General Description

The MAX706P/R/S/T and MAX708R/S/T microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor +3V power-supply levels in +3V to +5V μ P systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX706P/R/S/T supervisory circuits provide the following four functions:

- 1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- An independent watchdog output that goes low if the watchdog input has not been toggled within 1.6sec.
- A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, lowbattery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than the main supply.
- 4) An active-low manual-reset input.

The only difference between the MAX706R, MAX706S, and MAX706T is the reset-threshold voltage levels, which are 2.63V, 2.93V, and 3.08V, respectively. All have active-low reset output signals. The MAX706P is identical to the MAX706R, except its reset output signal is active-high.

The MAX708R/S/T provide the same functions as the MAX706R/S/T, except they do not have a watchdog timer. Instead, they provide both RESET and RESET outputs. As with the MAX706, devices with R, S, and T suffixes have reset thresholds of 2.63V, 2.93V and 3.08V, respectively.

All seven devices are offered in 8-pin SO, DIP, and μMAX packages.

Applications

Battery-Powered Equipment Portable Instruments Computers Controllers Intelligent Instruments Critical µP Power Monitoring

Typical Operating Circuits UNREGULATED DC DC-DC CONVERTER ANDA MAX639 +3V/+3.3V MDOM MAX706R/S/T Vcc Vcc RESET RESET WDI 1/0 LINE PFI μΡ NMI WD0 INTERRUPT PFC MR GND + PUSHBUTTON Typical Operating Circuits continued SWITCH at end of data sheet.

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

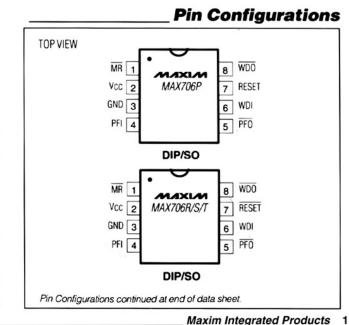
- → µMAX Package: Smallest 8-Pin SO
- Precision Supply-Voltage Monitor 2.63V (MAX706P/R, MAX708R) 2.93V (MAX706S, MAX708S) 3.08V (MAX706T, MAX708T)
- 200ms Reset Time Delay
- Debounced TTL/CMOS-Compatible Manual-Reset Input
- 100µA Quiescent Current
- Watchdog Timer (MAX706P/R/S/T only): 1.6sec Timeout
- Reset Output Signal: Active-High Only (MAX706P) Active-Low Only (MAX706R/S/T) Active-High and Active-Low (MAX708R/S/T)
- Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning
- 8-Pin Surface-Mount Package
- Guaranteed RESET Assertion to VCC = 1V

_Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX706PCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706PCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706PCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX706PEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX706PESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

* Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)

forman fortuge (mar respect to an ie)	
Vcc	0.3V to 6.0V
All Other Inputs (Note 1)	
Input Current	
Vcc	20mA
GND	
Output Current (all outputs)	20mA
Continuous Power Dissipation	
Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above	e +70°C)727mW
SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C	c)471mW

µMAX (derate 4.1mW/°C above +70°C)	
CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C	C)640mW
Operating Temperature Ranges:	
MAX70_C	0°C to +70°C
MAX70_E	40°C to +85°C
MAX70_M	55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

