IS41C16256 IS41LV16256 256K x 16 (4-MBIT) DVNAMIC I

256K x 16 (4-MBIT) DYNAMIC RAM WITH EDO PAGE MODE



FEATURES

- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Refresh Interval: 512 cycles/8 ms
- Refresh Mode : RAS-Only, CAS-before-RAS (CBR), and Hidden
- JEDEC standard pinout
- Single power supply 5V ± 10% (IS41C16256)
 - 3.3V ± 10% (IS41LV16256)
- Byte Write and Byte Read operation via two CAS
- Extended Temperature Range -30°C to 85°C
- Industrial Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C

KEY TIMING PARAMETERS

DESCRIPTION

The *ISSI* IS41C16256 and IS41LV16256 are 262,144 x 16-bit high-performance CMOS Dynamic Random Access Memory. Both products offer accelerated cycle access EDO Page Mode. EDO Page Mode allows 512 random accesses within a single row with access cycle time as short as 10ns per 16-bit word. The Byte Write control, of upper and lower byte, makes the IS41C16256 and IS41LV16256 ideal for use in 16 and 32-bit wide data bus systems.

These features make the IS41C16256 and IS41LV1626 ideally suited for high band-width graphics, digital signal processing, high-performance computing systems, and peripheral applications.

The IS41C16256 and IS41LV16256 are packaged in 40-pin 400-mil SOJ and TSOP (Type II).

Parameter	-25 (5V only)	-35	-50	-60	Unit
Max. RAS Access Time (tRAC)	25	35	50	60	ns
Max. CAS Access Time (tcac)	10	10	14	15	ns
Max. Column Address Access Time (tAA)	12	18	25	30	ns
Min. EDO Page Mode Cycle Time (tpc)	10	12	20	25	ns
Min. Read/Write Cycle Time (tRc)	45	60	90	110	ns

PIN CONFIGURATIONS 40-Pin TSOP (Type II)

40-Pin SOJ

VCC □ ● I/O0 2 I/O1 3 I/O2 4 I/O3 5 VCC 6 I/O4 7 I/O5 8 I/O6 9 I/O7 10 10	40] GND 39] I/O15 38] I/O14 37] I/O13 36] I/O12 35] GND 34] I/O11 33] I/O10 32] I/O9 31] I/O8	VCC ☐ 1 ● I/O0 ☐ 2 I/O1 ☐ 3 I/O2 ☐ 4 I/O3 ☐ 5 VCC ☐ 6 I/O4 ☐ 7 I/O5 ☐ 8 I/O6 ☐ 9 I/O7 ☐ 10	40 GND 39 VO15 38 VO14 37 VO13 36 VO12 35 GND 34 VO11 33 VO10 32 VO9 31 VO8
NC □ 11 NC □ 12 WE □ 13 RAS □ 14 NC □ 15 A0 □ 16 A1 □ 17 A2 □ 18 A3 □ 19 VCC □ 20	30 NC 29 LCAS 28 UCAS 27 OE 26 A8 25 A7 24 A6 23 A5 22 A4 21 GND	I/O7 10 NC 11 NC 12 WE 13 RAS 14 NC 15 A0 16 A1 17 A2 18 A3 19 VCC 20	31 1/08 30 NC 29 LCAS 28 UCAS 27 OE 26 A8 25 A7 24 A6 23 A5 22 A4 21 GND

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

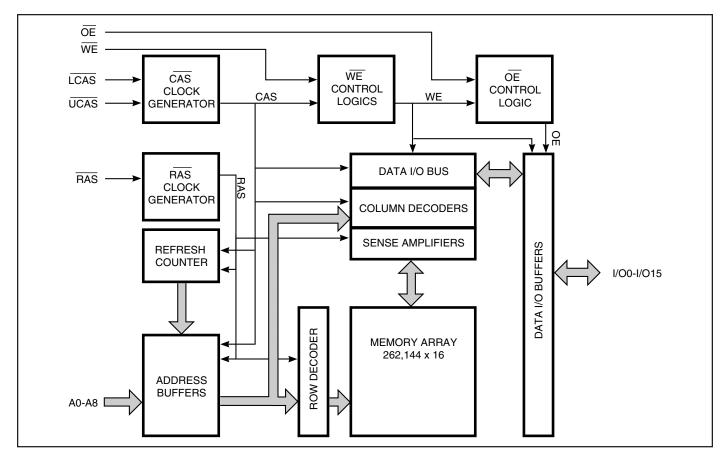
A0-A8	Address Inputs
I/O0-15	Data Inputs/Outputs
WE	Write Enable
ŌĒ	Output Enable
RAS	Row Address Strobe
UCAS	Upper Column Address Strobe
LCAS	Lower Column Address Strobe
Vcc	Power
GND	Ground
NC	No Connection

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

Function	RAS	LCAS		WE	ŌĒ	Address tr/tc	I/O
Standby	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	High-Z
Read: Word	L	L	L	Н	L	ROW/COL	Dout
Read: Lower Byte	L	L	Н	Н	L	ROW/COL	Lower Byte, Dout Upper Byte, High-Z
Read: Upper Byte	L	Н	L	Н	L	ROW/COL	Lower Byte, High-Z Upper Byte, Dout
Write: Word (Early Write)	L	L	L	L	Х	ROW/COL	DIN
Write: Lower Byte (Early Write)	L	L	Н	L	Х	ROW/COL	Lower Byte, Dın Upper Byte, High-Z
Write: Upper Byte (Early Write)	L	Н	L	L	Х	ROW/COL	Lower Byte, High-Z Upper Byte, DIN
Read-Write ^(1,2)	L	L	L	$H{\rightarrow}L$	$L{\rightarrow}H$	ROW/COL	Dout, Din
EDO Page-Mode Read ⁽²⁾ 1st Cy		$H{\rightarrow}L$	$H { ightarrow} L$	Н	L	ROW/COL	Dout
2nd Cy Any Cy		H→L L→H	H→L L→H	H H	L	NA/COL NA/NA	Dout Dout
EDO Page-Mode Write ⁽¹⁾ 1st Cy 2nd Cy		H→L H→L	$H \rightarrow L$ $H \rightarrow L$	L	X X	ROW/COL NA/COL	Din Din
EDO Page-Mode 1st Cy	cle: L	$H \rightarrow L$	$H \rightarrow L$	$H \rightarrow L$	$L{\rightarrow}H$	ROW/COL	Dout, Din
Read-Write ^(1,2) 2nd Cy	rcle: L	$H \rightarrow L$	$H \rightarrow L$	$H \rightarrow L$	$L{\rightarrow}H$	NA/COL	Dout, Din
	ad L→H→L ite L→H→L	L L	L L	H L	L X	ROW/COL ROW/COL	Dоит Douт
RAS-Only Refresh	L	Н	Н	Х	Х	ROW/NA	High-Z
CBR Refresh ⁽³⁾	H→L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	High-Z

