## 3-MEMORY TONE/PULSE DIALER WITH SAVE, KEYTONE, LOCK AND HANDFREE FUNCTIONS

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The W91560N series are tone/pulse switchable telephone dialers with three memories, keytone or lock, and handfree dialing control. These chips are fabricated using Winbond's high-performance CMOS technology and thus offer good performance in low-voltage, low-power operations.

## FEATURES

- DTMF/pulse switchable dialer
- Two by 32 digit redial and save memory
- Three by 16 digit one-touch direct repertory memory
- Pulse-to-tone ( ${ }^{*} / T$ ) keypad for long distance call operation
- Cascaded dialing
- Uses $5 \times 5$ keyboard
- Easy operation with redial, flash, pause, and */T keypads
- Pause, $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{T}$ (pulse-to-tone) can be stored as a digit in memory
- On-hook debounce time: 150 mS (Unlock Mode), 200 mS (Lock Mode)
- 0 or 9 dialing inhibition pin for PABX system or long distance dialing lock out
- Dialing rate ( 10 ppS or 20 ppS ) selectable by bonding option
- Minimum tone output duration: 93 mS
- Minimum intertone pause: 93 mS
- Pause time: 3.6 sec .
- 300 mS off-hook delay in lock mode ( $\overline{\mathrm{DP}}$ remains low for 300 mS while off hook)
- Flash break time ( $73 \mathrm{mS}, 100 \mathrm{mS}, 300 \mathrm{mS}$, or 600 mS ) selectable by keypad; pause time is 1.0 S
- Make/break ratio (40:60 or 33.3:66.7) selectable by MODE pin
- Key tone output for valid keypad entry recognition
- On-chip power-on reset
- Uses 3.579545 MHz crystal or ceramic resonator
- 18 or 20-pin dual-in-line plastic package
- The different dialers in the W91560N series are shown in the following table:

| TYPE NO. | REPLACEMENT <br> TYPE NO. | PULSE <br> (ppS) | FLASH <br> $(\mathbf{m S})$ | KEY <br> TONE | LOCK | HANDFREE <br> DIALING | PACKAGE <br> (PINS) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W91560N | W91560 | 10 | $600 / 300 / 73 / 100$ | Yes | - | - | 18 |
| W91560AN | W91560A | 10 | $600 / 300 / 73 / 100$ | Yes | - | Yes | 20 |
| W91560BN | W91560B | 20 | $600 / 300 / 73 / 100$ | Yes | - | Yes | 20 |
| W91561LN | W91561L | 10 | $600 / 300 / 73 / 100$ | - | Yes | - | 18 |
| W91561ALN | W91561ALN | 10 | $600 / 300 / 73 / 100$ | - | Yes | Yes | 20 |

PIN CONFIGURATIONS


PIN DESCRIPTION

| SYMBOL | 18-PIN | 20-PIN | I/O | FUNCTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ColumnRow Inputs | $\begin{gathered} 1-4 \\ \& \\ 15-18 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1-4 \\ \& \\ 17-20 \end{gathered}$ | I | The keyboard input is compatible with a standard $5 \times 5$ keyboard, an inexpensive single contact (Form A) keyboard, and electronic input. <br> In normal operation, any single button can be pushed to produce dual tone, pulses, or function. Activation of two or more buttons will result in no response except for single tone. |
| XT | 7 | 7 | 1 | A built-in inverter provides oscillation with an inexpensive 3.579545 MHz crystal. The oscillator ceases when a keypad input is not sensed. The crystal frequency deviation is $0.02 \%$. |
| $\overline{\mathrm{XT}}$ | 8 | 8 | 0 | Crystal oscillator output pin. |
| T/P MUTE | 9 | 9 | O | The T/P MUTE is a conventional CMOS N-channel open drain output. <br> The output transistor is switched on low level during dialing sequence (both pulse and tone mode). Otherwise, it is switched off. |
| MODE | 13 | 15 | 1 | Pulling mode pin to Vss places dialer in tone mode. <br> Pulling mode pin to VdD places dialer in pulse mode with M/B ratio of 40:60 ( 10 ppS , except for W91560BN, which is 20 ppS ). <br> Leaving mode pin floating places dialer in pulse mode with M/B ratio of 33.3:66.7 ( 10 ppS , except for W91560BN, which is 20 ppS ). |
| $\overline{H K S}$ | 10 | 12 | 1 | The $\overline{\text { HKS }}$ (hook switch) input is used to sense whether the handset is on-hook or off-hook. <br> In on-hook state, $\overline{\text { HKS }}=1$ : chip is in sleeping mode, no operation. <br> In off-hook state, $\overline{\text { HKS }}=0$ : chip is enabled for normal operation. <br> $\overline{\text { HKS }}$ pin is pulled to VDD by internal resistor. |
| KT | $\begin{gathered} \hline 5 \\ \left(\begin{array}{c} \text { (except for } \\ \text { W91561LN) } \end{array}\right. \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { (except for } \\ \text { W91561ALN) } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | 0 | The key tone output is a conventional CMOS inverter. The key tone is generated when any valid key is pressed; the KT pin generates a 1.2 KHz square wave at 35 mS . When no key is pressed, the KT pin remains in low state. |

