# 

## LOW SKEW, 1-TO-12 LVCMOS/LVTTL FANOUT BUFFER

# ICS8312I

# **General Description**



The ICS8312I is a low skew, 1-to-12 LVCMOS/ LVTTL Fanout Buffer and a member of the HiPerClockS<sup>™</sup> family of High Performance Clock Solutions from IDT. The ICS8312I single-ended clock input accepts LVCMOS or LVTTL input levels.

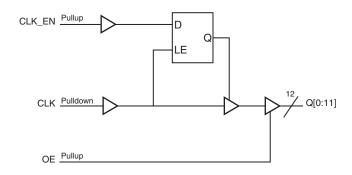
The low impedance LVCMOS outputs are designed to drive  $50\Omega$  series or parallel terminated transmission lines. The effective fanout can be increased from 12 to 24 by utilizing the ability of the outputs to drive two series terminated lines.

The ICS8312I is characterized at full 3.3V, 2.5V, and 1.8V, mixed 3.3V/2.5V, 3.3V/1.8V and 2.5V/1.8V output operating supply modes. Guaranteed output and part-to-part skew characteristics along with the 1.8V output capabilities makes the ICS8312I ideal for high performance, single ended applications that also require a limited output voltage.

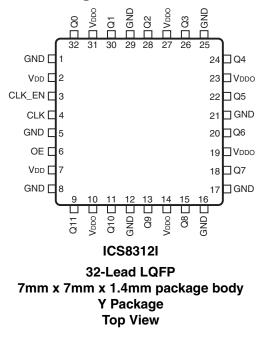
## **Features**

- Twelve LVCMOS/LVTTL outputs
- CLK input supports the following input types: LVCMOS, LVTTL
- Maximum output frequency: 250MHz
- Output skew: 160ps (maximum)
- Supply modes: Core/Output 3.3V/3.3V
  3.3V/2.5V
  3.3V/1.8V
  2.5V/2.5V
  2.5V/1.8V
  1.8V/1.8V
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature
- Available in both standard (RoHS 5) and lead-free (RoHS 6) packages

# **Block Diagram**



# **Pin Assignment**



Number	Name	T	уре	Description
1, 5, 8, 12, 16, 17, 21, 25, 29	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
2, 7	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power		Positive supply pins.
3	CLK_EN	Input	Pullup	Synchronous control for enabling and disabling clock outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
4	CLK	Input	Pulldown	Single-ended clock input. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6	OE	Input	Pullup	Output enable. Controls enabling and disabling of outputs Q[0:11]. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
9, 11, 13, 15, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32	Q11, Q10, Q9, Q8, Q7, Q6, Q5, Q4, Q3, Q2, Q1, Q0	Output		Single-ended clock outputs. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
10, 14, 19, 23, 27, 31	V <sub>DDO</sub>	Power		Output supply pins.

# **Table 1. Pin Descriptions**

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

# **Table 2. Pin Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
R <sub>PULLDOWN</sub>	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ
		V <sub>DDO</sub> = 3.465V			19	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance (per output); NOTE 1	V <sub>DDO</sub> = 2.625V			18	pF
		$V_{DDO} = 2.V$			16	pF
		$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$		7		Ω
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Impedance	$V_{\rm DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$		7		Ω
		$V_{\text{DDO}} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$		10		Ω

## **Function Tables**

## Table 3A. Output Enable and Clock Enable Function Table

Inp	uts	Outputs
OE	CLK_EN	Q [0:11]
0	Х	Hi-Z
1	0	LOW
1	1	Follows CLK input

#### Table 3B. Output Enable and Clock Enable Function Table

	Outputs		
OE CLK_EN		CLK	Q [0:11]
1	1	0	LOW
1	1	1	HIGH

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics or AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Item	Rating	
Supply Voltage, V <sub>DD</sub>	4.6V	
Inputs, V <sub>I</sub>	-0.5V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5V	
Outputs, V <sub>O</sub>	-0.5V to V <sub>DDO</sub> + 0.5V	
Package Thermal Impedance, $\theta_{JA}$	47.9°C/W (0 lfpm)	
Storage Temperature, T <sub>STG</sub>	-65°C to 150°C	

# **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Table 4A. Power Supply DC Characteristics,  $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $85^{\circ}C$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				10	mA
I <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Current				10	mA

## Table 4B. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				10	mA
I <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Current				10	mA

#### Table 4C. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = $V_{DDO}$ = 1.8V $\pm$ 0.2V, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
V <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				10	mA
I <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Current				10	mA

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Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				10	mA
I <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Current				10	mA

## Table 4D. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V ± 5%, $V_{DDO}$ = 2.5V ± 5%, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

## Table 4E. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V ± 5%, $V_{DDO}$ = 1.8V ±0.2V, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				10	mA
I <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Current				10	mA

