

V.90, V.34, V.32BIS, V.22BIS ISOMODEM[®] WITH GLOBAL DAA

Features

- Data modem formats
 - ITU-T, Bell
 - 300 bps up to 56 kbps
 - V.21,V.22, V.29 Fast Connect
 - V.42, V.42bis, MNP2-5
 - Automatic rate negotiation
 - Type I and II caller ID decode
- No external ROM or RAM required
- UART or parallel interface
- AT command set support
- SMS / MMS support

- Integrated DAA
 - Over 6000 V Capacitive isolation
 - Parallel phone detect
 - Globally-compliant line interface
- Overcurrent detection
- 27 MHz clock input
- Single 3.3 V power supply
- Firmware upgradeable
- EEPROM interface
- Pb-free, RoHS Compliant Packages
- Commercial or industrial temperature range

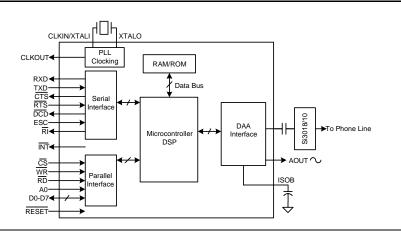


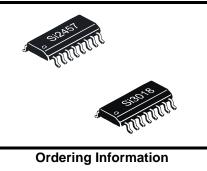
- Set-top boxes
- Point-of-sale terminals
- Text/video telephones
- Digital video recorderDigital televisions
 - Remote monitoring

Description

The ISOmodem[®] family of products is a complete modem ranging in speed from 56,000 bps to 2400 bps. Offered as a chipset with the Si2457, Si2434, Si2415, or Si2404 system-side device and the Si3018/10 line-side device, the ISOmodem utilizes Silicon Laboratories' patented direct access arrangement (DAA) technology to provide a programmable telephone line interface with an unparalleled level of integration. These compact solutions eliminate the need for a separate DSP, modem controller, codec, transformer, relay, opto-isolators, clocking crystal, and 2-4 wire hybrid. Available with a system-side packaging option of either a 16-pin SOIC or a 24-pin TSSOP, these devices are ideal for embedded modem applications due to their flexibility, small footprint, and minimal external component count.

Functional Block Diagram





This data sheet is valid only for those chipset combinations listed on page 70.

Pin Assig	nments
S:2457/	34/15/04
	Option)
CLKIN/XTALI	
	16 RTS 15 DCD
	14_ESC 13 V₄
RXD 5	
CTS 7	10 C1A
RESET 8	9 C2A
•-= ••••	34/15/04
(24-Pin	Option)
CLKIN/XTALI	24 SDO/EECLK/D5
ZTALO 2	23 DCD/D4
CLKOUT/EECS/A0 3	22 ESC/D3
FSYNC/D6 4	21 VD3.3
VD3.3 5	20 GND
GND 6	19 VDB
	18 SDI/EESD/D2
RTS/D7 8	17 RI/D1
RXD/RD 9	
TXD/WR 10	15 AOUT/INT
	14 C1A
RESET 12	13 C2A
Si30	18/10
	16 DCT2
	15 GND
RX_3 IB_4	14 DCT3
	13QB 12QE2
	12QE2 11SC
	10 UVREG2
	9 RNG2



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1. Electrical Specifications

Table 1. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter ¹	Symbol	Test Condition	Min ²	Тур	Max ²	Unit
Ambient Temperature	T _A	F-grade G-grade	0 40	25 25	70 85	°C
Si2457/34/15/04 Supply Voltage, Digital ³	V _D		3.0	3.3	3.6	V

Notes:

1. The Si2457/34/15/04 specifications are guaranteed when the typical application circuit (including component tolerance) and any Si2457/34/15/04 and any Si3018 are used. See "2. Typical Application Schematic" on page 10.

2. All minimum and maximum specifications are guaranteed and apply across the recommended operating conditions. Typical values apply at nominal supply voltages and an operating temperature of 25 °C unless otherwise stated.

The digital supply, V_D, operates from 3.0 to 3.6 V. The Si2457/34/15/04 interface supports 5 V logic (CLKIN/XTALI supports 3.3 V logic only).

Table 2. Loop Characteristics

(V_D = 3.0 to 3.6 V, T_A = 0 to 70 °C for F-grade, T_A = -40 to +85 °C for G-grade)

Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{TR}	I _L = 20 mA, ILIM ¹ = 0 DCV = 00, MINI = 11, DCR = 0	—	_	6.0	V
V _{TR}	I _L = 120 mA, ILIM = 0 DCV = 00, MINI = 11, DCR = 0	9			V
V _{TR}	I _L = 20 mA, ILIM = 0 DCV = 11, MINI = 00, DCR = 0		_	7.5	V
V _{TR}	I _L = 120 mA, ILIM = 0 DCV = 11, MINI = 00, DCR = 0	9			V
V _{TR}	I _L = 20 mA, ILIM = 1 DCV = 11, MINI = 00, DCR = 0			7.5	V
V _{TR}	I _L = 60 mA, ILIM = 1 DCV = 11, MINI = 00, DCR = 0	40			V
V _{TR}	I _L = 50 mA, ILIM = 1 DCV = 11, MINI = 00, DCR = 0			40	V
I _{LK}	V _{TR} = -48 V	_		5	μA
I _{LP}	MINI = 00, ILIM = 0	10		120	mA
I _{LP}	MINI = 00, ILIM = 1	10		60	mA
	DC current flowing through ring detection circuitry		1.5	3	μA
V _{RD}	RT = 0	12	15	18	V _{RMS}
V _{RD}	RT = 1	18	21	25	V _{RMS}
F _R		15		68	Hz
REN			_	0.2	
	VTR VRD VRD FR	$ \begin{array}{c c} V_{TR} & I_L = 20 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM}^1 = 0 \\ DCV = 00, \text{ MINI = 11, } DCR = 0 \\ \end{array} \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 120 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 0} \\ DCV = 00, \text{ MINI = 11, } DCR = 0 \\ \end{array} \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 20 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 0} \\ DCV = 11, \text{ MINI = 00, } DCR = 0 \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 120 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 0} \\ DCV = 11, \text{ MINI = 00, } DCR = 0 \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 20 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 1} \\ DCV = 11, \text{ MINI = 00, } DCR = 0 \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 60 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 1} \\ DCV = 11, \text{ MINI = 00, } DCR = 0 \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 50 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 1} \\ DCV = 11, \text{ MINI = 00, } DCR = 0 \\ \hline V_{TR} & I_L = 50 \text{ mA, } \text{ILIM = 1} \\ DCV = 11, \text{ MINI = 00, } DCR = 0 \\ \hline I_{LK} & V_{TR} = -48 \text{ V} \\ \hline I_{LP} & \text{MINI = 00, } \text{ILIM = 1} \\ DC \text{ current flowing through ring} \\ \text{detection circuitry} \\ \hline V_{RD} & RT = 0 \\ \hline V_{RD} & RT = 1 \\ \hline F_{R} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM}^1 = 0$ V_{TR} $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 1$ V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 1$ $DCV = 11, \text{MINI = 00, DCR = 0}$ V_{TR} $I_L = 50 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 1$ $DCV = 11, \text{MINI = 00, DCR = 0}$ V_{TR} $I_L = 50 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 1$ $DCV = 11, \text{MINI = 00, DCR = 0}$ 10 I_{LP} MINI = 00	V_{TR} $I_L = 20 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM}^1 = 0$ — — 6.0 V_{TR} $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 — — — 6.0 V_{TR} $I_L = 120 \text{ mA}, \text{ILIM} = 0$ 9 — …

1. ILIM = U67, bit 9; DCV = U67, bits 3:2; MINI = U67, bits 13:12; DCR = U67, bit 7; RT = U67, bit 0.

2. The ring signal is guaranteed to not be detected below the minimum. The ring signal is guaranteed to be detected above the maximum.



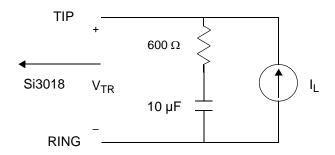


Figure 1. Test Circuit for Loop Characteristics

Table 3. DC Characteristics, $V_D = 3.0$ to 3.6 V

(V_D = 3.0 to 3.6 V, T_A = 0 to 70 °C for F-grade, T_A = -40 to +85 °C for G-grade)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2.0	—	—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		_	—	0.8	V
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	I _O = -2 mA	2.4	—		V
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	I _O = 2 mA		—	0.35	V
Input Leakage Current	١L		-10	—	10	μA
Pullup Resistance Pins 3, 4, 9, 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24 (24-pin option)	R _{PU}		50	125	200	kΩ
Pullup Resistance Pins 3, 5, 7, 9,11, 15, 16 (16-pin option)	R _{PU}		50	125	200	kΩ
Total Supply Current [*]	I _D	V _{D3.3} pin		26	35	mA
Total Supply Current, Powerdown [*]	I _D	PDN = 1		80		μA
*Note: All inputs at 0 or V _D . All inputs he	d static exce	pt clock and all outputs	unloaded	Static I _{OUT}	= 0 mA).	1



Table 4. AC Characteristics

(V_D = 3.0 to 3.6 V, T_A = 0 to 70 °C for F-grade, T_A = –40 to +85 °C for G-grade, Fs = 8 kHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Sample Rate	Fs			8	_	kHz
Clock Input Frequency	F _{XTL}	default		4.9152	_	MHz
Clock Input Frequency	F _{XTL}	≥10 kΩ resistor between DCD and GND	_	27		MHz
Receive Frequency Response		Low –3 dBFS Corner, FILT = 0		5	_	Hz
Receive Frequency Response		Low –3 dBFS Corner, FILT = 1		200	_	Hz
Transmit Full Scale Level ¹	V _{FS}			1.1	_	V _{PEAK}
Receive Full Scale Level ^{1,2}	V _{FS}			1.1	_	V _{PEAK}
Dynamic Range ³	DR	ILIM = 0, DCV = 11, MINI = 00 DCR = 0, I _L = 100 mA	_	80		dB
Dynamic Range ³	DR	ILIM = 0, DCV = 00, MINI = 11 DCR = 0, I _L = 20 mA	_	80		dB
Dynamic Range ³	DR	ILIM = 1, DCV = 11, MINI = 00 DCR = 0, I _L = 50 mA	_	80		dB
Transmit Total Harmonic Distortion ⁴	THD	ILIM = 0, DCV = 11, MINI = 00 DCR = 0, I _L = 100 mA	_	-72		dB
Transmit Total Harmonic Distortion ⁴	THD	ILIM = 0, DCV = 00, MINI = 11 DCR = 0, I _L = 20 mA	_	-78		dB
Receive Total Harmonic Distortion ⁴	THD	ILIM = 0, DCV = 00, MINI = 11 DCR = 0, I _L = 20 mA		-78		dB
Receive Total Harmonic Distortion ⁴	THD	ILIM = 1,DCV = 11, MINI=00 DCR = 0, I _L = 50 mA		-78		dB
Dynamic Range (Caller ID Mode)	DR _{CID}	VIN = 1 kHz, –13 dBm	_	50	_	dB

Notes:

1. Measured at TIP and RING with 600 Ω termination at 1 kHz, as shown in Figure 1 on page 5.

2. Receive full scale level produces –0.9 dBFS at DTX.

3. $DR = 20 \times \log |Vin| + 20 \times \log (rms signal/rms noise)$. Applies to both transmit and receive paths. Vin = 1 kHz, -3 dBFS.

4. Vin = 1 kHz, -3 dBFS. THD = 20 x log (rms distortion/rms signal).



6

Table 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	V _D	4.1	V
Input Current, Si2457/34/15/04 Digital Input Pins	I _{IN}	±10	mA
Digital Input Voltage	V _{IND}	-0.3 to 5.3	V
CLKIN/XTALI Input Voltage	V _{XIND}	–0.3 to (V _D + 0.3)	V
Operating Temperature Range	T _A	-10 to 100	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-40 to 150	°C
Note: Permanent device damage may occur if the	he above absolute ma	ximum ratings are exceeded.	Functional operation

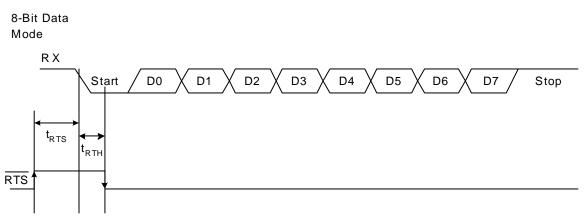
should be restricted to the conditions as specified in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 6. Switching Characteristics

(V_D = 3.0 to 3.6 V, T_A = 0 to 70 °C for F-grade, T_A = -40 to +85 °C for G-grade)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
CLKOUT Output Clock Frequency		2.048	_	49.152	MHz
Baud Rate Accuracy	t _{BD}	-1	_	1	%
Start Bit \downarrow to $\overline{RTS} \downarrow$	t _{RTH}	—	1/(2 x Baud Rate)	—	ns
CTS or RTS ↑ High to Start Bit↓	t _{RTS}	10	_	_	ns
Stop Bit \uparrow to \overline{CTS} \uparrow	t _{CTH}		_	—	ns
$\overline{RESET} \downarrow to \ \overline{RESET} \uparrow$	t _{RS}	5.0	_	—	ms
RESET ↑ to 1st AT Command	t _{AT}	300	_	—	ms
Address Setup	t _{AS}	15	_	_	ns
Address Hold	t _{AH}	0	_	_	ns
WR Low Pulse Width	t _{WL}	50	_	_	ns
Write Data Setup Time	t _{WDSU}	20	_	_	ns
Write Cycle Time	t _{WC}	120	_	_	ns
Chip Select Setup	t _{CSS}	10	_	_	ns
Chip Select Hold	t _{CSH}	0	_	_	ns
RD Low Pulse Width	t _{RL}	50	_	_	ns
RD Low to Data Driven Time	t _{RLDD}	—	_	20	ns
Data Hold	t _{DH}	10	_		ns
RD High to Hi-Z Time	t _{DZ}	—	_	30	ns
Read Cycle Time	t _{RC}	120	_		ns
Note: All timing is referenced to the 50% level of	the waveform.	Input test levels	are V _{IH} = V _D – 0	.4 V, V _{IL} = 0.4 V	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·





UART Time for Modem Receive Path (8N1 Mode)

UART Timing for Modem Transmit Path (9N1 Mode with 9th Bit Escape)

