alarm signal can be output from pin N4. (Note that this is only when the N4 output latch is low.) An alarm signal modulated at 1, 2 or 4 kHz can be output. (These frequencies are output when Ø is 32.768 kHz.) A carrier signal can be output from N3. (Note that this is only when the N3 output latch is low.) 	Pin N1 to N4 output circuit type: I N-channel open drain Pin N1 to N4 output level I High level II Low level	The output levels on pins N1 to N4 can be specified as an option.
INT	Input	6	Input ports • External interrupt request inputs • Input pins used to read data into RAM • Input detection can be performed on either rising or falling edges. • Built-in pull-up/pull-down resistors	Transistors to hold a low or high level Selection of either pull-up or pull- down resistors Signal conversion (rising/falling) selection	
RES	Input	5	LSI reset input • The LC58E7008 resets on a high level input Note: • An external resistor is required. • The reset pulse must be at least 200 µs.	* Only when the input resistor open specification is selected	
TST	Input	43	Test input Connect to V _{SS} in normal operation.		
Seg1, Seg2 to Seg35	Output	44, 45 to 78	 LCD panel drive/general-purpose output LCD panel drive STATIC II 1/2 bias – 1/2 duty III 1/2 bias – 1/3 duty IV 1/2 bias – 1/4 duty V 1/3 bias – 1/3 duty VI 1/3 bias – 1/3 duty VI 1/3 bias – 1/4 duty Types I to V can be specified as mask options. General-purpose output mode CMOS P-channel open drain Types I to III can be specified as mask options. LCD/general-purpose output control is handled by the segment PLA, and thus program control is not required. These pins support output latch control on reset and in standby states when the oscillators are stopped. Arbitrary combinations of LCD drive and general-purpose outputs can be used. 	 LCD driver/ general-purpose output switching LCD drive type switching STATIC 1/2 bias - 1/2 duty 1/2 bias - 1/3 duty 1/2 bias - 1/4 duty 1/3 bias - 1/4 duty 1/3 bias - 1/4 duty General-purpose output circuit switching CMOS P-channel open drain Output latch control in standby modes 	 LCD drive All segments off General-purpose outputs Low level Note: When a combination of LCD drive and general- pur- pose outputs, the output state is either all segments off or low level. These pins go to the V_{SS} level during the reset period.

Pin	I/O	QFC-80 Pin No.			Function			Option	At reset
			The table belo	for alternation or ø0)	these pins are frequency ref	lect a typical s	, 		
COM1		2		Static duty	1/2 duty	1/3 duty	1/4 duty		These pins are n-
COM2	Output	1	COM1	0	0	0	0		channel open-drain
COM3		80	COM2	×	0	0	0		outputs during the
COM4		79	COM3	×	×	0	0		reset period.
			COM4	×	×	×	0		
			Alternation frequency	32 Hz	32 Hz	42.7 Hz	32 Hz		
			Note: A cross	(\times) indicates	that the pin is	not used with	that duty type.		

Usage Notes

The following tools and software are required when the LC58E76 is used.

The LC5870 Series Software Development Tools: For creating programs and option data. Note that only MS-DOS machines are supported as the development host machine. See the LC5870 Series Software Development Tools manuals for details on the use of these tools.

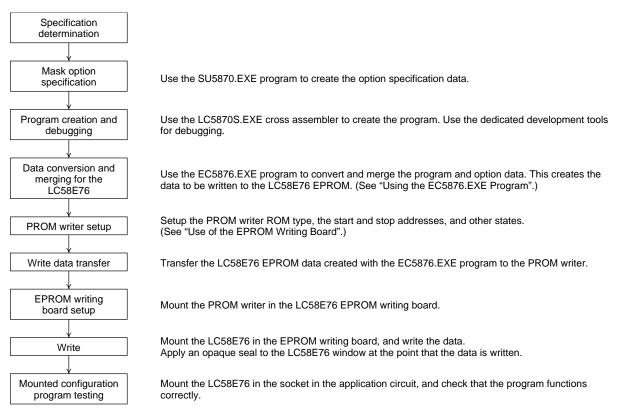
EC5876.EXE: This is a program that converts and merges program and option data for the LC5870 series so that it can be written to the LC58E76 EPROM.