Notes:

These WRITE cycles may also be BYTE WRITE cycles (either LCAS or UCAS active).
 These READ cycles may also be BYTE READ cycles (either LCAS or UCAS active).
 At least one of the two CAS signals must be active (LCAS or UCAS).

Functional Description

The IS41C16256 and IS41LV16256 is a CMOS DRAM optimized for high-speed bandwidth, low power applications. During READ or WRITE cycles, each bit is uniquely addressed through the 18 address bits. These are entered nine bits (A0-A8) at a time. The row address is latched by the Row Address Strobe (RAS). The column address is latched by the Column Address Strobe (CAS). RAS is used to latch the first nine bits and CAS is used the latter nine bits.

The IS41C16256 and IS41LV16256 has two \overline{CAS} controls, \overline{LCAS} and \overline{UCAS} . The \overline{LCAS} and \overline{UCAS} inputs internally generates a \overline{CAS} signal functioning in an identical manner to the single \overline{CAS} input on the other 256K x 16 DRAMs. The key difference is that each \overline{CAS} controls its corresponding I/O tristate logic (in conjunction with \overline{OE} and \overline{WE} and \overline{RAS}). \overline{LCAS} controls I/O0 through I/O7 and \overline{UCAS} controls I/O8 through I/O15.

The IS41C16256 and IS41LV16256 \overline{CAS} function is determined by the first \overline{CAS} (\overline{LCAS} or \overline{UCAS}) transitioning LOW and the last transitioning back HIGH. The two \overline{CAS} controls give the IS41C16256 both BYTE READ and BYTE WRITE cycle capabilities.

Memory Cycle

A memory cycle is initiated by bring \overrightarrow{RAS} LOW and it is terminated by returning both \overrightarrow{RAS} and \overrightarrow{CAS} HIGH. To ensures proper device operation and data integrity any memory cycle, once initiated, must not be ended or aborted before the minimum trast time has expired. A new cycle must not be initiated until the minimum precharge time trap, tcp has elapsed.

Read Cycle

A read cycle is initiated by the falling edge of \overline{CAS} or \overline{OE} , whichever occurs last, while holding \overline{WE} HIGH. The column address must be held for a minimum time specified by tAR. Data Out becomes valid only when tRAC, tAA, tCAC and tOEA are all satisfied. As a result, the access time is dependent on the timing relationships between these parameters.

Write Cycle

A write cycle is initiated by the falling edge of \overline{CAS} and \overline{WE} , whichever occurs last. The input data must be valid at or before the falling edge of \overline{CAS} or \overline{WE} , whichever occurs last.

Refresh Cycle

To retain data, 512 refresh cycles are required in each 8 ms period. There are two ways to refresh the memory.

- By clocking each of the 512 row addresses (A0 through A8) with RAS at least once every 8 ms. Any read, write, read-modify-write or RAS-only cycle refreshes the addressed row.
- Using a CAS-before-RAS refresh cycle. CAS-before-RAS refresh is activated by the falling edge of RAS, while holding CAS LOW. In CAS-before-RAS refresh cycle, an internal 9-bit counter provides the row addresses and the external address inputs are ignored.

CAS-before-**RAS** is a refresh-only mode and no data access or device selection is allowed. Thus, the output remains in the High-Z state during the cycle.

Extended Data Out Page Mode

EDO page mode operation permits all 512 columns within a selected row to be randomly accessed at a high data rate.

In EDO page mode read cycle, the data-out is held to the next \overline{CAS} cycle's falling edge, instead of the rising edge. For this reason, the valid data output time in EDO page mode is extended compared with the fast page mode. In the fast page mode, the valid data output time becomes shorter as the \overline{CAS} cycle time becomes shorter. Therefore, in EDO page mode, the timing margin in read cycle is larger than that of the fast page mode even if the \overline{CAS} cycle time becomes shorter.

In EDO page mode, due to the extended data function, the \overline{CAS} cycle time can be shorter than in the fast page mode if the timing margin is the same.

The EDO page mode allows both read and write operations during one \overline{RAS} cycle, but the performance is equivalent to that of the fast page mode in that case.

Power-On

After application of the Vcc supply, an initial pause of 200 μ s is required followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a **RAS** signal).