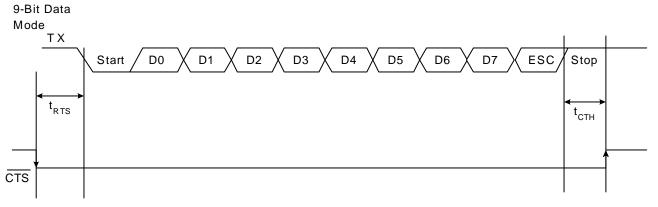


Figure 2. Asynchronous UART Serial Interface Timing Diagram



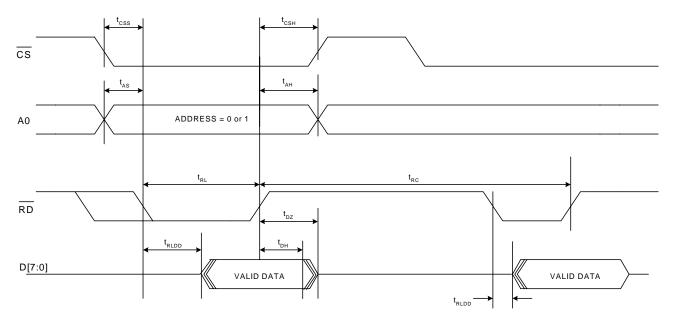


Figure 3. Parallel Interface Read Timing

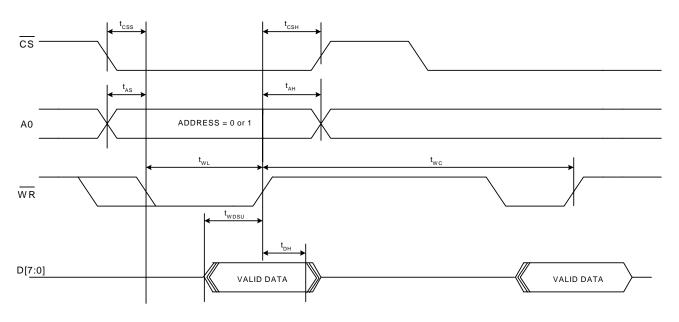


Figure 4. Parallel Interface Write Timing

2. Typical Application Schematic

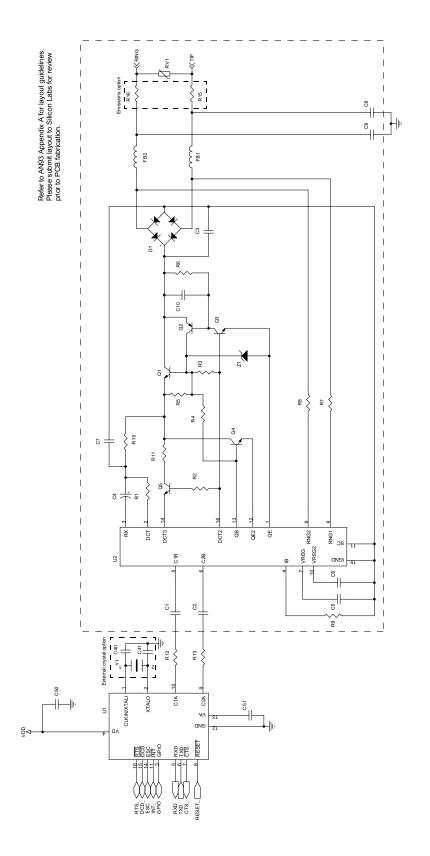
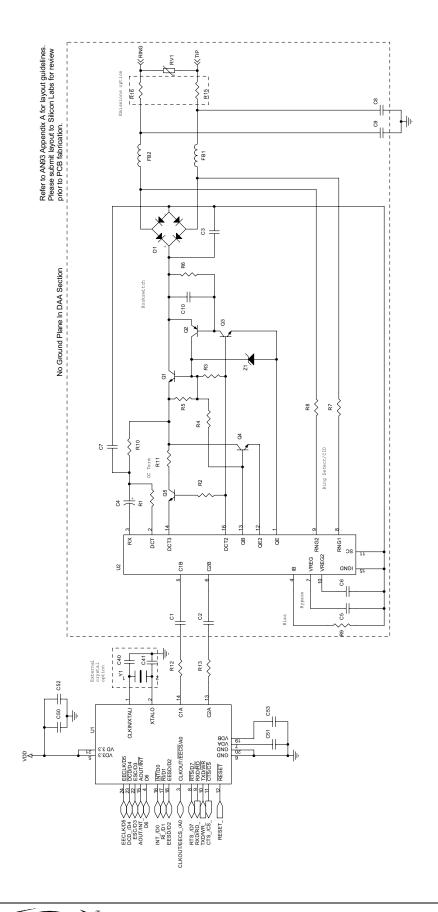


Figure 5. Typical Schematic with 16-pin System-Side Option









3. Bill of Materials: Si2457/34/15/04 Chipset

Component	Value	Supplier(s)
C1, C2	33 pF, Y2, X7R, ±20%	Panasonic, Murata, Vishay
C3	10 nF, 250 V, X7R, ±20%	Venkel, SMEC
C4	1.0 µF, 50 V, Elec/Tant, ±20%	Panasonic
C5, C6, C50, C52 ¹	0.1 μF, 16 V, X7R, ±20%	Venkel, SMEC
C7	2.7 nF, 50 V, X7R, ±20%	Venkel, SMEC
C8, C9	680 pF, Y2, X7R, ±10%	Panasonic, Murata, Vishay
C10	0.01 µF, 16 V, X7R, ±20%	Venkel, SMEC
C40, C41 ²	33 pF, 16 V, NPO, ±5%	Venkel, SMEC
C51, C53 ¹	0.22 μF, 16 V, X7R, ±20%	Venkel, SMEC
D1, D2 ³	Dual Diode, 225 mA, 300 V, CMPD2004S	Central Semiconductor
FB1, FB2	Ferrite Bead, BLM21AG601SN1	Murata
Q1, Q3	NPN, 300 V, MMBTA42	OnSemi, Fairchild
Q2	PNP, 300 V, MMBTA92	OnSemi, Fairchild
Q4, Q5	NPN, 80 V, 330 mW, MMBTA06	OnSemi, Fairchild
RV1	Sidactor, 275 V, 100 A	Teccor, Protek, ST Micro
R1	1.07 kΩ, 1/2 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R2	150 Ω, 1/16 W, 5%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R3	3.65 kΩ, 1/2 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R4	2.49 kΩ, 1/2 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R5, R6	100 kΩ, 1/16 W, 5%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R7, R8	20 MΩ, 1/16 W, 5%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R9	1 MΩ, 1/16 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R10	536 Ω, 1/4 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R11	73.2 Ω, 1/2 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R12, R13	56 Ω, 1/16 W, 1%	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
R15, R16 ⁴	0 Ω, 1/16 W	Venkel, SMEC, Panasonic
U1	Si2457/34/15/04	Silicon Labs
U2	Si3018/10	Silicon Labs
Y1 ^{2,5}	4.9152 MHz, 20 pF, 100 ppm, 150 Ω ESR	ECS Inc., Siward
Z1	Zener Diode, 43 V, 1/2 W, BZT84C43	On Semi

Notes:

1. C52 and C53 should not be populated with the Si2457/34/15/04 16-pin package option.

2. In STB applications, C40, C41, and Y1 can be removed by using the 27 MHz clock input feature.

- **3.** Several diode bridge configurations are acceptable. For example, a single DF04S or four 1N4004 diodes may be used.
- 4. Murata BLM21AG601SN1 may be substituted for R15–R16 (0 $\Omega)$ to decrease emissions.

5. To ensure compliance with ITU specifications, frequency tolerance must be less than 100 ppm including initial accuracy, 5-year aging, 0 to 70 °C, and capacitive loading. 50 ppm initial accuracy crystals typically satisfy this requirement.



ITU-T V.90 ¹ ITU-T V.90 ¹ ITU-T V.90 ¹ ITU-T V.90 ¹
ITU-T V.90 ¹ ITU-T V.90 ¹
ITU-T V.90 ¹
110-1 0.90
ITU-T V.90 ¹
ITU-T V.34 ²
ITU-T V.34 or V.32bis ³
ITU-T V.34 or V.32bis ³
ITU-T V.34, V.32bis, or V.29 ³
ITU-T V.34 or V.32bis ³
ITU-T V.34 or V.32bis ³
ITU-T V.34 or V.22bis ³
ITU-T V.22bis, V.23, or Bell 212A
ITU-T V.22
Bell 103
Solootable 8, 0, 10, or 11 bits par character
Selectable 8, 9, 10, or 11 bits per character

Table 7. Protocol Characteristics

Supported on Si2457 and Si2434 only.
 Supported on Si2457, Si2434, and Si2415 only.



Item	Specification
Compatibility	ITU-T V.90 ¹ , V.34 ² , V.32bis, V.32, V.23, V.22bis, V.22, V.21, Bell 212A, and Bell 103
Operating Mode	
Switched network	Two-wire full duplex
Data Modulation	
28 to 56 kbps ¹	V.90 as specified by ITU-T
2.4 to 33.6 kbps ²	V.34 as specified by ITU-T
14.4 kbps ³	128-level TCM/2400 Baud ±0.01%
12.0 kbps ³	64-level TCM/2400 Baud ±0.01%
9600 bps ³	32-level TCM/2400 Baud ±0.01%
9600 bps ³	16-level QAM/2400 Baud ±0.01%
9600 bps ³	V.29 QAM as specified by ITU-T
7200 bps ³	16-level TCM/2400 Baud ±0.01%
4800 bps ³	4-level QAM/2400 Baud ±0.01%
2400 bps	16-level QAM/600 Baud ±0.01%
1200 bps	4-level PSK/600 Baud ±0.01%
0 to 300 bps	FSK 0–300 Baud ±0.01%
Answer Tone	
ITU-T V.32bis, V.32, V.22bis, V.22, and	2100 Hz ±3 Hz
V.21 modes	
Bell 212A and 103 modes	2225 Hz ±3 Hz
Transmit Carrier	
V.90 ¹	As specified by ITU-T
V.34 ²	As specified by ITU-T
ITU-T V.32bis ³	1800 Hz ±0.01%
ITU-T V.32 ³	1800 Hz ±0.01%
ITU-T V.29 ³	1700 Hz±1 Hz
ITU-T V.22, V.22bis/Bell 212A	1200 Hz ±0.5 Hz
Originate mode	2400 Hz ±1 Hz
Answer mode	
ITU-T V.21	Mark (980 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (1180 Hz ±12 Hz)
Originate mode	Mark (1650 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (1850 Hz ±12 Hz)
Answer mode	
Bell 103	Mark (1270 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (1070 Hz ±12 Hz)
Originate mode	Mark (2225 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (2025 Hz ±12 Hz)
Answer mode	
Output Level	
Permissive—Switched network	–9 dBm maximum
 Notes: 1. Supported on Si2457 only. 2. Supported on Si2457 and Si2434 only. 3. Supported on Si2457, Si2434, and Si24 	15 only.

Table 7. Protocol Characteristics (Continued)



Item	Specification
Receive Carrier	
ITU-T V.90 ¹	As specified by ITU-T
ITU-T V.34 ²	As specified by ITU-T
ITU-T V.32bis ³	1800 Hz ±7 Hz
ITU-T V.32 ³	1800 Hz ±7 Hz
ITU-T V.29 ³	1700 Hz ±7 Hz
ITU-T V.22, V.22bis/Bell 212A	2400 Hz ±7 Hz
Originate mode	1200 Hz ±7 Hz
Answer mode	
ITU-T V.21	Mark (980 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (1180 Hz ±12 Hz)
Originate mode	Mark (1650 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (1850 Hz ±12 Hz)
Answer mode	
Bell 103	Mark (2225 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (2025 Hz ±12 Hz) Mark (1270 Hz ±12 Hz) Space (1070 Hz ±12 Hz)
Originate mode	$\frac{12}{12} + \frac{12}{12} + 12$
Answer mode	
Carrier Detect (level for ITU-T V.22bis,	Acquisition (–43 dBm)
V.22, V.21, 212, 103) in Switched Network	Release (–48 dBm)
Hysteresis	2 dBm minimum
	ho canceling protocols that use signal quality as criteria by detection to force disconnect.
DTE Interface	EIA/TIA-232-E (ITU-T V.24/V.28/ISO 2110)
Line Equalization	Automatic Adaptive
Connection Options	Loss of Carrier in ITU-T V.22bis and lower
Phone Types	500 (rotary dial), 2500 (DTMF dial)
Dialing	Pulse and Tone
DTMF Output Level	Per Part 68
Pulse Dial Ratio	Make/Break: 39/61%
Ring Cadence	On 2 seconds; Off 4 seconds
Call Progress Monitor	BUSY
	CONNECT (rate)
	NO ANSWER
	NO CARRIER
	NO DIALTONE
	OK
	RING
	RINGING

Table 7. Protocol Characteristics (Continued)

2. Supported on Si2457 and Si2434 only.

3. Supported on Si2457, Si2434, and Si2415 only.



4. Functional Description

The Si2457/34/15/04 ISOmodem[®] is a complete embedded modem chipset with integrated direct access arrangement (DAA) that provides a programmable line interface to meet global telephone line requirements. Available in two small packages, this solution includes a DSP data pump, modem controller, on-chip RAM and ROM, codec, DAA, analog output, and 27 MHz clock input.

The Si2457/34/15/04 accepts standard modem AT commands and provides connect rates up to 56/33.6/ 14.4/2.4 kbps full-duplex over the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). The Si2457/34/15/04 features a complete set of modem protocols including all ITU-T standard formats up to 56 kbps.

To provide the most flexibility, the Si2457/34/15/04 ISOmodem system-side device is offered in either a 24pin TSSOP or a 16-pin SOIC package. The 16-pin version is footprint-compatible with the Si2401 ISOmodem and is recommended for most applications. The 16-pin version does not support the parallel, EEPROM or voice codec interface. If these features are required, customers should use the 24-pin version.

The ISOmodem provides numerous additional features for embedded modem applications. The modem includes full type I and type II caller ID detection and decoding for global standards. Call progress monitoring is supported through standard result codes. The modem is also programmable to meet global settings. Because the Si2457/34/15/04 ISOmodem integrates the DAA, analog features, such as parallel phone detect, overcurrent detection, and global PTT compliance with a single design, are included.

This device is ideal for embedded modem applications due to its small board space, low power consumption, and global compliance. The Si2457/34/15/04 solution includes a silicon DAA using Silicon Laboratories' proprietary third-generation DAA technology. This highlyintegrated DAA can be programmed to meet worldwide PTT specifications for ac termination, dc termination, ringer impedance, and ringer threshold. In addition, the Si2457/34/15/04 has been designed to meet the most stringent worldwide requirements for out-of-band energy, billing-tone immunity, surge immunity, and safety requirements.

The Si2457/34/15/04 allows for rapid integration into existing modem applications by providing a serial interface that can directly communicate to either a microcontroller via a UART interface or a PC via an RS-232 port. This interface allows for PC evaluation of the modem immediately upon powerup via the AT commands using standard terminal software.

4.1. Serial Interface

The Si2457/34/15/04 supports asynchronous serial communication with data terminal equipment (DTE) at rates up to 307.2 kbps with the standard serial UART format. Upon powerup, the UART baud rate is automatically detected using the autobaud feature.

The serial interface also provides a hardware pin, DCD (data carrier detect), which remains low as long as the ISOmodem is connected.

The \overline{INT} interrupt pin can be programmed to alert the host of changes to the interrupts listed in I/O Control 0 (U70).

To ensure backward compatibility when using a 24-pin system side option, if a pulldown resistor $\leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ is placed between D2 (Si2457/34/15/04, pin 18) and GND (Si2457/34/15/04, pin 6), the DTE rate is set to a 19.2 kbps baud rate (see Table 8).

4.1.1. Autobaud

The Si2457/34/15/04 includes an automatic baud rate detection feature that allows the host to start transmitting data at any standard DTE rate from 300 bps to 307.2 kbps. This feature is enabled by default.

