

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

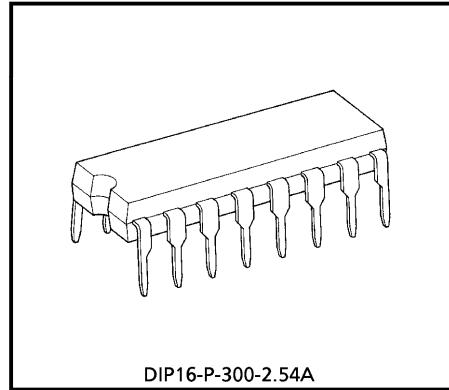
TA7628P, TA7628HP

AMPLIFIER SYSTEM FOR CASSETTE TAPE RECORDER

TA7628P and TA7628HP are Pre + Power amplifier system designed for cassette tape recorder.

FEATURES

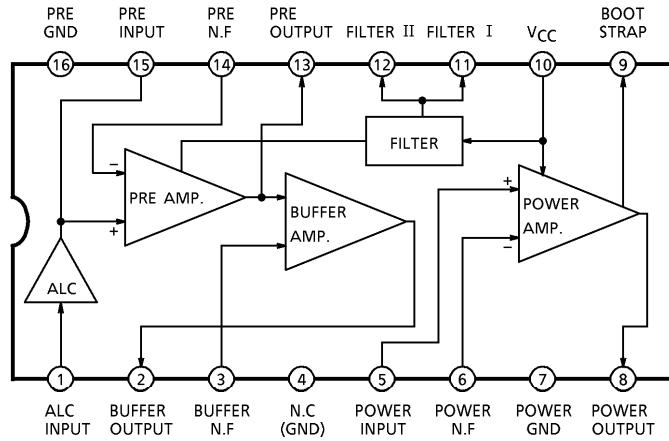
- Recording Playback for Pre Amplifier
- Buffer Amplifier (Recording Amplifier)
- Power Amplifier
- ALC Detector Circuit
- Muting Circuit
- Maximum Output Power ($V_{CC} = 6V$, $f = 1kHz$, THD = 10%)
 - : $P_{out} = 0.6W$ (Typ.) ($R_L = 8\Omega$) : TA7628P
 - : $P_{out} = 0.96W$ (Typ.) ($R_L = 4\Omega$) : TA7628HP
- Low Distortion and Wide Dynamic Range
- Without Turn-on "POP" for Muting Circuit
- Operating Supply Voltage Range
 - : $V_{CC}(\text{opr}) = 3.5 \sim 9V$ ($T_a = 25^\circ C$)



DIP16-P-300-2.54A

Weight : 1.00g (Typ.)

BLOCK DIAGRAM



961001EBA2

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SWITCH OVER

TEST ITEM	SW ₁	SW ₂	SW ₃	SW ₄	SW ₅	SW ₆
G _{vo1}	1	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
G _{v1}	1	1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
V _{out1}	1	1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
G _{v2}	1	3	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
V _{out2}	1	3	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
V _{no2}	1	3	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
ALC	1	2	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
G _{vo3}	2	1	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
G _{v3}	2	1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
P _{out}	2	1	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
V _{no3}	2	1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

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PRECAUTION FOR USE**1. Precaution of GND line**

The GND points of input side GND and N.F side GND in each amplifier must be arranged at the preamplifier side. (Fig.1) The input side GND point and the N.F side GND point must be arranged near each other to have no impedance.

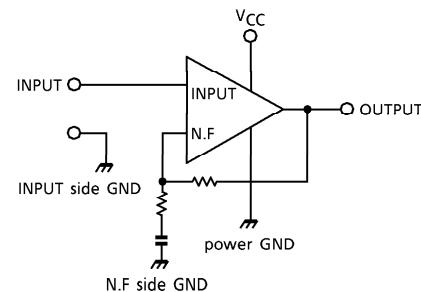


Fig.1

2. About radiation

- 1) The capacitance between the output and GND in preamplifier, buffer amplifier and power amplifier must be arranged near to this IC. The radiation loop must be as small as possible.
- 2) The voltage gain of high frequency in each amplifier must be reduced to reduce the noise with high frequency component. (In the application circuit, the feed back capacitor is used) A 1000pF or same order capacitor must be connected from the input terminal of preamplifier and power amplifier to GND to prevent the interference of radiation.
- 3) It is better for this IC to separate adequately from the antenna in the radio cassette tape recorder applications.
- 4) The electrolytic capacitance $100\mu\text{F} \sim 220\mu\text{F}$ between V_{CC} and GND must be arranged near to this IC.