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Note 1: The input voltage limits on PFI, WDI and MR can be exceeded if the input current is less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX70_P/R: V_{CC} = 2.70V to 5.5V, MAX70_S: V_{CC} = 3.00V to 5.5V, MAX70_T: V_{CC} = 3.15V to 5.5V, TA = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDI	TIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Ourseting Maltage Deser	Maa		MAX70_C	1.0		5.5	v	
Operating Voltage Range	Vcc		MAX70_E/M	1.2		5.5	l Ý	
		19	MAX706_C		90	200		
		Vec + 2 GV	MAX706_E/M		90	300	1	
		V _{CC} < 3.6V	MAX708_C		50	200	1	
Sunahu Current			MAX708_E/M		50	300	1	
Supply Current	ISUPPLY		MAX706_C		135	350	μA	
		Vcc < 5.5V	MAX706_E/M		135	500	1	
		VCC < 5.5V	MAX708_C		65	350	1 N	
			MAX708_E/M		65	500	1	
			MAX70_P/R	2.55	2.63	2.70		
Reset Threshold (Note 2)	VRST		MAX70_S	2.85	2.93	3.00	V	
			MAX70_T	3.00	3.08	3.15	~	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (Note 2)					20		mV	
		MAX70_P/R: VCC = 3.0V	; MAX70_S/T: V _{CC} = 3.3V	140	200	280		
Reset Pulse Width (Note 2)	tRST	Vcc = 5.0V		200		ms		
	Voн		ISOURCE = 500µA	0.8 x Vcc	;			
	VOL	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	ISINK = 1.2mA			0.3		
RESET Output Voltage	Voн		ISOURCE = 800µA	Vcc - 1.5				
(MAX70_R/S/T)	VOL	$4.5V < V_{CC} < 5.5V$	ISINK = 3.2mA			0.4	1 *	
		MAX70_C: V _{CC} = 1.0V, I _{SINK} = 50µA				0.3	1	
	VOL	MAX70_E/M: Vcc = 1.2V			0.3	1		
	Voн		ISOURCE = 215µA	Vcc - 0.6	5			
RESET Output Voltage	Vol	V_{RST} (max) < V_{CC} < 3.6V	ISINK = 1.2mA			0.3		
(MAX706P)	Voн		ISOURCE = 800µA		7 °			
	VOL	4.5V < VCC < 5.5V	ISINK = 3.2mA			0.4	7	

MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX708R/S/1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

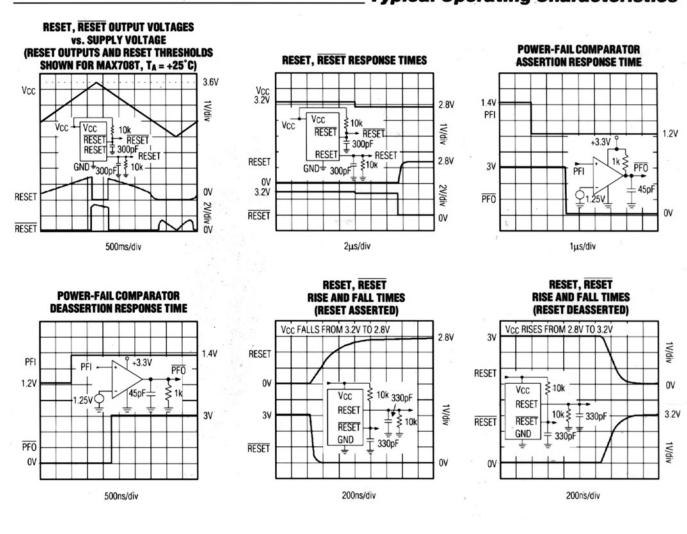
(MAX70_P/R: V_{CC} = 2.70V to 5.5V, MAX70_S: V_{CC} = 3.00V to 5.5V, MAX70_T: V_{CC} = 3.15V to 5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	Vон	Voor (mov) - Voo - 26V	ISOURCE = 500µA	0.8 x Vcc			
RESET Output	VOL	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 500μA			0.3] v
Voltage (MAX708_)	VOH		ISOURCE = 800µA	Vcc - 1.5			1
	VOL	$4.5V < V_{CC} < 5.5V$	ISINK = 1.2mA			0.4	
Watchdog Timeout Period (MAX706_)	twp	MAX70_P/R: V _{CC} = 3.0V MAX70_S/T: V _{CC} = 3.3V	·	1.0	1.6	2.25	sec
WDI Pulse Width		$V_{IL} = 0.4V,$	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	100			
(MAX706_)	twp	$V_{IH} = 0.8 \times V_{CC}$	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	50	di seri i		ns
1	VIL		Low		1.00	0.6	
WDI Input Thresh-	VIH	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	High	0.7 x Vcc] v
old (MAX706_)	VIL		Low			0.8	1
	VIH	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	High	3.5			1
WDI Input Current (MAX706_)		WDI = 0V or V _{CC}		-1.0	0.02	1.0	μA
	Voн		ISOURCE = 500µA	0.8 x Vcc			
WDO Output Volt-	VOL	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 500μA			0.3] v
age (MAX706_)	VOH		ISOURCE = 800µA	Vcc - 1.5			1 *
	VOL	$4.5V < V_{CC} < 5.5V$	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.4	1
MR Pull-Up Current		$\overline{MR} = 0V$	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	25	70	250	
MR Pull-Op Current		NR = 0V	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	100	250	600	μΑ
		V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V		500		1.1	
MR Pulse Width	tMR	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V		150	· · · · ·		ns
	VIL		Low			0.6	
MR Input Threshold	VIH	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	High	0.7 x Vcc			lv
in input meshold	VIL		Low			0.8	1 1
	VIH	$4.5V < V_{CC} < 5.5V$	High	2.0			1 .
MR to Reset Out	``````````````````````````````````````	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V				750	
Delay (Note 2)	tMD	4.5V < VCC < 5.5V				250	ns
PFI Input Threshold		00	/; MAX70_S/T: V _{CC} = 3.3V, PFI falling	1.20	1.25	1.30	V
PFI Input Current				-25	0.01	25	nA
	Voн		ISOURCE = 500µA	0.8 x Vcc			
PFO Output Voltage	VOL	V _{RST} (max) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	ISINK = 1.2mA			0.3	l v
The Output voltage	VOH		ISOURCE = 800µA	Vcc - 1.5			1 °
	VOL	$4.5V < V_{CC} < 5.5V$	I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4	1

