

General Description

The MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378 single, dual, and quad precision high-side current-sense amplifiers are available in space-saving packages. They feature buffered voltage outputs that eliminate the need for gain-setting resistors and are ideal for today's notebook computers, cell phones, and other systems where current monitoring is critical. These precision devices are offered in three fixed-gain versions of 20, 50, and 100:

| GAIN | SUFFIX |
|------|--------|
| 20 | T |
| 50 | F |
| 100 | Н |

For example, MAX4376TAUK is a single high-side amplifier with a gain of 20.

High-side current monitoring is especially useful in battery-powered systems since it does not interfere with the ground path of the battery charger. The input common-mode range of 0 to +28V is independent of the supply voltage and ensures that the current-sense feedback remains viable even when connected to a battery pack in deep discharge.

The full-scale current reading can be set by choosing the appropriate voltage gain and external-sense resistor. This capability offers a high level of integration and flexibility, resulting in a simple and compact currentsense solution.

The MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378 operate over a supply voltage range of +3V to +28V, draw 1mA of supply current per amplifier, and operate over the full automotive temperature range of -40°C to +125°C. These devices have a wide bandwidth of 2MHz, making them suitable for use inside battery-charger control loops. The buffered outputs drive up to 2mA of output current into a ground-referenced load.

The MAX4376 is available in a tiny 5-pin SOT23 package. The MAX4377/MAX4378 are available in spacesaving 8-pin µMAX and 14-pin TSSOP packages, respectively.

Applications

Notebook Computers Portable/Battery-Powered Systems **Current-Limited Power** Cell Phones Supplies Fuel Gauges in PC Smart Battery Packages General-System/Board-**Automotive Current Detect** Level Current Monitoring Power Management **Battery Chargers** Systems

PA Bias Control

Features

- ♦ Low-Cost, Single/Dual/Quad, High-Side Current-Sense Amplifiers
- ♦ ±0.5% Typical Full-Scale Accuracy
- ♦ +3V to +28V Supply Operation
- ♦ Adjustable Current-Sense Capability with External **Sense Resistor**
- ♦ Buffered Output Voltage with 2mA Drive
- ♦ 1mA (typ) Supply Current
- ♦ 2.0MHz Bandwidth (Gain = +20V/V)
- ◆ Automotive Temperature Range (-40°C to +125°C)
- ♦ Full 0 to 28V Common-Mode Range, Independent of Supply Voltage
- ♦ Three Gain Versions Available
 - +20V/V (MAX437 T)
 - +50V/V (MAX437_F)
 - +100V/V (MAX437_H)
- ♦ Available in Space-Saving 5-Pin SOT23 (Single), 8-Pin µMAX (Dual), and 14-Pin TSSOP (Quad)

Ordering Information

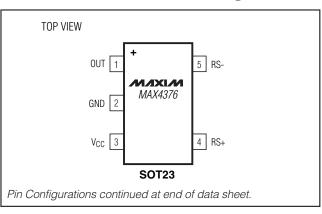
| PART | GAIN (+V/V) | TEMP RANGE | PIN- PACKAGE | TOP MARK |
|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| MAX4376TAUK+T | 20 | -40°C to +125°C | 5 SOT23 | ADOG |
| MAX4376FAUK+T | 50 | -40°C to +125°C | 5 SOT23 | ADOH |
| MAX4376HAUK+T | 100 | -40°C to +125°C | 5 SOT23 | ADOI |
| MAX4376HAUK/V+T | 100 | -40°C to +125°C | 5 SOT23 | AFGO |
| MAX4376TASA+ | 20 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO | _ |
| MAX4376FASA+ | 50 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO | _ |

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Tape and reel.

Pin Configurations



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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| V _{CC} , RS+, RS- to GND | |
|---|-------------|
| Differential Input Voltage (V _{RS+} - V _{RS-}) | |
| Output Short Circuit to VCC | |
| Output Short Circuit to GND | 1s |
| Current into Any Pin | ±20mA |
| Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}$ | C) |
| 5-Pin SOT23 (derate 7.1mW/°C above - | +70°C)571mW |
| 8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.5mW/°C above + | 70°C)362mW |
| 8-Pin SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +7 | 0°C)471mW |

| 14-Pin SO (derate 8.33mW/°C above +70°C) |)667mW |
|--|-----------------|
| 14-Pin TSSOP (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70° | °C)727mW |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40°C to +125°C |
| Junction Temperature | +150°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) | +300°C |
| | |