During power-on, it is recommended that **RAS** track with Vcc or be held at a valid VIH to avoid current surges.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

Symbol	Parameters		Rating	Unit
Vт	Voltage on Any Pin Relative to GND	5V	-1.0 to +7.0	V
		3.3V	-0.5 to 4.6	V
Vcc	Supply Voltage	5V	-1.0 to +7.0	V
		3.3V	-0.5 to 4.6	V
Ιουτ	Output Current		50	mA
PD	Power Dissipation		1	W
Та	Commercial Temperature		0 to +70	C°
	ExtendedTemperature		-30 to +85	°C
	Industrial Temperature		-40 to +85	So
Tstg	Storage Temperature		–55 to +125	C°

Note:

1. Stress greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Voltages are referenced to GND.)

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage	5V	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
		3.3V	3.0	3.3	3.6	
Vih	Input High Voltage	5V	2.4		Vcc + 1.0	V
		3.3V	2.0		Vcc + 0.3	
VIL	Input Low Voltage	5V	-1.0		0.8	V
		3.3V	-0.3		0.8	
TA	Commercial Ambient Temperature		0	_	70	°C
	Extended Ambient Temperature		-30		85	°C
	Industrial Ambient Temperature		-40	_	85	°C

CAPACITANCE^(1,2)

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Unit
CIN1	Input Capacitance: A0-A8	5	pF
CIN2	Input Capacitance: RAS, UCAS, ICAS, WE, OE	7	pF
Сю	Data Input/Output Capacitance: I/O0-I/O15	7	pF

Notes:

1. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

2. Test conditions: $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1 MHz,

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS⁽¹⁾

(Recommended Operation Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Speed	Min.	Max.	Unit
lı∟	Input Leakage Current	Any input $0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$ Other inputs not under tes	st = 0V		-10	10	μA
lio	Output Leakage Current	Output is disabled (Hi-Z) $0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$			-10	10	μA
Vон	Output High Voltage Level	Іон = –2.5 mA			2.4		V
Vol	Output Low Voltage Level	IoL = +2.1 mA			_	0.4	V
lcc1	Stand-by Current: TTL	$\overline{\textbf{RAS}}, \overline{\textbf{LCAS}}, \overline{\textbf{UCAS}} \ge V_{\text{IH}}$	Commercial Industrial Commercial Industrial	5V 5V 3V 3V		2 3 1 2	mA
Icc2	Stand-by Current: CMOS	$\overline{\text{RAS}}, \overline{\text{LCAS}}, \overline{\text{UCAS}} \ge \text{Vcc} +$	– 0.2V	5V 3V		1 0.5	mA
Іссз	Operating Current: Random Read/Write ^(2,3,4) Average Power Supply Current	RAS, LCAS, UCAS, Address Cycling, thc = thc	(min.)	-25 -35 -50 -60		260 230 180 170	mA
Icc4	Operating Current: EDO Page Mode ^(2,3,4) Average Power Supply Current	$\overline{RAS} = V_{IL}, \overline{LCAS}, \overline{UCAS},$ Cycling tPC = tPC (min.)		-25 -35 -50 -60		250 220 170 160	mA
ICC5	Refresh Current: RAS-Only ^(2,3) Average Power Supply Current	RAS Cycling, $\overline{\text{LCAS}}$, $\overline{\text{UCAS}}$ trc = trc (min.)	S ≥ Viн	-25 -35 -50 -60	 	260 230 180 170	mA
Icc6	Refresh Current: CBR ^(2,3,5) Average Power Supply Current	RAS, LCAS, UCAS Cycling tRC = tRC (min.)	g	-25 -35 -50 -60		260 230 180 170	mA

Notes:

An initial pause of 200 µs is required after power-up followed by eight RAS refresh cycles (RAS-Only or CBR) before proper device operation is assured. The eight RAS cycles wake-up should be repeated any time the tREF refresh requirement is exceeded.
 Dependent on cycle rates.

3. Specified values are obtained with minimum cycle time and the output open.

4. Column-address is changed once each EDO page cycle.

5. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.

AC CHARACTERISTICS^(1,2,3,4,5,6)

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

		-	25	-3	35	-5	50	-6	60		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units	
trc	Random READ or WRITE Cycle Time	45	—	60	—	90	—	110	—	ns	
trac	Access Time from $\overline{\text{RAS}}^{(6, 7)}$	—	25	—	35	—	50	—	60	ns	
tcac	Access Time from CAS ^(6, 8, 15)	_	10	_	10	_	14		15	ns	
taa	Access Time from Column-Address ⁽⁶⁾	_	12	_	18	_	25		30	ns	
tras	RAS Pulse Width	25	10K	35	10K	50	10K	60	10K	ns	
tRP	RAS Precharge Time	15	_	20	_	30	_	40	_	ns	
tcas	CAS Pulse Width ⁽²⁶⁾	4	10K	6	10K	8	10K	10	10K	ns	
tCP	CAS Precharge Time ^(9, 25)	4	_	5	_	8	_	10	_	ns	
tcsн	CAS Hold Time (21)	25	_	35	_	50	_	60	_	ns	
trcd	RAS to CAS Delay Time ^(10, 20)	10	17	11	28	19	36	20	45	ns	
tasr	Row-Address Setup Time	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
traн	Row-Address Hold Time	6	_	6	_	8	_	10	_	ns	
tasc	Column-Address Setup Time(20)	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
tсан	Column-Address Hold Time(20)	5	_	6	_	8		10	_	ns	
tar	Column-Address Hold Time (referenced to RAS)	19	—	30	—	40	—	40	—	ns	
trad	RAS to Column-Address Delay Time ⁽¹¹⁾	8	20	10	20	14	25	15	30	ns	
tral	Column-Address to RAS Lead Time	12	_	18	_	25	_	30	_	ns	
t RPC	RAS to CAS Precharge Time	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
trsh	RAS Hold Time ⁽²⁷⁾	7	_	8	_	14	_	15	_	ns	
tcız	CAS to Output in Low-Z ^(15, 29)	3	_	3	_	3	_	3	_	ns	
t CRP	CAS to RAS Precharge Time ⁽²¹⁾	5	_	5	_	5	_	5	_	ns	
top	Output Disable Time(19, 28, 29)	2	12	3	12	3	12	3	12	ns	
toe/toea	Output Enable Time ^(15, 16)	0	8	0	10	0	15	_	15	ns	
toehc	OE HIGH Hold Time from CAS HIGH	10	_	10	_	10	_	10	_	ns	
tOEP	OE HIGH Pulse Width	10	_	10	_	10	_	10	_	ns	
toes	OE LOW to CAS HIGH Setup Time	5	_	5	_	5	_	5	_	ns	
trcs	Read Command Setup Time ^(17, 20)	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns	
trrh	Read Command Hold Time (referenced to RAS) ⁽¹²⁾	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
trcн	Read Command Hold Time (referenced to CAS) ^(12, 17, 21)	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	_	ns	
twcн	Write Command Hold Time(17, 27)	5	_	5	_	8	_	10	_	ns	
twcr	Write Command Hold Time (referenced to RAS) ⁽¹⁷⁾	19	_	30	_	40	_	50	_	ns	

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AC CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)^(1,2,3,4,5,6)

(Recommended Operating Conditions unless otherwise noted.)

