# SHARP

	Date Ap	r. 3.2003
Preliminary Da	TASHEET	
	DATASHEET	
	64M (x16) Flash Memory	
MODEL NO :	LH28F640BFHG-PTTLZ6	=
	ubject to change without notice.	
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- When using the products covered herein, please observe the conditions written herein and the precautions outlined in the following paragraphs. In no event shall the company be liable for any damages resulting from failure to strictly adhere to these conditions and precautions.
  - The products covered herein are designed and manufactured for the following application areas. When using the products covered herein for the equipment listed in Paragraph (2), even for the following application areas, be sure to observe the precautions given in Paragraph (2). Never use the products for the equipment listed in Paragraph (3).
    - Office electronics
    - Instrumentation and measuring equipment
    - Machine tools
    - Audiovisual equipment
    - Home appliance
    - Communication equipment other than for trunk lines
  - (2) Those contemplating using the products covered herein for the following equipment which demands high reliability, should first contact a sales representative of the company and then accept responsibility for incorporating into the design fail-safe operation, redundancy, and other appropriate measures for ensuring reliability and safety of the equipment and the overall system.
    - Control and safety devices for airplanes, trains, automobiles, and other transportation equipment
    - Mainframe computers
    - Traffic control systems
    - Gas leak detectors and automatic cutoff devices
    - Rescue and security equipment
    - Other safety devices and safety equipment, etc.
  - (3) Do not use the products covered herein for the following equipment which demands extremely high performance in terms of functionality, reliability, or accuracy.
    - Aerospace equipment
    - Communications equipment for trunk lines
    - Control equipment for the nuclear power industry
    - Medical equipment related to life support, etc.
  - (4) Please direct all queries and comments regarding the interpretation of the above three Paragraphs to a sales representative of the company.
- Please direct all queries regarding the products covered herein to a sales representative of the company.

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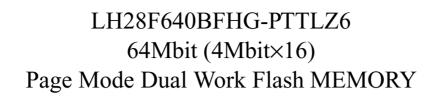
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■ 64M density with 16Bit I/O Interface

- High Performance Reads
   80/35ns 8-Word Page Mode
- Configurative 4-Plane Dual Work
  - Flexible Partitioning
  - Read operations during Block Erase or (Page Buffer) Program
  - Status Register for Each Partition

#### Low Power Operation

- 2.7V Read and Write Operations
- $\bullet$   $V_{CCO}$  for Input/Output Power Supply Isolation
- Automatic Power Savings Mode Reduces I<sub>CCR</sub> in Static Mode
- Enhanced Code + Data Storage
   5µs Typical Erase/Program Suspends
- OTP (One Time Program) Block
  - 4-Word Factory-Programmed Area
  - 4-Word User-Programmable Area
- High Performance Program with Page Buffer
  - 16-Word Page Buffer
  - + 5µs/Word (Typ.) at 12V  $V_{\ensuremath{PP}}$
- Operating Temperature -40°C to +85°C
- CMOS Process (P-type silicon substrate)

- Flexible Blocking Architecture
  - Eight 4K-word Parameter Blocks
  - One-hundred and twenty-seven 32K-word Main Blocks
  - Top Parameter Location
- Enhanced Data Protection Features
  - Individual Block Lock and Block Lock-Down with Zero-Latency
  - All blocks are locked at power-up or device reset.
  - Absolute Protection with  $V_{PP} \leq V_{PPLK}$
  - Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Word Program Lockout during Power Transitions
- Automated Erase/Program Algorithms
  - 3.0V Low-Power 11µs/Word (Typ.) Programming
  - 12V No Glue Logic 9µs/Word (Typ.) Production Programming and 0.5s Erase (Typ.)
- Cross-Compatible Command Support
  - Basic Command Set
  - Common Flash Interface (CFI)
- Extended Cycling Capability
  - Minimum 100,000 Block Erase Cycles
- 0.75mm pitch 48-Ball CSP (8mm×11mm)
- ETOX<sup>TM\*</sup> Flash Technology
- Not designed or rated as radiation hardened

The product, which is 4-Plane Page Mode Dual Work (Simultaneous Read while Erase/Program) Flash memory, is a low power, high density, low cost, nonvolatile read/write storage solution for a wide range of applications. The product can operate at  $V_{CC}$ =2.7V-3.6V and  $V_{PP}$ =1.65V-3.6V or 11.7V-12.3V. Its low voltage operation capability greatly extends battery life for portable applications.

The product provides high performance asynchronous page mode. It allows code execution directly from Flash, thus eliminating time consuming wait states. Furthermore, its newly configurative partitioning architecture allows flexible dual work operation.

The memory array block architecture utilizes Enhanced Data Protection features, and provides separate Parameter and Main Blocks that provide maximum flexibility for safe nonvolatile code and data storage.

Fast program capability is provided through the use of high speed Page Buffer Program.

Special OTP (One Time Program) block provides an area to store permanent code such as a unique number.

\* ETOX is a trademark of Intel Corporation.

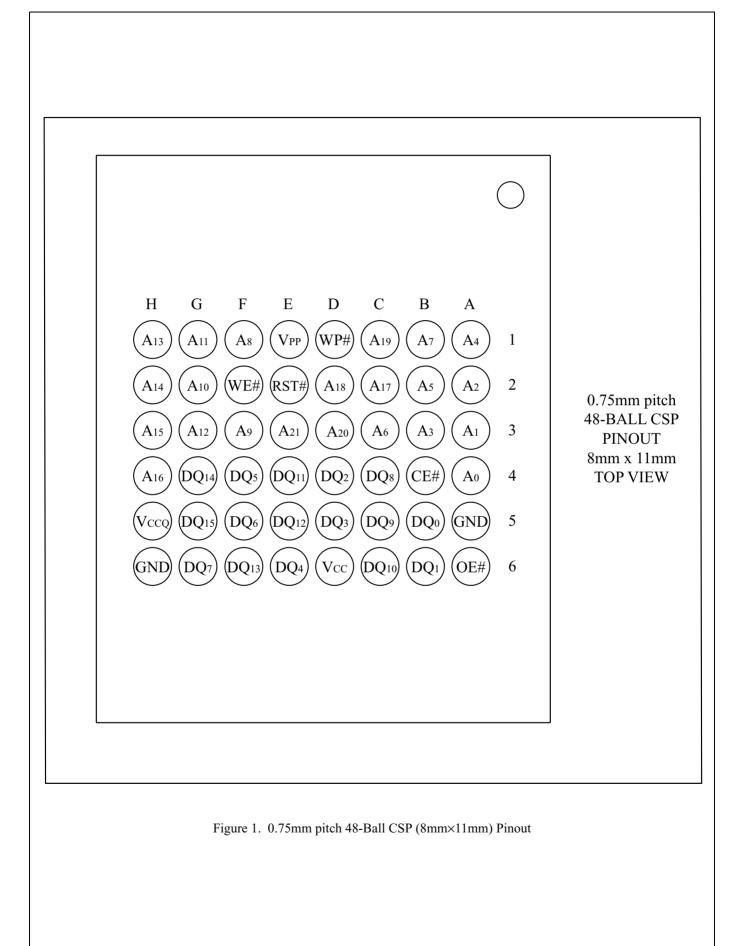


Table 1. Pin Descriptions

[		*
Symbol	Туре	Name and Function
A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>21</sub>	INPUT	ADDRESS INPUTS: Inputs for addresses. 64M: A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>21</sub>
DQ <sub>0</sub> -DQ <sub>15</sub>	INPUT/ OUTPUT	DATA INPUTS/OUTPUTS: Inputs data and commands during CUI (Command User Interface) write cycles, outputs data during memory array, status register, query code identifier code and partition configuration register code reads. Data pins float to high- impedance (High Z) when the chip or outputs are deselected. Data is internally latched during an erase or program cycle.
CE#	INPUT	CHIP ENABLE: Activates the device's control logic, input buffers, decoders and sense amplifiers. CE#-high ( $V_{IH}$ ) deselects the device and reduces power consumption to standby levels.
RST#	INPUT	RESET: When low ( $V_{IL}$ ), RST# resets internal automation and inhibits write operation which provides data protection. RST#-high ( $V_{IH}$ ) enables normal operation. After power-up or reset mode, the device is automatically set to read array mode. RST# must be low during power-up/down.
OE#	INPUT	OUTPUT ENABLE: Gates the device's outputs during a read cycle.
WE#	INPUT	WRITE ENABLE: Controls writes to the CUI and array blocks. Addresses and data are latched on the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first).
WP#	INPUT	WRITE PROTECT: When WP# is $V_{IL}$ , locked-down blocks cannot be unlocked. Eras or program operation can be executed to the blocks which are not locked and not locked down. When WP# is $V_{IH}$ , lock-down is disabled.
V <sub>PP</sub>	INPUT	MONITORING POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE: V <sub>PP</sub> is not used for power supply pir With V <sub>PP</sub> $\leq$ V <sub>PPLK</sub> , block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program cannot be executed and should not be attempted. Applying 12V±0.3V to V <sub>PP</sub> provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In thi mode, V <sub>PP</sub> is power supply pin. Applying 12V±0.3V to V <sub>PP</sub> during erase/program ca only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. V <sub>PP</sub> may be connected to 12V±0.3V for a total of 80 hours maximum. Use of this pin at 12V beyond these limit may reduce block cycling capability or cause permanent damage.
V <sub>CC</sub>	SUPPLY	DEVICE POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.6V): With $V_{CC} \leq V_{LKO}$ , all write attempts to th flash memory are inhibited. Device operations at invalid $V_{CC}$ voltage (see DC Characteristics) produce spurious results and should not be attempted.
V <sub>CCQ</sub>	SUPPLY	INPUT/OUTPUT POWER SUPPLY (2.7V-3.6V): Power supply for all input/outpup pins.
GND	SUPPLY	GROUND: Do not float any ground pins.