## Table 4F. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 2.5V $\pm$ 5%, $V_{DDO}$ = 1.8V $\pm 0.2V,$ $T_{A}$ = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Positive Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				10	mA
I <sub>DDO</sub>	Output Supply Current				10	mA

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465V	2		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Volta	age	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.625V	1.7		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.0V	0.65*V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.465V	-0.3		1.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Volta	age	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.625V	-0.3		0.7	V
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.0V	-0.3		0.35*V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	Input	CLK	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.465V or 2.625V or 2.0V			150	μA
IIH	High Current	OE, CLK_EN	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.465V or 2.625V or 2.0V			5	μA
	Input Low Current	CLK	$V_{DD} = 3.465V \text{ or } 2.625V \text{ or } 2.0V,$ $V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA
IIL		OE, CLK_EN	$V_{DD} = 3.465 V \text{ or } 2.625 V \text{ or } 2.0 V,$ $V_{IN} = 0 V$	-150			μA
			$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	2.6			V
			$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%;$	1.8			V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Vo	oltage; NOTE 1	$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%; I_{OH} = -1mA$	2			V
			$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.3			V
			$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V; I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.2			V
			$V_{DDO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$			0.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub>			$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%;$			0.45	V
	Output Low Vo	Itage; NOTE 1	$V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%; I_{OL} = 1mA$			0.4	V
			$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$			0.35	V
			$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V; I_{OL} = 100\mu A$			0.2	V

## Table 4G. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $T_A$ = -40°C to $85^\circ C$

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50 $\Omega$  to V<sub>DDO</sub>/2. See Parameter Measurement Information, *Output Load Test Circuit diagrams*.

# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

Table 5A. AC Characteristics, V	$V_{DD} = V_D$	$_{DO} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	, T <sub>A</sub> =	-40°C to 85°C
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Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	$f \le 250 \text{MHz}$	1.2	2.0	2.7	ns
tjit	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter Section	100MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz		0.037		ps
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5				150	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				850	ps
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time; NOTE 5	20% to 80%	175		800	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \leq 150 \text{MHz}$	45		55	%

All parameters measured at f<sub>MAX</sub> unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDO}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating a the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDO}/2$ .

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	$f \le 250 \text{MHz}$	1.25	2.4	3.5	ns
tjit	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter Section	100MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz		0.022		ps
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5				155	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				1.1	ns
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time; NOTE 5	20% to 80%	200		800	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \le 150 \text{MHz}$	45		55	%

#### **Table 5B. AC Characteristics,** $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

All parameters measured at  $\ensuremath{f_{\text{MAX}}}$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDO}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating a the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDO}/2$ .

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

#### Table 5C. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Parameter Symbol		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Output Frequency				200	MHz
tp <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	$f \le 200 \text{MHz}$	1.6	3.3	4.9	ns
tjit	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter Section	100MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz		0.172		ps
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5				160	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				2.4	ns
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time; NOTE 5	20% to 80%	175		875	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \leq 100 \text{MHz}$	45		55	%

All parameters measured at  $\ensuremath{f_{\text{MAX}}}$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDO}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating a the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDO}/2$ .

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

#### Table 5D. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ , $V_{DDO} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
tp <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	$f \le 250 \text{MHz}$	1.5	2.1	2.8	ns
tjit	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter Section	100MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz	0.045			ps
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5				150	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				1	ns
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time; NOTE 5	20% to 80%	200		800	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \le 150 \text{MHz}$	45		55	%

All parameters measured at  $\ensuremath{f_{\text{MAX}}}$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDO}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating a the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDO}/2$ .

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

Table 5E. AC Characteristics	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$	$V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V, T_{A}$	= -40°C to 85°C
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Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Output Frequency				200	MHz
tp <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	$f \le 200 \text{MHz}$	1.5	2.5	3.5	ns
tjit	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter Section	100MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz	0.136			ps
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5				150	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				1.4	ns
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time; NOTE 5	20% to 80%	200		800	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \leq 100 MHz$	45		55	%

All parameters measured at  $\ensuremath{f_{\text{MAX}}}$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDO}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating a the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDO}/2$ .

NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

#### Table 5F. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Output Frequency				200	MHz
tp <sub>LH</sub>	Propagation Delay, Low to High; NOTE 1	$f \le 200 \text{MHz}$	1.4	2.7	3.9	ns
tjit	Buffer Additive Phase Jitter, RMS; refer to Additive Phase Jitter Section	100MHz, Integration Range: 12kHz – 20MHz	0.114			ps
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 5				160	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 5				1.6	ns
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time; NOTE 5	20% to 80%	200		800	ps
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$f \leq 100 MHz$	45		55	%

All parameters measured at  $\ensuremath{f_{\text{MAX}}}$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from the  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDO}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating a the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at V<sub>DDO</sub>/2.