3. To prevent the oscillation

- 1) The output terminal of preamplifier must be terminated to GND by the capacitance more than 5600pF.
(The recommended value : $C = 0.01\mu\text{F}$)
- 2) The output terminal of buffer amplifier must be terminated to GND by the capacitance more than $0.01\mu\text{F}$.
(The recommended value : $C = 0.01\mu\text{F}$)
- 3) The output terminal of power amplifier must be terminated to GND by the good temperature characteristic capacitance of $1\sim 2.2\mu\text{F}$. The bootstrap terminal must be terminated to GND with the capacitance more than $0.47\mu\text{F}$.

4. Precaution of preamplifier

- 1) It is better that the coupling capacitor between the volume and the output of preamplifier is small.
Recommended value : $C = 0.47\mu\text{F}$
- 2) In recording mode, the signal source resistance must be more than $1\text{k}\Omega$ for ALC (Automatic Level Control) operation. When this resistance is small, the ALC range becomes narrow.

5. Buffer amplifier

When the output signal is clipped in the buffer amplifier, this signal returns to preamplifier and influences to make THD bad.

To prevent this, in playback mode, the buffer amplifier is recommended to be cut-off by terminating the output terminal to GND directly or by terminating the feedback terminal to GND through 330Ω or less than this shown in Fig.2.

6. Power amplifier

1) In case of the battery use ($V_{CC} \leq 6V$), this IC is happen to oscillate (blocking oscillation) when the impedance of power supply is high. In this case, it is recommended to insert the resistance R_A of $500\Omega \sim 1k\Omega$ between $\textcircled{10}$ pin and $\textcircled{12}$ pin (V_{CC} – Filter II). By this method, this IC becomes very stable. But the output DC voltage is not center by the influence of R_A . Then the output wave shape is not symmetrical clipping wave and the maximum output voltage is reduced. So we recommend to insert the other resistance R_B between $\textcircled{6}$ pin and $\textcircled{8}$ pin for compensating the output DC voltage.

2) When you use this IC at the supply voltage of more than 6V, it is better to insert the resistance R_B for compensating output DC voltage. (Fig.3)

$$\begin{cases} R_B = 220k\Omega \text{ at } V_{CC} = 7.5V \\ R_B = 150k\Omega \text{ at } V_{CC} = 9V \end{cases}$$

3) The output coupling capacitance and bootstrap capacitance is better to be large because of getting the maximum output power.

4) On the PC board, the interval between V_{CC} and GND is better to be large.

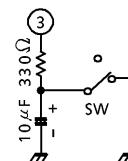


Fig.2

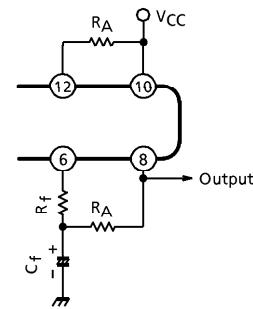


Fig.3

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a = 25^\circ C$)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	TA7628P	V_{CC}	9	V
	TA7628HP		12	
Output Current	TA7628P	I_O (peak)	0.56	A
	TA7628HP		1.5	
Power Dissipation	TA7628P	P_D (Note)	750	mW
	TA7628HP		1200	
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}		-20~75	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}		-55~150	°C

(Note) Derated above $T_a = 25^\circ C$ in the proportion, $6.0\text{mW / }^\circ C$ for TA7628P, $9.6\text{mW / }^\circ C$ for TA7628HP.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA7628P) (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 6V$, $f = 1kHz$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)
TOTAL

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Quiescent Current	$I_{CCQ(1)}$	—	$V_{CC} = 3.5V$	7	—	—	mA
Quiescent Current	$I_{CCQ(2)}$	—	$V_{CC} = 6V$	9	—	36	mA

PRE AMP.

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G_{vo1}	—	—	55	70	—	dB
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_v1	—	—	—	40	—	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{out1}	—	THD = 1%	—	0.7	—	V_{rms}
Input Resistance	R_{IN1}	—	—	24	30	—	$k\Omega$
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V_{ni}	—	$R_g = 0$	—	1.4	2.5	μV_{rms}

PRE AMP. + BUFFER AMP.

