# Low Offset Voltage Dual Comparators

The LM393 series are dual independent precision voltage comparators capable of single or split supply operation. These devices are designed to permit a common mode range—to—ground level with single supply operation. Input offset voltage specifications as low as 2.0 mV make this device an excellent selection for many applications in consumer, automotive, and industrial electronics.

### **Features**

- Wide Single-Supply Range: 2.0 Vdc to 36 Vdc
- Split–Supply Range: ±1.0 Vdc to ±18 Vdc
- Very Low Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage: 0.4 mA
- Low Input Bias Current: 25 nA
- Low Input Offset Current: 5.0 nA
- Low Input Offset Voltage: 5.0 mV (max) LM293/393
- Input Common Mode Range to Ground Level
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to Power Supply Voltage
- Output Voltage Compatible with DTL, ECL, TTL, MOS, and CMOS Logic Levels
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase the Ruggedness of the Device without Affecting Performance
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Site and Control Changes
- These Devices are Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

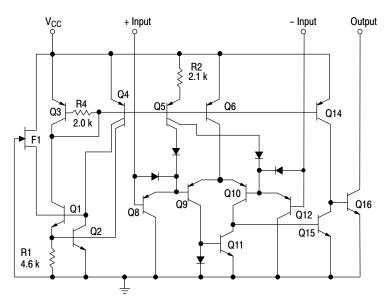


Figure 1. Representative Schematic Diagram

(Diagram shown is for 1 comparator)



### ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com



PDIP-8 N SUFFIX CASE 626

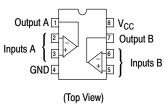


SOIC-8 D SUFFIX CASE 751



Micro8™ DM SUFFIX CASE 846A

### **PIN CONNECTIONS**



# DEVICE MARKING AND ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed marking information and ordering and shipping information on pages 6 and 7 of this data sheet.

### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	+36 or ±18	V
Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>IDR</sub>	36	V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 1)	V <sub>ICR</sub>	-0.3 to +36	V
Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	36	V
Output Short Circuit-to-Ground Output Sink Current (Note 2)	I <sub>SC</sub> I <sub>Sink</sub>	Continuous 20	mA
Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C	P <sub>D</sub> 1/R <sub>θJA</sub>	570 5.7	mW mW/°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range LM293 LM393 LM2903 LM2903V, NCV2903 (Note 3) NCV2903V (Note 3)	T <sub>A</sub>	-25 to +85 0 to +70 -40 to +105 -40 to +125 -40 to +150	°C
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature LM393, 2903, LM2903V LM293, NCV2903	T <sub>J(max)</sub>	150 150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	°C
ESD Protection at any Pin (Note 4)  - Human Body Model - Machine Model	V <sub>ESD</sub>	1500 150	V

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect

- 1. For supply voltages less than 36 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
- 2. The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of V<sub>CC</sub>, output short circuits to V<sub>CC</sub> can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

  3. NCV2903 and NCV2903V are qualified for automotive use.

  4. V<sub>ESD</sub> rating for NCV/SC devices is: Human Body Model – 2000 V; Machine Model – 200 V.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, T_{low} \le T_{A} \le T_{high}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

