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EL2002

December 1995, Rev. D

FN7021

Low Power, 180MHz Buffer Amplifier



The EL2002 is a low cost monolithic, high slew rate, buffer amplifier. Built using the Elantec monolithic

OBSOLETE PRODUCT NO RECOMMENDED REPLACEMENT

contact our Technical Support Center at CUNTACE VUL LECTIONCAL SUPPOR VENICE AL 1-888-INTERSIL OF WWW.intersil.com/tsc

Complementary Bipolar process, this patented buffer has a -3dB bandwidth of 180MHz, and delivers 100mA, yet draws only 5mA of supply current. It typically operates from ±15V power supplies but will work with as little as ±5V.

This high speed buffer may be used in a wide variety of applications in military, video and medical systems. Typical examples include fast op-amp output current boosters, coaxial cable drivers and A/D converter input buffers.

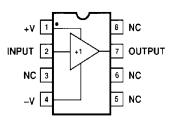
Elantec's products and facilities comply with MIL-I-45208A, and other applicable quality specifications. For information on Elantec's processing, see the Elantec document, QRA-1: Elantec's Processing, Monolithic Integrated Circuits.

Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE	PACKAGE	PKG. NO.
EL2002ACN	0°C to +75°C	P-DIP	MDP0031
EL2002CM	0°C to +75°C	20-Pin SOL	MDP0027
EL2002CN	0°C to +75°C	P-DIP	MDP0031

Pinouts



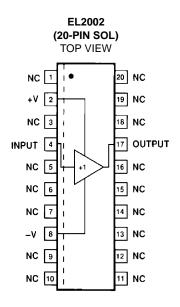


Features

- 180MHz bandwidth
- 2000V/µs slew rate
- Low bias current, 3µA typical
- 100mA output current
- 5mA supply current
- Short circuit protected
- · Low cost
- Stable with capacitive loads
- Wide supply range ±5V to ±15V
- No thermal runaway

Applications

- · Op amp output current booster
- Cable/line driver
- A/D input buffer
- Isolation buffer



Manufactured under U.S. Patent No. 4,833,424, 4,827,223 U.K. Patent No. 2217134

CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper IC Handling Procedures. 1-888-INTERSIL or 321-724-7143 | Intersil (and design) is a registered trademark of Intersil Americas Inc. Copyright © Intersil Americas Inc. 2003. All Rights Reserved. Elantec is a registered trademark of Elantec Semiconductor, Inc. All other trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A=25° C)

 Input Current (See above note)
 ±50mA

 PD
 Power Dissipation
 See Curves

 The maximum power dissipation depends on package type, ambient temperature and heat sinking. See the characteristic curves for more details.

Output Short Circuit DurationContinuous A heat sink is required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum when the output is short circuited.

TA	Operating Temperature Range	0°C to +75°C
Тј	Operating Junction Temperature	150℃
TST	Storage Temperature	65°C to +15 0℃

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

IMPORTANT NOTE: All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typical values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore: $T_J = T_C = T_A$

Electrical Specifications $V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_S = 50\Omega$, unless otherwise specified.

	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITIONS			LIMITS			UNITS
PARAMETER		V _{IN}	LOAD	TEMP	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Offset Voltage	0	×	25℃	-15	5	+15	mV
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	-20		+20	mV
		0	8	25℃	-40	10	+40	mV
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	-50		+50	mV
I _{IN}	Input Current	0	×	25℃	-10	3	+10	μA
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	-15		+15	μA
		0	×	25℃	-15	5	+15	μA
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	-20		+20	μA
R _{IN}	Input Resistance	+12V	100Ω	25℃	1	3		MΩ
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	0.1			MΩ
A _{V1}	Voltage Gain	±12V	×	25℃	0.990	0.998		V/V
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	0.985			V/V
A _{V2}	Voltage Gain	±10V	100Ω	25℃	0.85	0.93		V/V
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	0.83			V/V
A _{V3}	Voltage Gain with V _S = ±5V	±3V	100Ω	25℃	0.83	0.91		V/V
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	0.80			V/V
Vo	Output Voltage Swing	±12V	100Ω	25℃	±10	±11		V
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	±9.5			V
R _{OUT}	Output Resistance	±2V	100Ω	25℃		8	13	Ω
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			15	Ω
IOUT	Output Current	±12V	(Note 1)	25℃	+100	+160		mA
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	±95			mA
I _S	Supply Current	0	×	25℃		5	7.5	mA
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}			10	mA
PSRR	Supply Rejection (Note 2)	0	∞	25℃	60	75		dB
				T _{MIN} , T _{MAX}	50			dB
t _R	Rise Time	0.5V	100Ω	25℃		2.8		ns
tD	Propagation Delay	0.5V	100Ω	25℃		1.5		ns

