

# SanDisk®

## **iNAND™**

### **e.MMC 4.41 I/F**

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**Preliminary Data Sheet**

**80-36-03433**

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# 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1. General Description

iNAND is an Embedded Flash Drive (EFD) designed for mobile handsets and consumer electronic devices. iNAND is a hybrid device combining an embedded thin flash controller and standard MLC NAND flash memory, with an industry standard e.MMC 4.41<sup>1</sup> interface.

Empowered with a new e.MMC4.41 feature set such as Boot and RPMB partitions, HPI, Background Operations and HW Reset the iNAND e.MMC is the optimal device for reliable code and data storage.

Designed specifically for mobile multimedia applications, iNAND is the most mature on board SD/MMC device since 2005, providing mass storage of up to 32GB in JEDEC compatible form factors, with low power consumption and high performance - an ideal solution for multimedia handsets of 2.5G, 3G, 3.5G and 4G.

In addition to the high reliability and high system performance offered by the current iNAND family of products, iNAND offers plug-and-play integration and support for multiple NAND technology transitions, as well as features such as advanced power management scheme.

iNAND uses advanced Multi-Level Cell (MLC) NAND flash technology, enhanced by SanDisk's embedded flash management software running as firmware on the flash controller.

iNAND architecture and embedded firmware fully emulates a hard disk to the host processor, enabling read/write operations that are identical to a standard, sector-based hard drive. In addition, SanDisk firmware employs patented methods, such as virtual mapping, dynamic and static wear-leveling, and automatic block management to ensure high data reliability and maximize flash life expectancy.

SanDisk iNAND provides up to 32GB of memory for use in mass storage applications. In addition to the mass-storage-specific flash memory chip, iNAND includes an intelligent controller, which manages interface protocols, data storage and retrieval, error correction code (ECC) algorithms, defect handling and diagnostics, power management and clock control.

Figure 1 shows a block diagram of the SanDisk iNAND with MMC Interface.

iNAND enables multimedia driven applications such as music, photo, video, TV, GPS, games, email, office and other applications.

The breakthrough in performance and design makes iNAND the ideal solution for mobile handset vendors, portable navigation and Automotive Infotainment vendors who require easy integration, fast time to market and high-capacity.

## 1.2. Plug-and-Play Integration

iNAND optimized architecture eliminates the need for complicated software integration and testing processes and enables a practically plug-and-play integration in the system. The replacement of one iNAND device with another of a newer generation requires virtually no changes to the host. This makes iNAND the perfect solution for platforms and reference designs, as it allows for the

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<sup>1</sup> Compatible to JESD84-A441

utilization of more advanced NAND Flash technology with minimal integration or qualification efforts.

SanDisk iNAND is well-suited to meet the needs of small, low power, electronic devices. With JEDEC form factors measuring 12mm x 16mm (169 balls), 14x18mm (169 balls) and 11.5x13mm (169 balls) compatible with 0.5mm ball pitch, iNAND is fit for a wide variety of portable devices such as multi-media mobile handsets, personal media players, GPS devices and Automotive infotainment (car multimedia and car navigation).

To support this wide range of applications, iNAND is offered with an MMC/SD Interface.

The MMC interface allows for easy integration into any design, regardless of the host (chipset) type used. All device and interface configuration data (such as maximum frequency and device identification) are stored on the device.

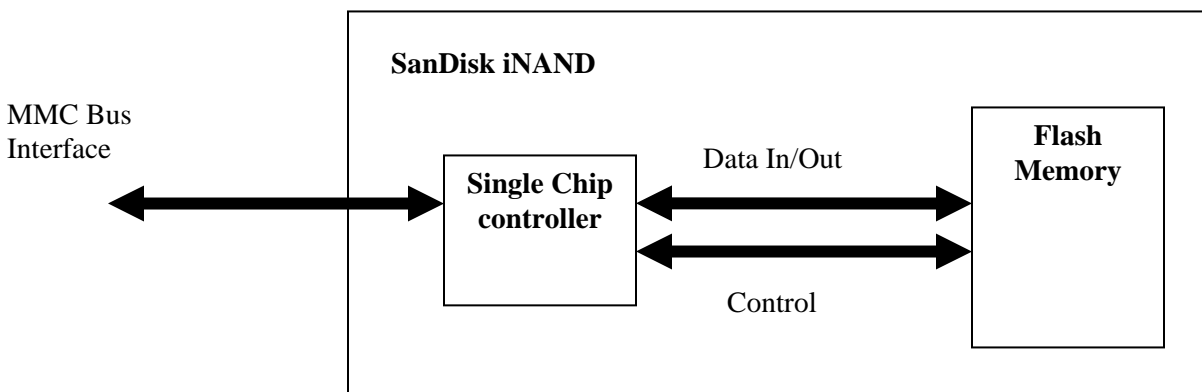


Figure 1 - SanDisk iNAND with MMC I/F Block Diagram

### 1.3. Feature Overview

SanDisk iNAND, with MMC interface, features include the following:

- Memory controller and NAND flash
- Complies with e.MMC Specification Ver. 4.41<sup>2</sup>
- Mechanical design complies with JEDEC MO-276C Specification
- Offered in three TFBGA packages of e.MMC 4.41<sup>3</sup>
  - o 11.5mm x 13mm x 1.2mm (2GB)
  - o 12mm x 16mm x 1.2mm (4GB, 8GB, 16GB)
  - o 12mm x 18mm x 1.4mm (32GB)
- Operating temperature range: -25C° to +85C°
- Dual power system
- Core voltage (VCC) 2.7-3.6v

<sup>2</sup> Refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

<sup>3</sup> Refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-C441

- I/O (VCCQ) voltage, either: 1.7-1.95v or 2.7-3.6v
- Up to 32 GB of data storage.
- Supports three data bus widths: 1bit (default), 4bit, 8bit.
- Variable clock frequencies of 0-20 MHz, 0-26 MHz (default), 0-52 MHz (high-speed)
- Up to 52 MB/sec bus transfer rate (using 8 parallel data lines at 52 MHz)
- Correction of memory field errors
- Designed for portable and stationary applications that require high performance and reliable data storage

#### **1.4. Functional Description**

SanDisk iNAND contains a high-level, intelligent subsystem as shown in Figure 1. This intelligent (microprocessor) subsystem provides many capabilities not found in other types of storage devices. These capabilities include:

- Host independence from details of erasing and programming flash memory
- Sophisticated system for managing defects
- Sophisticated system for error recovery including a powerful ECC
- Power management for low power operation

#### **1.5. Technology Independence**

SanDisk iNAND uses 512 bytes as sector size. To write or read a sector (or multiple sectors), the host software simply issues a read or write command to the card. The command contains the address and number of sectors to write or read. The host software then waits for the command to complete.