	-		Silliunali	eous Ope		des Allow		our r lane	3			
		THEN THE MODES ALLOWED IN THE OTHER PARTITION IS:										
IF ONE PARTITION IS:	Read Array	Read ID/OTP	Read Status	Read Query	Word Program	Page Buffer Program	OTP Program	Block Erase	Full Chip Erase	Program Suspend	Erace	
Read Array	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	
Read ID/OTP	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	
Read Status	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Read Query	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	
Word Program	Х	Х	Х	Х							Х	
Page Buffer Program	Х	Х	Х	Х							Х	
OTP Program			Х									
Block Erase	Х	Х	Х	Х								
Full Chip Erase			Х									
Program Suspend	Х	Х	Х	Х							Х	
Block Erase Suspend	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				Х		

Table 2. Simultaneous Operation Modes Allowed with Four  $Planes^{(1, 2)}$ 

"X" denotes the operation available.
 Configurative Partition Dual Work Restrictions:

Status register reflects partition state, not WSM (Write State Machine) state - this allows a status register for each partition. Only one partition can be erased or programmed at a time - no command queuing. Commands must be written to an address within the block targeted by that command.

	RFO	CK NUMBER	ADDRESS RANG
	134	4K-WORD	3FF000H - 3FFFFFH
	133	4K-WORD	3FE000H - 3FEFFFH
	132	4K-WORD	3FD000H - 3FDFFFH
	131 130	4K-WORD 4K-WORD	3FC000H - 3FCFFFH 3FB000H - 3FBFFFH
	129	4K-WORD	3FA000H - 3FAFFFH
	128	4K-WORD	3F9000H - 3F9FFFH
	127	4K-WORD	3F8000H - 3F8FFFH
	126	32K-WORD	3F0000H - 3F7FFFH
_	125	32K-WORD	3E8000H - 3EFFFFH 3E0000H - 3E7FFFH
E)	124 123	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	3D8000H - 3DFFFFH
Z.	123	32K-WORD	3D0000H - 3D7FFFH
Ę	121	32K-WORD	3C8000H - 3CFFFFH
<u>п</u>	120	32K-WORD	3C0000H - 3C7FFFH
H	119	32K-WORD	3B8000H - 3BFFFFH
E	118	32K-WORD	3B0000H - 3B7FFFH
¥.	117 116	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	3A8000H - 3AFFFFH 3A0000H - 3A7FFFH
3	115	32K-WORD	398000H - 39FFFFH
4	114	32K-WORD	390000H - 397FFFH
PA	113	32K-WORD	388000H - 38FFFFH
$\sim$	112	32K-WORD	380000H - 387FFFH
Щ	111	32K-WORD	378000H - 37FFFFH
Z	110 109	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	370000H - 377FFFH 368000H - 36FFFFH
PLANE3 (PARAMETER PLANE)	109	32K-WORD	360000H - 367FFFH
2	107	32K-WORD	358000H - 35FFFFH
	106	32K-WORD	350000H - 357FFFH
	105	32K-WORD	348000H - 34FFFFH
	104	32K-WORD	340000H - 347FFFH
	103 102	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	_ 338000H - 33FFFFH _ 330000H - 337FFFH
	102	32K-WORD	328000H - 32FFFFH
	100	32K-WORD	320000H - 327FFFH
	99	32K-WORD	318000H - 31FFFFH
	98	32K-WORD	310000H - 317FFFH
	97	32K-WORD	308000H - 30FFFFH
	96	32K-WORD	300000H - 307FFFH
	0.5	20K WORD	2F8000H - 2FFFFFH
	95 94	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2F0000H - 2F7FFFH
		32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2E8000H - 2EFFFFH
	93		ADAGAGIN ADADDED
	93 92	32K-WORD	2E0000H - 2E7FFFH
		32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH
	92 91 90	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH
	92 91 90 89	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH
	92 91 90 89 88	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH 2C0000H - 2C7FFFH
E)	92 91 90 89 88 87	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH 2C0000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2BFFFFH
NE)	92 91 90 89 88	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH 2C0000H - 2C7FFFH
ANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2C0000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH
PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH 2C8000H - 2CFFFFH 2B8000H - 2BFFFFH 2B8000H - 2BFFFFH 2A8000H - 2AFFFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 2A9000H - 2A7FFFH
M PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B0000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH
RM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 28FFFFH
FORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 85 84 83 82 81 80	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A0000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH
<b>VIFORM PLANE)</b>	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 28FFFFH
UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 85 84 83 82 81 80	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B0000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 290000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH
2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH
FE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 75	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH
NNE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74	32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH
LANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 290000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 260000H - 267FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92           91           90           89           88           87           86           85           84           83           81           80           79           78           77           76           75           74           73	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 297FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 88 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 28000H - 297FFFH 28000H - 297FFFH 28000H - 277FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 257FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92           91           90           89           88           87           86           85           84           83           82           81           80           79           78           77           76           75           74           73           72	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 297FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 258000H - 257FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 83 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 28000H - 297FFFH 28000H - 297FFFH 28000H - 297FFFH 28000H - 287FFFH 28000H - 277FFFH 270000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 258000H - 25FFFFH 258000H - 25FFFFH 248000H - 247FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH 238000H - 247FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80 79 77 76 75 74 77 72 71 70 69 68 86 87	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2A7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 250000H - 257FFFH 250000H - 257FFFH 248000H - 247FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 228000H - 237FFFH 228000H - 237FFFH 228000H - 237FFFH 228000H - 227FFFH 228000H - 227FFFH
PLANE2 (UNIFORM PLANE)	92 91 90 89 88 88 87 86 85 88 88 88 88 88 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 77 74 73 72 71 70 69 68	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	2D8000H - 2DFFFFH 2D0000H - 2D7FFFH 2C8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2C7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2B8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 2A8000H - 2B7FFFH 298000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 297FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 288000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 287FFFH 278000H - 277FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 267FFFH 268000H - 247FFFH 238000H - 247FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH 238000H - 237FFFH

	BLC	OCK NUMBER	ADDRESS RANGE
	63	32K-WORD	1F8000H - 1FFFFFH
	62	32K-WORD	1F0000H - 1F7FFFH
	61	32K-WORD	1E8000H - 1EFFFFH
	60	32K-WORD	1E0000H - 1E7FFFH 1D8000H - 1DFFFFH
	59 58	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	1D8000H - 1D7FFFH
	57	32K-WORD	1C8000H - 1CFFFFH
	56	32K-WORD	1C0000H - 1C7FFFH
m	55	32K-WORD	1B8000H - 1BFFFFH
PLANE1 (UNIFORM PLANE)	54 53	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	1B0000H - 1B7FFFH 1A8000H - 1AFFFFH
Y	52	32K-WORD	1A0000H - 1A7FFFH
Ы	51	32K-WORD	198000H - 19FFFFH
Σ	50	32K-WORD	190000H - 197FFFH
R	49 48	32K-WORD	188000H - 18FFFFH 180000H - 187FFFH
FC	40	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	178000H - 17FFFFH
Z	46	32K-WORD	170000H - 177FFFH
S	45	32K-WORD	168000H - 16FFFFH
E	44	32K-WORD	160000H - 167FFFH
Ë	43	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	158000H - 15FFFFH 150000H - 157FFFH
Y	41	32K-WORD	148000H - 14FFFFH
Ы	40	32K-WORD	140000H - 147FFFH
	39	32K-WORD	138000H - 13FFFFH
	38	32K-WORD	130000H - 137FFFH
	37	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	128000H - 12FFFFH 120000H - 127FFFH
	35	32K-WORD	118000H - 11FFFFH
	34	32K-WORD	110000H - 117FFFH
	33	32K-WORD	108000H - 10FFFFH
	32	32K-WORD	100000H - 107FFFH
	31	32K-WORD	0F8000H - 0FFFFFH
	30	32K-WORD	0F0000H - 0F7FFFH
	29	32K-WORD	0E8000H - 0EFFFFH
	28	32K-WORD	0E0000H - 0E7FFFH
	27	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	0D8000H - 0DFFFFH 0D0000H - 0D7FFFH
	25	32K-WORD	0C8000H - 0CFFFFH
	24	32K-WORD	0C0000H - 0C7FFFH
	23	32K-WORD	0B8000H - 0BFFFFH
ORM PLANE)	22	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	0B0000H - 0B7FFFH 0A8000H - 0AFFFFH
A	20	32K-WORD	0A0000H - 0A7FFFH
ЪГ	19	32K-WORD	098000H - 09FFFFH
5	18	32K-WORD	090000H - 097FFFH
R	17	32K-WORD	088000H - 08FFFFH
Q	16 15	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	080000H - 087FFFH 078000H - 07FFFFH
Ē	14	32K-WORD	070000H - 077FFFH
5	13	32K-WORD	068000H - 06FFFFH
)	12	32K-WORD	060000H - 067FFFH
Ε	11	32K-WORD	058000H - 05FFFFH 050000H - 057FFFH
PLANE0 (UNIF	10 9	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	048000H - 04FFFFH
Ľ	8	32K-WORD	040000H - 047FFFH
ЦЦ	7	32K-WORD	038000H - 03FFFFH
1	6	32K-WORD	030000H - 037FFFH
1	5	32K-WORD 32K-WORD	028000H - 02FFFFH 020000H - 027FFFH
1	3	32K-WORD	018000H - 01FFFFH
1	2	32K-WORD	010000H - 017FFFH
1	1	32K-WORD	008000H - 00FFFFH
	0	32K-WORD	000000H - 007FFFH