EPROM writing board (adapter socket: W58E68Q): This is a socket adapter that allows a general-purpose PROM writer to be used to write program data to the LC58E76.

General-purpose PROM writer: The EVA-520 programmer that comes with the LC5870 Series Software Development Tools cannot be used. A general-purpose PROM writer must be used.

This section describes the procedures used with the LC58E76 and the EC5876.EXE program, which is one of the tools mentioned above. More details on LC5870 Series program development are available in LC5870 Series Users Manual and the manuals for the LC5870 Series Development Tools and the general-purpose PROM writer.

1. Procedure (This flowchart describes the procedure used.)



- Note: There are differences in function and characteristics between the LC58E76 and the LC5870 series mask ROM versions. Be sure to take these differences into account when testing the programmed LC58E76. See the "Usage Notes" section for details on the differences.
- 2. Using the EC5876.EXE Program (Operation)

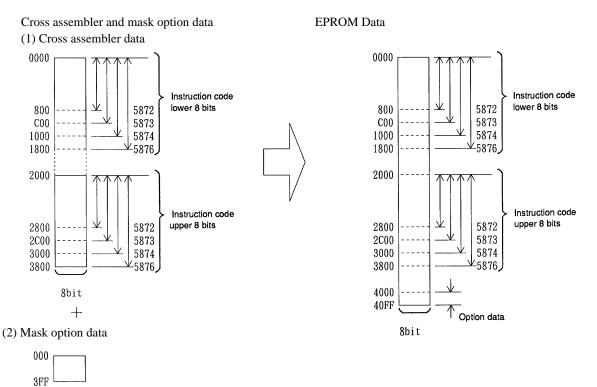
As shown in the figures below, the data to be written to the LC58E76 consists of a program data area (instruction code area) and an option data area. The EC5876.EXE program applies a special conversion process to the option specification data to create the option data area data.

The EC5876.EXE program converts and merges program data and option data to create the data to be written to the LC58E76.

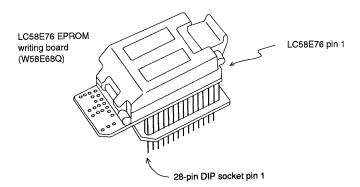
· Start-up procedure

• Error messages	
Error ON filename.HEX, FILE NOT FOUNDThe file "filename.HEX" was not found. The filename "filename.HEX" was incorrect.	
Error ON MAKE LC5876, 5874, 5873, 5872The ROM data and the option data object microprocessor type did not agree. The ROM must be created with a cross assembler and op specification software designed for the same microprocessor type.	otion
Error ON filename.HEX, EOF NOT DETECTEDA hexadecimal record end marker was not fou in the file "filename.HEX".	
Error ON filename.HEX, ILLEGAL CHARACTERA character other than 0 to 9 or A to F was for in a hexadecimal context while reading the file "filename.HEX".	
Error ON filename.HEX, ADDRESS OVERAn address in the file "filename.HEX" exceed the allowed range.	led
Error ON filename.HEX, ILLEGAL FILEHDRThe header in the file "filename.HEX" is not f the LC5870 series. There was an error in the hexadecimal file specification.	or
Error ON command line input,	
INVALID NUMBER OF PARAMETERSThe number of parameters in the command lir was inappropriate.	ie
Error ON ILLEGAL, MASK OPTION DATAThere was an error in the mask option data.	

• EPROM data structure



- 3. Use of the W58E68Q EPROM Writing Board (Board used with both the LC58E68 and the LC58E76) The EPROM writing board is a socket adapter that fits the LC58E76 to the device socket in a general-purpose PROM writer.
 - EPROM Writing Board Appearance



• PROM writer settings

— ROM type:	256 K, VPP = 21 V mode
— Start and stop addresses:	Set these to 0000H and 40FFH.

