

# CY62157EV30 MoBL<sup>®</sup> 8-Mbit (512 K × 16) Static RAM

#### Features

- Thin small outline package (TSOP) I package configurable as 512 K × 16 or 1 M × 8 static RAM (SRAM)
- High speed: 45 ns
- Temperature ranges
   □ Industrial: -40 °C to +85 °C
   □ Automotive-A: -40 °C to +85 °C
   □ Automotive-E: -40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide voltage range: 2.20 V to 3.60 V
- Pin compatible with CY62157DV30
- Ultra low standby power
   Typical standby current: 2 μA
   Maximum standby current: 8 μA (Industrial)
- Ultra low active power
   Typical active current: 1.8 mA at f = 1 MHz
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$ , and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- Automatic power down when deselected
- Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power
- Available in Pb-free and non Pb-free 48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array (VFBGA), Pb-free 44-pin TSOP II and 48-pin TSOP I packages

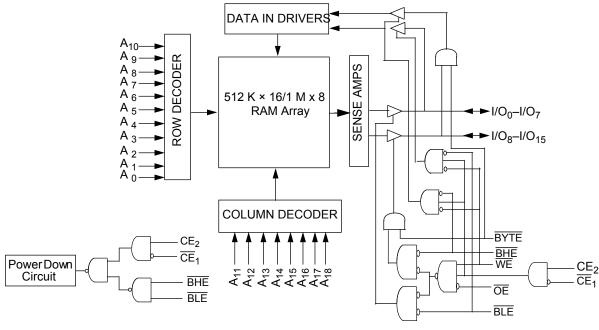
## **Functional Description**

The CY62157EV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 512K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life<sup>TM</sup> (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Place the device into standby mode when deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  LOW or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input or output pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  LOW), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{DE}$  HIGH), Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or a write operation is active ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW,  $\overline{CE}_2$  HIGH and WE LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  <u>HIGH</u>) and Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>18</sub>). If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>18</sub>).

To read from the device, take Chip Enable ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW and  $CE_2$  HIGH) and Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ( $\overline{BLE}$ ) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O<sub>0</sub> to I/O<sub>7</sub>. If Byte High Enable ( $\overline{BHE}$ ) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O<sub>8</sub> to I/O<sub>15</sub>. See Truth Table on page 13 for a complete description of read and write modes.

# Logic Block Diagram



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# CY62157EV30 MoBL<sup>®</sup>

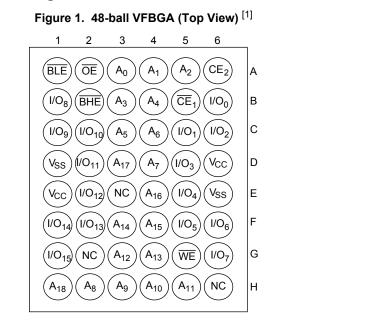
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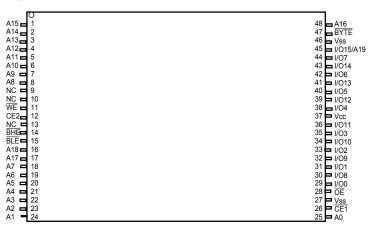


#### **Pin Configuration**



	TSOP II (Top View) <sup>[2]</sup>
$\begin{array}{c c} A_4 & [ & 0 \\ 1 \\ A_3 & [ & 2 \\ A_2 & 3 \\ A_1 & 4 \\ A_0 & 5 \\ \hline CE & 6 \\ I/O_0 & 7 \\ I/O_1 & 8 \\ I/O_2 & 9 \\ I/O_3 & 10 \\ V_{CC} & 11 \\ V_{SS} & 12 \\ I/O_4 & 13 \\ I/O_5 & 14 \\ I/O_6 & 15 \\ I/O_7 & 16 \\ \hline WE & 17 \\ A_{18} & 19 \\ A_{16} & 20 \\ A_{15} & 21 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
A <sub>14</sub> <u></u> 22	23 🗆 A <sub>13</sub>