Figure 2. Memory Map (Top Parameter)

Table 3.	Identifier	Codes and	OTP	Address	for Read	Operation
----------	------------	-----------	-----	---------	----------	-----------

	Code	Address [A <sub>15</sub> -A <sub>0</sub> ]	Data [DQ <sub>15</sub> -DQ <sub>0</sub> ]	Notes	
Manufacturer Code	Manufacturer Code	0000Н	00B0H	1	
Device Code	Top Parameter Device Code	0001H	0001H 00B0H		
Block Lock Configuration Code	Block is Unlocked		$DQ_0 = 0$	3	
	Block is Locked	Block	$DQ_0 = 1$	3	
	Block is not Locked-Down	Address + 2	$DQ_1 = 0$	3	
	Block is Locked-Down		$DQ_1 = 1$	3	
Device Configuration Code	Partition Configuration Register	0006H	PCRC	1, 4	
OTP	OTP Lock	0080H	OTP-LK	1, 5	
	OTP	0081-0088H	OTP	1, 6	

1. The address A<sub>21</sub>-A<sub>16</sub> are shown in below table for reading the manufacturer code, device code, device configuration code and OTP data.

2. Top parameter device has its parameter blocks in the plane3 (The highest address).

- Block Address = The beginning location of a block address within the partition to which the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H) has been written. DQ<sub>15</sub>-DQ<sub>2</sub> are reserved for future implementation.
- 4. PCRC=Partition Configuration Register Code.
- 5. OTP-LK=OTP Block Lock configuration.

6. OTP=OTP Block data.

Partition C	Configuration I	Register <sup>(2)</sup>	Address (64M-bit device)
PCR.10	PCR.9	PCR.8	[A <sub>21</sub> -A <sub>16</sub> ]
0	0	0	00H
0	0	1	00H or 10H
0	1	0	00H or 20H
1	0	0	00H or 30H
0	1	1	00H or 10H or 20H
1	1	0	00H or 20H or 30H
1	0	1	00H or 10H or 30H
1	1	1	00H or 10H or 20H or 30H

Table 4. Identifier Codes and OTP Address for Read Operation on Partition Configuration<sup>(1)</sup> (64M-bit device)

NOTES:

1. The address to read the identifier codes or OTP data is dependent on the partition which is selected when writing the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command (90H).

2. Refer to Table 12 for the partition configuration register.

7

000088H	
	Customer Programmable Area
000085H	
000084H	
	Factory Programmed Area
000081H	
000080H	Reserved for Future Implementation (DQ15-DQ2)

Figure 3. OTP Block Address Map for OTP Program (The area outside 80H~88H cannot be used.)

Tuble 5. Bus operation								
Mode	Notes	RST#	CE#	OE#	WE#	Address	V <sub>PP</sub>	DQ <sub>0-15</sub>
Read Array	6	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	Х	D <sub>OUT</sub>
Output Disable		V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	Х	Х	High Z
Standby		$V_{IH}$	$V_{\rm IH}$	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z
Reset	3	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z
Read Identifier Codes/OTP	6	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	See Table 3 and Table 4	Х	See Table 3 and Table 4
Read Query	6,7	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	See Appendix	Х	See Appendix
Write	4,5,6	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub>	V <sub>IL</sub>	Х	Х	D <sub>IN</sub>

Table 5. Bus  $Operation^{(1, 2)}$ 

Refer to DC Characteristics. When V<sub>PP</sub>≤V<sub>PPLK</sub>, memory contents can be read, but cannot be altered.
 X can be V<sub>IL</sub> or V<sub>IH</sub> for control pins and addresses, and V<sub>PPLK</sub> or V<sub>PPH1/2</sub> for V<sub>PP</sub>. See DC Characteristics for V<sub>PPLK</sub> and V<sub>PPH1/2</sub> voltages.
 RST# at GND±0.2V ensures the lowest power consumption.

4. Command writes involving block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program are reliably executed when V<sub>PP</sub>=V<sub>PPH1/2</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub>=2.7V-3.6V.
5. Refer to Table 6 for valid D<sub>IN</sub> during a write operation.
6. Never hold OE# low and WE# low at the same timing.

7. Refer to Appendix of LH28F640BF series for more information about query code.

	Т	able 6. (	Command	Definitions <sup>(1)</sup>	1)				
	Bus		1	First Bus Cyc	le	Second Bus Cycle			
Command	Cycles Req'd	Notes	Oper <sup>(1)</sup>	Addr <sup>(2)</sup>	Data	Oper <sup>(1)</sup>	Addr <sup>(2)</sup>	Data <sup>(3)</sup>	
Read Array	1		Write	PA	FFH				
Read Identifier Codes/OTP	≥2	4	Write	PA	90H	Read	IA or OA	ID or OD	
Read Query	≥2	4	Write	PA	98H	Read	QA	QD	
Read Status Register	2		Write	PA	70H	Read	PA	SRD	
Clear Status Register	1		Write	PA	50H				
Block Erase	2	5	Write	BA	20H	Write	BA	D0H	
Full Chip Erase	2	5,9	Write	Х	30H	Write	Х	D0H	
Program	2	5,6	Write	WA	40H or 10H	Write	WA	WD	
Page Buffer Program	≥4	5,7	Write	WA	E8H	Write	WA	N-1	
Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Suspend	1	8,9	Write	PA	B0H				
Block Erase and (Page Buffer) Program Resume	1	8,9	Write	PA	D0H				
Set Block Lock Bit	2		Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	01H	
Clear Block Lock Bit	2	10	Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	D0H	
Set Block Lock-down Bit	2		Write	BA	60H	Write	BA	2FH	
OTP Program	2	9	Write	OA	СОН	Write	OA	OD	
Set Partition Configuration Register	2		Write	PCRC	60H	Write	PCRC	04H	

1. Bus operations are defined in Table 5.

2. All addresses which are written at the first bus cycle should be the same as the addresses which are written at the second bus cycle.

X=Any valid address within the device.

PA=Address within the selected partition.

IA=Identifier codes address (See Table 3 and Table 4).

QA=Query codes address. Refer to Appendix of LH28F640BF series for details.

BA=Address within the block being erased, set/cleared block lock bit or set block lock-down bit.

WA=Address of memory location for the Program command or the first address for the Page Buffer Program command. OA=Address of OTP block to be read or programmed (See Figure 3).

PCRC=Partition configuration register code presented on the address  $A_0$ - $A_{15}$ .

3. ID=Data read from identifier codes. (See Table 3 and Table 4).

QD=Data read from query database. Refer to Appendix of LH28F640BF series for details.

SRD=Data read from status register. See Table 10 and Table 11 for a description of the status register bits.

WD=Data to be programmed at location WA. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE# (whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.

OD=Data within OTP block. Data is latched on the rising edge of WE# or CE# (whichever goes high first) during command write cycles.

N-1=N is the number of the words to be loaded into a page buffer.

- 4. Following the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command, read operations access manufacturer code, device code, block lock configuration code, partition configuration register code and the data within OTP block (See Table 3 and Table 4). The Read Query command is available for reading CFI (Common Flash Interface) information.
- 5. Block erase, full chip erase or (page buffer) program cannot be executed when the selected block is locked. Unlocked block can be erased or programmed when RST# is V<sub>IH</sub>.

6. Either 40H or 10H are recognized by the CUI (Command User Interface) as the program setup.

7. Following the third bus cycle, input the program sequential address and write data of "N" times. Finally, input the any valid address within the target block to be programmed and the confirm command (D0H). Refer to Appendix of

LH28F640BF series for details.