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_v2	—	Pre amp. $G_v = 40dB$ Buffer amp. $G_v = 20dB$	—	60	—	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{out2}	—	THD = 3%	1.5	1.7	—	V_{rms}
Output Noise Voltage	V_{no2}	—	$R_g = 0$, $G_{v2} = 60dB$	—	1.2	2.5	mV_{rms}
ALC Effect	ALC1	—	$V_{in} = 0.775mV_{rms}$ ($-60dBm$) $\sim 0.0775V_{rms}$ ($-20dBm$)	—	2	—	dB
ALC Range	ALC2	—	Range of THD $\leq 1\%$	—	60	—	dB

POWER AMP.

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G_{vo3}	—	—	60	70	—	dB
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_v3	—	—	—	40	—	dB
Output Power	P_{out}	—	$R_L = 8\Omega$, THD = 10%	0.5	0.6	—	W
Output Noise Voltage	V_{no3}	—	$R_g = 0$, $G_v = 40dB$	—	0.3	1.0	mV_{rms}

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA7628HP) (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 6V$, $f = 1\text{kHz}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

TOTAL

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Quiescent Current	$I_{CCQ(1)}$	—	$V_{CC} = 3.5V$	7.5	—	—	mA
Quiescent Current	$I_{CCQ(2)}$	—	$V_{CC} = 6V$	11	—	35	mA

PRE AMP.

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G_{vo1}	—	—	55	70	—	dB
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_v1	—	—	—	40	—	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{out1}	—	THD = 1%	—	0.7	—	V_{rms}
Input Resistance	R_{IN1}	—	—	—	30	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V_{ni}	—	$R_g = 0$	—	1.4	2.5	μV_{rms}

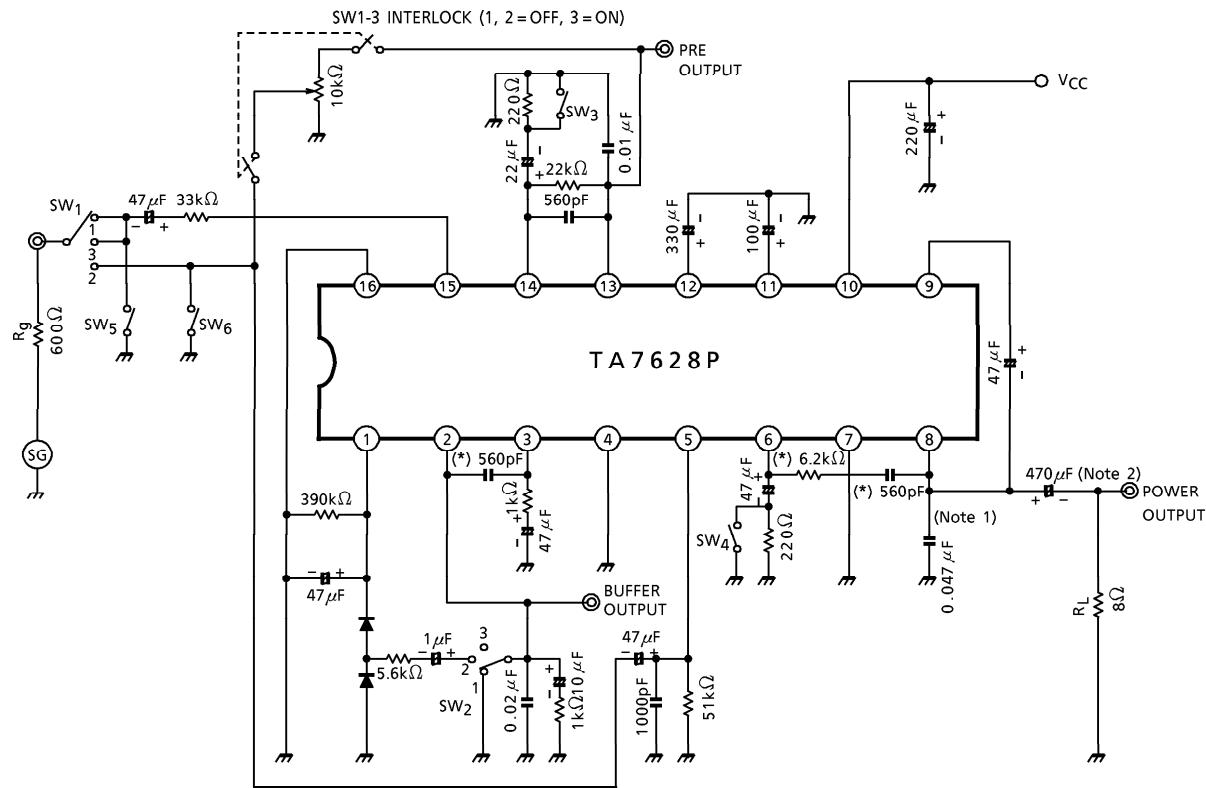
PRE AMP. + BUFFER AMP.