Figure 3. 48-pin TSOP I (512 K × 16/1 M × 8) (Top View) <sup>[1, 3]</sup>



#### **Product Portfolio**

		V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)			Power Dissipation						
Product	Bongo			Speed (ns)	Operating I <sub>CC</sub> , (mA)				Standby, I <sub>SB2</sub>		
Product	Range					f = 1	MHz	f = f	max	<b>(</b> ա	Ă)
		Min	Тур <sup>[4]</sup>	Мах		Тур <sup>[4]</sup>	Max	Тур <sup>[4]</sup>	Max	Тур <sup>[4]</sup>	Max
CY62157EV30LL	Industrial/Auto-A	2.2	3.0	3.6	45	1.8	3	18	25	2	8
	Auto-E	2.2	3.0	3.6	55	1.8	4	18	35	2	30

#### Notes

1.

NC pins are not connected on the die. The <u>44-pin</u> TSOP II package has only one chip enable  $(\overline{CE})$  pin. 2.

The <u>44-pin 150F in package has only one only end of periable (CE) pint.</u>
 The BYTE pin in the <u>48-pin 150F I package can also be used as a 1 M × 8</u> SRAM by tying the BYTE signal LOW. In the 1 M x 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A19, while BHE, BLE and I/O<sub>8</sub> to I/O<sub>14</sub> pins are not used (NC).
 Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.



### **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature65 °C to + 150 °C
Ambient Temperature with Power Applied–55 °C to + 125 °C
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential0.3 V to 3.9 V (V <sub>CCmax</sub> + 0.3 V)
DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State $^{[5, 6]}$ 0.3 V to 3.9 V (V <sub>CCmax</sub> + 0.3 V)
DC Input Voltage <sup>[5, 6]</sup> 0.3 V to 3.9 V (V <sub>CC max</sub> + 0.3 V)

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001 V
Latch Up Current	> 200 mA

### **Operating Range**

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>cc</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>
CY62157EV30LL	Industrial/ Auto-A	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V
	Auto-E	–40 °C to +125 °C	

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		ns (Ind Auto-		5	Unit		
	•		Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[8]</sup>	Max	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[8]</sup>	Max	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = –0.1 mA	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.70 V	2.4	-	-	2.4	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.4	_	-	0.4	V
		$I_{OL}$ = 2.1 mA, $V_{CC} \ge 2.70 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.4	_	-	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 2.7 V	1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 2.7 V	-0.3	-	0.6	-0.3	-	0.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	-0.3	-	0.8	-0.3	-	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	-1	-	+1	-4	-	+4	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$GND \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled	-1	-	+1	-4	-	+4	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply	$f = f_{max} = 1/t_{RC}$ $V_{CC} = V_{CCmax}$	_	18	25	_	18	35	
	current	f = 1 MHz I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels	-	1.8	3	-	1.8	4	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>	Automatic CE power down current — CMOS inputs	$ \begin{array}{l} \overline{\text{CE}}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } \text{CE}_2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{or (BHE and BLE)} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{f} = f_{\text{max}} \text{ (Address and Data Only),} \\ \text{f} = 0 \text{ (OE and WE), } \\ V_{CC} = 3.60 \text{ V} \end{array} $	-	2	8	-	2	30	μΑ
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[9]</sup>	Automatic CE power down current — CMOS inputs	$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{split} \overline{CE}_1 &\geq V_{CC} - \underline{0.2} \ V \ \text{or} \ CE_2 \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \text{or} \ (\text{BHE and BLE}) \geq V_{CC} - \underline{0.2} \ V, \\ V_{\text{IN}} \geq V_{CC} - \underline{0.2} \ V \ \text{or} \ V_{\text{IN}} \leq \underline{0.2} \ V, \\ f = 0, \ V_{CC} = 3.60 \ V \end{split}$	_	2	8	_	2	30	μΑ

#### Notes

- Notes
  5. V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
  6. V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
  7. Full device AC operation assumes a 100 µs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>cc</sub>(min) and 200 µs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilization.
  8. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub>(typ), T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.
  9. Chip enables (CE<sub>1</sub> and CE<sub>2</sub>), byte enables (BHE and BLE) and BYTE (48-pin TSOP I only) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.



