

Low Offset Voltage Dual Comparators

The LM393 series are dual independent precision voltage comparators capable of single or split supply operation. These devices are designed to permit a common mode range—to—ground level with single supply operation. Input offset voltage specifications as low as 2.0 mV make this device an excellent selection for many applications in consumer automotive, and industrial electronics.

- Wide Single–Supply Range: 2.0 Vdc to 36 Vdc
- Split-Supply Range: ±1.0 Vdc to ±18 Vdc
- Very Low Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage: 0.4 mA
- Low Input Bias Current: 25 nA
- Low Input Offset Current: 5.0 nA
- Low Input Offset Voltage: 2.0 mV (max) LM393A
 - 5.0 mV (max) LM293/393
- Input Common Mode Range to Ground Level
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to Power Supply Voltage
- Output Voltage Compatible with DTL, ECL, TTL, MOS, and CMOS Logic Levels
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase the Ruggedness of the Device without Affecting Performance

Representative Schematic Diagram (Diagram shown is for 1 comparator) **VCC** + Input Input Output Q4 Q6 Q3 Q14 2.0 k F1 Q10 Q16 Q1 Q8 Q12 Q2 Q15 Q11 R1 4.6 k

LM393, LM393A, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V

SINGLE SUPPLY, LOW POWER DUAL COMPARATORS

SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

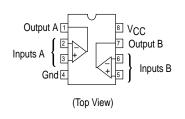


N SUFFIX PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 626



D SUFFIXPLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 751
(SO-8)

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Operating Temperature Range | Package |
|-----------|--|-------------|
| LM293D | $T_A = -25^{\circ} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | SO-8 |
| LM393D | T 0° to 170°C | SO–8 |
| LM393AN,N | $T_A = 0^\circ \text{ to } +70^\circ \text{C}$ | Plastic DIP |
| LM2903D | $T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ | SO-8 |
| LM2903N | 1A = -40 to +103 C | Plastic DIP |
| LM2903VD | T. 40% to 1405%C | SO-8 |
| LM2903VN | $T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$ | Plastic DIP |

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Power Supply Voltage | Vcc | +36 or ±18 | Vdc |
| Input Differential Voltage Range | V _{IDR} | 36 | Vdc |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range | VICR | -0.3 to +36 | Vdc |
| Output Short Circuit–to–Ground Output Sink Current (Note 1) | I _{SC} I _{Sink} | Continuous 20 | mA |
| Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C Derate above 25°C | P _D 1/R _θ JA | 570 5.7 | mW mW/°C |
| Operating Ambient Temperature Range LM293 LM393, 393A LM2903 LM2903V | TA | -25 to +85 0 to +70 -40 to +105 -40 to +125 | °C |
| Maximum Operating Junction Temperature LM393, 393A, 2903, LM2903V LM293 | T _{J(max)} | 125 150 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | -65 to +150 | °C |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$,* unless otherwise noted.)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|-------------------|-----|------|----------------------|------|
| Input Offset Voltage (Note 2) | VIO | | | | mV |
| $T_A = 25$ °C | | _ | ±1.0 | ±2.0 | |
| $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | | _ | - | 4.0 | |
| Input Offset Current | IIO | | | | nA |
| $T_A = 25$ °C | | _ | ±50 | ±50 | |
| $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | | _ | - | ±150 | |
| Input Bias Current (Note 3) | I _{IB} | | | | nA |
| $T_A = 25$ °C | | _ | 25 | 250 | |
| $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | | _ | - | 400 | |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 4) | VICR | | | | V |
| $T_A = 25$ °C | | 0 | - | V _{CC} -1.5 | |
| $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | | 0 | _ | V _{CC} -2.0 | |
| Voltage Gain R _L \geq 15 k Ω , V _{CC} = 15 Vdc, T _A = 25°C | AVOL | 50 | 200 | _ | V/mV |
| Large Signal Response Time | _ | _ | 300 | _ | ns |
| V _{in} = TTL Logic Swing, V _{ref} = 1.4 Vdc | | | | | |
| $V_{RL} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, R_{L} = 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | | | |
| Response Time (Note 5) V_{RL} = 5.0 Vdc, R_L = 5.1 k Ω , T_A = 25°C | tTLH | - | 1.3 | _ | μs |
| Input Differential Voltage (Note 6) | V _{ID} | _ | - | Vcc | V |
| All $V_{in} \ge Gnd$ or $V-Supply$ (if used) | | | | | |
| Output Sink Current | I _{Sink} | 6.0 | 16 | - | mA |
| $V_{in} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_{in+} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, V_O \le 1.5 \text{ Vdc}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | | | | |
| Output Saturation Voltage | V _{OL} | | | | mV |
| $V_{in} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}$, $V_{in+} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_{Sink} \le 4.0 \text{ mA}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | - | 150 | 400 | |
| $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | | | _ | 700 | |