4.2. Parallel Interface (24-Pin Version Only)

The Si2457/34/15/04 digital I/O can communicate via a parallel interface. The parallel interface is an 8-bit data bus with a single bit address. Figure 3 on page 9 shows the required timing for the parallel interface.

If A0 = 0, the data bus represents a read/write to the "Parallel Interface 0 (0x00)" register on page page 64. If A0 = 1, the data bus represents a read/write to the "Parallel Interface 1 (0x01)" register on page page 65).

Selection of a serial or parallel I/O interface is determined by the state of AOUT/INT (Si2457/34/15/04, pin 15) during the rising edge of RESET. An internal pullup resistor forces the default state to serial mode operation. An external 10 k Ω pulldown resistor can be connected to AOUT/INT to force selection of parallel mode (see Table 8). Configuration of pins 3, 4, 8–11, 15–18, and 22–24 is determined by this interface selection.



Mode	Serial I/O	Parallel I/O
4.9152 MHz CLK	Default	Pin 15
27 MHz CLK	Pin 23	Pin 11, 15
Autobaud	Default	N/A
19.2 kbps DTE	Pin 18	
No EEPROM	Default	N/A
EEPROM	Pin 4	

Table 8. Pulldown Selector (24-Pin SSD)

Table 9. Pulldown Selector (16-Pin Version)

Mode	Serial I/O
4.9152 MHz CLK	Default
27 MHz CLK	Pin 15

4.3. Command Mode

Upon reset, the ISOmodem[®] is in command mode and accepts "AT" commands. An outgoing modem call can be made using the "ATDT#" (tone dial) or "ATDP#" (pulse dial) command after the device is configured. If the handshake is successful, the modem responds with the response codes detailed in Table 14 on page 36 and enters data mode.

4.4. Data Mode

The Si2457/34/15/04 ISOmodem is in data mode while it has a telephone line connection to another modem or is in the process of establishing a connection.

Data protocols are available to provide error correction to improve reliability (V.42 and MNP2-4) and data compression to increase throughput (V.42bis and MNP5).

Each connection between two modems in data mode begins with a handshaking sequence. During this sequence, the modems determine the line speed, data protocol, and related parameters for the data link. Configuration through AT commands determines the range of choices available to the modem during the negotiation process.

4.5. Fast Connect

The Si2457/34/15/04 supports a fast connect mode of operation to reduce the time of a connect sequence in originate mode. The Fast Connect modes can be enabled for V.21, V.22, Bell103, and V.29 modulations. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.

4.6. V.80 Synchronous Access Mode

The Si2457/34/15/04 supports a V.80 synchronous

access mode of operation, which operates with an asynchronous DTE and a synchronous DCE. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.

4.7. Clocking/Low Power Modes

The Si2457/34/15/04 contains an on-chip phase-locked loop (PLL) and clock generator. Using either a single crystal or master clock input, the Si2457/34/15/04 can generate all the internal clocks required to support the featured modem protocols. Either a 27 MHz or 4.9152 MHz clock (3.3 V max input-see Table 5 on page 7) on XTALI or a 4.9152 MHz crystal across XTALI and XTALO form the master clock (±100 ppm max) for the ISOmodem. This clock source is sent to an internal PLL that generates all necessary internal system clocks including the DSP clock. By default, the Si2457/34/15/ 04 assumes a 4.9152 MHz clock input. If a 27 MHz clock on XTALI is used with the serial (UART) interface, a pulldown resistor < 10 k Ω must be placed between DCD and GND. If a 27 MHz clock on XTALI is used with the parallel interface, a pulldown resistor \leq 10 k Ω must be placed between CTS/CS (pin 11) and GND and AOUT/INT and GND (see Tables 8 and 9).

Using the S24 S-register, the Si2457/34/15/04 can be set to automatically enter sleep mode after a preprogrammed time of inactivity with either the DTE or the remote modem. The sleep mode is entered after (S24) seconds have passed since the TX FIFO has been empty. The ISOmodem remains in the sleep state until either a 1 to 0 transition on TXD (serial mode) or a 1 to 0 transition on CS (parallel mode) occurs.

Additionally, the Si2457/34/15/04 may be placed in a complete powerdown mode or wake-on-ring mode. Complete powerdown is accomplished via U65[13] (PDN). Once the PDN bit is written, the Si2457/34/15/04 completely powers down and can only be powered back on via the RESET pin.

4.8. Data Compression

The modem can achieve DTE (host-to-ISOmodem) speeds greater than the maximum DCE (modem-to-modem) speed through the use of a data compression protocol. The compression protocols available are the ITU-T V.42bis and MNP5 protocols. Data compression attempts to increase throughput by compressing the data before actually sending it. Thus, the modem is able to transmit more data in a given period of time.

4.9. Error Correction

The Si2457/34/15/04 ISOmodem can employ error correction (reliable) protocols to ensure error-free delivery of asynchronous data sent between the host and the remote end. The Si2457/34/15/04 supports V.42



and MNP2-4 error correction protocols. V.42 (LAPM) is most commonly used and is enabled by default.

4.10. Wire Mode

Wire mode is used to communicate with standard nonerror correcting modems. When optioned with \N3, the Si2457/34/15/04 falls back to wire mode if it fails in an attempt to negotiate a V.42 link with the remote modem. Error correction and data compression are not active in wire mode.

4.11. Caller ID Operation

The Si2457/34/15/04 supports full type I and type II caller ID detection and decode. Caller ID is supported for the US Bellcore, European ETSI, UK, and Japanese protocols and is enabled via the +VCID, +VCDT, and +PCW commands.

4.12. Parallel Phone Detection

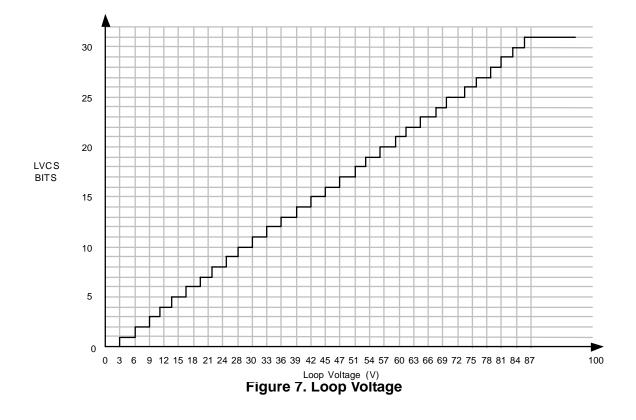
4.12.1. On-Hook Line-in-use Detection

The ISOmodem[®] is able to detect when another telephone, modem, or other device is using the phone line. This allows the host to avoid interrupting another phone call when the phone line is already in use and to intelligently handle an interruption when the ISOmodem is using the phone line.

When the ISOmodem is sharing the telephone line with other devices, it is important that it not interrupt a call in progress. To detect whether another device is using the shared telephone line, the host can use the ISOmodem to monitor the TIP-RING dc voltage with the line voltage sense (LVS) register (U6C, bits 15:8). The LVS bits have a resolution of 1 V per bit with an accuracy of approximately $\pm 10\%$. Bits 0 through 6 of this 8-bit signed twos complement number indicate the value of the line voltage, and the sign bit (bit 7) indicates the polarity of TIP and RING. The ISOmodem can also monitor the TIP-RING dc voltage using the LVCS register (U79, bits 4:0). See Figure 7 on page 18. See also the %Vn commands for automatic line-in-use detection.

4.12.2. Off-Hook Intrusion Detection

When the ISOmodem is off-hook, an algorithm is implemented in the ISOmodem to automatically monitor the TIP-RING loop current via the LVCS register. During the off-hook state, the LVCS register switches from representing the TIP-RING voltage to representing the TIP-RING current. See Figure 8 on page 19. Upon detecting an intrusion, the ISOmodem alerts the host of the condition via the INT pin.





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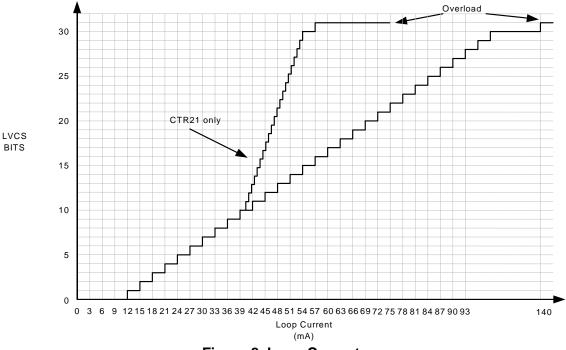


Figure 8. Loop Current

4.13. Overcurrent Detection

The Si2457/34/15/04 includes an overcurrent detection feature that measures the loop current at a programmable time after the Si2457/34/15/04 goes off-hook. This allows the Si2457/34/15/04 to detect if it is connected to an improper telephone line. The overcurrent detection feature may be enabled by setting the OCDM bit (U70, bit 11). OHT (U77, bits 8:0) sets the delay after off-hook until the loop current is measured. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.

4.14. Global Operation

The Si2457/34/15/04 chipset contains an integrated silicon direct access arrangement (Silicon DAA) that provides a programmable line interface to meet international telephone line interface requirements. "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" gives the DAA register settings required to meet international PTT standards.

Additionally, the user-access registers (via the AT:U and AT:R commands) may be programmed for country-specific settings, such as dial tone, ring, ringback, and busy tone. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.

4.15. Firmware Upgrades

The Si2457/34/15/04 contains an on-chip program ROM that includes the firmware required for the features listed in this data sheet. In addition, the Si2457/34/15/04 contains on-chip program RAM to accommodate minor changes to the ROM firmware. This allows Silicon Labs to provide future firmware updates to optimize the characteristics of new modem designs and those already deployed in the field. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.

4.16. SMS / MMS Support

The Si2457/34/15/04 supports V.23 half-duplex modulation. This modulation provides the low-level functionality needed for SMS and MMS protocols. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.

4.17. Codec Interface (24-Pin Version Only)

In order to support a full range of voice and data applications, the Si2457/34/15/04 includes an optional serial interface that connects to an external voice codec (Si3000). See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.



4.18. EEPROM Interface (24-Pin Version Only)

The Si2457/34/15/04 supports an optional serial peripheral interface (SPI) bus serial EEPROM Mode 3 with a 16-bit (8–64 kbit range) address. Upon powerup, if a pulldown resistor $\leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ is placed between D6 (Si2457, pin 4) and GND (see Table 8), the ISOmodem attempts to detect an EEPROM. The EEPROM is intended first for setting custom defaults, second for automatically loading firmware upgrades, and third to allow for user-defined AT command macros for use in custom AT commands or country codes. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.

4.19. AT Commands

At powerup, the Si2457/34/15/04 is in the AT command mode. In command mode, the modem monitors the input (serial or parallel) checking constantly for a valid command (AT commands are described in Table 10.)



Command	Action	
\$	Display AT command mode settings.	
A	Answer incoming call	
A/	Re-execute last command. This is the only command not preceded by "AT" or followed by a <cr>.</cr>	
Dn	Dial The dial command, followed number:	by 1 or more dial command modifiers, manually dials a phone
	Modifier	Function
	! or &	Flash hook switch for FHT (U4F) ms (default: 500 ms)
	, or <	Pause before continuing for S8 seconds (default: 2 seconds)
	;	Return to AT command mode
	@	Wait for silence.
	G	Polarity reversal detect. By placing the "G" character in the dial string (i.e. ATDTG1), the Si2457/34/15/04 will monitor the telephone line for polarity reversals. If a busy tone is detected, the Si2457/34/15/04 will report "POLARITY REVERSAL" if a polarity reversal was detected or "NO POLARITY REVERSAL" if a polarity reversal was not detected. In each case, the result code is followed by "OK". If the S7 timeout occurs before a busy tone is detected, the Si2457/34/15/04 will report "NO CARRIER". Polarity reversal monitoring begins after the last digit is dialed and ends when the busy tone is detected or S7 timeout occurs. Note: It is not possible to establish a modem connection when using this command.
	L	Redial last number.
	Р	Pulse (rotary) dialing—pulse digits: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
	Т	Tone (DTMF) dialing—DTMF digits: *, #, A, B, C, D, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.
	W	Wait for dial tone before continuing for S14 seconds (default: 12 seconds). Blind dialing modes X0, X1 and X3 do not affect the W command.
		If the DOP bit (U7A, bit 7) is set, the "ATDTW" com- mand will cause the ISOmodem® to pause dialing and either report an "OK" if a dialtone is detected or "NO DIALTONE" if a dial tone is not detected.
En	Local DTE echo	
EO	Disable	
E0 E1	Enable	
E1 Hn	Hook switch.	
	Go on-hook (hang up moden	2)
HO	Co on-nook (nang up model	η.

Table 10. Basic AT Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold)



Table 10. Basic AT Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold) (Continued)	
Command	Action

H1	Go off-hook.
In	Identification and checksum.
10	Display Si2457/34/15/04 revision code.
	B: Revision B
	C: Revision C, etc.
11	Display Si2457/34/15/04 firmware revision code (numeric).
13	Display line-side revision code. 18C = Si3018 revision C
16	Display the ISOmodem® model number.
	"2404" = Si2404
	"2415" = Si2415 "2434" = Si2434
	$(2454)^2 = 512454$ $(2457)^2 = 512457$
17	Diagnostic results 1. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.
18	Diagnostic results 2. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.
Ln	Speaker volume operation
L1	Low speaker volume
L2	Medium speaker volume
L3	High speaker volume
Mn	Speaker operation (via AOUT).
MO	Speaker is always off.
M1	Speaker is on while dialing and handshaking; off in data mode.
M2	Speaker is always on.
М3	Speaker is off while dialing, on during handshaking and retraining.
On	Return to data mode from Command mode operation.
O0	Return to data mode.
01	Return to data mode and perform a full retrain (at any speed except 300 bps).
02	Return to data mode and perform rate renegotiation.
Qn	Response mode.
Q0	Enable result codes (see Table 14 on page 36)
Q1	Disable result codes (enable quiet mode).
R	Initiate V.23 reversal.
Sn	S-register operation (see Table 15 on page 39).
S\$	List contents of all S registers.
Sn?	Display contents of S-register n.
Sn=x	Set S-register n to value x (where n and x are decimal values).
Vn	Result code type (see Table 14 on page 36).
V0	Numeric result codes.
V1	Verbal result codes



Command	Action
Xn	Call Progress Monitor (CPM)—This command controls which CPM signals are monitored and reported to the host from the Si2457/34/15/04. (See Table 14 on page 36.)
Х0	Basic results; disable CPM—Blind dial (does not wait for dial tone). CONNECT message does not include speed.
X1	Extended results; disable CPM—Blind dial. CONNECT message includes speed.
X2	Extended results and detect dial tone only—Add dial tone detection to X1 mode. Does not blind dial.
X3	Extended results and detect busy only—Add busy tone detection to X1 mode.
X4	Extended results, full CPM—Full CPM enabled, CONNECT message includes speed.
X5	Extended results—Full CPM enabled including ringback detection. Adds ringback detection to X4 mode.
Yn	Long space disconnect—Modem hangs up after 1.5 seconds or more of continuous space while on-line.
Y0	Disable.
Y1	Enable.
Z	Hard Reset—This command is functionally equivalent to pulsing the RESET pin low. (See t_{AT} in Table 6 on page 7.)
:E	Read from serial EEPROM.
:1	Interrupt Read—This command causes the ISOmodem® to report the lower 8 bits of the interrupt register I/O Control 0 (U70). The CID, OCD, PPD, and RI bits also are cleared, and the INT pin (INT bit in parallel mode) is deactivated on this read.
:M	Write to serial EEPROM.
:P	Program RAM Write—This command is used to upload firmware supplied by Silicon Labs to the Si2457/34/15/04. The format for this command is AT:Paaaa,xxxx,yyyy, where aaaa is the first address in hexadecimal and xxxx,yyyy, is data in hexadecimal. Only one :P command is allowed per AT command line. No other commands can be concatenated in the :P command line. This command is <i>only</i> for use with special files provided by Silicon Laboratories. Do not attempt to use this command for any other purpose.
:R	User-Access Register Read—This command allows the user to read from the user-access registers. (See pages page 42–page 60.) The format is "AT:Raa", where aa = user-access address in hexadecimal. The "AT:R" command causes all the U- registers to be displayed.
:U	User-Access Register Write—This command allows the user to write to the 16-bit user- access registers. (See page page 42.) The format is "AT:Uaa,xxxx,yyyy,zzzz," where aa = user-access address in hexadecimal. xxxx = Data in hexadecimal to be written to location aa. yyyy = Data in hexadecimal to be written to location (aa + 1). zzzz = Data in hexadecimal to be written to location (aa + 2). etc.



