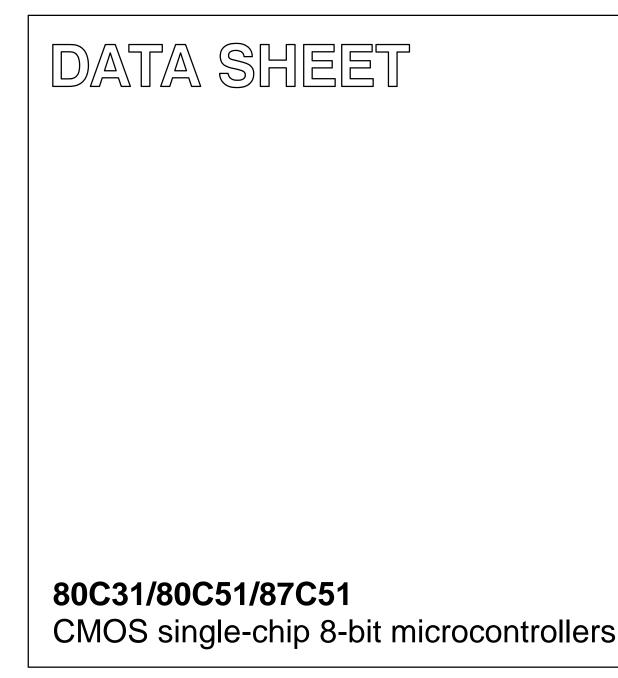
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



Product specification IC20 Data Handbook

1996 Aug 16



Philips Semiconductors



80C31/80C51/87C51

DESCRIPTION

The Philips 80C31/80C51/87C51 is a high-performance microcontroller fabricated with Philips high-density CMOS technology. The CMOS 8XC51 is functionally compatible with the NMOS 8031/8051 microcontrollers. The Philips CMOS technology combines the high speed and density characteristics of HMOS with the low power attributes of CMOS. Philips epitaxial substrate minimizes latch-up sensitivity.

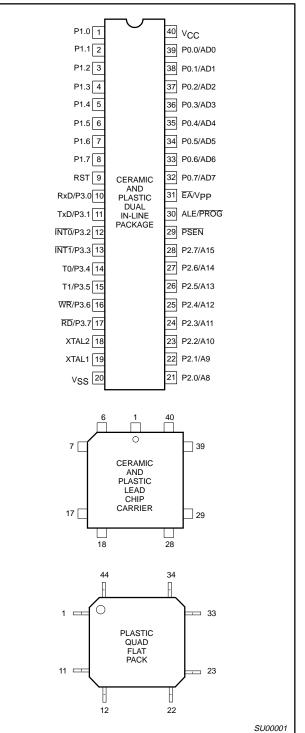
The 8XC51 contains a $4k \times 8$ ROM (80C51) EPROM (87C51), a 128 $\times 8$ RAM, 32 I/O lines, two 16-bit counter/timers, a five-source, two-priority level nested interrupt structure, a serial I/O port for either multi-processor communications, I/O expansion or full duplex UART, and on-chip oscillator and clock circuits.

In addition, the device has two software selectable modes of power reduction—idle mode and power-down mode. The idle mode freezes the CPU while allowing the RAM, timers, serial port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The power-down mode saves the RAM contents but freezes the oscillator, causing all other chip functions to be inoperative.

FEATURES

- 8031/8051 compatible
 - $4k \times 8 \text{ ROM} (80C51)$
 - 4k × 8 EPROM (87C51)
- ROMless (80C31)
- $128 \times 8 \text{ RAM}$
- Two 16-bit counter/timers
- Full duplex serial channel
- Boolean processor
- Memory addressing capability
 64k ROM and 64k RAM
- Power control modes:
 - Idle mode
 - Power-down mode
- CMOS and TTL compatible
- Five speed ranges at V_{CC} = 5V
 - 12MHz
 - 16MHz
 - 24MHz
 - 33MHz
- Five package styles
- Extended temperature ranges
- OTP package available

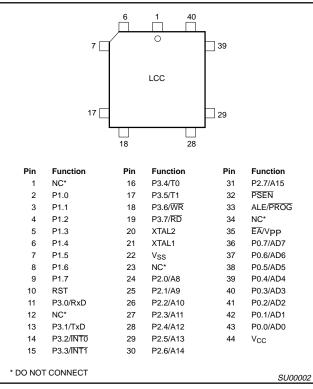
PIN CONFIGURATIONS



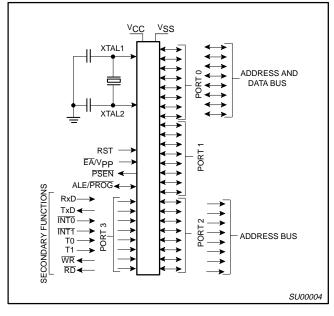
SEE PAGE 3 FOR QFP AND LCC PIN FUNCTIONS.

80C31/80C51/87C51

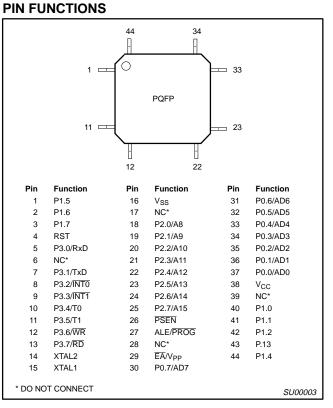
CERAMIC AND PLASTIC LEADED CHIP CARRIER PIN FUNCTIONS



LOGIC SYMBOL



PLASTIC QUAD FLAT PACK



ORDERING INFORMATION

		PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA								
EPROM	DRAWING NUMBER	ROMIess	ROM	DRAWING NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE °C AND PACKAGE ¹	Freq MHz				
SC87C51CCF40	0590B				0 to +70, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51CCK44	1472A				0 to +70, Ceramic Leaded Chip Carrier, UV	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51CCN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BCCN40	SC80C51BCCN40	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51CCA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BCCA44	SC80C51BCCA44	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51CCB44	SOT307-2	SC80C31BCCB44	SC80C51BCCB44	SOT307-2	0 to +70, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51ACF40	0590B				-40 to +85, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51ACN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BACN40	SC80C51BACN40	SOT129-1	-40 to +85, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51ACA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BACA44	SC80C51BACA44	SOT187-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51ACB44	SOT307-2	SC80C31BACB44	SC80C51BACB44	SOT307-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	3.5 to 12				
SC87C51CGF40	0590B				0 to +70, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51CGK44	1472A				0 to +70, Ceramic Leaded Chip Carrier, UV	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51CGN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BCGN40	SC80C51BCGN40	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51CGA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BCGA44	SC80C51BCGA44	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51CGB44	SOT307-2	SC80C31BCGB44	SC80C51BCGB44	SOT307-2	0 to +70, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51AGF40	0590B				-40 to +85, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51AGN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BAGN40	SC80C51BAGN40	SOT129-1	-40 to +85, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51AGA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BAGA44	SC80C51BAGA44	SOT187-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51AGB44	SOT307-2	SC80C31BAGB44	SC80C51BAGB44	SOT307-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	3.5 to 16				
SC87C51CPF40	0590B				0 to +70, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV	3.5 to 24				
SC87C51CPK44	1472A				0 to +70, Ceramic Leaded Chip Carrier, UV	3.5 to 24				
SC87C51CPN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BCPN40	SC80C51BCPN40	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 24				
SC87C51CPA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BCPA44	SC80C51BCPA44	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 24				
SC87C51APF40	0590B				-40 to +85, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV					
SC87C51APN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BAPN40	SC80C51BAPN40	SOT129-1	-40 to +85, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 24				
SC87C51APA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BAPA44	SC80C51BAPA44	SOT187-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 24				
SC87C51CYF40	0590B				0 to +70, Ceramic Dual In-line Package, UV	3.5 to 33				
SC87C51CYK44	1472A				0 to +70, Ceramic Leaded Chip Carrier, UV	3.5 to 33				
SC87C51CYN40	SOT129-1	SC80C31BCYN40	SC80C51BCYN40	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	3.5 to 33				
SC87C51CYA44	SOT187-2	SC80C31BCYA44	SC80C51BCYA44	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	3.5 to 33				

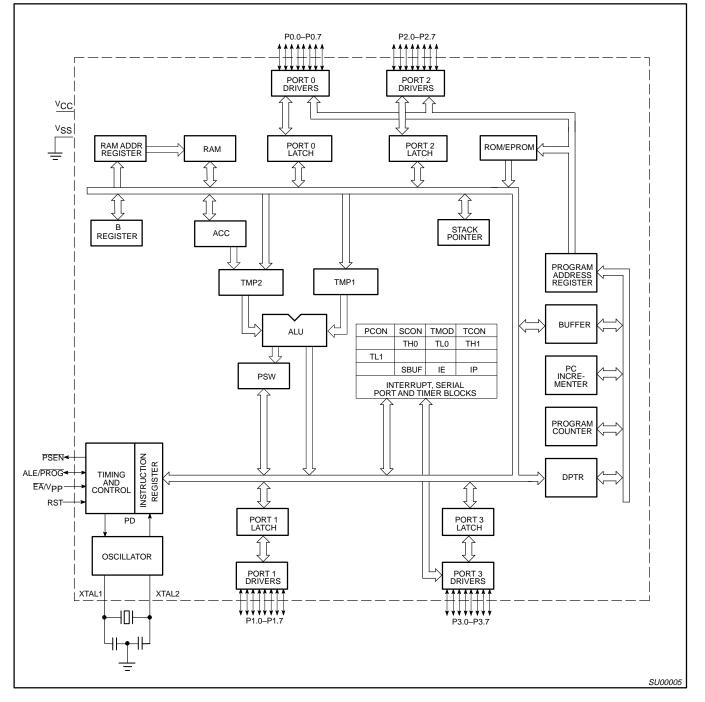
OTP = One Time Programmable EPROM. UV = UV Erasable EPROM
 SOT311 replaced by SOT307-2.