		-2	25	-3	35	-{	50	-6	0	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
twp	Write Command Pulse Width(17)	5	_	5		8	_	10	_	ns
twpz	WE Pulse Widths to Disable Outputs	10	_	10	_	10		10	_	ns
trwL	Write Command to RAS Lead Time(17)	7	_	8	_	14	_	15	_	ns
tcwL	Write Command to $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ Lead Time ^(17, 21)	5	_	8	_	14		15	_	ns
twcs	Write Command Setup Time ^(14, 17, 20)	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns
tdhr tach	Data-in Hold Time (referenced to RAS) Column-Address Setup Time to CAS Precharge during WRITE Cycle	19 15	_	30 15	_	40 15	_	40 15	_	ns ns
toeн	OE Hold Time from WE during READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycle ⁽¹⁸⁾	5	—	8	—	8	—	15	—	ns
tos	Data-In Setup Time ^(15, 22)	0	_	0	_	0	_	0	_	ns
tDH	Data-In Hold Time(15, 22)	5		6	_	6		10	_	ns
trwc	READ-MODIFY-WRITE Cycle Time	65	_	80	_	100	_	140	_	ns
trwd	RAS to WE Delay Time during READ-MODIFY-WRITE Cycle ⁽¹⁴⁾	35	_	45	_	50	_	80		ns
tcwD	CAS to WE Delay Time ^(14, 20)	17	_	25	_	30	_	36	_	ns
tawd	Column-Address to $\overline{\text{WE}}$ Delay Time ⁽¹⁴⁾	21	_	30	_	30	_	49	_	ns
tPC	EDO Page Mode READ or WRITE Cycle Time ⁽²⁴⁾	10	_	12	_	15	_	25		ns
trasp	RAS Pulse Width in EDO Page Mode	25	100K	35	100K	40	100K	60	100K	ns
t CPA	Access Time from CAS Precharge ⁽¹⁵⁾	_	14		21	_	27	_	34	ns
t PRWC	EDO Page Mode READ-WRITE Cycle Time ⁽²⁴⁾	32	—	40	—	45	—	56		ns
tcoн/tрон	Data Output Hold after CAS LOW	5	_	5	_	5	_	5	_	ns
toff	Output Buffer Turn-Off Delay from CAS or RAS ^(13,15,19, 29)	3	15	3	15	3	15	3	15	ns
twнz	Output Disable Delay from $\overline{\text{WE}}$	3	15	3	15	3	15	3	15	ns
tсісн	Last CAS going LOW to First CAS returning HIGH ⁽²³⁾	10	_	10	_	10	_	10	_	ns
tCSR	CAS Setup Time (CBR REFRESH)(30, 20)	5	_	8	_	10	_	10	_	ns
t CHR	CAS Hold Time (CBR REFRESH)(30, 21)	7	_	8	_	10	_	10	_	ns
tord	OE Setup Time prior to RAS during HIDDEN REFRESH Cycle	0	—	0	_	0	—	0	_	ns
tref	Refresh Period (512 Cycles)	_	8		8	_	8	_	8	ms
tτ	Transition Time (Rise or Fall) ^(2, 3)	1	50	1	50	1	50	1	50	ns

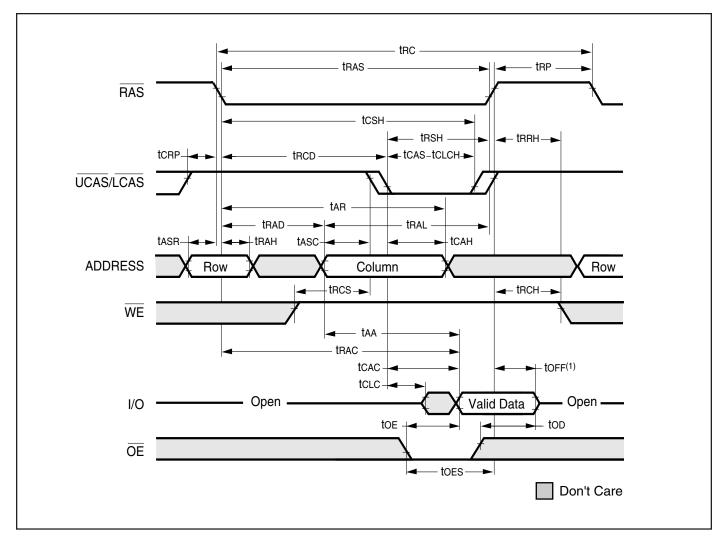
Notes:

- 1. An initial pause of 200 µs is required after power-up followed by eight RAS refresh cycle (RAS-Only or CBR) before proper device operation is assured. The eight RAS cycles wake-up should be repeated any time the tREF refresh requirement is exceeded.
- 2. VIH (MIN) and VIL (MAX) are reference levels for measuring timing of input signals. Transition times, are measured between VIH and VIL (or between VIL and VIH) and assume to be 1 ns for all inputs.
- 3. In addition to meeting the transition rate specification, all input signals must transit between VIH and VIL (or between VIL and VIH) in a monotonic manner.
- 4. If \overline{CAS} and $\overline{RAS} = VIH$, data output is High-Z.
- 5. If $\overline{CAS} = V_{IL}$, data output may contain data from the last valid READ cycle.
- 6. Measured with a load equivalent to one TTL gate and 50 pF.
- 7. Assumes that tRCD tRCD (MAX). If tRCD is greater than the maximum recommended value shown in this table, tRAC will increase by the amount that tRCD exceeds the value shown.
- 8. Assumes that tRCD tRCD (MAX).
- 9. If CAS is LOW at the falling edge of RAS, data out will be maintained from the previous cycle. To initiate a new cycle and clear the data output buffer, CAS and RAS must be pulsed for tcp.
- 10. Operation with the tRCD (MAX) limit ensures that tRAC (MAX) can be met. tRCD (MAX) is specified as a reference point only; if tRCD is greater than the specified tRCD (MAX) limit, access time is controlled exclusively by tCAC.
- 11. Operation within the tRAD (MAX) limit ensures that tRCD (MAX) can be met. tRAD (MAX) is specified as a reference point only; if tRAD is greater than the specified tRAD (MAX) limit, access time is controlled exclusively by tAA.
- 12. Either tRCH or tRRH must be satisfied for a READ cycle.
- 13. toFF (MAX) defines the time at which the output achieves the open circuit condition; it is not a reference to VOH or VOL.
- 14. twos, trwb, tawb and towb are restrictive operating parameters in LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycle only. If twos twcs (MIN), the cycle is an EARLY WRITE cycle and the data output will remain open circuit throughout the entire cycle. If tRWD • tRWD (MIN), tawD • tawD (MIN) and tcwD • tcwD (MIN), the cycle is a READ-WRITE cycle and the data output will contain data read from the selected cell. If neither of the above conditions is met, the state of I/O (at access time and until CAS and RAS or OE go back to VIH) is indeterminate. DE held HIGH and WE taken LOW after CAS goes LOW result in a LATE WRITE (DE-controlled) cycle.
- 15. Output parameter (I/O) is referenced to corresponding CAS input, I/O0-I/O7 by LCAS and I/O8-I/O15 by UCAS.
- 16. During a READ cycle, if OE is LOW then taken HIGH before CAS goes HIGH, I/O goes open. If OE is tied permanently LOW, a LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE is not possible.
- 17. Write command is defined as \overline{WE} going low.
- 18. LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles must have both top and toEH met (OE HIGH during WRITE cycle) in order to ensure that the output buffers will be open during the WRITE cycle. The I/Os will provide the previously written data if CAS remains LOW and OE is taken back to LOW after tOEH is met.
- 19. The I/Os are in open during READ cycles once top or topp occur.
- 20. The first $\chi \overline{CAS}$ edge to transition LOW.
- 21. The last $\chi \overline{CAS}$ edge to transition HIGH.
- 22. These parameters are referenced to CAS leading edge in EARLY WRITE cycles and WE leading edge in LATE WRITE or READ-MODIFY-WRITE cycles.
- 23. Last falling $\chi \overline{CAS}$ edge to first rising $\chi \overline{CAS}$ edge.
- 24. Last rising $\chi \overline{CAS}$ edge to next cycle's last rising $\chi \overline{CAS}$ edge.
- 25. Last rising χ CAS edge to first falling χ CAS edge. 26. Each χ CAS must meet minimum pulse width.
- 27. Last $\chi \overline{CAS}$ to go LOW.
- 28. I/Os controlled, regardless UCAS and LCAS.
- 29. The 3 ns minimum is a parameter guaranteed by design.
- 30. Enables on-chip refresh and address counters.

IS41C16256 IS41LV16256



READ CYCLE

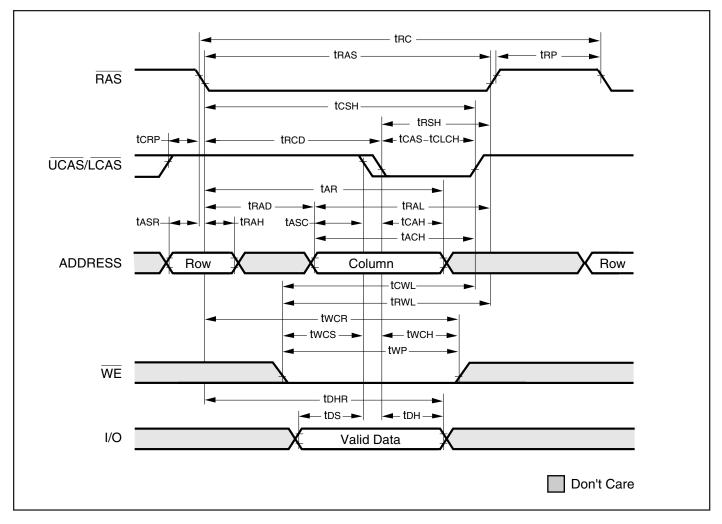


Note:

1. TOFF is referenced from rising edge of RAS or CAS, whichever occurs last.

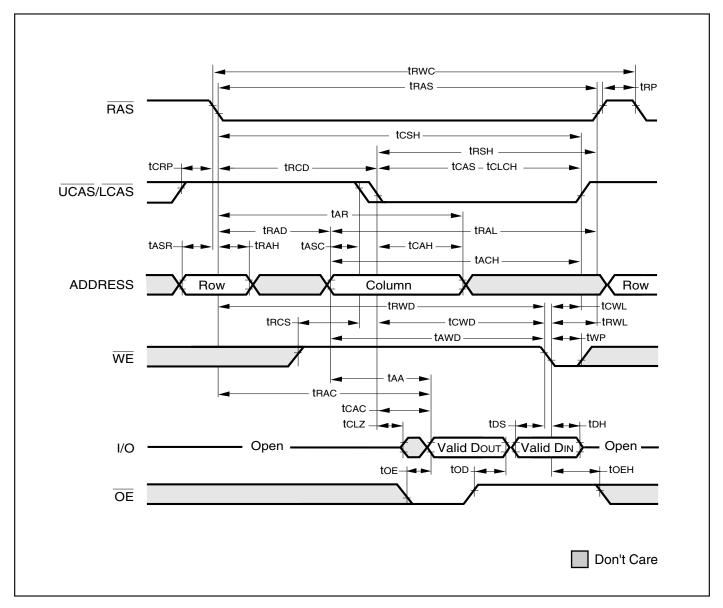


EARLY WRITE CYCLE (**OE** = DON'T CARE)