Command	Action
+DR=X	Data compression reporting. X Mode 0 Disabled 1 Enabled If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point after error control negotia- tion. The format of this result code is as follows: Result code Mode +DR:NONE Data compression is not in use +DR:V42B Rec. V.42bis is in use in both directions +DR:V42B RD Rec. V.42bis is in use in receive direction only +DR:V42B TD Rec. V.42bis is in use in transmit directions only
+DS Options +DS = A +DS = A,B +DS = A,B,C +DS = A,B,C,D	Controls V.42bis data compression function. A Direction 0 No compression 1 Transmit only 2 Receive only 3 Both Directions B Compression_negotiation 0 Do not disconnect if V.42 is not negotiated. 1 Disconnect is V.42 is not negotiated. 2 D Maximum string size 6 to 250 (28 default)
+ES Options +ES = A +ES = A,,C	 Enable synchronous access mode. A Specifies the mode of operation when initiating a modem connection. D Disable synchronous access mode. 6 Enable synchronous access mode when connection is completed and data state is entered. B Specifies fallback mode of operation. This parameter should not be used. C Specifies the mode of operation when answer a modem connection. D Disable synchronous access mode. 8 Enable synchronous access mode. 8 Enable synchronous access mode. 9 Enable synchronous access mode.

Table 10. Basic AT Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold) (Continued)



Command	Action	
+ESA Options	Synchronous access mode control options	
+ESA = A	A Specifies action taken if an underrun condition occurs during transparent sub-mode.	
+ESA = A +ESA = A,B	0 Modem transmits 8-bit SYN sequences on idle.	
+ESA = A,B +ESA = A,B,C	B Specifies action taken if an underrun condition occurs after a flag during framed sub-	
	mode	
+ESA = A,B,C,E	0 Modem transmits 8-bit HDLC flags on idle.	
+ESA = A,B,C,E,F	C Specifies action taken if an underrun or overrun condition occurs after a non-flag during	
+ESA = A,B,C,E,F,G	framed sub-mode.	
	0 Modem transmits abort on underrun in middle of frame.	
	1 Modem transmits flag on underrun in middle of frame and notifies host of underrun	
	or	
	overrun.	
	D Specifies V.34 half duplex operation.	
	This parameter should not be used.	
	E Specifies CRC polynomial used while in framed sub-mode.	
	0 CRC generation checking disable.	
	1 16-bit CRC generation and checking is performed by the modem.	
	F Specifies NRZI encoding and decoding.	
	0 NRZI encoding and decoding disabled.	
	G Specifies SYN.	
	255	
+FCLASS = X	Class 1 Mode Enable for V.29 fast connect.	
	X Mode	
	0 Off	
	1 Enables support for Class 1 mode for use in the V.29 fast connect mode.	
+FRM = X	Class 1 Receive Carrier for V.29 fast connect.	
	X Mode 2 Transmit V.21 (980 Hz) tone for longer than 100 ms, then send answer tone	
	(2100/2225 Hz) for 200 ms.	
	95 V.29 short synchronous.	
	96 V.29 full synchronous.	
+FTM = X	Class 1 Transmit Carrier for V.29 fast connect.	
	X Mode 2 Transmit V.21 (980 Hz) tone.	
	2 Transmit V.21 (980 Hz) tone.	
	53 Same as &T4, but transmit V.29 7200 bps. Data pattern set by S40 register. AT +	
	FCLASS = 0 must be sent to restore the ISOmodem® to normal operation after	
	test.	
	54 Same as &T4, but transmit V.29 9600 bps. Data pattern set by S40 register. AT +	
	FCLASS = 0 must be sent to restore the ISOmodem to normal operation after test.	
	95 V.29 short synchronous.	
	96 V.29 full synchronous.	



Command	Action
+GCI = X	Country settings - Automatically configure all registers for a particular country.
	<u>X</u> <u>Country</u>
	0 Japan
	9 Australia
	A Austria
	F Belgium
	16 Brazil
	1B Bulgaria
	20 Canada
	26 China
	27 Columbia
	2E Czech Republic
	31 Denmark
	35 Ecuador
	3C Finland
	3D France
	42 Germany
	46 Greece
	50 Hong Kong
	51 Hungary
	53 India
	57 Ireland
	58 Israel
	59 Italy
	61 South Korea
	69 Luxembourg
	6C Malaysia
	73 Mexico
	7B Netherlands
	7E New Zealand
	82 Norway
	87 Paraguay
	89 Philippines
	8A Poland
	8B Portugal
	9C Singapore
	9F South Africa
	A0 Spain
	A5 Sweden
	A6 Switzerland
	B8 Russia
	B4 United Kingdom
	B5 United States
	FE Taiwan
	Note: U-registers are configured to Silicon Laboratories' recommended values. The +GCI command
	resets the U-registers and the S7 and S6 S-registers to default values before setting country-
	specific values. Changes may be made by writing individual registers after sending the AT+GC
+GCI?	command. Refer to "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details. List current country code setting (response is: + GCI: <setting>)</setting>
+GCI = ?	List all possible country code settings.



Command	Action	
+IFC Options	Specifies the flow control to be implemented.	
+IFC = A	A Specifies the flow control method used by the host to control data from the modem	
+IFC = A,B	0 None	
- ,	1 Local XON/OFF flow control. Does not pass XON/XOFF character to the remote	
	modem.	
	2 Hardware flow control (RTS)	
	B Specifies the flow control method used by the modem to control data from the host	
	0 None	
	1 Local XON/OFF flow control.	
	2 Hardware flow control (CTS).	
+ITF Options	Transmit flow control threshold.	
+ITF = A	A Threshold above which the modem will generate a flow off signal	
+ITF = A,B	<0 to 511> bytes	
+ITF = A,B,C	B Threshold below which the modem will generate a flow on signal	
	<0 to 511> bytes	
	C Polling interval for <bnum> indicator</bnum>	
	0 to 300 in 10 msec units.	
+MR = X	Modulation reporting control.	
	X Mode	
	0 Disabled	
	1 Enabled	
	If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during connect negotiation.	
	The format of this result code is as follows:	
	+MCR: <carrier> e.g. +MCR: V32B</carrier>	
	+MRR: <rate> e.g. +MRR: 14400</rate>	
+MS Options	Modulation Selection.	
+MS = A	A Preferred modem carrier	
+MS = A,B	V21 ITU-T V.21	
+MS = A,B,C	V22 ITU-T V.22	
+MS = A,B,C,D	V22B ITU-T V.22bis (default for Si2404)	
+MS = A,B,C,D,E	V32 ITU-T V.32	
+MS = A,B,C,D,E,F	V32B ITU-T V.32bis (default for Si2415)	
	V34 ITU-T V.34 (default for Si2434)	
	V90 ITU-T V.90 (default for Si2457)	
	B Automatic modulation negotiation	
	0 Disabled	
	1 Enabled	
	C,D Min TX rate/Max TX rate are optional numeric values that specify the lowest value	
	at which the DCE may establish a connection. If unspecified (set to 0), they are	
	determined by the carrier and automode settings.	
	E,F Min RX rate/Max RX rate are optional numeric values which specify the highest value at which the DCE may establish a connection. If unspecified (set to 0), they	
	are determined by the carrier and automode settings.	



Command	Action
+PCW = X	Controls the action to be taken upon detection of call waiting.
	X Mode
	0 Toggle RI and collect type II Caller ID if enabled by +VCID.
	1 Hang up.
	2 Ignore call waiting.
+VCDT = X	Caller ID Type.
	X Mode
	0 After ring only
	1 Always on
	2 UK
	3 Japan
+VCID = X	Caller ID Enable.
	X Mode
	0 Off
	1 On—formatted
	2 On—raw data format
+VCIDR?	Type II caller ID information — The Si2493 will display "+VCDIR:" followed by raw caller ID information including checksum.



4.20. Extended AT Commands

The extended AT commands are supported by the Si2457/34/15/04 and are described in Tables 11 through 13.

Command	Action					
&\$	Display AT& current settings.					
&D0	ESC is not used					
&D1	ESC escapes to command mode from data mode if also enabled by HES U70, bit 15.					
&D2	ESC assertion during a modem connection causes the modem to go on-hook and return to command mode.					
&D3	ESC assertion causes ATZ command (reset and return OK result code).					
&F	Restore factory default settings.					
&Gn	Line connection rate limit—This command sets an upper limit on the line speed that the Si2457/34/ 15/04 can connect. Note that the &Hn commands may limit the line speed as well (&Gn not used for &H0 or &H1). Not all modulations support rates given by &G. Any improper setting will be ignored.					
&G3	1200 bps max					
&G4	2400 bps max (default for Si2404)					
&G5	4.8 kbps max					
&G6	7.2 kbps max					
&G7	9.6 kbps max					
&G8	12 kbps max					
&G9	14.4 kbps max (default for Si2415)					
&G10	16.8 kbps max					
&G11	19.2 kbps max					
&G12	21.6 kbps max					
&G13	24 kbps max					
&G14	26.4 kbps max					
&G15	28.8 kbps max					
&G16	31.2 kbps max					
&G17	33.6 kbps max (default for Si2457 and Si2434)					
&Hn	Switched network handshake mode—&Hn commands must be on a separate command line from ATD, ATA, or ATO commands.					
&H0	V.90 with automatic fallback (56 kbps to 300 bps) (default for Si2457)					
&H1	V.90 only (56 kbps to 28 kbps)					
&H2	V.34 with automatic fallback (33.6 kbps to 300 bps) (default for Si2434)					
&H3	V.34 only (33.6 kbps to 2400 bps)					

Table 11. Extended AT& Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold)



Command	Action						
&H4	ITU-T V.32bis with automatic fallback (14.4 kbps to 300 bps) (default for Si2415)						
&H5	ITU-T V.32bis only (14.4 kbps to 4800 bps)						
&H6	ITU-T V.22bis only (2400 bps or 1200 bps)						
&H7	ITU-T V.22 only (1200 bps)						
&H8	Bell 212 only (1200 bps)						
&H9	Bell 103 only (300 bps)						
&H10	ITU-T V.21 only (300 bps)						
&H11	V.23 (1200/75 bps)						
&Pn	Japan pulse dialing						
&P0	Configure Si2457/34/15/04 for 10 pulse-per-second pulse dialing. For Japan.						
&P1	Configure Si2457/34/15/04 for 20 pulse-per-second pulse dialing. For Japan.						
&Tn	Test mode						
&T0	Cancel test mode (Escape to command mode to issue AT&T0). This command will also report the number of bit errors encountered on the previous &T4 or &T5 test.						
&T2	Initiate ITU-T V.54 (ANALOOP) test. Modulation set by &H AT command. Test loop is through the DSP (Si2457/34/15/04 device) only. ISOmodem® echoes data from TX pin (Register 0 in parallel mode) back to RX pin (Register 0 in parallel mode).						
&T3	Initiate ITU-T V.54 (ANALOOP) test. Modulation set by &H AT command. Test loop is through the DSP (Si2457/34/15/04), DAA interface section (Si2457/34/15/04), DAA interface (Si3018), and analog hybrid circuit (Si3018). ISOmodem echoes data from TX pin (Register 0 in parallel mode) back to RX pin (Register 0 in parallel mode). Phone line termination required as in Figure 1. To test only the link operation, the hybrid and AFE codec can be removed from the test loop by setting the DL bit (U62, bit 1).						
&T4	Initiate transmit as originating modem with automatic data generation. Modulation, data rate, and symbol rate are set by &H, &G, and S41. Data pattern is set by the S40 register. Continues until the ATH command is sent after an escape into command mode. Data is also demodulated as in ANALOOP, and any bit errors are counted to be displayed after the test using &T0.						
&T5	Initiate transmit as answering modem with automatic data generation. Modulation, data rate, and symbol rate are set by &H, &G, and S41. Data pattern is set by the S40 register. Continues until t ATH command is sent after an escape into command mode. Data is also demodulated as in ANALOOP, and any bit errors are counted to be displayed after the test using &T0.						
&T6	Compute checksum for firmware-upgradeable section of program memory. If no firmware upgrade is installed, &T6 returns 0x4474.						
&Xn	Automatic determination of telephone line type.						
&X0	Abort &x1 or &x2 command.						

Table 11. Extended AT& Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold) (Continued)



Command	Action						
&X1	Automatic determination of telephone line type.						
	Result code: WXYZn						
	W: 0 = line supports DTMF dialing.						
	1 = line is pulse dial only.						
	X: 0 = line supports 20 pps dialing.						
	1 = line supports 10 pps dialing only.						
	Y: 0 = extension network present (PBX).						
	1 = outside line (PSTN) connected directly.						
	Z: 0 = continuous dialtone.						
	1 = make-break dialtone.						
	n: $0-9$ (number required for outside line if Y = 0).						
	Note: The initial number attempted for an outside line is controlled in S51.						
&X2	Same as &X1, but Y result (PBX) is not tested.						
* Y2A	Produce a constant answer tone (ITU-T) and return to command mode. The answer tone continues until the ATH command is received or the S7 timer expires.						
&Z	Enter low-power wake-on-ring mode.						

Table 11. Extended AT& Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold) (Continued)

Table 12. Extended AT% Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold)

Command	Action					
%\$	Display AT% command settings.					
%В	Report blacklist. See also S42 register.					
%Cn	ata compression					
%C0	Disable V.42bis and MNP5 data compression					
%C1	Enable V.42bis in transmit and receive paths. If MNP is selected (\N2), then %C1 enables MNP5 in transmit and receive paths.					
%C2	Enable V.42bis in transmit path only.					
%C3	Enable V.42bis in receive path only.					
%On	Answer mode.					
%O1	Si2457/34/15/04 will auto-answer a call in answer mode.					
%O2	Si2457/34/15/04 will auto-answer a call in originate mode.					
%Vn	Automatic Line Status Detection. After the %V1 and %V2 commands are issued, the Si2457/34/15/04 will automatically check the telephone connection for whether or not a line is present. If a line is present, the Si2457/34/15/04 will automatically check if the line is already in use. Finally, the Si2457/34/15/04 will check line status both before going off-hook and again before dialing. %V1 uses the fixed method, and %V2 uses the adaptive method. %V0 (default) disables this feature.					
%V0	Disable automatic line-in-use detection.					