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_v2	—	Pre amp. $G_v = 40\text{dB}$ Buffer amp. $G_v = 20\text{dB}$	—	60	—	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	V_{out2}	—	THD = 3%	1.5	1.7	—	V_{rms}
Output Noise Voltage	V_{no2}	—	$R_g = 0$, $G_{v2} = 60\text{dB}$	—	1.2	2.5	mV_{rms}
ALC Effect	ALC1	—	$V_{in} = 0.775\text{mV}_{\text{rms}} (-60\text{dBm})$ $\sim 0.0775\text{V}_{\text{rms}} (-20\text{dBm})$	—	2	—	dB
ALC Range	ALC2	—	Range of THD $\leq 1\%$	—	60	—	dB

POWER AMP.

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G_{vo3}	—	—	60	70	—	dB
Closed Loop Voltage Gain	G_v3	—	—	—	40	—	dB
Output Power	P_{out}	—	$R_L = 4\Omega$, THD = 10%	0.8	0.96	—	W
			$V_{CC} = 9V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, THD = 10%	—	1.4	—	
Output Noise Voltage	V_{no3}	—	$R_g = 0$, $G_v = 40\text{dB}$	—	0.3	1.0	mV_{rms}

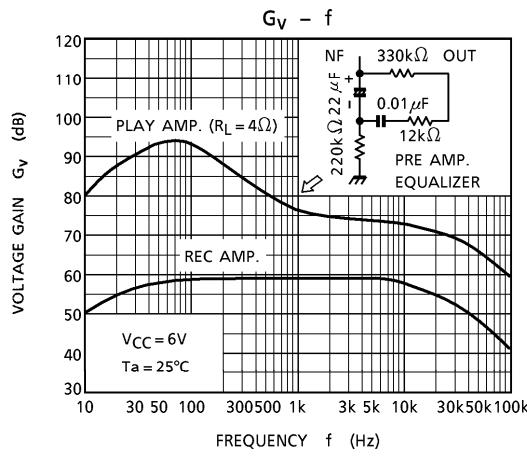
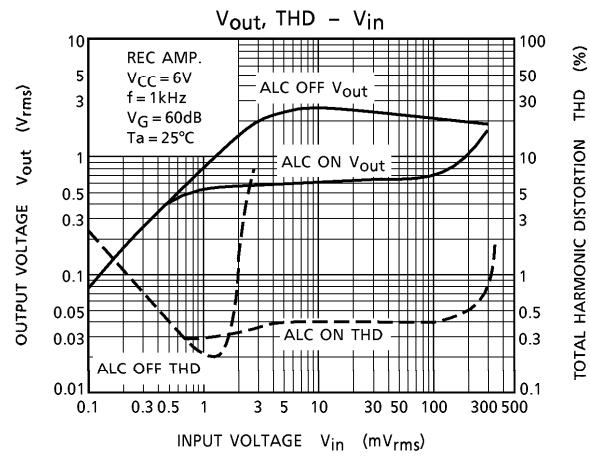
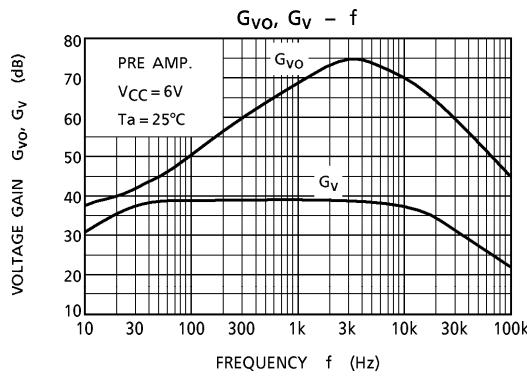
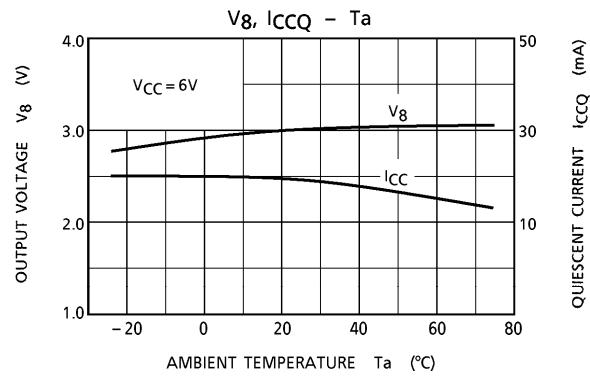
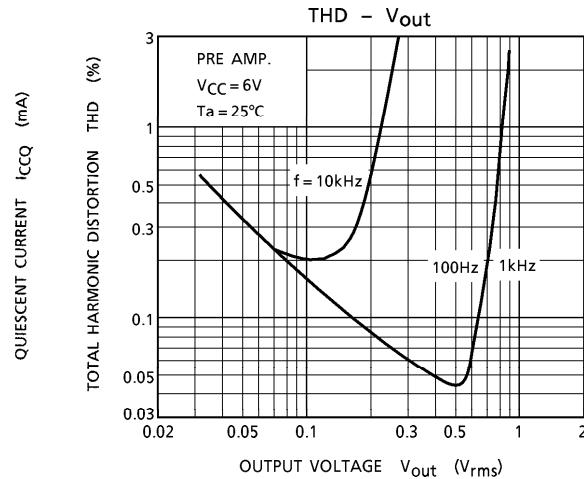
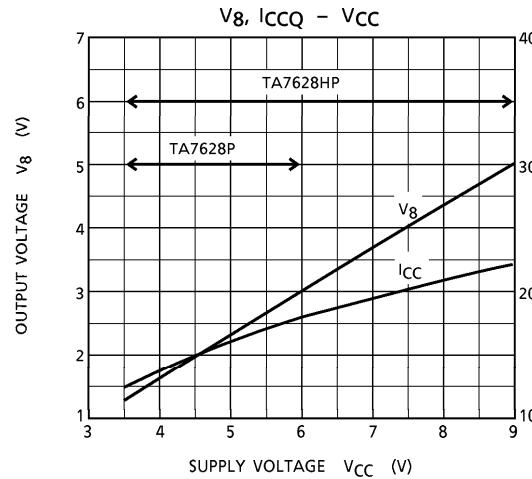
TEST CIRCUIT