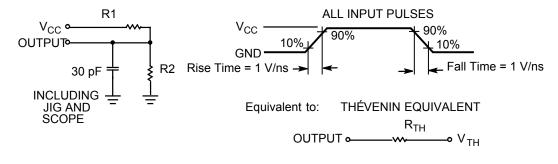
### Capacitance

Parameter <sup>[10]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	pF

#### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter <sup>[10]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball BGA	44-pin TSOP I	44-pin TSOP II	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit		74.88	76.88	°C/W
Θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal resistance (Junction to Case)	board	8.86	8.6	13.52	°C/W





Parameters	2.5 V	3.0 V	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	8000	645	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	1.20	1.75	V

10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

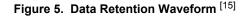


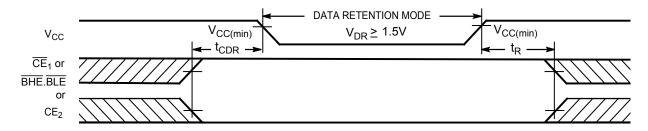
#### **Data Retention Characteristics**

#### Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Condition	Conditions				Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention			1.5	-	-	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub> <sup>[12]</sup>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 1.5 V, \overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 V,$	Industrial/Auto-A	_	2	5	μΑ
		$\begin{array}{l} C\underline{E}_2 \leq 0.2 \ V, \\ (BHE \text{ and } BLE) \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ V \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array}$	Auto-E	-	-	30	
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[13]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time			0	-		ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[14]</sup>	Operation recovery time		CY62157EV30LL-45	45	-	_	ns
			CY62157EV30LL-55	55	_	—	

#### **Data Retention Waveform**





#### Notes

11. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C. 12. Chip enables (CE<sub>1</sub> and CE<sub>2</sub>), byte enables (BHE and BLE) and BYTE (48-pin TSOP I only) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

- 13. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- 14. Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min)</sub>  $\geq$  100 µs or stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub>  $\geq$  100 µs. 15. BHE BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



### Switching Characteristics

#### Over the Operating Range

Parameter <sup>[16, 17]</sup>	Description		ndustrial/ o-A)	55 ns (Auto-E)		Unit	
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
Read Cycle							
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	45	-	55	-	ns	
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	-	45	-	55	ns	
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	10	-	10	-	ns	
t <sub>ACE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to data valid	-	45	-	55	ns	
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid	-	22	-	25	ns	
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z <sup>[18]</sup>	5	_	5	-	ns	
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[18, 19]</sup>	-	18	-	20	ns	
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to Low Z <sup>[18]</sup>	10	_	10	-	ns	
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and $CE_2$ LOW to High Z <sup>[18, 19]</sup>	-	18	-	20	ns	
t <sub>PU</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to power up	0	_	0	-	ns	
t <sub>PD</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and $CE_2$ LOW to power down	-	45	-	55	ns	
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	-	45	-	55	ns	
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to Low Z <sup>[18, 20]</sup>	5	_	10	-	ns	
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE HIGH to High Z <sup>[18, 19]</sup>	-	18	-	20	ns	
Write Cycle <sup>[21]</sup>		1			•		
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	45	-	55	-	ns	
t <sub>SCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to write end	35	_	40	_	ns	
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	35	_	40	_	ns	
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	0	_	ns	
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	_	0	_	ns	
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	35	_	40	_	ns	
t <sub>BW</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to write end	35	-	40	-	ns	
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	25	_	25	-	ns	
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	-	0	-	ns	
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[18, 19]</sup>	_	18	-	20	ns	
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[18]</sup>	10	-	10	-	ns	