Command	Action					
%V1	Automatic Line Status Detection—Fixed Method. Description: Before going off-hook with the ATD, ATO, or ATA commands, the Si2457/34/15/04 com- pares the line voltage (via LVCS) to registers NOLN (U83) and LIUS (U84):					
	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$					
	Once the call has begun, the off-hook intrusion algorithm (described in "4.12.2. Off-Hook Intrusion Detection" on page 18) operates normally. In addition, the Si2457/34/15/04 will report "NO LINE" if the telephone line is completely disconnected. If the HOI bit (U77, bit 11) is set, "LINE IN USE" is reported upon intrusion.					
%V2	Automatic Line Status Detection—Adaptive Method.Description: Before going off-hook with the ATD, ATO, or ATA commands, the Si2457/34/15/04 compares the line voltage (via LVCS) to the NLIU (U85) register:Loop VoltageAction $0 \le LVCS \le (0.0625 \times NLIU)$ Report "NO LINE" and remain on-hook. $(0.0625 \times NLIU) < LVCS \le (0.85 \times NLIU)$ Report "LINE IN USE" and remain on-hook. $(0.85 \times NLIU) < LVCS \le (0.85 \times NLIU)$ Go off-hook and establish a modem connection.The NLIU register is updated every 1 ms with the minimum non-zero value of LVCS in the last30 ms. This allows the Si2457/34/15/04 to eliminate errors due to 50/60 Hz interference and alsoadapt to relatively slow change in the on-hook dc reference value on the telephone line. This algorithm does not allow any non-zero values for NLIU below 0x0007. The host may also initialize NLIUprior to issuing the %V2 command. Once the call has begun, the off-hook intrusion algorithm(described in "4.12.2. Off-Hook Intrusion Detection" on page 18) operates normally. In addition, theSi2457/34/15/04 will report "NO LINE" is reported upon intrusion.					



Command	Action					
\\$	Display AT\ command settings.					
\Bn	Character length will be automatically set in autobaud mode					
\B0	6N1—six data bits, no parity, one stop bit, one start bit, eight bits total (\N0 only) ¹					
\B1	7N1—seven data bits, no parity, one stop bit, one start bit, nine bits total (\N0 only) ¹					
\B2	7P1—seven data bits, parity optioned by \P, one stop bit, one start bit, 10 bits total					
\B3	8N1—eight data bits, no parity, one stop bit, one start bit, 10 bits total					
\B5	8P1—eight data bits, parity optioned by \P, one stop bit, one start bit, 11 bits total (\N0 only)					
\B6	8X1—eight data bits, one escape bit, one stop bit, one start bit, 11 bits total (enables ninth-bit escape mode)					
\Nn	Asynchronous protocol					
\N0	Wire mode (no error correction, no compression)					
\N2	MNP reliable mode. The Si2457/34/15/04 attempts to connect with the MNP protocol. If unsuccess ful, the call is dropped.					
\N3	V.42 auto-reliable—The Si2457/34/15/04 attempts to connect with the V.42 protocol. If unsuccessful, the MNP protocol is attempted. If unsuccessful, wire mode is attempted.					
\N4	V.42 (LAPM) reliable mode (or drop call)—Same as \N3 except that the Si2457/34/15/04 drops th call instead of connecting in MNP or wire mode.					
\N5	V.42 and MNP reliable mode—The Si2457/34/15/04 attempts to connect with V.42. If unsuccessful MNP is attempted. If MNP us unsuccessful, the call is dropped.					
∖Pn	Parity type will be automatically set in autobaud mode					
\P0	Even					
\P1	Space ¹					
\P2	Odd					
\P3	Mark ¹					
\Qn	Modem-to-DTE flow control					
\Q0	Disable all flow control—This may only be used if the DTE speed and the VF speed are guarantee to match throughout the call.					
\Q2	Use CTS only					

Table 13. Extended AT\ Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold)

forced by sending AT\T17\B1. 2. The autobaud feature does not detect this rate.



detected. This is compatible with seven data bits, no parity, two stop bits. Seven data bits, no parity, one stop bit may be

Command	Action						
\Q3	Use RTS/CTS						
\Q4	Use XON/XOFF flow control for modem-to-DTE interface. Does not enable modem-to-modem flow control.						
\Tn	DTE rate—Change DTE rate. When the Si2457/34/15/04 is configured in autobaud mode (default) \T0 through \T15 will lock the new baud rate and disable autobaud. On the 24-pin version, the ISO modem® is not in autobaud mode (pin 18 low on powerup), the result code "OK" is sent at the old DTE rate. Subsequent commands must be sent at the new rate.						
\T0	300 bps						
\T1	600 bps						
\T2	1200 bps						
\T3	2400 bps						
\T4	4800 bps						
\T5	7200 bps						
\T6	9600 bps						
\T7	12.0 kbps ²						
\T8	14.4 kbps						
\T9	19.2 kbps						
\T10	38.4 kbps						
\T11	57.6 kbps						
\T12	115.2 kbps						
\T13	230.4 kbps						
\T14	245.760 kbps ²						
\T15	307.200 kbps						
\T16	Autobaud on						
\T17	Autobaud off; lock at current baud rate.						
\U	Serial mode—causes a low pulse (25 ms) on \overline{RI} and \overline{DCD} . \overline{INT} to be the inverse of ESC. \overline{RTS} to be inverse of \overline{CTS} . Parallel mode—causes a low pulse (25 ms) on \overline{INT} . This command terminates with a \overline{RESET} .						

Table 13. Extended AT\ Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold) (Continued)

forced by sending AT\T17\B1. 2. The autobaud feature does not detect this rate.



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Table 13. Extended AT\ Command Set (Command Defaults in Bold) (Continued)

Command	Action					
\Vn	Connect message type					
\V0	eport connect message and protocol message					
\V2	Report connect message only (exclude protocol message)					
\V4	Report connect and protocol message with both upstream and downstream connect rates.					
Notes: 1. When i	in autobaud mode, \B0, \B1, and \P1 will not be detected automatically. The combination of \B2 and \P3 will be					

1. When in autobaud mode, \B0, \B1, and \P1 will not be detected automatically. The combination of \B2 and \P3 will be detected. This is compatible with seven data bits, no parity, two stop bits. Seven data bits, no parity, one stop bit may be forced by sending AT\T17\B1.

2. The autobaud feature does not detect this rate.



Numeric	Meaning	Verbal Response	X0	X1	X2	X3	X4	X5
0	Command was successful	ОК	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
1	Link established at 300 bps or higher	CONNECT	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
2	Incoming ring detected	RING	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
3	Link dropped	NO CARRIER	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
4	Command failed	ERROR	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
5	Link establish at 1200	CONNECT 1200		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
6	Dial tone not present	NO DIALTONE			Х		Х	Х
7	Line busy	BUSY				Х	Х	Х
8	Remote not answering	NO ANSWER	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
9	Ringback detected	RINGING						Х
10	Link established at 2400	CONNECT 2400		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11	Link established at 4800	CONNECT 4800 ¹		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
12	Link established at 9600	CONNECT 9600 ¹		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
14	Link established at 19200	CONNECT 19200 ¹		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
15	Link established at 7200	CONNECT 7200 ¹		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
16	Link established at 12000	CONNECT 12000 ¹		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
17	Link established at 14400	CONNECT 14400 ¹		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
18	Link established at 16800	CONNECT 16800 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
19	Link established at 21600	CONNECT 21600 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
20	Link established at 24000	CONNECT 24000 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
21	Link established at 26400	CONNECT 26400 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
22	Link established at 28800	CONNECT 28800 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
23	Link established at 31200	CONNECT 31200 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
24	Link established at 33600	CONNECT 33600 ²		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
30	Caller ID mark detected	CIDM	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
31	Hookswitch flash detected	FLASH	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
32	UK CID State Tone Alert Signal detected	STAS	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
33	Overcurrent condition	X ²	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
40	Blacklist is full	BLACKLIST FULL (enabled via S42 register)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
41	Attempted number is black- listed.	BLACKLISTED (enabled via S42 register)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
42	No phone line present	NO LINE (enabled via %Vn commands)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Table 14. Result Codes

Notes:

1. This message is only supported on the Si2457, Si2434, and Si2415.

2. This message is only supported on the Si2457 and Si2434.

3. X is the only verbal response code that does not follow the <CR><LF>Result Code<CR><LF> standard. There is no leading <CR><LF>.

4. This message is only supported on the Si2457.



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Numeric	Meaning	Verbal Response	X0	X1	X2	Х3	X4	X5		
43	Telephone line is in use	LINE IN USE (enabled via %Vn commands)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
44	A polarity reversal was detected	POLARITY REVERSAL (enabled via G modifier)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
45	A polarity reversal was NOT detected	NO POLARITY REVERSAL (enabled via G modifier)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
52	Link established at 56000	CONNECT 56000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
60	Link established at 32000	CONNECT 32000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
61	Link established at 48000	CONNECT 48000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
63	Link established at 28000	CONNECT 28000 ⁴				Х	Х	Х		
64	Link established at 29333	CONNECT 29333 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
65	Link established at 30666	CONNECT 30666 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
66	Link established at 33333	CONNECT 33333 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
67	Link established at 34666	CONNECT 34666 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
68	Link established at 36000	CONNECT 36000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
69	Link established at 37333	CONNECT 37333 ⁴	X X X X							
70	No protocol	PROTOCOL: NONE	Set with \V0 command.							
75	Link established at 75	CONNECT 75		Х	Х	Х	Х			
77	V.42 protocol	PROTOCOL: V42	Set with \V0 command.							
79	V.42bis protocol	PROTOCOL: V42bis	Set with \V0 command.							
80	MNP2 protocol	PROTOCOL: ALTERNATE, + CLASS 2		Set	with \V	comm	and.			
81	MNP3 protocol	PROTOCOL: ALTERNATE, + CLASS 3		Set	with \V	comm	and.			
82	MNP4 protocol	PROTOCOL: ALTERNATE, + CLASS 4		Set	with \V	comm	and.			
83	MNP5 protocol	PROTOCOL: ALTERNATE, + CLASS 5		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
90	Link established at 38666	CONNECT 38666 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
91	Link established at 40000	CONNECT 40000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
92	Link established at 41333	CONNECT 41333 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
93	Link established at 42666	CONNECT 42666 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
94	Link established at 44000	CONNECT 44000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
95	Link established at 45333	CONNECT 45333 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
96	Link established at 46666	CONNECT 46666 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
97	Link established at 49333	CONNECT 49333 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
98	Link established at 50666		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Notes:	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		

Table 14. Result Codes (Continued)

Notes:

1. This message is only supported on the Si2457, Si2434, and Si2415.

2. This message is only supported on the Si2457 and Si2434.

3. X is the only verbal response code that does not follow the <CR><LF>Result Code<CR><LF> standard. There is no leading <CR><LF>.

4. This message is only supported on the Si2457.



Numeric	Meaning	Verbal Response	X0	X1	X2	Х3	X4	X5					
99	Link established at 52000	CONNECT 52000 ⁴		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
100	Link established at 53333	CONNECT 53333 ³		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
101	Link established at 54666	at 54666 CONNECT 54666 ³		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
102	DTMF dial attempted on a pulse dial only line	UN-OBTAINABLE NUMBER	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х					
 This X is 	Notes: 1. This message is only supported on the Si2457, Si2434, and Si2415.												

Table 14. Result Codes (Continued)

4. This message is only supported on the Si2457.

The connect messages shown in Table 14 are sent when link negotiation is complete.



5. S-Registers

The S command allows reading (Sn?) or writing (Sn = x) the S-registers. The S-registers store values for functions that typically are rarely changed, such as timers or counters, and the ASCII values of control characters, such as carriage return. Table 15 summarizes the S-register set.

Definition											
S-Register (Decimal)	Function	Default (Decimal)	Range	Units							
0	Automatic answer—Number of rings the Si2457/34/15/ 04 must detect before answering a call. 0 disables auto answer.	0	0–255	Rings							
1	Ring counter.	0	0–255	Rings							
2	ESC code character.	43 (+)	0–255	ASCII							
3	Carriage return character.	13 (CR)	0–255	ASCII							
4	Linefeed character.	10 (LF)	0–255	ASCII							
5	Backspace character.	08 (BS)	0–255	ASCII							
6	Dial tone wait timer—Number of seconds the Si2457/ 34/15/04 waits before blind dialing. Only applicable if blind dialing is enabled (X0, X1, X3).	02	0–255	seconds							
7	Carrier wait timer—Number of seconds the Si2457/34/ 15/04 waits for carrier before timing out. This register also sets the number of seconds the modem waits for ringback when originating a call before hanging up. This register also sets the number of seconds the answer tone will continue while using the AT*Y2A command.	80	0–255	seconds							
8	Dial pause timer for , and < dial command modifiers.	02	0–255	seconds							
9	Carrier presence timer—Time after a loss of carrier that a carrier must be detected before reactivating DCD. S9 is referred to as "carrier loss debounce time."	06	1–255	0.1 second							
10	Carrier loss timer—Time the carrier must be lost before the Si2457/34/15/04 disconnects. Setting 255 disables disconnect entirely. If S10 is less than S9, even a momentary loss of carrier causes a disconnect.	14	1–255	0.1 second							
12	Escape code guard timer—Minimum guard time required before and after "+++" for the Si2457/34/15/ 04 to recognize a valid escape sequence.	50	1–255	0.02 second							
14	Wait for dial tone delay value (in relation to the W dial modifier). Starts when "W" is executed in the dial string.	12	0–255	seconds							

Table 15. S-Register Description



Definition											
S-Register (Decimal)	Function	Default (Decimal)	Range	Units							
24	Sleep Inactivity Time—Sets the time that the modem operates in normal power mode with no activity on the serial port, parallel port, or telephone line before enter- ing low-power sleep mode. This feature is disabled if the timer is set to 0.	0	0–255	seconds							
30	Disconnect Activity Timer—Sets the length of time that the modem stays online before disconnecting with no activity on the serial port, parallel port, or telephone line (Ring, hookswitch flash, or caller ID). This feature is disabled if set to 0.	0	0–255	minutes							
38	Hang Up Delay Time—Maximum delay between receipt of ATH0 command and hang up. If time out occurs before all data can be sent, the NO CARRIER (3) result code is sent (operates in V.42 mode only). "OK" response is sent if all data is transmitted before timeout. S38 = 255 disables timeout and modem dis- connects only if data is successfully sent or carrier is lost.	20	0–255	seconds							
40	Data Pattern—Data pattern generated during &T4 and &T5 transmit tests. 0 = All spaces (0s) 1 = All marks (1s) 2 = Random data	0	0–2								
41	V.34 symbol rate - Symbol rate for V.34 when using the &T4 and &T5 commands. $0 = 2400$ symbols/second $1 = 2743$ symbols/second $2 = 2800$ symbols/second $3 = 3000$ symbols/second $3 = 3000$ symbols/second $4 = 3200$ symbols/second $5 = 3429$ symbols/second 4 valid combination of symbol rate (S41) and data rate(&G) must be selected.Symbol RateAllowable Data Rates24002400–2160027434800–2640028004800–2640030004800–21200	0	0–5								
	3429 4800–33600										

Table 15. S-Register Description (Continued)



	Definition												
S-Register (Decimal)	Function	Default (Decimal)	Range	Units									
42	Blacklisting—The Si2457/34/15/04 will not dial the same number more than two times in three minutes. An attempt to dial a third time within three minutes will result in a "BLACKLISTED" result code. If the blacklist memory is full, any dial to a new number will result in a "BLACKLIST FULL" result code. Numbers are added to the blacklist only if the modem connection fails. The %B command will list the numbers on the blacklists. 0 = disabled 1 = enabled	0 (disabled)	0–1										
43	Dial Attempts to Blacklist. When blacklisting is enabled with S42, this value con- trols the number of dial attempts that will result in a number being blacklisted.	4	0–4	_									
44	Blacklist Timer. Period during which blacklisting is active.	180	0–255	seconds									
50	Minimum on-hook time—Modem will remain on-hook for S50 seconds. Any attempt to go off-hook will be delayed until this timer expires.	3	0–255	seconds									
51	Number to start checking for an outside line on a PBX. See &X command for details.	1	0–9	_									

Table 15. S-Register Description (Continued)

6. User-Access Registers (U-Registers)

The :U AT command is used to write these 16-bit U-registers, and the :R command is used to read them. U-registers are identified by a hexidecimal (hex) address.