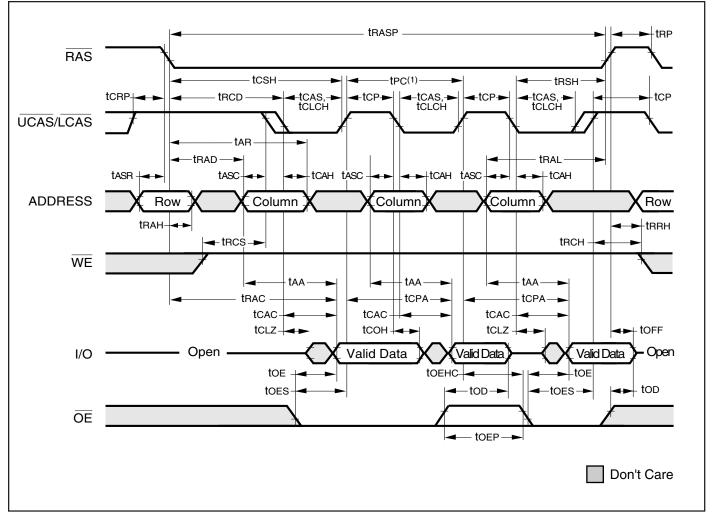


READ WRITE CYCLE (LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE Cycles)





EDO-PAGE-MODE READ CYCLE

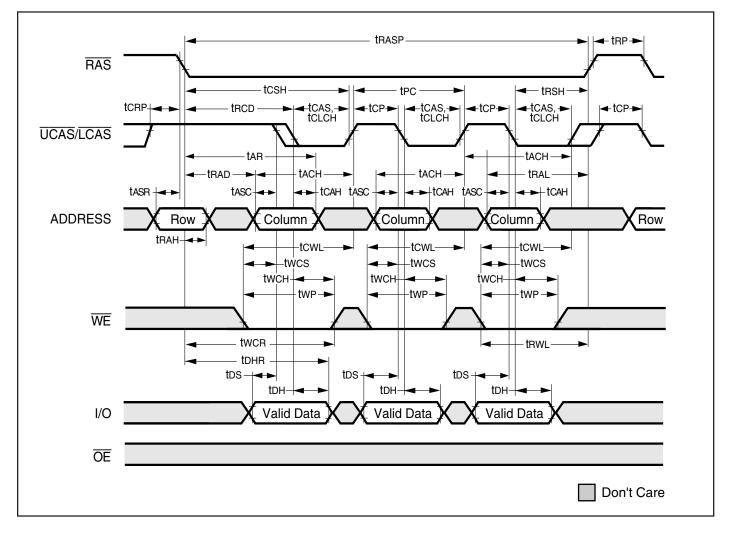


Note:

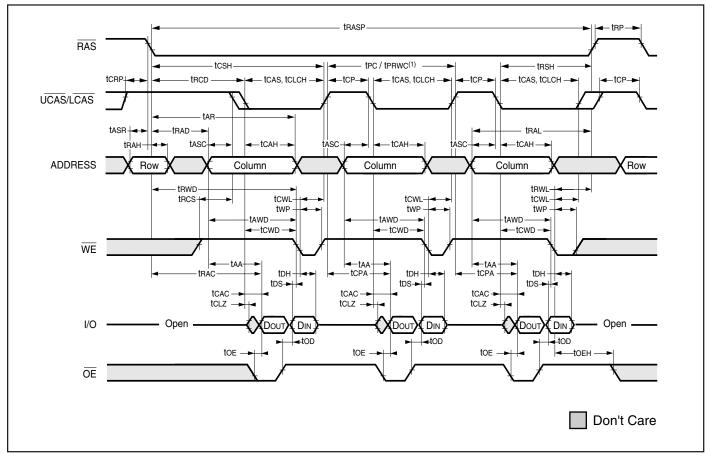
1. tPc can be measured from falling edge of CAS to falling edge of CAS, or from rising edge of CAS to rising edge of CAS. Both measurements must meet the tPc specifications.



EDO-PAGE-MODE EARLY-WRITE CYCLE



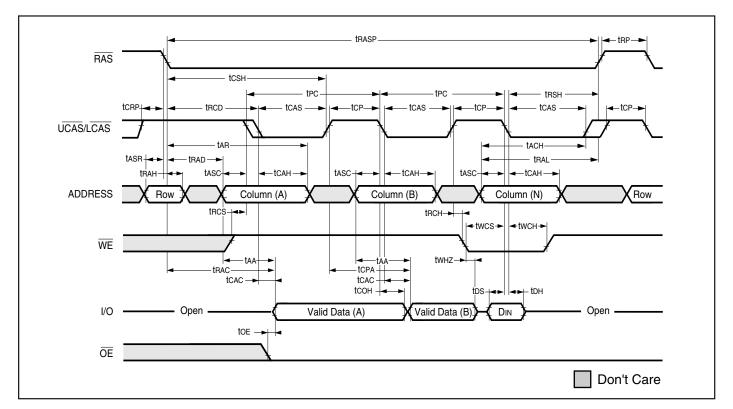
EDO-PAGE-MODE READ-WRITE CYCLE (LATE WRITE and READ-MODIFY WRITE Cycles)