ORDERING INFORMATION (Continued)

		P	HILIPS		
ROMIess (ORDER NUMBER)	ROMIess (MARKING NUMBER)	ROM	DRAWING NUMBER	TEMPERATURE RANGE °C AND PACKAGE ¹	Freq MHz
PCB80C31-2 N	PCB80C31BH2-12P	PCB80C51BH-2P	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	0.5 to 12
PCB80C31-2 A	PCB80C31BH2-12WP	PCB80C51BH-2WP	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	0.5 to 12
	PCB80C31BH2-12H	PCB80C51BH-2H	SOT307-2 ²	0 to +70, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	0.5 to 12
PCB80C31-3 N	PCB80C31BH3-16P	PCB80C51BH-3P	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	1.2 to 16
PCB80C31-3 A	PCB80C31BH3-16WP	PCB80C51BH-3WP	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	1.2 to 16
	PCB80C31BH3-16H	PCB80C51BH-3H	SOT307-2 ²	0 to +70, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	1.2 to 16
PCF80C31-3 N	PCF80C31BH3-16P	PCF80C51BH-3P	SOT129-1	-40 to +85, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	1.2 to 16
PCF80C31-3 A	PCF80C31BH3-16WP	PCF80C51BH-3WP	SOT187-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	1.2 to 16
	PCF80C31BH3-16H	PCF80C51BH-3H	SOT307-2 ²	-40 to +85, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	1.2 to 16
	PCA80C31BH3-16P	PCA80C51BH-3P	SOT129-1	-40 to +125, Plastic Dual In-line Package	1.2 to 16
	PCA80C31BH3-16WP	PCA80C51BH-3WP	SOT187-2	-40 to +125, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	1.2 to 16
PCB80C31-4 N	PCB80C31BH4-24P	PCB80C51BH-4P	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	1.2 to 24
PCB80C31-4 A	PCB80C31BH4-24WP	PCB80C51BH-4WP	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	1.2 to 24
	PCB80C31BH4-24H	PCB80C51BH-4H	SOT307-2 ²	0 to +70, Plastic Quad Flat Pack, OTP	1.2 to 24
PCF80C31-4 N	PCF80C31BH4-24P	PCF80C51BH-4P	SOT129-1	-40 to +85, Plastic Dual In-line Package, OTP	1.2 to 24
PCF80C31-4 A	PCF80C31BH4-24WP	PCF80C51BH-4WP	SOT187-2	-40 to +85, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	1.2 to 24
	PCF80C31BH4-24H	PCF80C51BH-4H	SOT307-2 ²	-40 to +85, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, OTP	1.2 to 24
PCB80C31-5 N	PCB80C31BH5-30P	PCB80C51BH-5P	SOT129-1	0 to +70, Plastic Dual In-line Package	1.2 to 33
PCB80C31-5 A	PCB80C31BH5-30WP	PCB80C51BH-5WP	SOT187-2	0 to +70, Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	1.2 to 33
PCB80C31-5 B	PCB80C31BH5-30H	PCB80C51BH-5H	SOT307-2 ²	0 to +70, Plastic Quad Flat Pack	1.2 to 33

80C31/80C51/87C51

BLOCK DIAGRAM



80C31/80C51/87C51

PIN DESCRIPTION

	PIN NO.		PIN NO.		
MNEMONIC	DIP	LCC	QFP	TYPE	NAME AND FUNCTION
V _{SS}	20	22	16	I	Ground: 0V reference.
V _{CC}	40	44	38	I	Power Supply: This is the power supply voltage for normal, idle, and power-down operation.
P0.0–0.7	39–32	43–36	37–30	I/O	Port 0: Port 0 is an open-drain, bidirectional I/O port. Port 0 pins that have 1s written to them float and can be used as high-impedance inputs. Port 0 is also the multiplexed low-order address and data bus during accesses to external program and data memory. In this application, it uses strong internal pull-ups when emitting 1s. Port 0 also outputs the code bytes during program verification in the 87C51. External pull-ups are required during program verification.
P1.0–P1.7	1–8	2–9	40-44, 1–3	I/O	Port 1: Port 1 is an 8-bit bidirectional I/O port with internal pull-ups. Port 1 pins that have 1s written to them are pulled high by the internal pull-ups and can be used as inputs. As inputs, port 1 pins that are externally pulled low will source current because of the internal pull-ups. (See DC Electrical Characteristics: I_{IL}). Port 1 also receives the low-order address byte during program memory verification.
P2.0-P2.7	21–28	24–31	18–25	I/O	Port 2: Port 2 is an 8-bit bidirectional I/O port with internal pull-ups. Port 2 pins that have 1s written to them are pulled high by the internal pull-ups and can be used as inputs. As inputs, port 2 pins that are externally being pulled low will source current because of the internal pull-ups. (See DC Electrical Characteristics: I _{IL}). Port 2 emits the high-order address byte during fetches from external program memory and during accesses to external data memory that use 16-bit addresses (MOVX @DPTR). In this application, it uses strong internal pull-ups when emitting 1s. During accesses to external data memory that use 8-bit addresses (MOV @Ri), port 2 emits the contents of the P2 special function register.
P3.0–P3.7	10–17	11, 13–19	5, 7–13	I/O	Port 3: Port 3 is an 8-bit bidirectional I/O port with internal pull-ups. Port 3 pins that have 1s written to them are pulled high by the internal pull-ups and can be used as inputs. As inputs, port 3 pins that are externally being pulled low will source current because of the pull-ups. (See DC Electrical Characteristics: $I_{\rm IL}$). Port 3 also serves the special features of the 80C51 family, as listed below:
	10	11	5	I.	RxD (P3.0): Serial input port
	11	13	7	0	TxD (P3.1): Serial output port
	12 13	14 15	8 9		INT0 (P3.2): External interrupt INT1 (P3.3): External interrupt
	14	16	10	i	T0 (P3.4): Timer 0 external input
	15	17	11	I.	T1 (P3.5): Timer 1 external input
	16	18	12	0	WR (P3.6): External data memory write strobe
	17	19	13	0	RD (P3.7): External data memory read strobe
RST	9	10	4		Reset: A high on this pin for two machine cycles while the oscillator is running, resets the device. An internal diffused resistor to V_{SS} permits a power-on reset using only an external capacitor to V_{CC} .
ALE/PROG	30	33	27	I/O	Address Latch Enable/Program Pulse: Output pulse for latching the low byte of the address during an access to external memory. In normal operation, ALE is emitted at a constant rate of 1/6 the oscillator frequency, and can be used for external timing or clocking. Note that one ALE pulse is skipped during each access to external data memory. This pin is also the program pulse input (PROG) during EPROM programming.
PSEN	29	32	26	0	Program Store Enable: The read strobe to external program memory. When the device is executing code from the external program memory, PSEN is activated twice each machine cycle, except that two PSEN activations are skipped during each access to external data memory. PSEN is not activated during fetches from internal program memory.
EA/V _{PP}	31	35	29	I	External Access Enable/Programming Supply Voltage: EA must be externally held low to enable the device to fetch code from external program memory locations 0000H to 0FFFH. If EA is held high, the device executes from internal program memory unless the program counter contains an address greater than 0FFFH. This pin also receives the 12.75V programming supply voltage (V_{PP}) during EPROM programming.
XTAL1	19	21	15	I	Crystal 1: Input to the inverting oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock generator circuits.
XTAL2	18	20	14	0	Crystal 2: Output from the inverting oscillator amplifier.

80C31/80C51/87C51

Table 1. 80C52/80C54/80C58 Special Function Registers

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	DIRECT ADDRESS	BIT A MSB	DDRESS	, SYMBOI	, OR AL	FERNATIV	E PORT	FUNCTIC	N LSB	RESET VALUE
ACC*	Accumulator	E0H	E7	E6	E5	E4	E3	E2	E1	E0	00H
AUXR#	Auxiliary	8EH	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	AO	xxxxxxx0B
AUXR1#	Auxiliary 1 (Note 2)	A2H	-	-	-	-	WUPD	0	-	DPS	xxxx00x0B
В*	B register	F0H	F7	F6	F5	F4	F3	F2	F1	F0	00H
DPTR: DPH DPL	Data Pointer (2 bytes) Data Pointer High Data Pointer Low	83H 82H									00H 00H
			AF	AE	AD	AC	AB	AA	A9	A8	
IE*	Interrupt Enable	A8H	EA	EC	ET2	ES	ET1	EX1	ET0	EX0	00H
			BF	BE	BD	BC	BB	BA	B9	B8	
IP*	Interrupt Priority	B8H	-	-	PT2	PS	PT1	PX1	PT0	PX0	x0000000E
			B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	
IPH#	Interrupt Priority High	B7H	_	_	PT2H	PSH	PT1H	PX1H	PT0H	PX0H	x0000000E
			87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80	
P0*	Port 0	80H	AD7	AD6	AD5	AD4	AD3	AD2	AD1	AD0	FFH
			97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90	
P1*	Port 1	90H	-	-	-	-	-	_	T2EX	T2	FFH
			A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	
P2*	Port 2	A0H	AD15	AD14	AD13	AD12	AD11	AD10	AD9	AD8	FFH
			B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0	
P3*	Port 3	B0H	RD	WR	T1	TO	INT1	INTO	TxD	RxD	FFH
-		-				-		_			
PCON#1	Power Control	87H	SMOD1	SMOD0	-	-	GF1	GF0	PD	IDL	00xx0000E
			D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
PSW*	Program Status Word	D0H	CY	AC	F0	RS1	RS0	OV	-	Р	00H
SADDR#	Slave Address	A9H									00Н
SADEN#	Slave Address Mask	B9H									00H
SBUF	Serial Data Buffer	99H									xxxxxxxB
			9F	9E	9D	9C	9B	9A	99	98	
SCON*	Serial Control	98H	SM0/FE	SM1	SM2	REN	TB8	RB8	TI	RI	00H
SP	Stack Pointer	81H									07H
			8F	8E	8D	8C	8B	8A	89	88	
TCON*	Timer Control	88H	TF1	TR1	TF0	TR0	IE1	IT1	IE0	IT0	00H
l			CF	CE	CD	CC	СВ	CA	C9	C8	1
T2MOD#	Timer 2 Mode Control	C9H	-	-	-	-	-	-	T2OE	DCEN	xxxxxx00B
TH0	Timer High 0	8CH									00H
TH1 TL0	Timer High 1 Timer Low 0	8DH 8AH									00H 00H
TL0 TL1	Timer Low 0	8BH									00H 00H
TMOD	Timer Mode	89H	GATE	C/T	M1	MO	GATE	C/T	M1	MO	00H