There is no host software involvement in the details of flash operations such as erase, program or read. This is extremely important since flash devices are becoming increasingly complex with current advanced NAND MLC processes. Because iNAND uses an intelligent on-board controller, host system software will not need to be updated as new flash memory evolves. In other words, systems that support iNAND technology today will be able to access future SanDisk devices built with new flash technology without having to update or change the host software.

#### **1.6. Defect and Error Management**

The SanDisk iNAND contains a sophisticated defect and error management system. If necessary, iNAND will rewrite data from a defective sector to a good sector. This is completely transparent to the host and does not consume any user data space. In the extremely rare case that a read error does occur, iNAND has innovative algorithms to recover the data. These defect and error management systems, coupled with the solid state construction, give SanDisk iNAND unparalleled reliability.

## 1.7. MMC bus and Power Lines

SanDisk iNAND with MMC interface supports the MMC protocol. For more details regarding these buses refer to JEDEC standards No. JESD84-A441.

The iNAND bus has the following communication and power lines:

- **CMD:** Command is a bidirectional signal. The host and iNAND operate in two modes, open drain and push-pull.
- **DAT0-7:** Data lines are bidirectional signals. Host and iNAND operate in push-pull mode.
- **CLK:** Clock input.
- **RST\_n:** Hardware Reset Input
- **VCCQ:** VCCQ is the power supply line for host interface.
- **VCC:** VCC is the power supply line for internal flash memory.
- **VDDi:** VDDi is iNAND's internal power node, not the power supply. Connect 0.1uF capacitor from VDDi to ground.
- **VSS, VSSQ:** ground lines.

### 1.7.1. Bus operating conditions

Table 1 - Bus operating conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Peak voltage on all lines		-0.5	VCCQ+0.5	V
Input Leakage Current (before initializing and/or connecting the internal pull-up resistors)		-100	100	μA
Input Leakage Current (after changing the bus width and disconnecting the internal pull-up resistors)		-2	2	μA
Output Leakage Current (before initializing and/or connecting the internal pull-up resistors)		-100	100	μA
Output Leakage Current (after changing the bus width and disconnecting the internal pull-up resistors)		-2	2	μA

Table 2 – Power supply voltage

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VCCQ (Low)	1.7	1.95	V
	VCCQ ( High)	2.7	3.6	V
	VCC	2.7	3.6	V
	VSS-VSSQ	-0.5	0.5	V



## 2. E.MMC4.41 FEATURES OVERVIEW

### 2.1. Boot

iNAND supports e.MMC 4.41 boot operation mode, both mandatory as well as alternate mode are supported<sup>4</sup>.

### 2.2. Automatic Sleep Mode

A unique feature of iNAND is automatic entrance and exit from sleep mode. Upon completion of an operation, iNAND enters sleep mode to conserve power if no further commands are received. Typically the entrance to sleep mode occurs immediately<sup>5</sup>. The host does not have to take any action for this to occur, however, in order to achieve the lowest sleep current, the host needs to shut down its clock to the memory device. In most systems, embedded devices are in sleep mode except when accessed by the host, thus conserving power. When the host is ready to access a memory device in sleep mode, any command issued to it will cause it to exit sleep and respond.

### 2.3. Sleep (CMD5)

A card may be switched between a Sleep and a Standby state using the SLEEP/AWAKE (CMD5). In the Sleep state the power consumption of the memory device is minimized and the memory device reacts only to the commands RESET (CMD0) and SLEEP/AWAKE (CMD5). All the other commands are ignored by the memory device.

The Vcc power supply may be switched off in Sleep state to enable even further system power consumption saving.

For additional information please refer JESD84-A441 section number 7.6.15

### 2.4. Reliable Write

iNAND supports 512B reliable write as defined in e.MMC 4.41 spec<sup>6</sup>.

Reliable write is a special write mode in which the old data pointed to by a logical address must remain unchanged until the new data written to same logical address has been successfully programmed. This is to ensure that the target address updated by the reliable write transaction never contains undefined data. When writing in reliable write, data will remain valid even if a sudden power loss occurs during programming.

### 2.5. Secure Erase

In addition to the standard erase command the iNAND supports the optional Secure Erase command<sup>7</sup>.

The Secure Erase command differs from the basic Erase command in that it requires the iNAND to

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<sup>4</sup> For additional information refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

<sup>5</sup> In rare cases entering sleep mode may take 1 Sec due to housekeeping operation.

<sup>6</sup> For additional information refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

<sup>7</sup> For additional information refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

execute the erase operation on the memory array when the command is issued and requires the iNAND and host to wait until the operation is complete before moving to the next iNAND operation.

The secure erase command requires the iNAND to perform a secure purge operation on the erase groups, and copy items identified for erase, in those erase groups .

A purge operation is defined as overwriting addressable locations with a single character and then performing an erase.

This new command meets high security application requirements (e.g, those used by military and government customers) that once data has been erased, it can no longer be retrieved from the device.