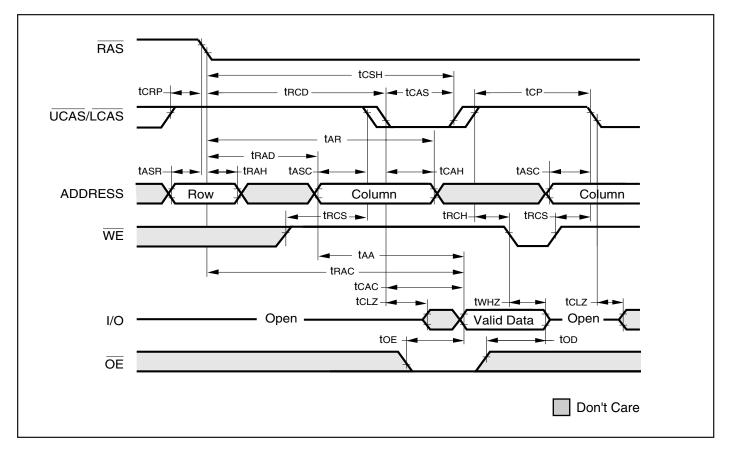
Note:

1. tPc can be measured from falling edge of CAS to falling edge of CAS, or from rising edge of CAS to rising edge of CAS. Both measurements must meet the tPc specifications.

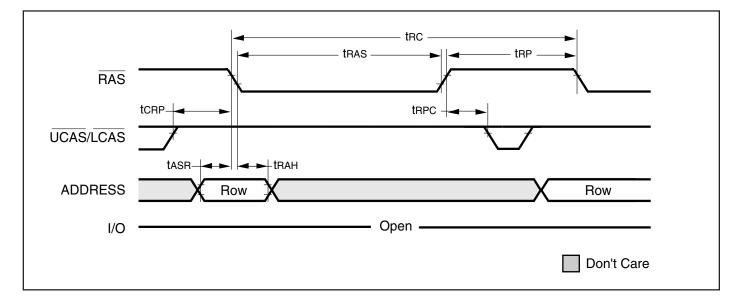
EDO-PAGE-MODE READ-EARLY-WRITE CYCLE (Psuedo READ-MODIFY WRITE)



AC WAVEFORMS READ CYCLE (With WE-Controlled Disable)

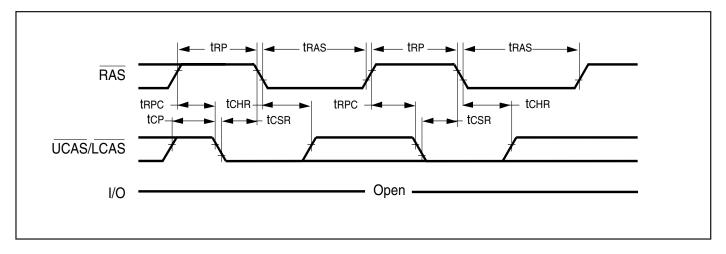


RAS-ONLY REFRESH CYCLE (**OE**, **WE** = DON'T CARE)

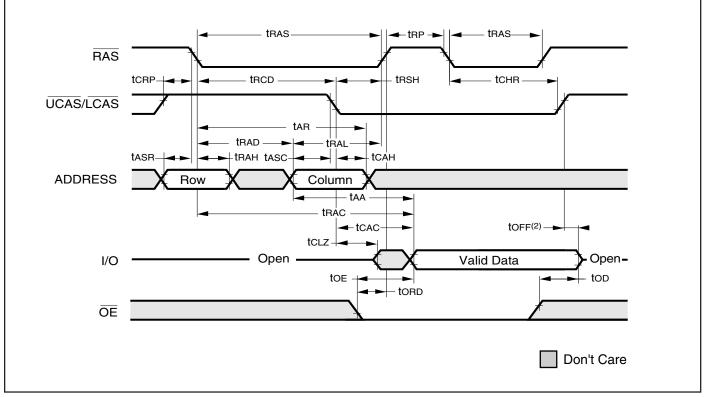




CBR REFRESH CYCLE (Addresses; **WE**, **OE** = DON'T CARE)



HIDDEN REFRESH CYCLE (\overline{WE} = HIGH; \overline{OE} = LOW)⁽¹⁾



Notes:

1. A Hidden Refresh may also be performed after a Write Cycle. In this case, $\overline{WE} = LOW$ and $\overline{OE} = HIGH$.

2. toff is referenced from rising edge of RAS or CAS, whichever occurs last.

ORDERING INFORMATION: 5V

Commercial Range: 0°C to 70°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
25	IS41C16256-25K	400-mil SOJ
	IS41C16256-25T	400-mil TSOP (Type II)
35	IS41C16256-35K	400-mil SOJ
	IS41C16256-35T	400-mil TSOP (Type II)
60	IS41C16256-60K	400-mil SOJ
	IS41C16256-60T	400-mil TSOP (Type II)

ORDERING INFORMATION : 3.3V

Commercial Range: 0°C to 70°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package
35	IS41LV16256-35K	400-mil SOJ
	IS41LV16256-35T	400-mil TSOP (Type II)
60	IS41LV16256-60K	400-mil SOJ
	IS41LV16256-60T	400-mil TSOP (Type II)

ORDERING INFORMATION: 5V

Industrial Range: -40°C to 85°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package				
50	IS41C16256-50KI	400-mil SOJ				
	IS41C16256-50TI	400-mil TSOP (Type II)				
60	IS41C16256-60KI	400-mil SOJ				
	IS41C16256-60TI	400-mil TSOP (Type II)				

