

KA9270

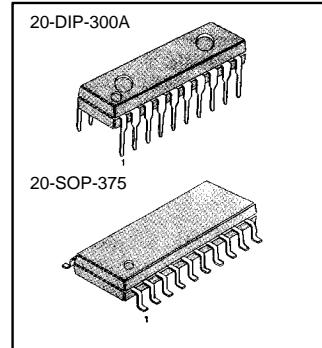
AUDIO FILTER

INTRODUCTION

The KA9270 is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for audio filter. It is used in compact disc player, digital audio tape recorder, etc.

FEATURES

- Functions:
 - * Buffer for impedance matching
 - * Low pass filter
 - * De - emphasis control
 - * Mute control
 - * Reference voltage circuit (1/2 V_{cc} AMP)
- Gain adjustable of audio output
- Minimum number of external parts required
- Recommend operation supply voltage range : 5.0 ~ 12.0V



Device	Package	Operating Temperature
KA9270	20-DIP-300A	20°C ~ +75°C
KA9270D	20-SOP- 375	

BLOCK DIAGRAM

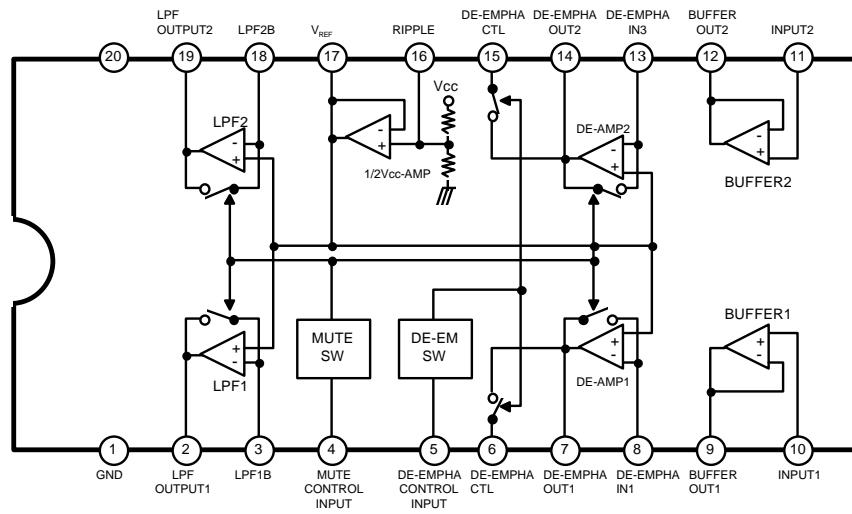


Fig. 1



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	16	V
Power Dissipation	P_D	550	μW
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-20 ~ + 75	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-45 ~ + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta = 25°C, $V_{CC} = 8\text{V}$, f = 1KHz, $R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$, De-emphasis; off, Mute; off, S1 & S2; off, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Quiescent Circuit Current	I_{CC}	$V_I = 0$		1	4	6	mA
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{OM}	THD = 1%		1.8	2.1		Vrms
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$V_O = 0\text{dBm}$	f = 100Hz		0.01	0.05	%
			f = 1KHz		0.01	0.05	
			f = 10KHz		0.05	0.1	
			f = 16KHz		0.1	0.2	
			f = 20KHz		0.1	0.2	
Frequency Characteristics	fV	$V_O = 6\text{dBm}$	f = 100Hz	-0.1	0	0.1	dB
			f = 1KHz	0	0	0	
			f = 10KHz	-0.5	0	0.5	
			f = 16KHz	-1.0	0	1.0	
			f = 20KHz	-1.5	0	1.5	
Cross Talk	CT	$V_O = 0\text{dBm}$	f = 100Hz	70	80		dB
			f = 1KHz	65	75		
			f = 10KHz	60	65		
Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	$V_O = 0\text{dBm}$, $R_G = 600\Omega$ 20KHz LPF		73	80		dB
Channel Balance	CB	$V_O = 0\text{dBm}$		-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Open Loop Gain	G _{VO}	$V_I = 900\text{mV}$		-2.6	-0.6	1.0	dB
Gain Adjusting Range	G _{VR}	$V_I = 900\text{mV}$, S1, S2; ON		4.5	6		dB
Mute Attenuation Ratio	ATT _{MUTE}	$V_I = 900\text{mV}$, Mute SW; ON		40	50		dB
De-emphasis	DE _{EMPH}	De-emphasis: ON	f = 1KHz	-0.87	-0.37	0.13	dB
			f = 5KHz	-6.03	-4.53	-3.03	
			f = 16KHz	-10.53	-9.03	-7.53	

* Note: De-emphasis input conditions: $V_O = 0\text{dBm}$
De-emphasis off position