- 8. If the program operation in one partition is suspended and the erase operation in other partition is also suspended, the suspended program operation should be resumed first, and then the suspended erase operation should be resumed next.
- 9. Full chip erase and OTP program operations can not be suspended. The OTP Program command can not be accepted while the block erase operation is being suspended.
- 10. Following the Clear Block Lock Bit command, block which is not locked-down is unlocked when WP# is V<sub>IL</sub>. When WP# is V<sub>IH</sub>, lock-down bit is disabled and the selected block is unlocked regardless of lock-down configuration.
  11. Commands other than those shown above are reserved by SHARP for future device implementations and should not be
- used.

State	WP#	$\mathrm{DQ}_{1}^{(1)}$	$\mathrm{DQ}_{0}^{(1)}$	State Name	Erase/Program Allowed <sup>(2)</sup>		
[000]	0	0	0	Unlocked	Yes		
[001] <sup>(3)</sup>	0	0	1	Locked	No		
[011]	0	1	1	Locked-down	No		
[100]	1	0	0	Unlocked	Yes		
[101] <sup>(3)</sup>	1	0	1	Locked	No		
[110] <sup>(4)</sup>	1	1	0	Lock-down Disable	Yes		
[111]	1	1	1	Lock-down Disable	No		

Table 7. Functions of Block Lock<sup>(5)</sup> and Block Lock-Down

1.  $DQ_0=1$ : a block is locked;  $DQ_0=0$ : a block is unlocked.

 $DQ_1=1$ : a block is locked-down;  $DQ_1=0$ : a block is not locked-down.

2. Erase and program are general terms, respectively, to express: block erase, full chip erase and (page buffer) program operations.

3. At power-up or device reset, all blocks default to locked state and are not locked-down, that is,

[001] (WP#=0) or [101] (WP#=1), regardless of the states before power-off or reset operation. 4. When WP# is driven to  $V_{IL}$  in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.

5. OTP (One Time Program) block has the lock function which is different from those described above.

	Curren	t State		Result after Lock Command Written (Next State)					
State	WP#	DQ <sub>1</sub>	DQ <sub>0</sub>	Set Lock <sup>(1)</sup>	Clear Lock <sup>(1)</sup>	Set Lock-down <sup>(1)</sup>			
[000]	0	0	0	[001]	No Change	[011] <sup>(2)</sup>			
[001]	0	0	1	No Change <sup>(3)</sup>	[000]	[011]			
[011]	0	1	1	No Change	No Change	No Change			
[100]	1	0	0	[101]	No Change	[111] <sup>(2)</sup>			
[101]	1	0	1	No Change	[100]	[111]			
[110]	1	1	0	[111]	No Change	[111] <sup>(2)</sup>			
[111]	1	1	1	No Change	[110]	No Change			

Table 8. Block Locking State Transitions upon Command Write<sup>(4)</sup>

NOTES:

1. "Set Lock" means Set Block Lock Bit command, "Clear Lock" means Clear Block Lock Bit command and "Set Lock-down" means Set Block Lock-Down Bit command.

2. When the Set Block Lock-Down Bit command is written to the unlocked block ( $DQ_0=0$ ), the corresponding block is locked-down and automatically locked at the same time.

3. "No Change" means that the state remains unchanged after the command written.

4. In this state transitions table, assumes that WP# is not changed and fixed  $V_{IL}$  or  $V_{IH}$ .

	(	Current S	State		Result after WP# Transition (Next State)			
Previous State	State	WP#	DQ <sub>1</sub> DQ <sub>0</sub>		WP#= $0 \rightarrow 1^{(1)}$	WP#= $1 \rightarrow 0^{(1)}$		
-	[000]	0	0	0	[100]	-		
-	[001]	0	0	1	[101]	-		
[110] <sup>(2)</sup>	[011]	0	1	1	[110]	-		
Other than [110] <sup>(2)</sup>		0			[111]	-		
-	[100]	1	0	0	-	[000]		
-	[101]	1	0	1	-	[001]		
-	[110]	1	1	0	-	[011] <sup>(3)</sup>		
-	[111]	1	1	1	-	[011]		

Table 9. Block Locking State Transitions upon WP# Transition<sup>(4)</sup>

1. "WP#=0 $\rightarrow$ 1" means that WP# is driven to V<sub>IH</sub> and "WP#=1 $\rightarrow$ 0" means that WP# is driven to V<sub>IL</sub>.

2. State transition from the current state [011] to the next state depends on the previous state.

3. When WP# is driven to  $V_{IL}$  in [110] state, the state changes to [011] and the blocks are automatically locked.

4. In this state transitions table, assumes that lock configuration commands are not written in previous, current and next state.

R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	
WSMS	BESS	BEFCES	PBPOPS	VPPS	PBPSS	DPS	R	
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
ENHANCE	EMENTS (R) E STATE MAC	FOR FUTURE HINE STATUS	(WSMS)		NOT	atus of the partit		
0 = Busy SR.6 = BLOC 1 = Block			S (BESS)	be occupied by 3 or 4 partition Check SR.7 to	achine). Even if the other partiti s configuration. determine bloc n or OTP progra R.7="0".	on when the de k erase, full ch	vice is set to ip erase, (pag	
<ul> <li>SR.5 = BLOCK ERASE AND FULL CHIP ERASE STATUS (BEFCES)</li> <li>1 = Error in Block Erase or Full Chip Erase</li> <li>0 = Successful Block Erase or Full Chip Erase</li> </ul>				If both SR.5 and SR.4 are "1"s after a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, set/clear block lock bit, se block lock-down bit, set partition configuration register attempt, an improper command sequence was entered.				
OTP 1 = Error i	PROGRAM S n (Page Buffer)	OGRAM AND FATUS (PBPOP ) Program or OT fer) Program or (	P Program	The WSM inte Block Erase, F Program com	provide a contin rrogates and ind ull Chip Erase, ( nand sequences	licates the V <sub>PP</sub> l (Page Buffer) Pr s. SR.3 is not	evel only aft ogram or OT guaranteed	
	TATUS (VPPS)			report accurate	feedback when	V <sub>PP</sub> ≠V <sub>PPH1</sub> , V <sub>I</sub>	$_{\rm PPH2}$ or $\rm V_{PPL1}$	
$0 = V_{PP} O$ $SR.2 = (PAGH)$ $STAT$ $1 = (Page)$	E BUFFER) PR TUS (PBPSS) Buffer) Prograr	OGRAM SUSP		SR.1 does not provide a continuous indication of block loc bit. The WSM interrogates the block lock bit only after Bloc Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OT Program command sequences. It informs the syster depending on the attempted operation, if the block lock bit set. Reading the block lock configuration codes after writin the Read Identifier Codes/OTP command indicates bloc lock bit status.				
1 = Erase	or Program Atte d Block, Opera			SR.15 - SR.8 and SR.0 are reserved for future use and shoul be masked out when polling the status register.				

		Table 11	1. Extended Sta	atus Register De	finition		
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
SMS	R	R	R	R R R			
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
7654XSR.15-8 = RESERVED FOR FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS (R)XSR.7 = STATE MACHINE STATUS (SMS) 1 = Page Buffer Program available 0 = Page Buffer Program not available				XSR.7="1" ind If XSR.7 is "0" Buffer Program check if page b XSR.15-8 and	n command (E8 uffer is availabl XSR.6-0 are	Program cor entered comma is not accepted BH) should be e or not. reserved for	

		Table 12. 1	Partition Config	guration Re	egiste	er Definition		
R	R	R	R	R		PC2	PC1	PC0
15	14	13	12	11		10	9	8
R	R	R	R	R		R	R	R
7	6	5	4	3		2	1	0
PCR.15-11 = 1PCR.10-8 = P $000 = No$ $001 = Pla$ $(defau)$ $010 = Pla$ $(defau)$ $011 = Pla$ $(defau)$ $011 = Pla$ $(defau)$ $110 = Pla$ $110 = Pla$ $110 = Pla$ $101 = Pla$ $101 = Pla$ $101 = Pla$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$ $0 = 0$	RESERVED FOR ENHANCEME ARTITION COM- partitioning. Du- mel-3 are merge alt in a bottom pa- ion respectively. me 0-1 and Plane ion respectively. me 0-2 are merge partitions in the tion is available me 0-1 are merge partitions in the tion is available me 1-2 are merge partitions in the tion is available partition is available me 1-2 are merge partitions in the tion is available me 1-2 are merge partitions in the tion is available me 1-2 are merge partitions in the tion is available me 1-2 are merge partitions in the tion is available me 1-2 are merge partition is available me 1-2 are merge part	R FUTURE ENTS (R) IFIGURATION al Work is not a d into one parti- arameter device e2-3 are merged ed into one parti- heter device) ed into one part his configuration between any two ed into one part his configuration his confi	I (PC2-0) allowed. tion. ) I into one ition. There are on. Dual work o partitions. ition. There are on. Dual work o partitions. ition. There are on. Dual work o partitions. IL WORK	111 = E ti t PCR.7-0 = After pov "001" in parameter See Figur PCR.15-1 should t configura PC2 PC11 0 1	Each ively word provide the ively word provid	ere are four partit plane correspo- y. Dual work oper partitions. ESERVED FOR ENHANCEMEN NOT up or device res pottom paramete vice. for the detail on p nd PCR.7-0 are masked out w register. PARTITION PARTITION PARTITION PARTITION	ions in this com nds to each p ration is availal FUTURE TS (R) TES: et, PCR10-8 (I r device and partition config reserved for hen checking VING FOR DU N2 PARTITION RUNCH PARTITION CALLEN VING FOR DU N2 PARTITION CALLEN	Artition respec- ble between any PC2-0) is set to "100" in a top uration. future use and the partition AL WORK 11 PARTITIONO
		F	Figure 4. Partiti	on Config	urati	on		
								Roy 211