Register	Name	Description	Default						
U00	DT1A0	DT1 registers set the coefficients for stage 1 of the Dial Tone Detect filter.	0x0800						
U01	DT1B1	efault is for FCC countries. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for other puntry settings.							
U02	DT1B2		0x0000						
U03	DT1A2		0x0000						
U04	DT1A1		0x0000						
U05	DT2A0	Dial tone detect filters stage 2 biquad coefficients.	0x00A0						
U06	DT2B1		0x6EF1						
U07	DT2B2		0xC4F4						
U08	DT2A2		0xC000						
U09	DT2A1		0x0000						
U0A	DT3A0	Dial tone detect filters stage 3 biquad coefficients.	0x00A0						
U0B	DT3B1		0x78B0						
U0C	DT3B2		0xC305						
U0D	DT3A2		0x4000						
U0E	DT3A1		0xB50A						
U0F	DT4A0	Dial tone detect filters stage 4 biquad coefficients.	0x0400						
U10	DT4B1		0x70D2						
U11	DT4B2		0xC830						
U12	DT4A2		0x4000						
U13	DT4A1		0x80E2						
U14	DTK	Dial tone detect filter output scaler.	0x0009						
U15	DTON	Dial tone detect ON threshold.	0x00A0						
U16	DTOF	Dial tone detect OFF threshold.	0x0070						

Table 16. U-Register Description



Register	Name	Description	Default
U17	BT1A0	BT1 registers set the coefficients for stage 1 of the Busy Tone Detect filter.	0x0800
U18	BT1B1	Default is for FCC countries. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for other country settings.	0x0000
U19	BT1B2		0x0000
U1A	BT1A2		0x0000
U1B	BT1A1		0x0000
U1C	BT2A0	Busy tone detect filter stage 2 biquad coefficients.	0x00A0
U1D	BT2B1		0x6EF1
U1E	BT2B2		0xC4F4
U1F	BT2A2		0xC000
U20	BT2A1		0x0000
U21	BT3A0	Busy tone detect filter stage 3 biquad coefficients.	0x00A0
U22	BT3B1		0x78B0
U23	BT3B2		0xC305
U24	BT3A2		0x4000
U25	BT3A1		0xB50A
U26	BT4A0	Busy tone detect filter stage 4 biquad coefficients.	0x0400
U27	BT4B1		0x70D2
U28	BT4B2		0xC830
U29	BT4A2		0x4000
U2A	BT4A1		0x80E2
U2B	BTK	Busy tone detect filter output scaler.	0x0009
U2C	BTON	Busy tone detect ON threshold.	0x00A0
U2D	BTOF	Busy tone detect OFF threshold.	0x0070
U2E	BMTT	Busy cadence minimum total time in seconds multiplied by 7200. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.	0x0870
U2F	BDLT	Busy cadence delta in seconds multiplied by 7200.	0x25F8
U30	BMOT	Busy cadence minimum on time in seconds multiplied by 7200.	0x0438
U31	RMTT	Ringback cadence minimum total time in seconds multiplied by 7200.	0x4650
U32	RDLT	Ringback cadence delta in seconds multiplied by 7200.	0xEF10



Register	Name	Description	Default
U33	RMOT	Ringback cadence minimum on time in seconds multiplied by 7200.	0x1200
U34	DTWD	Window to look for dialtone in seconds multiplied by 1000.	0x1B58
U35	DMOT	Minimum dialtone on time in seconds multiplied by 7200.	0x2D00
U37	PD0	Number of pulses to dial 0.	0x000A
U38	PD1	Number of pulses to dial 1.	0x0001
U39	PD2	Number of pulses to dial 2.	0x0002
U3A	PD3	Number of pulses to dial 3.	0x0003
U3B	PD4	Number of pulses to dial 4.	0x0004
U3C	PD5	Number of pulses to dial 5.	0x0005
U3D	PD6	Number of pulses to dial 6.	0x0006
U3E	PD7	Number of pulses to dial 7.	0x0007
U3F	PD8	Number of pulses to dial 8.	0x0008
U40	PD9	Number of pulses to dial 9.	0x0009
U42	PDBT	Pulse dial break time (ms units).	0x003D
U43	PDMT	Pulse dial make time (ms units).	0x0027
U45	PDIT	Pulse dial interdigit time (ms units).	0x0320
U46	DTPL	DTMF power level—16-bit format is 0x0(H)(L)0 where H is the (–)dBm level of the high-frequency DTMF tone and L is the (–)dBm level of the low-frequency DTMF tone. Note that twist may be specified here.	0x09B0
U47	DTNT	DTMF on time (ms units).	0x0064
U48	DTFT	DTMF off time (ms units).	0x0064
U49	RGFH	Ring frequency high—Maximum frequency ring to be considered a valid ring. RGFH = 2400/(maximum ring frequency).	0x0022
U4A	RGFD	Ring delta	0x007A
		$RGFD = 2400 Hz \times \left[\left(\frac{1}{\min ring freq (Hz)} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{\max ring freq (Hz)} \right) \right]$	
U4B	RGMN	Ring cadence minimum ON time in seconds multiplied by 2400.	0x0258
U4C	RGNX	Ring cadence maximum total time in seconds multiplied by 2400.	0x6720
U4D	MOD1	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0000
U4E	PRDD	Pre-dial delay-time after ATD command that modem waits to dial (ms units). The Si2457/34/15/04 stays on-hook during this time.	0x0000

Table 16. U-Register Description (Continued)



Register	Name	Description	Default
U4F	FHT	Flash Hook Time. Time corresponding with "!" or "&" dial modifier that the Si2457/34/15/04 goes on-hook during a flash hook (ms units).	0x01F4
U50	LCDN	Loop current debounce on time (ms units).	0x015E
U51	LCDF	Loop current debounce off time (ms units).	0x00C8
U52	XMTL	Transmit level (1 dB units)—Sets the modem data pump transmitter level. Default level of 0 corresponds to -9.85 dBm. Transmit level = $-(9.85 + XMTL)$ dBm. Range = -9.85 to -48 .	0x0000
U53	MOD2	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0000
U62	DAAC1	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0804
U63	DAAC3	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0003
U65	DAAC4	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x00E0
U66	DAAC5	This is a bit-mapped register.	0xXX40
U67	ITC1	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0008
U68	ITC2	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0000
U6A	ITC4	This is a bit-mapped register.	N/A
U6C	LVS	This is a bit-mapped register.	0xXX00
U6E	CK1	This is a bit-mapped register.	0xXF20
U6F	PTMR	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x00FF
U70	IO0	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x2700
U71	IO1	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0000
U76	GEN1	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x3240
U77	GEN2	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x401E
U78	GEN3	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0000
U79	GEN4	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x00XX
U7A	GENA	This is a bit-mapped register.	0x0000
U83	NOLN	No-Line threshold. If %V1 is set, NOLN sets the threshold for determination of line present vs. line not present.	0x0001
U84	LIUS	Line-in-use threshold. If %V1 is set, LIUS sets the threshold for determination of line in use vs. line not in use.	0x0007
U85	NLIU	Line-in-use/No line threshold. If $\%$ V2 is set, NLIU sets the threshold reference for the adaptive algorithm (see $\%$ V2).	0x0000
U86	V9AGG	V.90 rate adjustment for Japan (1333 BPS units).	0x0000

Table 16. U-Register Description (Continued)



Register	Name	Description	Default
U87	SAM	This is a bit-mapped register	0x0000
U9F	SASF	SAS frequency detection. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for complete details.	0x0000
UA0	SC0	SAS cadence 0. Sets the duration of the first SAS tone (ms).	0x001E
UA1	SC1	SAS cadence 1. Sets the duration of the first SAS silence (ms).	0x0000
UA2	SC2	SAS cadence 2. Sets the duration of the second SAS tone (ms).	0x0000
UA3	SC3	SAS cadence 3. Sets the duration of the second SAS silence (ms).	0x0000
UA4	SC4	SAS cadence 4. Sets the duration of the third SAS tone (ms).	0x0000
UA5	SC5	SAS cadence 5. Sets the duration of the third SAS silence (ms).	0x0000
UA6	SC6	SAS cadence 6. Sets the duration of the fourth SAS tone (ms).	0x0000
UA7	SC7	SAS cadence 7. Sets the duration of the fourth SAS silence (ms).	0x0000
UA8	SC8	SAS cadence 8. Sets the duration of the fifth SAS tone (ms).	0x0000
UA9	SC9	SAS cadence 9. Sets the duration of the fifth SAS silence (ms).	0x0000
UAA	V29MODE	This is a bit mapped register.	0x0000

Table 16. U-Register Description (Continued)



Reg.	Name	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
U4D	MOD1		тост		NHFP	NHFD	CLPD		FTP	SPDM		GT18	GT55	CTE			
U53	MOD2	REV															
U62	DAAC1								OHS2						FOH	DL	
U63	DAAC3				LCS	[7:0]		•	•		ACT	F [3:0]	•				
U65	DAAC4		PWMG	PDN									PDL				
U66	DAAC5										FDT						
U67	ITC1			MIN	l[1:0]			ILIM		DCR	OHS			DCV	/[1:0]	RZ	RT
U68	ITC2														BTE	ROV	BTD
U6A	ITC4														OVL		
U6C	LVS	LVS[7:0]															
U6E	CK1						R1[4:0]										
U6F	PTME												PTM	R[7:0]			
U70	IO0	HES		TES	CIDM	OCDM	PPDM	RIM	DCDM				CID	OCD	PPD	RI	DCD
U71	IO1												COMP				PRT
U76	GEN1			C	DHSR[7:0	0]			FACL	DCL[2:0] ACL[4:0]							
U77	GEN2		IST[[3:0]		HOI		AOC					OHT[8:0]]			
U78	GEN3	IB[1:0]										IS[7:0]			
U79	GEN4														LVCS[4:0	D]	
U7A	GENA									DOP	ADD				V22HD	HDLC	FAST
U7C	GENC												RIGPO				RIG- POEN
U7D	GEND		NLM													ATZD	FDP
U87	SAM						MINT	SERM	FSMS			•	XN	ITT			
UAA	V29MODE							•	•	•						V29ENA	

Table 17. Bit-Mapped U-Register Summary

6.1. Bit-Mapped U-Register Detail (defaults in bold)

U4D MOD1

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name		TOCT		NHFP	NHFD	CLPD		FTP	SPDM		GT18	GT55	CTE			
Туре		R/W		R/W	R/W	R/W		R/W	R/W		R/W	R/W	R/W			

Bit	Name	Function
15	Reserved	Read returns zero.
14	TOCT	Turn Off Calling Tone. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
13	Reserved	Read returns zero.
12	NHFP	No Hook Flash Pulse. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
11	NHFD	No Hook Flash Dial. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
10	CLPD	Check Loop Current Before Dialing. 0 = Ignore. 1 = Check.
9	Reserved	Read returns zero.
8	FTP	Force Tone or Pulse. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
7	SPDM	Skip Pulse Dial Modifier. 0 = No. 1 = Yes.
6	Reserved	Read returns zero.
5	GT18	 1800 Hz Guard Tone Enable. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
4	GT55	 550 Hz Guard Tone Enable. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
3	CTE	Calling Tone Enable. 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable.
2:0	Reserved	Read returns zero.



U53 MOD2

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	REV															
Туре	R/W															

Reset settings = 0x0000

Bit	Name	Function
15	REV	V.23 Reversing.
		0 = Disable.
		1 = Enable.
14:0	Reserved	Read returns zero.

U62 DAAC1

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	OHS2	0	0	0	0	0	FOH	DL	0
Туре		R/W R/W														

Bit	Name	Function
15:12	Reserved	Must be set to 0.
11	Reserved	Must be set to 1.
10:9	Reserved	Must be set to 0.
8	OHS2	On-Hook Speed 2.
		This bit works in combination with the OHS bit (U67, bit 6) to set the on-hook speed. The on-hook speeds are measured from the time the OH bit is cleared until loop current equals zero.OHS OHS2Mean On-Hook Speed00 Less than 0.5 ms01 3 ms ±10% (meets ETSI standard)1X 26 ms ±10% (meets Australia spark quenching spec)
7:3	Reserved	Must be set to 0.
2	FOH	Fast Off-Hook. 0 = Automatic Calibration Time set to 426 ms. 1 = Automatic Calibration Time set to 106 ms.
1	DL	 Isolation Digital Loopback (see the AT&T commands). 0 = Loopback occurs beyond the DAA interface, out to and including the analog hybrid circuit. 1 = Enables digital loopback mode across isolation barrier only. Clear after test is terminated.
0	Reserved	Must be set to 0.



U63 DAAC3

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name		LCS[7:0]								ACT	[3:0]					
Туре										R/	W/		•			

Reset settings = 0x0003

Bit	Name	Function	
15:8	LCS[7:0]	Off-Hook Loop Current (1.1 mA/bit).	
7:4	ACT[3:0]	AC Termination Select. ACT[3:0] AC Termination 0000 Real 600 Ω 0011 220 Ω + (820 Ω 120 nF) and 220 Ω + (820 Ω 115 nF) 0100 370 Ω + (620 Ω 310 nF) 1111 Global complex impedance	
3:0	Reserved	Read returns 0x3.	