Note 2: Applies to both RESET in the MAX70_R/S/T, and RESET in the MAX706P and MAX708R/S/T.



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Typical Operating Characteristics

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MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX708R/S/T

_Pin Description

		PI	N			NAME	FUNCTION
MAX	MAX706P		6R/S/T	MAX708R/S/T		NAME	FUNCTION
DIP/SO	μΜΑΧ	DIP/SO	μΜΑΧ	DIP/SO	μΜΑΧ	1	
1	3	1	3	1	3	MR	Manual-Reset Input. When pulled below 0.6V, \overline{MR} triggers a reset pulse. It is TTL/CMOS-compatible when V _{CC} = 5V and can be shorted to ground with a switch. This active-low input has an internal 70µA pull-up current. Leave floating or connect to V _{CC} if not used.
2	4	2	4	2	4	Vcc	Supply-Voltage Input
3	5	3	5	3	5	GND	Ground
4	6	4	6	4	6	PFI	Power-Fail Comparator Input. When PFI is less than 1.25V, PFO goes low; otherwise PFO remains high. Connect PFI to GND when not used.
5	7	5	7	5	7	PFO	Power-Fail Output. When PFI is less than 1.25V, PFO goes low and sinks current; otherwise, PFO remains high. Leave unconnected if not used.
6	8	6	8	-	-	WDI	Watchdog Input. A rising or falling edge must occur at WDI within 1.6sec or WDO goes low (Figure 4). The inter- nal watchdog timer is reset to zero when reset is asserted or when a transition occurs at WDI. The watchdog function cannot be disabled.
-	-	-	-	6	8	N.C.	No Connect—not internally connected.
-	-	7	1	7	1	RESET	Active-Low Reset Output. RESET remains low while V _{CC} is below the reset threshold or MR is held low. It remains low for 200ms after the reset condition are terminated (Figure 3).
7	1	-	-	8	2	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. RESET remains high while V _{CC} is below the reset threshold or MR is held low. It remains high for 200ms after the reset conditions are terminated (Figure 3).
8	2	8	2	-	-	WDO	Watchdog Output. WDO goes low when a transition does not occur at WDI within 1.6sec, and remains low until a transition occurs at WDI (indicating the watchdog interrupt has been serviced). WDO also goes low when V _{CC} falls below the reset threshold; however, unlike the reset output signal, WDO goes high as soon as V _{CC} exceeds the reset threshold.