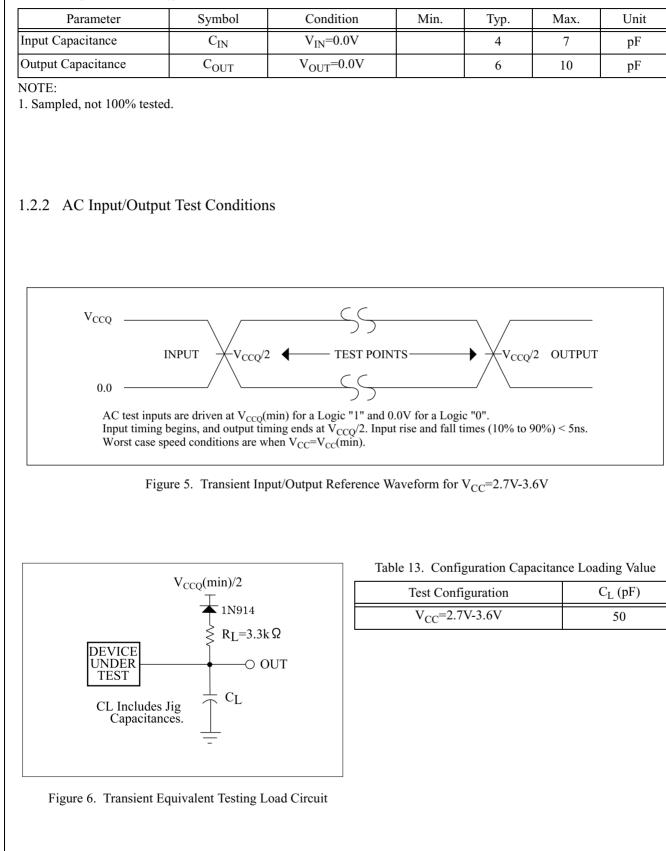
<ol> <li>Electrical Specifications</li> <li>Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>*</sup></li> <li>Operating Temperature During Read, Erase and Program40°C to +85°C <sup>(1)</sup></li> </ol>	*WARNING: Stressing the device beyond the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operation beyond the "Operating Conditions" is not recommended and extended exposure beyond the "Operating Conditions" may affect device reliability.
	NOTES:
Storage Temperature During under Bias40°C to +85°C During non Bias65°C to +125°C	<ol> <li>Operating temperature is for extended temperature product defined by this specification.</li> <li>All specified voltages are with respect to GND. Minimum DC voltage is -0.5V on input/output pins and -0.2V on V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>PP</sub> pins. During transitions,</li> </ol>
Voltage On Any Pin (except $V_{CC}$ and $V_{PP}$ )0.5V to $V_{CC}$ +0.5V <sup>(2)</sup>	this level may undershoot to -2.0V for periods <20ns. Maximum DC voltage on input/output pins is $V_{CC}$ +0.5V which, during transitions, may overshoot to $V_{CC}$ +2.0V for periods <20ns.
$V_{CC}$ and $V_{CCQ}$ Supply Voltage0.2V to +3.9V $^{(2)}$	<ol> <li>Maximum DC voltage on V<sub>PP</sub> may overshoot to +13.0V for periods &lt;20ns.</li> <li>V<sub>PP</sub> erase/program voltage is normally 2.7V-3.6V. Applying 11.7V-12.3V to V<sub>PP</sub> during erase/program</li> </ol>
$V_{PP}$ Supply Voltage0.2V to +12.6V <sup>(2, 3, 4)</sup>	can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. $V_{PP}$ may be connected to 11.7V-12.3V for a total of 80
Output Short Circuit Current 100mA <sup>(5)</sup>	<ul><li>hours maximum.</li><li>5. Output shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.</li></ul>

# 1.2 Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-40	+25	+85	°C	
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	1
I/O Supply Voltage	V <sub>CCQ</sub>	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	1
V <sub>PP</sub> Voltage when Used as a Logic Control	V <sub>PPH1</sub>	1.65	3.0	3.6	V	1
V <sub>PP</sub> Supply Voltage	V <sub>PPH2</sub>	11.7	12	12.3	V	1, 2
Main Block Erase Cycling: V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>		100,000			Cycles	
Parameter Block Erase Cycling: V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>		100,000			Cycles	
Main Block Erase Cycling: V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub> , 80 hrs.				1,000	Cycles	
Parameter Block Erase Cycling: $V_{PP}=V_{PPH2}$ , 80 hrs.				1,000	Cycles	
Maximum V <sub>PP</sub> hours at V <sub>PPH2</sub>				80	Hours	

#### NOTES:

See DC Characteristics tables for voltage range-specific specification.
 Applying V<sub>PP</sub>=11.7V-12.3V during a erase or program can be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on the main blocks and 1,000 cycles on the parameter blocks. A permanent connection to V<sub>PP</sub>=11.7V-12.3V is not allowed and can cause damage to the device.



## 1.2.3 DC Characteristics

V<sub>CC</sub>=2.7V-3.6V

			00					
Symbol	Paran	neter	Notes	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Load Current		1	-1.0		+1.0	μA	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> Max.,
I <sub>LO</sub>	Output Leakage Cur	1	-1.0		+1.0	μΑ	V <sub>CCQ</sub> =V <sub>CCQ</sub> Max., V <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>CCQ</sub> or GND	
I <sub>CCS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Standby Curren	1		4	20	μΑ	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}Max.,$ $CE\#=RST\#=$ $V_{CCQ}\pm0.2V,$ $WP\#=V_{CCQ} \text{ or } GND$	
I <sub>CCAS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Automatic Pow	1,4		4	20	μΑ	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> Max., CE#=GND±0.2V, WP#=V <sub>CCQ</sub> or GND	
I <sub>CCD</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Reset Power-De	1		4	20	μA	RST#=GND±0.2V	
I	Average V <sub>CC</sub> Read Current Normal Mode		1,7		15	25	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> =V <sub>CC</sub> Max., CE#=V <sub>IL</sub> ,
I <sub>CCR</sub>	Average V <sub>CC</sub> Read Current Page Mode	8 Word Read	1,7		5	10	mA	OE#=V <sub>IH</sub> , f=5MHz
T	V (Daga Duffer) D	<sub>C</sub> (Page Buffer) Program Current			20	60	mA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>
I <sub>CCW</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> (Fage Buller) F	Togram Current	1,5,7		10	20	mA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub>
т	V <sub>CC</sub> Block Erase, Fu	ıll Chip	1,5,7		10	30	mA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>
I <sub>CCE</sub>	Erase Current		1,5,7		4	10	mA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub>
I <sub>CCWS</sub> I <sub>CCES</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> (Page Buffer) P Block Erase Suspend	-	1,2,7		10	200	μA	CE#=V <sub>IH</sub>
I <sub>PPS</sub> I <sub>PPR</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> Standby or Read	d Current	1,6,7		2	5	μΑ	V <sub>PP</sub> ≤V <sub>CC</sub>
I	V <sub>PP</sub> (Page Buffer) Pr	rogram Current	1,5,6,7		2	5	μΑ	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>
I <sub>PPW</sub>			1,5,6,7		10	30	mA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub>
Inne	V <sub>PP</sub> Block Erase, Fu	ll Chip	1,5,6,7		2	5	μΑ	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>
I <sub>PPE</sub>	Erase Current		1,5,6,7		5	15	mA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub>
Innuc	V <sub>PP</sub> (Page Buffer) Pr	rogram	1,6,7		2	5	μΑ	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>
I <sub>PPWS</sub>	Suspend Current		1,6,7		10	200	μA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub>
Innec	V <sub>PP</sub> Block Erase Sus	spend Current	1,6,7		2	5	μA	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub>
I <sub>PPES</sub>	PP DIOCK LIASE SUS	spena Current	1,6,7		10	200	μΑ	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub>

		V <sub>CC</sub> =2	2.7V-3.6V	7			
Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	5	-0.4		0.4	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage	5	2.4		V <sub>CCQ</sub> + 0.4	V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage	5			0.2	V	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}Min.,$ $V_{CCQ}=V_{CCQ}Min.,$ $I_{OL}=100\mu A$
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	5	V <sub>CCQ</sub> -0.2			V	$V_{CC}=V_{CC}Min.,$ $V_{CCQ}=V_{CCQ}Min.,$ $I_{OH}=-100\mu A$
V <sub>PPLK</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> Lockout during Normal Operations	3,5,6			0.4	V	
V <sub>PPH1</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> during Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations	6	1.65	3.0	3.6	V	
V <sub>PPH2</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> during Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program or OTP Program Operations		11.7	12	12.3	V	
V <sub>LKO</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Lockout Voltage		1.5			V	

#### DC Characteristics (Continued)

NOTES:

1. All currents are in RMS unless otherwise noted. Typical values are the reference values at V<sub>CC</sub>=3.0V and T<sub>A</sub>=+25°C unless V<sub>CC</sub> is specified.