U65 DAAC4

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name		PWMG	PDN									PDL				
Туре		R/W	R/W									R/W				

Bit	Name	Function
15	Reserved	Read returns zero.
14	PWMG	PWM Gain.
		0 = No gain.
		1 = 6 dB gain applied to AOUT.
13	PDN	Powerdown.
		Completely powerdown the Si2457/34/15/04 and Si3018. Once set to 1, the Si2457/34/15/04
		must be reset to power on.
		0 = Normal.
		1 = Powerdown.
12:8	Reserved	Read returns zero.
7:5	Reserved	Must not change in a read-modify-write.
4	PDL*	Powerdown Line-Side Chip.
		0 = Normal operation.
		1 = Places the Si3018 in powerdown mode.
3:0	Reserved	Must not change in a read-modify-write.
*Note:	Typically use	d only for board-level debug.



U66 DAAC5

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name										FDT						
Туре										R						

Bit	Name	Function						
15:7	Reserved	Do not modify.						
6	FDT*	Frame Detect. 0 = Indicates ISOmodem has not established frame lock. 1 = Indicates ISOmodem frame lock has been established.						
5:0	Reserved	Read returns zero.						
*Note:	*Note: Typically used only for board-level debug.							

U67 ITC1

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name			MINI[1:0]			ILIM		DCR	OHS			DCV	[1:0]	RZ	RT	
Туре		R/W				R/W		R/W	R/W			R/	W	R/W	R/W	

Bit	Name	Function
15:14	Reserved	Read returns zero.
13:12	MINI[1:0]	Minimum Operational Loop Current. Adjusts the minimum loop current at which the DAA can operate. Increasing the minimum oper- ational loop current can improve signal headroom at a lower TIP/RING voltage. MINI[1:0] Min Loop Current 00 10 mA 01 12 mA 10 14 mA 11 16 mA
11:10	Reserved	Read returns zero
9	ILIM	Current Limiting Enable. 0 = Current limiting mode disabled. 1 = Current limiting mode enabled. This mode limits loop current to a maximum of 60 mA per the TBR21 standard.
8	Reserved	Read returns zero.
7	DCR	DC Impedance Selection. 0 = Normal dc impedance. This mode should be used for all standard applications. $1 = 800 \Omega$ dc termination.
6	OHS	On-Hook Speed. This bit works in combination with the OHS2 bit (U62, bit 8) to set the on-hook speed. The on-hook speeds are measured from the time the OH bit is cleared until loop current equals zero. OHS OHS2 Mean On-Hook Speed 0 0 Less than 0.5 ms 0 1 3 ms ±10% (meets ETSI standard) 1 X 26 ms ±10% (meets Australia spark quenching spec)
5:4	Reserved	Read returns zero.
3:2	DCV[1:0]	TIP/RING Voltage Adjust. These bits adjust the voltage on the DCT pin of the line-side device, which affects the TIP/RING voltage on the line. Low voltage countries should use a lower TIP/RING voltage. Raising the TIP/RING voltage can improve signal headroom. DCV[1:0] DCT Pin Voltage 00 3.1 V 01 3.2 V 10 3.35 V 11 3.5 V



Bit	Name	Function
1	RZ	Ringer Impedance.
		0 = Maximum (high) ringer impedance.
		1 = Synthesize ringer impedance. C15, R14, Z2, and Z3 must not be installed when setting this bit. See the "Ringer Impedance" section in "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide".
0	RT	Ringer Threshold Select.
		Used to satisfy country requirements on ring detection. Signals below the lower level does not generate a ring detection; signals above the upper level are guaranteed to generate a ring detection. $0 = 11 \text{ to } 22 \text{ V}_{\text{rms}}.$ $1 = 17 \text{ to } 33 \text{ V}_{\text{rms}}.$

U68 ITC2

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name														BTE	ROV	BTD
Туре														R/W	R/W	R/W

Bit	Name	Function
15:3	Reserved	Do not modify.
2	BTE	Billing Tone Protect Enable.
		0 = Disabled.
		1 = Enabled.
		When set, the DAA responds automatically to a collapse of the line-derived power supply during a billing tone event. When off-hook, if BTE = 1 and BTD goes high, the dc termination is released (800 Ω presented to line). If BTE and RIM (U70, bit 9) are set, an RI (U70, bit 1) interrupt also occurs when BTD goes high.
1	ROV	Receive Overload.
		The bit is set when the receive input (i.e., receive pin goes below ground) has an excessive input level. This bit is cleared by writing a 0 to this location.
		0 = Normal receive input level.
		1 = Excessive receive input level.
0	BTD	Billing Tone Detected.
		This bit is set if a billing tone is detected. This bit is cleared by writing a 0 to this location.
		0 = No billing tone.
		1 = Billing tone detected.



U6A ITC4

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name														OVL		
Туре														R		

Reset settings = N/A

Bit	Name	Function
15:3	Reserved	Read returns zero.
2	OVL	Overload Detected. This bit has the same function as ROV, but clears itself after the overload has been removed. See the "Billing Tone Detection" section in "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide". This bit is not affected by the BTE bit.
1:0	Reserved	Do not modify.

U6C LVS

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name			L	VS[7:0]											
Туре	R															

Bit	Name	Function
15:8	LVS[7:0]	Line Voltage Status. Eight bit signed, twos complement number representing the tip-ring voltage. Each bit repre- sents 1 V. Polarity of the voltage is represented by the MSB (sign bit). 0000_0000 = Measured voltage is < 3 V.
7:0	Reserved	Read returns zero.



U6E CK1

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D12 D11 D10 D9 D8						D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name						R1[4:0]										
Туре						R/W										

Reset settings = 0xXF20

Bit	Name	Function
15:13	Reserved	Do not modify.
12:8	R1[4:0]	R1 CLKOUT Divider. See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.
7:0	Reserved	Read returns zero.

U6F PTMR

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Name									PTMR[7:0]								
Туре									R/W								

Bit	Name	Function
15:8	Reserved	Do not modify
7:0	PTMR[7:0]	Parallel Port Receive FIFO Interrupt Timer.
		See "AN93: Modem Designer's Guide" for details.



U70 IO0

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	HES		TES	CIDM	OCDM	PPDM	RIM	DCDM	0			CID	OCD	PPD	RI	DCD
Туре	R/W		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W				R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

Bit	Name	Function
15	HES	Hardware Escape Pin.
		0 = Disable.
		1 = Enable.
14	Reserved	Read returns zero.
13	TES	Enable "+++" Escape.
		0 = Disable.
		1 = Enable.
12	CIDM	Caller ID Mask.
		0 = Change in CID will not affect INT.
		1 = A low to high transition in CID activates INT.
11	OCDM	Overcurrent Detect Mask.
		0 = Change in OCD does not affect INT. ("X" result code is not generated in command
		mode.)
		1 = A low to high transition in OCD will activate INT. ("X" result code is generated in command mode.)
10	PPDM	Parallel Phone Detect Mask.
10	IT DIM	0 = Change in PPD does not affect INT.
		1 = A low to high transition in PPD will activate INT.
9	RIM	Ring Indicator.
		0 = Change in RI does not affect INT.
		1 = A low to high transition in RI activates INT.
8	DCDM	Data Carrier Detect Mask.
		$0 = Change in DCD does not affect \overline{INT}.$
		1 = A high to low transition in DCD (U70, bit 0), which indicates loss of carrier, activates
		INT.
7	Reserved	Must be set to zero.
6:5	Reserved	Read returns zero.
4	CID	Caller ID (sticky).
		Caller ID preamble has been detected; data will soon follow. Clears on :I read.
3	OCD	Overcurrent Detect (sticky).
		Overcurrent condition has occurred. Clears on :I read.
2	PPD	Parallel Phone Detect (sticky).
		Parallel phone detected since last off-hook event. Clears on :I read.
1	RI	Ring Indicator.
		Active high bit when the Si2457/34/15/04 is on-hook, indicates ring event has occurred. Clears
		on :l read.
0	DCD	Data Carrier Detect (status).
		Active high bit indicates carrier detected (equivalent to inverse of DCD pin).



U71 IO1

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name												COMP				PRT
Туре												R/W				R/W

Reset settings = 0x0000

Bit	Name	Function
15:5	Reserved	Read returns zero.
4	COMP	0 = Disables compression (PCM mode). 1 = Enables linear compression.
3:1	Reserved	Read returns zero.
0	PRT	0 = Disables PCM mode. 1 = Enables PCM mode.

U76 GEN1

Bit	D15 D14 D13 D12 D11 D10 I						D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name		FACL	D	OCL[2:0)]		A	CL[4:0)]							
Туре				R/W			R/W				R/W					

Bit	Name	Function
15:9	OHSR[6:0]	Off-Hook Sample Rate (40 ms units).
		Sets the sample rate for the off-hook intrusion algorithms (1 second default).
8	FACL	Force ACL.
		0 = While off-hook, ACL is automatically updated with LVCS.
		1 = While off-hook, ACL does not change from the value written to it while on-hook.
7:5	DCL[2:0]	Differential Current Level (3 mA units).
		Sets the differential level between ACL and LVCS that will trigger an off-hook PPD interrupt (default = 2).
4:0	ACL[4:0]	Absolute Current Level (3 mA units).
		ACL represents the value of LVCS current when the ISOmodem® is off-hook and all parallel phones are on-hook. If ACL = 0, it is ignored by the off-hook intrusion algorithm. The ISOmodem will also write ACL with the contents of LVCS before an intrusion and before going on-hook (default = 0).



U77 GEN2

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	IST[3:0]			HOI		AOC				С	HT[8:0	D]				
Туре	R/W				R/W		R/W					R/W				

Bit	Name	Function
15:12	IST[3:0]	Intrusion Settling Time (250 ms units).
		Delay between when the ISOmodem goes off-hook and the off-hook intrusion algorithm begins. Default is 1 s.
11	HOI	Hang-Up On Intrusion.
		0 = ISOmodem will not automatically hang up when an off-hook PPD interrupt occurs. 1 = ISOmodem automatically hangs up on a PPD interrupt. If %Vn commands are set, HOI also causes the "LINE IN USE" result code upon PPD interrupt.
10	Reserved	Read returns zero.
9	AOC	Auto Overcurrent.
		 0 = Disable. 1 = Enable. Note: AOC may falsely detect an overcurrent condition in the presence of line reversals or other transients. Therefore, this feature should not be used in applications or locations (such as Japan) where line reversals are common or may be expected.
8:0	OHT[8:0]	Off-Hook Time (1 ms units). Time before LVCS is checked for overcurrent condition after going off-hook (30 ms default).



U78 GEN3

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	IB[1:0]											IS[7	7:0]			
Туре	R/	W							R/W							

Bit	Name	Function
15:14	IB[1:0]	Intrusion Blocking.
		Defines the method used to block the off-hook intrusion algorithm from operation after dialing has begun. 0 = No intrusion blocking. 1 = Intrusion disabled from start of dial to end of dial. 2 = Intrusion disabled from start of dial to IS register time-out. 3 = Intrusion disabled from start of dial to connect ("CONNECT XXX", "NO DIALTONE", or "NO CARRIER").
13:8	Reserved	Read returns zero.
7:0	IS[7:0]	Intrusion Suspend (500 ms units).
		When IB = 2, this register sets the length of time from when dialing begins that the off-hook intrusion algorithm is blocked (suspended) (default = 00000000_{b}).

U79 GEN4

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Name												LVCS[4:0]					
Туре												R					

Bit	Name	Function
15:5	Reserved	Read returns zero.
	Reserved	
		LVCS is backward compatible with Si2456/33/14 ISOmodems. The LVCS value is absolute and does not reflect loop polarity. See U6C (LVS)[15:8] for 1 V/bit resolution and signed twos complement output



U7A GENA

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name									DOP	ADD				V22HD	HDLC	FAST
Туре									R/W	R/W				R/W	R/W	R/W

Bit	Name	Function
15:8	Reserved	Read returns to zero.
7	DOP	Dial or Pulse. 0 = Normal ATDTW operation 1 = Use ATDTW for Pulse/Tone Dial Detection (see also ATDW command)
6	ADD	Adaptive Dialing 1 = Enable 0 = Disable Attempt DTMF dial, then fall back to pulse dialing if unsuccessful. First digit is dialed as DTMF. If a dialtone is still present after two seconds, the Si2457/34/15/04 will redial the first digit and remaining digits as pulse. If a dialtone is not present after two seconds, the Si2457/ 34/15/04 will dial the remaining digits as DTMF.
5:3	Reserved	Read returns to zero.
2	V22HD	V.22bis Synchronous Mode.* 0 = Normal asynchronous mode. 1 = Transparent HDLC mode.
1	HDLC	Synchronous Mode.* 0 = Normal asynchronous mode. 1 = Transparent HDLC mode.
0	FAST	Fast Connect.* 0 = Normal modem handshake timing per ITU/Bellcore standards. 1 = Fast connect modem handshake timing.
*Note:	When V22HD	, HDLC, or FAST bits are set, \N0 (wire mode) must be used.



U7C GENC

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name												RIGPO				RIGPOEN
Туре												R				R/W

Reset settings = 0x0000

Bit	Name	Function
15:5	Reserved	Reads returns to zero.
4	RIGPO	\overline{RI} RI follows this bit when RIGPIOEN = 1 _b .
3:1	Reserved	Reads returns to zero.
0	RIGPOEN	 0 = RI indicates valid ring signal. (Normal ring-indicator mode) 1 = RI can be used as a general purpose output and follows U7C[4] (RIGPO).

U7D GEND

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name		NLM													ATZD	FDP
Туре		R/W													R/W	R/W

Bit	Name	Function
15	Reserved	Reads returns to zero.
14	NLM	 0 = Enables "No Loop Current" detect. 1 = Disables "No Loop Current" detect.
13:2	Reserved	Reads returns to zero.
1	ATZD	ATZ Disable. 0 = ATZ functions normally. 1 = Disable ATZ command.
0	FDP	 FSK Data Processing. 0 = FSK data processing stops when carrier is lost. 1 = FSK data processing continued for 2 bytes after carrier is lost.



U87 SAM

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name						MINT	SERM	FSMS	XMTT[7:0]							
Туре						R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W							

Reset settings = 0x0000

Bit	Name	Function
15:11	Reserved	Reads returns to zero.
10	MINT	 Minimal Transparency 0 = Generates two-byte transparency sequences. This option will use codes <t5> through <t20>, if possible, for received data containing two back-to-back</t20></t5> bytes requiring transparency. 1 = Generates one-byte transparency sequences. This option will only use codes <t1> through <t4> for received data.</t4></t1>
9	SERM	Special Error Reporting Mode 0 = Ignore unrecognized in-band commands. 1 = Generate <0x45> ("E" for error) in response to any unrecognized in-band com- mands.
8	FSMS	 Framed Sub-Mode Startup 0 = Upon successful connection, enter Transport Sub-Mode. An <flag> is required to enter Framed Sub-Mode.</flag> 1 = Upon successful connection, immediately enter Framed Sub-Mode. The first received <err> from a successful hunt is transformed into an <flag>.</flag></err>
7:0	XMTT[7:0]	Transmitter ThresholdThis value represents the number of bytes before a transmission is started.The following values are special:0The same as ten. Upon receipt of ten bytes, data is transferred. The DTE must supply a closing flag within the required time or an underrun will occur.255The same as infinity, e.g. never start a packet until the closing flag is received.

UAA V.29 Mode

Bit	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name															V29ENA	
Туре															R/W	

Bit	Name	Function
15:2	Reserved	Reads returns to zero.
1	V29ENA	0 = Disables V.29. 1 = Enables V.29.
0	Reserved	Read returns zero.



