Filters

Surface mount EMI filters

Panel mount EMI filters

Hermetic panel mount EMI filters

EMI Power filters

Special filters and assemblies

Planar arrays

Discoidal multilayer capacitors

Varistor filters

X2Y - Integrated Passive devices

Filters for High-Rel applications



100

DC 21255 28

BUF

Introduction to Syfer Technology

Syfer Technology Limited is a UK company dedicated to the manufacture of ceramic based electronic components. Syfer has been producing Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors for over 30 years and its employees are committed to providing customers with high quality products together with a fast, friendly and flexible service from a state-of-the-art facility.

Production process

At the core of Syfer's ceramic manufacturing technology is the 'Wet Process'. This fully integrated computer-controlled manufacturing operation is in a clean room environment, and offers unique advantages in the manufacture of filter products. This has resulted in Syfer being a world leader in the manufacture of EMI filters, discoidal capacitors and planar arrays. Our multilaver ceramic manufacturing facility and filter assembly facility holds a number of internationally recognised approvals including ISO 9001:2000, ISO 14001:2004 and OHSAS 18001:1999. Syfer is also an ESA (European Space Agency) and NASA approved source. Specific product approvals/qualifications include IECQ CECC, UL, TÜV and AEC-Q200.

Products

Syfer's excellence in ceramic materials technology, combined with EMI filter expertise, has enabled us to offer an unrivalled range of EMI filters products including:

- 3 terminal EMI chips
- Surface mount Pi filters
- X2Y Integrated Passive Components Panel mount threaded filters
- Panel mount solder-in filters
- Hermetically sealed panel mount EMI filters
- EMI Power filters
- Custom filter assembly capability
- Varistor filters
- Discoidal capacitors
- Planar capacitor and planar varistor arrays

Benefits Panel mou

- nt EMI filters Use of X7R and C0G/NP0 ceramics - no Z5U
- High capacitance values, high voltage

Use of self-healing plastic film material

- Surface mount EMI filters
- High capacitance, high voltage, high current Pi filters
- FlexiCap™ termination an option AEC-Q200 qualifications
- **X2**Y Available with FlexiCap[™] termination
- AEC-Q200 qualifications
- Available in surface mount, panel mount and planar array versions

nar arrays

- Mechanical superiority, tighter mechanical tolerances
- High voltage capability, mixed capacitance values
 - NASA approved Available in capacitor, varistor, inductor and X2Y formats

- Discoidal capacitors Small sizes, high capacitance values, high voltage capability
- Custom sizes available Varistor discoidal options
- Multiway filter as
- Can use either discoidal capacitor elements or
- planar arrays Full custom design facility

Other Syfer products

- Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors High voltage MLCCs
- FlexiCap[™] capacitors with flexible terminations
- Class 'X' and 'Y' SMD surge and safety capacitors
- Radial leaded capacitors
- AEC-O200 gualified capacitors
- IECQ CECC approved capacitors and radials
- Capacitors for space applications



Syfer - The EMI Filter Specialist

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The need for EMI filters

The use of electronic equipment is ever-increasing, with greater likelihood of interference from other pieces of equipment. Added to this, circuits with lower power levels that are more easily disturbed means that equipment is increasingly in need of protection from EMI (electromagnetic interference). To meet legislation such as the EU Directive on EMC, in addition to other international regulations such as FCC, EMI filtering is now an essential element of equipment design. Introducing screening measures, eg to the case or cables, may suffice in many instances, but some form of low-pass filtering will often be required.

Fanday Cage The ideal way of protecting a piece of equipment or circuit from ENI is to totally enclose it in a metal (or conductive) box. This screened enclosure is called a 'Faraday Cage'. Radiated interference is thus prevented from adversely affecting it (Fig 1).

affecting it (Fig 1). Invality however, most pieces of equipment require input and/or output connections, perhaps power cables or signal and control lines. The cables providing these connections can act as antennae, able to pick up interference and also to radiate it (Fig 2). Any cable or wire going in through the equipment case can introduce electrical noise, and also radiate it internally onto other wires and circuits. Similarly, it can provide a path to the outside from any noise generated internally, which can also then be radiated and may in turn adversely affect other equipment. I. Interference can enter a piece of equipment directly through the cabling (conducted interference). 2. Radiated interference can travel directly to the

- 2. Radiated interference can travel directly to the
- affected equipment.
- Interference can exit an EMI source via a cable, subsequently to be radiated from the cable and to the affected equipment.

Interference can be radiated from an EMI source and then picked up by a cable entering the affected equipment.

Filter location - panel mount filters To prevent interference entering or leaving a piece of equipment, feedhrough EMI filters can be mounted in the wall of a shielded case. Any incoming or outgoing cables would then pass through the filters. Power or wanted signals pass through the filters. Power or wanted signals pass through the filters. Power or wanted case protects against radiated interference, the earthmough filtere moted anaist conducted interference. feedthrough filters protect against conducted interfere The integrity of the equipment is thus assured (Fig 3). nce

The megany or use equipment is used assured (reg. J). Filter location – surface mount filters Where there is no suitable bulkhead for mounting the filters, pol bypes can be used (rig 4). While is an be an effective method of filtering, it should be noted that in general the insertion loss performance can be reduced at higher frequencies, unless additional screening measures are taker

Good design practices such as short tracks, short connections, close proximity to input and good grounding will help improve insertion loss performance.







Fig 3





Conducted interference Interference transmitted along a conductor/cable. Protection is provided by a series component. If a feedthrough filter is used to remove conducted interference, and mounted in the wall of a shielded compartment, it provides effective filtering while maintaining the screening integrity. It should be noted that the filter will reduce both emissions and susceptibility.

Cut-off frequency/3dB point The frequency at which filters start to become effective - is generally taken to be at the 3dB point of the attenuation

curve. Anything on the line below this frequency will be unaffected. The higher the capacitance of the filter the lower the cut-off, and vice versa. It will also vary depending on source and load impedances.

EMC ElectroMagnetic compatibility. A situation wherein two pieces of electrical or electronic equipment are able to function in the same environment without adversely affecting, or being affected by, each other.

Eerta ElectroMagnetic interference. A broad term covering a wide range of electrical disturbances, natural and man-made, from dc to GH2 frequencies and beyond. Sources of disturbance may include radar transmitters, motors, computer clocks, lightning, electrostatic discharge and many other phenomena.

Signals, unwanted (interference) or otherwise from a piece of equipment.

Electrostatic discharge, which can result in damage through excessive voltage spikes. We can offer assistance on whether our products can meet specific ESD test requirements.

our products can meet specine ESD test requirements. **Tissertion Ioss** At a given frequency, the insertion loss of a feed though suppression capacitor or filter connected into a given transmission system is defined as the ratio of voltages appearing across the line immediately beyond the point of insertion, before and after insertion. As measured herein, insertion loss is represented as the ratio of input voltage required to obtain constant output voltage, with and without the component, in the specified SOL system. This ratio is expressed in decibels (dB) as follows:

E-2

E₁ = The output voltage of the signal generator with the component in the circuit.

 E_2 = The output voltage of the signal generator with the component not in the circuit.

When testing is conducted with a network/spectrum analyzer, the equipment usually maintains a constant output voltage

and can be set to record the output to input voltage ratio in decibels.

A filter that lets through dc and low frequency signals, while attenuating (unwanted) high frequency noise.

Insertion loss = 20 log $\frac{E_1}{E_1}$

EMI

Emissions

ESD

Where

Low-pass filter

Panel mount filter A panel mounted filter that will pass the signal from one side of the wall of a shielded box (or 'Faraday Cage') to the other (it feeds the signal through the panel). For effective operation, the filter input and output should be screened from each other, is there should ideally be no apertures in the panel.



Radiated interference Interference transmitted in free air. Protection is provided by shielding.

Surface mount filter A filter that is suitable for surface mounting on PCBs. It offers improved filtering compared to standard MLCCs, ease of assembly and savings on board space compared to a combination of descreter filter elements. Filter performance at higher frequencies is reduced compared to panel mount types, unless additional shielding measures are taken (see page 10).



Susceptibility

The extent to which a piece of equipment is vulnerable to interference emitted from another piece of equipment. Working voltage

Continuous operating voltage. This can potentially be across the entire operating temperature range.

X2Y filter Integrated passive component with extremely low self inductance for filtering and de-coupling.







Factors affecting insertion loss

The insertion loss performance is used to aid filter selection by showing signal attenuation at any given frequency. However, it can only ever be a guide as actual performance in service will vary depending on the overall circuit characteristics.

Electrical configuration A number of different electrical configurations are available in feedthrough filters, including the common types shown opposite. A single element filter (a capacitor or an inductor) theoretically provides an insertion loss characteristic of 20dB per decade, a dual element filter (capactor/inductor) 40dB per decade viale fenent filter (capactor/inductor) 40dB theoretically vields 50dB per decade. In practice, the insertion loss curves do not exactly match the predictions, and the data sheets should be consulted for the realistic figure. The choice of electrical configuration is made primarily on the source and load impedances and may also be influenced by the level of attenuation required at various frequencies. **6 fiber**

C filter

This is a feedthrough capacitor with low self inductance. It shunts high frequency noise to ground and is suitable for use with a high impedance source and load.

L-C filter This is a feedthrough filter with an inductive element in combination with a capacitor. It is commonly used in a circuit with a low impedance source and a high impedance load (or vice versa). The inductive element should face the low impedance.

Source and load impedances Insertion loss figures are normally published for a 50 Ω source and 50 Ω load circuit. In practise the impedance values will probably be very different, which could result in either an increase or decrease in insertion loss. The electrical configuration of the filter (the capacitor/inductor combination) should be chosen to optimise the filter performance for that particular source/load impedance situation. An estimate of insertion loss for source and load impedances other than 50 Ω can be supplied. Please contact our Sales Office.

Load current For fitters which include ferrite inductors, the insertion loss under load current may be less than that with no load. This is because the ferrite material saturates with current. The reduction in insertion loss depends on the current and the characteristics of the particular ferrite material. In extreme cases the ferrite will become ineffective and insertion loss will appear to be the same as for a C fitter. For further information contact the Sales Office.





Source/load impedances

 The load current (which can cause ferrite saturation) Ceramic dielectric materials. The capacitance change will be affected by applied voltage, temperature and the age of the part Earthing impedance





This is a feedthrough filter with 2 capacitors and an inductive element between them. Ideally, it should be used where both source and load impedances are high.

T filter This is a feedthrough filter with 2 series inductive elements separated by one feedthrough capacitor. It is suitable for use where both source and load impedances are low.

Choice of ceramic dielectric material

If the voltage coefficient (VC) is critical, Syfer are also able to offer parts with BX (2X1) and BZ (2C1) VC characteristics. Refer to the factory for further details.

Sets to the factory for induce localis. **25U/TSV/XTW** These are classifications for materials which are relatively unstable with respect to temperature, voltage, frequency and time. Whilst typical dielectric constants may be of the order \$,000 to 25,000, operating temperature ranges are severely restricted.

A summary of the specifications of these materials follows. Please note that Syfer uses only the higher performance COG/ NP0 and X7R in its standard ranges.

When choosing a filter, it is important to be aware of the different performance characteristics that may be available from different categories of ceramic materials employed in their capacitors. Generally, stability of dielectric constant (and therefore filter capacitace value), with respect to some operational and environmental parameters, deteriorates with increasing dielectric constant. Specific factors which affect dielectric constant are temperature, voltage, frequency and time (ageing).

The three main classifications of ceramic dielectric employed in the manufacture of EMI filters are generally referred to as ultra stable (C0G/NPO), stable (X7R) and general purpose (Z5U, Y5V or X7W).

COG/NPO Most parameters for materials in this dielectric classification remain unaffected by temperature, voltage, frequency or time. Stabilizes are measured in terms of parts per million but dielectric constants are relatively low (10 to 100).

x7R This is a classification for materials which are relatively stable with respect to temperature, voltage, frequency and time. Typical dielectric constants would be of the order 2,000 to 4,000, enabling the achievement of far higher capacitance values for a given size of capacitor than can be gained from COG/NP0 materials.

Summary of ceramic dielectric characteristics

	COG/NP0	X7R	Z5U	Y5V	X7W
EIA dielectric classification	Ultra stable	Stable		General purpose	
Rated temperature range	-55°C to +125°C	-55°C to +125°C	-10°C to +85°C	-30°C to +85°C	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum capacitance change over temperature range (no voltage applied)	0 ±30 ppm/°C	±15%	+22-56%	+22-56%	+40-90%
Ageing characteristics	Zero	1% per time	6% per time	6% per time	6% per time

Spread of capacitance values

The capacitance of a ceramic capacitor can change as a result of a change in temperature, applied voltage and age. Please note that this potential change can lead to a significant drop in filtering performance.

Example Consider the typical performance of 5,000pF filter capacitors, offered in standard dielectric change 9000pF 8000pF in standard dielectric classifications, operating at a voltage of 100Vdc at 85°C, at an age of 10,000 hours. The final capacitance value can fail within the range of values (see chart to the right), taking into account the ageing process and effects of temperature and voltage as shown in the chart above. 7000pF 6000pF 5000pF 4000pF 3000pF 2000pF 1000pF



It is clear that the capacitance can change as a result of an increase (or decrease) in temperature, applied voltage and as a result of ageing. If the capacitance has reduced, so too will the insertion loss performance.



Panel mount EMI filters - Application considerations

Thread size or head size? What's the crucial factor in spacing

The thread size has no relevance to the mounting pitch, but can influence cost. Very small threads are harder to work with, but offer little or no gain over larger thread sizes.

If close mounting pitch is important, change instead to a round body style. Mounted using modified screwdriver blades, this style of component removes the need to allow space for mounting sockets and allow components to be mounted almost touching each other.

Syfer offer a full range of round head filter types - SFNO, SFKB, SFKK, SFLM, SFMD and SFUM. Special requirements can also be considered.



Schematic showing the pitch improvement that can be gained with round head filters compared to traditional hexagon heads

Hermetic seals vs resin seals

Hermetic seals vs resin seals Resin sealed filters have epoxy encapsulants injected into the cavities either side of the filter elements. The purpose of the resin is to 'ruggedise' the assembly, supporting the pins and sealing the ceramic to prevent reliability issues from such as moisture ingress. Poor encapsulants can be susceptible to cracking away from the metalwork due to temperature change. This can then allow moisture ingress which can result in reliability concerns. They can also exert a force on the ceramic which can result in cracking causing leatrical failure. MLL or Space specifications generally do not demand resin sealed filters be tested for immersion or accelerated damp heat testing.

heat testing. Syfer resin sealed filters use a very high purity, highly filled, epoxy encapsulant with a very low co-efficient of thermal expansion – very closely matched to the expansion co-efficient of the ceramic and other materials used in the construction. These characteristics enable Syfer filters to be thermally cycled with very little stress being applied to the ceramic elements, and with reduced risk of cracking allowing moisture ingress. Certain Syfer filters have successfully passed immersion and accelerated damp heat testing.

immersion and accelerated damp heat testing. Screw mount 'hermetic' filters generally have glass to metal seals soldered into place instead of conventional resin seals. They are better than resin sealed filters in applications where outgassing is critical or where the environment is particularly harsh. MIL or Space specifications generally do require hermetally sealed filters be tested for immersion or accelerated damp heat testing. Unless fitted with sealing rings, they will not normally provide a gas seal between either side of the mounting bulkhead – the seal is to protect the internal capacitor elements. Care must be taken when using the filters, as the exposed solder joints can reflow, compromising the seal effectiveness, if too high a temperature is applied to the end terminals.

is applied to the end terminals. Solder mouth hermetic, filters may create a gas seal between ether side of the builknead, but this is more dependant on the sealing capabilities of the solder joint mounting the filter rather than the filter seal. Usually, solder mount filters only have a glass seal on one side of the filter body, with the other end resin sealed. Test plans are normally the same as those for resin sealed. Test plans are normally the same as those for resin sealed filters. Hermetically sealed solder mount filters are only normally required in applications where one end of the filter will be exposed to has hervironments, or where outgassing is critical on one side of the panel.

Discoidal capacitor vs tubular capacitor

The original panel mount filters used single layer tubular capacitors. There is one major advantage of this type of capacitor - it lends itself to very easy Pi filter construction For this reason, Pi filters have tended to be considered the optimum filter configuration.

As performance demands increased, higher capacitance values were required. High K, unstable (25U / YSV see page 7) dielectrics and multilayer tubes began to be used. These use buried layer electrodes within the tube walls, but the reduced dielectric thickness resulted in lower voltage withstand capability. The unstable dielectrics result in poor performance over the voltage and temperature ranges.

Tubular capacitors have one major flaw - the thin ceramic walls make them very prone to cracking causing electrical failures.

tanuiss. AS MLCC chip capabilities developed, the discoidal capacitor appeared in filters. These devices use MLCC chip technology to produce a very low inductance (low ESL / low ESR) capacitore giving improved performance and higher capacitance and voltage ranges (higher capacitance per unit voltage). They are physically much stronger and robust than tube

Most Syfer panel mount filters use discoidal capacitors for optimum mechanical strength and high quality X7R or COG/ NP0 dielectric materials for optimum electrical performance. However, there are other dielectric materials used in the manufacture of filters.