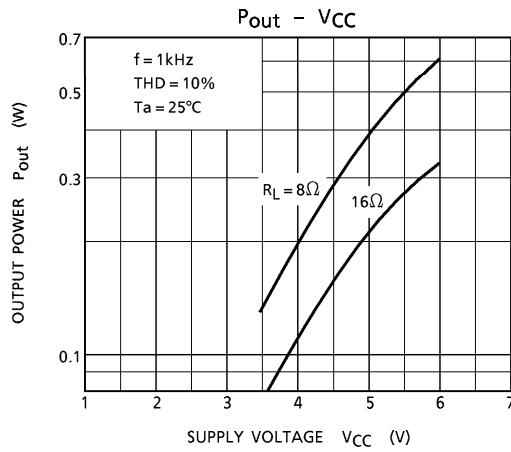
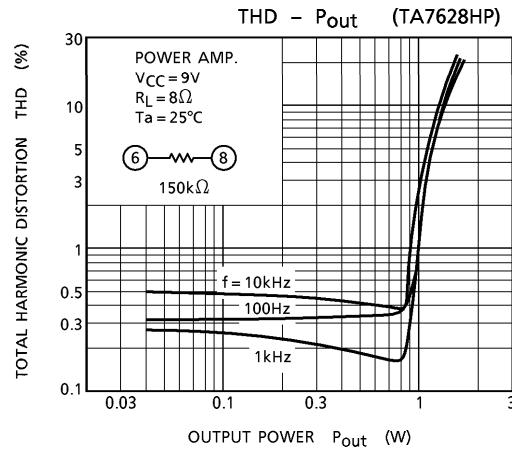
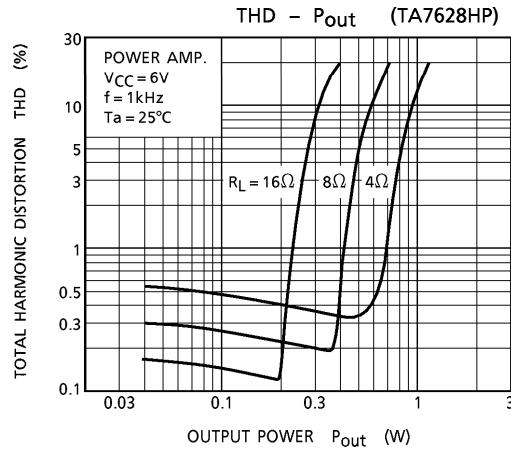
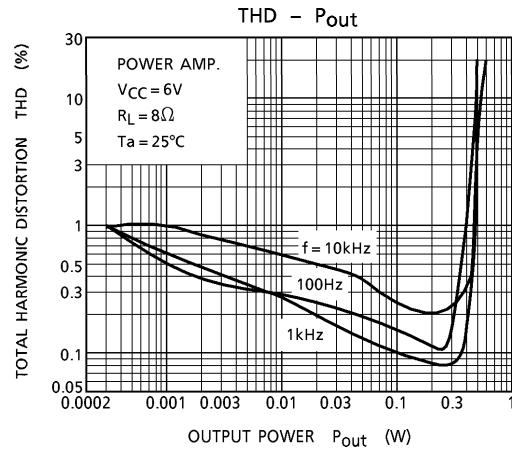
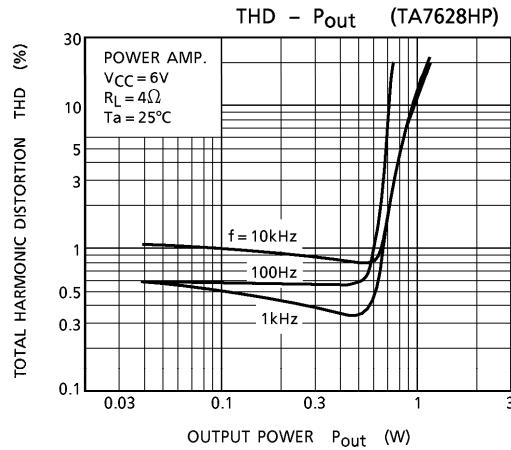
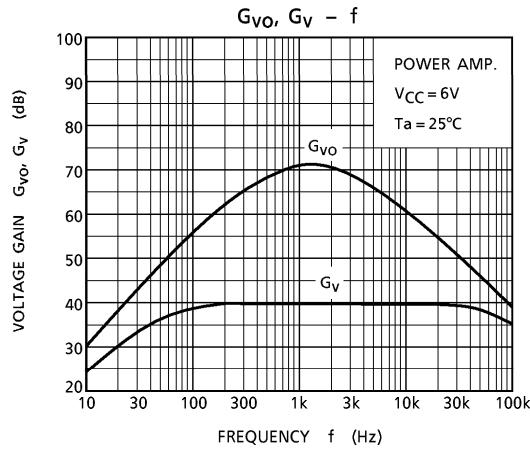