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Electrical Specifications $V_{S} = \pm 15V$, $R_{S} = 50\Omega$, unless otherwise specified. (Continued)

		TEST CONDITIONS			LIMITS			UNITS
PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	V _{IN}	LOAD	TEMP	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	
SR	Slew Rate (Note 3)	±10V	100Ω	25℃	1200	2000		V/µs

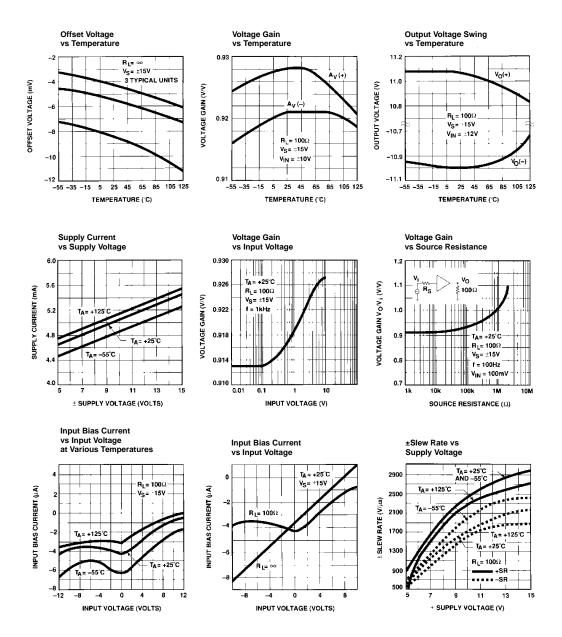
NOTES:

1. Force the input to +12V and the output to +10V and measure the output current. Repeat with -12 V_{IN} and -10V on the output.

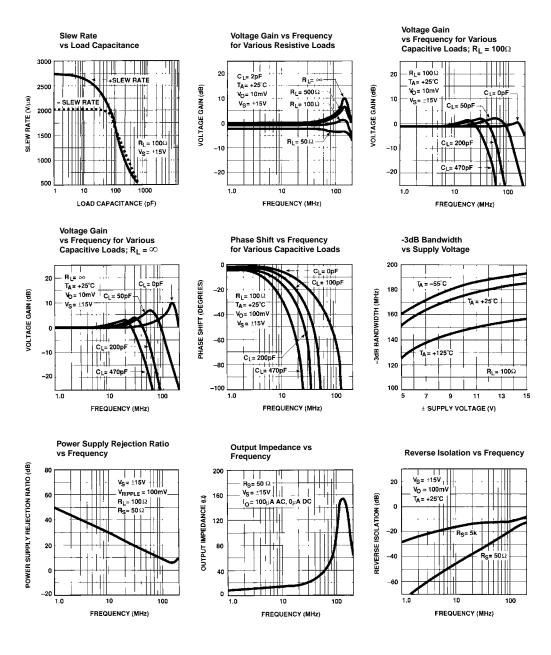
2. V_{OS} is measured at V_{S} + = +4.5V, V_{S} - = -4.5V and V_{S} + = +18V, V_{S} - = 18V. Both supplies are changed simultaneously.

3. Slew rate is measured between V_{OUT} = +5V and -5V.

Typical Performance Curves

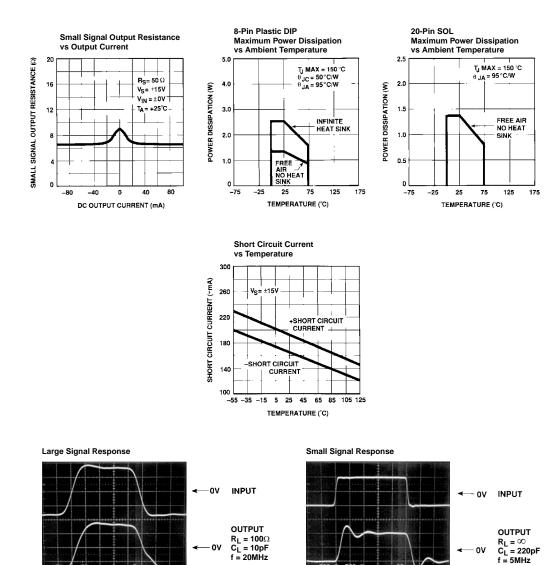


Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



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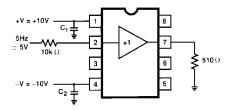
Typical Performance Curves (Continued)