		LM293, LM393		LM2903, LM2903V, NCV2903, NCV2903V				
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Offset Voltage (Note 6)	V <sub>IO</sub>							mV
$T_A = 25$ °C $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$		_	±1.0 -	±5.0 ±9.0	_	±2.0 ±9.0	±7.0 ±15	
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>							nA
$T_A = 25$ °C $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$		-	±5.0 -	±50 ±150	-	±5.0 ±50	±50 ±200	
Input Bias Current (Note 7)	I <sub>IB</sub>							nA
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$	15	-	25 -	250 400	_	25 200	250 500	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 7)	V <sub>ICR</sub>							V
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$	IOIT	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5 V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5 V <sub>CC</sub> -2.0	
Voltage Gain R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 15 kΩ, V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 Vdc, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	A <sub>VOL</sub>	50	200	-	25	200	-	V/mV
Large Signal Response Time $V_{in} = TTL \ Logic \ Swing, \ V_{ref} = 1.4 \ Vdc$ $V_{RL} = 5.0 \ Vdc, \ R_L = 5.1 \ k\Omega, \ T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-	_	300	-	-	300	-	ns
Response Time (Note 9) $V_{RL} = 5.0 \text{ Vdc}, R_L = 5.1 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	t <sub>TLH</sub>	-	1.3	-	_	1.5	-	μs
Input Differential Voltage (Note 10)  All V <sub>in</sub> ≥ GND or V– Supply (if used)	V <sub>ID</sub>	-	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Output Sink Current $V_{in} \ge 1.0 \text{ Vdc}, V_{in+} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, V_O \le 1.5 \text{ Vdc } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	I <sub>Sink</sub>	6.0	16	-	6.0	16	-	mA
Output Saturation Voltage $V_{in} \geq 1.0 \text{ Vdc, } V_{in+} = 0,  I_{Sink} \leq 4.0 \text{ mA, } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{low} \leq T_A \leq T_{high}$	V <sub>OL</sub>	_ _	150 –	400 700	- -	- 200	400 700	mV
Output Leakage Current $\begin{aligned} &V_{in-}=0 \text{ V, } V_{in+}\geq 1.0 \text{ Vdc, } V_O=5.0 \text{ Vdc, } T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C} \\ &V_{in-}=0 \text{ V, } V_{in+}\geq 1.0 \text{ Vdc, } V_O=30 \text{ Vdc,} \end{aligned}$	l <sub>OL</sub>	_	0.1	-	-	0.1	-	nA
$T_{low} \le T_A \le T_{high}$		-	_	1000	_	_	1000	
Supply Current $R_L = \infty \text{ Both Comparators, } T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $R_L = \infty \text{ Both Comparators, } V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$	I <sub>CC</sub>	- -	0.4 -	1.0 2.5	- -	0.4 _	1.0 2.5	mA

LM293  $T_{low} = -25^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +85^{\circ}C$ 

LM393  $T_{low} = 0^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +70^{\circ}C$ 

LM2903  $T_{low} = -40^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +105^{\circ}C$ 

LM2903V & NCV2903  $T_{low} = -40^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +125^{\circ}C$ 

NCV2903V  $T_{low} = -40^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +150^{\circ}C$ 

NCV2903 and NCV2903V are qualified for automotive use.

- 5. The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of V<sub>CC</sub>, output short circuits to V<sub>CC</sub> can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
- 6. At output switch point,  $V_O \approx 1.4$  Vdc,  $R_S = 0$   $\Omega$  with  $V_{CC}$  from 5.0 Vdc to 30 Vdc, and over the full input common mode range (0 V to  $V_{CC} = -1.5$  V).
- 7. Due to the PNP transistor inputs, bias current will flow out of the inputs. This current is essentially constant, independent of the output state, therefore, no loading changes will exist on the input lines.
- 8. Input common mode of either input should not be permitted to go more than 0.3 V negative of ground or minus supply. The upper limit of common mode range is V<sub>CC</sub> –1.5 V.
- 9. Response time is specified with a 100 mV step and 5.0 mV of overdrive. With larger magnitudes of overdrive faster response times are obtainable
- 10. The comparator will exhibit proper output state if one of the inputs becomes greater than V<sub>CC</sub>, the other input must remain within the common mode range. The low input state must not be less than -0.3 V of ground or minus supply.