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{RS+}=0 \text{ to } 28V, V_{SENSE}=(V_{RS+}-V_{RS-})=0V, V_{CC}=+3.0V \text{ to } +28V, R_L=\infty, T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at <math>T_A=25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | cc | ONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|------|------|-------|-------|
| Operating Voltage Range | Vcc | Guaranteed by PS | 3 | | 28 | V | |
| Common-Mode Input Range | V _{CM} | Guaranteed by tot | al OUT voltage error test | 0 | | 28 | V |
| Common-Mode Rejection | CMR | $2V \le V_{RS+} \le 28V$ | VSENSE = 100mV | | 90 | | dB |
| Supply Current per Amplifier | Icc | V _{SENSE} = 5mV, V _F | RS+ > 2.0V, VCC = 12V | | 1 | 2.2 | mA |
| Leakage Current | I _{RS+} , I _{RS-} | $V_{CC} = 0V, V_{RS+} =$ | 28V | | | 8 | μΑ |
| | Inc | $V_{RS+} > 2.0V$ | | 0 | | 60 | |
| Incoret Diese Comment | I _{RS+} | V _{RS+} ≤ 2.0V | | -400 | | 60 | |
| Input Bias Current | I _{RS-} | V _{RS+} > 2.0V | | 0 | | 120 | μΑ |
| | 1HS- | V _{RS+} ≤ 2.0V | | -800 | | 120 | 1 |
| Full-Scale Sense Voltage | VSENSE | | | | 150 | | mV |
| | | | V _{SENSE} = 100mV, V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS+} = 12V | | | ±6.75 | 3.25 |
| | | I _{OUT} ≤ 2mA | V _{SENSE} = 100mV, V _{CC} = 12V, T _A = +25°C | | ±0.5 | ±3.25 | |
| | | | V _{SENSE} = 100mV, V _{CC} = 28V, V _{RS+} = 28V | | | ±11 | |
| Total OUT Voltage Error (Note 2) | | | V _{SENSE} = 100mV, V _{CC} = 28V, V _{RS+} = 28V, T _A = +25°C | | ±0.5 | ±5 | % |
| | | | V _{SENSE} = 100mV, V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS+} = 0.1V | | ±9 | ±32 | |
| | | | V _{SENSE} = 6.25mV, V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS+} = 12V (Note 3) | | ±7 | | |
| OUT High Voltage (Note 4) | (Vcc - Vout) | V _{CC} = 3V, I _{OUT} = | 2mA | | 0.9 | 1.2 | V |
| OUT Low Voltage | V _{OL} | I _{OUT} = 200μA, V _C , V _{SENSE} = 0V, T _A = | | | 25 | 40 | mV |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{RS+} = 0 to 28V, V_{SENSE} = (V_{RS+} - V_{RS-}) = 0V, V_{CC} = +3.0V to +28V, R_L = ∞ , T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = 25°C.) (Note 1)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | | |
|---|--------|--|--|-------------------------------|-----|------|-------|------|--|
| | | | VSENSE = 100mV (gain = +20V/V) | | | 2 | | | |
| Bandwidth | BW | $V_{CC} = 12V$ $V_{RS+} = 12V$ | VSENSE = 100mV (gain = +50V/V) | | | 1.7 | | MHz | |
| | | C _{LOAD} = 15pF | | SE = 100mV = +100V/V) | | 1.2 | | | |
| | | | VSENS | E = 6.25mV (Note 3) | | 0.5 | | | |
| Slew Rate | SR | V _{SENSE} = 20mV to | o 100mV | $, C_{LOAD} = 15pF$ | | 10 | | V/µs | |
| | | MAX437_T | | | | +20 | | | |
| Gain | Ay | MAX437_F | | | | +50 | | V/V | |
| | | MAX437_H | | | | +100 | | | |
| | ΔΑγ | V _{SENSE} = 10mV to - V _{CC} = 12V, l _{OUT} = 2 | | $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} | | | ±5.5 | - % | |
| Gain Accuracy | | gain = 20 and 50 | _111// | T _A = +25°C | | ±0.5 | ±2.5 | | |
| dair/iccuracy | | V _{SENSE} = 10mV to ⁻ V _{CC} = 20V, l _{OUT} = | | $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} | | | 5.5 | | |
| | | gain = 100 | - ZIIIA, | T _A = +25°C | | ±0.5 | ±2.5 | | |
| OUT Setting Time to 1% of Final | | V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS+} | = 12V, | VSENSE = 6.25mV to 100mV | | 400 | | 200 | |
| Value | | C _{LOAD} = 15pF | | VSENSE = 100mV to 6.25mV | | 800 | | ns | |
| Maximum Capacitive Load | CLOAD | No sustained osci | illation | | | 1000 | | рF | |
| Output Resistance | Rout | V _{SENSE} = 100mV | | | | 5 | | Ω | |
| Power-Supply Rejection | PSR | V _{RS+} > 2V, V _{OUT} : | = 1.6V, \ | $I_{CC} = 3V \text{ to } 28V$ | 66 | 90 | | dB | |
| Power-Up Time to 1% of Final Value | | VSENSE = 100mV, CLOAD = 15pF | | | 2 | | μs | | |
| Saturation Recovery Time to 1% of Final Value | | V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS+} V _{SENSE} = 100mV | V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS+} = 12V, C _{LOAD} = 15pF, V _{SENSE} = 100mV | | | 1 | | μs | |
| Reverse Recovery Time to 1% of Final Value | | V _{CC} = 12V, V _{RS} = V _{SENSE} = -100mV | | | | 1 | | μs | |