## 2.6. Secure Trim

The Secure Trim<sup>8</sup> command is similar to the Secure Erase command but performs a secure purge operation on write blocks instead of erase groups. The size of a write block in the iNAND device is 512B

## 2.7. Trim

The Trim function is similar to the Erase command but applies the erase operation to write blocks instead of erase groups. The size of a write block in the iNAND device is 512B

For additional information on the Trim function, refer to JEDEC standards No. JESD84-A441

## 2.8. Partition management

The iNAND offers the possibility for the host to configure additional split local memory partitions with independent addressable space starting from logical address 0x00000000 for different usage models. Therefore memory block area can be classified as follows<sup>9</sup>:

- Factory configuration supplies two boot partitions, each 1MB in size, implemented as enhanced storage media and one RPMB partitioning of 2MB in size
- The host is free to configure one segment in the User Data Area to be implemented as enhanced storage media, and to specify its starting location and size in terms of Write Protect Groups. The attributes of this Enhanced User Data Area can be programmed only once during the device life-cycle (one-time programmable).
- Up to four General Purpose Area Partitions can be configured to store user data or sensitive data, or for other host usage models. The size of these partitions is a multiple of the write protect group. Size and attributes can be programmed once in device life-cycle (one-time programmable). Each of the General Purpose Area Partitions can be implemented with enhanced technological features.

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<sup>8</sup> For additional information refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

<sup>9</sup> For additional information refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

## 2.9. Enhanced Write Protection

To allow the host to protect data against erase or write, the iNAND supports two levels of write protect command<sup>10</sup>:

- The entire iNAND (including the Boot Area Partitions, General Purpose Area Partition, and User/Enhanced User Data Area Partition) may be write-protected by setting the permanent or temporary write protect bits in the CSD.
- Specific segments of the iNAND may be permanently, power-on or temporarily write protected. Segment size can be programmed via the EXT\_CSD register.

For additional information please refer JESD84-A441 standard.

## 2.10. High Priority Interrupt (HPI)

Many operating-systems use demand-paging to launch a process requested by the user. If the host needs to fetch pages while in a middle of a write operation, the request will be delayed until the completion of the write command which, in the worst case scenario, can take up to 350ms.

The high priority interrupt (HPI) as defined in JESD84-A441 enables low read latency operation by suspending a lower priority operation before it is actually completed. This mechanism can reduce read latency, in typical condition, to 5msec.

For additional information on the HPI function, refer to JESD84-A441 standard section 7.6.20

## 2.11. Background Operations

Devices have various maintenance operations that they need to perform internally, such as garbage collection, erase and compaction. In order to reduce latencies during time critical operations, it is better to execute maintenance operations when the device is not serving the host.

Operations are then separated into two types: foreground operations – such as read or write commands, and background operations – operations that the device can execute when the host is not being served.

For additional information on Background Operations, refer to JESD84-A441 standard section 7.6.19

## 2.12. H/W Reset

Hardware reset may be used by host to reset the device, moving the card to a Pre-idle state and disabling the power-on period write protect on blocks that was set as power-on write protect before the reset was asserted. For more information, refer to JESD84-A441 standard.

## 2.13. DDR I/F

Support DDR signaling to double bus performance. For additional information please refer to JESD84-A441 standard.

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<sup>10</sup> For additional information refer to JEDEC Standards No. JESD84-A441

### 3. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

#### 3.1. Typical Power Requirements

Table 3 - iNAND Power Requirements (Ta=25°C@3.3V)

		Max Value	Measurement
<b>Auto Sleep mode</b>		350	uA
<b>Sleep (CMD5)</b>		200 (Max) 110 (Typical)	uA
<b>Read</b>	Default Speed	100	mA
	High-Speed	200	mA
<b>Write</b>	Default Speed	100	mA
	High-Speed	200	mA
VCC (ripple: max, 60mV peak-to-peak) 2.7 V – 3.6 V			

Note 1: Current measurements are average over 100 mSecs.

Note 2: Sleep is measured at room temperature

Note 3: In CMD5 Flash Vcc power supply is switched off

#### 3.2. Operating Conditions

##### 3.2.1. Operating and Storage Temperature Specifications

Table 4 - Operating and Storage Temperatures

Temperature		
	Operating	-25° C to 85° C
	Non-Operating: After soldered onto PC Board	-40° C to 85° C

##### 3.2.2. Moisture Sensitivity

The moisture sensitivity level for iNAND is MSL = 3.

#### 3.3. System Performance

All performance values for iNAND in Table 5 were measured under the following conditions:

- Voltage range:
  - Core voltage (VCC): 2.7-3.6v
  - Host voltage (VCCQ), either: 1.7-1.95v or 2.7-3.6v
- Operating temperature -25° C to 85° C

*Table 5 - System Performance*

<b>Timing</b>	<b>Value</b>
Sustained Read	15 MB/s
Sustained Write	9 MB/s
Block Read Access Time (MAX)	100 ms
Block Write Access Time (MAX)	250 ms
CMD1 to Ready after Power-up (MAX)	1000 ms

### 3.4. Physical Specifications

The SanDisk iNAND is a 169-pin, thin fine-pitched ball grid array (BGA). See Figure 2, Figure 3 and Table 6 for physical specifications and dimensions.