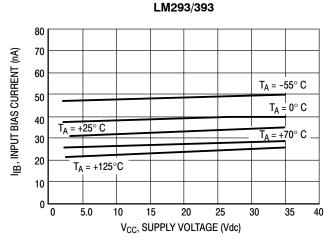


Figure 2. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage

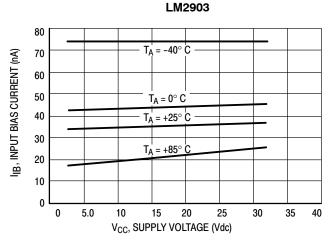


Figure 3. Input Bias Current versus Power Supply Voltage

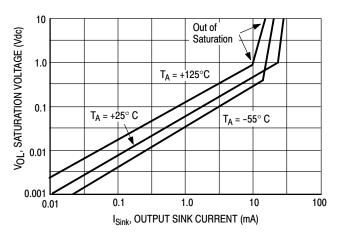


Figure 4. Output Saturation Voltage versus Output Sink Current

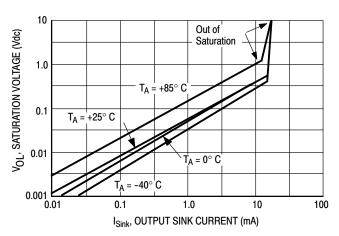


Figure 5. Output Saturation Voltage versus Output Sink Current

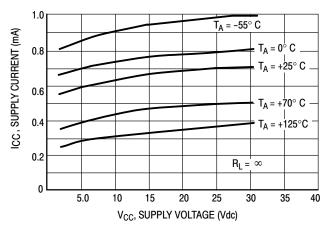


Figure 6. Power Supply Current versus Power Supply Voltage

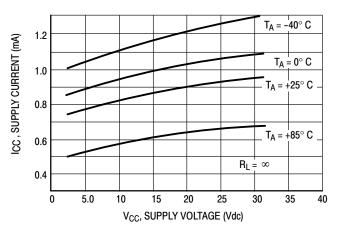
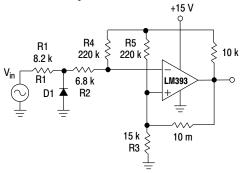


Figure 7. Power Supply Current versus
Power Supply Voltage

### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

These dual comparators feature high gain, wide bandwidth characteristics. This gives the device oscillation tendencies if the outputs are capacitively coupled to the inputs via stray capacitance. This oscillation manifests itself during output transitions ( $V_{OL}$  to  $V_{OH}$ ). To alleviate this situation, input resistors <10 k $\Omega$  should be used.



D1 prevents input from going negative by more than 0.6 V.

$$R1 + R2 = R3$$
 
$$R3 \le \frac{R5}{10} \text{ for small error in zero crossing.}$$

Figure 8. Zero Crossing Detector (Single Supply)

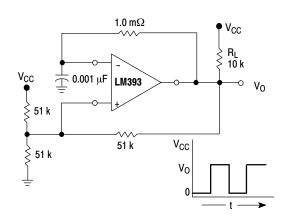
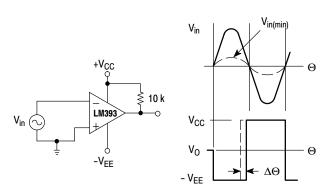


Figure 10. Free-Running Square-Wave Oscillator

The addition of positive feedback ( $<10\,\mathrm{mV}$ ) is also recommended. It is good design practice to ground all unused pins.

Differential input voltages may be larger than supply voltage without damaging the comparator's inputs. Voltages more negative than -0.3 V should not be used.



 $V_{in(min)} \approx 0.4 \text{ V}$  peak for 1% phase distortion ( $\Delta\Theta$ ).

Figure 9. Zero Crossing Detector (Split Supply)

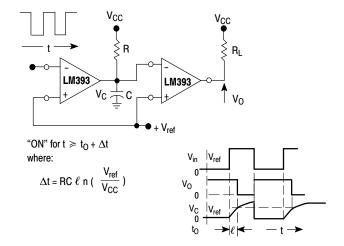


Figure 11. Time Delay Generator

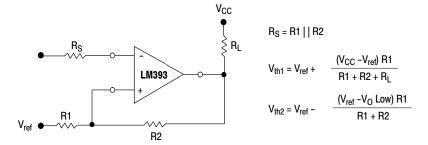
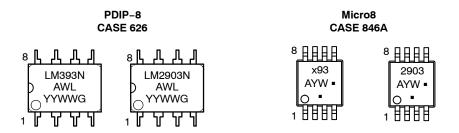
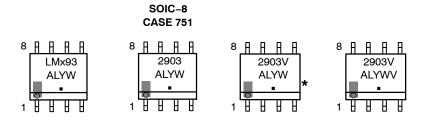


Figure 12. Comparator with Hysteresis

### **MARKING DIAGRAMS**





x = 2 or 3

A = Assembly Location

WL, L = Wafer Lot YY, Y = Year

WW, W = Work Week

■, G = Pb–Free Package
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

\*This marking diagram also applies to NCV2903DR2G

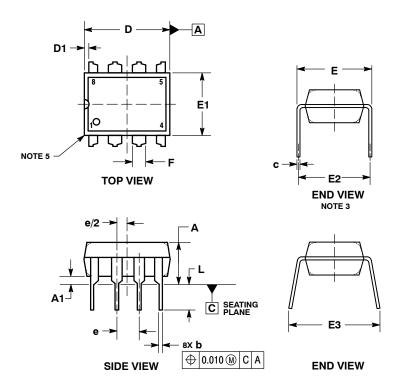
### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>		
LM293DG		SOIC-8	98 Units / Rail		
LM293DR2G	−25°C to +85°C	(Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel		
LM293DMR2G	20 0 10 100 0	Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape and Reel		
LM393DG		SOIC-8	98 Units / Rail		
LM393DR2G	]	(Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel		
LM393NG	0°C to +70°C	PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail		
LM393DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape and Reel		
LM2903DG		SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	98 Units / Rail		
LM2903DR2G			2500 / Tape & Reel		
LM2903DMR2G	−40°C to +105°C	Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape and Reel		
LM2903NG		PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail		
LM2903VDG		SOIC-8	98 Units / Rail		
LM2903VDR2G		(Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel		
LM2903VNG	-40°C to +125°C	PDIP-8 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail		
NCV2903DR2G	-40 0 10 4 123 0	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel		
NCV2903DMR2G		Micro8 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel		
NCV2903VDR2G	-40°C to +150°C	SOIC-8 (Pb-Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel		