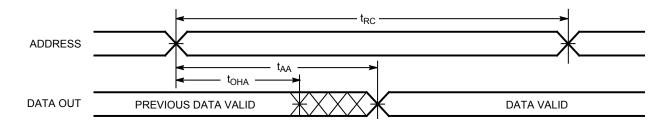
#### Notes

Notes
16. Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, and output loading of the specified 1<sub>OL</sub>/1<sub>OH</sub> as shown in the Figure 4 on page 5.
17. AC timing parameters are subject to byte enable signals (BHE or BLE) not switching when chip is disabled. See application note AN13842 for further clarification.
18. At any temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZEE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZEE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub> for any device.
19. t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZEE</sub>, t<sub>HZEE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high-impedance state.
20. If both byte enables are toggled together, this value is 10 ns.
21. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE, BLE or both = V<sub>IL</sub>, and CE<sub>2</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub>. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write. the write.

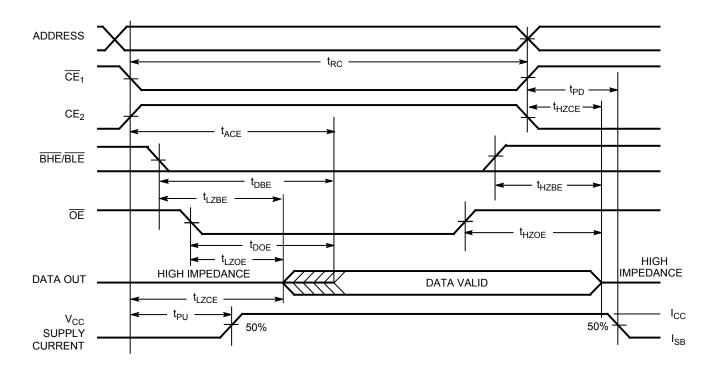


# **Switching Waveforms**

Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled)  $^{\left[22,\,23\right]}$ 



### Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) <sup>[23, 24]</sup>



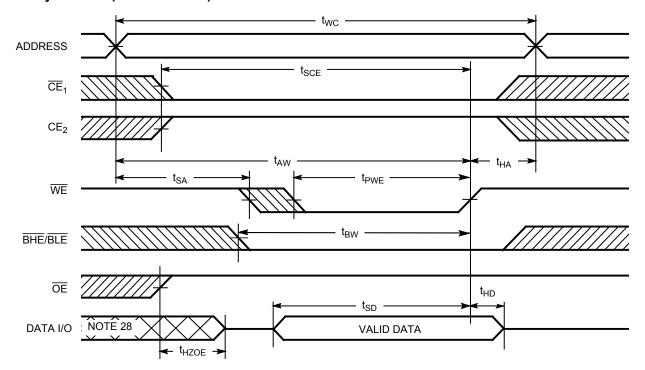
Notes

22. <u>The</u> device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$ , or both =  $V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ .

23. WE is HIGH for read cycle. 24. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  transition LOW and  $CE_2$  transition HIGH.



Write Cycle No. 1 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled) [25, 26, 27]



Notes

- 25. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 26. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ . 27. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state.
- 28. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