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25$ °C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

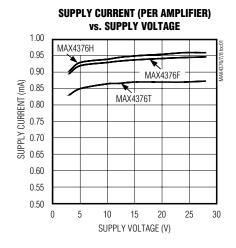
Note 2: Total OUT Voltage Error is the sum of gain and offset errors.

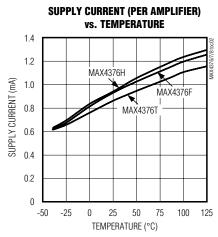
Note 3: 6.25mV = 1/16 of 100mV full-scale sense voltage.

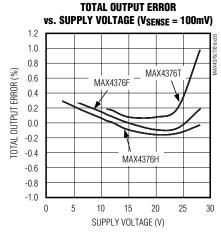
Note 4: V_{SENSE} such that V_{OUT} is in saturation.

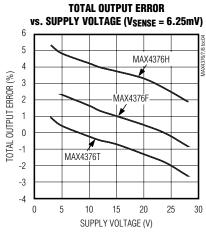
Typical Operating Characteristics

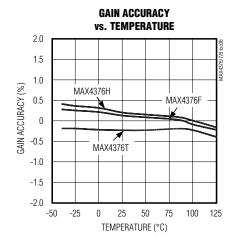
 $(V_{CC} = V_{RS+} = 12V, V_{SENSE} = 100mV, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

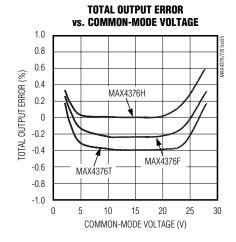


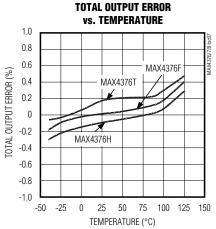












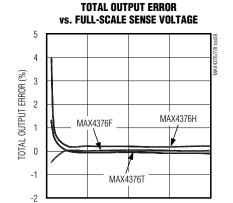
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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = V_{RS+} = 12V, V_{SENSE} = 100mV, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

0

50



SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE (VSENSE = 95mV TO 100mV) $C_L = 15pF$ $R_L = 1k\Omega$ 95mV 95mV 0UT 50mV/div 1.9V

MAX4376T

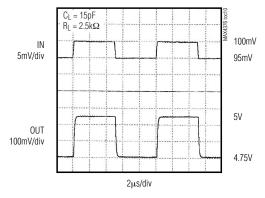
MAX4376F SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE (VSENSE = 95mV TO 100mV)

100

V_{SENSE} (mV)

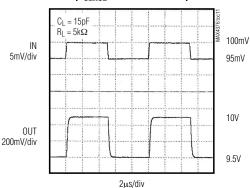
150

200

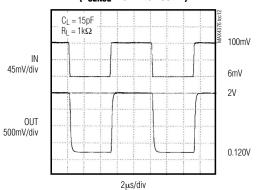


MAX4376H SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE (V_{SENSE} = 95mV to 100mV)

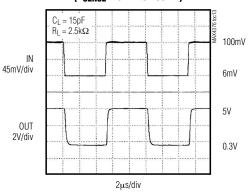
2µs/div



MAX4376T Large-signal transient response (Vsense = 6mV to 100mV)



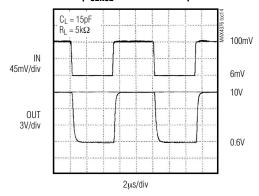
MAX4376F LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE (VSENSE = 6mV to 100mV)



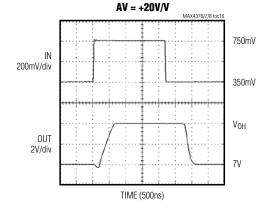
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = V_{RS+} = 12V, V_{SENSE} = 100mV, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$