_ Detailed Description RESET and RESET Outputs

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts it in a known state. When the μ P is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX706P/R/S/T and MAX708R/S/T assert reset when VCC is low, preventing code execution errors during power-up, power-down or brownout conditions.

On power-up, once VCC reaches 1V, RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low and RESET is guaranteed to be a logic high. As VCC rises, RESET and RESET remain asserted. Once VCC exceeds the reset threshold, the internal timer causes RESET and RESET to be deasserted after a time equal to the reset pulse width, which is typically 200ms (Figure 3). If a power-fail or brownout condition occurs (i.e. VCC drops below the reset threshold), RESET and RESET are asserted. As long as VCC remains below the reset threshold, the internal timer is continually reset, causing the RESET and RESET outputs

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to remain asserted. Thus, a brownout condition that interrupts a previously initiated reset pulse causes an additional 200ms delay from the time the latest interruption occurred. On power-down, once VCC drops below the reset threshold, RESET and RESET are guaranteed to be asserted for VCC \geq 1V.

The MAX706P provides a RESET signal, the MAX706R/S/T provide a RESET signal, and the MAX708R/S/T provide both RESET and RESET.

Watchdog Timer (MAX706P/R/S/T)

The MAX706P/R/S/T watchdog circuit monitors the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle the Watchdog Input (WDI) within 1.6sec, the Watchdog Output (WDO) goes low (Figure 4). If the reset signal is asserted, the watchdog timer will be reset to zero and disabled. As soon as reset is released, the timer starts counting. WDI can detect pulses as narrow as 100ns with a 2.7V supply and 50ns with a 4.5V supply.

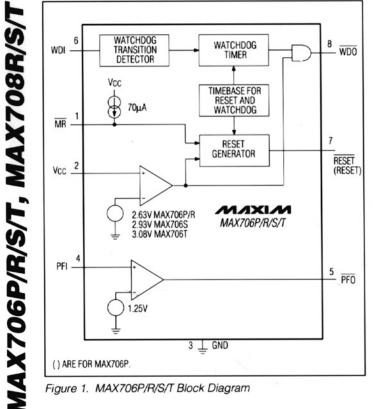


Figure 1. MAX706P/R/S/T Block Diagram

WDO can be connected to the non-maskable interrupt (NMI) input of a µP. When VCC drops below the reset threshold, WDO immediately goes low, even if the watchdog timer has not timed out (Figure 3). Normally, this would trigger an NMI, but since reset is asserted simultaneously, the NMI is overridden. WDO can instead be connected to MR to generate a reset pulse when the watchdog times out.

Manual Reset

The Manual-Reset (MR) input allows RESET and RESET to be activated by a pushbutton switch. The switch is effectively debounced by the 140ms minimum reset pulse width. MR can be driven by an external logic line since it is TTL/CMOS compatible. The minimum MR input pulse width is 500ns when VCC = +3V and 150ns when $V_{CC} = +5V$. Leave \overline{MR} floating or tie to VCC when not used.

Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator can be used for various purposes because its output and noninverting input are not internally connected. The inverting input is internally connected to a 1.25V reference. The power-fail compa-

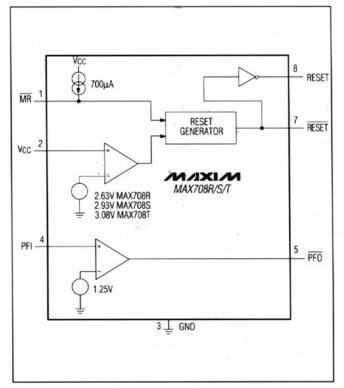


Figure 2. MAX708R/S/T Block Diagram

rator has 10mV of hysteresis which prevents repeated triggering of the Power-Fail Output (PFO).