Multilayer discoidal capacito



Surface mount and panel mount solder-in filters Solder pad layouts are included with the detailed information for each part.

Recommended soldering profile



Soldering of filters The soldering process should be controlled such that the filter does not experience any thermal shocks which may induce thermal cracks in the ceramic dielectric.

The pre-heat temperature rise of the filter should be kept to around 2°C per second. In practice successful temperature rises tend to be in the region of 1.5°C to 4°C per second dependent upon substrate and components.

The introduction of a soak after pre-heat can be useful as it The mixture of a soak after pre-meat can be useful as it allows temperature uniformity to be established across the substrate thus preventing substrate warping. The magnitude or direction of any warping may change on cooling imposing damaging stresses upon the filter.

E01, E03, E07 SBSP ranges are compatible with all standard solder types including lead-free, maximum temperature

260°C. For SBSG, SBSM and SFSS ranges, solder time should be minimised, and the temperature controlled to a maximum of 220°C. For SFSR, SFST and SFSU ranges the maximum temperature is 250°C.

Coling to ambient temperature should be allowed to occur naturally. Natural cooling allows a gradual relaxation of thermal mismatch stresses in the solder joints. Draughts should be avoided. Forced air cooling can induce thermal breakage, and cleaning with cold fluids immediately after a soldering process may result in cacked filters.

Note: The use of FlexiCap™ terminations is strongly recommended to reduce the risk of mechanical cracking. Soldering to axial wire leads

Soldering temperature The tip temperature of the iron should not exceed 300°C.

Dwell time Dwell time should be 3-5 seconds maximum to minimise the risk of cracking the capacitor due to thermal shock.

Heat sink Where possible, a heat sink should be used between the solder joint and the body, especially if longer dwell times are required.

Bending or cropping of wire leads Bending or cropping of the filter terminations should not be carried out within 4mm (0.157^o) of the epoxy encapsulation, the wire should be supported when cropping.

A more comprehensive application note covering installation of all Syfer products is available on the Syfer website.

nount filter	rs				
E01	E03	E07	SBSP	SBSG	SBSM
				0	0
•	•	•		0	0
•	•	•		0	0
•	•	•	•	0	0
•	•	•		0	0
	E01	E01 E03 • • • • • • • • • • • •	E01 E03 E07 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	E01 E03 E07 SBSP • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	E01 E03 E07 SBSP SBSG 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

See page 14 for termination type.



FILTERSINSTALLATION.ver1



Installation of filters

Resin filled screw mounted EMI filters

General

The ceramic capacitor, which is the heart of the filter, can be damaged by thermal and mechanical shock, as well as by over-voltage. Care should be taken to minimise the risk of stress when mounting the filter to a panel and when soldering wire to the filter terminations.

Mounting to chassis

Mounting torque It is important to mount the filter to the bulkhead or panel using the recommended mounting torque, otherwise damage may be caused to the capacitor due to distortion of the case. When a threaded hole is to be utilised, the maximum mounting torque should be 50% of the specified figure which each filter range, please see below.

	Torque (max.)						
Thread	With nut	Into tapped hole					
M2.5 & 4-40 UNC		0.15Nm (1.32lbf ir					
М3	0.25Nm (2.21lbf in)	0.15Nm (1.32lbf ir					
6-32 UNC	0.3Nm (2.65lbf in)	0.15Nm (1.32lbf ir					
M3.5	0.35Nm (3.09lbf in)	0.18Nm (1.59lbf in					
M4 & 8-32 UNC	0.5Nm (4.42lbf in)	0.25Nm (2.21lbf in					
M5, 12-32 UNEF & 2BA	0.6Nm (5.31lbf in)	0.3Nm (2.65lbf in					
MC 9. 1/4 30 LINE	0.0Nm (7.07lbf in)						

Hexagonal devices should be assembled using a suitable socket. Round bodied filters may be fitted to the panel in one of two ways (and should not be fitted using pliers or other similar tools which may damage them):

Round bodies with slotted tops are designed to be screwed in using a simple purpose-designed tool.

Round bodies without slotted tops are intended to be inserted into slotted holes and retained with a nut.

Grounding

Grounding To ensure the proper operation of the filters, the filter body should be adequately grounded to the panel to allow an effective path for the interference. The use of locking adhesives is not recommended, but if used should be applied after the filter has been fitted. Minimum plate thickness

Minimum plate thickness Users should be aware that the majority of these filters have an undercut between the thread and the mounting flange of the body, equal to 1.5 x the pitch of the thread. Mounting into a parel thinner than this undercut length may result in problems with thread mating and filter position. It is recommended that a panel thicker than this undercut length be used wherever possible.

Maximum plate thickness This is specified for each filter in order that the nut can be fully engaged even when using a washer. Soldering to axial wire leads

Soldering temperature The tip temperature of the iron should not exceed 300°C. Dwell time Dwell time should be 3-5 seconds maximum to minimise the risk of cracking the capacitor due to thermal shock.

Heat sink Where possible, a heat sink should be used between the solder joint and the body, especially if longer dwell times are

reauired

Bending or cropping of wire leads Bending or cropping of the filter terminations should not be carried out within 4mm (0.157") of the epoxy encapsulation, the wire should be supported when cropping.

RoHS compliance All surface mount filters, resin sealed panel mount filters and power filters are fully RoHS compliant through material exemption, although care must be taken not to exceed the maximum soldering temperatures of surface mount parts. Standard hereits sealed panel mount filters use SnPb solders as part of their assembly, and are intended for exempt applications such as aerospace or military. Substitution of the SnPb solder with Pb free solders is possible to create a RoHS compliant part – please contact factory for further details.



Hermetic panel mount EMI filters

General

General The ceramic capacitor, which is the heart of the filter, can be damaged by thermal and mechanical shock, as well as by over-voltage. Care should be taken to minimise the risk of stress when mounting the filter to a panel and when soldering wire to the filter terminations.

Mounting to chassis

Mounting torque It is important to mount the filter to the bulkhead or panel using the recommended mounting torque, otherwise damage may be caused to the capacitor due to distortion of the case.

Case style	Thread	Max Torque
SLA	M5 x 0.5 - 6g	0.6Nm (5.31 lbf in)
SLR	1/4 - 28 UNF - 2A	0.9Nm (7.97 lbf in)
SLS	1/4 - 28 UNF - 2A	0.9Nm (7.97 lbf in)
SLT	5/16 - 24 UNF - 2A	0.9Nm (7.97 lbf in)
SLO	1/4 - 28 UNF - 2A	0.9Nm (7.97 lbf in)
SLP	1/4 - 28 UNF - 2A	0.9Nm (7.97 lbf in)

Case styles

SLA

SLO

Tools All these devices should be mounted into appropriate shaped mounting holes. Use of the correct mounting hole will lock the filter body from turning. Pilers or similar tools must not be used as these will cause damage to the body and risk damage to the hermetic seal or ceramic discoidal.

All filters are supplied with appropriate nuts and washers. The nuts should be tightened using a suitable socket set to, or below, the maximum tightening torque as above.

Installation of filters

Thread design and mounting hole details All the hermetic filters incorporate thread run-outs which may need to be allowed for in panel design. Grounding

Grounding To ensure the proper operation of the filters, the filter body should be adequately grounded to the panel to allow an effective path for the interference. The use of locking adhesives is not recommended, but if used should be applied after the filter has been fitted.

Soldering to axial wire leads

Soldering temperature The tip temperature of the iron should not exceed 300°C.

Dwell time Dwell time should be 3-5 seconds maximum to minimise the risk of cracking the capacitor or seal due to thermal shock. Heat sink

Where possible, a heat sink should be used between the solder joint and the body, especially if longer dwell times are required.

Bending or cropping of twire leads Bending or cropping of the filter terminations should not be carried out as this is likely to result in damage to the glass







Dimensions - mm. * For L dimensions, see individual product range tables. ¼ - 28UNF - 2A thread variants are also available with a M6 x 0.8 - 6g thread option. Please refer to factory for details on how to specify this.

0

Ø8.33

6



11

FILTERSINSTALLATION.ver1

10



M5 x 0.5 - 60



¼ - 28UNF - 2A

Frequency (MHz)

Surface mount EMI filters

			-									
	Ту	pe		E01			E07	SBSGC	SBSMC			
	Chip	Size	0805	1206	1806	0805	1206	1806	1812	2220		
	Max C	urrent	300mA	300mA	300mA	1A	2A	2A	10A	20A		
	Rated Voltage	Dielectric	Minimum and maximum capacitance values									
į	FOVde	COG/NP0	680pF-820pF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	JUVUC	X7R	22nF-47nF	22nF-100nF	100nF-200nF	22nF-47nF	33nF-100nF	82nF-200nF	220nF	470nF		
	100Vdc	COG/NP0	22pF-560pF	22pF-1nF	22pF-2.2nF	-	-	-	-	-		
	100000	X7R	1nF-15nF	1.5nF-15nF	2.2nF-68nF	1nF-15nF	10nF-22nF	22nF-68nF	100nF-150nF	220nF-330ni		
	200Vdc	COG/NP0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	200000	X7R	-	-	-	-	-	-	68nF	100nF-150nl		
	F00Vdc	COG/NP0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	JUUVUC	X7R	-	-	-	-	-	-	1nF-47nF	1nF-68nF		

E01/E07 SBSP

4

Figure 2. Improved shielding

4

SBSG

P

Output track

1000

For dimensions and pad sizes see page 14.
 For ordering information see page 15.
 Ranges in red available as qualified AEC-Q200

Effects of mounting method on insertion loss

C and Pi filters are mounted to PCBs and soldered in identical manner to chip capacitors. Solder connections made to each end (signal lines) and each side band (earth track).

Whilst SBSG, SBSM and SBSP filters can be mounted conventionally on PCBs, they are also suitable for mounting in a wall or partition on a board. This greatly improves the screening between filter input and output, thereby enhancing the high frequency response.

Figure 1. Filters mounted on open pcb

Insertion Loss (dB)

12

The following insertion loss curves (for SBSP, SBSG, SBSM Pi filters), based on actual measurements, show the effect. It can be seen that the filters conventionally mounted (Fig. 1) exhibit a drop in attenuation at higher frequencies. Improved shielding methods (Fig. 2), maintain excellent suppression characteristics to 1GHz and above. See below for application example.

٩. Pi-filter Ì PCB Clean area PCB -----20 Insertion Loss (dB) 40 40 60 60 80 100 0.1 1 10 100 10

1000

Frequency (MHz)

Surface mount EMI filters

Туре		SBSPP	SBSGP	SBSMP
Chip Size	2	1206	1812	2220
Max Curre	Max Current		5A	10A
Rated Voltage	Dielectric	Minim	num and maximum capacitance v	values
2014-	C0G/NP0	-	-	-
25V0C	X7R	100nF-150nF	-	-
FOUL-	C0G/NP0	-	-	-
SUVUC	X7R	22nF-68nF	220nF	470nF
1001/2-	C0G/NP0	22pF-470pF	-	-
100/00	X7R	1nF-15nF	100nF-150nF	220nF-330nF
2001/de	C0G/NP0	+	-	
200700	X7R	-	68nF	100nF-150nF
5001/4-	C0G/NP0	-	•	-
SUUVOC	X7R		1nF-47nF	1nF-68nF

Notes: 1) For dimensions and pad sizes see page 14. 2) For ordering information see page 15.

Insertion loss tables for surface mount EMI filters - C filter

	Open Board Performance						Feedthrough or Shielded Performance					
Capacitance	0.1MHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz	Resonance Freq (MHz) approx.	0.1MHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz	
22pF	0	0	0	0	28	1100	0	0	0	0	10	
33pF	0	0	0	1	24	790	0	0	0	0	12	
47pF	0	0	0	2	20	640	0	0	0	1	15	
68pF	0	0	0	4	17	500	0	0	0	2	18	
100pF	0	0	0	5	15	405	0	0	0	4	22	
150pF	0	0	0	8	14	330	0	0	0	7	25	
220pF	0	0	1	12	13	260	0	0	0	10	29	
330pF	0	0	1	13	13	200	0	0	0	13	33	
470nE	0	0	2	19	12	160	0	0	1	16	35	
560nE	Ő	0	3	21	12	150	õ	ō	1	17	37	
680nF	õ	0	4	24	12	130	õ	ō	2	19	39	
820nE	ō	0	5	25	12	120	õ	ō	3	21	40	
1nF	0	0	6	28	12	100	0	0	4	23	41	
1.5nE	0	Ő	8	35	12	80	ő	ő	7	26	45	
2.2nE	0	0	12	47	12	60	ő	0	10	20	50	
3 3nF	0	1	15	43	12	50	ő	0	13	33	52	
4.7nE	0	2	19	20	12	40	0	1	16	36	55	
6.9nE	0	4	21	39	12		0	2	10	20	57	
100E	0	5	21	25	12	25	0	4	22	41	60+	
100F	0	9	25	24	12	23	0	7	22	41	60+	
2205	0	17	20	24	12	20	0	10	20	44	60+	
2205	0	12	25	22	12	13	0	12	23	40	601	
331IF	2	10	20	22	12	12	1	10	22	40	601	
4/IIF	2	10	39	32	12	10		10	33	50	601	
68NF	3	21	43	32	12	8.5	2	19	39	54	60+	
10011	0	24	49	32	12		4	22	41	57	00+	
150NF	8	2/	55	32	12	5.5	10	25	45	60+	60+	
220nF	11	31	65	32	12	4.2	10	29	49	60+	60+	
330NF	14	34	60	32	12	3.5	13	33	52	60+	60+	
nsertion	loss tab	les for	Surfac	e moun ard Perfe	t EMI 1	ilters - Pi filter	Feed	through a	or Shielde	d Perform	ance	
Canacitance	0 1MHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	16H7	Reconance Fred (MHz) approx	0.1MHz	1MH7	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz	
22.05	0	0	0	2001112	22	1100	0	0	0	20011112	12	
220F	0	0	0	2	15	1100	0	0	0	1	12	
47pF	0	0	0	3	15	040	0	0	0	3	21	
TOODE	0	0	0		14	405	0	0	0	12	32	
220pF	0	0	1	14	12	260	0	0	1	13	45	
470pF	0	0	3	23	12	160	0	0	2	22	58	
1n⊢	0	0	6	31	12	100	0	0	5	33	60+	
1.5nF	0	0	8	32	12	80	0	0	9	40	60+	
2.2nF	0	0	12	32	12	60	0	0	11	47	60+	
3.3nF	0	1	15	32	12	50	0	0	14	54	60+	
4.7nF	0	2	19	32	12	40	0	1	19	57		
6.8nF	0	4	24	32	12	32	0	2	24	60+	60+	
10nF											60+ 60+	
15nF	0	5	29	32	12	25	0	5	29	60+	60+ 60+ 60+	
	0	5 8	29 35	32 32	12 12	25 20	0	5	29 36	60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF	0 0 0	5 8 11	29 35 41	32 32 32	12 12 12	25 20 15	0 0 0 0	5 7 11	29 36 42	60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF	0 0 0 1	5 8 11 13	29 35 41 46	32 32 32 32 32	12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12	0 0 0 0 0 0	5 7 11 14	29 36 42 51	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF 47nF	0 0 1 2	5 8 11 13 15	29 35 41 46 49	32 32 32 32 32 32	12 12 12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12 10	0 0 0 0 1	5 7 11 14 16	29 36 42 51 57	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF 47nF 68nF	0 0 1 2 3	5 8 11 13 15 18	29 35 41 46 49 51	32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12 10 8.5	0 0 0 1 3	5 7 11 14 16 19	29 36 42 51 57 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF 47nF 68nF 100nF	0 0 1 2 3 6	5 8 11 13 15 18 19	29 35 41 46 49 51 52	32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12 10 8.5 7.5	0 0 0 1 3 5	5 7 11 14 16 19 21	29 36 42 51 57 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF 47nF 68nF 100nF 150nF	0 0 1 2 3 6 8	5 8 11 13 15 18 19 20	29 35 41 46 49 51 52 52 52	32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12 10 8.5 7.5 5.5	0 0 0 1 3 5 8	5 7 11 14 16 19 21 23	29 36 42 51 57 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF 47nF 68nF 100nF 150nF 220nF	0 0 1 2 3 6 8 11	5 8 11 13 15 18 19 20 25	29 35 41 46 49 51 52 52 52 52 52	32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12 10 8.5 7.5 5.5 4.2	0 0 0 1 3 5 8 11	5 7 11 14 16 19 21 23 27	29 36 42 51 57 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	
22nF 33nF 47nF 68nF 100nF 150nF 220nF 330nF	0 0 1 2 3 6 8 11 14	5 8 11 13 15 18 19 20 25 34	29 35 41 46 49 51 52 52 52 52 52 52	32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 3	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	25 20 15 12 10 8.5 7.5 5.5 4.2 3.5	0 0 0 1 3 5 8 11 14	5 7 11 14 16 19 21 23 27 35	29 36 42 51 57 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+ 60+	