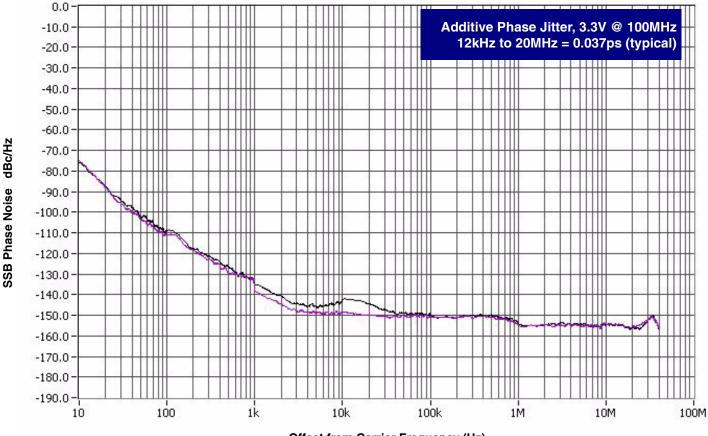
NOTE 4: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

NOTE 5: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

# **Additive Phase Jitter**

The spectral purity in a band at a specific offset from the fundamental compared to the power of the fundamental is called the *dBc Phase Noise*. This value is normally expressed using a Phase noise plot and is most often the specified plot in many applications. Phase noise is defined as the ratio of the noise power present in a 1Hz band at a specified offset from the fundamental frequency to the power value of the fundamental. This ratio is expressed in decibels (dBm) or a ratio of the power in the 1Hz band

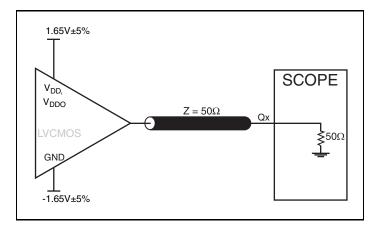
to the power in the fundamental. When the required offset is specified, the phase noise is called a *dBc* value, which simply means dBm at a specified offset from the fundamental. By investigating jitter in the frequency domain, we get a better understanding of its effects on the desired application over the entire time record of the signal. It is mathematically possible to calculate an expected bit error rate given a phase noise plot.



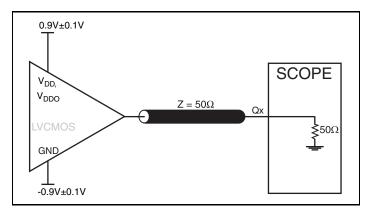
Offset from Carrier Frequency (Hz)

As with most timing specifications, phase noise measurements has issues relating to the limitations of the equipment. Often the noise floor of the equipment is higher than the noise floor of the device. This is illustrated above. The device meets the noise floor of what is shown, but can actually be lower. The phase noise is dependant on the input source and measurement equipment.

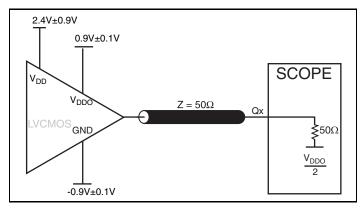




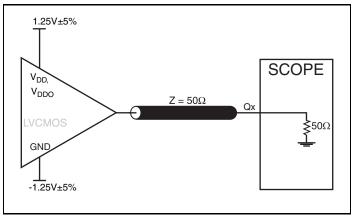
3.3V Core/3.3V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit



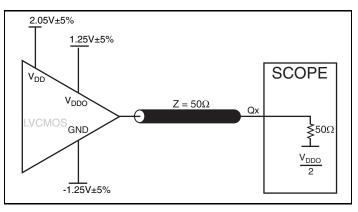
1.8V Core/1.8V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit



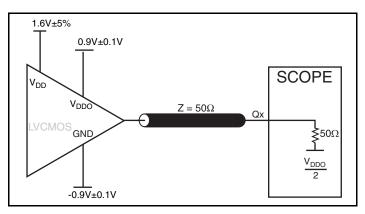
3.3V Core/1.8V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit



2.5V Core/2.5V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit

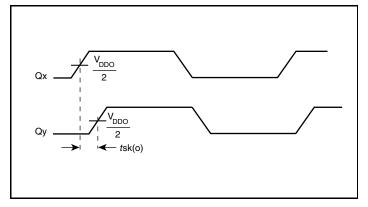


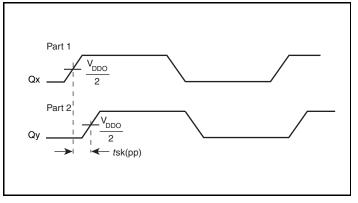
3.3V Core/2.5V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit



2.5V Core/1.8V LVCMOS Output Load AC Test Circuit

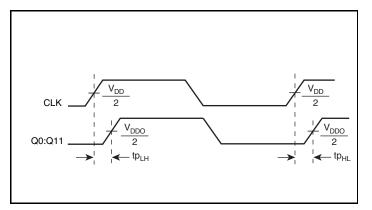
# Parameter Measurement Information, continued

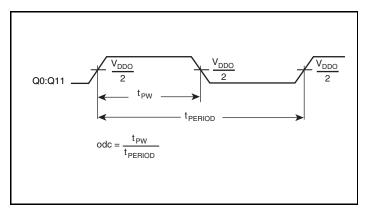




Part-to-Part Skew

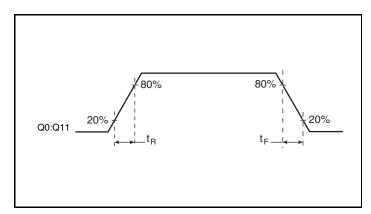






**Output Duty Cycle/Pulse Width/Period** 

**Propagation Delay** 



#### **Output Rise/Fall Time**

IDT™ / ICS™ LVCMOS/LVTTL FANOUT BUFFER

# **Application Information**

## **Recommendations for Unused Input and Output Pins**

## Inputs:

#### **LVCMOS Control Pins:**

All control pins have internal pull-ups or pull-downs; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A  $1k\Omega$  resistor can be used.

## **Outputs:**

#### **LVCMOS Outputs:**

All unused LVCMOS output can be left floating. There should be no trace attached.

# **Reliability Information**

#### Table 6. $\theta_{\text{JA}}$ vs. Air Flow Table for a 32 Lead LQFP

$\theta_{JA}$ vs. Air Flow						
Linear Feet per Minute	0	200	500			
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	67.8°C/W	55.9°C/W	50.1°C/W			
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	47.9°C/W	42.1°C/W	39.4°C/W			

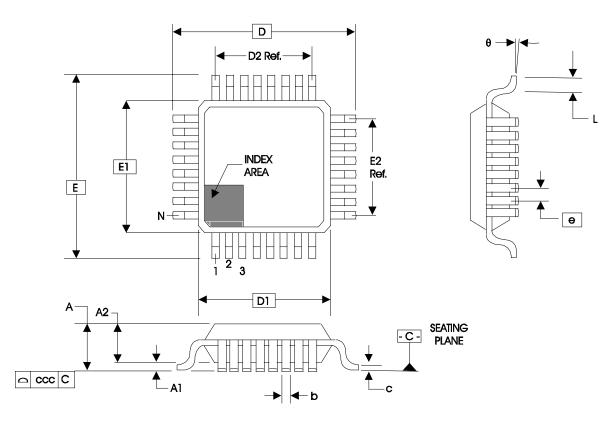
NOTE: Most modern PCB design use multi-layered boards. The data in the second row pertains to most designs.

## **Transistor Count**

The transistor count for ICS8312I is: 339

# Package Outline and Package Dimensions

Package Outline - Y Suffix for 32 Lead LQFP



#### Table 7. Package Dimensions for 32 Lead LQFP

	JEDEC Variation: ABC - HD All Dimensions in Millimeters							
Symbol	Symbol Minimum Nominal Maximum							
N		32						
Α			1.60					
A1	0.05	0.10	0.15					
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45					
b	0.30	0.37	0.45					
С	0.09		0.20					
D&E		9.00 Basic						
D1 & E1		7.00 Basic						
D2 & E2		5.60 Ref.						
е		0.80 Basic						
L	0.45	0.60	0.75					
θ	0°		7°					
CCC			0.10					
N		32						

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-026

# **Ordering Information**

#### **Table 8. Ordering Information**

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
8312AYI	ICS8312AYI	32 Lead LQFP	Tray	-40°C to 85°C
8312AYIT	ICS8312AYI	32 Lead LQFP	1000 Tape & Reel	-40°C to 85°C
8312AYILF	ICS8312AYILF	"Lead-Free" 32 Lead LQFP	Tray	-40°C to 85°C
8312AYILFT	ICS8312AYILF	"Lead-Free" 32 Lead LQFP	1000 Tape & Reel	-40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.

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# **Revision History Sheet**

Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date
A	Т8	1 9 12	Features section - added lead-free bullet. Added <i>Recommendations for Unused Input &amp; Output Pins</i> section. Ordering Information Table - added Lead-Free part number, marking and note.	6/28/06
В	T5A - T5F	7 - 9 10	Added Additive Phase Jitter specs to AC Tables. Added Additive Phase Jitter Plot. Updated datasheet to new format.	6/6/08

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