To build an early-warning power-failure circuit, use the Power- Fail Comparator Input (PFI) to monitor the unregulated DC supply voltage (see Typical Operating Circuit). Connect the PFI pin to a resistor-divider network such that the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the regulator drops out. Use PFO to interrupt the uP so it can prepare for an orderly power-down.

Regulated and unregulated voltages can be monitored by simply adjusting the PFI resistor-divider network values to the appropriate ratio. In addition, the reset signal can be asserted at voltages other than the VCC reset threshold, as shown in Figure 5. Connect PFO to MR to initiate a reset pulse when the 12V supply drops below a user-specified threshold (11V in this example) or when Vcc falls below the reset threshold.

Applications Information

Operation with +3V and +5V Supplies

The MAX706P/R/S/T and MAX708R/S/T provide voltage monitoring at the reset threshold (2.63V to 3.08V) when powered from either +3V or +5V. They are ideal in porta-



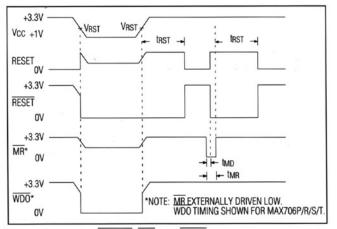


Figure 3. RESET, RESET, MR and WDO Timing

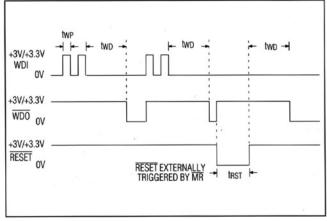


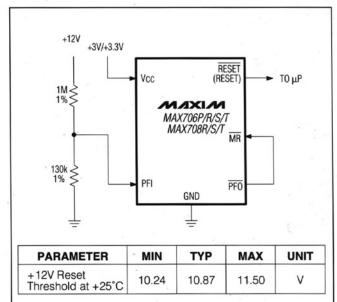
Figure 4. MAX706P/R/S/T Watchdog Timing

ble-instrument applications where power can be supplied from either a +3V battery or an AC- DC wall adapter that generates +5V (a +5V supply allows a µP or a microcontroller to run faster than a +3V supply). With a +3V supply, these ICs consume less power, but output drive capability is reduced, the MR-to-RESET delay time increases, and the MR minimum pulse width increases. The Electrical Characteristics table provides specifications for operation with both +3V and +5V supplies.

Ensuring a Valid RESET Output Down to V_{cc} = 0V

When Vcc falls below 1V, the MAX706R/S/T and MAX708R/S/T RESET output no longer sinks current; it becomes an open circuit. High-impedance, CMOS logic inputs can drift to undetermined voltages if left as open circuits. If a pull-down resistor is added to the RESET pin, as shown in Figure 6, any stray charge or leakage currents will flow to ground, holding RESET low. Resistor





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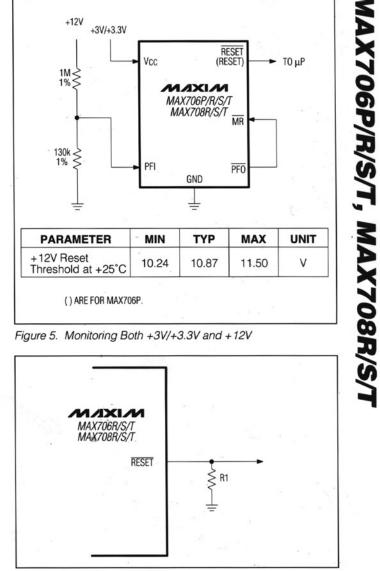


Figure 6. RESET Valid to Ground Circuit

value R1 is not critical, but it should not load RESET and should be small enough to pull RESET and the input it is driving to ground. $100k\Omega$ is suggested for R1.

