

Universal Off-line LED Driver Demoboard

Introduction

The Supertex HV9922DB1 demoboard is a complete LED power driver to supply a string of LEDs using the HV9922, an integrated 3-pin high input voltage constant-current buck regulator IC. The HV9922 integrates a 500V switching MOSFET and can operate directly from the rectified universal AC line voltage range of 80 to 265VAC.

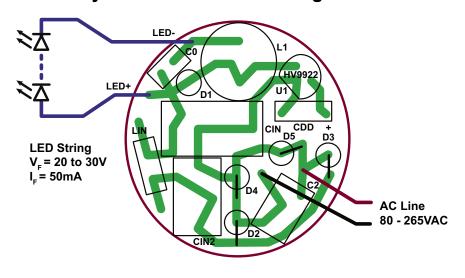
The current in the LED string is internally programmed to $20\text{mA} \pm 15\%$. The HV9922DB1 is ideally suited for driving strings of LEDs having forward voltage from 20 to 30V at high efficiency (typically 80% at 120VAC).

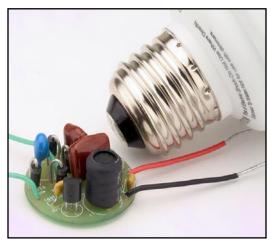
The HV9922DB1 is a peak current-controlled buck converter operating with fixed off-time of 10.5µs. Its fixed off-time control scheme provides good stability and tight regulation of the LED current throughout the input AC line voltage range. As its switching frequency varies over the AC line cycle, the HV9922 inherently introduces frequency dither and simplifies the compliance with EMI regulations.

Specifications

Parameter	Value
Input voltage range	80 - 265VAC
Load current	50mA ± 15%
LED string voltage	20 ~ 30V
Conducted EMI	CISPR15
Efficiency	80% typ.

Board Layout and Connection Diagram





Connections

LED+: Connect the Anode of the LED string to this pin.

LED-: Connect the Cathode of the LED string to this pin.

AC1, AC2: Connect AC Line to these pins.

Note:

The demoboard is not protected from output open/ short circuit condition. Damage to the demoboard may occur if the output load is not properly connected.

Testing the HV9922DB1

Connect the LED string to the output terminals.

Check the polarity of the LED connection, anode end of the string should be connected to the positive output, cathode should be connected to the negative output. Connect the AC input to the input terminals. Apply the AC voltage at the input terminals and the LED string should start to glow. The HV9922DB1 will regulate constant 50mA current in the LED.

An ammeter can be connected in series with the LED(s) to measure the output current. The average current reading may be smaller than 50mA. This is due to the interruptions in the LED current when the input AC line voltage falls below the forward voltage of the LED string. The average current will also vary over the AC line voltage range. Additional hold-up capacitance can be included across C_{IN} , if these interruptions are not desirable.

Schematic Diagram D2 D3 C_{IN2} D4 D5 E D4 D5 F1 C_{DD} DRAIN 1 D1 C_O LED₁ - LED₈ LED₁ - LED₈

Bill of Materials

Reference	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
C _{IN}	0.1µF, 400V, Metalized Polyester Film	ECQ-E4104KF	Panasonic
C _{IN2}	0.033µF, 400V, Metalized Polyester Film	ECQ-E4333KF	Panasonic
C _o	0.01µF, 100V, X7R, MLCC	B37981M1103K054	Epcos
C _{DD}	0.1µF, 50V, X7R, MLCC	B37987F5104K054	Epcos
L1	22mH, 60mA, Mini-Drum	RL-5480-3-22000	Renco Electronics
L _{IN}	2.2mH, 64mA, Axial	CTH6-222K	Central Technologies
D1	Diode, UF 600V 1A 75ns	MUR160	On Semiconductor
D2-5	Diode, 600V 1A	1N4005	Diodes, Inc
VRD1	Surge Absorber	ERZ-V05D431	Panasonic
U1	LED Driver IC	HV9922N3-G	Supertex, Inc
F1	Integrated PCB Fuse	N/A	N/A

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