2. I<sub>CCWS</sub> and I<sub>CCES</sub> are specified with the device de-selected. If read or (page buffer) program is executed while in block erase suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of I<sub>CCES</sub> and I<sub>CCR</sub> or I<sub>CCW</sub>. If read is executed while in (page buffer) program suspend mode, the device's current draw is the sum of  $I_{CCWS}$  and  $I_{CCR}$ . 3. Block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program are inhibited when  $V_{PP} \leq V_{PPLK}$ , and not guaranteed

in the range between V<sub>PPLK</sub>(max.) and V<sub>PPH1</sub>(min.), between V<sub>PPH1</sub>(max.) and V<sub>PPH2</sub>(min.) and above V<sub>PPH2</sub>(max.).

4. The Automatic Power Savings (APS) feature automatically places the device in power save mode after read cycle completion. Standard address access timings (t<sub>AVOV</sub>) provide new data when addresses are changed.

5. Sampled, not 100% tested.

6. V<sub>PP</sub> is not used for power supply pin. With V<sub>PP</sub>≤V<sub>PPLK</sub>, block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program cannot be executed and should not be attempted.

Applying 12V±0.3V to V<sub>PP</sub> provides fast erasing or fast programming mode. In this mode, V<sub>PP</sub> is power supply pin and supplies the memory cell current for block erasing and (page buffer) programming. Use similar power supply trace widths and layout considerations given to the  $V_{CC}$  power bus.

Applying 12V±0.3V to V<sub>PP</sub> during erase/program can only be done for a maximum of 1,000 cycles on each block. V<sub>PP</sub> may be connected to  $12V\pm0.3V$  for a total of 80 hours maximum.

7. The operating current in dual work is the sum of the operating current (read, erase, program) in each plane.

## 1.2.4 AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations<sup>(1)</sup>

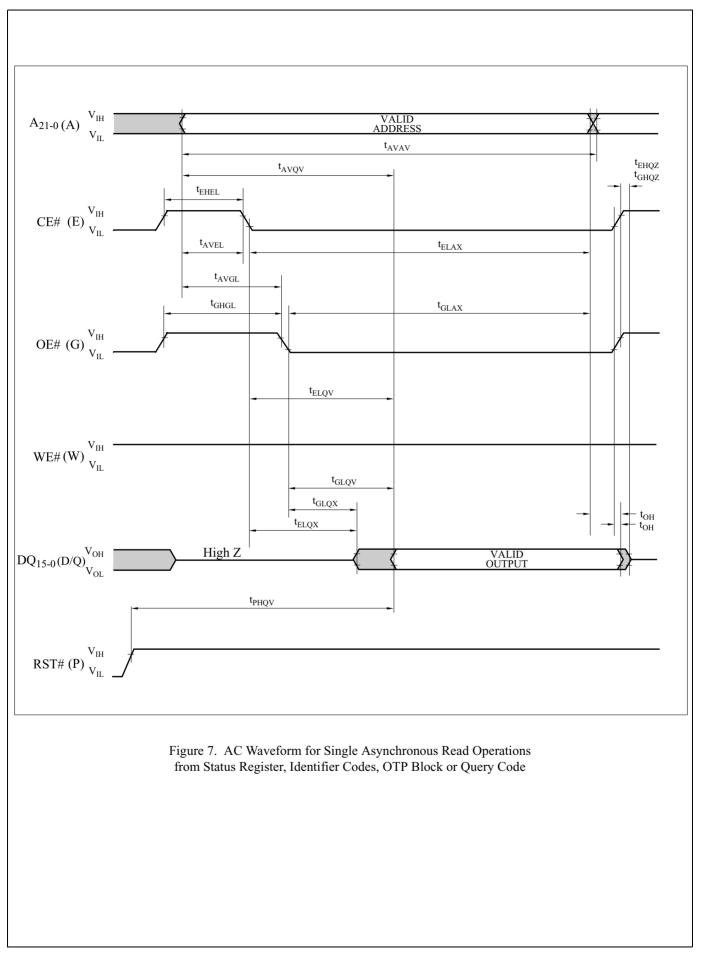
Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>AVAV</sub>	Read Cycle Time		80		ns
t <sub>AVQV</sub>	Address to Output Delay			80	ns
t <sub>ELQV</sub>	CE# to Output Delay	3		80	ns
t <sub>APA</sub>	Page Address Access Time			35	ns
t <sub>GLQV</sub>	OE# to Output Delay	3		20	ns
t <sub>PHQV</sub>	RST# High to Output Delay			150	ns
t <sub>EHQZ</sub> , t <sub>GHQZ</sub>	CE# or OE# to Output in High Z, Whichever Occurs First	2		20	ns
t <sub>ELQX</sub>	CE# to Output in Low Z	2	0		ns
t <sub>GLQX</sub>	OE# to Output in Low Z	2	0		ns
t <sub>OH</sub>	Output Hold from First Occurring Address, CE# or OE# change	2	0		ns
t <sub>AVEL</sub> , t <sub>AVGL</sub>	Address Setup to CE#, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register	4, 6	10		ns
$t_{\rm ELAX}, t_{\rm GLAX}$	Address Hold from CE#, OE# Going Low for Reading Status Register	5,6	30		ns
t <sub>EHEL</sub> , t <sub>GHGL</sub>	CE#, OE# Pulse Width High for Reading Status Register	6	30		ns

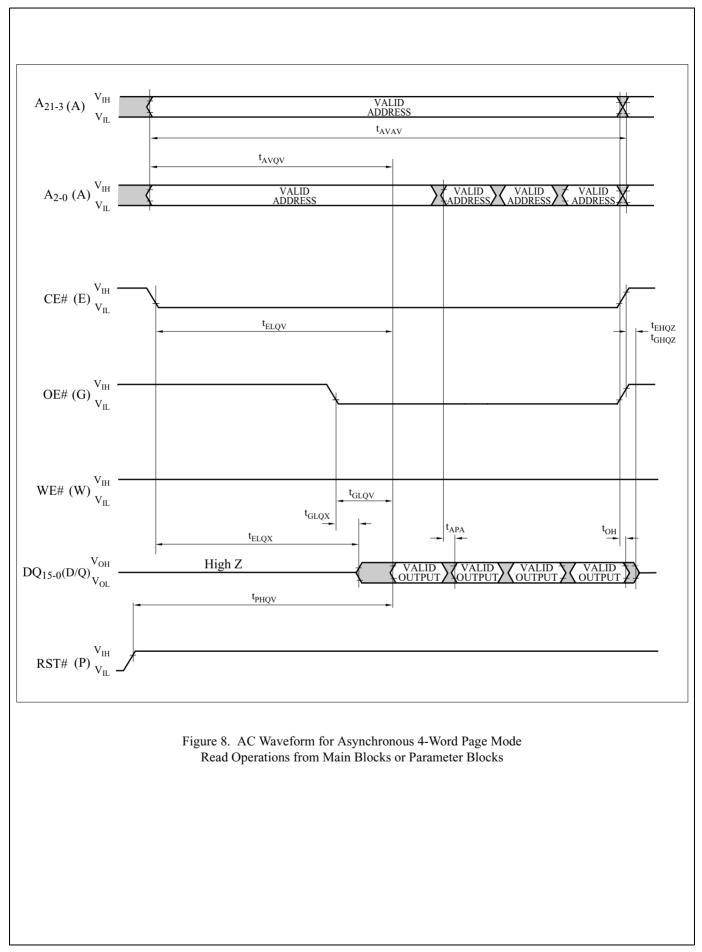
NOTES:

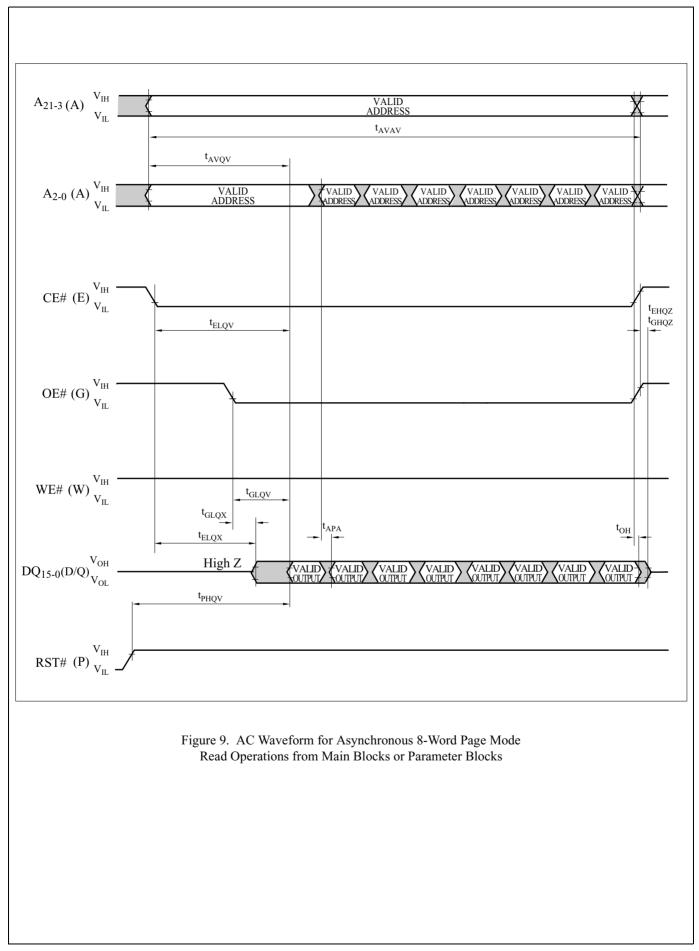
1. See AC input/output reference waveform for timing measurements and maximum allowable input slew rate.