- 4. Erasing LC58E76 EPROM Data Use a general-purpose EPROM eraser to erase data written to an LC58E76.
- 5. Notes On Order Mask ROM
 - The following methods cannot be used to order LC5870 Series mask ROM products.
 - Use of ".HEX" files that were converted and merged for use in an LC58E76
 - Use of an LC58E76 itself
 - Ordering mask ROM
 - Use the program hexadecimal data generated by the cross assembler.
 - Use the option hexadecimal data generated by the option specification software.
 - Provide three EPROMs to which the program hexadecimal data has been written using a general-purpose EPROM writer.
 - Provide three EPROMs to which the option hexadecimal data has been written using a general-purpose EPROM writer.

Specifications

The electrical characteristics listed here are provisional values and are subject to change.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at \mathbf{V}_{SS} = 0 V, TA = 25 $^{\circ}\mathbf{C}$

5			-				11-21		
Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Conditions/Pin					typ	max	Unit
	V _{DD}					-0.3		+6.0	V
Parameter Maximum supply voltage Maximum input voltage Maximum output voltage	V _{DD} 1					-0.3		V _{DD}	V
	V _{DD} 2					-0.3		V _{DD}	V
	V _I (1)	As allowe XTIN, CF		pecified ci	rcuit (Figure 1)	Allowed up to	the voltage that	t appears	
Maximum input voltage	V ₁ (2)	S1 – 4, K1 – 4, P1 – 4, SO1 – 4, A1 – 4, RES, INT, TST (K, P, M, SO and A ports in input mode)				-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
Maximum output voltage	V _O (1)	As allowed in the specified circuit (Figure 1) XTOUT, CFOUT				Allowed up to the voltage that appears			
	V _O (2)	K1 -4, P1 - 4, SO1 - 4, A1 - 4, N1 - 4, CUP1, CUP2, Seg1 - 35, COM1 - 4, (K, P, M, SO and A ports in output mode)				-0.3		V _{DD} +0.3	V
	V _O (3)	Open drain specifications N1 to N4 (n-channel)				-0.3		+13	V
	I _O (1)	Per pin	N1 – 4			0		15	mA
	I _O (2)	Per pin	1 11 - 4			-10		0	mA
	I _O (3)	Per pin	K1 – 4,	P1 – 4, M	1 – 4, SO1 – 4,	0		5	mA
	I _O (4)	Per pin	A1 – 4			-5		0	mA
Output pin current	Σ I _O (1)	Total (su pin curre	,		P1 – 4, M1 – 4, , A1 –4, N1 – 4,			70	mA
	Σ I _O (2)	Total (summed) pin current		Seg1 – 3		-70			mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pdmax	For the G	FC80 wir	ndow ceran	nic flat package			500	mW
Operating temperature	Topr					10		40	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg					-55		+125	°C

_		Conditions/Pin						
Parameter	Symbol				min	typ	max	Unit
		No LCD specifications	: V _{DD} 1 =	= V _{DD} 2 = V _{DD}	2.8		5.5	V
Supply voltage		Static drive specification	ns: V _{DD}	$1 = V_{DD}2 = V_{DD}$	2.8		5.5	V
	V _{DD}	1/2 bias specifications:	$V_{DD}1 =$	$V_{DD} 2 \cong 1/2 V_{DD}$	2.8		5.5	V
		1/3 bias specifications $V_{DD}^2 \cong 1/3V_{DD}$: V _{DD} 1 ≘	= 2 × 1/3V _{DD}	2.8		5.5	V
Data retention supply voltage	V _{HD}	RAM and register con	ents rete	ention voltage*	2.8		V _{DD}	V
Input high-level voltage	V _{IH} 1	S1 – 4, K1 – 4, P1 – 4, M1 – 4, SO1 – 4, A1 – 4, INT		0.7 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	v	
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL} 1	(K, P, M, SO and A ports in input mode)			0		0.3 V _{DD}	V
Input high-level voltage	V _{IH} 2	RES pin - CFIN pin -			0.75 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL} 2				0		0.25 V _{DD}	V
Input high-level voltage	V _{IH} 3				0.75 V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL} 3				0		0.25 V _{DD}	V
Operating frequency 1	fopg1	V _{DD} = 2.8 to 5.5 V, 32	kHz	XTIN/XTOUT	32		33	kHz
Operating frequency 2	fopg2	V _{DD} = 2.8 to 5.5 V, 38	kHz	crystal	37		39	kHz
Operating frequency 3	fopg3	V _{DD} = 2.8 to 5.5 V, 65	kHz	oscillator	60		70	kHz
Operating frequency 4	fopg4	V _{DD} = 2.8 to 5.5 V			190		1200	kHz
Operating frequency 5	fopg5	V _{DD} = 3.0 to 5.5 V		CFOUT CF	190		2300	kHz
Operating frequency 6	fopg6	V _{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V	specin	ications	190		4200	kHz
Operating frequency 7	fopg7	V _{DD} = 3.0 to 5.5 V	Pins SO1 and SO3 (in serial mode) The rising and falling edges of input signal and clock waveforms must be $\leq 10 \ \mu s$.		DC		200	kHz