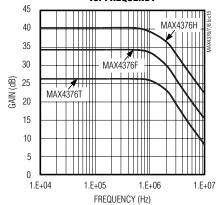
MAX4376H LARGE-SIGNAL TRANSIENT RESPONSE (VSENSE = 6mV to 100mV)



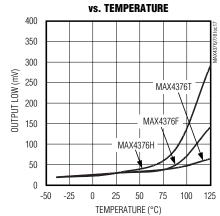
OVERDRIVE RESPONSE



SMALL-SIGNAL GAIN vs. FREQUENCY



OUTPUT LOW



Pin Description

| | Р | IN | | | | |
|---------|---------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------|--|--|
| MAX4376 | MAX4376 | MAX4377 | MAX4378 | NAME | FUNCTION | |
| SOT23-5 | SO-8 | μMAX-8/ SO-8 | SO-14/ TSSOP-14 | NAME | TONOTION | |
| 1 | 4 | 1, 7 | 1, 7, 8, 14 | OUT, OUT_ | Output Voltage. V _{OUT} is proportional to the magnitude of the sense voltage (V _{RS+} - V _{RS-}). V _{OUT} is approximately zero when V _{RS-} > V _{RS-+} (no phase reversal). | |
| 2 | 3 | 4 | 11 | GND | Ground | |
| 3 | 1 | 8 | 4 | Vcc | Supply Voltage | |
| 4 | 8 | 3, 5 | 3, 5, 10, 12 | RS+, RS_+ | Power connection to the external sense resistor | |
| 5 | 6 | 2, 6 | 2, 6, 9, 13 | RS-, RS | Load-side connection to the external sense resistor | |
| _ | 2, 5, 7 | _ | _ | N.C. | No Connection. Not internally connected. | |

Detailed Description

The MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378 high-side current-sense amplifiers feature a 0 to +28V input common-mode range that is independent of supply voltage. This feature allows the monitoring of current out of a battery in deep discharge and also enables high-side current sensing at voltages greater than the supply voltage (VCC).

The MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378 operate as follows: current from the source flows through RSENSE to the load (Figure 1). Since the internal sense amplifier's inverting input has high impedance, negligible current flows through RG2 (neglecting the input bias current). Therefore, the sense amplifier's inverting-input voltage equals VSOURCE - (ILOAD)(RSENSE).

The amplifier's open-loop gain forces its noninverting input to the same voltage as the inverting input. Therefore, the drop across RG1 equals (ILOAD) (RSENSE). Since IRG1 flows through RG1, IRG1 = (ILOAD)(RSENSE)/RG1. The internal current mirror multiplies IRG1 by a current gain factor, β , to give IRGD = β x IRG1. Solving IRGD = β x (ILOAD)(RSENSE)/RG1. Therefore:

 $VOUT = \beta \times (RGD/RG1)(RSENSE \times ILOAD) \times amp gain$

where amp gain is 2, 5, or 10.

The part's gain equals ($\beta \times RGD / RG1$) x amp gain.

Therefore:

Vout = (GAIN)(Rsense)(ILOAD)

where GAIN = 20 for MAX437 T.

GAIN = 50 for $MAX437_F$.

 $GAIN = 100 \text{ for } MAX437_H.$

Set the full-scale output range by selecting RSENSE and the appropriate gain version of the MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378.

_Applications Information

Recommended Component Values

The MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378 sense a wide variety of currents with different sense resistor values. Table 1 lists common resistor values for typical operation of the MAX4376/MAX4377/MAX4378.

Choosing RSENSE

To measure lower currents more accurately, use a high value for RSENSE. The high value develops a higher sense voltage that reduces offset voltage errors of the internal op amp.

In applications monitoring very high currents, RSENSE must be able to dissipate the I²R losses. If the resistor's rated power dissipation is exceeded, its value may drift or it may fail altogether, causing a differential voltage across the terminals in excess of the absolute maximum ratings.

If ISENSE has a large high-frequency component, minimize the inductance of RSENSE. Wire-wound resistors have the highest inductance, metal-film resistors are somewhat better, and low-inductance metal-film resistors are best suited for these applications.