7. Parallel Interface Registers

Parallel Interface 0 (0x00)

Bit	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0				
Name		TX/RX[7:0]										
Туре		R/W										

Bit	Name	Function
7:0		Parallel Interface Transmit/Receive. This register functions similarly to the serial port TX pin on writes to the parallel port, and sim- ilarly to the serial port RX pin on reads from the parallel port.



Parallel Interface 1 (0x01)

Bit	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Name	RXF	TXE	REM	INTM	INT	ESC	RTS	CTS
Туре	R	R	R	R/W	R	R/W	R/W	R

Reset settings = 0110_0011

Bit	Name	Function
7	RXF	Receive FIFO Almost Full (status). 0 = Receive FIFO (12 deep) contains three or more empty locations (RXF \leq 9). The host can clear the RXF interrupt without emptying the RX FIFO by writing a 0 to the RXF bit. This will disable the RXF interrupt until the host has emptied the FIFO. 1 = Receive FIFO contains two or less empty locations (RXF \geq 10).
6	TXE	Transmit FIFO Almost Empty (status). 0 = Transmit FIFO (14 deep) contains three or more characters (TXF ≥ 3). 1 = Transmit FIFO contains two or less characters (TXF ≤ 2). Note: TXE interrupt will not trigger if the CTS bit is inactive. Therefore, the host does not need to poll CTS while waiting for transmit FIFO to empty. TXE can be cleared by writing it to 0.
5	REM	Receive FIFO Empty. 0 = Receive FIFO has valid data. 1 = Receive FIFO empty. Note: If the interim timer (see PTMR - U6F, bits 7:0) set by PTMR expires, it will cause an interrupt. This interrupt will not set RXF, TXE, or INT. The interrupt handler on the host should then verify that REM = 0 and begin to empty the receive FIFO (Parallel Interface 0 register) until REM = 1.
4	INTM	Interrupt Mask. $0 = In \text{ parallel mode, the } \overline{INT} \text{ pin is triggered by a rising edge on RXF or TXE only (default).}$ $1 = In \text{ parallel mode, the } \overline{INT} \text{ pin is triggered by a rising edge on RXF, TXE, or INT.}$
3	INT	Interrupt. 0 = No interrupt has occurred. 1 = Indicates that an interrupt (CID, OCD, PPD, RI, or DCD from U70) has occurred. This bit is cleared via the AT:I command.
2	ESC	Escape. Operation of this bit in parallel mode is functionally equivalent to the ESC pin in serial mode.
1	RTS	Request-to-Send. Operation of this bit in parallel mode is functionally equivalent to the RTS pin in serial mode. Use of the CTS and RTS bits (as opposed to the TXE and RXF bits) allows the flow control between the host and the ISOmodem® to operate 1 byte at a time, rather than in blocks.
0	CTS	Clear-to-Send. Operation of this bit in parallel mode is functionally equivalent to the $\overline{\text{CTS}}$ pin in serial mode. Use of the $\overline{\text{CTS}}$ and $\overline{\text{RTS}}$ bits (as opposed to the TXE and RXF bits) allows the flow control between the host and the ISOmodem to operate 1 byte at a time, rather than in blocks.



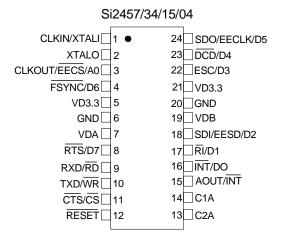
8. Pin Descriptions: Si2457/34/15/04 (16-Pin Option)

Si2457/34/15/04				
CLKIN/XTALI	1● 2 3 4	16 RTS 15 DCD 14 ESC 13 V _A		
	5 6 7 8	12 GND 11 INT 10 C1A 9 C2A		

Pin #	Pin Name	Description		
1	CLKIN/XTALI	XTALI—Crystal Oscillator Pin. Provides support for parallel resonant AT cut crystals. A 4.9152 MHz crystal or a 4.9152 or 27 MHz clock on XTALI is required.		
2	XTALO	XTALO—Crystal Oscillator Pin. Serves as the output of the crystal amplifier.		
3	RI	Ring Indicator. The RI on (active low) indicates the presence of an ON segment of a ring signal on the tele- phone line.		
4	V _D	Supply Voltage. Provides the 3.3 V supply voltage to the Si2457/34/15/04.		
5	RXD	Receive Data. Data output to DTE RXD pin.		
6	TXD	Transmit Data. Data input from DTE TXD pin.		
7	CTS	Clear to Send. Signals that the Si2457/34/15/04 is ready to receive more digital data on the TXD pin.		
8	RESET	Reset Input. An active low input that is used to reset all control registers to a defined, initialized state.		
9	C2A	Isolation Capacitor 2A. Connects to one side of the isolation capacitor C2.		
10	C1A	Isolation Capacitor 1A. Connects to one side of the isolation capacitor C1.		
11	ĪNT	Interrupt Output. Active low interrupt output.		
12	GND	Ground. Connects to the system digital ground.		
13	V _A	Regulator Voltage Reference. Connects to an external capacitor and serves as the reference for the internal voltage regulator.		
14	ESC	Escape. A positive edge on this pin causes the modem to go from online (connected) mode to the offline (command) mode.		
15	DCD	Carrier Detect. Active low carrier detect.		
16	RTS	Request to Send. Active low request to send input used for flow control.		



9. Pin Descriptions: Si2457/34/15/04 (24-Pin Option)



Pin #	Pin Name	Description	
1	CLKIN/XTALI	Clock Input/Crystal Oscillator Pin. Provides support for parallel resonant AT cut crystals. A 4.9152 MHz crystal or a 4.9152 or 27 MHz clock on XTALI is required.	
2	XTALO	Crystal Oscillator Pin. Serves as the output of the crystal amplifier.	
3	CLKOUT/EECS/A0	Clock Output/EEPROM Chip Select/Address Bit 0. Clock output in serial mode. Active low read/write enable for SPI EEPROM in serial mode when pin 4 is pulled low during powerup. Address Enable in parallel mode.	
4	FSYNC/D6	Frame Sync/Data Bit. Frame Sync output to codec in serial mode. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 6 in parallel mode.	
5, 21	VD3.3	Digital Supply Voltage. Provides the 3.3 V supply voltage to the Si2457/34/15/04.	
6, 20	GND	Ground. Connects to the system digital ground.	
7,19	VDA, VDB	Regulator Voltage Reference. Connects to an external capacitor and serves as the reference for the internal voltage regulator.	
8	RTS/D7	Request to Send/Data Bit. Active low request to send input used for flow control in serial mode. Bidirection parallel bus data bit 7 in parallel mode.	
9	RXD/RD	Receive Data/Read Enable. Data output to DTE RXD pin in serial mode. Active low read enable pin in parallel mode.	



Pin #	Pin Name	Description	
10	TXD/WR	Transmit Data/Write Enable. Data input from DTE TXD pin in serial mode. Active low write enable pin in paral- lel mode.	
11	CTS/CS	Clear to Send/Chip Select. Signals that the Si2457/34/15/04 is ready to receive more digital data on the TXD pin in data mode. Active low chip select in parallel mode.	
12	RESET	Reset Input. An active low input that is used to reset all control registers to a defined initialized state.	
13	C2A	Isolation Capacitor 2A. Connects to one side of the isolation capacitor, C2.	
14	C1A	Isolation Capacitor 1A. Connects to one side of the isolation capacitor, C1.	
15	AOUT/INT	Analog Output/Interrupt Output. Analog output in serial mode. Active low interrupt output in parallel mode.	
16	ĪNT/D0	Interrupt Output/Data Bit. Active low interrupt output in serial mode. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 0 in parallel mode.	
17	RI/D1	Ring Indicator/Data Bit. The \overline{RI} on (active low) indicates the presence of an ON segment of a ring signal on the telephone line. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 1 in parallel mode.	
18	SDI/EESD/D2	Serial Data In/EEPROM Serial Data Input/Output/Data Bit. Serial Data In (to codec) output in serial mode. Bidirectional Input/Output to SPI EEPROM in serial mode when pin 4 is pulled low during power up. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 2 in parallel mode.	
22	ESC/D3	Escape/Data Bit. Hardware escape in serial mode. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 3 in parallel mode.	
23	DCD/D4	Carrier Detect/Data Bit. Active low carrier detect in serial mode. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 4 in pa allel mode.	
24	SDO/EECLK/D5	Serial Data Out/EEPROM Clock/Data Bit 5. Serial Data Out (from codec) input in serial mode. Clock output for SPI EEPROM in serial mode when pin 4 is pulled low during power up. Bidirectional parallel bus data bit 5 in parallel mode.	



10. Pin Descriptions: Si3018/10

Si3018/10					
QE	1 ●	16	DCT2		
DCT	2	15	IGND		
RX	3	14	DCT3		
IB[4	13	QВ		
C1B	5	12	QE2		
C2B	6	11	□sc		
VREG	7	10	VREG2		
RNG1	8	9	RNG2		

Table 18. Si3018 Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Pin Name	Description
1	QE	Transistor Emitter.
		Connects to the emitter of Q3.
2	DCT	DC Termination.
		Provides dc termination to the telephone network.
3	RX	Receive Input.
		Serves as the receive side input from the telephone network.
4	IB	Internal Bias.
		Provides a bias voltage to the device.
5	C1B	Isolation Capacitor 1B.
		Connects to one side of isolation capacitor C1 and communicates with the system side.
6	C2B	Isolation Capacitor 2B.
		Connects to one side of isolation capacitor C2 and communicates with the system side.
7	VREG	Voltage Regulator.
		Connects to an external capacitor to provide bypassing for an internal power supply.
8	RNG1	Ring 1.
		Connects through a resistor to the RING lead of the telephone line. Provides the ring and caller ID signals to the Si2457/34/15/04.
9	RNG2	Ring 2.
		Connects through a resistor to the TIP lead of the telephone line. Provides the ring and caller ID signals to the Si2457/34/15/04.
10	VREG2	Voltage Regulator 2.
		Connects to an external capacitor to provide bypassing for an internal power supply.
11	SC	SC Connection.
10	050	Enables external transistor network. Should be tied through a 0 Ω resistor to I _{GND} .
12	QE2	Transistor Emitter 2.
13	QB	Connects to the emitter of Q4.
13	QB	Transistor Base.
		Connects to the base of transistor Q4.
14	DCT3	DC Termination 3.
		Provides the dc termination to the telephone network.
15	IGND	Isolated Ground.
		Connects to ground on the line-side interface.
16	DCT2	DC Termination 2.
		Provides dc termination to the telephone network.



11. Ordering Guide

Chipset	Max Speed	System-Side Package	System-Side*	Line-Side*	Temp Range
Si2457	56 kbps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2457-C-FT	Si3018-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2457	56 kbps	16-pin SOIC	Si2457-C-FS	Si3018-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2434	33.6 kbps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2434-C-FT	Si3018-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2434	33.6 kbps	16-pin SOIC	Si2434-C-FS	Si3018-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2415	14.4 kbps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2415-C-FT	Si3018-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2415	14.4 kbps	16-pin SOIC	Si2415-C-FS	Si3018-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2404	2400 bps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2404-C-FT	Si3010-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2404	2400 bps	16-pin SOIC	Si2404-C-FS	Si3010-F-FS	0 to 70 °C
Si2457	56 kbps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2457-C-GT	Si3018-F-GS	–40 to +85 °C
Si2434	33.6 kbps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2434-C-GT	Si3018-F-GS	–40 to +85 °C
Si2415	14.4 kbps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2415-C-GT	Si3018-F-GS	–40 to +85 °C
Si2404	2400 bps	24-pin TSSOP	Si2404-C-GT	Si3018-F-GS	–40 to +85 °C
*Note: Add an "F	Note: Add an "R" at the end of the device to denote tape and reel option; 2500 quantity per reel.				



12. Package Outline: 24-Pin TSSOP

Figure 9 illustrates the package details for the Si2457/34/15/04 24-pin packaging option. Table 19 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

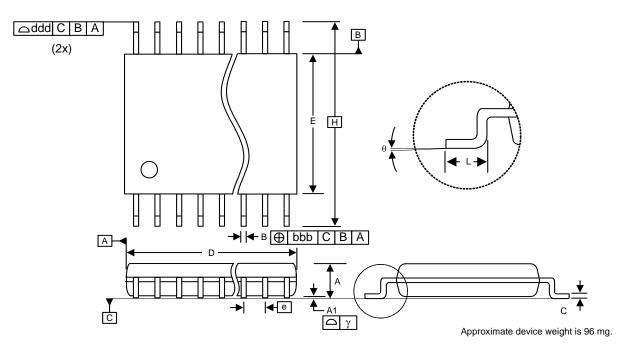


Figure 9. 24-Pin Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)

	Millimeters		
Symbol	Min	Max	
A	_	1.20	
A1	0.05	0.15	
В	0.19	0.30	
С	0.09	0.20	
D	7.70	7.90	
E	4.30	4.50	
е	0.65 BSC		
Н	6.40 BSC		
L	0.45	0.75	
θ	0°	8°	
γ	0.10		
bbb	0.10		
ddd	0.20		

Table 19. Package Diagram Dimensions



13. Package Outline: 16-Pin SOIC

Figure 10 illustrates the package details for the Si3018/10 and the Si2457/34/15/04 16-pin packaging option. Table 20 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

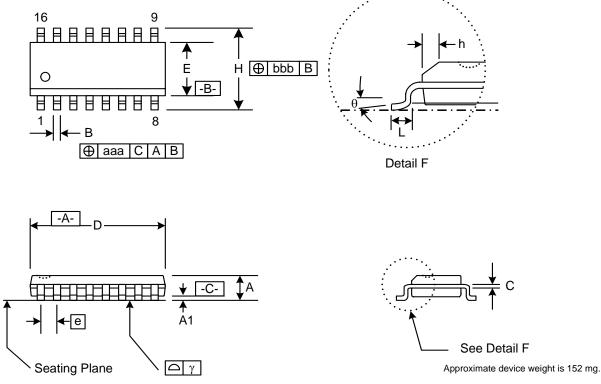


Figure 10. 16-pin Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC) Package

Symbol	Millime	eters	
Symbol	Min	Max	
A	1.35	1.75	
A1	.10	.25	
В	.33	.51	
С	.19	.25	
D	9.80	10.00	
E	3.80	4.00	
е	1.27 BSC		
Н	5.80	6.20	
h	.25	.50	
L	.40	1.27	
γ	0.10		
θ	0°	8°	
aaa	0.25		
bbb	0.2	5	

Table 20. Package Diagram Dimensions



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DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST

Revision 0.91 to Revision 1.0

- Added Figure 5 typical schematic with 16-pin system-side option.
- Updated Table 3 to include 16-pin system-side parameters.
- Updated default register setting in Table 16.
- Added Si2404 information.
- Added 16-pin system-side option.
- Updated "4. Functional Description" on page 16.
- Added "8. Pin Descriptions: Si2457/34/15/04 (16-Pin Option)" on page 66.
- Updated "11. Ordering Guide" on page 70 to reflect part revision.

Revision 1.0 to Revision 1.1

Added industrial temperature range devices.

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