Pin Description, continued

| SYMBOL | 18-PIN | 20-PIN | I/O | FUNCTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LOCK | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { (only for } \\ \text { w } 91561 \mathrm{LN}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ \text { (only for } \\ \text { (991561ALN) } \end{gathered}$ | 1 | The function of this terminal is to prevent " 0 " dialing and " 9 " dialing under PABX system long distance call control. When the first key input after reset is 0 or 9 , all key inputs, including the 0 or 9 key, become invalid and the chip generates no output. The telephone is reinitialized by a reset. <br> The function of the $\overline{\text { LOCK }}$ pin is shown below: |  |  |  |
| $\overline{\mathrm{DP}} / \overline{\mathrm{C} 5}$ | 11 | 13 | 0 | N-channel open drain dialing pulse output. <br> Flash key will cause $\overline{\mathrm{DP}}$ to be active in either tone mode or pulse mode. <br> In lock mode, the $\overline{\mathrm{DP}}$ remains low for 300 mS during offhook delay time. <br> The timing diagram for pulse mode is shown in Figure 1 ( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{c}, \mathrm{d}$ ). |  |  |  |
| DTMF | 12 | 14 | 0 | During pulse dialing, this pin remains in low state regardless of keypad input. In the tone mode, it will output a dual or single tone. <br> A detailed timing diagram for tone mode is shown in Figure 2(a, b, c, d). <br> OUTPUT FREQUENCY |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Specified | Actual | Error\% |
|  |  |  |  | R1 | 697 | 699 | +0.28 |
|  |  |  |  | R2 | 770 | 766 | -0.52 |
|  |  |  |  | R3 | 852 | 848 | -0.47 |
|  |  |  |  | R4 | 941 | 948 | +0.74 |
|  |  |  |  | C1 | 1209 | 1216 | +0.57 |
|  |  |  |  | C2 | 1336 | 1332 | -0.30 |
|  |  |  |  | C3 | 1477 | 1472 | -0.34 |
| Vdd, Vss | 14, 6 | 16, 6 | 1 | Power input pins for the dialer chip. VDD is the main power and Vss is the ground. |  |  |  |

## W91560N SERIES

Pin Description, continued

| SYMBOL | 18-PIN | 20-PIN | I/O | FUNCTION |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{HFI}}, \\ & \mathrm{HFO} \end{aligned}$ | - | 10, 11 | I, O | Handfree control pins. <br> A low pulse on the $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}}$ input pin toggles the handfree control state. <br> Status of the handfree control state is listed in the following table: |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | CURRENT STATE |  | NEXT STATE |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Hook SW. | HFO | INPUT | HFO | DIALING |
|  |  |  |  | - | Low | $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}} \downarrow$ | High | Yes |
|  |  |  |  | On Hook | High | $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}}$ 『 | Low | No |
|  |  |  |  | Off Hook | High | $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}} \downarrow$ | Low | Yes |
|  |  |  |  | On Hook | - | Off Hook | Low | Yes |
|  |  |  |  | Off Hook | Low | On Hook | Low | No |
|  |  |  |  | Off Hook | High | On Hook | High | Yes |
|  |  |  |  | $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}}$ pin is pulled to VDD by an internal resistor. Detailed timing diagram is shown in Figure 3. |  |  |  |  |

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

## Keyboard Operation

| C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | $\overline{\mathrm{DP}} / \overline{\mathrm{C} 5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | S | M1 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | F4 | M2 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |  | M3 |
| */T | 0 | \# | R/P | SAVE |
| F1 | F2 | F3 |  |  |

- S: Store function key
- R/P: Redial and pause function key
- */T: * in tone mode and $\mathrm{P} \rightarrow \mathrm{T}$ key in pulse mode
- SAVE: Save function key for one-touch 32-digit memory
- M1 to M3: One-touch memory
- F1, ..., F4: Flash function keys: $\mathrm{F} 1=600 \mathrm{mS}, \mathrm{F} 2=300 \mathrm{mS}, \mathrm{F} 3=73 \mathrm{mS}, \mathrm{F} 4=100 \mathrm{mS}$, and all flash pause time is 1.0 mS Note: $\mathrm{Mn}=\mathrm{M} 1, \ldots, \mathrm{M} 3 ;{ }^{*} / \mathrm{T}, \#$, Pause.