*

SFRs are bit addressable. SFRs are modified from or added to the 80C51 SFRs. #

Reserved bits. _

1. Reset value depends on reset source.

2. Available only on SC80C51.

80C31/80C51/87C51

OSCILLATOR CHARACTERISTICS

XTAL1 and XTAL2 are the input and output, respectively, of an inverting amplifier. The pins can be configured for use as an on-chip oscillator, as shown in the logic symbol.

To drive the device from an external clock source, XTAL1 should be driven while XTAL2 is left unconnected. There are no requirements on the duty cycle of the external clock signal, because the input to the internal clock circuitry is through a divide-by-two flip-flop. However, minimum and maximum high and low times specified in the data sheet must be observed.

RESET

A reset is accomplished by holding the RST pin high for at least two machine cycles (24 oscillator periods), while the oscillator is running. To insure a good power-up reset, the RST pin must be high long enough to allow the oscillator time to start up (normally a few milliseconds) plus two machine cycles.

IDLE MODE

In idle mode, the CPU puts itself to sleep while all of the on-chip peripherals stay active. The instruction to invoke the idle mode is the last instruction executed in the normal operating mode before the idle mode is activated. The CPU contents, the on-chip RAM, and all of the special function registers remain intact during this mode. The idle mode can be terminated either by any enabled interrupt (at which time the process is picked up at the interrupt service routine and continued), or by a hardware reset which starts the processor in the same manner as a power-on reset.

POWER-DOWN MODE

In the power-down mode, the oscillator is stopped and the instruction to invoke power-down is the last instruction executed. Only the contents of the on-chip RAM are preserved. A hardware reset is the only way to terminate the power-down mode. the control bits for the reduced power modes are in the special function register PCON.

Table 2 shows the state of I/O ports during low current operating modes.

Table 2. External Pin Status During Idle and Power-Down Modes

MODE	PROGRAM MEMORY	ALE	PSEN	PORT 0	PORT 1	PORT 2	PORT 3
Idle	Internal	1	1	Data	Data	Data	Data
Idle	External	1	1	Float	Data	Address	Data
Power-down	Internal	0	0	Data	Data	Data	Data
Power-down	External	0	0	Float	Data	Data	Data

ROM CODE SUBMISSION

When submitting ROM code for the 80C51, the following must be specified:

1. 4k byte user ROM data

- 2. 64 byte ROM encryption key (SC80C51 only)
- 3. ROM security bits (SC80C51 only).

ADDRESS	CONTENT	BIT(S)	COMMENT
0000H to 0FFFH	DATA	7:0	User ROM Data
1000H to 101FH	KEY	7:0	ROM Encryption Key
1020H	SEC	0	ROM Security Bit 1
1020H	SEC	1	ROM Security Bit 2

Security Bit 1: When programmed, this bit has two effects on masked ROM parts:

1. External MOVC is disabled, and

2. EA# is latched on Reset.

Security Bit 2: When programmed, this bit inhibits Verify User ROM.

80C31/80C51/87C51

Electrical Deviations from Commercial Specifications for Extended Temperature Range (87C51)

DC and AC parameters not included here are the same as in the commercial temperature range table.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $\begin{array}{l} T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%, \ V_{SS} = 0\text{V} \ (\text{Philips North America SC87C51}); \\ \text{For SC87C51} \ (33\text{MHz only}), \ T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \ \text{to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 5\% \\ T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \ \text{to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \ V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%, \ V_{SS} = 0\text{V} \ (\text{PCB80C31/51 and PCF80C31/51 Philips Parts Only}) \end{array}$

		TEST	LIN	IITS	
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IL}	Input low voltage, except EA (Philips North America)		-0.5	0.2V _{CC} -0.15	V
V _{IL}	Input low voltage, except EA (Philips)		-0.5	0.2V _{CC} -0.25	V
V _{IL1}	Input low voltage to EA		-0.5	0.2V _{CC} -0.45	V
V _{IH}	Input high voltage, except XTAL1, RST		0.2V _{CC} +1	V _{CC} +0.5	V
V _{IH1}	Input high voltage to XTAL1, RST		0.7V _{CC} +0.1	V _{CC} +0.5	V
IIL	Logical 0 input current, ports 1, 2, 3	V _{IN} = 0.45V		-75	μA
I _{TL}	Logical 1-to-0 transition current, ports 1, 2, 3	V _{IN} = 2.0V		-750	μA
Icc	Power supply current: Active mode ¹ @ 16MHz (Philips PCB80C31/51, PCF80C31/51) Active mode @ 12MHz (Philips North America SC87C51) Idle mode ² @ 16MHz (Philips PCB80C31/51, PCF80C31/51) Idle mode @ 12MHz (Philips North America SC87C51) Power-down mode ³ (Philips PCB80C31/51, PCF80C31/51) Power-down mode (Philips North America SC87C51)	V _{CC} = 4.5–5.5V		25 20 6.5 5 75 50	mA mA mA μA μA

NOTES:

The operating supply current is measured with all output pins disconnected; XTAL1 driven with $t_r = t_f = 10ns$; $V_{IL} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$; 1.

 $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.5V$; XTAL2 not connected; $\overline{EA} = RST = Port 0 = V_{CC}$. 2. The idle mode supply current is measured with all output pins disconnected; XTAL1 driven with $t_r = t_f = 10ns$; $V_{IL} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$; $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.5V$; XTAL2 not connected; $\overline{EA} = Port 0 = V_{CC}$; RST = V_{SS} . 3. The power-down current is measured with all output pins disconnected, XTAL2 not connected, $\overline{EA} = Port 0 = V_{CC}$; RST = V_{SS} .

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS^{1, 2, 3}

PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
Operating temperature under bias	0 to +70 or -40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
Voltage on \overline{EA}/V_{PP} pin to V_{SS}	0 to +13.0	V
Voltage on any other pin to V _{SS}	-0.5 to +6.5	V
Maximum I _{OL} per I/O pin	15	mA
Power dissipation (based on package heat transfer limitations, not device power consumption)	1.5	W

NOTES:

1. Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any conditions other than those described in the AC and DC Electrical Characteristics section of this specification is not implied.

2. This product includes circuitry specifically designed for the protection of its internal devices from the damaging effects of excessive static charge. Nonetheless, it is suggested that conventional precautions be taken to avoid applying greater than the rated maxima.

Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified. All voltages are with respect to V_{SS} unless otherwise 3. noted.

80C31/80C51/87C51

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C \text{ or } -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5V \pm 20\%, V_{SS} = 0V \text{ (PCB80C31/51 and PCF80C31/51)} (12, 16, and 24MHz versions) \\ T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +70^{\circ}C \text{ or } -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%, V_{SS} = 0V \text{ (87C51 12, 16, and 24MHz versions)} \text{ (PCB80C31/51 33MHz version)};$ For SC87C51 (33MHz only) $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C, $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 5\%$

		TEST		LIMITS		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYPICAL ¹	МАХ	UNIT
V _{IL}	Input low voltage, except EA7		-0.5		0.2V _{CC} -0.1	V
V _{IL1}	Input low voltage to EA ⁷		0		0.2V _{CC} -0.3	V
V _{IH}	Input high voltage, except XTAL1, RST ⁷		0.2V _{CC} +0.9		V _{CC} +0.5	V
V _{IH1}	Input high voltage, XTAL1, RST ⁷		0.7V _{CC}		V _{CC} +0.5	V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage, ports 1, 2, 3 ¹¹	$I_{OL} = 1.6 \text{mA}^2$			0.45	V
V _{OL1}	Output low voltage, port 0, ALE, PSEN ¹¹	$I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{mA}^2$			0.45	V
V _{OH}	Output high voltage, ports 1, 2, 3, ALE, PSEN ³	$I_{OH} = -60\mu A,$ $I_{OH} = -25\mu A$ $I_{OH} = -10\mu A$	2.4 0.75V _{CC} 0.9V _{CC}			V V V
V _{OH1}	Output high voltage (port 0 in external bus mode)	I _{OH} = -800μA, I _{OH} = -300μA I _{OH} = -80μA	2.4 0.75V _{CC} 0.9V _{CC}			V V V
I _{IL}	Logical 0 input current, ports 1, 2, 37	V _{IN} = 0.45V			-50	μΑ
I _{TL}	Logical 1-to-0 transition current, ports 1, 2, 3 ⁷	See note 4			-650	μA
I _{LI}	Input leakage current, port 0	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$			±10	μA
I _{CC}	Power supply current: ⁷ Active mode @ 12MHz ⁸ (Philips) Active mode @ 12MHz ⁵ (Philips North America) Idle mode @ 12MHz ⁹ (Philips) Idle mode @ 12MHz (Philips North America) Power-down mode ¹⁰ (Philips and Philips North America)	See note 6		11.5 1.3 3	18 19 4.4 4 50	mA mA mA μA
R _{RST}	Internal reset pull-down resistor (Philips North America) (Philips)		50 50		300 150	kΩ kΩ
C _{IO}	Pin capacitance ¹²				10	pF

NOTES:

1. Typical ratings are not guaranteed. The values listed are at room temperature, 5V.

2. Capacitive loading on ports 0 and 2 may cause spurious noise to be superimposed on the Vols of ALE and ports 1 and 3. The noise is due to external bus capacitance discharging into the port 0 and port 2 pins when these pins make 1-to-0 transitions during bus operations. In the worst cases (capacitive loading > 100pF), the noise pulse on the ALE pin may exceed 0.8V. In such cases, it may be desirable to qualify ALE with a Schmitt Trigger, or use an address latch with a Schmitt Trigger STROBE input. IOL can exceed these conditions provided that no single output sinks more than 5mA and no more than two outputs exceed the test conditions.