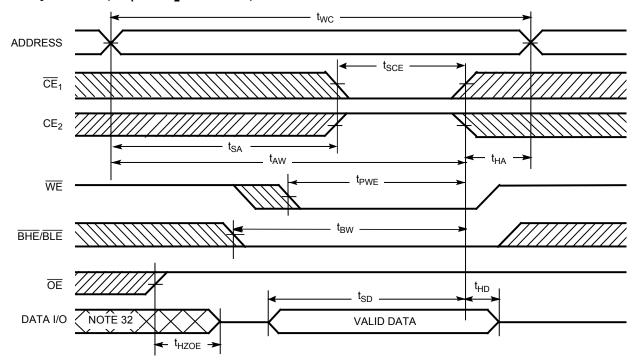
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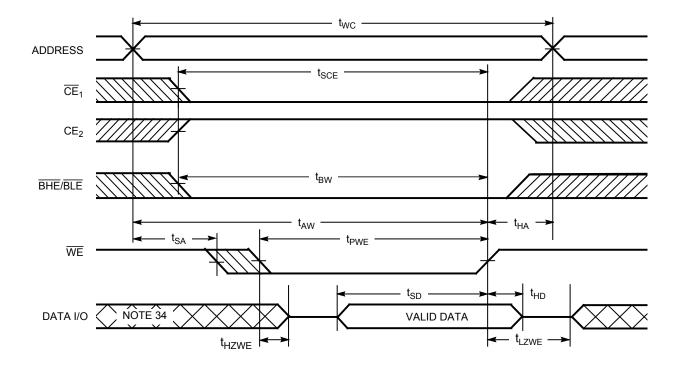
Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{CE}_1$  or  $CE_2$  Controlled) <sup>[29, 30, 31]</sup>



#### Notes

- 29. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE, BLE or both = V<sub>IL</sub>, and CE<sub>2</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub>. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 30. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ . 31. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state. 32. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



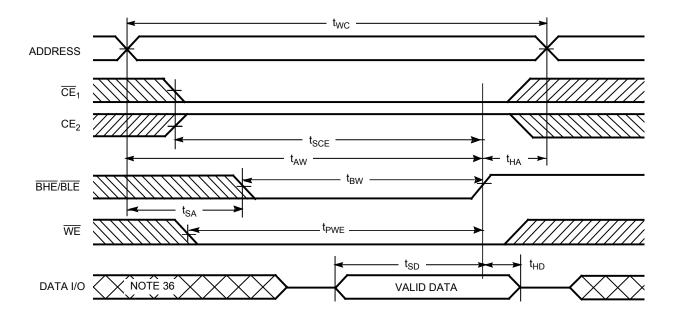


Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW) [33]

**Notes** 33. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{1H}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state. 34. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.







Notes 35. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state. 36. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.





#### **Truth Table**

CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	X <sup>[37]</sup>	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/power down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
X <sup>[37]</sup>	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/power down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
X <sup>[37]</sup>	X <sup>[37]</sup>	Х	Х	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect/power down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Data Out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); High Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); Data Out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data In (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Data In (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); High Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	High Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); Data In (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

Note

37. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the Chip enables in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted

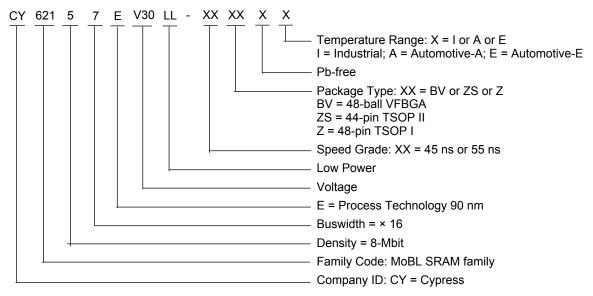


#### **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62157EV30LL-45BVI	51-85150	48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array	Industrial
	CY62157EV30LL-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array (Pb-free)	
	CY62157EV30LL-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin thin small outline package type II (Pb-free)	
	CY62157EV30LL-45ZXI	51-85183	48-pin thin small outline package type I (Pb-free)	
	CY62157EV30LL-45BVXA	51-85150	48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array (Pb-free)	Automotive-A
	CY62157EV30LL-45ZSXA	51-85087	44-pin thin small outline package type II (Pb-free)	
	CY62157EV30LL-45ZXA	51-85183	48-pin thin small outline package type I (Pb-free)	
55	CY62157EV30LL-55ZSXE	51-85087	44-pin thin small outline package type II (Pb-free)	Automotive-E
	CY62157EV30LL-55ZXE	51-85183	48-pin thin small outline package type I (Pb-free)	