2. Sampled, not 100% tested.

 Sampled, not 100% tested.
 OE# may be delayed up to t<sub>ELQV</sub>— t<sub>GLQV</sub> after the falling edge of CE# without impact to t<sub>ELQV</sub>.
 Address setup time (t<sub>AVEL</sub>, t<sub>AVGL</sub>) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or OE# (whichever goes low last).
 Address hold time (t<sub>ELAX</sub>, t<sub>GLAX</sub>) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or OE# (whichever goes low last).
 Specifications t<sub>AVEL</sub>, t<sub>AVGL</sub>, t<sub>ELAX</sub>, t<sub>GLAX</sub> and t<sub>EHEL</sub>, t<sub>GHGL</sub> for read operations apply to only status register read operations.







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## 1.2.5 AC Characteristics - Write Operations<sup>(1), (2)</sup>

$V_{CC}=2.7V-3.6V, T_{A}=-40^{\circ}C \text{ to }+85^{\circ}C$	$V_{CC}$	~=2.7V-3	.6V, T	$=-40^{\circ}$ C to	o +85°C
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Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Min.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>AVAV</sub>	Write Cycle Time		80		ns
t <sub>PHWL</sub> (t <sub>PHEL</sub> )	RST# High Recovery to WE# (CE#) Going Low	3	150		ns
$t_{\rm ELWL} \left( t_{\rm WLEL} \right)$	CE# (WE#) Setup to WE# (CE#) Going Low		0		ns
t <sub>WLWH</sub> (t <sub>ELEH</sub> )	WE# (CE#) Pulse Width	4 50			ns
t <sub>DVWH</sub> (t <sub>DVEH</sub> )	Data Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	8	40		ns
$t_{AVWH} (t_{AVEH})$	Address Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	8 50			ns
t <sub>WHEH</sub> (t <sub>EHWH</sub> )	CE# (WE#) Hold from WE# (CE#) High	0			ns
$t_{WHDX} (t_{EHDX})$	Data Hold from WE# (CE#) High	Hold from WE# (CE#) High 0			ns
$t_{WHAX}(t_{EHAX})$	Address Hold from WE# (CE#) High	0			ns
t <sub>WHWL</sub> (t <sub>EHEL</sub> )	WE# (CE#) Pulse Width High	5 30			ns
$t_{\rm SHWH} \left( t_{\rm SHEH} \right)$	WP# High Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	3 0			ns
t <sub>VVWH</sub> (t <sub>VVEH</sub> )	V <sub>PP</sub> Setup to WE# (CE#) Going High	3 200			ns
t <sub>WHGL</sub> (t <sub>EHGL</sub> )	Write Recovery before Read	30			ns
t <sub>QVSL</sub>	WP# High Hold from Valid SRD	3, 6	0		ns
t <sub>QVVL</sub>	V <sub>PP</sub> Hold from Valid SRD	3, 6	0		ns
t <sub>WHR0</sub> (t <sub>EHR0</sub> )	WE# (CE#) High to SR.7 Going "0"	3, 7		$t_{AVQV}^+$ 50	ns

NOTES:

1. The timing characteristics for reading the status register during block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program and OTP program operations are the same as during read-only operations. Refer to AC Characteristics for read-only operations.

2. A write operation can be initiated and terminated with either CE# or WE#.

3. Sampled, not 100% tested.

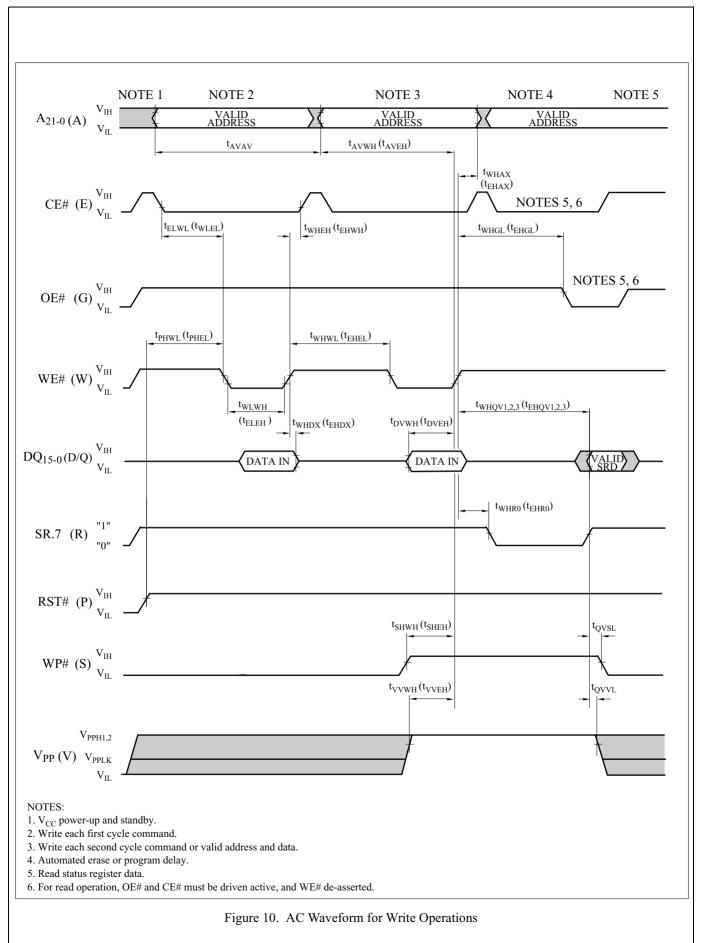
4. Write pulse width (t<sub>WP</sub>) is defined from the falling edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes low last) to the rising edge of

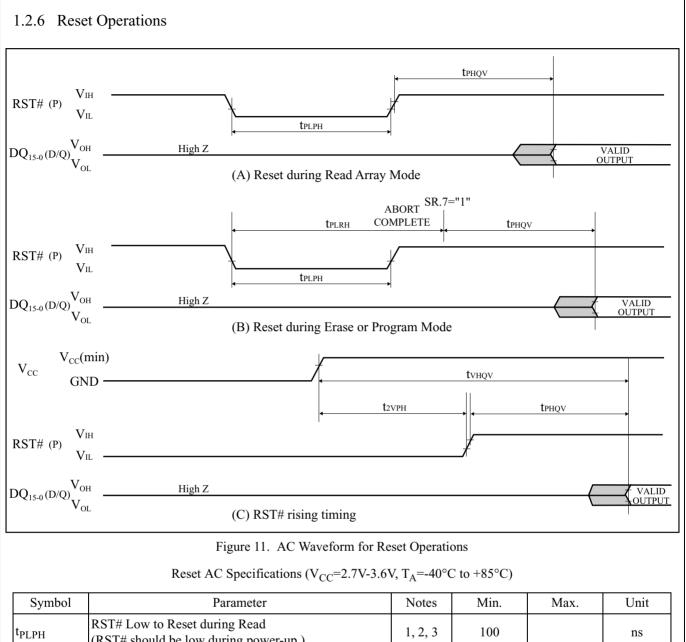
CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first). Hence,  $t_{WP}=t_{WLWH}=t_{ELEH}=t_{WLEH}=t_{ELWH}$ . 5. Write pulse width high ( $t_{WPH}$ ) is defined from the rising edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes high first) to the falling

edge of CE# or WE# (whichever goes low last). Hence, t<sub>WPH</sub>=t<sub>WHWL</sub>=t<sub>EHEL</sub>=t<sub>WHEL</sub>=t<sub>EHWL</sub>.
V<sub>PP</sub> should be held at V<sub>PP</sub>=V<sub>PPH1/2</sub> until determination of block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program success (SR.1/3/4/5=0).

7.  $t_{WHR0}$  ( $t_{EHR0}$ ) after the Read Query or Read Identifier Codes/OTP command= $t_{AVOV}$ +100ns.