Adding Hysteresis to the **Power-Fail Comparator**

Hysteresis adds a noise margin to the power-fail comparator and prevents repeated triggering of PFO when VIN is near the power-fail comparator trip point. Figure 7 shows how to add hysteresis to the power-fail comparator. Select the ratio of R1 and R2 such that PFI sees 1.25V when VIN falls to the desired trip point (VTRIP). Resistor R3 adds hysteresis. R3 will typically be an order of

Figure 5. Monitoring Both +3V/+3.3V and +12V



magnitude greater than R1 or R2. The current through R1 and R2 should be at least 1μ A to ensure that the 25nA max PFI input current does not shift the trip point significantly. R3 should be larger than $10k\Omega$ to prevent it from loading down the PFO pin. Capacitor C1 adds noise rejection.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can be used to monitor a negative supply voltage using the circuit of Figure 8. When the negative supply is valid, PFO is low. When the negative supply voltage drops, PFO goes high. This circuit's accuracy is affected by the PFI threshold tolerance, the Vcc voltage, and resistors R1 and R2.

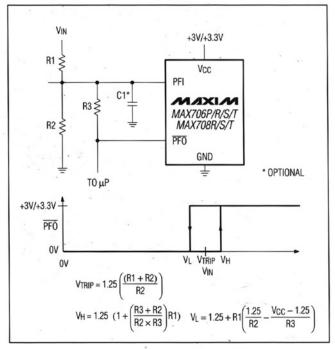


Figure 7. Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

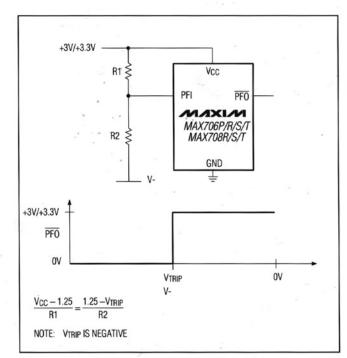
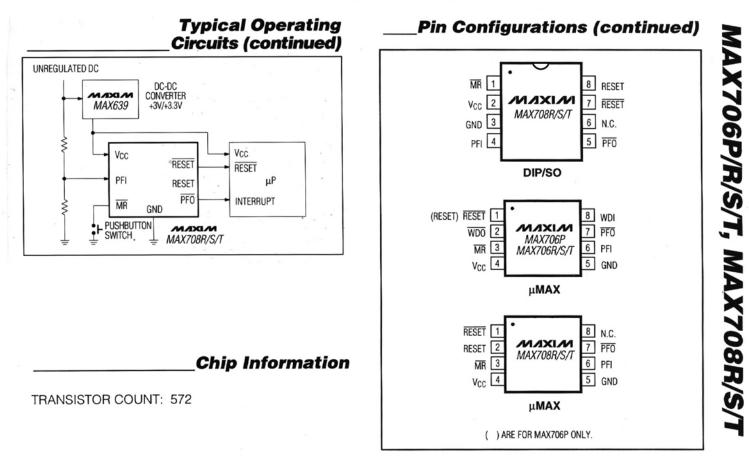


Figure 8. Monitoring a Negative Voltage

MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX708R/S/1

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PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX706PEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX706PMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*
MAX706RCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip
MAX706RCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706RCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX706REPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip
MAX706RESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX706REUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μΜΑΧ
MAX706RMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*
MAX706SCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip
MAX706SCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706SCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX706SEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip
MAX706SESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX706SEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX706SMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*
MAX706TCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip
MAX706TCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX706TCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 µMAX
MAX706TEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip
MAX706TESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX706TEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 µMAX
MAX706TMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*