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

### PDIP-8 **N SUFFIX** CASE 626-05 **ISSUE M**

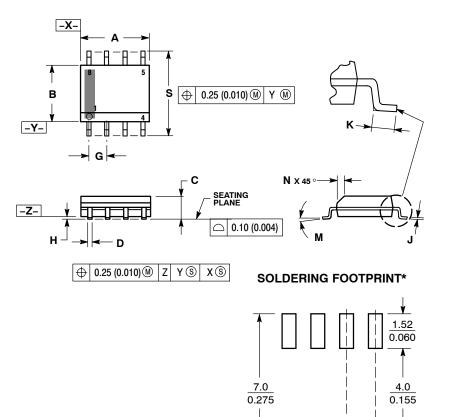


- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
  3. DIMENSION E IS MEASURED WITH THE LEADS RESTRAINED PARALLEL AT WIDTH E2.
  4. DIMENSION E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
  5. ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL.

	INCHES			MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α			0.210			5.33
A1	0.015			0.38		
b	0.014	0.018	0.022	0.35	0.46	0.56
С	0.008	0.010	0.014	0.20	0.25	0.36
D	0.355	0.365	0.400	9.02	9.27	10.02
D1	0.005			0.13		
E	0.300	0.310	0.325	7.62	7.87	8.26
E1	0.240	0.250	0.280	6.10	6.35	7.11
E2	0.300 BSC				7.62 BSC	
E3			0.430			10.92
е	0.100 BSC				2.54 BSC	
L	0.115	0.130	0.150	2.92	3.30	3.81

### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

### SOIC-8 NB CASE 751-07 **ISSUE AK**



0.6

0.024

#### NOTES:

- NOTES:

  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
  ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
  3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE
  MOLD PROTRUSION.
- MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT
- MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
  751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197	
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157	
С	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069	
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020	
G	1.27	7 BSC	0.050 BSC		
Н	0.10	0.25	0.004 0.01		
J	0.19	0.25	0.007 0.01		
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050	
М	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °	
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020	
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244	

1.270

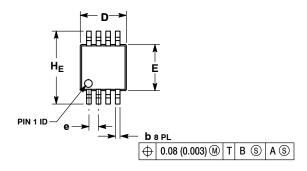
0.050

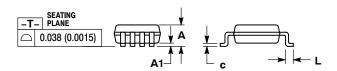
SCALE 6:1

<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Micro8™ CASE 846A-02 **ISSUE H** 



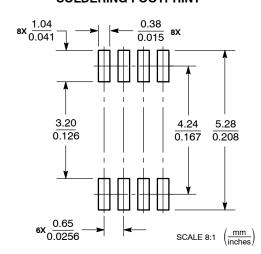


#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
   DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE. BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
- DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION.
  INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
- 846A-01 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 846A-02

	MILLIMETERS			INCHES		
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α			1.10			0.043
A1	0.05	0.08	0.15	0.002	0.003	0.006
b	0.25	0.33	0.40	0.010	0.013	0.016
С	0.13	0.18	0.23	0.005	0.007	0.009
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
E	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
е	0.65 BSC				0.026 BSC	
L	0.40	0.55	0.70	0.016	0.021	0.028
HE	4.75	4.90	5.05	0.187	0.193	0.199

### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

Micro8 is a trademark of International Rectifier.

ON Semiconductor and 📖 are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

### **PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION**

### LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA Phone: 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada

Fax: 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada Email: orderlit@onsemi.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free

Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support: Phone: 421 33 790 2910 Japan Customer Focus Center

Phone: 81-3-5817-1050

ON Semiconductor Website: www.onsemi.com

Order Literature: http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit

For additional information, please contact your local Sales Representative

LM393/D