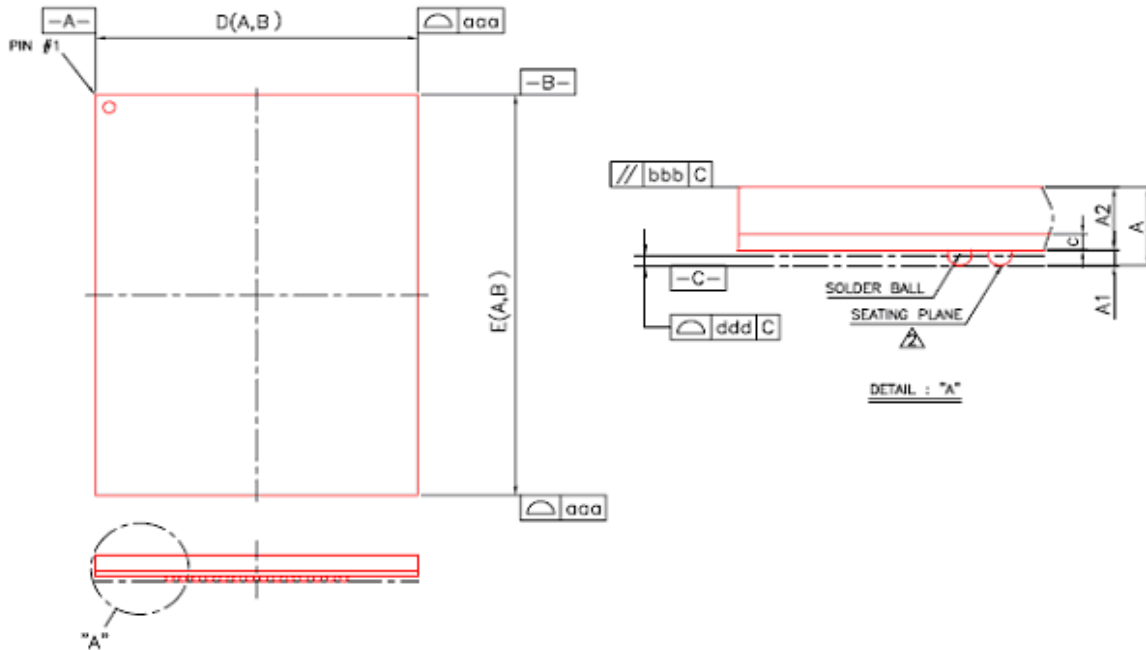


Figure 2- INAND Specification Top and Side View (Detail A)

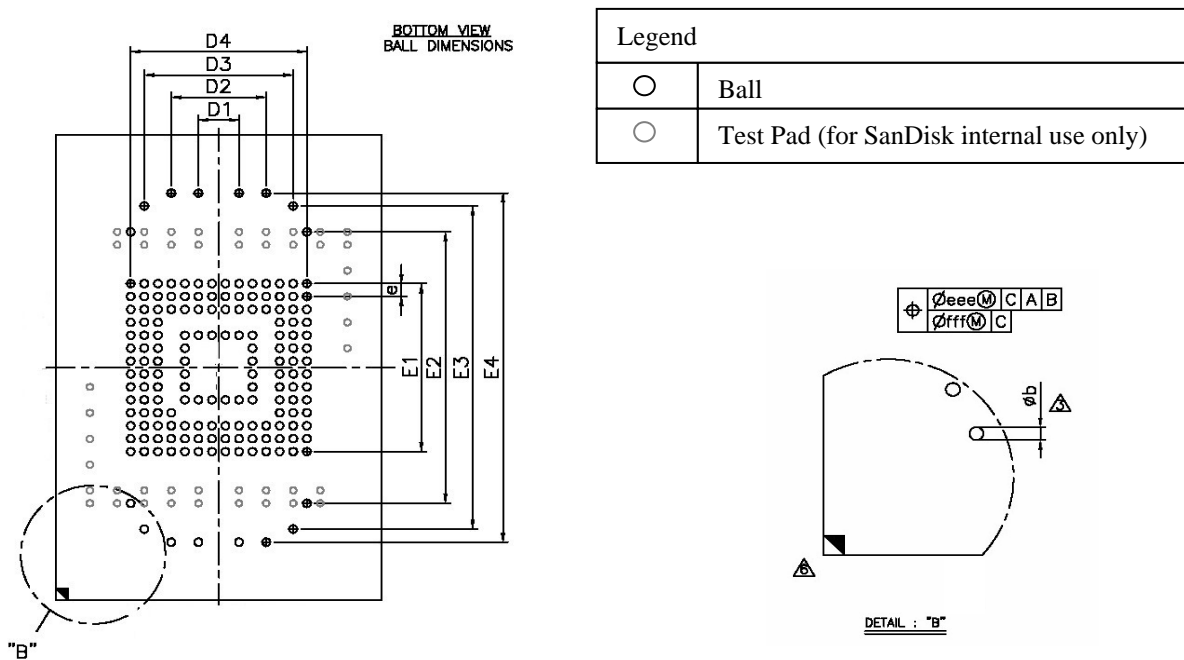


Figure 3- Package Outline Drawing – bottom view

Table 6 - iNAND Package Specification

Package Size	Symbol	Dimension in millimeters			Dimension in inches		
		Minimum	Nominal	Maximum	Minimum	Nominal	Maximum
All	A	---	---	1.20 <sup>1</sup>	---	---	0.047
All	A1	0.17	0.22	0.27	0.007	0.009	0.011
12X18mm	A2	0.98	1.03	1.08	0.038	0.040	0.042
12X16mm 11.5X13mm	A2	0.785	0.835	0.885	0.031	0.033	0.035
12X18mm	C	0.10	0.13	0.16	0.004	0.005	0.006
12X16mm 11.5X13mm	C	0.17	0.21	0.25	0.007	0.008	0.010
12X18mm 12X16mm	D(A)	11.93	12.00	12.07	0.470	0.472	0.476
11.5X13mm	D(B)	11.43	11.5	11.57	0.450	0.453	0.456
12X16mm	E(A)	15.93	16.00	16.07	0.627	0.630	0.633
12X18mm	E(B)	17.90	18.00	18.10	0.706	0.709	0.713
11.5X13mm	E(C)	12.93	13.00	13.07	0.509	0.512	0.515
12X18mm 12X16mm	D1	---	1.50	---	---	0.059	---
12X18mm 12X16mm	D2	---	3.50	---	---	0.138	---
12X18mm 12X16mm	D3	---	5.50	---	---	0.217	---
All	D4	---	6.50	---	---	0.256	---
All	E1	---	6.50	---	---	0.256	---
12X18mm 12X16mm	E2	---	10.50	---	---	0.413	---
12X18mm 12X16mm	E3	---	12.50	---	---	0.492	---
12X18mm 12X16mm	E4	---	13.50	---	---	0.531	---
All	E	---	.50	---	---	0.020	---

1 For SDIN5B2-32G maximum device height (A) is 1.40 mm

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All	B	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.010	0.012	0.014
All	Aaa	0.10			0.004		
All	Bbb	0.10			0.004		
All	Ddd	0.08			0.003		
All	Eee	0.15			0.006		
All	Fff	0.05			0.002		
All	MD/ME	14/14			14/14		



## 4. INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

### 4.1. MMC I/F Ball Array

Figure 4 illustrates the SanDisk iNAND MMC interface 169 balls array.

Figure 7 illustrates the SanDisk iNAND MMC interface 153 balls array.