## Normal Dialing

OFF HOOK (or ON HOOK \& $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}}{ }^{\top} \mathrm{L}$ ), D1 $, \mathrm{D} 2, \ldots, \mathrm{Dn}$

1. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be dialed out.
2. Dialing length is unlimited, but redial is inhibited if length exceeds 32 digits in nomal dialing.

## Redialing




1. The redial memory content will be D1, D2, ..., Dn.
2. The R/P key can execute the redial function only as first key-in after off-hook; otherwise, it will execute the pause function.

## W91560N SERIES

## Number Store

1. OFF HOOK (or ON HOOK \& $\overline{\mathrm{HFl}}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{I}$ ), $\mathrm{D} 1, \mathrm{D} 2, \ldots, \mathrm{Dn}, \mathrm{S}$

$$
, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{Mn}
$$

a. If the sequence of dialed digits D1, D2, ... Dn has not S will be ignored. finished,

b. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be dialed out and stored in memory location Mn.
2.

a. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be stored in memory location Mn but will not be dialed out.
b. R/P and */T keys can be stored as a digit in memory, but R/P key cannot be the first digit. In store $R / P$ is the pause function key. mode,
c. The store mode is released after the store function is executed or when the state of the hook switch changes or the flash function is executed.

## Save


a. D1, D2, ..., Dn will be dialed out.

duplicated to save memory.
2.


D1 to Dn will be dialed out after the SAVE key is pressed.
Repertory Dialing
OFF HOOK (or ON HOOK \& $\overline{\mathrm{HFl}^{\top}} \mathrm{L}$ ), Mn (or SAVE )

The content of memory location Mn (or save) will be dialed out.

## Access Pause



1. The pause function can be stored as a digit in memory.
2. The pause function is executed in normal dialing or redialing or memory dialing.
3. The pause function timing diagram is shown in Figure 4.

## Pulse-to-Tone (*/T)


D1', $\mathrm{D}^{\prime}$, $\ldots, \mathrm{Dn}^{\prime}$

1. If the mode switch is set to pulse mode, then the output signal will be:

D1, D2, ..., Dn, Pause, D1', D2', ..., Dn'
(Pulse)
(Tone)
2. If the mode switch is set to tone mode, then the output signal will be:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { D1, D2, ..., Dn, * , D1', D2', ..., Dn' } \\
& \text { (Tone) } \\
& \text { (Tone) }
\end{aligned}
$$

3. The dialer remains in tone mode when the digits have been dialed out and can be reset to pulse mode only by going on-hook.
4. The function timing diagram is shown in Figure 5.

## Flash

OFF HOOK (or ON HOOK \& $\overline{\mathrm{HFl}^{\sigma} \mathrm{I}}$ ), Fn

1. $\mathrm{Fn}=\mathrm{F} 1, \ldots$, F 4 .
2. If Fn is pressed, the dialer will execute flash break time of 600 mS (F1), 300 mS (F2), 73 mS (F3), or 100 mS (F4). The flash pause time is 1.0 second.
3. Flash key cannot be stored as a digit in memory. The flash key has first priority among keyboard functions.
4. The system will return to the initial state after the flash pause time is finished.
5. The flash function timing diagram is shown in Figure 6.

## Cascaded Dialing

OFF HOOK (or ON HOOK \& $\overline{\mathrm{HFI}^{\sigma} \perp}$ ),
1.

2.

3.
 Repertory dialing
4. Redialing and save dialing is valid only as the first key-in.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | RATING | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC Supply Voltage | VDD-VSS | -0.3 to +7.0 | V |
| Input/Output Voltage | VIL | Vss -0.3 | V |
|  | VIH | VDD +0.3 | V |
|  | VoL | $\mathrm{Vss}-0.3$ | V |
|  | VoH | VDD +0.3 | V |
| Power Dissipation | PD | 120 | mW |
| Operating Temperature | ToPR | -20 to +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | TSTG | -55 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note: Exposure to conditions beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may adversely affect the life and reliability of the device.

## DC CHARACTERISTICS

(VdD-Vss $=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, Fosc. $=3.58 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{TA}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, All outputs unloaded)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Voltage | VDD | - | 2.0 | - | 5.5 | V |
| Operating Current | Iop | Tone | - | 0.40 | 0.60 | mA |
|  |  | Pulse | - | 0.20 | 0.40 | mA |
| Standby Current | IsB | HKS $=0$, No load \& No key entry | - | - | 15 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Memory Retention Current | IMR | $\overline{\mathrm{HKS}}=1, \mathrm{VDD}=1.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 0.2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Tone Output Voltage | Vто | Row group, $\mathrm{RL}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | 130 | 150 | 170 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mVrm} \\ \mathrm{~s} \end{gathered}$ |
| Pre-emphasis | - | Col/Row, VDD $=2.0$ to 5.5V | 1 | 2 | 3 | dB |
| DTMF Distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RL}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega, \mathrm{VDD}=2.0 \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | -30 | -23 | dB |
| DTMF Output DC Level | Vtdc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{RL}=5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega, \mathrm{VDD}=2.0 \text { to } \\ & 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | 1.0 | - | 3.0 | V |
| DTMF Output Sink Current | ITL | V TO $=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.2 | - | - | mA |
| $\overline{\mathrm{DP}}$ Output Sink Current | IPL | $\mathrm{VPO}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 | - | - | mA |