Bidirectional Current-Sense Amplifier

Systems such as laptop computers and other devices that have internal charge circuitry require a precise bidirectional current-sense amplifier to monitor accurately the battery's current regardless of polarity. Figure 2 shows the MAX4377 used as a bidirectional current

Table 1. Recommended Component Values

| FULL-SCALE LOAD CURRENT, I _{LOAD} (A) | CURRENT-SENSE RESISTOR, R _{SENSE} (mΩ) | GAIN (+V/V) | FULL-SCALE OUTPUT VOLTAGE (FULL-SCALE V _{SENSE} = 100mV), V _{OUT} (V) |
|---|--|-------------|---|
| 0.1 | 1000 | 20 | 2.0 |
| | | 50 | 5.0 |
| | | 100 | 10.0 |
| 1 | 100 | 20 | 2.0 |
| | | 50 | 5.0 |
| | | 100 | 10.0 |
| 5 | 20 | 20 | 2.0 |
| | | 50 | 5.0 |
| | | 100 | 10.0 |
| 10 | 10 | 20 | 2.0 |
| | | 50 | 5.0 |
| | | 100 | 10.0 |

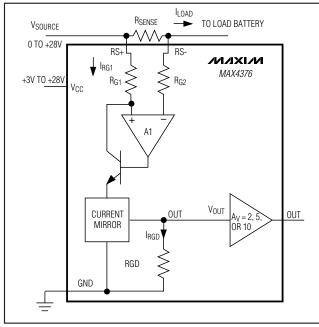


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

monitor. This is useful for implementing either smart battery packs or fuel gauges.

Current Source Circuit

Figure 3 shows a block diagram using the MAX4376 with a switching regulator to make a current source.

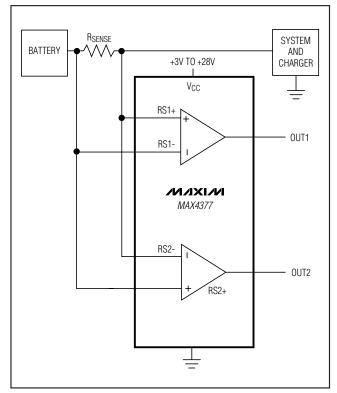


Figure 2. Bidirectional Current Monitor

3 ______*NIXIM*

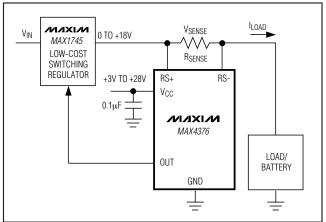


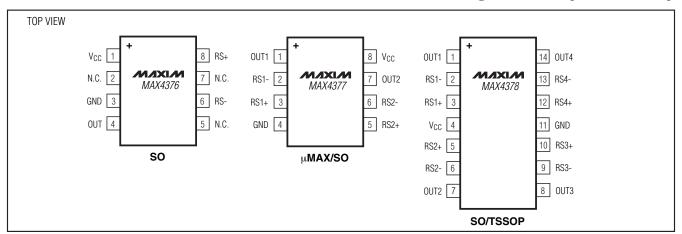
Figure 3. Current Source

Chip Information

MAX4376_ TRANSISTOR COUNT: 162 MAX4377_ TRANSISTOR COUNT: 324 MAX4378_ TRANSISTOR COUNT: 648

PROCESS: BiCMOS

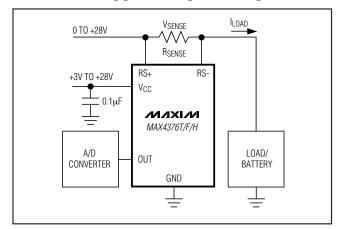
Pin Configurations (continued)



Ordering Information (continued)

| PART | GAIN (+V/V) | TEMP RANGE | PIN- PACKAGE | TOP MARK |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| MAX4377TAUA+ | 20 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 µMAX | _ |
| MAX4377FAUA+ | 50 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 µMAX | _ |
| MAX4377HAUA+ | 100 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 µMAX | _ |
| MAX4377TASA+ | 20 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO | _ |
| MAX4377FASA+ | 50 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO | _ |
| MAX4377HASA+ | 100 | -40°C to +125°C | 8 SO | _ |
| MAX4378TAUD+ | 20 | -40°C to +125°C | 14 TSSOP | _ |
| MAX4378FAUD+ | 50 | -40°C to +125°C | 14 TSSOP | _ |
| MAX4378HAUD+ | 100 | -40°C to +125°C | 14 TSSOP | _ |
| MAX4378TASD+ | 20 | -40°C to +125°C | 14 SO | _ |
| MAX4378FASD+ | 50 | -40°C to +125°C | 14 SO | _ |
| MAX4378HASD+ | 100 | -40°C to +125°C | 14 SO | _ |

_Typical Operating Circuit



Revision History

| REVISION NUMBER | REVISION DATE | DESCRIPTION | PAGES CHANGED |
|--------------------|------------------|---|------------------|
| 4 | 4/09 | Added automotive part number and lead-free designations | 1, 9 |

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