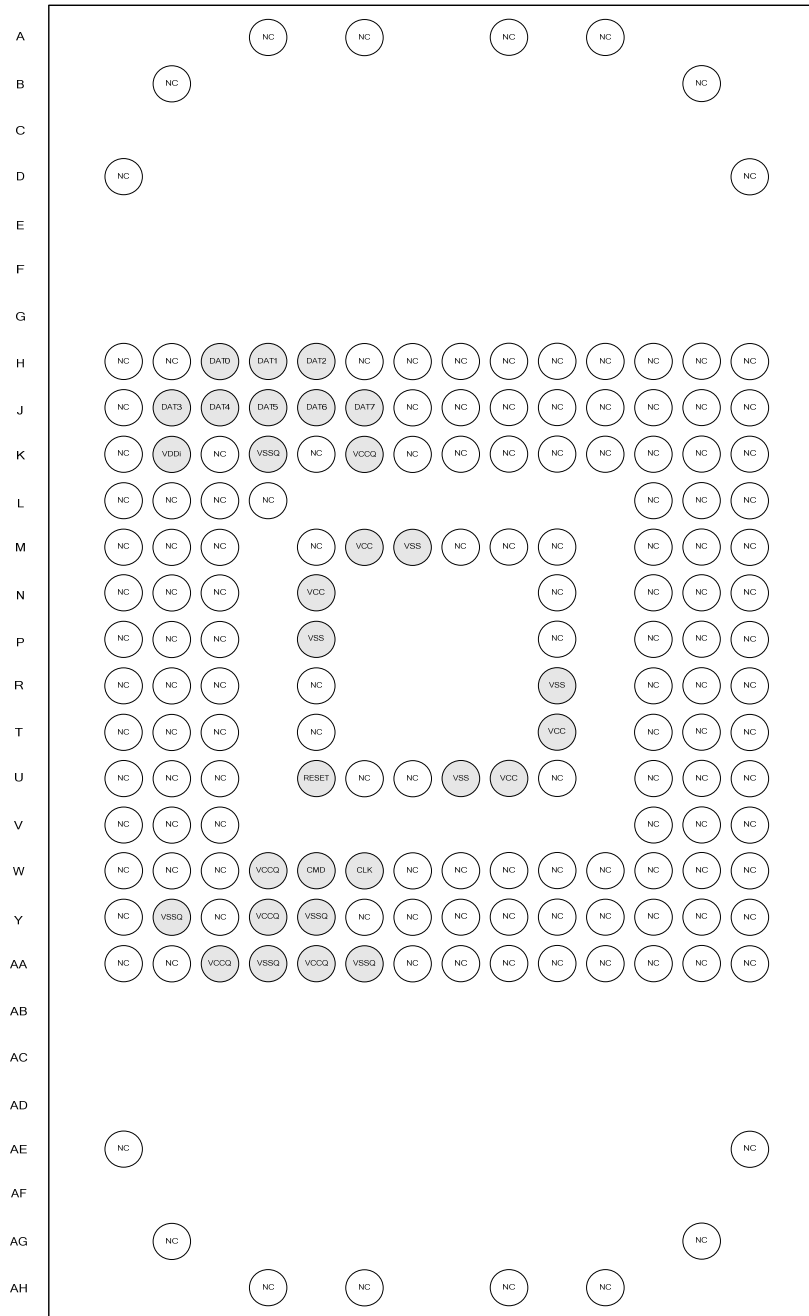


Figure 4 - 169 balls - Ball Array (Top View)

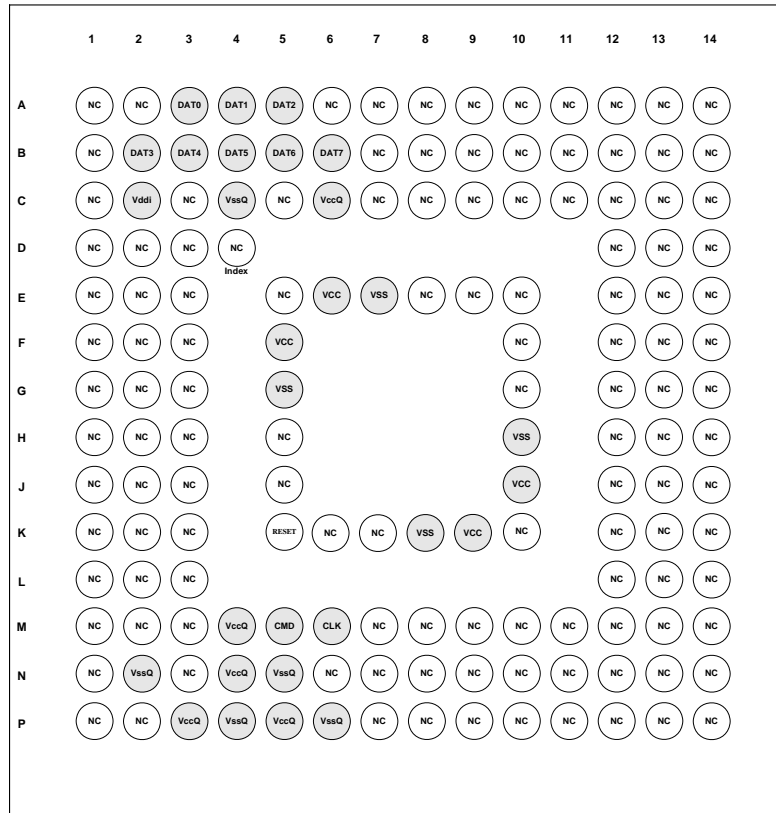


Figure 7- 153 balls - Ball Array (Top View)

## 4.2. Pins and Signal Description

Table 7 contains the SanDisk iNAND, with MMC interface (169 balls), functional pin assignment.