Orderin	ng Info	orm	ation													
1206	5		Υ	100			0222			М		X			т	E01
Chip Siz	ze	Tern	mination	Voltage	Сар	acitanc	e in picofa	rads (pF) 1	Tolerand	e	Dielec	tric	Pack	caging	Туре
0805 1206 1806	נ אין אין	= Nie Flex A = (H = F (Tir	ckel Barrier (Tin) ciCap™ (Tin) Tin/Lead) FlexiCap™ n/Lead)	050 = 50Vdc 100 = 100Vdc	Firs di capa is	st digit is gits are acitance s numbe Exampl	s 0. Second significant fi code. The f er of zeros fo le: 0222=22	and third gures of ourth dig llowing 00pF.	l M	4 = ±20°	»6 J	A = COG AEC-Q2 C = COG E = X AEC-Q2 X = X	/NP0 200 /NP0 7R 200 7R	T = 1 (7" R = 1 (13" B =	178mm) reel 330mm ") reel • Bulk	
eeled				0805	12	206	1806					080	15	1206		1806
uantit	ies	178	mm (7") reel	3000	2	2500 2500 33		330r	nm (13*)	reel	1200	00	10000)	10000	
or availa	ble rang	je de	tails see page	12.												
Orderin	ng Info	orm	ation													
1206	5		Y	100			0103			м		х		1	г	E07
Chip Siz	ze	Ter	mination	Voltage	C	apacita	nce in pico	farads (pF)	Tolera	nce	Dielec	tric	Pack	aging	Туре
0805 1206 1806] = Y	Nick = Fle A = H = (T	el Barrier (Tin) exiCap™ (Tin) (Tin/Lead) FlexiCap™ Tin/Lead)	050 = 50Vd 100 = 100Ve	lc F dc ca	first digi digits a pacitani is num Exa	t is 0. Secor re significant ce code. The iber of zeros imple: 0103	nd and th t figures o fourth o following =10nF.	ird of digit	M = ±2	20%	X = X	(7R	R = 1 (7") R = 3 (13") B =	78mm reel 30mm) reel Bulk	
eeled				0805	12	06	1806	1 B				080)5	1206		1806
uantit	ies	178m	ım (7") reel	3000	250	00	2500		330r	nm (13*)	reel	1200	00	10000)	10000
or availa	ble rang	je de	tails see page	12.												
Irdoria	na Tafé		ation													
SBS	P		P	100			01!	53				м	х		Т	
Туре	Size		Configuratio	n Voltage		Capa	citance in p	oicofara	ds (j	pF)	Tole	rance	Dielectr	ic	Packa	iging
Surface mount board filter	P = 12	96	P = Pi Section	n 025 = 25Va 050 = 50Va 100 = 100V	ic ic idc c	First digit is 0. Second and third digits M are significant figures of capacitance code. The fourth digit is number of zeros following Example: 0153=15nF.			M =	±20%	C=COG/N X=X7R	PO	T=17 (7") R=33 (13") B = 1	Bmm reel Dmm reel Bulk		
eeled uantit	ies	17	8mm (7") reel	1206 1500		330m	m (13") reel	120 600	0 6 10							
or availa	ble rang	je de	tails see page	13.												
Orderin	ng Info	orm	ation													
SBS	G		Р	500			047	73				М	X		T	
Туре	Size		Configuratio	n Voltage		Capa	citance in p	picofara	ls (p	pF)	Tole	rance	Dielectri	C	Packag	jing
Surface mount board filter	G = 18	12	C = C Sectior P = Pi Sectior	a 050 = 50Vc a 100 = 100V 200 = 200V 500 = 500V	lc i dc dc o dc	First digit is 0. Second and third digits are significant figures of capacitance code. The fourth digit is number of zeros following Example: 0473=47nF.			M =	±20%	X=X7R		T=178i (7") re R=330i (13") r B = Bi	mm tel mm eel ulk		
eeled uantit	ies	17	8mm (7") reel	1812 500		330m	m (13") reel	181 200	1 <mark>2</mark> 10							
or availa	ble rang	je de	tails see page	5 12 & 13.												
Orderin	na Info	orm	ation													
SBS	M		Р	050			04	74				м	х		т	
Туре	Size	2	Configuratio	n Voltage		Capa	icitance in	picofara	ds (pF)	Tole	erance	Dielectri		Packad	ing
Surface mount board filter	M = 2	220	C = C Sectio P = Pi Sectio	n 050 = 50V n 100 = 100V 200 = 200V 500 = 500V	dc /dc /dc o /dc	First dig are sig code. Th	git is 0. Seco gnificant figu ne fourth digi follow Example: 04	ond and t res of ca it is num wing 474=470	third pacit per c	digits ance of zeros	M =	±20%	X=X7R	T R=	=178mm (=330mm (B = B	(7") reel 13") reel Jlk
eeled uantit	ies	17	8mm (7") reel	2220 500		330m	m (13") reel	222	2 0							

Surface mount EMI filters

For available range details see pages 12 & 13.

Surface mount EMI filters - X2Y	Integrated Passive Components
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X2Y

Туре		E03									
	Chip	o size	0603	0805	1206	1410	1812	2220			
Rated voltage Dielectric		Dielectric	Minimum and maximum capacitance values								
	16Vde	COG/NP0	150pF	-			-	•			
	10400	X7R	15nF	-	•	•	-	•			
	2DVd-	COG/NP0	120pF	560pF - 820pF	1.8nF - 3.3nF	6.8nF - 8.2nF	12nF - 15nF	22nF - 33nF			
	25Vdc	X7R	12nF	56nF - 68nF	-	470nF	820nF	1.2µF			
	50111	COG/NP0	10pF - 100pF	390pF - 470pF	1.2nF - 1.5nF	4.7nF - 5.6nF	8.2nF - 10nF	18nF			
	SUVAC	X7R	150pF - 10nF	18nF - 47nF	56nF - 220nF	180nF - 400nF	390nF - 680nF	560nF - 1.0µF			
	10014-	COG/NP0	-	10pF - 330pF	22pF - 1.0nF	100pF - 3.9nF	820pF - 6.8nF	1.0nF - 15nF			
	100400	X7R	-	470pF - 15nF	1.5nF - 47nF	4.7nF - 150nF	8.2nF - 330nF	10nF - 470nF			
	2000/4-	COG/NP0	-	-	22pF - 1.0nF	100pF - 3.3nF	820pF - 5.6nF	1.0nF - 15nF			
	200400	X7R	-	-	820pF - 33nF	1.2nF - 120nF	2.7nF - 180nF	4.7nF - 470nF			
	FOOM de	COG/NP0	-	-	-		820pF - 3.9nF	1.0nF - 10nF			
	SUUVAC	X7R	-	-	-	•	2.7nF - 100nF	4.7nF - 180nF			

L 1.6±0.2 (0.063±0.008)

W 0.8±0.2 (0.03±0.008)

T 0.5±0.15 (0.02±0.006)

0.4±0.15 (0.016±0.006)

Note 1: All dimensions r Note 2: Pad widths less Note 3: Insulating the e

High current capability

Single ended/unbalanced lines

EMI Suppression on dc motors

Sensor/transducer applications

Wireless communications

Audio amplifiers

CANBUS systems

Balanced lines and twisted pairs

Applications

Advantages

ome lower capacnance, ... ed parts may be supplied.



The Syfer X2Y Integrated Passive Component is a 3 terminal EMI chip device.

When used in balanced line applications, the revolutionary design applications, the revolutionary design provides simultaneous line-to-line and line-to-ground filtering, using a single ceramic chip. In this way, differential and common mode filtering are provided in one device.

1

E.

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provided in one device. For unbalanced applications, it provides ultra low ESL (equivalent series inductance). Capable of replacing 2 or more conventional devices, it is ideal for balanced and unbalanced lines, twisted pairs and de motors, in automotive, audio, sensor and other applications. Available in sizes from 0603 to 2220, these filters can prove invaluable in meeting stringent EMC demands. Manufactured in the UK by Syler Technology Limited under lo tiom XXY attemators LLC.

Dielectric X7R or COG/NP0 Replaces 2 or 3 capacitors with one device Electrical configuration Multiple capacitance Ultra low inductance due to cancellation effect For balanced lines: Matched capacitance line to ground on both lines Capacitance measurement At 1000hr point Differential and common mode attenuation Effects of temperature and voltage variation eliminated Typical capacitance matching Better than 5% Effect of ageing equal on both lines Temperature rating -55°C to 125°C Dielectric withstand voltage 2.5 x Rated Volts for 5 secs. Charging current limited to 50mA Max.

0603 0805 1206 1410 1812 2220

0.5±0.25 0.95±0.3 1.20±0.3 1.4±0.35 (0.02±0.01) (0.037±0.012) (0.047±0.012) (0.06±0.014) B2 0.25±0.15 0.3±0.15 0.5±0.25 0.5±0.25 0.75±0.25 (0.010±0.006) (0.012±0.006) (0.02±0.01) (0.02±0.01) (0.02±0.01)

2.5±0.3 (0.1±0.012)

2 max. (0.08 max.)

2.0±0.3 3.2±0.3 (0.08±0.012) (0.126±0.012)

um (inches). than chip width gives improved m arth track underneath the filters is

1.25±0.2 (0.05±0.008)

1.0±0.15 (0.04±0.006)

1.60±0.2 (0.063±0.008)

1.1±0.2 (0.043±0.008)

Insulation resistance 100Gohms or 1000s (whichever is the less)

3.6±0.3 4.5±0.35 5.7±0.4 (0.14±0.012) (0.18±0.014) (0.22±0.016

3.2±0.3 (0.126±0.012)

2 max. (0.08 max.)

5.0±0.4 (0.2±0.016)

2.5 max. (0.1 max.)

2.25±0.4 (0.09±0.016)

0.75±0.25 (0.03±0.01)



Note: Farth track can be solid into 2 separate pack by adding resist to centre if required. This can belo with prevention the part floating on solider undergeath the filter

Surface mount EMI filters - X2Y Integrated Passive Components

AEC-Q200 range - (E03) Chip size 0805 1206 1410 1812 Rated voltage Dielectric Ca COG/NP0 390pF - 470pF 4.7nF - 5.6nF 8.2nF - 10nF 1.2nF - 1.5nF 50Vdc 18nF - 33nF 56nF - 150nF 180nF - 330nF 390nF- 560nF X7R 10pF - 330pF 22pF - 1.0nF 100pF - 3.9nF 820pF - 6.8nF COG/NPO 100Vdc X7R 470pF - 15nF 1.5nF - 47nF 4.7nF - 150nF 8.2nF - 330nF Component Advantages Applications Requires 1 per line By-pass Low frequency Chip capacitor Industry standard High inductance Capacitance matching problems Feedthrough Feedthrough Lower inductance 3 terminal feedthrough Current limited Unbalanced lines High frequency Very low inductance Replaces 2 (or 3) components Negates the effects of temperature, voltage and ageing Provides both common mode and differential mode attenuation Can be used on balanced & By-pass Balanced lines High frequency dc electric motors Unbalanced lines Audio amplifiers CANBUS Syfer X2Y Integrated Pass Component Care must be taken to optimise circuit design Can be used on balanced & unbalanced lines Filtering application Decoupling application C1 Ч H 눈 -10 Insertion loss (dB) Insertion loss (dB) -20 -20 -30 -30 -40 -40 -50 -50 -60 -60 -70 -70 0.1 1000 1000 5000 500 10 Frequency (MHz) Frequency (MHz) Ordering information 1812 100 0334 E03 Y м Х т $\begin{array}{c} \hline \textbf{Dielectric} & \textbf{Packaging} & \textbf{Type} \\ \hline \textbf{A} = COG/NP0 & T = 178mm \\ AEC-Q200 & (7') reel \\ C = COG/NP0 & R = 330mm \\ E = X7R & (13') reel \\ AEC-Q200 & B = Bulk \\ \hline \end{array}$ Capacitance in picofarads (pF) C₁ First digit is 0. Second and third digits are significant figures of capacitance Chip Size Te on Voltage Ca ads (pF) C₁ Tolera J = Nickel barrier Y = FlexiCap™ A = (Tin/lead) 016 = 16Vdc 025 = 25Vdc 050 = 50Vdc 100 = 100Vdc 200 = 200Vdc 500 = 500Vdc $M = \pm 20\%$ 0603 0805 code. The fourth digit is number of zeros followinn 0805 1206 1410 1812 2220 following Example: 0334=330nF. Note: C₁ = 2C₂ = Flex (Tin/la X = X7R

2

A

17

 Reeled quantities
 178mm
 0603
 0805
 1206
 1410
 1812
 2220

 4000
 3000
 2500
 2000
 1000
 1000

 330mm
 0603
 0805
 1206
 1410
 1812
 2220

 (13") reel
 16000
 12000
 10000
 8000
 4000
 4000
 For available range details see page 16.

filtsmx2y.ver8

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Solder-in panel mount EMI filters

Case styles	Rated	Min Max	c. capacitance	Circuit	Max	
SESSC 2 2mm () discoidal	voitage uc	COG/NP0	X7R	configuration	current	
srose 2.5min gruiscoludi	50	-	47nF	c =.		
	100	-	22nF	T T	10A	
	200	-	10nF			
ead Ø 0.7mm	500	10pF - 220pF	470pF - 4.7nF			
SFSSC 2.8mm Ø discoidal	50	-	100nF			
	100	-	68nF	с 🛁		
R	200	-	47nF	Ţ	10A	
	300	-	33nF			
.ead Ø 0.7mm	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 22nF			
FSSC 3.0mm Ø discoidal	50	-	150nF			
	100	-	100nF	C ⊶⊒≕	104	
	200	-	47nF - 68nF	÷	IUA	
ead Ø 0.7mm	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF			
FSSC 5.0mm Ø discoidal	50	-	680nF		10A	
	100	-	330nF - 470nF	с <u></u>		
	200	-	220nF	4		
ead Ø 0.7mm	500	-	47nF - 150nF			
FSSC 8.75mm Ø discoidal	50	-	3.3µF			
	100	-	1.5µF - 2.2µF			
	200	-	1µF			
	300	-	680nF	C ⊶⊒⊸		
	500	-	100nF - 470nF	÷	15A	
	1000	-	15nF - 68nF			
	2000	330pF - 1nF	1.5nF - 10nF			
.ead Ø 1.0mm	3000	100pF - 220pF	-			
FSRC 2.8mm body Ø	50	-	47nF			
	100	-	22nF	С 🛁	104	
	200	-	10nF	4	104	
ead Ø 0.7mm	500	10pF - 220pF	470pF - 4.7nF			
FSTC 3.25mm body Ø	50	-	100nF			
	100	-	68nF			
	200	-	47nF		10A	
	300	-	33nF	-		
ead Ø 0.7mm	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 22nF			
SFSUC 5.6mm body Ø	50	-	680nF			
	100	_	330nF - 470nF	С		
	200	_	220nE	Ţ	10A	
and (0.0.7mm	500	10-5 (00-5	1=5 150=5			
	500	10bL - PRObL	1NF - 150NF			