 $T_{low} = 0$ °C, $T_{high} = +70$ °C for LM393/393A

NOTES: 1. The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}, output short circuits to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

- 2. At output switch point, $V_O \approx 1.4$ Vdc, $R_S = 0$ Ω with V_{CC} from 5.0 Vdc to 30 Vdc, and over the full input common mode range (0 V to $V_{CC} = -1.5$ V).

 3. Due to the PNP transistor inputs, bias current will flow out of the inputs. This current is essentially constant, independent of the output state, there fore, no loading changes will exist on the input lines.
- 4. Input common mode of either input should not be permitted to go more than 0.3 V negative of ground or minus supply. The upper limit of common mode range is V_{CC} –1.5 V.
- 5. Response time is specified with a 100 mV step and 5.0 mV of overdrive. With larger magnitudes of overdrive faster response times are obtainable.
- 6. The comparator will exhibit proper output state if one of the inputs becomes greater than VCC, the other input must remain within the common mode range. The low input state must not be less than -0.3 V of ground or minus supply.

 $\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \ \ (\text{V}_{CC} = 5.0 \ \text{Vdc}, \ \ \text{T}_{low} \leq \text{T}_{high}, \ \ ^{\star} \ \, \text{unless otherwise noted.})$

| | | LM393A | | | |
|--|--------|--------|-----|-----|------|
| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
| Output Leakage Current | loL | | | | μΑ |
| $V_{in-} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{in+} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_O = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | _ | 0.1 | _ | |
| $V_{in-} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{in+} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_{O} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, T_{low} \le T_{A} \le T_{high}$ | | _ | _ | 1.0 | |
| Supply Current | Icc | | | | mA |
| R _L = ∞ Both Comparators, T _A = 25°C | | _ | 0.4 | 1.0 | |
| $R_L = \infty$ Both Comparators, $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$ | | _ | 1.0 | 2.5 | |

$\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \quad (V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, \text{ } T_{low} \leq T_{A} \leq T_{high}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

| | | LM392, LM393 | | LM2903, LM2903V | | M2903V | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|-----------|--|-------------|-------------|--|------|
| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
| Input Offset Voltage (Note 2) $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{low} \le T_{A} \le T_{high}$ | VIO | _ _ | ±1.0 - | ±5.0 9.0 | _ _ | ±2.0 9.0 | ±7.0 15 | mV |
| Input Offset Current $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{low} \le T_{A} \le T_{high}$ | IIO | _ _ | ±5.0 – | ±50 ±150 | _ _ | ±5.0 ±50 | ±50 ±200 | nA |
| Input Bias Current (Note 3) $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{low} \le T_{A} \le T_{high}$ | I _{IB} | _ _ | 25 - | 250 400 | _ _ | 25 200 | 250 500 | nA |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 3) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | VICR | 0 | _ _ | V _{CC} -1.5 V _{CC} -2.0 | 0 0 | _ _ | V _{CC} -1.5 V _{CC} -2.0 | V |
| Voltage Gain $R_L \ge 15 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ Vdc}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | AVOL | 50 | 200 | - | 25 | 200 | _ | V/mV |
| Large Signal Response Time V_{in} = TTL Logic Swing, V_{ref} = 1.4 Vdc V_{RL} = 5.0 Vdc, R_L = 5.1 k Ω , T_A = 25°C | - | _ | 300 | - | _ | 300 | - | ns |
| Response Time (Note 5) $V_{RL} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, R_L = 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | tTLH | _ | 1.3 | - | _ | 1.5 | - | μs |
| Input Differential Voltage (Note 6) All V _{in} ≥ Gnd or V− Supply (if used) | VID | _ | - | Vcc | _ | - | Vcc | V |
| Output Sink Current $V_{in} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_{in+} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, V_O \le 1.5 \text{ Vdc } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ | I _{Sink} | 6.0 | 16 | - | 6.0 | 16 | - | mA |
| Output Saturation Voltage $V_{in} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_{in+} = 0, I_{Sink} \le 4.0 \text{ mA}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ | VOL | _ _ | 150 – | 400 700 | _ _ | _ 200 | 400 700 | mV |
| Output Leakage Current $V_{in-} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{in+} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_O = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{in-} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{in+} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_O = 30 \text{ Vdc},$ | lOL | - | 0.1 | - | _ | 0.1 | - | nA |
| $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$ Supply Current $R_L = \infty$ Both Comparators, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $R_L = \infty$ Both Comparators, $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$ | Icc | _ _ _ | 0.4 | 1.0 2.5 | - - - | 0.4 – | 1.0 2.5 | mA |

