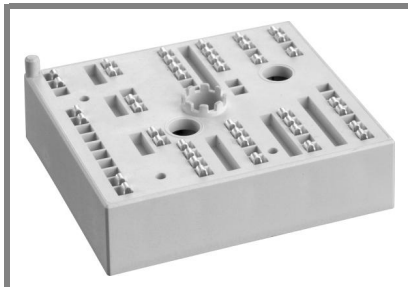


SKiIP 24NAB126V10



MiniSKiIP[®] 2

3-phase bridge rectifier +
brake chopper + 3-phase
bridge inverter
SKiIP 24NAB126V10

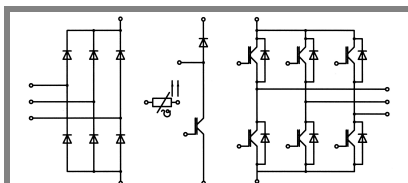
Preliminary Data

Features

- Fast Trench IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised file no. E63532

Typical Applications

- Inverter up to 19 kVA
- Typical motor power 11 kW



NAB

| Absolute Maximum Ratings | | $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|----------------------|
| Symbol | Conditions | Values | Units |
| IGBT - Inverter, Chopper | | | |
| V_{CES} | | 1200 | V |
| I_C | $T_s = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$ | 52 (40) | A |
| I_{CRM} | $T_s = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p \leq 1 \text{ ms}$ | 104 (80) | A |
| V_{GES} | | ± 20 | V |
| T_j | | - 40 ... + 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Diode - Inverter, Chopper | | | |
| I_F | $T_s = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$ | 38 (29) | A |
| I_{FRM} | $T_s = 25 (70)^\circ\text{C}$, $t_p \leq 1 \text{ ms}$ | 76 (58) | A |
| T_j | | - 40 ... + 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Diode - Rectifier | | | |
| V_{RRM} | | 1600 | V |
| I_F | $T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | 58 | A |
| I_{FSM} | $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$, $\sin 180^\circ$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 700 | A |
| i^2t | $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$, $\sin 180^\circ$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 2400 | A^2s |
| T_j | | - 40 ... + 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{RMS} | per power terminal (20 A / spring) | 40 | A |
| T_{stg} | $T_{op} \leq T_{stg}$ | - 40 ... + 125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| V_{isol} | AC, 1 min. | 2500 | V |

| Characteristics | | $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Symbol | Conditions | min. | typ. | max. | Units |
| IGBT - Inverter, Chopper | | | | | |
| V_{CEsat} | $I_C = 35 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1,7 (2) | 2,1 (2,4) | V |
| $V_{GE(th)}$ | $V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 1,5 \text{ mA}$ | 5 | 5,8 | 6,5 | V |
| $V_{CE(TO)}$ | $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1 (0,9) | 1,2 (1,1) | V |
| r_T | $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 20 (31) | 26 (37) | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| C_{ies} | $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ | | 2,4 | | nF |
| C_{oes} | $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ | | 0,5 | | nF |
| C_{res} | $V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ | | 0,3 | | nF |
| $R_{th(j-s)}$ | per IGBT | | 0,75 | | K/W |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | under following conditions | | 80 | | ns |
| t_r | $V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ | | 30 | | ns |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | $I_C = 35 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 410 | | ns |
| t_f | $R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 15 \Omega$ | | 120 | | ns |
| E_{on} | inductive load | | 4,7 | | mJ |
| E_{off} | | | 4 | | mJ |
| Diode - Inverter, Chopper | | | | | |
| $V_F = V_{EC}$ | $I_F = 35 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1,8 (1,8) | 2,1 (2,2) | V |
| $V_{(TO)}$ | $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1 (0,8) | 1,1 (0,9) | V |
| r_T | $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 23 (31) | 29 (37) | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| $R_{th(j-s)}$ | per diode | | 1,5 | | K/W |
| I_{RRM} | under following conditions | | 43 | | A |
| Q_{rr} | $I_F = 35 \text{ A}$, $V_R = 600 \text{ V}$ | | 7 | | μC |
| E_{rr} | $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 3,3 | | mJ |
| | $di_F/dt = 1450 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | | | |
| Diode -Rectifier | | | | | |
| V_F | $I_F = 35 \text{ A}$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1,1 | | V |
| $V_{(TO)}$ | $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0,8 | | V |
| r_T | $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | 11 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| $R_{th(j-s)}$ | per diode | | 0,9 | | K/W |
| Temperature Sensor | | | | | |
| R_{ts} | 3 %, $T_r = 25 (100)^\circ\text{C}$ | | 1000(1670) | | Ω |
| Mechanical Data | | | | | |
| w | | | 65 | | g |
| M_s | Mounting torque | 2 | | 2,5 | Nm |