Table 7 – Functional Pin Assignment, 169 balls

Ball No.	Ball Signal	Type	Description
H3	DAT0	I/O	Data I/O: Bidirectional channel used for data transfer
H4	DAT1		
H5	DAT2		
J2	DAT3		
J3	DAT4		
J4	DAT5		
J5	DAT6		
J6	DAT7		
W5	CMD	I/O	Command: A bidirectional channel used for device initialization and command transfers.
W6	CLK	Input	Clock: Each cycle directs a 1-bit transfer on the command and DAT lines
U5	RST_n		Hardware Reset
M6	VCC	Supply	Flash I/O and memory power supply
N5	VCC		
T10	VCC		
U9	VCC		
K6	VCCQ	Supply	Memory controller core and MMC I/F I/O power supply
W4	VCCQ		
Y4	VCCQ		
AA3	VCCQ		
AA5	VCCQ		
M7	VSS	Supply	Flash I/O and memory ground connection
P5	VSS		
R10	VSS		
U8	VSS		
K4	VSSQ		Memory controller core and MMC I/F ground connection
Y2	VSSQ		
Y5	VSSQ		
AA4	VSSQ		
AA6	VSSQ		
K2	VDDi		Internal power node. Connect 0.1uF capacitor from VDDi to ground

Note: All other pins are not connected [NC] and can be connected to GND or left floating.

## 4.3. iNAND Registers

### 4.3.1. OCR Register

Value for 4GB-32GB: 0xC0FF8080

Value for 2GB: 0x40FF8080

Note: Bit 30 is set because the device is High Capacity; bit 31 will be set only when the device is ready

Parameter	OCR slice	Description	Value	Width
Access Mode	[30:29]	Access mode	<=2GB 00b >2GB 10b	2
	[23:15]	VDD: 2.7 - 3.6 range	11111111b	9
	[14:8]	VDD: 2.0 - 2.6 range	0000000b	7
	[7]	VDD: 1.7 - 1.95 range	1b	1

### 4.3.2. CID Register

Parameter	CID slice	Description	Value	Width
MID	[127:120]	Manufacturer ID	02h	8
CBX	[113:112]	Card BGA	01h	2
OID	[111:104]	OEM/Application ID	0000h	8
PNM	[103:56]	Product name	2GB: 53454d303247h ("SEM02G") 4GB: 53454d303447h ("SEM04G") 8GB: 53454d303847h ("SEM08G") 16GB: 53454d313647h ("SEM16G") 32GB: 53454d333247h ("SEM32G")	48
PRV	[55:48]	Product revision	90h	8
PSN	[47:16]	Product serial number	Random by Production	32
MDT	[15:8]	Manufacturing date	month, year	8
CRC	[7:1]	CRC7 checksum	0000000b	7

### 4.3.3. DSR Register

Parameter	DSR slice	Description	Value	Width
RSRVD	[15:8]	Reserved	04h	8
RSRVD	[7:0]	Reserved	04h	8

DSR is not implemented; in case of read, value of 0x0404 will be returned.

**4.3.4. CSD Register**

Parameter	CSD Slice	Description	Value	Width
CSD_STRUCTURE	[127:126]	CSD structure	11b	3
SPEC_VERS	[125:122]	System specification version	0100b	4
TAAC	[119:112]	Data read access-time 1	0Fh	8
NSAC	[111:104]	Data read access-time 2 in CLK cycles (NSAC*100)	00h	8
TRAN_SPEED	[103:96]	Max. bus clock frequency	32h	8
CCC	[95:84]	Card command classes	0F5h	12
READ_BL_LEN	[83:80]	Max. read data block length	9h – Not 2GB Ah – for 2GB	4
READ_BL_PARTIAL	[79:79]	Partial blocks for read allowed	0b	1
WRITE_BLK_MISALIGN	[78:78]	Write block misalignment	0b	0
READ_BLK_MISALIGN	[77:77]	Read block misalignment	0b	0
DSR_IMP	[76:76]	DSR implemented	0b	0
*C_SIZE	[73:62]	Device size	2GB-E97h >2GB FFFh	12
VDD_R_CURR_MIN	[61:59]	Max. read current @ VDD min	111b	3
VDD_R_CURR_MAX	[58:56]	Max. read current @ VDD max	111b	3
VDD_W_CURR_MIN	[55:53]	Max. write current @ VDD min	111b	3
VDD_W_CURR_MAX	[52:50]	Max. write current @ VDD max	111b	3
C_SIZE_MULT	[49:47]	Device size multiplier	111b	3
ERASE_GRP_SIZE	[46:42]	Erase group size	11111b	5
ERASE_GRP_MULT	[41:37]	Erase group size multiplier	2GB 00111b 4GB 01111b >=8GB 11111b	5
WP_GRP_SIZE	[36:32]	Write protect group size	11111b	5
WP_GRP_ENABLE	[31:31]	Write protect group enable	1b	1
DEFAULT_ECC	[30:29]	Manufacturer default	00b	2
R2W_FACTOR	[28:26]	Write speed factor	100b	3
WRITE_BL_LEN	[25:22]	Max. write data block length	9h	4
WRITE_BL_PARTIAL	[21:21]	Partial blocks for write allowed	0b	1
CONTENT_PROT_APP	[16:16]	Content protection application	0b	1
FILE_FORMAT_GRP	[15:15]	File format group	0b	1
COPY	[14:14]	Copy flag (OTP)	1b	1
PERM_WRITE_PROTECT	[13:13]	Permanent write protection	0b	1
TMP_WRITE_PROTECT	[12:12]	Temporary write protection	0b	1
FILE_FORMAT	[11:10]	File format	00b	2
ECC	[9:8]	ECC code	00b	2
CRC	[7:1]	Calculated CRC	0000000b	7