TEST CIRCUIT

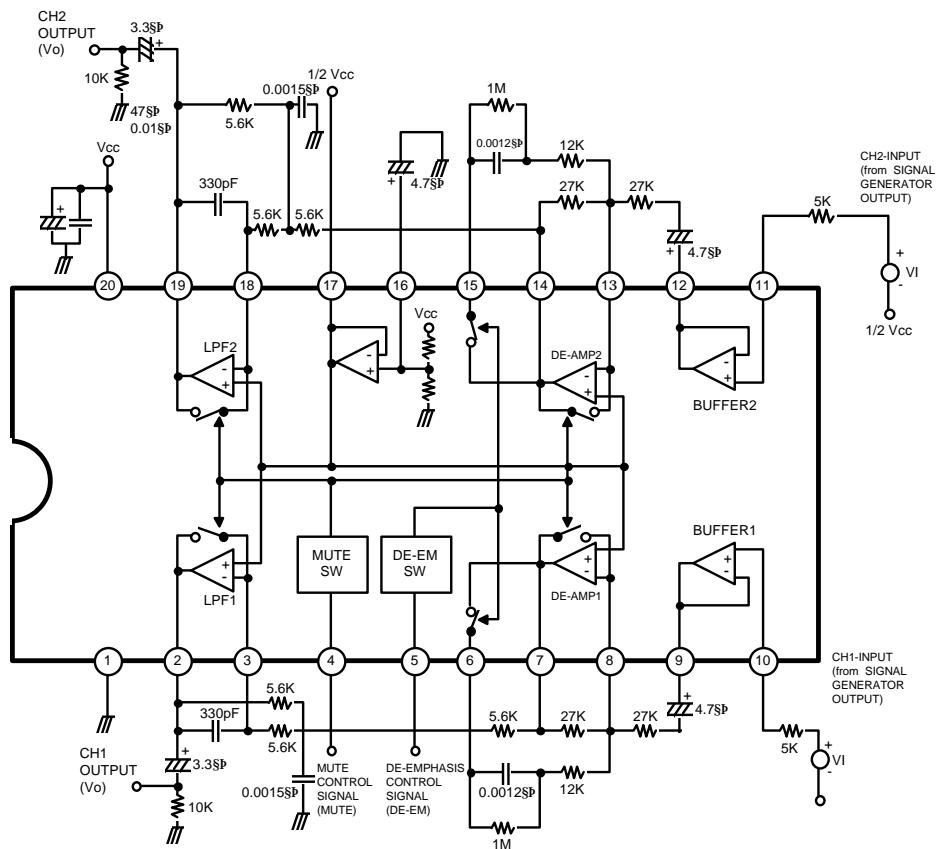


Fig. 2

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

1. BUFFER

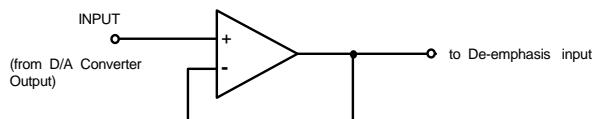


Fig. 3

It is used for impedance matching, between D/A converter output and de-emphasis input.

2. DE-EMPHASIS

a) De-emphasis operation condition

Control Input	De-emphasis Operation
High	ON
Low	OFF

b) De-emphasis characteristic at the de-emphasis ON

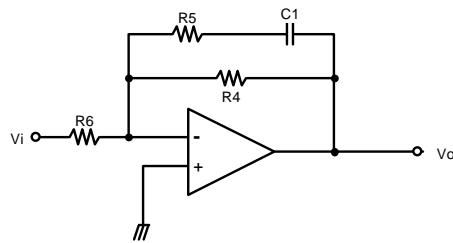


Fig. 4 Equevalent Circuit of De-emphasis ON Mode

$$Av = -R_4 / R_6$$

$$T1 = C_1 (R_4 + R_5)$$

$$T2 = C_1 \times R_5$$

The de-emphasis charcteristics is dependent on the external parts value.



3. MUTE

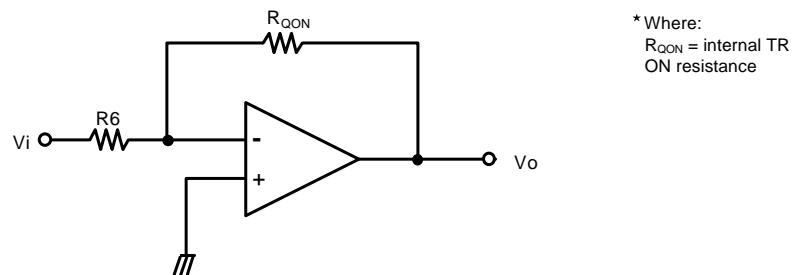


Fig. 5 Equivalent Circuit of Mute Switch ON Mode

Mute attenuation [M (att)] ratio is as follow;

$$\begin{aligned} M (\text{att}) &= 20 \log \frac{V_o}{V_i} \\ &= 20 \log \frac{R_{QON}}{R_6} \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