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Notes: 1) For insertion loss information see p21 2) For ordering information see p22 3) For assembly and soldering information see p9

filtsmx2y.ver7

Resin filled screw mounted EMI filters

nt

Case styles	Rated	Min Max.	capacitance	Circuit	Max
CENIOC D	voitage uc	COG/NPU	X/R	connguration	curre
M2.5 x 0.45 - 6g Head Ø 3.5mm	50	-	47nF	С 🛁	104
Lead Ø 0.7mm	100	10pF - 220pF	470pF - 22nF	÷	104
SFAA	50	-	150nF		
I-40 UNC Class 2A	100	-	100nF	С 🛁	104
ead Ø 0.7mm	200	-	47nF - 68nF	Ţ	104
	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF		
SFAJ	50	-	150nF		
13 x 0.5 - 6g	100	-	100nF		104
ead Ø 0.7mm	200	-	47nF - 68nF	⊥ с [—] L-С ↓	104
	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF		
FAB	50	-	150nF		
-32 UNC Class 2A	100	-	100nF		
ead Ø 0.7mm	200	-	47nF - 68nF	Ţ с_г-с ₫	104
	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF		
FKB 🔍	50		150nF		
-32 UNC Class 2A	100	-	100nF		
ead Ø 4.4mm	200	-	47nF - 68nF	Ҵ С І-С Ҵ	104
	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF		
SFAK	50	-	150nF		
13.5 x 0.6 - 6g	100	-	100nF	, т_с т_с т_	
lead 4.0mm A/F	200	-	47nF - 68nF	.സത്തസത്ത_,	104
eau o u.min	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF	Ţт	
FKK 🗠	50	-	150nF	<u>,</u> ,,	
13.5 x 0.6 - 6g	100	-	100nE	C	
lead Ø 4.4mm	200	-	47nE - 68nE		104
ead (2 0.7mm	500	10nE - 680nE	1nE - 33nE	Iτ	
FBC S	50	-	150nE		
-32 UNC Class 2A	100	-	100nE		
ead 4.75mm A/F	200	-	47nE - 68nE		10A
ead (2 0.7mm	500	10nE - 680nE	1nE - 33nE		
FRC	50	-	94nF		
-32 UNC Class 2A	100	-	44nF		
lead 4.75mm A/F	200		20nE	I pi I	10A
ead Ø 0./mm	500	20pE - 440pE	040pE - 0 4pE		
FRI	50		150nF		
14 x 0.7 - 6g	100	-	100nF		
lead 4.75mm A/F	200	-	47nE - 68nE		104
	500	10pE - 680pE	1nF - 33nF		
ERI C	50		04nF		-
14 x 0.7 - 6g	100		44nE		
ead 4.75mm A/F	200	-	20nE	I pi I	104
lead Ø 0./mm	500	20pE - 440pE	040pE - 0 4pE	- n -	
EPD o	500	2001 44001	1E0nE	COHOD -	
2-32 UNEF Class 2A	100	-	100=5	Louist	
lead 4.75mm A/F	200	-	47-5 (0-5		10A
and Ø 0.35mm	200	10pE 690pE	4/IIF - 00IIF	ΤT	
COD D COMMIT	500	10pr - 000pr	200.5	-	
2-32 UNEF Class 2A	100	-	300nF		
lead 4.75mm A/F	200	-	20011	I Pi I	104
ange Ø 6.35mm	200		20E 660E	÷ 0 ÷	
	500	20pr - 1.30hF	200-5		
2-32 UNEF Class 2A	50	-	58UNF		
lead 6.35mm A/F	100	-	330nF - 470nF		104
ead Ø 0.7mm	200	10-5 600 5	220nF	÷ C L-C ÷	
	500	10DF - 080DF	TUL - T200F		

Notes: 1) For insertion loss information see p21 2) For ordering information see p22 3) For assembly and soldering information see p9



	Res
N.	Case
	SFCD 12-32 U Head 6. Lead Ø
	SFCI 2BA Head 6. Lead Ø
	SFBM M5 x 0. Head 4. Flange Lead Ø
),	SFBM M5 x 0. Head 4. Flange Lead Ø
	SFCM M5 x 0. Head 6. Lead Ø
	SFLM M5 x 0. Head Ø Lead Ø
	SFLM M5 x 0. Head Ø Lead Ø
4	SFTM M5 x 0. Head 6. Lead Ø
ļ	SFUM M5 x 0. Head Ø Lead Ø
	SFJE ¼-28 U Head Ø
	Lead Ø
	SFJN M6 x 0. Head Ø
20	Lead Ø

sin filled screw mounted EMI filters

Case styles		Rated	Min Max.	capacitance	Circuit	Max
		voltage dc	COG/NP0	X7R	configuration	current
SFCD		50	-	300nF		
12-32 UNEF Class 2 Head 6 35mm A/F		100	-	200nF		
Lead Ø 0.7mm		200	-	94nF - 136nF	I Pi I	10A
		500	20pE - 1.36pE	2nF - 66nF		
SECT		50	2001 215011	680pE		
2BA		100	-	22005 47005		
Head 6.35mm A/F		200	-	220-5		10A
Lead p on min		200	- 10nE 690nE	22011F		
CEDM		500	10pi - 000pi	10-5		
M5 x 0.8 - 6g		100	-	100pF		
Head 4.75mm A/F		200	-	47nE - 68nE		10A
Lead Ø 0.7mm		500	10pE - 680pE	1nE - 33nE	Ţт	
SERM		50	-	300nF	-	
M5 x 0.8 - 6g		100		200pE		
Head 4.75mm A/F		200	-	20011 04pE 126pE	I pi I	10A
Lead Ø 0.7mm		500	20pE - 1 36pE	2nE - 66nE		
SECM	~	500	20pr - 1.50m	2111 - 00111 690pE		
M5 x 0.8 - 6g		100	-	220=5 470=5		
Head 6.35mm A/F		200	-	330IIF - 470IIF		10A
Lead Ø 0.7mm		200	- 10nE 690nE	22011F		
CELM	~	500	10pr - 660pr	10F - 1500F		
M5 x 0.8 - 6q		100	-	100-F	I C I C I	
Head Ø 6.0mm		200	-	10011		10A
Lead Ø 0.7mm		200	-	4/IIF - 00IIF	Тτ	
CTI M	~	500	10pr - 660pr	10F - 350F		
M5 x 0.8 - 6a		50	-	300nF		
Head Ø 6.0mm	R.	100	-	200nF		10A
Lead Ø 0./mm		200	-	94nF - 136nF	÷ PI ÷	
	~ ~	500	20pF - 1.36nF	2nF - 66nF		
SFTM low profile		50	-	150nF		
Head 6.35mm A/F		100	-	100nF	c ° ≓ °	10A
Lead Ø 0.7mm		200	-	47nF - 68nF	÷	
		500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF		
SFUM low profile		50	-	150nF		
Head Ø 6.0mm		100	-	100nF	c 🚽	10A
Lead Ø 0.7mm	and the second s	200	-	47nF - 68nF	÷	
	~	500	10pF - 680pF	1nF - 33nF		_
SFJE ¼-28 UNE Class 2A		50	-	3.3µF		
Head Ø 9.8mm		100	-	2.2µF		
		200	-	1µF		
		300	-	680nF		15A
		500	-	100nF - 470nF	÷ C L-C ÷	
		1000	-	15nF - 68nF		
Load Ø 1 0mm		2000	330pF - 1nF	1.5nF - 10nF		
Lead of 1.0mm		3000	100pF - 220pF	-		
SFJN M6 x 0 75 - 60		50	-	3.3µF		
Head Ø 9.8mm		100	-	2.2µF		
		200	-	1µF		
		300	-	680nF		154
		500	-	100nF - 470nF	⊥ C L-C ⊥	154
		1000	-	15nF - 68nF		
Lood (\$ 1.0mm		2000	330pF - 1nF	1.5nF - 10nF		
Lead Ø 1.0mm		3000	100pF - 220pF	-		
		5000	200pi 220pi			

Notes: 1) For inse 2) For orde 3) For asse ertion loss information see p21 ering information see p22 embly and soldering information

Resin filled panel mount EMI filters

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C-L

Typical insertion loss (dB) for panel mount EMI filters. No load. 50 Ω system

L-C С Ť C - section filters SFAAC SFABC SFAUC SFBKC SFBDC SFBDC SFBLC SFBMC SFCC SFCC SFCC SFCB SFIES SFIEC SFNK SFKKC SFLMC SFNCC SFSC SFSSC SFSTC SFSUC SFTMC SFUMC

L-C - section filters SFABL SFAJL SFAKL SFBCL SFBDL SFBLL SFBML SFCDL SFCIL SFCML SFJEL SFJML SFKBL SFKKL SFLML

Capacitance	0.01MHz	0.1MHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz
10pF						4
15pF						7
22pF						10
33pF						12
47pF					1	15
68pF					2	18
100pF					4	22
150pF					7	25
220pF					10	29
330pF					13	33
470pF				1	16	35
680pF				2	19	39
1nF				4	23	41
1.5nF				7	26	45
2.2nF				10	30	50
3.3nF				13	33	52
4.7nF			1	16	36	55
6.8nF			2	19	39	57
10nF			4	22	41	60
15nF			7	25	44	62
22nF			10	29	46	65
33nF			13	33	48	68
47nF		1	16	35	50	70
68nF		2	19	39	54	70
100nF		4	22	41	57	70
150nF		7	25	45	60	70
220nF		10	29	49	62	70
330nF		13	33	52	66	70
470nF	1	16	35	55	68	70
680nF	2	19	38	58	70	70
1µF	4	22	41	61	70	70
1.5µF	7	25	45	64	70	70
2.2µF	10	29	48	66	70	70
2 20E	14	24	52	70	70	70

Capacitance	U.UIMHZ	U.IMHZ	IMHZ	TOWHS	TOOMHS	
10pF						6
15pF						9
22pF						12
33pF					1	15
47pF					2	19
68pF					4	20
100pF					7	24
150pF					10	27
220pF					12	30
330pF				1	16	34
470pF				2	19	38
680pF				3	22	41
1nF				6	25	44
1.5nF				9	29	48
2.2nF				12	31	51
3.3nF				15	35	54
4.7nF			1	18	39	57
6.8nF			2	21	41	60
10nF			4	23	43	63
15nF			7	27	46	66
22nF			10	30	48	68
33nF			13	34	50	70
47nF		1	17	37	51	70
68nF		2	20	40	55	70
100nF		4	22	44	60	70
150nF		7	25	47	62	70
220nF		10	29	49	66	70
330nF		13	33	53	68	70
470nF	1	16	35	56	70	70
680nF	2	19	38	58	70	70
1µF	4	22	41	61	70	70
1.5µF	7	25	45	64	70	70
2.2µF	10	29	49	66	70	70
3.3µF	14	34	53	70	70	70



T - section	filters					Pi - sectio	n filters	
SFBDT	SFBM	T SF	LMT	SFAKT	SFKKT	SFBCP	SFBDP	SFE
Capacitance	0.1MHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz		Capacitano	0.1MHz	1
10pF					9	20pF		
15pF					11	30pF		
22pF				1	14	44pF		
33pF				2	18	66pF		
47pF				4	20	94pF		
68pF				6	23	136pF		
100pF				9	27	200pF		
150pF				12	30	300pF		
220pF				15	33	440pF		
330pF			1	19	36	660pF		
470pF			2	21	40	940pF		
680pF			4	24	43	1.36nF		
1nF			7	28	47	2nF		
1.5nF			10	30	50	3nF		
2.2nF			13	34	53	4.4nF		
3.3nF			17	38	57	6.6nF		
4.7nF			19	40	59	9.4nF		
6.8nF		1	23	43	63	13.6nF		
10nF		4	26	45	66	20nF		
15nF		7	29	47	68	30nF		
22nF		10	33	49	70	44nF	1	
33nF		14	36	50	70	66nF	2	
47nF	1	17	39	52	70	94nF	4	
68nF	2	20	42	57	70	136nF	8	
100nF	4	22	46	62	70	200nF	10	1
1E0.0E	7	25	40	60	70	200.05	12	

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SFBCP SFBUP SFBUP SFBUP SFBUP SFBUP SFLMP Spactame 0.1H+z 10H+z 10H+z 10H+z 10H+z 10H+z 30pF 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 30pF 0 3 1 2 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 <td< th=""><th>PI - Section</th><th>muers</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	PI - Section	muers				
Capacitance 0.1MHz 1MHz 10MHz 100HHz 1 GMz 200p 1 1 1 1 1 304pc 1 1 1 1 1 940pc 2 3 1 1 1 940pc 6 4 23 1 1 300pc 6 2 3 3 3 3000pc 1 15 5 4 0 940pf 2 20 57 6 6 9 9 4 0 3 25 65 9 9 1 15 3 1 8 3 3 3 3 3 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 15 5 4 0 3 25 65 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <	SFBCP	SFBDP	SFBLP	SFBMP	SFCDP	SFLMP
Control Contro <thcontrol< th=""> <thcontrol< th=""> <thco< td=""><td>Conneitenee</td><td>0.11414-</td><td>1 Mile</td><td>1000</td><td>10010</td><td>100</td></thco<></thcontrol<></thcontrol<>	Conneitenee	0.11414-	1 Mile	1000	10010	100
20pr 1 11 30pr 2 15 44pr 3 19 94pr 6 29 136pr 8 35 200pr 11 41 300pr 11 41 300pr 11 41 300pr 2 20 440pr 2 20 366 13 51 660pr 3 40 336r 13 51 36nr 13 51 36nr 13 51 30nr 13 51 30nr 13 51 30nr 13 51 30nr 21 64 70 30nr 4 70 70 30nr 9 40 70 70 30nr 12 44 70 70 30nr 12 44 54 70 70 <	capacitance	0.10112	IMINZ	10MH2	1000002	10H2
30pr 2 15 44pr 3 13 94pr 4 13 94pr 8 35 200pr 8 35 200pr 11 41 300pr 1 15 440pr 2 23 56 5 5 1.36ar 7 37 20pr 13 51 3nF 13 51 4.4nr 1 13 51 3.6nr 6 34 70 3.6nr 6 34 70 3.6nr 6 34 70 3.6nr 6 34 70 3.6nr 9 40 70 70 3.6nr 12 48 70 70 3.6nr 12 68 70 70 3.6nr 2 70 70 70 3.6nr 14 54 70 </td <td>20pF</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>11</td>	20pF				1	11
440pf 3 19 66pf 4 23 94pr 6 23 94pr 1 42 200pf 11 41 200pf 1 44 200pf 2 20 660pf 3 25 650pf 3 168 1.36nf 7 37 20nf 13 41 200 13 41 200 3 25 650 31 66 30nfr 7 37 70 30nfr 2 20 64 70 9.4nfr 4 27 68 70 3.6nfr 6 34 70 70 20nfr 9 40 70 70 3.6nfr 12 248 70 70 3.6nfr 2 14 54 70 70 3.6nfr 12	30pF				2	15
660pf 4 23 304pf 6 28 3000pf 1 15 50 4400pf 2 20 57 660pf 3 25 68 940pf 3 25 68 940pf 7 312 66 940pf 1 15 70 2 20 57 68 940pf 3 35 68 940pf 1 15 70 36r 13 51 70 6.64rf 2 21 64 70 306r 4 70 70 70 306rf 2 24 70 70 306rf 9 40 70 70 306rf 2 44 70 70 306rf 2 14 54 70 70 306rf 2 14 54 70 70 </td <td>44pF</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>19</td>	44pF				3	19
940pr 6 29 136pF 8 35 200pF 1 1 41 200pF 1 1 43 200pF 2 20 57 660pF 3 25 65 30nF 7 37 70 3nF 1 154 70 3chF 1 3 68 1.36nF 7 37 70 3chF 1 154 70 3chF 2 21 64 70 3chF 2 21 64 70 3chF 4 27 68 70 3chF 6 34 70 70 3chF 9 40 70 70 3chF 1 54 70 70 3chF 44 54 70 70 3chF 2 14 54 70 70 <td>66pF</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td>23</td>	66pF				4	23
136pr 8 35 200pr 11 41 300pr 1 15 50 660pr 2 20 57 660pr 3 23 66 336r 7 37 70 2off 10 44 70 36r 13 51 70 36r 13 51 70 36r 13 51 70 36r 2 164 70 36r 2 164 70 36r 2 164 70 36r 9 40 70 70 36rr 9 40 70 70 36rr 9 40 70 70 36rr 12 48 70 70 36rr 14 54 70 70 36rr 2 17 54 70 70 36rr	94pF				6	29
200pF 11 41 300pF 1 15 50 440pF 2 32 50 940pF 5 31 68 1.36nF 7 37 70 3nF 13 51 70 4.nr 1 13 51 70 4.nr 2 2 68 70 3.nF 4 27 64 70 3.nr 6 34 70 70 3.nr 9 40 70 70 3.nr 9 40 70 70 3.nr 9 40 70 70 3.nr 12 48 70 70 3.nr 2 14 54 70 70 <td>136pF</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>35</td>	136pF				8	35
300pr 1 15 50 440pr 2 20 57 660pr 3 25 65 1.36ar 70 34 50 30pr 13 51 66 3arr 70 34 70 3arr 13 51 70 3arr 11 17 59 70 9.4nr 4 22 64 70 9.4nr 4 27 68 70 3.6nr 12.44 54 70 70 3.6nr 9 40 70 70 3.6nr 12.44 54 70 70 3.6nr 14 54 70 70 3.6nr 2 15 54 70 70 3.6nr 12 44 54 70 70 70 9.4nr 4 56 67 70 70 70 70	200pF				11	41
4406pf 2 20 57 6660pf 3 25 65 940pf 7 32 66 940pf 7 32 66 940pf 7 32 66 20rf 10 444 70 3nF 13 51 70 6.6nf 2 21 64 13.3cnf 4 21 64 70 20nf 9 40 70 70 20nf 9 40 70 70 20nf 14 54 70 70 20nf 2 68 70 70 20nf 2 68 70 70 44nf 14 54 70 70 9 40 70 70 70 9 46 68 70 70 9 68 70 70 70	300pF			1	15	50
6600pr 3 25 65 940pr 5 31 68 1.36nr 7 37 70 2nr 1 44 70 37 4.4nr 1 14 400 4.4nr 5.6nr 2 21 64 70 9.4nr 4 27 68 70 3.6nr 6 34 70 70 20nr 9 40 70 70 3.6nr 12 248 70 70 3.6nr 12 48 70 70 9.4nr 1 54 70 70 3.6nr 12 48 70 70 9.4nr 1.6 54 70 70	440pF			2	20	57
940pr 1.36nr 2nr 3nr 4.4nr 5.51 3nr 4.4nr 9.4nr 1.17 9.4nr 1.17 9.4nr 1.17 9.4nr 4.4nr 1.17 1.759 70 6.6nr 2.154 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	660pF			3	25	65
1.36nf 7 37 70 2nF 10 44 70 3nF 13 51 70 4.4nf 13 51 70 9.4nf 2 21 54 70 9.4nf 4 27 68 70 70 20nf 9 40 70 70 70 30nf 12 48 70 70 70 30nf 14 54 70 70 70 90nf 12 48 70 70 70 90nf 20 68 70 70 70 90nF 14 54 70 70 70 94nf 1.6 58 70 70 70	940pF			5	31	68
2nF 10 44 70 3nF 13 51 70 4.4nF 1 17 59 70 6.6nF 2 21 64 70 9.4nF 4 27 68 70 3.6nF 6 34 70 70 2.0nF 9 40 70 70 2.0nF 12 44 70 70 3.6nF 12 44 70 70 4.0nF 14 44 70 70 4.0nF 12 44 70 70 4.0nF 14 454 70 70 4.0nF 17 63 70 70 4.0nF 17 68 70 70 4.0nF 17 68 70 70	1.36nF			7	37	70
36F 13 51 70 6.66nF 1 17 59 70 6.66nF 2 27 64 70 3.36nF 4 227 64 70 200nF 9 40 70 70 30nF 12 48 70 70 44nF 1 54 70 70 9 40 70 70 70 9 44 70 70 70 9 46 68 70 70 9 46 68 70 70 9 46 68 70 70 9 46 68 70 70	2nF			10	44	70
4.4hr 1 17 59 70 6.fnF 2 21 64 70 9.4hr 4 27 68 70 3.6hr 6 34 70 70 20hr 9 40 70 70 30hr 1 12 48 70 70 46hr 1 14 54 70 70 94hr 4 16 68 70 70	3nF			13	51	70
6.66/m 2 21 64 70 9.4nF 4 27 68 70 70 13.6nF 6 34 70 70 70 30.6nF 9 40 70 70 70 30.6nF 12 48 70 70 70 44nF 1 14 54 70 70 666nF 2 17 63 70 70 94nF 18 68 70 70 70	4.4nF		1	17	59	70
9.4nr 4 27 68 70 13.6nr 6 34 70 70 20nr 9 40 70 70 30nr 12 48 70 70 40nr 1 14 54 70 70 66nr 2 17 63 70 70 94nr 18 68 70 70	6.6nF		2	21	64	70
13.6nF 6 34 70 70 20nF 9 40 70 70 30nF 12 48 70 70 44nF 1 14 54 70 70 66nF 2 17 63 70 70 94nF 4 18 68 70 70	9.4nF		4	27	68	70
20nF 9 40 70 70 30nF 12 48 70 70 44nF 1 14 54 70 70 66nF 2 17 63 70 70 94nF 4 18 68 70 70	13.6nF		6	34	70	70
30nF 12 48 70 70 44nF 1 14 54 70 70 66nF 2 17 63 70 70 94nF 4 18 68 70 70	20nF		9	40	70	70
44nF 1 14 54 70 70 66nF 2 17 63 70 70 94nF 4 18 68 70 70	30nF		12	48	70	70
66nF 2 17 63 70 70 94nF 4 18 68 70 70	44nF	1	14	54	70	70
94nF 4 18 68 70 70	66nF	2	17	63	70	70
	94nF	4	18	68	70	70
136nF 8 25 70 70 70	136nF	8	25	70	70	70
200nF 10 27 70 70 70	200nF	10	27	70	70	70
300nF 13 30 70 70 70	300nF	13	30	70	70	70



