TOSHIBA Bipolar Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TD62786AP, TD62786AF, TD62787AF

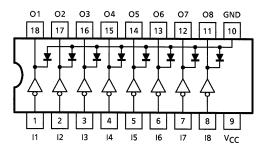
8 ch High-Voltage Source Driver

The TD62786AP/AF are eight channel huyx non-inverting source current transistor array. All units feature integral clamp diodes for switching inductive loads. Applications include relay, hammer and lamp drivers.

Features

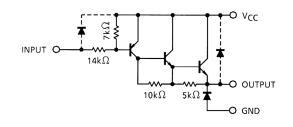
- High output voltage: V_{CE} (SUS) = 50 V (min)
- Output current (single output): IOUT = -500 mA/ch (max)
- Output clamp diodes
- Single supply voltage
- Input compatible with TTL, 5 V CMOS
- Low level active input
- Package type-AP: DIP-18 pin
- Package type-AF: SOP-18 pin

Pin Connection (top view)

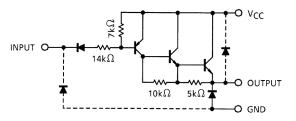


Schematics (each driver)

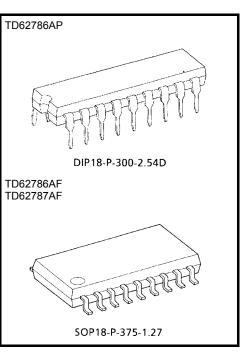
TD62786AP/AF







Note: The input and output parasitic diodes cannot be used as clamp diodes.



Weight DIP18-P-300-2.54D : 1.47g (typ.) SOP18-P-375-1.27 : 0.41g (typ.)

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit		
Supply voltage	V _{CC} – V _{GND}	50	v		
Output sustaining voltage	V _{OUT}	-50	V		
Output current	lout	-500	mA/ch		
Input voltage	V _{IN} (Note 1)	-30 to 0.5	V		
input voltage	V _{IN} (Note 2)	V _{GND} to 7	v		
Clamp diode reverse currer	V _R	50	V		
Clamp diode forward curren	١ _F	500	mA		
Power dissipation	AP	P _D (Note 3)	1.47	W	
Power dissipation	AF	PD (NOLE 3)	0.96	vv	
Operating temperature		T _{opr}	-40 to 85	°C	
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	-55 to 150	°C	

Note 1: Only TD62786AP/AF

Note 2: Only TD62787AF

Note 3: Delated above 25°C in the proportion of 11.7 mW/°C (AP type), 7.7 mW/°C (AF type).

Operating Ranges (Ta = -40 to 85° C, V_{CC} = 0 V)

Characteristic	cs	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage		V _{CC} – V _{GND}	—	_	_	50	V
Output voltage		V _{OUT}	_	_	_	-50	V
Output current		IOUT			_	-350	mA/ch
Input voltage	TD62786	VIN	—	-30	_	0	V
	TD62787			V _{GND}	_	7	
Clamp diode reverse voltage		V _R	_		_	50	V
Clamp diode forward current		١ _F	_	_	_	350	mA
Power dissipation	AP	PD			_	0.52	W
	AF		_		_	0.35	vv

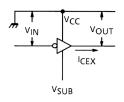
Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25° C, V_{CC} = 0 V)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Output leakage current		ICEX	1	V _{OUT} = V _{GND} = -50 V, Ta = 85°C	_	_	-100	μA	
Output saturation voltage		V _{CE (sat)}	2	$V_{IN} = V_{IL max}$, $I_{OUT} = -100 mA$	_	_	-1.8	v	
				$V_{IN} = V_{IL max}$, $I_{OUT} = -350 mA$	_	_	-2.0		
DC current transfer ratio		h _{FE}	2	$V_{CC} = 0 V$, $V_{CE} = 3 V$, $I_{OUT} = -350 mA$	1000	_	_		
Input voltage	High level	TD62786	VIN	4	_	-1.2	_	0	V
		TD62787				-1.6	_	5.5	
	Low level	TD62786				-30	_	-2.8	
		TD62787				V _{GND}	_	-3.7	
Input current		Ι _{ΙL}	—	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	_	_	-0.4	mA	
Clamp diode reverse current		I _R	—	V _R = V _{R max} , Ta = 85°C	_	_	100	μA	
Clamp diode forward voltage		VF	—	—	_	_	2.0	V	
Turn-on delay		ton	5	V_{OUT} = –50 V, R_L = 163 Ω C_L = 15 pF	_	0.2	_	μS	
Turn-off delay		toff	5	V_{OUT} = –50 V, R_L = 163 Ω C_L = 15 pF		1.0		μS	

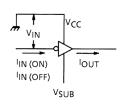
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Test Circuit

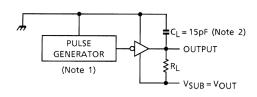
1. I_{CEX}



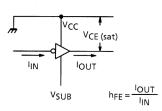
3. I_{IN (ON)}, I_{IN (OFF)}



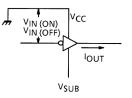
5. t_{ON}, t_{OFF}

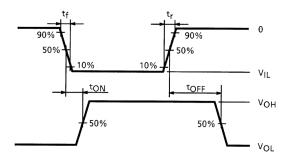






4. $V_{IN (ON)}, V_{IN (OFF)}$





Note 1: Pulse Width 50 μ s, Duty Cycle 10% Output Impedance 50 Ω , t_r \leq 10 ns, t_f \leq 5 ns