4. LOW PASS FILTER

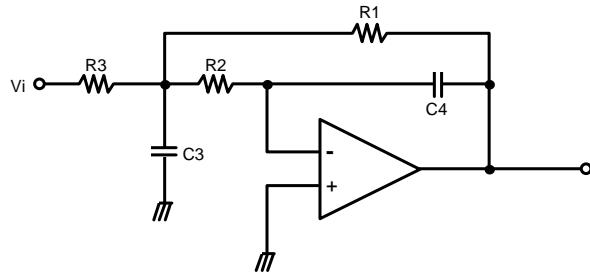


Fig. 6 Equivalent Circuit of LPF

Cut off frequency (F_C) is as follow:

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{R_2 R_1 C_3 C_4}} \text{ (Hz)}$$

APPLICATION CIRCUIT

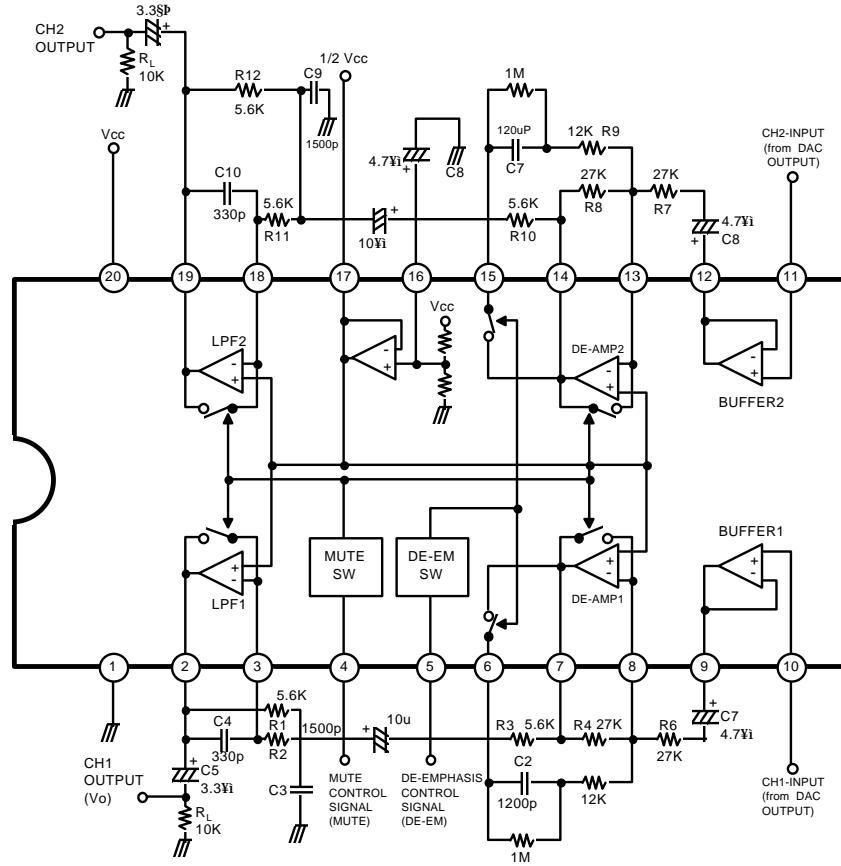
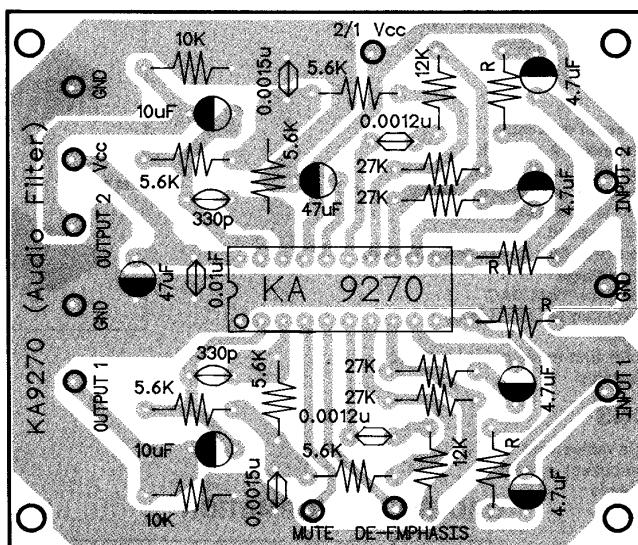


Fig. 7

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(PCB PATTERN)

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