Capacitive loading on ports 0 and 2 may cause the VOH on ALE and PSEN to momentarily fall below the 0.9V_{CC} specification when the address bits are stabilizing.

Pins of ports 1, 2 and 3 source a transition current when they are being externally driven from 1 to 0. The transition current reaches its 4 maximum value when VIN is approximately 2V.

I_{CCMAX} at other frequencies (for Philips North America parts) is given by: Active mode: I_{CCMAX} = 1.43 X FREQ + 1.90;

Idle mode: I_{CCMAX} = 0.14 X FREQ +2.31, where FREQ is the external oscillator frequency in MHz. I_{CCMAX} is given in mA. See Figure 8. See Figures 9 through 12 for I_{CC} test conditions.

For Philips North America parts when $T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}$ C to +85°C or Philips parts when $T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C, see DC Electrical 7. Characteristics table on previous page.

The operating supply current is measured with all output pins disconnected; XTAL1 driven with $t_r = t_f = 10ns$; $V_{IL} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$; $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.5V$; XTAL2 not connected; $\overline{EA} = RST = Port 0 = V_{CC}$.

The idle mode supply current is measured with all output pins disconnected; XTAL1 driven with $t_r = t_f = 10ns$; $V_{IL} = V_{SS} + 0.5V$; 9. $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.5V$; XTAL2 not connected; $\overline{EA} = Port 0 = V_{CC}$; RST = V_{SS} . 10. The power-down current is measured with all output pins disconnected, XTAL2 not connected, $\overline{EA} = Port 0 = V_{CC}$; RST = V_{SS} .

11. Under steady state (non-transient) conditions, IQ must be externally limited as follows:

Maximum IOL per port pin:	15mA
Maximum IOL per 8-bit port:	26mA
Maximum IOL total for all outputs:	67mA

If I_{OL} exceeds the test condition, V_{OL} may exceed the related specification. Pins are not guaranteed to sink current greater than the listed test conditions.

12. Pin capacitance for the ceramic DIP package is 15pF maximum.

80C31/80C51/87C51

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA DEVICES (SC80C31 AND SC80C51)

 $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C or -40°C to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$; $V_{SS} = 0V$ LIMITS TEST SYMBOL PARAMETER UNIT CONDITIONS MIN TYP¹ MAX Input low voltage $4.5V < V_{CC} < 5.5V$ -0.5 0.2V_{CC}-0.1 V VIL Input high voltage (ports 0, 1, 2, 3, EA) V VIH 0.2V_{CC}+0.9 V_{CC}+0.5 0.7V_{CC} V_{CC}+0.5 Input high voltage, XTAL1, RST V V_{IH1} $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ Output low voltage, ports 1, 2, 38 VOL 0.4 V $I_{OL} = 1.6 m A^2$ $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ Output low voltage, port 0, ALE, PSEN8, 7 V 0.4 V_{OL1} $I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{mA}^2$ $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ VOH Output high voltage, ports 1, 2, 3³ $V_{CC} - 0.7$ V $I_{OH} = -30\mu A$ Output high voltage (port 0 in external bus mode), $V_{CC} = 4.5V$ V_{OH1} V_{CC} – 0.7 V ALE⁹. PSEN³ I_{OH} = -3.2mA Logical 0 input current, ports 1, 2, 3 $V_{IN} = 0.4V$ -1 -50 μA Ι_{ΙL} $V_{IN} = 2.0V$ Logical 1-to-0 transition current, ports 1, 2, 36 -650 I_{TL} μΑ See note 4 Input leakage current, port 0 $0.45 < V_{IN} < V_{CC} - 0.3$ I_{LI} ±10 μΑ Icc Power supply current (see Figure 8): See note 5 Active mode @ 16MHz⁵ 11.5 32 μΑ Idle mode @ 16MHz⁵ 5 1.3 μΑ Power-down mode $T_{amb} = 0$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ 50 3 μΑ $T_{amb} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ 75 μA Internal reset pull-down resistor 40 225 kΩ R_{RST} CIO Pin capacitance¹⁰ (except EA) 15 pF

NOTES:

1. Typical ratings are not guaranteed. The values listed are at room temperature, 5V.

Capacitive loading on ports 0 and 2 may cause spurious noise to be superimposed on the VoLs of ALE and ports 1 and 3. The noise is due 2. to external bus capacitance discharging into the port 0 and port 2 pins when these pins make 1-to-0 transitions during bus operations. In the worst cases (capacitive loading > 100pF), the noise pulse on the ALE pin may exceed 0.8V. In such cases, it may be desirable to qualify ALE with a Schmitt Trigger, or use an address latch with a Schmitt Trigger STROBE input. IOL can exceed these conditions provided that no single output sinks more than 5mA and no more than two outputs exceed the test conditions.

3. Capacitive loading on ports 0 and 2 may cause the VOH on ALE and PSEN to momentarily fall below the (V_{CC}-0.7) specification when the address bits are stabilizing.

4. Pins of ports 1, 2 and 3 source a transition current when they are being externally driven from 1 to 0. The transition current reaches its maximum value when VIN is approximately 2V.

5. See Figures 9 through 12 for I_{CC} test conditions. Active Mode: $I_{CC} = 1.5 \times FREQ + 8.0$;

 $I_{CC} = 0.14 \times FREQ$ +2.31; See Figure 8. Idle Mode:

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This value applies to $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C. For $T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, $I_{TL} = -750\mu$ A. Load capacitance for port 0, ALE, and PSEN = 100pF, load capacitance for all other outputs = 80pF.

Under steady state (non-transient) conditions, I_{OL} must be externally limited as follows: Maximum I_{OL} per port pin: 15mA (*NOTE: This is 85°C specification.)

Maximum I_{OL} per port pin: 26mA

Maximum IOI per 8-bit port: Maximum total IOL for all outputs: 71mA

If IOL exceeds the test condition, VOL may exceed the related specification. Pins are not guaranteed to sink current greater than the listed test conditions.

ALE is tested to V_{OH1} , except when ALE is off then V_{OH} is the voltage specification.

10. Pin capacitance is characterized but not tested. Pin capacitance is less than 25pF. Pin capacitance of ceramic package is less than 15pF (except EA it is 25pF).

80C31/80C51/87C51

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR SC87C51 12–33MHz PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA DEVICES

 $\label{eq:Tamb} \begin{array}{l} T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C \ to \ +70^{\circ}C \ or \ -40^{\circ}C \ to \ +85^{\circ}C, \ V_{CC} = 5V \ \pm10\%, \ V_{SS} = 0V \ (SC87C51 \ 12, \ 16 \ and \ 24MHz \ versions); \\ For \ SC87C51 \ (33MHz \ only) \ T_{amb} = = 0^{\circ}C \ to \ +70^{\circ}C, \ V_{CC} = 5V \ \pm5\% \end{array}$

			VARIABLE CLOCK ³		
SYMBOL	FIGURE	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
1/t _{CLCL}		Oscillator frequency: Speed Versions SC87C51 C G P Y	3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	12 16 24 33	MHz MHz MHz MHz
t _{LHLL}	1	ALE pulse width	2t _{CLCL} -40		ns
t _{AVLL}	1	Address valid to ALE low	t _{CLCL} -13		ns
t _{LLAX}	1	Address hold after ALE low	t _{CLCL} -20		ns
t _{LLIV}	1	ALE low to valid instruction in		4t _{CLCL} -65	ns
t _{LLPL}	1	ALE low to PSEN low	t _{CLCL} -13		ns
t _{PLPH}	1	PSEN pulse width	3t _{CLCL} -20		ns
t _{PLIV}	1	PSEN low to valid instruction in		3t _{CLCL} -45	ns
t _{PXIX}	1	Input instruction hold after PSEN	0		ns
t _{PXIZ}	1	Input instruction float after PSEN		t _{CLCL} -10	ns
t _{AVIV}	1	Address to valid instruction in		5t _{CLCL} -55	ns
t _{PLAZ}	1	PSEN low to address float		10	ns
Data Memo	ry	•			
t _{RLRH}	2, 3	RD pulse width	6t _{CLCL} -100		ns
t _{WLWH}	2, 3	WR pulse width	6t _{CLCL} -100		ns
t _{RLDV}	2, 3	RD low to valid data in		5t _{CLCL} -90	ns
t _{RHDX}	2, 3	Data hold after RD	0		ns
t _{RHDZ}	2, 3	Data float after RD		2t _{CLCL} -28	ns
t _{LLDV}	2, 3	ALE low to valid data in		8t _{CLCL} -150	ns
t _{AVDV}	2, 3	Address to valid data in		9t _{CLCL} -165	ns
t _{LLWL}	2, 3	ALE low to RD or WR low	3t _{CLCL} –50	3t _{CLCL} +50	ns
t _{AVWL}	2, 3	Address valid to WR low or RD low	4t _{CLCL} -75		ns
t _{QVWX}	2, 3	Data valid to WR transition	t _{CLCL} -20		ns
t _{WHQX}	2, 3	Data hold after WR	t _{CLCL} -20		ns
t _{RLAZ}	2, 3	RD low to address float		0	ns
t _{WHLH}	2, 3	RD or WR high to ALE high	t _{CLCL} -20	t _{CLCL} +25	ns
External Cl	ock		-		
t _{CHCX}	5	High time	12		ns
t _{CLCX}	5	Low time	12		ns
t _{CLCH}	5	Rise time		20	ns
t _{CHCL}	5	Fall time		20	ns

NOTES:

Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified.
 Load capacitance for port 0, ALE, and PSEN = 100pF, load capacitance for all other outputs = 80pF.