Allowable Operating Ranges at V_{SS} = 0 V, Ta = 25 $^{\circ}C$

Note: * In a state with the CF/RC oscillator and the crystal oscillator completely stopped, and all internal circuits stopped

Electrical Characteristics at V_{DD} = 2.8 to 3.2 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Ta = 25 $^\circ C$

5					Ratings		
Parameter	Symbol	Cor	nditions/Pin	min	typ	max	Unit
	R _{IN} 1 A	VIN = 0.2 V _{DD} , Low-level hold tran	sistor *, Figure 2	60	300	1200	kΩ
	R _{IN} 1 B	VIN = V _{DD} , Pull-do	wn resistor *, Figure 2	30	150	500	kΩ
	R _{IN} 1 C	VIN = 0.8 V _{DD} , High-level hold trar	nsistor *, Figure 2	60	300	1200	kΩ
lanut maintan an	R _{IN} 1 D	VIN = V _{SS} , Pull-up	resistor *, Figure 2	30	150	500	kΩ
Input resistance	R _{IN} 2 A	VIN = 0.2 V _{DD} , INT	low-level hold transistor	60	300	1200	kΩ
	R _{IN} 2 B	VIN = V _{DD} , INT pu	ll-down resistor	300	1500	5000	kΩ
	R _{IN} 2 C	VIN = 0.8 V _{DD} , INT	Fhigh-level hold transistor	60	300	1200	kΩ
	R _{IN} 2 D	VIN = V _{SS} , INT pul	II-up resistor	300	1500	5000	kΩ
	R _{IN} 3	VIN = V _{DD} , With a pull-down re	esistor on the TST pin	20	70	300	kΩ
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (1)	IOL = 1.0 mA	N1 - 4			0.5	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (2)	IOH = -400 μA	K1 – 4, P1 – 4, M1 – 4, SO1 – 4, A1 – 4	V _{DD} – 0.5			v
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (2)	IOL = 400 μA	(K, P, M, SO and A ports in output mode)			0.5	V
Output off leakage current	_{OFF}	VOH = 10.5 V	N1 – 4, Figure 10			1.0	μA
Segment port output impedance • When CMOS output ports are us	sed				·		
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (3)	IOH = -100 μA	Con 4 to 25	V _{DD} – 0.5			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (3)	IOL = 100 µA	- Seg 1 to 35			0.5	V

Note: * The 24 pins S1 to S4, K1 to K4, P1 to P4, M1 to M4, SO1 to SO4 and A1 to A4.

Continued on next page.