 $[\]begin{tabular}{l} $^*T_{low} = 0^\circ C, T_{high} = +70^\circ C \text{ for LM393/393A} \\ $LM293\,T_{low} = -25^\circ C, T_{high} = +85^\circ C \\ $LM2903\,T_{low} = -40^\circ C, T_{high} = +105^\circ C \\ $LM2903V\,T_{low} = -40^\circ C, T_{high} = +125^\circ C \\ \end{tabular}$

NOTES: 2. At output switch point, V_O = 1.4 Vdc, R_S = 0 Ω with V_{CC} from 5.0 Vdc to 30 Vdc, and over the full input common mode range (0 V to V_{CC} = -1.5 V).

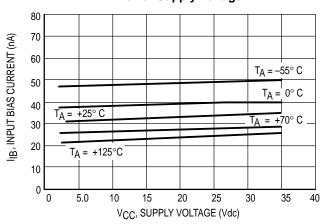
3. Due to the PNP transistor inputs, bias current will flow out of the inputs. This current is essentially constant, independent of the output state, there fore, no loading changes will exist on the input lines.

^{5.} Response time is specified with a 100 mV step and 5.0 mV of overdrive. With larger magnitudes of overdrive faster response times are obtainable.

^{6.} The comparator will exhibit proper output state if one of the inputs becomes greater than V_{CC}, the other input must remain within the common mode range. The low input state must not be less than -0.3 V of ground or minus supply.

LM293/393,A

Figure 1. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage



LM2903

Figure 2. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage

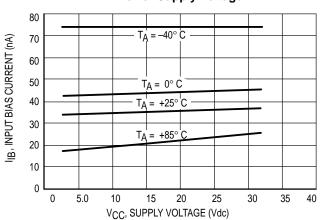


Figure 3. Output Saturation Voltage versus Output Sink Current

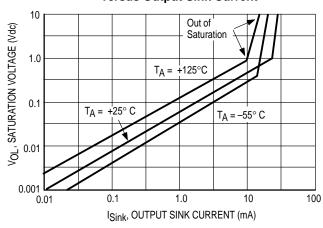


Figure 4. Output Saturation Voltage versus Output Sink Current

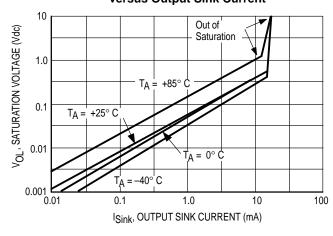


Figure 5. Power Supply Current versus
Power Supply Voltage

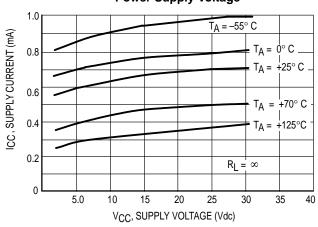
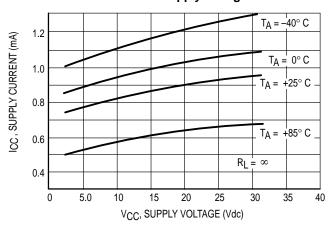


Figure 6. Power Supply Current versus
Power Supply Voltage



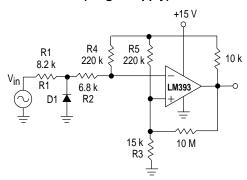
LM393, LM393A, LM293, LM2903, LM2903V APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

These dual comparators feature high gain, wide bandwidth characteristics. This gives the device oscillation tendencies if the outputs are capacitively coupled to the inputs via stray capacitance. This oscillation manifests itself during output transitions (V_{OL} to V_{OH}). To alleviate this situation, input resistors <10 k Ω should be used.