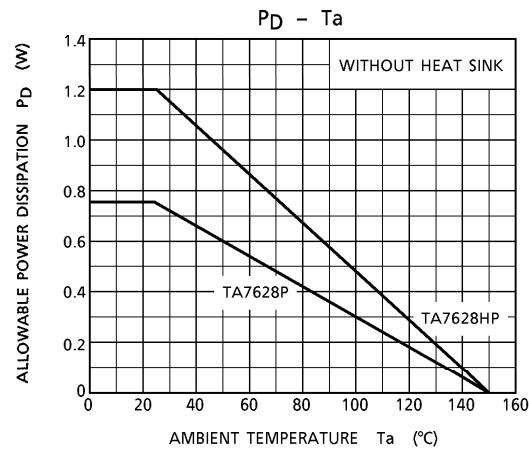
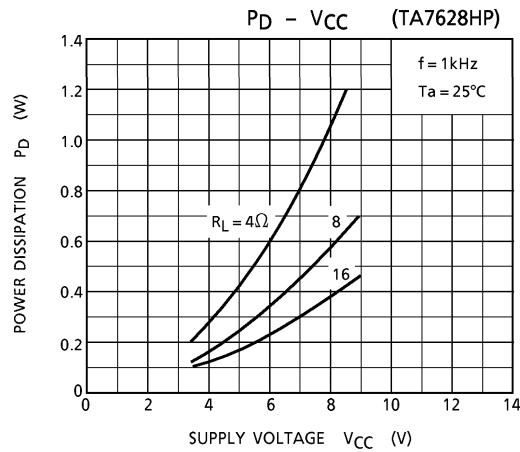
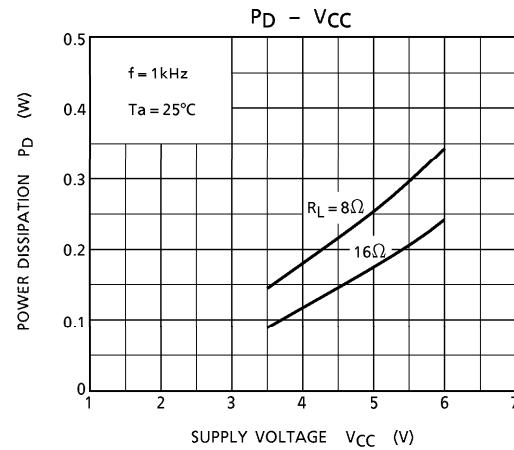
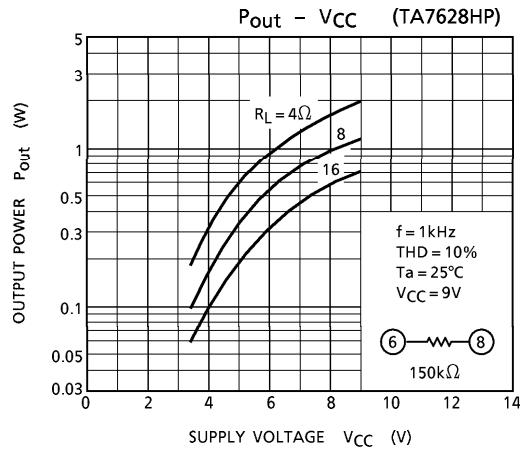