Panel mount EMI filters - Ordering information

Ordering information

Solder-in types Note: Ordering code can have up to 4 additional digits on the end to denote special requirements.

SFS	т	С	500	0223	м	X
Туре	Case dia.	Electrical configuration	Voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielec
Solder-in panel mount filter	S = Special (no case) Contact Sales Office for full part number R = 2.8mm T = 3.25mm U = 5.6mm	C = C section	050 = 50Vdc 100 = 100Vdc 200 = 200Vdc 300 = 300Vdc 500 = 500Vdc 1K0 = 1kVdc 2K0 = 2kVdc 3K0 = 3kVdc	First digit is 0. Second and third digits are significant figures of capacitance code. The fourth digit is number of zeros following Example: 0223=22nF	M = ±20% (Standard) P = -0 +100% S = -20%+50% Z = -20%+80%	C = COG X = X

For available range details see page 18.





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lectric Nuts & washers

Inteat	ieu types nou	e: Ordening code	e can nave up to	4 duuluonai u	igits on the end t	o denote special	requirements	
SF	J	E	L.	050	0335	м	х	1
Туре	Case style * = Low Profile	Thread	Electrical configuration	Voltage ar varistar maximum continuous working voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielectric	Nuts & washers
Screw mount filter	$\begin{array}{l} A = 4mm \; A/F \\ B = 4.75mm \; A/F \\ C = 6.35mm \; A/F \\ D = 10mm \; A/F \\ J = 9.8mm \; O.D. \\ K = 4.4mm \; O.D. \\ L = 6mm \; O.D. \\ M = 6.35mm \; O.D. \\ N = 3.5mm \; O.D. \\ T = 6.35mm \; A/F \\ U = 6mm \; O.D. \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} A = 4 - 40 \ \text{UNC} \\ B = 6 - 32 \ \text{UNC} \\ C = 8 - 32 \ \text{UNC} \\ D = 12 - 32 \ \text{UNC} \\ E = 1 / 4 - 28 \ \text{UNF} \\ I = 2 B A \\ J = M3 \\ K = M3.5 \\ L = M4 \\ M = M5 \\ N = M6 \\ O = M2.5 \\ D = M6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} C = C \mbox{ section} \\ L = L\mbox{-}C \mbox{ section} \\ P = P \mbox{ section} \\ T = T \mbox{ section} \\ B = Balanced \mbox{ line} \\ filter \\ V = Varistor \mbox{ EMI} \\ filter \end{array}$	050 = 50Vdc 100 = 100Vdc 200 = 200Vdc 300 = 300Vdc 500 = 500Vdc 500 = 500Vdc 1K0 = 1kVdc 2K0 = 2kVdc 3K0 = 3kVdc	First digit is 0. Second and third digits are significant figures of capacitance code. The fourth digit is number of zeros following Example: 0335=3.3µF 13N6=13.6nF	M = ±20% (Standard) P = -0 +100% S = -20%+50% Z = -20%+80%	C = COG/NPO X = X7R M = MOV (varistor material)	0 = Withou 1 = With

For available range details see pages 19, 20, 36 & 37.



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Hermetic panel mount EMI filters

Hermetically sealed panel mount EMI filters

The SL range of ceramic based filters represents an extension to our exciting SF range of filters with the added features of hermetic construction, wound coil inductors and iron powder cores for improved high current performance.

Additionally, the range also includes a selection of filters designed and tested to meet the requirements of WE772 / DEF-STAN. 59-45/90/013.



These miniature feedthrough suppression capacitors are intended for general applications and are suitable for filtering data, signal and power lines at all voltages up to their maximum ratings.

Various case and terminal styles are featured in this range to suit a wide variety of mounting and connection requirements.

All types are hermetically sealed.

Produ	roduct range													
Carro	L	Rated	Rated	620	Series	LR.		Typic	al No Lo: (a	ad Inse s BS 629	r <mark>tion Lo</mark> 9)	ss (dB)		lircuit
style	(inches)	A	Vdc	Min.	Max. Ω	MΩ.	30KHz	150KHz	300KHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz	
	13.5	15	80	2.8µF	0.002	200	20	34	40	50	65	-	70	
	10.1	15	80	1.4µF	0.002	350	15	28	34	45	60	-	70	
	13.5	15	100	1.5µF	0.002	350	16	29	35	46	60	-	70	
	10.1	15	100	750nF	0.002	500	10	24	30	40	52	-	60	
	13.5	15	150	660nF	0.002	500	8	22	28	38	50	-	60	
CI C	10.1	15	150	330nF	0.002	500	4	17	22	32	50	-	60	
313	13.5	15	200	400nF	0.002	500	5	18	24	34	50	-	60	
	10.1	15	200	200nF	0.002	500	-	13	18	28	46	-	60	
	13.5	15	300	200nF	0.002	500	-	13	18	28	46	-	60	
	10.1	15	300	100nF	0.002	500	-	8	12	21	40	-	60	-
	13.5	15	450	44nF	0.002	500	-	-	5	12	32	38	50	-
	10.1	15	450	22nF	0.002	500	-	-	-	8	27	35	50	
SIT	17.1	15	300	350nF	0.002	100	-	15	20	30	50	70	70	
521	17.1	15	300	700nF	0.002	100	10	24	30	40	60	70	70	
		15	50	400nF	0.001	100	-	15	20	30	50	70	70	
SLR	12.3	15	100	600nF	0.001	100	-	20	25	40	60	70	70	
		15	300	200nF	0.001	100	-	10	15	25	45	65	70	
51.0	12.25	15	100	600nF	0.002	100	-	20	25	40	60	70	70	
310	12.25	15	300	200nF	0.002	100	-	10	15	25	45	65	70	
SLA	13.0	15	100	600nF	0.002	1000	-	20	25	40	60	70	70	
SLA	13.0	15	300	200nF	0.002	1000	-	10	15	25	45	65	70	

Notes: 1) For ordering information see page 27. 2) For mounting details see page 10. 3) For case dimensions see page 11.



Typical performance in a 50Ω system



Hermetic panel mount EMI filters

This range of feedthrough suppression filters is suitable for power lines and signal lines. These filters feature an identical case diameter across a series of current and voltage ratings.

The L-C or C-L circuit configuration of these filters will give optimum performance where the capacitor faces a high impedance and the inductor faces a low impedance.

Product range

		L	Rated	Rated		Series	I.R.		Туріса	il No Lo (a	ad Inser s BS 629	tion Lo 9)	ss (dB)		Circuit
	Case style	mm (inches)	A Current	Voltage Vdc	Cap Min	Resist Max Ω	Min MΩ	30KHz	100KHz	150KHz	300KHz	1MHz	10MHz	1GHz	
		18.8	15	80	2.8µF	0.002	200	20	30	34	40	50	60	70	
			0.5	80	1.4µF	0.6	350	17	35	42	54	70	70	70	
			1	80	1.4µF	0.25	350	15	28	34	45	65	70	70	
		18.8	3	80	1.4µF	0.06	350	15	26	29	35	51	70	70	
			5	80	1.4µF	0.015	350	15	25	28	34	45	70	70	
			10	80	1.4µF	0.005	350	15	25	28	34	44	65	70	
		13.5	15	80	1.4µF	0.002	350	15	25	28	34	44	60	70	
			0.5	100	750nF	0.6	500	13	29	37	48	66	70	70	
			1	100	750nF	0.25	500	10	22	29	39	56	70	70	
		18.8	3	100	750nF	0.06	500	10	20	24	30	45	70	70	
			5	100	750nF	0.015	500	10	20	23	29	39	68	70	
			10	100	750nF	0.005	500	10	19	23	28	38	58	70	
		13.5	15	100	750nF	0.002	500	10	19	23	28	38	50	70	
			0.5	150	600nF	0.6	500	12	29	36	48	65	70	70	
			1	150	600nF	0.25	500	10	23	28	38	59	70	70	
		18.8	3	150	600nF	0.06	500	9	20	24	30	45	70	70	- Ţ
			5	150	600nF	0.015	500	8	15	21	27	39	67	70	L-C
		12.5	10	150	600nF	0.005	500	6	12	18	22	33	54	70	
	SLS	13.5	15	150	600nF	0.002	500	6	12	18	22	33	52	70	
			0.5	150	330nF	0.6	500	6	24	30	42	62	70	70	÷
			1	150	330nF	0.25	500	4	16	22	32	52	70	70	C-L
		18.8	3	150	330nF	0.06	500	1.1	13	17	22	38	68	70	
			5	150	330nF	0.015	500		13	16	20	33	62	70	
			10	150	330nF	0.005	500		12	16	20	31	51	70	
		13.5	15	150	330nF	0.002	500		12	16	20	31	50	70	
			0.5	200	200nF	0.6	500		18	25	38	58	70	70	
			1	200	200nF	0.25	500		12	19	29	48	70	70	
		18.8	3	200	200nF	0.06	500		9	13	17	33	65	70	
			5	200	200nF	0.015	500		9	13	17	28	61	70	
			10	200	200nF	0.005	500		9	13	17	27	48	70	
		13.5	15	200	200nF	0.002	500	-	9	13	17	27	45	70	
			0.5	300	100nF	0.6	500	1	12	20	32	52	70	70	
			1	300	100nF	0.25	500		6	11	22	42	70	70	
		18.8	3	300	100nF	0.06	500		5	7	14	30	65	70	
			5	300	100nF	0.015	500		4	7	12	24	56	/0	
			10	300	100nF	0.005	500			7	12	22	45	/0	
					the second se								-0		

Notes: 1) For ordering information see page 27. 2) For mounting details see page 10. 3) For case dimensions see page 11.

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	-20	Ц				1	1		Щ	Щ		+	Ш			Щ	Ш	
8	-30	Ц		N		Щ	Ш		Ц	Щ		4	Щ			Щ	Ш	
8	-40	Ц							Ц	n			Ш			Ш	Ш	
ŝ	-50						m			Ш			Ц				Ш	
15 GT	-60								Π	н			П	h				
8	70								Π				н			Н		I.
Ę.	-70		100	JnF,	154	9			Π	Ш		Т	Π			Π	Ш	T
	-80		2.8	lμF,	154	9			Π	III		T	Π			Ħ	III	1
	-90	H				₩			Ħ	Ħ		t	Ħ		F	Ħ	iii	
	1	Ok		10	0k		1	м		1	101	1		10	ом			1G
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ype	es a	re	he	rm	eti	ica	lly	se	eal	leo	1 8	and	4 1	٦a	ve	sp	ba	de
			•															

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Typical performance in a 50Ω system



All ty terminations for easy connection.

0	ad Insei	rtion Lo	ss (dB)		
a	s BS 629	9)			Circuit
					Connguration
	JUUKHZ	1MH2	TOMHZ	1GH2	
	40	50	60	70	
	54	70	70	70	
	45	65	70	70	
	25	51	70	70	
	33	31	70	70	
	34	45	70	70	
	34	44	05	70	
	34	44	60	70	
	48	66	70	70	
	39	56	70	70	
	30	45	70	70	
	29	39	68	70	
	28	38	58	70	
	28	38	50	70	
	48	65	70	70	
	38	59	70	70	
	20	45	70	70	
	30	-75	67	70	1-0
	2/	39	6/	70	2.0
	22	33	54	70	
	22	33	52	70	
	42	62	70	70	÷
	32	52	70	70	C-L
	22	38	68	70	
	20	33	62	70	
	20	31	51	70	
	20	31	50	70	
	38	58	70	70	
	29	48	70	70	
	17	22	65	70	
	1/	33	05	70	
	1/	28	61	70	
	17	27	48	/0	
	17	27	45	70	
	32	52	70	70	
	22	42	70	70	
	14	30	65	70	
ĺ	12	24	56	70	
	_	_	_	_	



The range of Pi circuit feedthrough filters is suitable for power lines and signal lines. These filters feature a series of current and voltage ratings in each case style. The Pi circuit configuration of these filters will give optimum performance where the threaded end (capacitor) and the unthreaded end each face a high impedance.

All types are hermetically sealed.