The addition of positive feedback (<10 mV) is also recommended. It is good design practice to ground all unused pins.

Differential input voltages may be larger than supply voltage without damaging the comparator's inputs. Voltages more negative than -0.3 V should not be used.

Figure 7. Zero Crossing Detector (Single Supply)

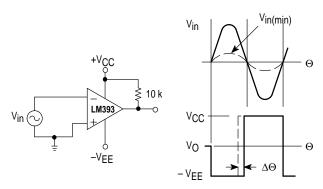


D1 prevents input from going negative by more than $\,$ 0.6 V.

$$R1 + R2 = R3$$

$$R3 \le \frac{R5}{10} \text{ for small error in zero crossing.}$$

Figure 8. Zero Crossing Detector (Split Supply)



 $V_{in(min)} \approx 0.4 \text{ V peak for 1% phase distortion } (\Delta\Theta).$

Figure 9. Free-Running Square-Wave Oscillator

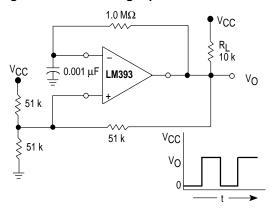


Figure 10. Time Delay Generator

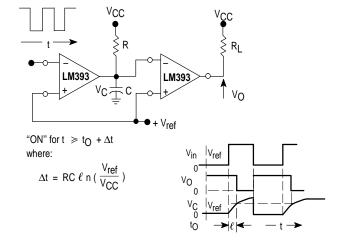
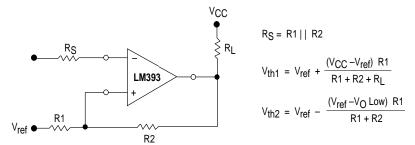
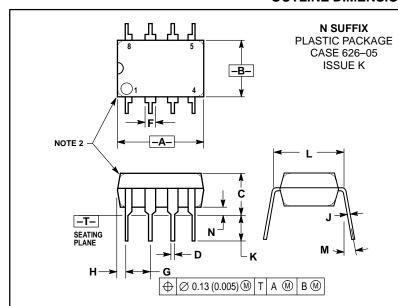


Figure 11. Comparator with Hysteresis

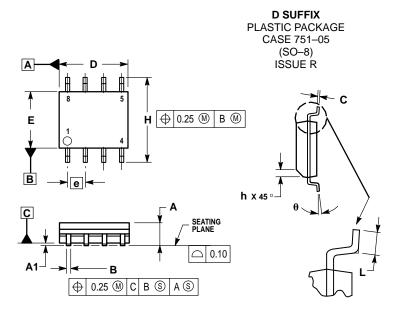


OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



- DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
 PACKAGE CONTOUR OPTIONAL (ROUND OR
- SQUARE CORNERS).
 3. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

| | MILLIMETERS | | INC | HES | |
|-----|-------------|----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| Α | 9.40 | 10.16 | 0.370 | 0.400 | |
| В | 6.10 | 6.60 | 0.240 | 0.260 | |
| С | 3.94 | 4.45 | 0.155 | 0.175 | |
| D | 0.38 | 0.51 | 0.015 | 0.020 | |
| F | 1.02 | 1.78 | 0.040 | 0.070 | |
| G | 2.54 | 2.54 BSC | | 0.100 BSC | |
| Н | 0.76 | 1.27 | 0.030 | 0.050 | |
| J | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.008 | 0.012 | |
| K | 2.92 | 3.43 | 0.115 | 0.135 | |
| L | 7.62 BSC | | 0.300 BSC | | |
| М | | 10° | | 10° | |
| N | 0.76 | 1.01 | 0.030 | 0.040 | |



NOTES

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- DIMENSION D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
- MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.
 DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD
- PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
 PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE B DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

| | MILLIMETERS | | | | |
|-----|-------------|----------|--|--|--|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | | | |
| Α | 1.35 | 1.75 | | | |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.25 | | | |
| В | 0.35 | 0.49 | | | |
| С | 0.18 | 0.25 | | | |
| D | 4.80 | 5.00 | | | |
| Е | 3.80 | 4.00 | | | |
| е | 1.27 | 1.27 BSC | | | |
| Н | 5.80 | 6.20 | | | |
| h | 0.25 | 0.50 | | | |
| Ĺ | 0.40 | 1.25 | | | |
| θ | 0° | 7° | | | |

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