Parameter	Symbol		Conditio	ons/Pin			Ratings		Unit
				uns/Piñ		min	typ	max	Unit
When p-channel open-drain output	t ports are us	ed (See Figure	11.)						
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (3)	I _{OH} = -100 μA	۹ 	Seg 1 to 3	5	V _{DD} - 0.5			V
Output off leakage current	_{OFF}	$V_{OL} = V_{SS}$		- y				1.0	μA
When n-channel open-drain output	t ports are us	ed (See Figure	11.)						
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (3)	I _{OL} = 100 μA	s	Seg 1 to 3	5			0.5	V
Output off leakage current	_{OFF}	$V_{OH} = V_{DD}$, 			1.0	μA
Static drive									
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	I _{OH} = -20 μA	S	Seg 1 to 38	5	V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	I _{OL} = 20 μA						0.2	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (5)	I _{OH} = -100 μA	4 C	COM1		V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (5)	I _{OL} = 100 μA						0.2	V
• 1/2 bias									
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	$I_{OH} = -20 \ \mu A$		Seg 1 to 3	5	V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	l _{OL} = 20 μA						0.2	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (6)	I _{OH} = -100 μA	4			V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output middle-level voltage	V _{OM} 2–1	I _{OH} = -100 μA I _{OL} = 100 μA	۹ c	COM1 – 4		V _{DD} /2 - 0.2		V _{DD} /2 + 0.2	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (6)	I _{OL} = 100 μA						0.2	V
• 1/3 bias								•	
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	I _{OH} = -20 μA				V _{DD} - 0.2			V
	V _{OM} 1-1	Іон = –20 µА			-	2V _{DD} /3-0.2		2V _{DD} /3 + 0.2	V
Output middle-level voltage	V _{OM} 1-2	Ι _{ΟL} = 20 μΑ		Seg 1 to 38)	V _{DD} /3 - 0.2		V _{DD} /3 + 0.2	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	I _{OL} = 20 μA						0.2	V
Supply leakage current	I _{LEK} (1)	V _{DD} = 3.0 V		a = 25°C, igure 3	STOP mode,		1.0		μA
		V _{DD} = 3.0 V			- 4, P1 - 4, 01 - 4, A1 - 4,				
Input leakage current	I _{OFF}	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	a	and A port				1.0	μA
		$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$		node, INT open speci	and RES pin fications)	-1.0			μA
Output voltage 1	V _{DD} 1–(1)	V _{DD} = 3.0 V, 1/2 bias, fopg Figure 4			V _{DD} 1 = V0		1.5		V
	V _{DD} 2–(1)	V _{DD} = 3.0 V,			V _{DD} 1 = V0		2.0		V
Output voltage 2	V _{DD} 2–(2)	1/3 bias, fopg Figure 4	g = 32.768	3 kHz,	$V_{DD}T = V0$ $V_{DD}2 = V0$		1.0		V
Supply current 1	I _{DD} 1	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	specific Cg = 20	ations, Cr pF, CI = de, LCD a	al oscillator ystal: 32 kHz,		5.0		μA
Supply current 2	I _{DD} 2	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	specific or 65 kH CI = 25		mode,		10.0		μA
Supply current 3	I _{DD} 3	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	specific Ccg = 0	Ccd = 330 ode, LCD a	: 400 kHz,		150		μA
Supply current 4	I _{DD} 4	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	specific Ccg = C	5°C, CF os ations, CF Ccd = 100 1/3 bias, I	F: 1 MHz, pF, Halt mode,		200		μA

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Descenter	Quarter	Conditions/Din				11-24	
Parameter	Symbol		Conditions/Pin	min	typ	max	Unit
Oscillator start time	TSTT	V _{DD} = 2.8 V	Crystal oscillator specifications, with a 32 kHz crystal Cl \leq 25 k Ω , Cg = 20 pF			5	s
Oscillator stabilization degree	Δf	V _{DD} = 2.95 to 3.05 V	Figure 6			3	ppm
Oscillator start time	TSTT	V _{DD} = 2.8 V	Crystal oscillator specifications, with a 38 or 65 kHz crystal XCg = 10 pF, Cl \leq 25 k Ω Figure 6			5	s
Oscillator start time	TSTT	V _{DD} = 2.8 V	CF oscillator specifications, with a 400 kHz CF used Ccg = Ccd = 330 pF, Figure 7			30	ms
Oscillator start time	TSTT	V _{DD} = 2.8 V	CF oscillator specifications, with an 800 kHz CF used Ccg = Ccd = 220 pF or 100 pF Figure 7			30	ms
Oscillator compensation capacitance	Cd	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	XTOUT pin (built-in)		20		pF