(*) Use in measuring the output noise voltage.

(Note 1) TA7628P : $0.047\mu F \rightarrow 0.068\mu F$

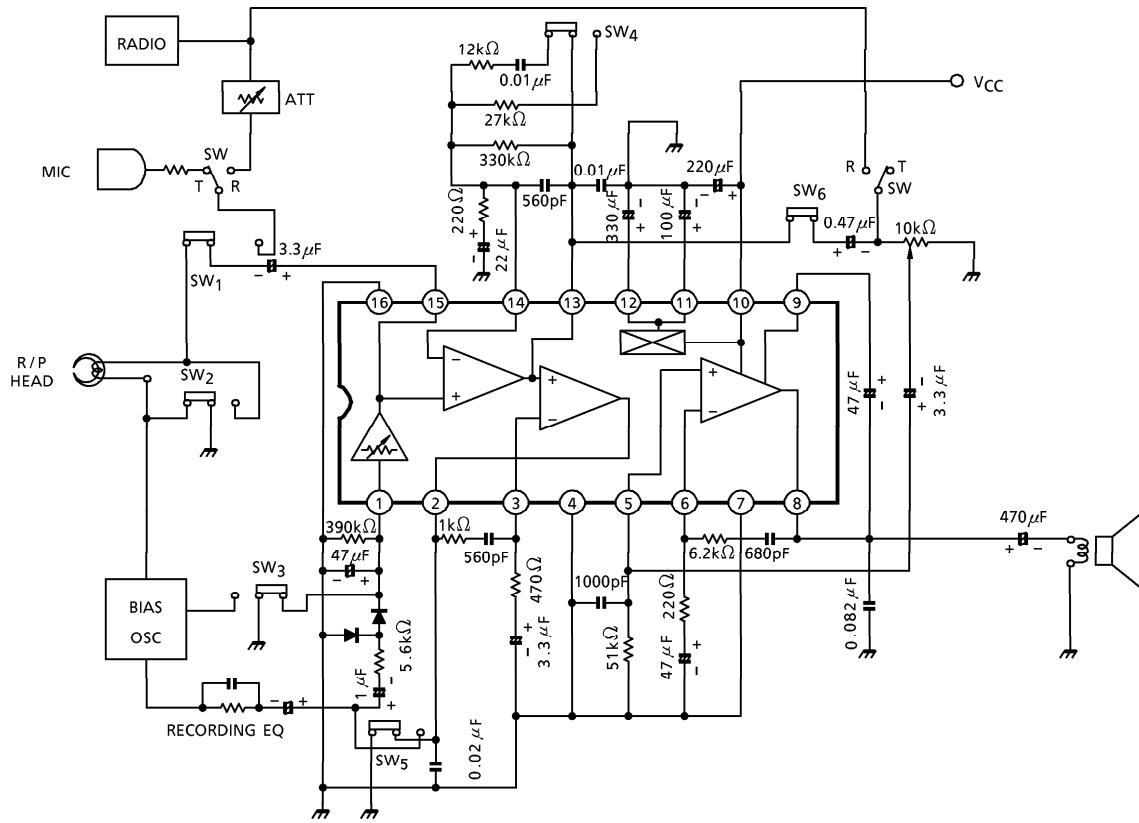
(Note 2) TA7628P : $470\mu F \rightarrow 1000\mu F$