8. Refer to Table 6 for valid address and data for block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program, OTP program or lock bit configuration.





t <sub>PLPH</sub>	RST# Low to Reset during Read (RST# should be low during power-up.)	1, 2, 3	100		ns
t <sub>PLRH</sub>	RST# Low to Reset during Erase or Program	1, 3, 4		22 µs	
t <sub>2VPH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> 2.7V to RST# High		100		ns
t <sub>VHQV</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> 2.7V to Output Delay	3		1 ms	
NOTEC	-			·	

1. A reset time, t<sub>PHQV</sub>, is required from the later of SR.7 going "1" or RST# going high until outputs are valid. Refer to AC Characteristics - Read-Only Operations for t<sub>PHQV</sub>.

2.  $t_{PLPH}$  is <100ns the device may still reset but this is not guaranteed.

3. Sampled, not 100% tested.

4. If RST# asserted while a block erase, full chip erase, (page buffer) program or OTP program operation is not executing, the reset will complete within 100ns.

5. When the device power-up, holding RST# low minimum 100ns is required after  $V_{CC}$  has been in predefined range and also has been in stable there.

1.2.7 Block Erase, Full Chip Erase, (Page Buffer) Program and OTP Program Performa	ance <sup>(3)</sup>	)
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	•0		-5.0 v, 1 <sub>A</sub> 40							
Symbol	Parameter	Notes	Page Buffer Command is Used or not	V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH1</sub> (In System)		V <sub>PP</sub> =V <sub>PPH2</sub> (In Manufacturing)			Unit	
			Used	Min.	Тур. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max. <sup>(2)</sup>	Min.	Тур. <sup>(1)</sup>	Max. <sup>(2)</sup>	
t <sub>WPB</sub>	4K-Word Parameter Block	2	Not Used		0.05	0.3		0.04	0.12	s
WPB	Program Time	2	Used		0.03	0.12		0.02	0.06	s
t <sub>WMB</sub>	32K-Word Main Block	2	Not Used		0.38	2.4		0.31	1.0	s
чумв	Program Time	2	Used		0.24	1.0		0.17	0.5	s
t <sub>WHQV1</sub> /	Word Program Time	2	Not Used		11	200		9	185	μs
t <sub>EHQV1</sub>		2	Used		7	100		5	90	μs
t <sub>WHOV1</sub> / t <sub>EHOV1</sub>	OTP Program Time	2	Not Used		36	400		27	185	μs
t <sub>WHQV2</sub> / t <sub>EHQV2</sub>	4K-Word Parameter Block Erase Time	2	-		0.3	4		0.2	4	s
t <sub>WHQV3</sub> / t <sub>EHQV3</sub>	32K-Word Main Block Erase Time	2	-		0.6	5		0.5	5	s
	Full Chip Erase Time	2			80	700		65	700	S
t <sub>WHRH1</sub> / t <sub>EHRH1</sub>	(Page Buffer) Program Suspend Latency Time to Read	4	-		5	10		5	10	μs
t <sub>WHRH2</sub> / t <sub>EHRH2</sub>	Block Erase Suspend Latency Time to Read	4	-		5	20		5	20	μs
t <sub>ERES</sub>	Latency Time from Block Erase Resume Command to Block Erase Suspend Command	5	-	500			500			μs

 $V_{CC}$ =2.7V-3.6V,  $T_{A}$ =-40°C to +85°C

NOTES:

1. Typical values measured at  $V_{CC}$ =3.0V,  $V_{PP}$ =3.0V or 12V, and  $T_A$ =+25°C. Assumes corresponding lock bits are not set. Subject to change based on device characterization.

2. Excludes external system-level overhead.

3. Sampled, but not 100% tested.

4. A latency time is required from writing suspend command (WE# or CE# going high) until SR.7 going "1".

5. If the interval time from a Block Erase Resume command to a subsequent Block Erase Suspend command is shorter than t<sub>ERES</sub> and its sequence is repeated, the block erase operation may not be finished.

# 2 Related Document Information<sup>(1)</sup>

Document No.	Document Name
FUM00701	LH28F640BF series Appendix

NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales offices.

## A-1 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

## A-1.1 At Device Power-Up

AC timing illustrated in Figure A-1 is recommended for the supply voltages and the control signals at device power-up. If the timing in the figure is ignored, the device may not operate correctly.

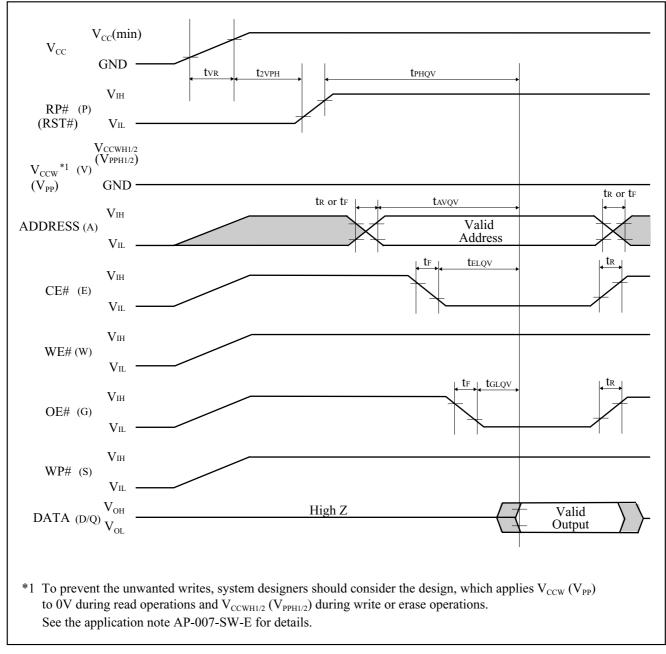


Figure A-1. AC Timing at Device Power-Up

For the AC specifications  $t_{VR}$ ,  $t_R$ ,  $t_F$  in the figure, refer to the next page. See the "ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS" described in specifications for the supply voltage range, the operating temperature and the AC specifications not shown in the next page.

## A-1.1.1 Rise and Fall Time

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>VR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Rise Time		0.5	30000	μs/V
t <sub>R</sub>	Input Signal Rise Time			1	μs/V
t <sub>F</sub>	Input Signal Fall Time	1, 2		1	µs/V

NOTES:

1. Sampled, not 100% tested.

2. This specification is applied for not only the device power-up but also the normal operations.

## A-1.2 Glitch Noises

Do not input the glitch noises which are below  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) or above  $V_{IL}$  (Max.) on address, data, reset, and control signals, as shown in Figure A-2 (b). The acceptable glitch noises are illustrated in Figure A-2 (a).

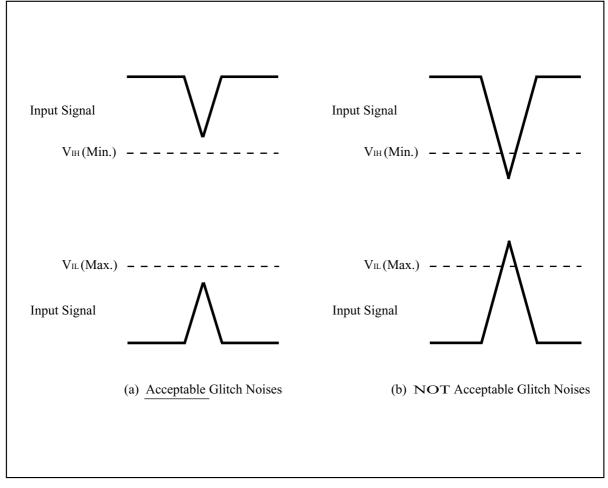


Figure A-2. Waveform for Glitch Noises

See the "DC CHARACTERISTICS" described in specifications for  $V_{IH}$  (Min.) and  $V_{IL}$  (Max.).

# A-2 RELATED DOCUMENT INFORMATION<sup>(1)</sup>

Document No.	Document Name
AP-001-SD-E	Flash Memory Family Software Drivers
AP-006-PT-E	Data Protection Method of SHARP Flash Memory
AP-007-SW-E	RP#, V <sub>PP</sub> Electric Potential Switching Circuit

NOTE:

1. International customers should contact their local SHARP or distribution sales office.

#### A-3 STATUS REGISTER READ OPERATIONS

If AC timing for reading the status register described in specifications is not satisfied, a system processor can check the status register bit SR.15 instead of SR.7 to determine when the erase or program operation has been completed.

	NOTES:
SR.15 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS: (DQ <sub>15</sub> ) 1 = Ready in All Partitions 0 = Busy in Any Partition	SR.15 indicates the status of WSM (Write State Machine). If SR.15="0", erase or program operation is in progress in any partition.
<ul> <li>SR.7 = WRITE STATE MACHINE STATUS FOR EACH PARTITION: (DQ<sub>7</sub>)</li> <li>1 = Ready in the Addressed Partition</li> <li>0 = Busy in the Addressed Partition</li> </ul>	SR.7 indicates the status of the partition. If SR.7="0", erase or program operation is in progress in the addressed partition. Even if the SR.7 is "1", the WSM may be occupied by the other partition.

Table A-3-1. Status Register Definition (SR.15 and SR.7)