Product range

Hermetic panel mount EMI filters



	L.	Rated	Rated		Series	I.R.	Typical No Load Insertion Loss (dB) (as BS 6299)					Circuit		
Case style	mm (inches)	Current A	Voltage Vdc	Cap Min	Resist Max Ω	Min MΩ	30KHz	150KHz	300KHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz	comgututo
		0.5	80	2.8µF	0.6	200	34	78	80	80	80	80	80	
		1	80	2.8µF	0.25	200	22	68	80	80	80	80	80	
		3	80	2.8µF	0.06	200	-	50	70	80	80	80	80	
		5	80	2.8µF	0.015	200	-	36	60	80	80	80	80	
		8	80	2.8µF	0.005	200	-	-	42	78	80	80	80	
		10	80	2.8µF	0.005	200	21	34	40	50	70	-	80	
		0.5	100	1.4µF	0.6	350	23	65	80	80	80	80	80	
		1	100	1.4µF	0.25	350	-	55	75	80	80	80	80	
		3	100	1.4µF	0.06	350	-	40	58	80	80	80	80	
		5	100	1.4µF	0.015	350	-	-	50	80	80	80	80	
		8	100	1.4µF	0.005	350	-	-	18	68	80	80	80	
		10	100	1.4µF	0.005	350	15	27	34	44	62	-	80	
		0.5	150	660nF	0.6	500	5	52	69	80	80	80	80	
		1	150	660nF	0.25	500	-	42	60	80	80	80	80	
		3	150	660nF	0.06	500	-	22	43	78	80	80	80	
		5	150	660nF	0.015	500	-	-	28	65	80	80	80	
		8	150	660nF	0.005	500	-	-	-	53	80	80	80	
SIS	20.4	10	150	660nF	0.005	500	8	20	27	38	58	80	80	
020		0.5	200	400nF	0.6	500	-	42	62	80	80	80	80	
		1	200	400nF	0.25	500	-	34	52	80	80	80	80	-
		3	200	400nF	0.06	500	-	-	34	68	80	80	80	T
		5	200	400nF	0.015	500	-	-	18	58	80	80	80	
		8	200	400nF	0.005	500	-	-	-	44	80	80	80	PI
		10	200	400nF	0.005	500	4	16	24	34	52	-	80	
		0.5	300	200nF	0.6	500	-	32	50	80	80	80	80	
		1	300	200nF	0.25	500	-	15	40	70	80	80	80	
		3	300	200nF	0.06	500	-	-	12	54	80	80	80	
		5	300	200nF	0.015	500	-	-	-	45	80	80	80	
		8	300	200nF	0.005	500	-	-	-	28	80	80	80	
		10	300	200nF	0.005	500	-	12	18	28	45	-	80	
		0.5	450	44nF	0.6	500	-	15	25	54	80	80	80	
		1	450	44nF	0.25	500	-	-	13	45	80	80	80	
		3	450	44nF	0.06	500	-	-	-	27	80	80	80	
		5	450	44nF	0.015	500	-	-	-	10	75	78	80	
		8	450	44nF	0.005	500	-	-	-	-	65	75	80	
		10	450	44nF	0.005	500	-	-	5	14	34	50	80	
		1	350	20nF	0.4	1000	11	27	36	62	80	80	80	
SLO	18.8	5	350	13nF	0.1	1000	4	9	16	39	80	80	80	
		15	200	40nF	0.001	1000	-	-	-	15	60	80	80	
SLT	30	2	100	400nF	0.25	750	16	58	76	80	80	80	80	
		4	100	400nF	0.15	750	4	49	68	80	80	80	80	
	21.5	5	80	350nF	0.1	1000	11	58	76	80	80	80	80	
SLP	22.0	10	80	800nF	0.01	500	-	15	25	60	80	80	80	
	21.6	10	350	20nF	0.05	1000		-	11	37	80	80	80	
Notes: 1) For order	ina informa	tion see nam	9 27										

For ordering information see page
 For mounting details see page 10.
 For case dimensions see page 11.

Hermetic panel mount EMI filters

Introduction to WE772

Specification WE772 was originally prepared by the Royal Aircraft Establishment (RAE) and the Atomic Weapons Research Establishment (AWRE) to define a range of filters for use in aircraft equipment and missile applications.

This specification is also known as DEF. STAN. 59-45 / 90 / 013. although never issued as such.



These filters are particularly designed to suit the I hese hiters are particularly designed to suit the exacting requirements for protection of military and aerospace equipment, such as explosive devices, missiles and flight control systems. They will also be suitable for other rigorous applications and may meet the requirements of other military and aerospace reconficienties. specifications.

In line with the original requirements of the specification, these filters are also available with a 4.7MQ shunt resistor filter in parallel to the capacitive element to prevent static charge and to ensure safe discharge of the capacitor. See ordering details for information on how to specify this feature.



Typical performance in a 50Ω system

Circuit configurations



Shunt resistor (4.7MΩ) is optional

WE772 Product range

	*L	Rated	Rated		Series	I.R.	Minimum No Load Insertion Loss (dB) -55°C to +125°C (as BS 6299)						Circuit Configuration	
Case style	Max mm	Current A	Voltage Vdc	Cap Min	Resist Max Ω	Min MΩ	30KHz	150KHz	300KHz	1MHz	10MHz	100MHz	1GHz	conngulation
		1	100	15nF	0.4	1000	10	26	35	55	70	70	70	
		5	100	15nF	0.1	1000	1.0	10	18	39	70	70	70	L-C
		1	100	100nF	0.4	1000	13	38	51	70	70	70	70	
		5	100	100nF	0.1	1000		24	36	57	70	70	70	
		1	100	20nF	0.4	100	11	27	37	57	70	70	70	
SLO	18.8	0.3	100	200nF	5.2	100	17	46	56	70	70	70	70	
		0.45	100	200nF	2.5	1000	17	42	56	70	70	70	70	
		1	100	200nF	0.4	1000	15	40	55	70	70	70	70	
		5	100	200nF	0.1	100	1.0	25	40	60	70	70	70	
		0.3	100	40nF	5.2	1000	13	32	46	75	80	80	80	
		0.45	100	40nF	2.5	1000	13	32	46	75	80	80	80	
		1	100	40nF	0.4	1000	11	30	44	74	80	80	80	
		0.3	100	200nF	5.2	1000	12	50	65	80	80	80	80	- I m I
		0.45	100	200nF	2.5	1000	12	50	65	80	80	80	80	Pi
		1	100	200nF	0.4	1000	10	45	65	80	80	80	80	
		5	100	200nF	0.02	1000	-	20	40	70	80	80	80	
SID	21.6	5	100	200nF	0.1	1000	1.5	34	52	80	80	80	80	
SLP	21.0	10	100	400nF	0.015	1000		15	40	70	80	80	80	

For ordering information see page 27.
 For mounting details see page 10.
 For case dimensions see page 11.

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Hermetic panel mount EMI filters - Technical Notes and ordering information

Resistor Certain filters are also available with a 4.7MQ shunt resistor fitted in parallel to the capacitive element to prevent static charge and to ensure safe discharge of the capacitor. Please contact the factory to discuss your requirements. Typical circuit configurations

Construction The hermetically sealed screw-in panel mount EMI SL range filters feature bright tin plated steel bodies and bright tin plated copper alloy conductors. In all cases the capacitive element is a low ESR high performance discoidal ceramic multilayer device. All parts are hermetically sealed to provide environmental protection to the internal elements with zero outgassing. The filters are 100% tested for sealing performance during manufacture.

manufacture. Filters with case style SLS and fitted with inductors (L-C, CL, Pi or T configurations) are fitted with wound coil or iron powder core inductors dependant on current flow. These inductors offer maximum performance with minimal degradation of insertion loss due to through currents. All other filters incorporting inductors are fitted with conventional ferrite beads and are primarily intended for signal lines. They will carry current to the maximum rated value, but will provide reduced performance at maximum rated calue.

Plating Finish

Construction

All the hermetically sealed EMI filters are plated with bright tin after assembly. The internal surfaces are copper plated to prevent whisker growth inside the filter assembly. Alternative plating finishes (eg nickel / silver / gold / SnPb) are available - please contact the factory to discuss your requirements.

Voltage Rating

The quoted voltage rating is the maximum dc voltage up to 125°C. Voltage spikes can have a significant effect on the reliability of the filter, and must be taken into account if anticipated. If in doubt, please contact the factory.

anticipates. If in double, please contact the reactory, As a general guidoue, please contact the reactory. As a general guidoue, the voltage derating ratio of 4:1 - ie a 400Vdc rated filters is suitable for operation at 100vac. However, heating effect and power dissipation (frequency and capacitance dependant) must also be taken into account -please contact the factory to discuss any specific application.

Current Rating All current ratings quoted are maximum continuous operating currents for temperatures up to 105°C. Between 105°C and 125°C the current rating must be de-rated linearly from 100% quoted maximum to 60% quoted maximum. Allowance must be made for any anticipated surge currents.

Filter Circuits

Fitter Circuits (C, L-C, C-L and Pi fitter configurations are available as standard. T fitter and multi-element (eg L-C-L-C-L) configurations are available upon request. Please contact the factory for more information.

Ordering information

SLA	J	С	300	0204	Р	x	1				
Case style	Rated Current (A)	Electrical configuration	Voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielectric	Class				
SLA SLO SLP SLR SLS SLT	$\begin{array}{l} A = 0.3 \\ B = 0.45 \\ C = 0.5 \\ D = 1 \\ E = 3 \\ F = 5 \\ G = 8 \\ H = 10 \\ J = 15 \\ K = 20 \end{array}$	$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} C = C \text{ section} \\ L = L\text{-}C \text{ section} \\ H = C\text{-}L \text{ section} \\ P = Pi \text{ section} \end{array}$	Section 080 + 80V/cc First digit is 0. Second and P = -0 + 100% C = C0C/NP0 Cection 100 - 100/vc third digs are significant (Standard) X = X7R X 1-section 150 - 100/vc third digs are significant Other tolerances may be available. 300 = 300V/cc number of zeros following Examples: Differe to be available. Please refer to L 0151 = 155% 0.55 = 15.57 0.254 = 200-F 0.264 = 200-F 0.265 = 2.8yF 4								
	L = 32 M = 63 N = 100 P = 2 Q = 4	Notes: On All Se Fo Fo Fo	Notes: Ordering code can have up to 4 additional digits on the end to denote special requirements: All suggide with nucls and wateries. See page 11 for case styles. For more information on MPZ72 specification filters see page 26. For more information on 4M7 resistor option see technical notes above. For available range dealts are pages 27.5.								

Shunt resistor (4.7MΩ) is optional _____

Pi



ectric Material

All filters in the hermetically sealed range utilise stable X7R dielectric to achieve the optimum balance of stability and high capacitance. Low capacitance ultra stable COG/NPO parts are also available.

also available. Also available are variants incorporating MOV dielectric materials to provide the dual role of filtering and bi-directional champion. This material is available in all variants, but is especially suited to Pi filter configuration, where it can be combined with a conventional high capacitance ceramic disc to provide improved filtering performance. As a general guideline, Syfer can supply varistor filters to a maximum clamping voltage of 100V.

Custom Specials

In line with our existing business, Syfer welcomes enquiries In the with our existing business, syler welcomes enquines for custom design filters. We are happy to consider modifications both electrical and mechanical. Please contact the factory with your specific requirement.

Safety

Care should be taken not to exceed the maximum rated voltage and current for the filter.

votage and current for the filter. All the filters in this catalogue are designed to operate at high currents / high voltages and may be fitted with high capacitances resulting in a potential electric shock hazard. Electrical energy may be stored for some time after switch off — do not handle filters without first discharging and / or checking that the stored voltage is at a low level.

EMI Power Filters - 10A - SLQ & SLU Range

Description

A range of miniature dc and ac feedthrough capacitors rated at 10A. Capacitance values from 1.3nF to 1.5µF. Rated voltages from 30Vdc to 600Vdc and 250Vac. RoHS compliant.



Ratings and characteristics

Rated Current, I_e 110A @ 50°C Insulation Resistance >100MΩ dc Resistance <2mΩ Operating Temperature Range -55°C to +85°C ¹Current derating between 50°C and 85°C For temperature θ , $I_{\theta} = I_{g} - \sqrt{(85-\theta)/35}$

Product range

EMI Power filters introduction

EMI Power filters are designed for applications where currents up to several hundred amps are required.

Utilising plastic film technology the range includes high ac and dc working voltage options along with parts designed and tested to meet the rigorous demands of EN132400/EN60950 safety specifications.

Typical applications include: IT servers, telecoms base stations, MRI room equipment, power supplies, radar and military vehicles. Filters designed and tested to meet EN132400/EN60950 class Y2 and Y4 requirements are intended for use on mains supply systems or lower voltage lines where safety is important.





600Vdc are dual rated at 250Vac. Order as a 600Vdc part.

Case style - Dimensions - mm (inches) M2 terminals Ns" x 28 UNF - 2A M2 solder tag each end Resin fill 18 (0.708) 13 (0.5) max. max. 09 (0.35) max. 38 (1.5) max.

SLQ - Thread ¼" x 28 UNF - 2A SLU - Thread M6x 75 - 6g

Mechanical details

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Mounting hardware	8 A/F fixing nut and crinkle washer
Terminals & Case	Nickel plated brass
Weight	5g
Maximum torque:	Terminals - 0.2Nm (1.77lbf in) (use 2 spanners) Mounting thread - 1Nm (8.85lbf in)

Insertion Loss



Notes: 1) Please refer to page 34 for ordering information and mounting details. This range available as multiway assemblies for cost and space saving. Please refer to page 35.

EMI Power Filters - 20A - SLE Range

120A @ 50°C

<1mΩ

en 50°C and 85°C

>100MΩ

-55°C to +85°C

Ratings and characteristics

¹Current derating between 50°C and 85° For temperature θ , $I_{\theta} = I_{\pi} \sqrt{(85-\theta)/35}$

Rated Current, I_R

Insulation Resistance

Temperature Range

dc Resistance

Description

A range of miniature dc feedthrough capacitors rated at 20A. Capacitance values from 5nF to 12µF. Rated voltages from 30Vdc to 600Vdc and 250Vac. RoHS compliant.



Product range

	Constitution	Restord		Max. Leakage			ту	pical Ir in S	i <mark>sertion</mark> 50 Ω syst	t <mark>Loss</mark> (tem	dB)			Circuit		
Case style	Value (±20%)	Capacitance Value (±20%)	Value (±20%)	Voltage Vdc	Voltage Vdc	(mA) @ 250V 50Hz	10 kHz	30 kHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	1 MHz	10 MHz	100 MHz	300 MHz	1 GHz	Configuration
	5nF	²600	2250	0.5	-	-	-	-	2	17	37	47	57			
	10nF	² 600	2250	1	-	-	-	1	6	24	44	54	64			
	20nF	² 600	2250	1.9	-	-	-	3	10	30	46	60	70			
	50nF	²600	2250	4.7	-	-	-	8	18	38	58	68	78			
	80nF	² 600	2250	7.5	-	-	-	12	22	42	62	72	82			
	100nF	²600	1250	9.4	-	-	-	14	24	44	70	74	84			
	200nF	² 600	1250	19	-		-	20	30	50	74	80	90	Ļ		
SLE	300nF	²600	1250	28	-	-	-	24	34	50	74	84	90	c		
	800nF	400	800	-	4	12	22	32	42	51	82		90	č		
	1µF	250	500	-	5	14	24	34	44	52	84	-	90			
	2µF	160	320	-	10	20	30	40	50	58	90	90	90			
	4µF	100	200	-	16	26	36	46	56	70	90	90	90			
	5µF	80	160	-	18	28	38	48	58	74	90	90	90			
	7μF	63	126	-	21	31	41	51	60	79	90	90	90			
	12µF	30	60	-	26	36	46	56	62	86	90	90	90			
2600Vdc	are dual rated	at 250Vac. (Order as a l	500Vdc part.												



Mechanical details

Mounting hardware	19 A/F fixing nut and crinkle washer
Terminals & Case	Nickel plated brass
Weight	25g
Maximum torque:	Terminals - 0.5Nm (4.42lbf in) (use 2 spanners) Mounting thread - 7Nm (61.96lbf in)





Frequency (Hz)

29

Notes: 1) Please refer to page 34 for ordering information and mounting details. This range available as multiway assemblies for cost and space saving. Please refer to page 35.

EMI Power Filters - 100A - SLM Range

Description

A range of dc and ac feedthrough capacitors rated at 100A. Capacitance values from 0.1 μ F to 12 μ F. Rated voltages from 30Vdc to 600Vdc and 250Vac. RoHS compliant.



¹Current derating between 50°C and 85°C For temperature θ , $I_{\theta} = I_{R}\sqrt{(85-\theta)/35}$

Ratings and characteristics

1100A @ 50°C

-55°C to +85°C

>100MΩ

<0.5mΩ

Rated Current, I_R

Insulation Resistance

Temperature Range

dc Resistance



	_													
				Max. Leakage			Typic in 5	<mark>al Inser</mark> 0 Ω syst	tion Lo em with	ss (dB) load			Circuit	
Case style	Capacitance Value (±20%)	Value (±20%)	Voltage Vdc	Voltage Vdc	(mA) @ 250V 50Hz	10 kHz	30 kHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	1 MHz	10 MHz	100 MHz	1 GHz	Configuration
	100nF	² 600	2250	9.4	-		5	14	24	44	70	84		
	200nF	²600	2250	19	-		10	20	30	50	74	90		
	250nF	² 600	2250	24	-	-	12	22	32	50	74	90		
	500nF	² 600	1250	47	-	-	18	28	38	50	78	90		
	1µF	² 600	1250	94	-	-	24	34	44	52	84	90		
	2μF	400	800	-	10	20	30	40	50	58	90	90	Ţ	
SLM	4µF	250	500	-	16	26	36	46	56	70	90	90	С	
	6µF	160	320	-	20	30	40	50	60	77	90	90		
	14µF	100	200	-	27	37	47	57	63	87	90	90		
	18µF	80	160	-	29	39	49	59	66	90	90	90		
	25µF	63	126	-	32	42	52	62	66	90	90	90		
	40uF	30	60		36	46	56	66	66	90	90	90		

Wdc are dual rated at 250Vac. Order as a 600Vdc part. Case style SLM - Dimensions - mm (inches)



Mechanical details

30

Mounting hardware	30 A/F fixing nut and crinkle washer
Terminals & Case	Nickel plated brass
Weight	120g
Maximum torque:	Terminals - 2.5Nm (22.13lbf in) use 2 spanners

um	Terminals -
:	2.5Nm (22.13lbf in) use 2 spanners
	Mounting thread - 14Nm (123.9lbf in)

(fg) -20 -40					
-40	ĝ -2	0			
) sso				
	-4 0	0			
a -60	-6	0	245	\sim	

Insertion Loss

0

-80 40µF -100

10k

100k 1M 10M Frequency (Hz) 100M 1G

Notes: 1) Please refer to page 34 for ordering information and mounting details.