APPLICATION CIRCUIT

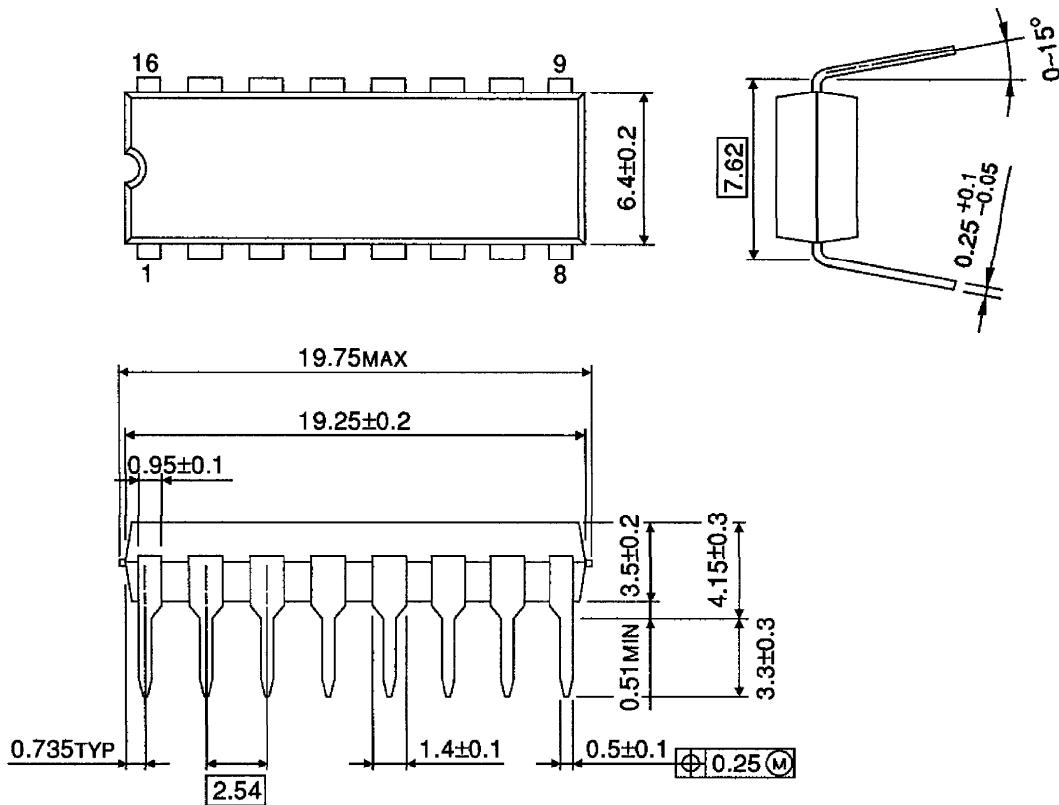


SW₁~SW₆ are set for play back.

SW Functions.

OUTLINE DRAWING
DIP16-P-300-2.54A

Unit : mm



Weight : 1.00g (Typ.)