PART TEMP RANGE **PIN-PACKAGE** 0°C to +70°C 10 Plastic Dip MAX708RCPA 0°C to +70°C MAX708RCSA 8 SO MAX708RCUA 0°C to +70°C 8 µMAX MAX708REPA -40°C to +85°C 8 Plastic Dip MAX708RESA -40°C to +85°C 8 SO MAX708REUA -40°C to +85°C 8 μΜΑΧ -55°C to +125°C 8 CERDIP* MAX708RMJA 0°C to +70°C MAX708SCPA 8 Plastic Dip MAX708SCSA 0°C to +70°C 8 SO MAX708SCUA 0°C to +70°C 8 μΜΑΧ 8 Plastic Dip MAX708SEPA -40°C to +85°C MAX708SESA -40°C to +85°C 8 SO MAX708SEUA -40°C to +85°C 8 µMAX 8 CERDIP* MAX708SMJA -55°C to +125°C MAX708TCPA 0°C to +70°C 8 Plastic Dip MAX708TCSA 0°C to +70°C 8 SO MAX708TCUA 0°C to +70°C 8 μΜΑΧ MAX708TEPA -40°C to +85°C 8 Plastic Dip MAX708TESA -40°C to +85°C 8 SO MAX708TEUA -40°C to +85°C 8 µMAX MAX708TMJA -55°C to +125°C 8 CERDIP*

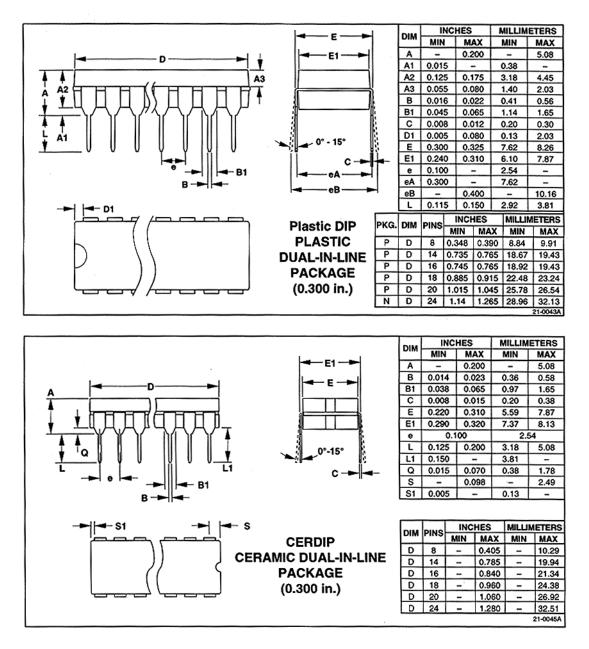
Ordering Information (continued)

* Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

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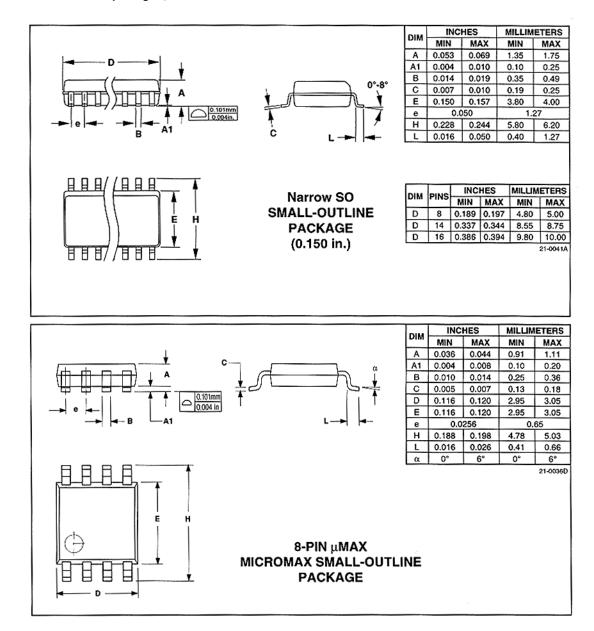
Package Information

The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



Package Information (continued)

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