3. For all Philips North America speed versions only.

4. Interfacing the 87C51 to devices with float times up to 50ns is permitted. This limited bus contention will not cause damage to port 0 drivers.

80C31/80C51/87C51

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PHILIPS DEVICES $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C, $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 20\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V$ (PCB80C31/51, PCF80C31/51)^{1, 2, 4, 5}

			VARIABLI	E CLOCK ³	
SYMBOL	FIGURE	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
1/t _{CLCL}		Oscillator frequency: Speed Versions PCB8031/51 -2 PCA/PCB/PCF80C31/51 -3 PCB/PCF80C31/51 -4 PCB/FB80C31/51 -5	0.5 1.2 1.2 1.2	12 16 24 33	MHz MHz MHz MHz
t _{LHLL}	1	ALE pulse width	2t _{CLCL} -40		ns
t _{AVLL}	1	Address valid to ALE low	t _{CLCL} -25		ns
t _{LLAX}	1	Address hold after ALE low	t _{CLCL} -25		ns
t _{LLIV}	1	ALE low to valid instruction in		4t _{CLCL} -65	ns
t _{LLPL}	1	ALE low to PSEN low	t _{CLCL} -25		ns
t _{PLPH}	1	PSEN pulse width	3t _{CLCL} -45		ns
t _{PLIV}	1	PSEN low to valid instruction in		3t _{CLCL} -60	ns
t _{PXIX}	1	Input instruction hold after PSEN	0		ns
t _{PXIZ}	1	Input instruction float after PSEN		t _{CLCL} -25	ns
t _{AVIV}	1	Address to valid instruction in		5t _{CLCL} -80	ns
t _{PLAZ}	1	PSEN low to address float		10	ns
Data Memor	ry				
t _{RLRH}	2, 3	RD pulse width	6t _{CLCL} -100		ns
t _{WLWH}	2, 3	WR pulse width	6t _{CLCL} -100		ns
t _{RLDV}	2, 3	RD low to valid data in		5t _{CLCL} –90	ns
t _{RHDX}	2, 3	Data hold after RD	0		ns
t _{RHDZ}	2, 3	Data float after RD		2t _{CLCL} -28	ns
t _{LLDV}	2, 3	ALE low to valid data in		8t _{CLCL} -150	ns
t _{AVDV}	2, 3	Address to valid data in		9t _{CLCL} -165	ns
t _{LLWL}	2, 3	ALE low to RD or WR low	3t _{CLCL} –50	3t _{CLCL} +50	ns
t _{AVWL}	2, 3	Address valid to WR low or RD low	4t _{CLCL} -75		ns
t _{QVWX}	2, 3	Data valid to WR transition	t _{CLCL} –30		ns
t _{WHQX}	2, 3	Data hold after WR	t _{CLCL} -25		ns
t _{RLAZ}	2, 3	RD low to address float		0	ns
t _{WHLH}	2, 3	RD or WR high to ALE high	t _{CLCL} -25	t _{CLCL} +25	ns
External Clo	bck	•	•		
t _{CHCX}	5	High time	15		ns
t _{CLCX}	5	Low time	15		ns
t _{CLCH}	5	Rise time		20	ns
t _{CHCL}	5	Fall time		20	ns

NOTES:

Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified.
 Load capacitance for port 0, ALE, and PSEN = 100pF, load capacitance for all other outputs = 80pF.

 For all Philips speed versions only.
 Interfacing the 80C31/51 to devices with float times up to 30ns is permitted. This limited bus contention will not cause damage to port 0 drivers.

5. $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ for 33MHz.

80C31/80C51/87C51

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA DEVICES (SC80C31 AND SC80C51) $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C or -40°C to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V^{1, 2, 3}$

			16MHz	CLOCK	VARIABL	E CLOCK		
SYMBOL	FIGURE	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
1/t _{CLCL}	1	Oscillator frequency Speed versions : C, G			3.5	16	MHz	
t _{LHLL}	1	ALE pulse width	85		2t _{CLCL} -40		ns	
t _{AVLL}	1	Address valid to ALE low	22		t _{CLCL} -40		ns	
t _{LLAX}	1	Address hold after ALE low	32		t _{CLCL} –30		ns	
t _{LLIV}	1	ALE low to valid instruction in		150		4t _{CLCL} -100	ns	
t _{LLPL}	1	ALE low to PSEN low	32		t _{CLCL} -30		ns	
t _{PLPH}	1	PSEN pulse width	142		3t _{CLCL} -45		ns	
t _{PLIV}	1	PSEN low to valid instruction in ⁴		82		3t _{CLCL} -105	ns	
t _{PXIX}	1	Input instruction hold after PSEN	0		0		ns	
t _{PXIZ}	1	Input instruction float after PSEN		37		t _{CLCL} -25	ns	
t _{AVIV}	1	Address to valid instruction in ⁴		207		5t _{CLCL} -105	ns	
t _{PLAZ}	1	PSEN low to address float		10		10	ns	
Data Memo	ory	•				•	-	
t _{RLRH}	2, 3	RD pulse width	275		6t _{CLCL} -100		ns	
t _{WLWH}	2, 3	WR pulse width	275		6t _{CLCL} -100		ns	
t _{RLDV}	2, 3	RD low to valid data in		147		5t _{CLCL} -165	ns	
t _{RHDX}	2, 3	Data hold after RD	0		0		ns	
t _{RHDZ}	2, 3	Data float after RD		65		2t _{CLCL} –60	ns	
t _{LLDV}	2, 3	ALE low to valid data in		350		8t _{CLCL} -150	ns	
t _{AVDV}	2, 3	Address to valid data in		397		9t _{CLCL} -165	ns	
t _{LLWL}	2, 3	ALE low to RD or WR low	137	239	3t _{CLCL} -50	3t _{CLCL} +50	ns	
t _{AVWL}	2, 3	Address valid to WR low or RD low	122		4t _{CLCL} -130		ns	
t _{QVWX}	2, 3	Data valid to WR transition	13		t _{CLCL} –50		ns	
t _{WHQX}	2, 3	Data hold after WR	13		t _{CLCL} –50		ns	
t _{QVWH}	3	Data valid to WR high	287		7t _{CLCL} -150		ns	
t _{RLAZ}	2, 3	RD low to address float		0		0	ns	
t _{WHLH}	2, 3	RD or WR high to ALE high	23	103	t _{CLCL} -40	t _{CLCL} +40	ns	
External C	lock		•					
t _{CHCX}	5	High time	20		20	t _{CLCL} -t _{CLCX}	ns	
t _{CLCX}	5	Low time	20		20	t _{CLCL} -t _{CHCX}	ns	
t _{CLCH}	5	Rise time		20		20	ns	
t _{CHCL}	5	Fall time		20		20	ns	
Shift Regis	ster			-		•	-	
t _{XLXL}	4	Serial port clock cycle time	750		12t _{CLCL}		ns	
t _{QVXH}	4	Output data setup to clock rising edge	492		10t _{CLCL} -133	1	ns	
t _{XHQX}	4	Output data hold after clock rising edge	8		2t _{CLCL} -117	1	ns	
t _{XHDX}	4	Input data hold after clock rising edge	0		0		ns	
t _{XHDV}	4	Clock rising edge to input data valid		492		10t _{CLCL} -133	ns	

NOTES:

Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified.
 Load capacitance for port 0, ALE, and <u>PSEN</u> = 100pF, load capacitance for all other outputs = 80pF.

3. Interfacing the 80C31/51 to devices with float times up to 45ns is permitted. This limited bus contention will not cause damage to Port 0 drivers.