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

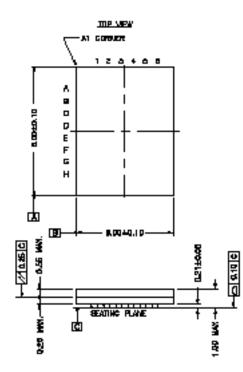
#### **Ordering Code Definitions**

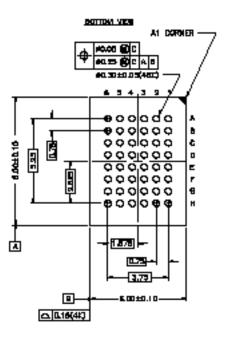




#### **Package Diagrams**

Figure 6. 48-pin VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm) BV48/BZ48, 51-85150



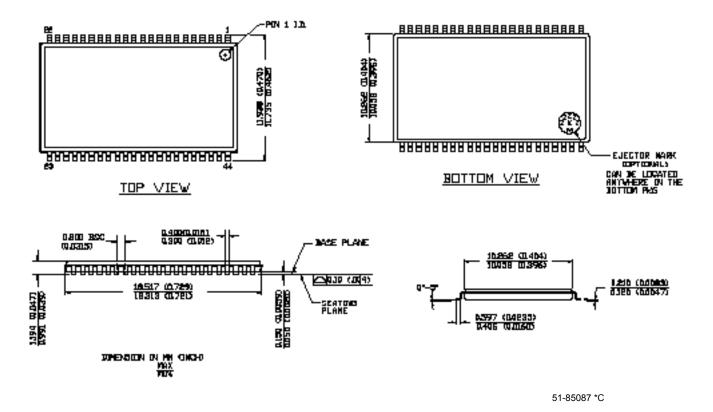


51-85150 \*F



### Package Diagrams (continued)

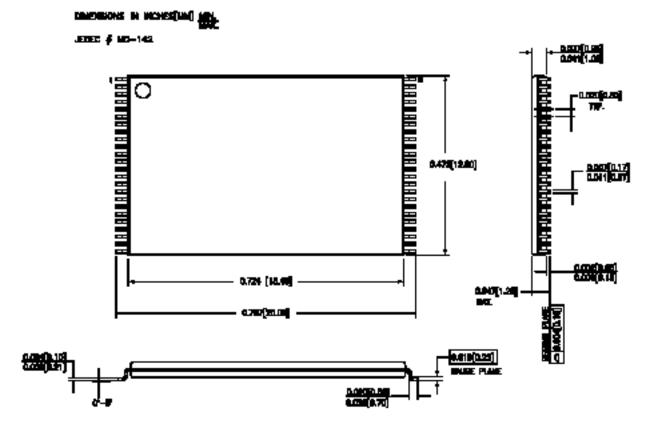
Figure 7. 44-pin TSOP Z44-II, 51-85087





#### Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 8. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1.0 mm) Z48A, 51-85183



51-85183 \*B





## Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CE	chip enable
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
ŌĒ	output enable
RAM	random access memory
SRAM	static random access memory
TSOP	thin small outline package
VFBGA	very fine-pitch ball grid array
WE	write enable

#### **Document Conventions**

#### Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celcius
MHz	Mega Hertz
μA	micro Amperes
μs	micro seconds
mA	milli Amperes
mm	milli meter
ns	nano seconds
Ω	ohms
%	percent
pF	pico Farad
V	Volts
W	Watts