**4.3.5. EXT\_CSD Register**

Parameter	ECSD slice [bytes]	Description	Value
S_CMD_SET	[504]	Supported Command Sets	1h
HPI_FEATURES	[503]	HPI Features	1h
BKOPS_SUPPORT	[502]	Background operations support	1h
BKOPS_STATUS	[246]	Background operations status	Default = 0h Updated in Run time
CORRECTLY_PRG_SECTORS_NUM	[245:242]	Number of correctly programmed sectors	Default = 0h Updated in Run time
INI_TIMEOUT_AP	[241]	1st Initialization time after partitioning	Ah
TRIM_MULT	[232]	TRIM Multiplier	1h
SEC_FEATURE_SUPPORT	[231]	Secure Feature support	15h
SEC_ERASE_MULT	[230]	Secure Erase Multiplier	96h
SEC_TRIM_MULT	[229]	Secure TRIM Multiplier	96h
BOOT_INFO	[228]	Boot Information	7h
BOOT_SIZE_MULT	[226]	Boot partition size	8h
ACCESS_SIZE	[225]	Access size	6h
HC_ERASE_GROUP_SIZE	[224]	High Capacity Erase unit size	Table 9
ERASE_TIMEOUT_MULT	[223]	High capacity erase time out	1h
REL_WR_SEC_C	[222]	Reliable write sector count	1h
HC_WP_GRP_SIZE	[221]	High capacity write protect group size	Table 9
S_C_VCC	[220]	Sleep current [VCC]	8h
S_C_VCCQ	[219]	Sleep current [VCCQ]	7h
S_A_TIMEOUT	[217]	Sleep/Awake time out	11h
SEC_COUNT	[215:212]	Sector count	Table 8
MIN_PERF_W_8_52	[210]	Minimum Write Performance for 8bit @52MHz	ah
MIN_PERF_R_8_52	[209]	Minimum Read Performance for 8bit @52MHz	ah
MIN_PERF_W_8_26_4_52	[208]	Minimum Write Performance for 4bit @52MHz or 8bit @26MHz	ah
MIN_PERF_R_8_26_4_52	[207]	Minimum Read Performance for 4bit @52MHz or 8bit @26MHz	ah
MIN_PERF_W_4_26	[206]	Minimum Write Performance for 4bit @26MHz	ah
MIN_PERF_R_4_26	[205]	Minimum Read Performance for 4bit @26MHz	ah
PWR_CL_26_360	[203]	Power Class for 26MHz @ 3.6V	0h
PWR_CL_52_360	[202]	Power Class for 52MHz @ 3.6V	0h

Parameter	ECSD slice [bytes]	Description	Value
PWR_CL_26_195	[201]	Power Class for 26MHz @ 1.95V	0h
PWR_CL_52_195	[200]	Power Class for 52MHz @ 1.95V	0h
PARTITION_SWITCH_TIME	[199]	Partition switching timing	1h
OUT_OF_INTERRUPT_TIME	[198]	Out-of-interrupt busy timing	1h
CARD_TYPE	[196]	Card Type	7h
CSD_STRUCTURE	[194]	CSD Structure Version	2h
EXT_CSD_REV	[192]	Extended CSD Revision	5h
CMD_SET	[191]	Command Set	0h
CMD_SET_REV	[189]	Command Set Revision	0h
POWER_CLASS	[187]	Power Class	0h
HS_TIMING	[185]	High Speed Interface Timing	0h
BUS_WIDTH	[183]	Bus Width Mode	0h
ERASE_MEM_CONT	[181]	Content of explicit erased memory range	0h
PARTITION_CONFIG	[179]	Partition Configuration	0h
BOOT_CONFIG_PROT	[178]	Boot config protection	0h
BOOT_BUS_WIDTH	[177]	Boot bus width1	0h
ERASE_GROUP_DEF	[175]	High-density erase group definition	0h
BOOT_WP	[173]	Boot area write protect register	0h
USER_WP	[171]	User area write protect register	0h
FW_CONFIG	[169]	FW Configuration	0h
RPMB_SIZE_MULT	[168]	RPMB Size	1h
WR_REL_SET	[167]	Write reliability setting register	0h
WR_REL_PARAM	[166]	Write reliability parameter register	0h
BKOPS_START	[164]	Manually start background operations	0h
BKOPS_EN	[163]	Enable background operations handshake	0h
RST_n_FUNCTION	[162]	H/W reset function	0h
HPI_MGMT	[161]	HPI management	0h
PARTITIONING_SUPPORT	[160]	Partitioning support	3h
MAX_ENH_SIZE_MULT	[159:157]	Max Enhanced Area Size	2GB E8h 4GB EBh 8GB ECh 16GB, 32GB EDh
PARTITIONS_ATTRIBUTE	[156]	Partitions Attribute	0h
GP_SIZE_MULT	[154:143]	General Purpose Partition Size	0h
ENH_SIZE_MULT	[142:140]	Enhanced User Data Area Size	0h
ENH_START_ADDR	[139:136]	Enhanced User Data Start Address	0h

Parameter	ECSD slice [bytes]	Description	Value
SEC_BAD_BLK_MGMNT	[134]	Bad Block Management mode	0h

The following table shows the capacity available for user data for the various device capacities:

*Table 8: Capacity for User Data*

Capacity	LBA [Hex]	LBA [Dec]	Capacity [Bytes]
SDIN5D2-2G	0x3A6000	3,825,664	1,958,739,968
SDIN5C2-4G	0x75F000	7,729,152	3,957,325,824
SDIN5C2-8G	0xECB000	15,511,552	7,941,914,624
SDIN5C2-16G	0x1DA9000	31,100,928	15,923,675,136
SDIN5B2-32G	0x3B6F000	62,320,640	31,908,167,680

*Table 9: Write protect group size*

SKU	HC_ERASE_GROUP_SIZE	HC_WP_GRP_SIZE	Erase Unit Size [MB]	Write Protect Group Size [MB]
SDIN5D2-2G	4h	2h	2MB	4MB
SDIN5C2-4G	4h	4h	2MB	8MB
SDIN5C2-8G	4h	8h	2MB	16MB
SDIN5C2-16G	4h	10h	2MB	32MB
SDIN5B2-32G	4h	20h	2MB	64MB



## 5. POWER DELIVERY AND CAPACITOR SPECIFICATIONS

### 5.1. SanDisk iNAND Power Domains

SanDisk iNAND has three power domains assigned to VCCQ, VCC and VDDi, as shown in Table 10.

Table 10 - Power Domains

Pin	Power Domain	Comments
VCCQ	Host Interface	Supported voltage ranges:
		High Voltage Region: 3.3V (nominal)
		Low Voltage Region: 1.8V (nominal)
VCC	Memory	Supported voltage range:
		High Voltage Region: 3.3V (nominal)
VDDi	Internal	VDDi is the internal regulator connection to an external decoupling capacitor.