4. See application note AN457 for external memory interfacing.

80C31/80C51/87C51

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR PHILIPS NORTH AMERICA DEVICES (SC80C31 AND SC80C51) $T_{amb} = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C or -40°C to +85°C, $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0V^{1, 2, 3}$

			24MHz	CLOCK	VARIABL	E CLOCK ⁴	33MHz	CLOCK	
SYMBOL	FIGURE	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	υνιτ
1/t _{CLCL}	1	Oscillator frequency			3.5	33			
		Speed versions : P (24MHz) : Y (33MHz)	3.5	24			3.5	33	MHz
t _{LHLL}	1	ALE pulse width	43		2t _{CLCL} -40		21		ns
t _{AVLL}	1	Address valid to ALE low	17		t _{CLCL} -25		5		ns
	1	Address hold after ALE low	17		t _{CLCL} -25				ns
	1	ALE low to valid instruction in		102		4t _{CLCL} -65		55	ns
t _{LLPL}	1	ALE low to PSEN low	17		t _{CLCL} -25		5		ns
	1	PSEN pulse width	80		3t _{CLCL} -45		45		ns
t _{PLIV}	1	PSEN low to valid instruction in		65		3t _{CLCL} –60		30	ns
	1	Input instruction hold after PSEN	0		0		0		ns
	1	Input instruction float after PSEN	Ŭ	17	•	t _{CLCL} -25		5	ns
	1	Address to valid instruction in		128		5t _{CLCL} -80		70	ns
t _{PLAZ}	1	PSEN low to address float		10		10		10	ns
Data Mem				10		10		10	110
t _{RLRH}	2, 3	RD pulse width	150	I	6t _{CLCL} -100		82		ns
	2, 3	WR pulse width	150		6t _{CLCL} -100		82		ns
	2, 3	RD low to valid data in		118		5t _{CLCL} -90		60	ns
	2, 3	Data hold after RD	0	110	0		0		ns
	2, 3	Data float after RD	Ű	55	Ŭ	2t _{CLCL} -28	, °	32	ns
t _{LLDV}	2, 3	ALE low to valid data in		183		8t _{CLCL} -150		90	ns
	2, 3	Address to valid data in		210		9t _{CLCL} -165		105	ns
t _{LLWL}	2, 3	ALE low to RD or WR low	75	175	3t _{CLCL} -50	3t _{CLCL} +50	40	140	ns
t _{AVWL}	2, 3	Address valid to WR low or RD low	92		4t _{CLCL} -75		45		ns
t _{QVWX}	2, 3	Data valid to WR transition	12		t _{CLCL} -30		0		ns
t _{WHQX}	2, 3	Data hold after WR	17		t _{CLCL} -25		5		ns
t _{QVWH}	3	Data valid to WR high	162		7t _{CLCL} -130		80		ns
t _{RLAZ}	2, 3	RD low to address float	_	0	OLOL 11	0		0	ns
tWHLH	2, 3	RD or WR high to ALE high	17	67	t _{CLCL} -25	t _{CLCL} +25	5	55	ns
External C					OLOL -				_
t _{CHCX}	5	High time	17		17	t _{CLCL} -t _{CLCX}	1		ns
t _{CLCX}	5	Low time	17		17	tCLCL-tCHCX			ns
t _{CLCH}	5	Rise time		5		5			ns
	5	Fall time		5		5			ns
Shift Regi		1	1						
t _{XLXL}	4	Serial port clock cycle time	505	Ì	12t _{CLCL}		360		ns
tQVXH	4	Output data setup to clock rising edge	283	1	10t _{CLCL} -133		167		ns
t _{XHQX}	4	Output data hold after clock rising edge	3	1	2t _{CLCL} -80				ns
t _{XHDX}	4	Input data hold after clock rising edge	0	1	0		0		ns
	4	Clock rising edge to input data valid		283		10t _{CLCL} -133	<u> </u>	167	ns

NOTES:

 Parameters are valid over operating temperature range unless otherwise specified.
 Load capacitance for port 0, ALE, and PSEN = 100pF, load capacitance for all other outputs = 80pF.
 Interfacing the SC80C31/51 to devices with float times up to 45ns is permitted. This limited bus contention will not cause damage to Port 0 drivers.

4. Variable clock is specified for oscillator frequencies greater than 16MHz to 33MHz. For frequencies equal or less than 16MHz, see 16MHz "AC Electrial Characteristics", page 15.

80C31/80C51/87C51

CMOS single-chip 8-bit microcontrollers

EXPLANATION OF THE AC SYMBOLS

Each timing symbol has five characters. The first character is always 't' (= time). The other characters, depending on their positions, indicate the name of a signal or the logical status of that signal. The designations are:

- A Address
- $\mathsf{C}-\,\mathsf{Clock}$
- D Input data
- H Logic level high
- I Instruction (program memory contents)
- L Logic level low, or ALE

- P PSEN
- Q Output data
- R RD signal
- t Time
- V Valid
- $W-\overline{WR}$ signal
- X No longer a valid logic level
- Z Float
- $\label{eq:tau} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Examples: } t_{AVLL} = \mbox{Time for address valid to ALE low.} \\ t_{LLPL} = \mbox{Time for ALE low to } \overline{\mbox{PSEN} low.} \end{array}$

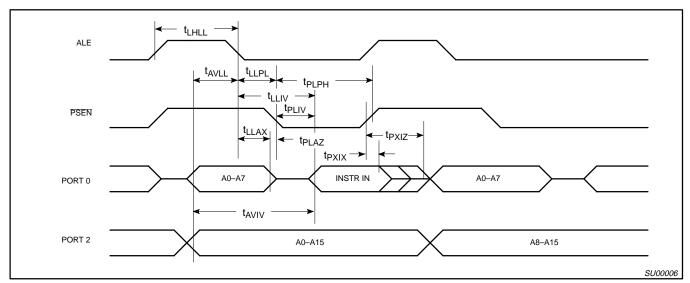


Figure 1. External Program Memory Read Cycle

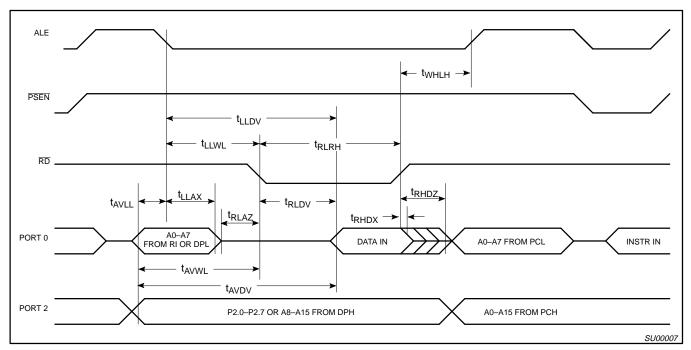


Figure 2. External Data Memory Read Cycle

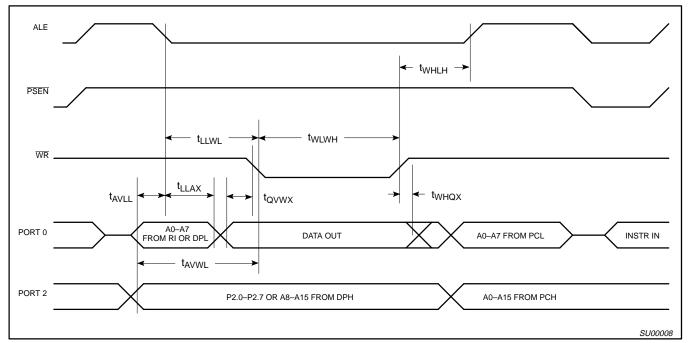


Figure 3. External Data Memory Write Cycle

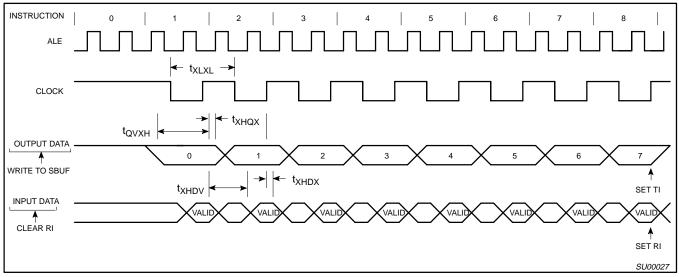


Figure 4. Shift Register Mode Timing

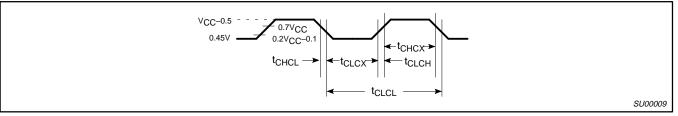
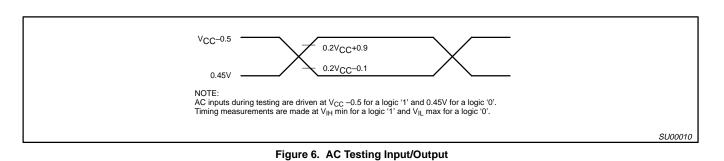
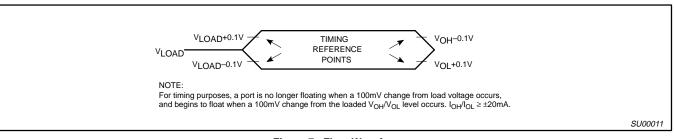


Figure 5. External Clock Drive







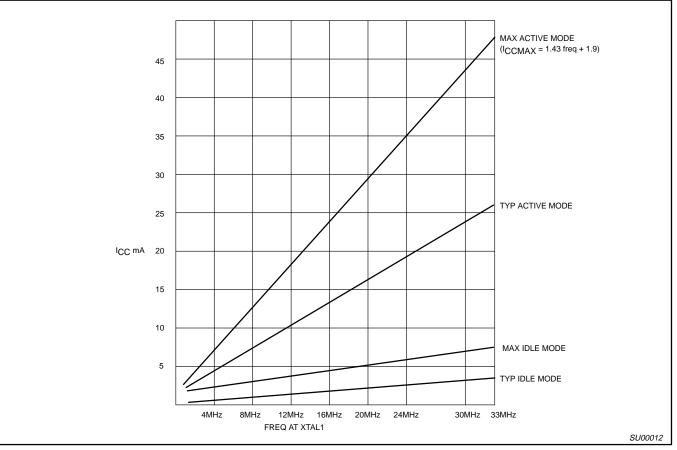
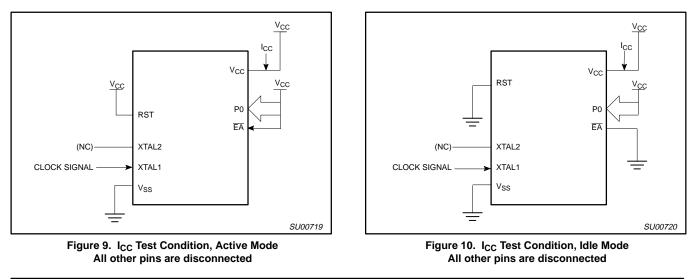
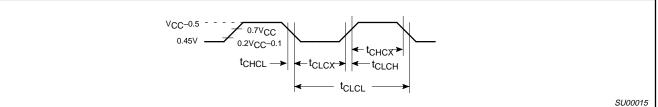
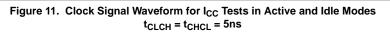