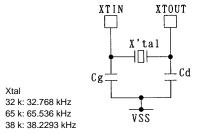
Electrical Characteristics at V_{DD} = 4.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Ta = 25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

_		Conditions/Pin			Ratings		
Parameter	Symbol	Cor	iditions/Pin	min	typ	max	Unit
	R _{IN} 1 A	VIN = 0.2 V _{DD} , Low-level hold trans	sistor *, Figure 2	30	120	500	kΩ
	R _{IN} 1 B	VIN = V _{DD} , Pull-do	wn resistor *, Figure 2	10	50	200	kΩ
	R _{IN} 1 C	VIN = 0.8 V _{DD} , High-level hold tran	sistor *, Figure 2	30	120	500	kΩ
lanut vasiatan as	R _{IN} 1 D	VIN = V _{SS} , Pull-up	resistor *, Figure 2	10	50	200	kΩ
Input resistance	R _{IN} 2 A	VIN = 0.2 V _{DD} , INT	low-level hold transistor	30	120	500	kΩ
	R _{IN} 2 B	VIN = V _{DD} , INT pul	I-down resistor	100	500	2000	kΩ
	R _{IN} 2 C	VIN = 0.8 V _{DD} , INT	high-level hold transistor	30	120	500	kΩ
	R _{IN} 2 D	VIN = V _{SS} , INT pul	l-up resistor	100	500	2000	kΩ
	R _{IN} 3	VIN = V _{DD} , With a pull-down re	sistor on the TST pin	20	70	300	kΩ
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (1)	IOL = 10.0 mA	N1 - 4			0.5	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (2)	IOH = -1.0 mA	K1 – 4, P1 – 4, M1 – 4, SO1 – 4, A1 – 4	V _{DD} – 0.5	V _{DD} – 0.2		v
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (2)	IOL = 2.0 mA	(K, P, M, SO and A ports in output mode)		0.2	0.5	V
Output off leakage current	_{OFF}	VOH = 10.5 V	N1 – 4, Figure 10			1.0	μA
Segment port output impedance • When CMOS output ports are u	ised						
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (3)	IOH = -500 μA	0	V _{DD} – 0.5	V _{DD} - 0.2		V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (3)	IOL = 500 μA	Seg 1 to 35			0.5	V
• When p-channel open drain out	put ports are us	ed (See Figure 11.)					•
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	IOH = -500 μA	Con 4 to 25	V _{DD} – 0.5	V _{DD} - 0.2		V
Output off leakage current	_{OFF}	VOL = V _{SS}	Seg 1 to 35			1.0	μA
• When n-channel open-drain out	tput ports are us	ed (See Figure 11.)					•
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	IOL = 500 μA	Seg 1 to 35		0.2	0.5	V
Output off leakage current	_{OFF}	$VOH = V_{DD}$				1.0	μA
Static drive							
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	IOH = -40 μA	Seg 1 to 35	V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	IOL = 40 μA	Jey I to 30			0.2	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (6)	IOH = -400 μA	COM1	V _{DD} – 0.2			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (6)	IOL = 400 µA				0.2	V

Note: * The 24 pins S1 to S4, K1 to K4, P1 to P4, M1 to M4, SO1 to SO4 and A1 to A4.

Continued on next page.