### 5.2. Capacitor Connection Guidelines

#### 5.2.1. VDDi Connections

The VDDi (K2) ball must only be connected to an external capacitor that is connected to VSS. This signal may not be left floating. The capacitor's specifications and its placement instructions are detailed below.

The capacitor is part of an internal voltage regulator that provides power to the controller.

**Caution:** Failure to follow the guidelines below, or connecting the VDDi ball to any external signal or power supply, may cause the device to malfunction.

The trace requirements for the VDDi (K2) ball to the capacitor are as follows:

- Resistance: <2 ohm
- Inductance: <5 nH

The capacitor requirements are as follows:

- Capacitance:  $\geq 0.1 \mu\text{F}$
- Voltage Rating:  $\geq 6.3 \text{ V}$
- Dielectric: X7R or X5R

#### 5.2.2. VCC and VCCQ Connections

- All VCC balls should be connected to a 3.3V supply
- All VCCQ balls should be connected either to a 3.3V or 1.8V supply

SanDisk recommends providing separate bypass capacitors for each power domain as shown in Figure 8

**Note:** Signal routing in the diagram is for illustration purposes only and the final routing depends on your PCB layout. Also, for clarity, the diagram does not show the VSS connection. All balls marked VSS should be connected to a ground (GND) plane.

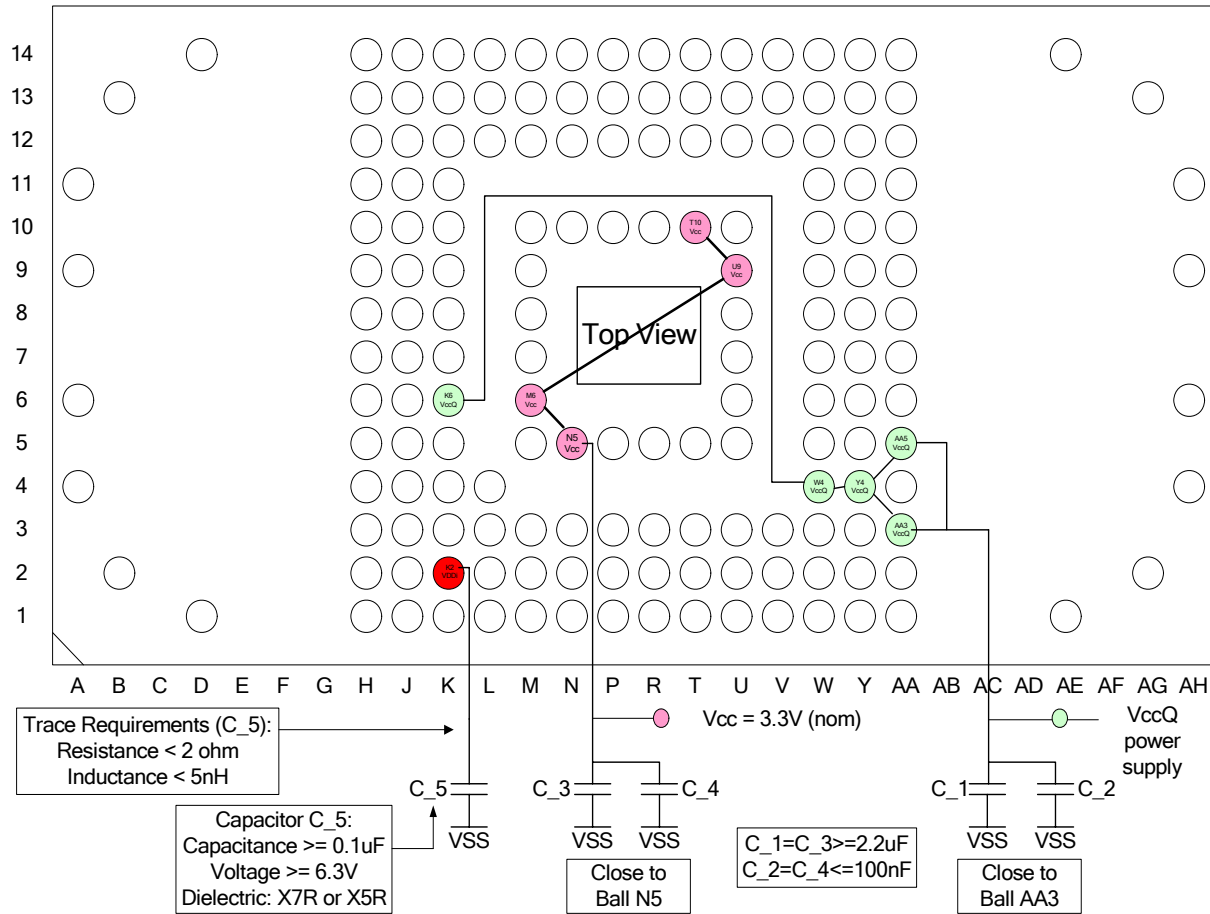


Figure 8- Recommended Power Domain Connections

## 6. MARKING

First row: SanDisk Logo

Second row: iNAND Logo

Third row: Sales item

Fourth row: Y-year

WW-work week

V, XXXXN – Internal use

Fifth row: LLLLLLLLLLLS – SanDisk lot number (in certain cases can reach up to 12 digits)

Country of origin i.e ‘TAIWAN’ or ‘CHINA’



Figure 9: Product marking

## 7. ORDERING INFORMATION

Table 11 – Ordering Information

Part Number	Capacity <sup>11</sup>
<b>12 mm x 18 mm x 1.4 mm Package</b>	
SDIN5B2-32G	32GB
<b>12 mm x 16 mm x 1.2 mm Package</b>	
SDIN5C2-16G	16GB
SDIN5C2-8G	8GB
SDIN5C2-4G	4GB
<b>11.5 mm x 13 mm x 1.2 mm Package</b>	
SDIN5D2-2G	2GB

Note: Suffix “T” added to the P/N indicates tape/reel. For example, SDIN5C2-8G would become SDIN5C2-8G-T. The default P/Ns in Table 14 are shipped in trays.

<sup>11</sup> 1 megabyte (MB) = 1 million bytes; 1 gigabyte (GB) = 1 billion bytes. Some of the listed capacity is used for formatting and other functions, and thus is not available for data storage.

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