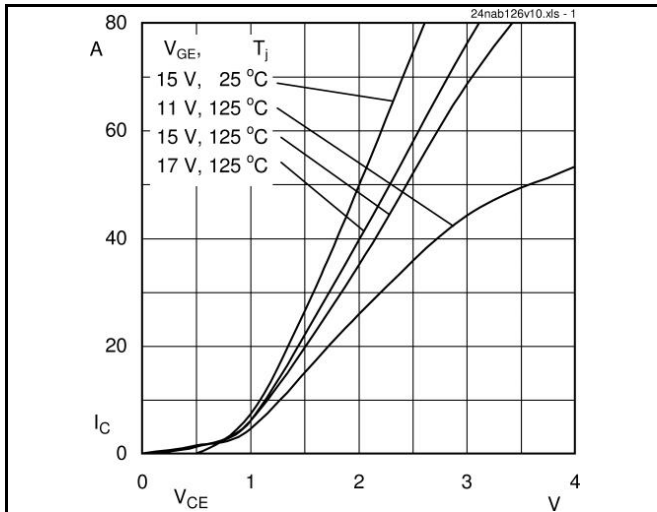


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristic

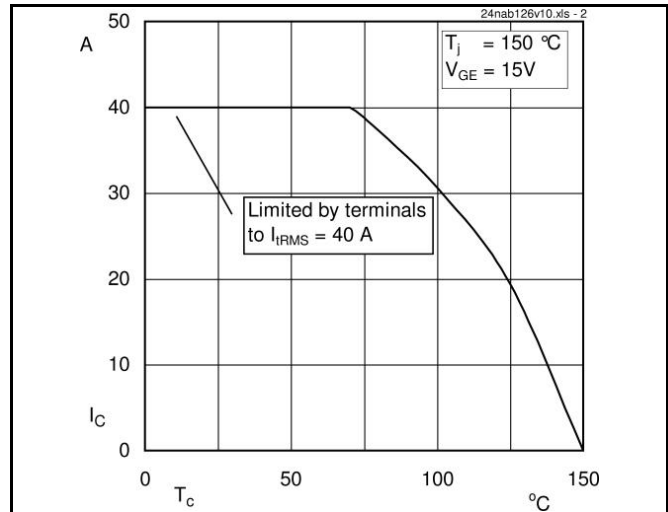


Fig. 2 Typ. rated current vs. temperature

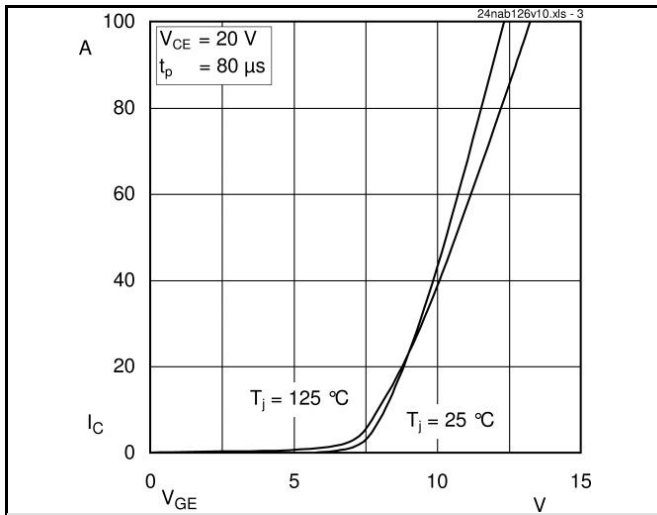


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristic

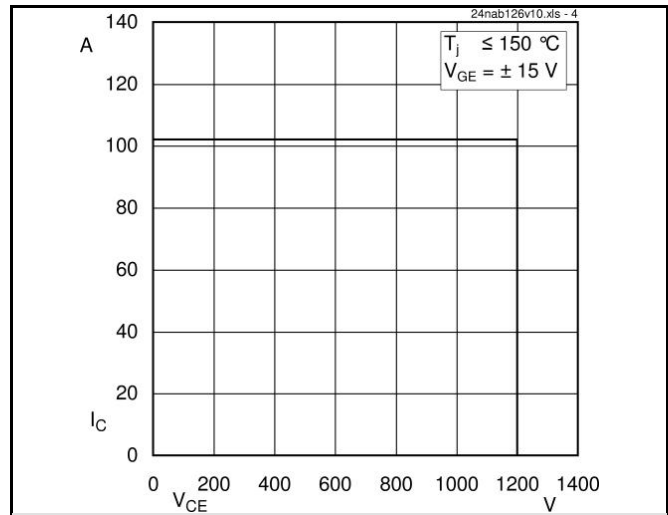


Fig. 4 Reverse bias safe operating area

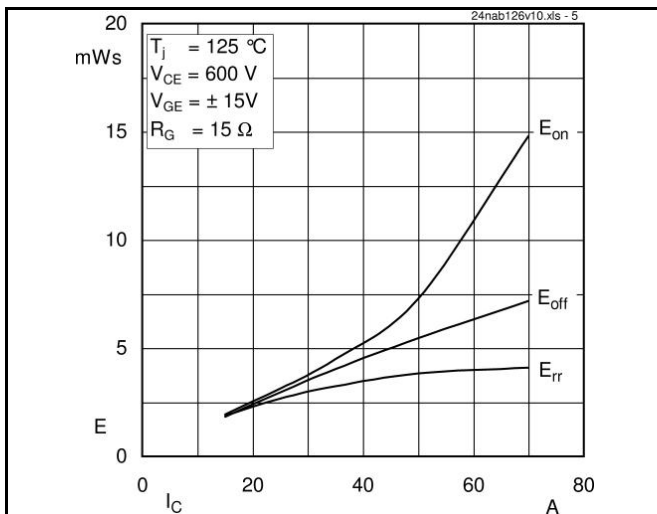


Fig. 5 Typ. Turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_C)$

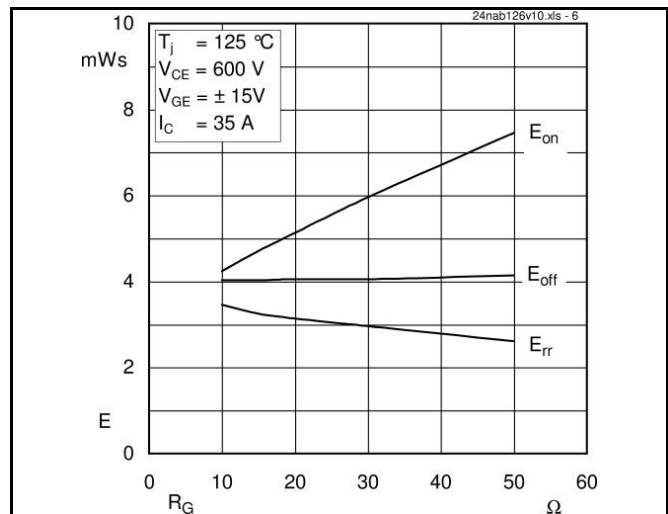


Fig. 6 Typ. Turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$