Note 2: C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

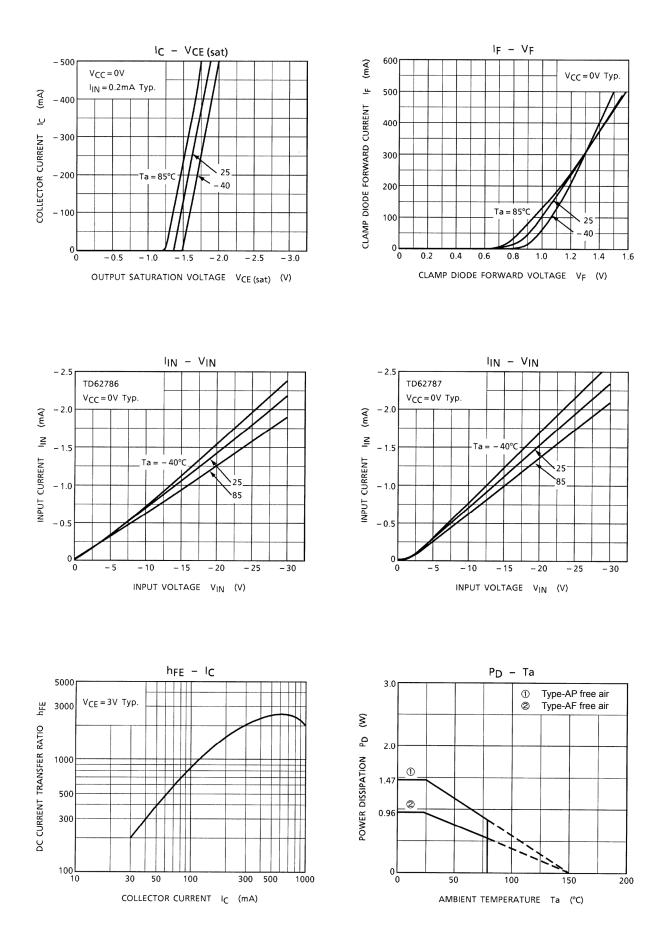
Precautions for Using

This IC does not integrate protection circuits such as overcurrent and overvoltage protectors.

Thus, if excess current or voltage is applied to the IC, the IC may be damaged. Please design the IC so that excess current or voltage will not be applied to the IC.

Utmost care is necessary in the design of the output line, V_{CC} and GND line since IC may be destroyed due to short-circuit between outputs, air contamination fault, or fault by improper grounding.

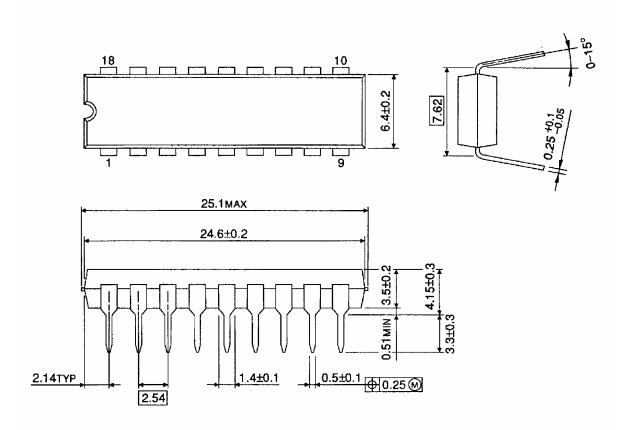
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Package Dimensions

DIP18-P-300-2.54D

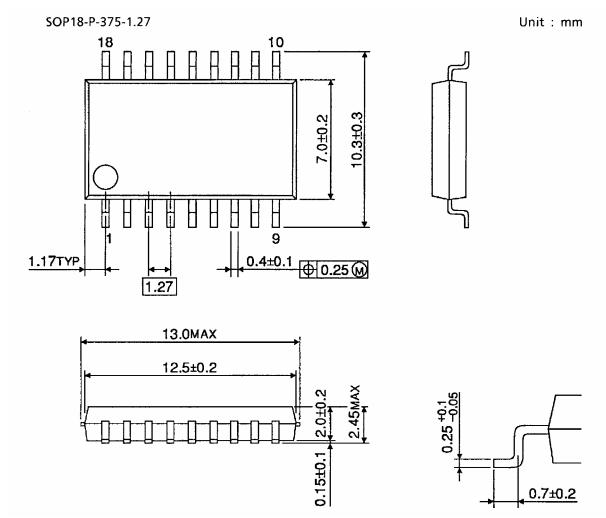
Unit : mm



Weight: 1.47 g (typ.)

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Package Dimensions



Weight: 0.41 g (typ.)

Notes on Contents

1. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

2. Test Circuits

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.

IC Usage Considerations

Notes on Handling of ICs

smoke or ignition.

- The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings. Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- (2) Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- (3) If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition. Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury,
- (4) Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly.
 Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly. Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.

In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.

(5) Carefully select external components (such as inputs and negative feedback capacitors) and load components (such as speakers), for example, power amp and regulator. If there is a large amount of leakage current such as input or negative feedback condenser, the IC output DC voltage will increase. If this output voltage is connected to a speaker with low input withstand voltage, overcurrent or IC failure can cause smoke or ignition. (The over current can cause smoke or ignition from the IC itself.) In particular, please pay attention when using a Bridge Tied Load (BTL) connection type IC that inputs output DC voltage to a speaker directly.

Points to Remember on Handling of ICs

(1) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature (Tj) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

(2) Back-EMF

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond absolute maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.

RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

20070701-EN GENERAL

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 devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical
 stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety
 in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such
 TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.

In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc.

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