DC Characteristics, continued

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T/P MUTE Output Sink Current | IML | Vмо $=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 | - | - | mA |
| KT Drive/Sink Current | IKTH | $\mathrm{VKTH}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 | - | - | mA |
|  | IKTL | $\mathrm{VKTL}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 | - | - | mA |
| HFO Drive/Sink Current | IHFH | $\mathrm{VHFH}=2.0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 | - | - | mA |
|  | IHFL | $\mathrm{VHFL}=0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.5 | - | - | mA |
| Keypad Input Drive Current | IKD | $\mathrm{VI}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4 | - | - | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Keypad Input Sink Current | IKS | $\mathrm{VI}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | 200 | 400 | - | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| Keypad Resistance | - | - | - | - | 5.0 | $\mathrm{K} \Omega$ |

AC CHARACTERISTICS

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Key-in Debounce | TKID | - | - | 20 | - | mS |
| Key Release Debounce | TKRD | - | - | 20 | - | mS |
| On-hook Debounce | TOHD | Lock Mode | - | 20 | - | mS |
|  |  | Unlock Mode | - | 150 | - | mS |
| Pre-digit Pause ${ }^{1}$ | TPDP1 10 ppS | Mode Pin = VDD | - | 40 | - | mS |
|  |  | Mode Pin = Floating | - | 33.3 | - | mS |
| Pre-digit Pause ${ }^{2}$ | TPDP2 20 ppS | Mode Pin = Vdd | - | 20 | - | mS |
|  |  | Mode Pin = Floating | - | 16.7 | - | mS |
| Interdigit Pause <br> (Auto dialing) | TIDP | 10 ppS | - | 800 | - | mS |
|  |  | 20 ppS | - | 500 | - | mS |
| Make/Break Ratio | M $: B$ | Mode Pin = VDD | - | 40:60 | - | \% |
|  |  | Mode Pin = Floating | - | 33.3:66.7 | - | \% |
| Tone Output Duration | TTD |  | - | 93 | - | mS |
| Intertone Pause | TITP |  | - | 93 | - | mS |
| Flash Break Time | TFB | F1 | - | 600 | - | mS |
|  |  | F2 | - | 300 | - |  |
|  |  | F3 | - | 73 | - |  |
|  |  | F4 | - | 100 | - |  |

AC Characteristics, continued

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flash Pause Time | TFP |  | - | 1.0 | - | S |
| Pause Time | TP |  | - | 3.6 | - | S |
| Key Tone Frequency | FKT |  | - | 1.2 | - | KHz |
| Key Tone Duration | TKTD |  | - | 35 | - | mS |
| Off-hook Delay | TOFD | Lock Only | - | 300 | - | mS |
| First Key-in Delay | TFKP | Lock Only | - | 300 | - | mS |

Notes:

1. Crystal parameters suggested for proper operation are $\mathrm{Rs}<100 \Omega, \mathrm{Lm}=96 \mathrm{mH}, \mathrm{Cm}=0.02 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{Cn}=5 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{Cl}=18 \mathrm{pF}$, Fosc. $=3.579545 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 0.02 \%$.
2. Crystal oscillator accuracy directly affects these times.

## TIMING WAVEFORMS



Figure 1a. Normal Dialing Timing Diagram (Pulse Mode Without Lock Function)

Timing Waveforms, continued


Figure 1b. Normal Dialing Timing Diagram (Pulse Mode with Lock Function)


Figure 1c. Auto Dialing Timing Diagram (Pulse Mode Without Lock Function)

Timing Waveforms, continued


Figure 1d. Auto Dialing Timing Diagram (Pulse Mode with Lock Function)


Figure 2a. Normal Dialing Timing Diagram (Tone Mode Without Lock Function)

Timing Waveforms, continued


Figure 2b. Normal Dialing Timing Diagram (Tone Mode with Lock Function)


Figure 2c. Auto Dialing Timing Diagram (Tone Mode Without Lock Function)

Timing Waveforms, continued


Figure 2(d) Auto Dialing Timing Diagram (Tone Mode with Lock Function)


Figure 3. Handfree Timing diagram

Timing Waveforms, continued


Figure 4. Pause Function Timing Diagram


Figure 5 Pulse-to-Tone Timing Diagram


Figure 6. Flash Timing Diagram

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Note: All data and specifications are subject to change without notice.