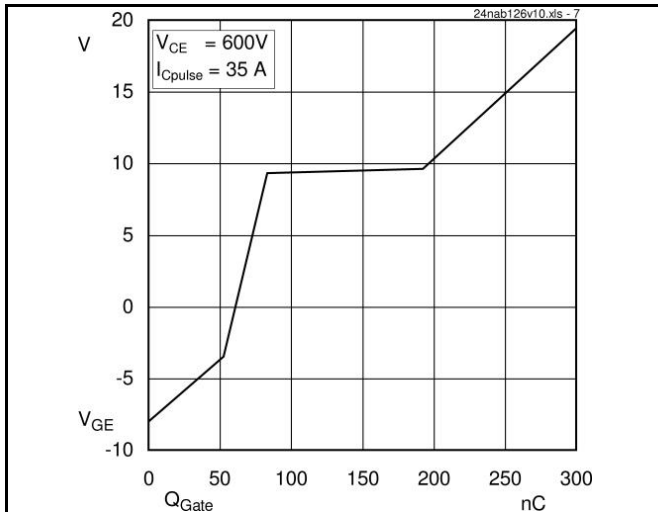


Fig. 7 Typ. gate charge characteristic

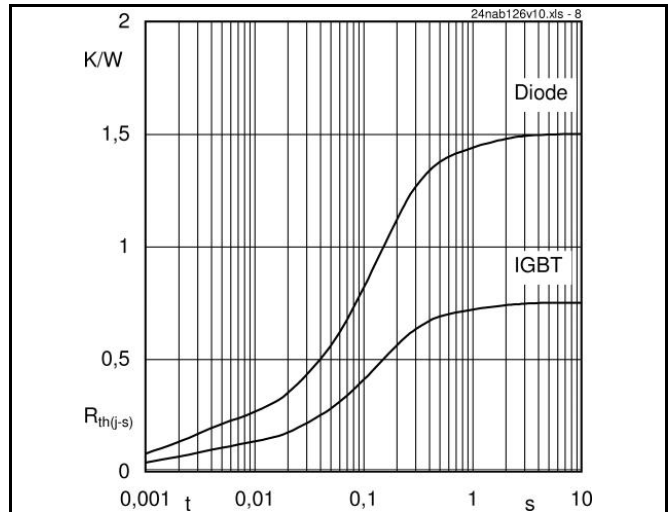


Fig. 8 Typ. thermal impedance

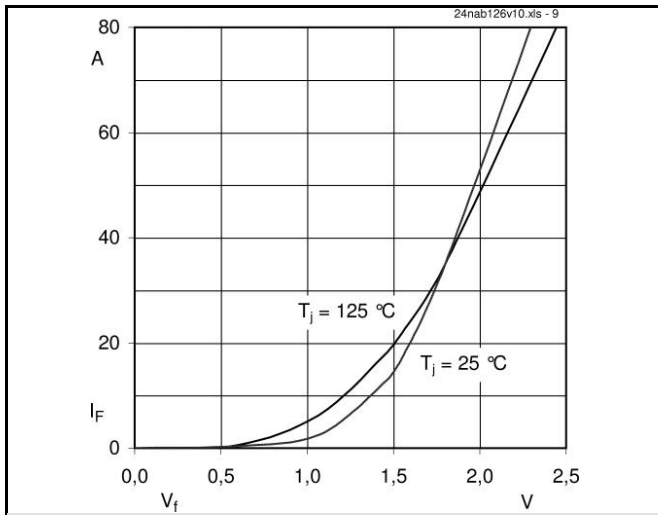


Fig. 9 Typ. freewheeling diode forward characteristic