Parameter	Symbol		Cond	itions/Pin			Ratings		Unit
	Symbol		Cond	nions/Pin		min	typ	max	Unit
• 1/2 bias									
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	$I_{OH} = -40 \ \mu A$		Seg 1 to 3	5	V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	$I_{OL} = 40 \ \mu A$		009 1 10 0				0.2	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (6)	I _{OH} = -400 μA	A			V _{DD} - 0.2			V
Output middle-level voltage	V _{OM} 2–1	I _{OH} = -400 μA I _{OL} = 400 μA	A	COM1 - 4		V _{DD} /2 - 0.2		V _{DD} /2 + 0.2	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (6)	I _{OL} = 400 μA						0.2	V
• 1/3 bias									
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (4)	I _{OH} = -40 μA				V _{DD} - 0.2			V
	V _{OM} 1–1	I _{OH} = -40 μA			_	2V _{DD} /3-0.2		2V _{DD} /3 + 0.2	V
Output middle-level voltage	V _{OM} 1–2	loL = 40 μA		Seg 1 to 3	5	V _{DD} /3 – 0.2		V _{DD} /3 + 0.2	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OL} (4)	$I_{OL} = 40 \ \mu A$						0.2	V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} (6)	I _{OH} = -400 μA	A			V _{DD} - 0.2			V
	V _{OM} 2–1	Іон = -400 µА				2V _{DD} /3 – 0.2		2V _{DD} /3 + 0.2	V
Output middle-level voltage	V _{OM} 2–2	$I_{OL} = 400 \mu$ A		COM1 – 4		V _{DD} /3 – 0.2		V _{DD} /3 + 0.2	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OM} 2 2 V _{OL} (6)	I _{OL} = 400 μA						0.2	v
oulput iow-ievei voitaye	VOL (U)	- _{OL} – +ου μΑ		Ta - 25°C	, Stop mode,			0.2	v
Supply leakage current	I _{LEK} (1)	V _{DD} = 5.5 V		Figure 3			1.0		μA
		V _{DD} = 5.5 V		SO1 – 4, A	- 4, M1 - 4, A1 - 4, INT,				
Input leakage current	I _{OFF}	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{DD}$		RES (K, P, M, SO and ports in input mode, IN				1.0	μA
		$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$		and RES p specification		-1.0			μA
Output voltage 1	V _{DD} 1–(1)	V _{DD} = 5.0 V, 1/2 bias, fopg			V _{DD} 1 = V0 Figure 4		2.5		V
	V _{DD} 2–(1)		~ ~	0.04.5	$V_{DD}1 = V0$		3.33		V
Output voltage 2	V _{DD} 2–(2)	V _{DD} = 5.0 V, 1/3 bias, fopg			V _{DD} 2 = V0 Figure 4		1.67		V
Supply current 1	I _{DD} 1	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	specif Cg = 2	fications, Cr 20 pF, CI = node, LCD			20		μA
Supply current 2	I _{DD} 2	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	specif or 65 CI = 2	fications, Cr kHz, Cg = 1	mode, LCD		30		μA
Supply current 3	I _{DD} 3	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	specif Ccg =	25°C, CF os fications, CI cCd = 330 node, LCD 7	F: 400 kHz, pF		400		μA
Supply current 4	I _{DD} 4	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	specif Ccg =	25°C, CF os fications, Cf ccd = 100 at 1/3 bias,	F: 1 MHz, pF, Halt mode,		450		μA
Supply current 5	I _{DD} 5-1	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	specif Ccg =	25°C, CF os fications, Cl : Ccd = 33 p at 1/3 bias,	F: 2 MHZ, oF, Halt mode,		500		μA
Supply current 6	I _{DD} 6-1	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	specif Ccg =	25°C, CF os fications, Cl : Ccd = 33 p at 1/3 bias,	F: 4 MHz, oF, Halt mode,		700		μA
Oscillator compensation capacitance	Cd	V _{DD} = 5.0 V	XTOL	JT pin (built	-in)		20		pF





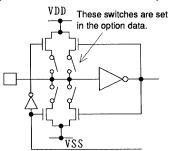
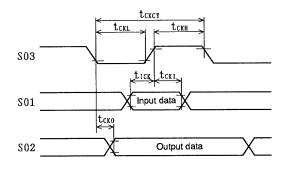


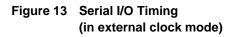
Figure 2 S, K, P, M, SO and A Port Input Circuit