## **Document History Page**

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	202940	AJU	See ECN	New Data Sheet
*A	291272	SYT	See ECN	Converted from Advance Information to Preliminary Removed 48-TSOP I Package and the associated footnote Added footnote stating 44 TSOP II Package has only one $\overline{CE}$ on Page # 2 Changed V <sub>CC</sub> stabilization time in footnote #7 from 100 µs to 200 µs Changed I <sub>CCDR</sub> from 4 to 4.5 µA Changed t <sub>OHA</sub> from 6 to 10 ns for both 35 and 45 ns Speed Bins Changed t <sub>DOE</sub> from 15 to 18 ns for 35 ns Speed Bin Changed t <sub>HZOE</sub> , t <sub>HZBE</sub> and t <sub>HZWE</sub> from 12 and 15 ns to 15 and 18 ns for 35 and 4 ns Speed Bins respectively Changed t <sub>HZCE</sub> from 12 and 15 ns to 18 and 22 ns for 35 and 45 ns Speed Bins respectively Changed t <sub>SCE</sub> , t <sub>AW</sub> and t <sub>BW</sub> from 25 and 40 ns to 30 and 35 ns for 35 and 45 ns Speed Bins respectively Changed t <sub>SD</sub> from 15 and 20 ns to 18 and 22 ns for 35 and 45 ns Speed Bins respectively
*B	444306	NXR	See ECN	Converted from Preliminary to Final. Changed ball E3 from DNU to NC Removed redundant footnote on DNU. Removed 35 ns speed bin Removed "L" bin Added 48 pin TSOP I package Added Automotive product information. Changed the I <sub>CC</sub> Typ value from 16 mA to 18 mA and I <sub>CC</sub> Max value from 28 m/ to 25 mA for test condition f = fax = 1/t <sub>RC</sub> . Changed the I <sub>CC</sub> Max value from 2.3 mA to 3 mA for test condition f = 1MHz. Changed the I <sub>SB1</sub> and I <sub>SB2</sub> Max value from 4.5 $\mu$ A to 8 $\mu$ A and Typ value from 0. $\mu$ A to 2 $\mu$ A respectively. Modified ISB <sub>1</sub> test condition to include BHE, BLE Updated Thermal Resistance table. Changed Test Load Capacitance from 50 pF to 30 pF. Added Typ value for I <sub>CCDR</sub> Changed the I <sub>CCDR</sub> Max value from 4.5 $\mu$ A to 5 $\mu$ A Corrected t <sub>R</sub> in Data Retention Characteristics from 100 $\mu$ s to t <sub>RC</sub> ns. Changed t <sub>LZDE</sub> from 3 to 5 Changed t <sub>LZDE</sub> from 6 to 10 Changed t <sub>LZDE</sub> from 6 to 5 Changed t <sub>LZDE</sub> from 6 to 5 Changed t <sub>LZDE</sub> from 6 to 10 Added footnote #15 Updated the ordering Information and replaced the Package Name column witt Package Diagram.
*C	467052	NXR	See ECN	Modified Data sheet to include x8 configurability. Updated the Ordering Information table
*D	925501	VKN	See ECN	Removed Automotive-E information Added Preliminary Automotive-A information Added footnote #10 related to I <sub>SB2</sub> and I <sub>CCDR</sub> Added footnote #15 related AC timing parameters
*E	1045801	VKN	See ECN	Converted Automotive-A specs from preliminary to final Updated footnote #9



## Document History Page (continued)

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*F	2724889	NXR/AESA	06/26/09	Added Automotive-E information Included -45ZXA/-55ZSXE/-55ZXE parts in the Ordering Information table
*G	2927528	VKN	05/04/2010	Renamed "DNU" pins as "NC" for 48 TSOP I package Added footnote #24 related to chip enable Updated Package Diagrams Added Contents Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information
*H	3110053	PRAS	12/14/2010	Changed Table Footnotes to Footnotes. Added Ordering Code Definitions.
*	3269771	RAME	05/30/2011	Updated Functional Description (Removed "For best practice recommendations refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines."). Updated Electrical Characteristics. Updated Data Retention Characteristics. Updated Package Diagrams. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated in new template.



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