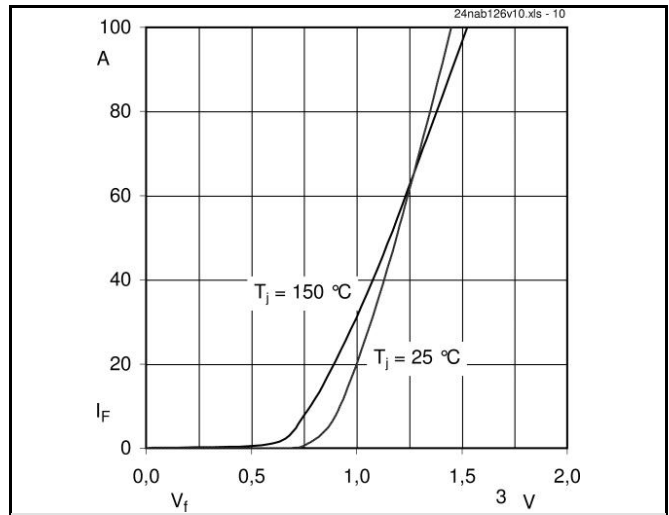
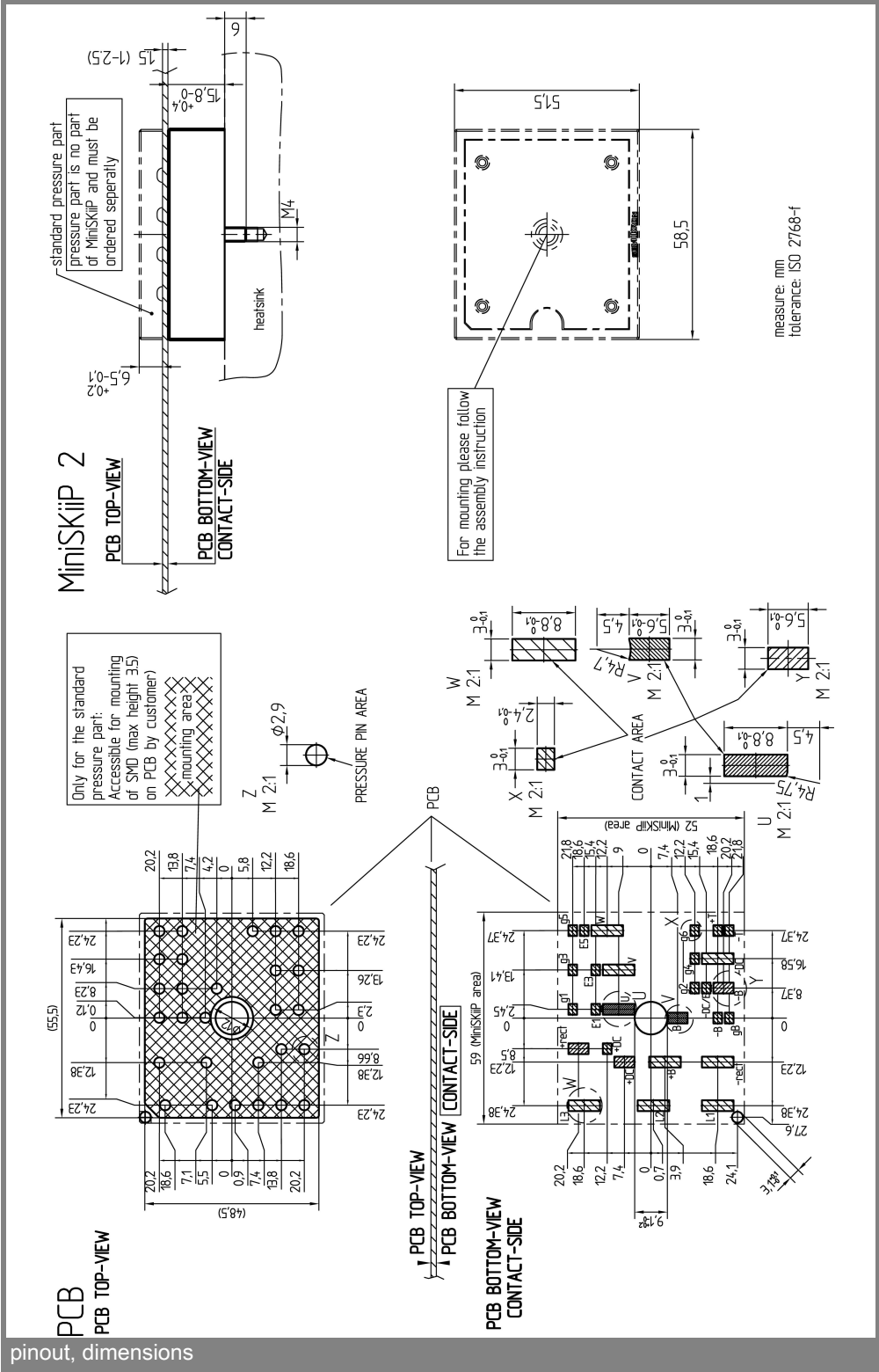
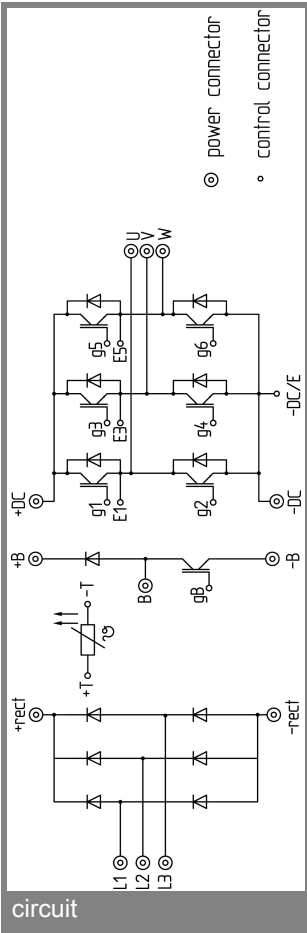


Fig. 10 Typ. input bridge forward characteristic



This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

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