This range available as multiway assemblies for cost and space saving. Please refer to page 35.

EMI Power Filters - Class Y2 and Y4

Class Y2 and Y4 introduction

Class 12 and 14 high current feedthrough filters are designed and tested to meet or exceed the stringent test requirements of EN132400 and EN60950 including the 5000V DWY and 5000V peak puble testing (Y2) or 2500V DWV and 2500V peak puble testing (Y4).

This makes these filters particularly suitable for all high performance applications demanding high reliability coupled with very good high frequency insertion loss performance, such as servers, IT witches and telecoms base stations. This range is fully RoHS compliant and available in 'C' and 'P' configuration as standard, with other configurations available on request.

C Filter ----

Y2 Ratings and characteristics

Rated voltage	250Vac 50/60 Hz
Test voltage	5000Vdc 2 seconds
Capacitor class (EN132400)	Y2
Rated current	10A to 100A
Pulse test (EN132400)	5000V peak
Insulation resistance: (within 1 minute)	C < 0.33 μ F, R > 15000M Ω C > 0.33 μ F, RC > 5000s (M $\Omega\mu$ F)
dc resistance	≼ 6mΩ
Temperature range	-40°C to +85°C
Insulating materials flammability rating	UL94 V-0

130Vac 50/60 Hz (Also 130Vdc)

2500V peak C < 0.33μF, R > 15000MΩ C > 0.33μF, RC > 5000s (MΩμF)

2500Vdc 2 seconds

Y4

10A to 100A

≼ 6mΩ

-40°C to +85°C UL94 V-0

Y4 Ratings and characteristics





Frequency (Hz)



Mechanical details

Rated voltage

Capacitor class (EN132400)

Pulse test (EN132400) Insulation resistance: (within 1 minute)

Test voltage

Rated current

dc resistance

Temperature range

Insulating materials flammability rating

Mounting hardware	Fixing nuts and crinkle washers supplied
Terminals & Case	Nickel plated brass
Maximum torque: (Mounting thread)	M10 - 3Nm (26.55lbf in), M12 - 4Nm (35.4lbf in), M16 - 7Nm (61.69lbf in), M20 - 10Nm (88.51lbf in), M24 - 14Nm (123.9lbf in)
Maximum torque: (Terminals) Use 2 spanners	M3 - 0.5Nm (4.43lbf in), M4 - 1.2Nm (10.62lbf in), M6 - 2.5Nm (22.13lbf in), M8 - 5Nm (44.25lbf in)

Note: Please refer to page 34 for ordering information and mounting details.

EMI Power Filters - Class Y4 - 130Vac/130Vdc (A13)



rodu	ct range												
	*Current Rating	Capacitance				Туріса	al Inser in 50Ω	tion Los system	ss (dB)				ircuit guration
Туре	I ₂ (A) @60°C	Value (±20%)	Inductance (nH)	10 kHz	30 kHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	1 MHz	10 MHz	100 MHz	1 GHz	Dimensions	Confi
SLB	10	10nF	-	-	-	-	-	3	21	45	70	$\begin{array}{l} A = 57mm \\ B = 10mm \\ C = 13mm \\ D = 15mm \\ E = 16mm \\ L = 18mm \\ S = M3 \\ T = M10 \times 1 \end{array}$	с
SLC	10	20nF	70	-	-	2	4	10	23	65	100	$\begin{array}{l} A = 90mm \\ B = 12mm \\ C = 17mm \\ D = 20mm \\ E = 16mm \\ L = 49mm \\ S = M3 \\ T = M12 \times 1 \end{array}$	Pi
		10nF		-	-	-	-	3	21	45	70	A = 63 to 98mm	
		47nF		-	-	2	6	15	34	50	90	C = 17mm D = 20mm	с
SLD	32	100nF	-	-	2	5	11	20	40	65	90	E = 18mm L = 18 to 53mm	
		20nF	70	-	-	2	4	10	23	65	100	S = M4 T = M12 x 1	Pi
		10nF		-	-	-	-	3	21	45	70	A = 96 to 160mm	
81.0		47nF		-	-	2	6	15	34	50	90	C = 22mm D = 25mm	с
SLG	63	100nF	-	-	2	5	11	20	40	65	90	E = 26mm L = 30 to 94mm	
		200nF	80	2	4	10	18	27	62	95	100	S = M6 T = M16 x 1	Pi
SLH	32	470nF	-	6	9	15	22	33	33	90	90		с
SLJ	63	470nF	-	6	9	15	22	33	33	90	90	$\begin{array}{l} A = 101 mm \\ B = 16 mm \\ C = 27 mm \\ D = 32 mm \\ E = 26 mm \\ L = 33 mm \\ S = M6 \\ T = M20 \times 1 \end{array}$	c
		47nF		-	-	2	6	15	34	50	90	A = 113 to 184mm	
	100	100nF		-	2	5	11	20	40	65	90	C = 27mm D = 32mm	с
SLK	100	470nF		6	9	15	22	33	33	90	90	E = 32mm L = 33 to 104mm	
		940nF	90	7	14	23	30	32	70	100	100	S = M8 T = M20 x 1	Pi
SLL	100	1µF	-	10	15	24	32	42	50	90	90	$\begin{array}{l} A = 133mm \\ B = 19mm \\ C = 27mm \\ D = 38mm \\ E = 32mm \\ L = 50mm \\ S = M8 \\ T = M24 \times 1 \end{array}$	с

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*Current derating between 60°C and 85°C: For temperature $\theta, I_{a} = I_{a} \sqrt{85 - \theta/25}$ Note: Please refer to page 34 for ordering information and mounting details.

EMI Power Filters - Class Y2 - 250Vac (A25)

Prod	uct range				er	-0		L	A		E Pi Filt	er		
	*Current Rating	Canacitance		Max. Leakage Current		T	Typical	Inser in 50Ω	tion Lo system	oss (dE	3)			ircuit iguration
Case style	I _R (A) @60°C	Value (±20%)	Inductance (nH)	(mA) @ 250V 50Hz	10 kHz	30 kHz	100 kHz	300 kHz	1 MHz	10 MHz	100 MHz	1 GHz	Dimensions	Config
		2.2nF	-	0.21	-	-	-	-	-	8	38	45	A = 57mm B = 10mm C = 13mm D = 15mm	
SLB	10	4.7nF	-	0.44	-	-	-	-	-	14	43	60	E = 16mm L = 18mm S = M3 T = M10 x 1	U
SLC	10	9.4nF	70	0.9	-	-	-	-	4	18	80	100	$\begin{array}{l} A = 98mm \\ B = 12mm \\ C = 17mm \\ D = 20mm \\ E = 16mm \\ L = 57mm \\ S = M3 \\ T = M12 \times 1 \end{array}$	Pi
		4.7nF	-	0.44	-	-	-	-	-	14	43	60	A = 63 to 106mm	
SLD	32	10nF	-	0.94	-	-	-	-	3	21	45	70	B = 12mm C = 17mm D = 20mm	с
		47nF	-	4.4	-	-	2	6	15	34	50	90	E = 18mm L = 18 to 61mm	
		20nF	70	1.9	-	-	2	4	10	22	65	100	S = M4 T = M12 x 1	Pi
SLF	32	100nF		9.4	-	2	5	11	20	40	65	90	$\begin{array}{l} A = 77mm \\ B = 14mm \\ C = 22mm \\ D = 25mm \\ E = 18mm \\ L = 30mm \\ S = M4 \\ T = M16 \times 1 \end{array}$	с
		10nF	-	0.94	-	-	-	-	3	21	45	70	A = 96 to 160mm	
51.0	62	47nF	-	4.4	-	-	2	6	15	34	50	90	B = 14mm C = 22mm D = 25mm	с
310	05	100nF	-	9.4	-	2	5	11	20	40	65	90	E = 26mm L = 30 to 94mm	
		94nF	80	8.9	-	-	6	11	21	50	85	100	S = M6 T = M16 x 1	Pi
		47nF	-	4.4		-	2	6	15	34	50	90	A = 113 to 184mm B = 16mm	с
SLK	100	100nF	-	9.4	-	2	5	11	20	40	65	90	C = 27mm D = 32mm E = 32mm L = 33 to 104mm	
		200nF	90	19	-	2	10	18	27	60	100	100	S = M8 T = M20 x 1	Pi
SLL	100	470nF	-	44	6	9	16	22	33	33	90	90	$\begin{array}{l} A = 133mm \\ B = 19mm \\ C = 27mm \\ D = 38mm \\ E = 32mm \\ L = 50mm \\ S = M8 \\ T = M24 \times 1 \end{array}$	с

*Current derating between 60°C and 85°C: For temperature 9, I_g = I_g $\sqrt{(85-\theta)/25}$ Note: Please refer to page 34 for ordering information and mounting details.

Background to Power Filters

Feedthrough filters offer high insertion loss performance from kHz to GHz and high feedthrough currents to 100A+.

high feedfrough currents to 100A+. Stable, self-healing placts: film capacitors offering very low series inductance and very high self resonant frequency and through bulkhead mounting gives them a defined performance advantage over bacad level or discrete component filtering with traditional 2 terminal capacitors. "Circuit filters (also shown as feedfruid), advantage very bacad level or discrete purpose performance at low cost. Improved performance and sharper cul-off (e.g. L-C or Tilters) are also available for low or mematched source and load impedances – please refer to the factory. Typical applications include power input lies on TI servers and telephone base stations or high performance power supplies.

Construction

Construction
All Systems in this calalogue are manufactured using self-healing
polystest film would capacitors and incorporte a non-solved constraints
of maximum reliability.
Hatis: film capacitors are used as standard and offer the best mix of
performance and temperature range, allowing high volumetric capacitors
of the self-time capacity and the self-time capacity and

Mounting

These BHI Power filters and capacitors are designed to be mounted in a bubliead or partition wall to achieve maximum high frequency filtering performance through exploitation of the Faraday cage effect. Filtering performal using discrete components to board level will generally offer a lower level of filtering performance as high frequency signals radiate over and around the filter. unting the filters, take care not exceed the maximum mounting

Ordering information SL Cas styl SLE SLC SLE SLF SLF SLS SLF

externipro	, or a criting in	ionnacioni i	_ rearing c				
SLG	М	P	A25	0943	м	1	Y
Case style	Rated current (A)	Electrical configuration	Voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielectric	Class
SLG	M = 63	P = Pi section	A25 = 250Vac	Example: 0943 = 94nF	$M = \pm 20\%$ (Standard)	1 = Plastic Film	Y = Y2 (250Vac only

torques quoted as this may cause damage to the metalwork or the internal components. All filters are supplied as standard with the requisite nuts and washers to successfully mount the part. When bightening conductor nuts, use two spanners to prevent twisting the internal conductor and risking damage to the resin seal. Particular care must be taken to ensure good contact is made to the through conductor, as high currents can result in localised 'hot spots' through high

resistive joints Safety

Care should be taken not to exceed the maximum rated voltage and current for the filter.

Tor the filter, "there is the calculate of the maximum interval ways are carried brancher feetborrow opacitors met al carrow of colored / 2500 are tested to either 1250 or 2250V/cd carring manufacture which can make them suitable torus in mains 2500 are particulated, the the 2 and V4 class filters are designed and including the 5300V was discoord peak balance testing are brancher 2500 V10W and 2500V peak balance testing requirements (V4). All insulating meterstow was discoord peak balance testing end was all insulating meterstow and balance testing requirements (V4). All insulating meterstow is evolved to the soft oparticular care should be plad to the carrent densing calculation shown on each page. If carrent access the maximum nating for the filting change to a higher raided device or all the SMI balance in this cardiowas and devices a balance and the balance in the site of the soft balance and the balance in this carbona and extension.

Talk to the tactory for possible attematives. All the EMI hower filters in this catalogue are designed to operate at high currents / high voltages and may be filted with high capacitances resulting in a potential electric shock hazard. Electrical energy may be stored for some time after switch of — do not handle filters without first discharging and / or checking that the stored voltage is at a low level.

Failure mode All these EMI Power

er filters utilise plastic film capacitors that will All these EMI Power filters utilise plastic film capacitors that will seth-teal following break down due to excessive voltage. The initial fail would be detected by a brief short circuit transient followed by recovery to normal operation. If the part is repeatedly subjected to over voltage transients, the capacitance will gradually decrease as the capacitor operating layer is effected. , then encute. If a part is repeatedly driven to failure, subjected to a severe over voltage condition or subjected to high ac voltages to drive high ac current through the capacitor then a significant heat build up can occur causing irreversible damage to the capacitor which may result in a permanent open or short of condition being generated.

RoHS compliance All Power filters are RoHS compliant.

SLE	K	С	250	0105	м	1	1	
Case style	Rated current (A)	Electrical configuration	Voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielectric	Class	
SLB SLC SLD SLE SLF SLG SLH SLJ SLK SLL	$\begin{array}{l} A=0.3\\ B=0.45\\ C=0.5\\ D=1\\ E=3\\ F=5\\ G=8\\ H=10\\ J=15\\ K=20\\ L=22\end{array}$	C = C section P = Pi section	030 = 30Vdc 063 = 63Vdc 100 = 100Vdc 160 = 160Vdc 250 = 250Vdc 400 = 400Vdc 600 = 600Vdc A13 = 130Vac A25 = 250Vac	First digit is 0. Second and third digits are significant figures of capacitance code. The fourth digit is number of zeros following Examples: 0132 = 1.3nF 0105 = 1.0µF 0406 = 40µF	M = ±20% (Standard)	1 = Plastic Film	1 = STD Y = Y4 (130Vac only Y = Y2 (250Vac only	
SLQ	L = 32 M = 63 N = 100	N	Note: Ordering code can have up to 4 additional digits on the end to denote special r All supplied with nuts and washers.					

le ordering information - V2 Pange Eve

SLG	м	P	A25	0943	M	1	Y
Case style	Rated current (A)	Electrical configuration	Voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielectric	Class
SLG	M = 63	P = Pi section	A25 = 250Vac	Example: 0943 = 94nF	$M = \pm 20\%$ (Standard)	1 = Plastic Film	Y = Y2 (250Vac only)

Example	xample ordering information - Y4 Range											
SLL	N	С	A13	0105	м	1	Y					
Case style	Rated current (A)	Electrical configuration	Voltage	Capacitance in picofarads (pF)	Capacitance tolerance	Dielectric	Class					
SLL	N = 100	C = C section	A13 = 130Vac	Example: 0105 = 1μ F	$M = \pm 20\%$ (Standard)	1 = Plastic Film	Y = Y4 (130Vac or					

For available ranges see pages 28 - 33.

EMI Power Filters - Custom Specials

Custom Specials

The vast majority of filters manufactured are customised to meet the specific requirements of individual customers. Syfer offer the option to manufacture to a customer specification or to work together with the customer to develop a solution to the problem.

If standard designs have been used for prototypes or initial production, please talk to us about modifying the package to suit your requirements to improve cost and ease assembly. Prototypes can be arranged quickly and in small quantities to solve particular problems.

Typical customisations include: Multi-Way Assemblies

All the standard ranges of plastic film filters can also be supplied as multi-way assemblies to offer cost and space savings where several lines require filtering.

Utilising the same internal piece parts as the standard filters, Ubising the same internal piece parts as the standard https:, wulli-ways offer the same high electrical performance as the single line filters, but replacing the machined brass cases with a single formed magnetic stainless steel case reduces the cost per way even for low volumes. Additional cost savings are also made from reduced installation times and the use of standard mounting hardware. Thirdly, overall size is reduced, allowing for a more compact design.

If several filters of different types, values or circuits are If several nitres of different types, values of dircuits are required, it may be possible to incorporate these into a single multi-way housing. All assemblies are fully resin sealed (UL94-V0) and are designed to withstand harsh environments making them suitable for severe industrial and military applications.

Standard assemblies include 2, 3, 4 and 8 ways, but any number can be incorporated. Please contact Syfer sales for further details.