Figure 8. I_{CC} vs. FREQ Valid only within frequency specifications of the device under test







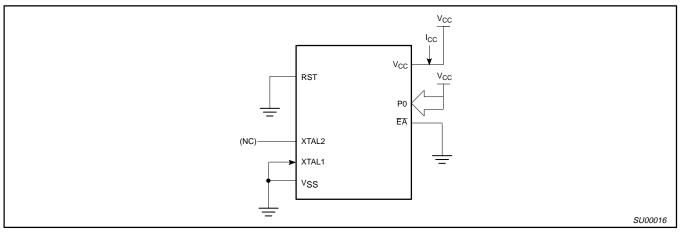


Figure 12. I_{CC} Test Condition, Power Down Mode All other pins are disconnected. V_{CC} = 2V to 5.5V

80C31/80C51/87C51

EPROM CHARACTERISTICS

The 87C51 is programmed by using a modified Quick-Pulse ProgrammingTM algorithm. It differs from older methods in the value used for V_{PP} (programming supply voltage) and in the width and number of the ALE/PROG pulses.

The 87C51 contains two signature bytes that can be read and used by an EPROM programming system to identify the device. The signature bytes identify the device as an 87C51 manufactured by Philips Corporation.

Table 3 shows the logic levels for reading the signature bytes, and for programming the program memory, the encryption table, and the security bits. The circuit configuration and waveforms for quick-pulse programming are shown in Figures 13 and 14. Figure 15 shows the circuit configuration for normal program memory verification.

Quick-Pulse Programming

The setup for microcontroller quick-pulse programming is shown in Figure 13. Note that the 87C51 is running with a 4 to 6MHz oscillator. The reason the oscillator needs to be running is that the device is executing internal address and program data transfers.

The address of the EPROM location to be programmed is applied to ports 1 and 2, as shown in Figure 13. The code byte to be programmed into that location is applied to port 0. RST, <u>PSEN</u> and pins of ports 2 and 3 specified in Table 3 are held at the 'Program Code Data' levels indicated in Table 3. The ALE/PROG is pulsed low 25 times as shown in Figure 14.

To program the encryption table, repeat the 25 pulse programming sequence for addresses 0 through 1FH, using the 'Pgm Encryption Table' levels. Do not forget that after the encryption table is programmed, verification cycles will produce only encrypted data.

To program the security bits, repeat the 25 pulse programming sequence using the 'Pgm Security Bit' levels. After one security bit is programmed, further programming of the code memory and encryption table is disabled. However, the other security bit can still be programmed.

Note that the \overline{EA}/V_{PP} pin must not be allowed to go above the maximum specified V_{PP} level for any amount of time. Even a narrow glitch above that voltage can cause permanent damage to the device. The V_{PP} source should be well regulated and free of glitches and overshoot.

Program Verification

If security bit 2 has not been programmed, the on-chip program memory can be read out for program verification. The address of the program memory locations to be read is applied to ports 1 and 2 as shown in Figure 15. The other pins are held at the 'Verify Code Data' levels indicated in Table 3. The contents of the address location will be emitted on port 0. External pull-ups are required on port 0 for this operation.

If the encryption table has been programmed, the data presented at port 0 will be the exclusive NOR of the program byte with one of the encryption bytes. The user will have to know the encryption table contents in order to correctly decode the verification data. The encryption table itself cannot be read out.

Reading the Signature Bytes

The signature bytes are read by the same procedure as a normal verification of locations 030H and 031H, except that P3.6 and P3.7 need to be pulled to a logic low. The values are: (030H) = 15H indicates manufactured by Philips (031H) = 92H indicates 87C51

Program/Verify Algorithms

Any algorithm in agreement with the conditions listed in Table 3, and which satisfies the timing specifications, is suitable.

Erasure Characteristics

Erasure of the EPROM begins to occur when the chip is exposed to light with wavelengths shorter than approximately 4,000 angstroms. Since sunlight and fluorescent lighting have wavelengths in this range, exposure to these light sources over an extended time (about 1 week in sunlight, or 3 years in room level fluorescent lighting) could cause inadvertent erasure. For this and secondary effects, it is recommended that an opaque label be placed over the window. For elevated temperature or environments where solvents are being used, apply Kapton tape Fluorglas part number 2345–5, or equivalent.

The recommended erasure procedure is exposure to ultraviolet light (at 2537 angstroms) to an integrated dose of at least 15W-sec/cm². Exposing the EPROM to an ultraviolet lamp of 12,000 μ W/cm² rating for 20 to 39 minutes, at a distance of about 1 inch, should be sufficient.

Erasure leaves the array in an all 1s state.

MODE	RST	PSEN	ALE/PROG	EA/V _{PP}	P2.7	P2.6	P3.7	P3.6
Read signature	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Program code data	1	0	0*	V _{PP}	1	0	1	1
Verify code data	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
Pgm encryption table	1	0	0*	V _{PP}	1	0	1	0
Pgm security bit 1	1	0	0*	V _{PP}	1	1	1	1
Pgm security bit 2	1	0	0*	V _{PP}	1	1	0	0

Table 3. EPROM Programming Modes

NOTES:

1. 0' = Valid low for that pin, 1' = valid high for that pin.

 *ALE/PROG receives 25 programming pulses while V_{PP} is held at 12.75V. Each programming pulse is low for 100μs (±10μs) and high for a minimum of 10μs.

^{2.} V_{PP} = 12.75V <u>+</u>0.25V.

^{3.} $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ during programming and verification.

[™]Trademark phrase of Intel Corporation.

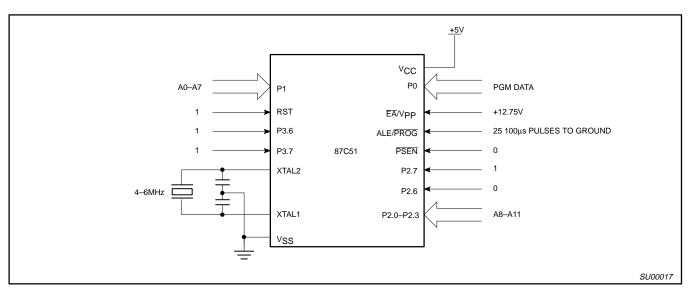


Figure 13. Programming Configuration

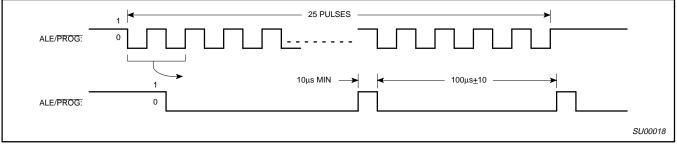


Figure 14. PROG Waveform

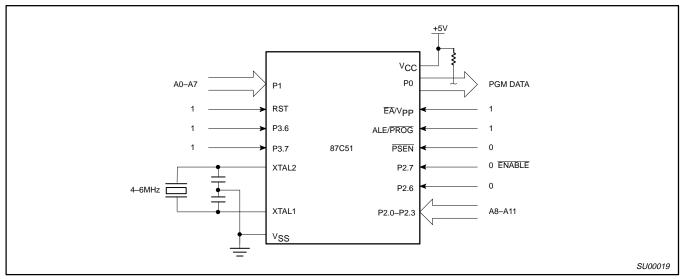


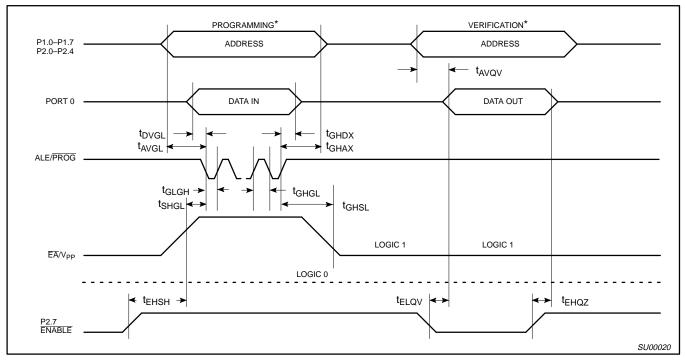
Figure 15. Program Verification

80C31/80C51/87C51

EPROM PROGRAMMING AND VERIFICATION CHARACTERISTICS

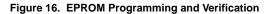
 T_{amb} = 21°C to +27°C, V_{CC} = 5V±10%, V_{SS} = 0V (See Figure 16)