ORDERING INFORMATION : 3.3V

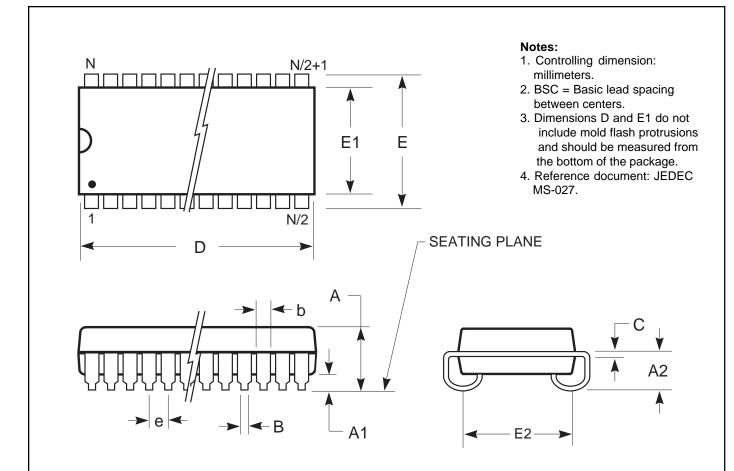
Industrial Range: -40°C to 85°C

Speed (ns)	Order Part No.	Package				
60	IS41LV16256-60KI	400-mil SOJ				
	IS41LV16256-60TI	400-mil TSOP (Type II)				

PACKAGING INFORMATION



400-mil Plastic SOJ Package Code: K



Millime		eters	Inches		Millimeters		Inche	Inches		Millimeters		es
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
No. Leads	(N)	2	8			32	2				36	
А	3.25	3.75	0.128	0.148	3.25	3.75	0.128	0.148	3.25	3.75	0.128	0.148
A1	0.64	—	0.025	—	0.64	—	0.025	_	0.64	—	0.025	—
A2	2.08	_	0.082	_	2.08	—	0.082	_	2.08	—	0.082	_
В	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
b	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032
С	0.18	0.33	0.007	0.013	0.18	0.33	0.007	0.013	0.18	0.33	0.007	0.013
D	18.29	18.54	0.720	0.730	20.82	21.08	0.820	0.830	23.37	23.62	0.920	0.930
E	11.05	11.30	0.435	0.445	11.05	11.30	0.435	0.445	11.05	11.30	0.435	0.445
E1	10.03	10.29	0.395	0.405	10.03	10.29	0.395	0.405	10.03	10.29	0.395	0.405
E2	9.40	BSC	0.370	BSC	9.40	BSC	0.370) BSC	9.40	BSC	0.370	BSC
е	1.27	BSC	0.05	D BSC	1.27 8	3SC	0.050) BSC	1.27	BSC	0.050) BSC

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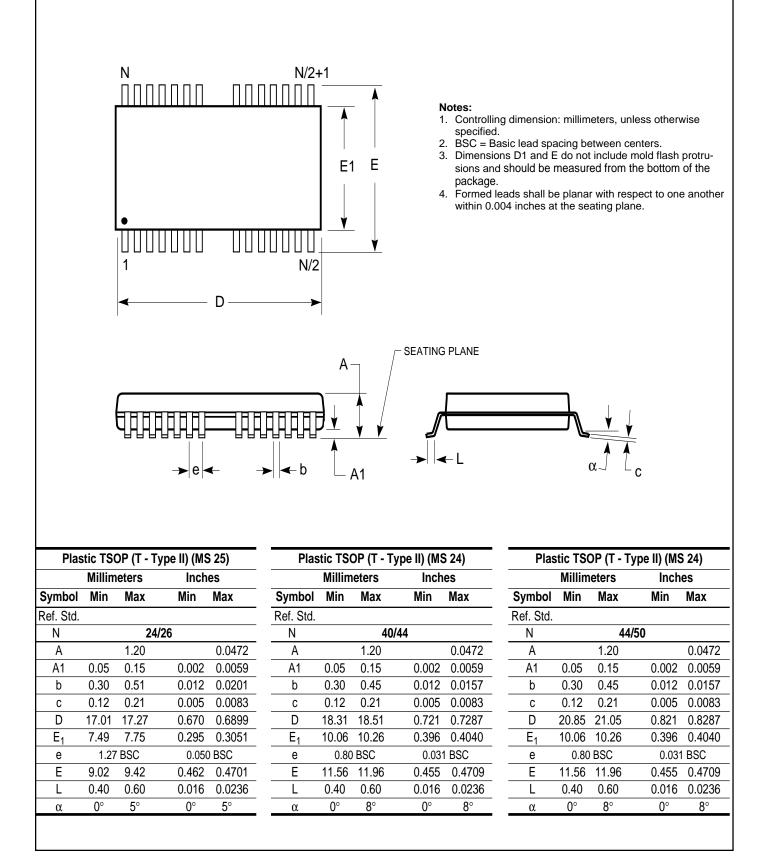
Millimeters		eters	rs Inches		Millim	Millimeters		Inches		Millimeters		Inches	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
No. Leads	(N)	4(0	42					44				
Α	3.25	3.75	0.128	0.148	3.25	3.75	0.128	0.148	3.25	3.75	0.128	0.148	
A1	0.64	—	0.025	—	0.64	—	0.025	—	0.64	—	0.025	—	
A2	2.08	_	0.082	_	2.08	_	0.082	_	2.08	_	0.082	_	
В	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020	
b	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032	
С	0.18	0.33	0.007	0.013	0.18	0.33	0.007	0.013	0.18	0.33	0.007	0.013	
D	25.91	26.16	1.020	1.030	27.18	27.43	1.070	1.080	28.45	28.70	1.120	1.130	
E	11.05	11.30	0.435	0.445	11.05	11.30	0.435	0.445	11.05	11.30	0.435	0.445	
E1	10.03	10.29	0.395	0.405	10.03	10.29	0.395	0.405	10.03	10.29	0.395	0.405	
E2	9.40	BSC	0.370	BSC	9.40	BSC	0.370) BSC	9.40	BSC	0.370) BSC	
е	1.27	BSC	0.05	0 BSC	1.27	BSC	0.050) BSC	1.27	BSC	0.050) BSC	

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Plastic TSOP Package Code: T (Type II)





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