(Reference) Recommended Ceramic Resonators for Mask ROM Versions

Manufacturer	Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd.			Kyocera Corporation		
Item Frequency	Type No.	Ccg (pF)	Ccd (pF)	Type No.	Ccg (pF)	Ccd (pF)
400 kHz	CSB400P	330	330	KBR-400B	330	330
800 kHZ	CSB800J	220	220	KBR-800H	100	100
1 MHz	CSB1000J	220	220	KBR-1000H	100	100
2 MHz	CSA2.00MG, CST2.00MG	33	33	KBR-2.00MS	33	33
4 MHz	CSA4.00MG, CST4.00MG	33	33	KBR-4.00MS	33	33



$t_{cxcy} \cdots \cdots 5 \mu s$	
$t_{CKL} = t_{CKH} \cdots 2.4 \mu$	s MIN
$t_{1CK} \cdots \cdots 1 \mu s$	MIN
$t_{CK1} \cdots \cdots 1 \mu s$	MIN
$t_{CKO} \cdots \cdots 1 \mu s$	MAX
VDD=3.0 to 5.5V	



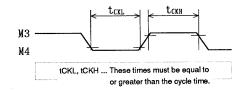


Figure 14 Timer 2 External Clock Input Timing (in external clock mode: pin M4)

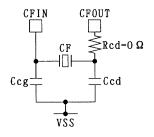


Figure 1-(2) Specified Oscillator Circuit (CF pin)

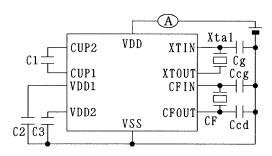


Figure 3 Supply Leakage Current Test Circuit

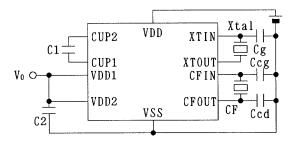
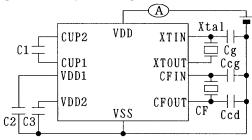


Figure 4 Output Voltage Test Circuit



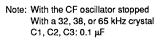


Figure 6: Supply Current Test Circuit

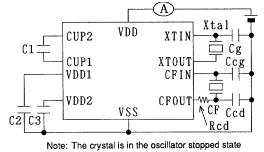




Figure 3

- In the stop state
- With the S-port input resistors on
- With the I/O ports in output mode with high-level data values
- With the INT pin built-in resistor connected and in the open state
- With an external pull-down resistor on the RES pin
- The LCD-port values do not include the external component currents.
- With a crystal frequency between 32 and 65 kHz
- With CF between 200 kHz and 4 MHz

Figures 4 and 5

- With a crystal frequency of 32 kHz
- C1, C2, and C3 are 0.1 µF capacitors.
- With the LCD ports open
- With CD between 200 kHz and 4 MHz

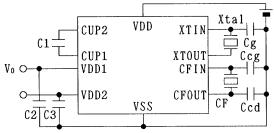


Figure 5 Output Voltage Test Circuit

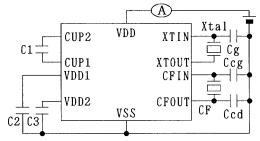


Figure 7: Supply Current Test Circuit

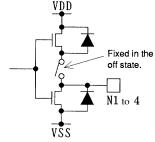


Figure 10 Pin N1 to Pin N4 Circuits

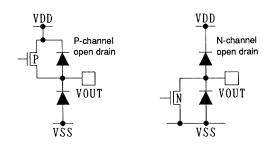
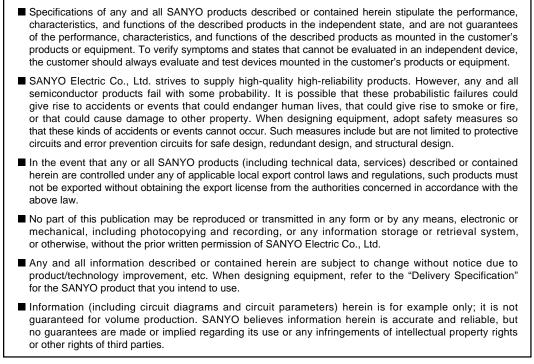


Figure 11: Segment Pin Open-Drain Circuits



This catalog provides information as of December, 1998. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.