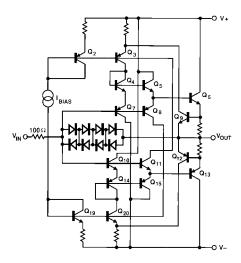
500mV 500

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Burn-In Circuit



Simplified Schematic



Application Information

The EL2002 is a monolithic buffer amplifier built on Elantec's proprietary dielectric isolation process that produces NPN and PNP transistors with essentially identical DC and AC characteristics. The EL2002 takes full advantage of the complementary process with a unique circuit topology.

Elantec has applied for two patents based on the EL2001's topology. The patents relate to the base drive and feedback mechanism in the buffer. This feedback makes 2000V/ μ s slew rates with 100 Ω loads possible with very low supply current.

Power Supplies

The EL2002 may be operated with single or split supplies with total voltage difference between 10V (\pm 5V) and 36V (\pm 18V). It is not necessary to use equal split value supplies. For example -5V and +12V would be excellent for signals from -2V to +9V.

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Bypass capacitors from each supply pin to ground are highly recommended to reduce supply ringing and the interference it can cause. At a minimum, 1μ F tantalum capacitor with short leads should be used for both supplies.

Input Characteristics

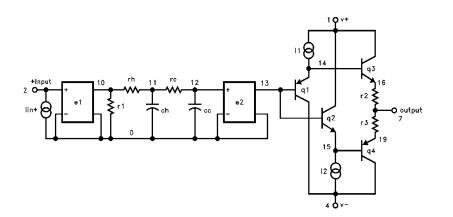
The input to the EL2002 looks like a resistance in parallel with about 3.5pF in addition to a DC bias current. The DC bias current is due to the miss-match in beta and collector current between the NPN and PNP transistors connected to the input pin. The bias current can be either positive or negative. The change in input current with input voltage (RIN) is affected by the output load, beta and the internal boost. RIN can actually appear negative over portions of the input range; typical input current curves are shown in the characteristic curves. Internal clamp diodes from the input to the output are provided. These diodes protect the transistor base emitter junctions and limit the boost current during slew to avoid saturation of internal transistors. The diodes begin conduction at about ±2.5V input to output differential. When that happens, the input resistance drops dramatically. The diodes are rated at 50mA. When conducting they have a series resistance of about 20Ω . There is also 100Ω in series with the input that limits input current. Above ±7.5V differential input to output, additional series resistance should be added.

Source Impedance

The EL2002 has good input to output isolation. When the buffer is not used in a feedback loop, capactive and resistive sources up to 1MHz present no oscillation problems. Care must be used in board layout to minimize output to input coupling. CAUTION: When using high source impedances ($R_S > 100k\Omega$), significant gain errors can be observed due to output offset, load resistor, and the action of the boost circuit. See typical performance curves.

EL2002 Macromodel

ELZUUZ Mac	IOIIIC	Juei	
* Connections:	+inpu	t	
*	+	⊦Vsupp	ly
*		-Vs	supply
*			output
*			
.subckt M2002	2 1	4	7
* Input Stage			
e1 10 0 2 0 1.0			
r1 10 0 1K			
rh 10 11 150			
ch 11 0 2pF			
rc 11 12 100			
cc 12 0 3pF			
e2 13 0 12 0 1.0			
* Output Stage			
q1 4 13 14 qp			
q2 1 13 15 qn			
q3 1 14 16 qn			
q4 4 15 19 qp			
r2 16 7 1			
r3 19 7 1			
i1 1 14 2mA			
i2 15 4 2mA			
* Bias Current			
iin+ 2 0 3uA			
* Models			
.model qn npn(is:	=5e-15	bf=150) rb=200 ptf=45 tf=0.1nS)
.model qp pnp(is:	=5e-15	bf=150) rb=200 ptf=45 tf=0.1nS)
.ends			



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