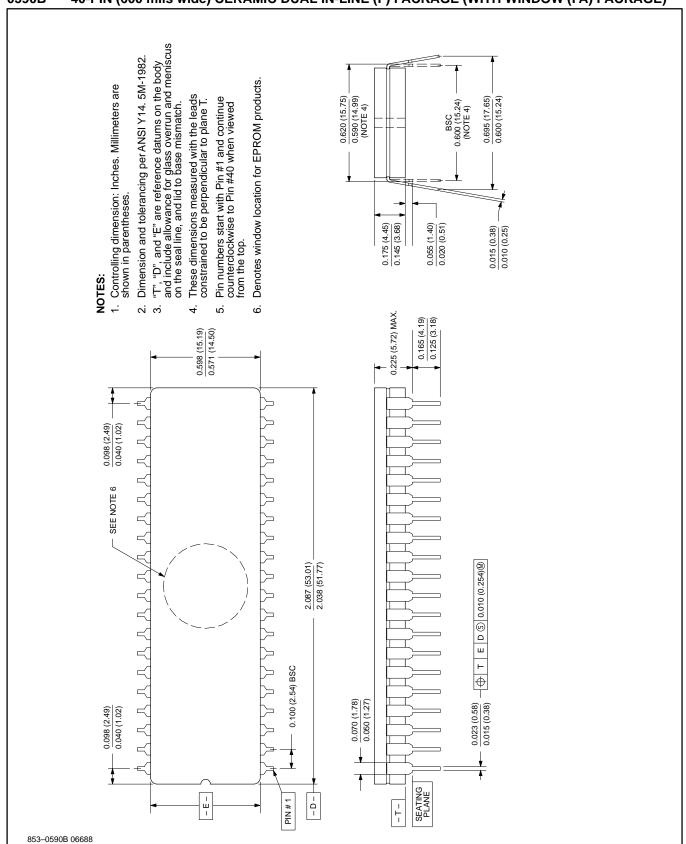
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{PP}	Programming supply voltage	12.5	13.0	V
I _{PP}	Programming supply current		50	mA
1/t _{CLCL}	Oscillator frequency	4	6	MHz
t _{AVGL}	Address setup to PROG low	48t _{CLCL}		
t _{GHAX}	Address hold after PROG	48t _{CLCL}		
t _{DVGL}	Data setup to PROG low	48t _{CLCL}		
t _{GHDX}	Data hold after PROG	48t _{CLCL}		
t _{EHSH}	P2.7 (ENABLE) high to V _{PP}	48t _{CLCL}		
t _{SHGL}	V _{PP} setup to PROG low	10		μs
t _{GHSL}	V _{PP} hold after PROG	10		μs
t _{GLGH}	PROG width	90	110	μs
t _{AVQV}	Address to data valid		48t _{CLCL}	
t _{ELQZ}	ENABLE low to data valid		48t _{CLCL}	
t _{EHQZ}	Data float after ENABLE	0	48t _{CLCL}	
t _{GHGL}	PROG high to PROG low	10		μs



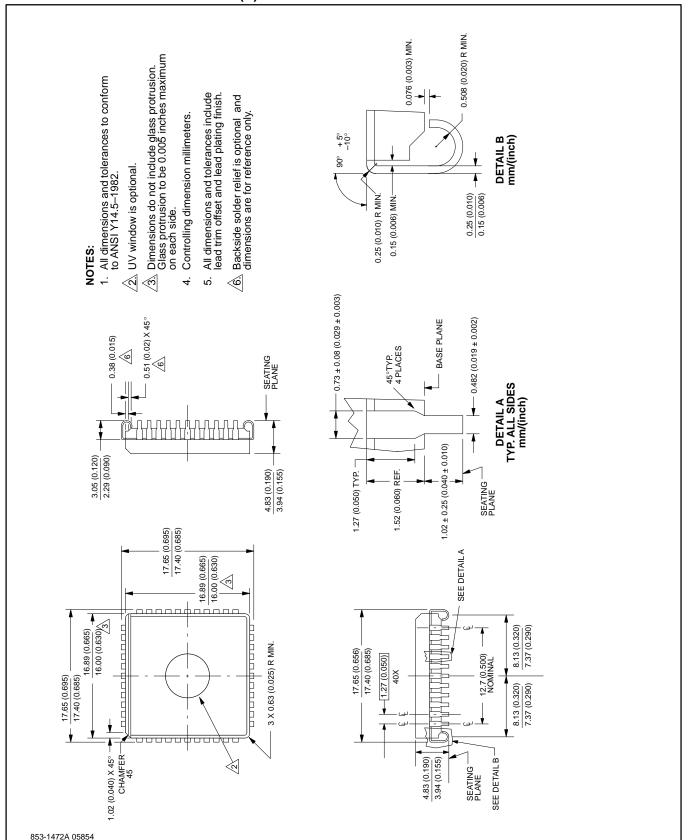
NOTE:

FOR PROGRAMMING VERIFICATION SEE FIGURE 13. FOR VERIFICATION CONDITIONS SEE FIGURE 15.



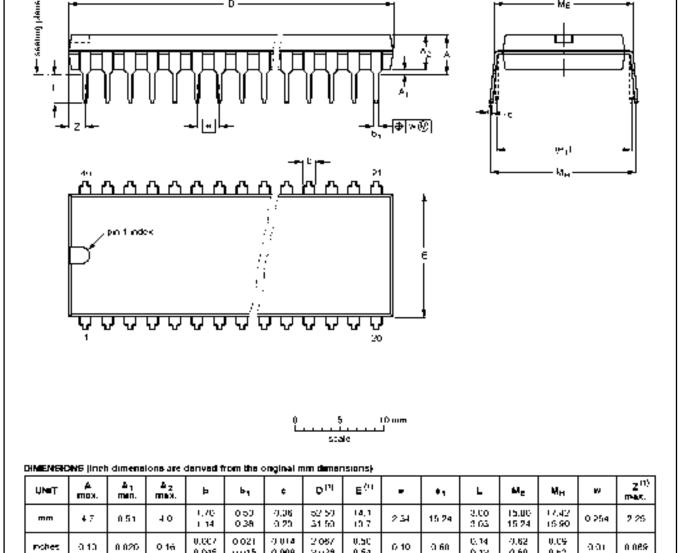


0590B 40-PIN (600 mils wide) CERAMIC DUAL IN-LINE (F) PACKAGE (WITH WINDOW (FA) PACKAGE)



1472A 44-PIN CERQUAD J-BEND (K) PACKAGE

DIP40: plastic dual in-line package; 40 leads (600 mil)



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1. Plastic or metal protosions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

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Product specification

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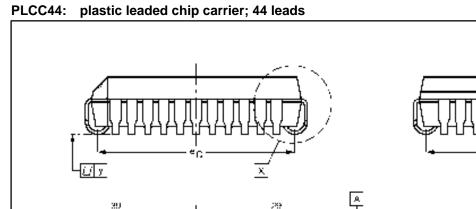
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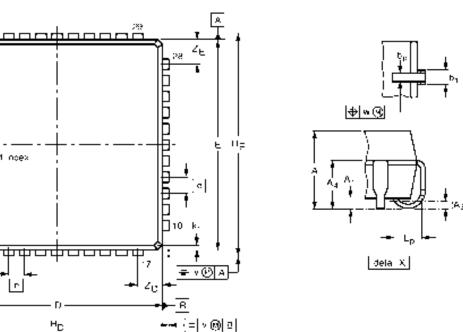
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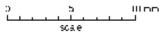
SOT187-2

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80C31/80C51/87C51





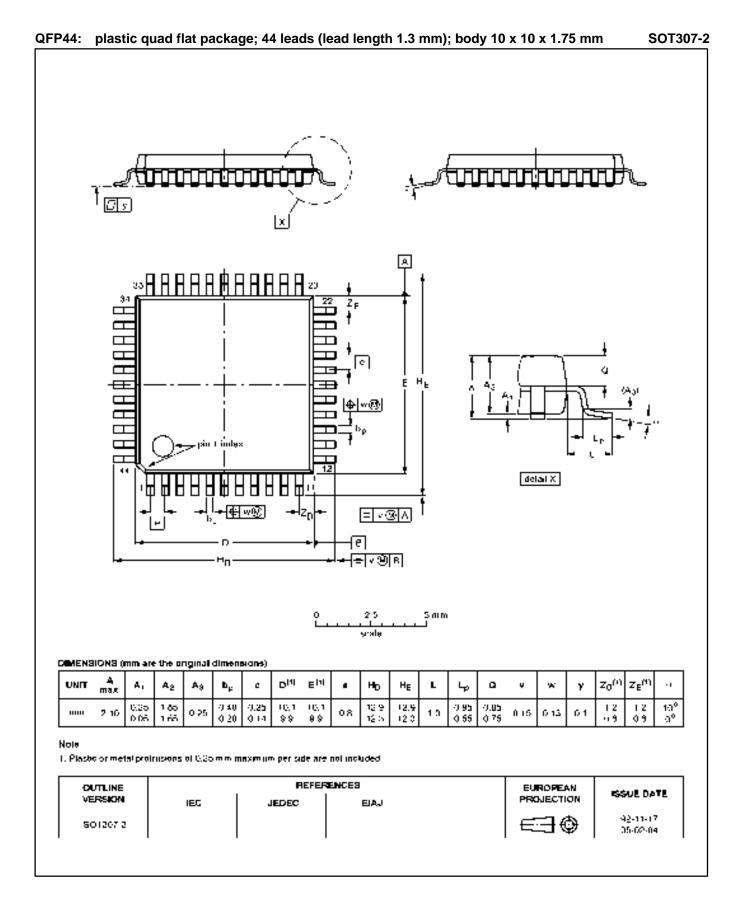


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Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.01 inches maximum per side are not included

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80C31/80C51/87C51

NOTES

80C31/80C51/87C51

	DEFINITIONS								
Data Sheet Identification	Product Status	Definition							
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