Typical 2-way assembly

Different housing design

Special designs are available to suit any particular customer requirement. All standard filters are designed with round bodies and a single, large mounting nut as the optimum combination of cost and ease of mounting. Typical changes include full hexagonal bodies to enable fitting in tight spaces, or bodies with multiple mounting locations for critical vibration.









Lentre mounting glands can be considered, although these are generally not preferred as the increase the required space for a particular fitter. Note: "Y and 'U clamps are often requested - we can supply these, but advise against it as they can compromise the filtering performance by increasing the earth path resistance and inductance - for optimum performance all power filters should be mounted in a through bulkhead. Centre mounting glands can be considered, although these

Subject to volumes, lower cost body materials can be used. Multi-way assemblies can be supplied with custom shaped cases to fit specific locations or available area. Syfer car produce to design or from available envelope.

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Higher working voltages (to 1000Vdc typical) and higher current carrying capacities (to 500A typical) are available.

Varistor Filters

The Syfer range of varistor filters provides both transient voltage protection and EMI filtering in one device. The heart of this unique device is a multilayer varistor discoidal, which provides a dual function. The use of metal oxide based ceramic (MOV) provides the voltage protection, with b-directional clamping, while the inherent capacitance, due to the multilayer construction, ensures effective lowpass EMI filtering up to at least 1GHz.

Maximum continuous dc working voltage

This is the maximum continuous dc working voltage which may be applied up to the maximum operating temperature of the varistor.

Nominal voltage

This is the voltage across the varistor when drawing a dc current of ImA. It is this point that is notionally the start of the region of normal varistor operation.

Maximum clamping voltage As a varistor is designed for handling transient voltages, all tests requiring currents in excess of 1mA are conducted as pulse tests.

puise tests. The clamping voltage of a varistor is the peak voltage appearing across the device when measured under the conditions of a specified pulse current and a specified waveform.







Mechanical details

6mm (0.236")

6.35mm (0.25") 9.1mm (0.358")

Max panel thickness 3.4mm (0.134")

0.6Nm (6.8lbf in) max. if using nut 0.3Nm (3.4lbf in) max. if into tapped hole

5.2mm ± 0.1 (0.205" ± 0.004")

Silver plate on copper undercoat

1.8g typical (0.06oz)

Electrica	il detalls
Electrical configuration	See circuit configuration
Capacitance measurement	At 1000hr point at 1MHz
Temperature rating	-55°C to 125°C
Working voltages, Vdc	10, 14, 18, 26, 42
Capacitance range, nF	1, 2.2, 4.7, 10, *
Leakage current	100µA max @ 20°C
Maximum dc current	10A

*(Other values can be supplied, consult Sales Office for details).

Type No.	Fype No. Capacitance -20% +80% ©11/ 1MHz		Typical insertion loss (dB) 50Ω system No load			Maximum continuous working voltage	Nominal voltage at 1mA dc Min. Max.		Max clamp voltage at 10A	Maximum non- repetitive surge	Maximu non- repetitiv surge curr
		IMHz	10MHz	ZHM001	1GHz	v	v	v	(8/20µs)	energy (10/1000µs)	(8/20µs
CECHN/03/01/037M4						20	20	40		1.5	200
SPCMV02001022M1	1000pF	0	4	23	41	20	50	40	00	1.5	300
SFCMV04201022M1				30		42	10.5	25.5	90	2	200
SFCMV01402222M1			10			14	10.5	25.5	30	2	300
SPCMV01802222M1	2200pF	0			50	10	22	20	40	2	300
SFCMV02602222M1						26	30	40	60	3	300
SFCMV04202222M1						42	51	65	90	3	300
SFCMV0010472ZM1						10	13	20	30	1	300
SFCMV0140472ZM1	4700nE	1	16	36	55	14	18.5	25.5	36	2	300
SFCMV0180472ZM1	470001	÷	10	50	33	18	22	28	40	2	300
SFCMV0260472ZM1						26	30	40	60	3	300
SFCMV0010103ZM1						10	13	20	30	1	300
SFCMV0140103ZM1	10000pF	4	22	41	60	14	18.5	25.5	36	2	300
SFCMV0180103ZM1						18	22	28	40	2	300

Nut A/F

Weight Finish

Head diameter

Washer diameter

Mounting torque Mounting hole dia.

Note: For ordering information see page 22.

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Panel mount EMI Filter - X2Y Integrated Passive Components

The Syfer balanced line filter is a 2-pin panel mounting device suitable for balanced lines and twisted pairs. It is ideal for passing lines through a bulkhead, and the feedthrough construction offers insertion loss performance up to 1GHz and above. The filter also incorporates capacitance line to-line as well as line-to-ground, and therefore both differential and common mode filtering are offered in the same package. In this way one single device can replace three separate components.



	Electrical details					
Electrical configuration	See circuit configuration	1				
Capacitance measurement	At 1000hr point					
Temperature rating	-55°C to 125°C					
Dielectric withstand voltage	500Vdc					
Capacitance range, nF	Line to Ground (C1) 4.7, 10, 22, 47, 100	Line to Line (C2) 2.35, 5, 11, 23.5				



Mechanical details								
lut A/F	7.92mm (5/16")							
lead diameter	9.8mm (0.386")							
Washer diameter	11.35mm (0.447")							
Iounting torque	0.9Nm (10.2 lbf in) max.							
Iounting hole dia.	6.7mm O.D., 5.5mm A/F (0.264@ O.D., 0.217" A/F)							
Aax panel thickness	2.3mm (0.091")							
Veight	3.0g typical (0.11oz)							
inish	Silver plate on copper undercoat							

Type No.	Capacitance (C1) (±20%)	Dielectric code	Rated voltage (dc)	Current amps
SFJEB2000472MX1	4.7nF	X7R	200	10
SFJEB2000103MX1	10nF	X7R	200	10
SFJEB2000223MX1	22nF	X7R	200	10
SFJEB2000473MX1	47nF	X7R	200	10
SFJEB2000104MX1	100nF	X7R	200	10

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Note: For ordering information see page 22.

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The multilayer planar array is an application specific multi capacitor array designed for use in multiway EMI filter circuits. Derived from discoidal capacitor theory, it provides capacitance between the outside perimeter and the internal theorem but designed. through holes.

The most common use of planar arrays is as the capacitor element in filter connectors, although they are also suitable in many other applications.

many oncer applications. Syfer's core were manufacturing process and ceramic handling expertise allows components to be produced with mechanical precision and electrical accuracy, neabling a filter assembly to withstand the most rigorous of electrical specifications. This has resulted by first's position as the manufacture of choice for the filter connector industry. To date, Syfer have delivered in excess of 300 different designs of Jahara array. The quality and reliability of Syfer's planar arrays has been uniquely recognised by the approval of NASA for their use in the International Space Station.

Mechanical

With many years experience, Syfer have developed a comprehensive range of designs, including planform designs for the following connectors:

he tollowing connectors: Circular (ML-C-36999, MLC-C-26482 and similar) A rinc 404 and 600 * 10's ub High Density 'D' sub µD (MLC-83513) Nano 'D'

Special custom shapes and layouts can also be accommodated. Complex shapes including internal and external radii, multiple hole diameters and alignment guides can be considered.

As a guide, Syfer can manufacture planars to a maximum of 3.18mm (0.125") thick and to a maximum of 100mm (4.0") diameter or square.

Standard termination finish is gold plate over nickel for maximum electrical and mechanical performance. Options include conventional silver-palladium (AgPd) or silver-platinum (AgPt) fired terminations.

Solderless assembly/compliant spring clip

Solderless assembly of planars can be accommodated by the inclusion of compliant spring clips into the holes, allowing the array to be push fitted to through contact pins.

Syfer can supply a standard range of solder-in spring clips, or fit customer supplied compliant clips before shipping the finished array assembly.

Contract assembly and technical back-up

Control to Be and the second part of the common batter op-Having an ENI filter assembly line alongside the coramic manufacturing area allows Syfer to offer unprecedented technical back-up and advice to planar array and discolidal technical back-up and advice to planar arrays, having been involved directly in the development of the technology from its incention. inception

Syfer are also able to offer sub contract and prototype manufacturing services to planar customers and connector companies.









Electrical

- Only stable X7R and ultra stable COG/NPO dielectrics used
 Capacitance values from pF to μF
 High voltage capability DWV (Dielectric Withstand

- High voltage capabily UWV (Delectrix wumstand Voltage) to INV
 Feedthrough low capacitance unterminated lines Grounded earth lines maximum ground plane resistance specifications included
 Mix of capacitance values within planar up to a ratio of 400:1 within individual planar possible
 Mixed capacitance lines / no cap feedthrough lines / grounded earth lines available within single planar

Graphs of typical maximum capacitance values against voltage for array thicknesses of 0.065" (1.65mm), 0.100" (2.54mm) and 0.125" (3.18mm).



Quality

All planars are tested for the following:

- Capacitance
 Dissipation factor
 DWV (Dielectric Withstand Voltage)
 Insulation resistance
- Visual inspection
 Sample solderability and dimensional check _

100% SAM (Scanning Acoustic Microscopy) testing is offered as an option on all planars intended for more critical applications.

Planar arrays

100%

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Discoidal multilayer capacitors

Discoidal capacitors are at the heart of many EMI filters. More robust and reliable than tubular capacitors, they offer higher capacitance options, with values up to several microfarads. In addition to standard configurations, Syfer is able to meet customers' specific drawings in terms of electrical performance and mechanical design.

and mechanical design. Discoidal multilayer ceramic capacitors are of a configuration suitable for direct mounting into filters, onto bulkheads and hybrid circuits. Due to their geometry, they have excellent RF performance characteristics as well as very high safe fesonant frequencies. They are offered with a choice of CUG/NP0 or XR ceramic, or MOV (metal oxide varistor) material for voltage protection applications.



Typical capacitance vs disc size vs voltage Based on typical hole diameter of 0.8mm, and X7R dielectric.



Varistor planar arrays and varistor discoidals Varistor planar arrays and varistor inscold as Varistor planar arrays and varistor discoldars function. The use of metal oxide based ceramic (MOV) provides the voltage protection, with bi-directional damping, while the inherent capacitance, due to the multilayer construction, ensures effective lowpass EMI filtering up to at least Cline. least 1GHz.

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General Specification Dielectrics: COG/NP0, X7R, MOV Mechanical Outer diameter 2.0mm minimum Inner diameter 0.5mm minimum Minimum wall thickness requirements apply Refer to factory Capacitance range: pF to µF Capacitance tolerance: ±5%, ±10%, ±20%, -0%+100% Voltage: 50V to 3kVdc or higher Operating temperature range: COG/NP0, X7R, MOV, -55°C to +125°C Termination options: Silver-palladium (AqPd), silver-platinum (AqPt), gold over nickel

To reflect the unique custom nature of discoidals and planar arrays, we do not list a standard range, but ask you to contact the sales office to discuss your specific requirement.

Special filters and assemblies

Manufacturing to customer designs or working together with the customer to develop a solution to a problem, Syfer offer the ability to modify standard filter designs or develop custom designs to suit your application.

Modifications to standard filters

- Special mechanical outline
- Typical examples: Lead lengths to suit Special thread options e.g. M5 x 0.5 6g Special lead forms e.g. headed pin / threaded contract
- contact Larger pin diameters Special body or pin finishes

- Special electrical testing
- Typical examples: Special test voltages e.g. 500Vac 50Hz DWV test Special capacitance values 100% burn-in Higher current ratings possible



Special discrete filters to match your specific requirements

Manufactured to fit the customers specific requirements, electrical characteristics and space envelope. We can offer design solutions to meet your requirement or develop customer designs into production reality.

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Example 1 -Battery terminal filter to meet precise environmental requirements and provide flat pin contact surface for connection to spring contacts on clipho batteries. Designed to fit customers space envelope and meet specific electrical parameters

Example 2 -Special SFSSC disc-on-pin decoupling stub filter for military application. Contact pin terminating inside discoidal and insulated from non pin side. Assembled with high melting point solder to allow customer to solder into -and



Multiway filter assemblies

For a simple panel fitted with our single line discrete filters to a complex custom designed Pi filter assembly, we offer a full design and manufacture service. Assemblies can be based around discoidal capacitors for maximum flexibility or planar arrays for optimum space utilisation. As an extension to our planar array range, we can offer soldered-in spring retaining clips for easy assembly into difficult applications such as hermetic sealed connectors and our extensive experience with filter connectors allows us to offer sub contract manufacturing to this industry sector.

 Example 1 -4 way 22nF C section planar based filter assembly. DWV 2500Vdc, 100% tested. Supplied to sensor manufacturer for installation into commercial aerospace application.

Example 2 -85 way 1800pF L-C section planar based filter assembly, fitted into mounting plate for easy assembly. Designed to fit specific space envelope for military aerospace application sed to provide a technical and

Please contact our sales office to discuss your specific filtering requirement. We would be plea commercial proposal.



Filters for Hi-Rel applications

Introduction

Syfer is experienced at providing products for the most demanding applications:

- Space ESA and NASA projects Automotive - AEC-O200 gualified
- Military and Civil aviation
- Motorsports F1 and World Rally Oil / Downhole / Industrial
- Rail
- Medical

Syfer product qualifications include AEC-Q200, ESA vendor approval, and Space qualified planar arrays.

RoHS compliance The full range of Syfer Resin filled and Plastic film filters are EU RoHS compliant to 2002/95/EC. Special finishes (eg. Sn/ Pb) are available for exempt applications such as military and space. The hermetically sealed filter range is not RoHS compliant.

Surface mount The surface mount C filter (E01, E07), Pi filter (SBSPP) and X2Y Integrated Passive Components (E03) are all available with Syfer FlexCap^m (standard solderable proprietary flexible epoxy polymer termination material).

FlexiCap[™] advantages

- Solves cracking problems caused by excessive mechanical stress
- The polymer allows greater degrees of Pcb deflection during de-panelisation, typically twice that of standard capacitors
- Permits more stress to be placed on components when using large through hole parts, eg. transformers, connectors, heatsinks
- More resistant to cracking due to temperature cvclina
- No degradation in electrical performance
- Capacitors with tin-lead termination are also available with FlexiCap™ technology The following are gualified to AEC-O200:

Surface mount C filter (E01 range)

Integrated Passive Component (E03 range)

Ceramic based panel mount filters Designed and manufactured to meet or exceed the requirements of MIL C 15733 and MIL C 28861. The test methods are in accordance with MI Std 220 and MI Std 202:

- Insertion loss
- Solderability
- Bump and vibration
- Temperature cycling Humidity
- Temperature rise under dc load

Special test requirements can be accommodated e.g. 100% burn-in.

Planar arrays and discoidals Syfer were instrumental in delivering the standard for space approved planar arrays which includes Scanning Acoustic Microscopy (SAM) testing.

Plastic film filters

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Plastic film filters are available/designed to meet the requirements of EN132400 and EN60950, Y2 or Y4 ratings. Please refer to specific catalogue pages for more details.









Application notes

AN0001 - FlexiCap™ termination AN0001 - FlexiCap Details of the FlexiCap™ termination, which helps prevent mechanical cracking of multilayer chip capacitors. AN0011 - Solder

ANODI - Solder alloy-choice and stress release cracking in through hole ceramic capacitors Solder alloy considerations when using through hole ceramic capacitors to minimise stress cracking. AN0014 - X2Y Balanced Line EMI chip reliability and

performance data X2Y Component reliability and performance data.

AN0018 - Suppression for DC motors using X2Y The application of X2Y chips for EMI Suppression in DC motors.

AN0028 - Soldering/mounting chip capacitors, Radial Leaded capacitors and EMI filters This gives guidance to engineers and board designers on mounting and soldering Syfer products.

AN0031 - Metal Oxide Varistor planar array Using MOV planar array technology for transient protection in filtered connectors.

Technical articles

Surface Mount filter article An introduction to surface mount EMI filtering, and some of the filter components available.

Varistor planar article

Affordable transient protection, using multilayer planar varistor arrays in filtered connectors.

Advances in Surface Mount filtering technology New integrated passive components for EMI suppression filtering.

Multilayer Varistor filters Truly multi-functional passive components. FlexiCap[™] article An introduction to FlexiCap[™] and how it reduces mechanical cracking on PCB's.

> syfer.com Please see the Syfer website for further details, or contact the Sales Office directly.

Additional Resources

Surface mount X2Y technology



The application of X2Y chips for EMI Suppression in stringent EMC demands, particularly in automotive applications.

Other related products



LTCC filters New range of SMD filters for frequencies up to 6GHz using LTCC technology.

Available Sample Kits

A variety of sample kits are available from Syfer to help designers and EMC engineers to select the most suitable component for any particular application. Surface Mount EMI Filters

ts X2Y Integrated Passive Compo





















Ceramic & Microwave Products (CMP) designs, manufactures and sells special electronic components and systems, including highperformance filters, switches, capacitors and EMI and cosite signal interference solutions. Our products are used in military, space, telecom infrastructure, medical and industrial applications where function and reliability are crucial.

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