

■ OUTLINE

The R1160X Series are CMOS-based voltage regulator ICs with high output voltage accuracy, low supply current, and low ON-resistance. Each of these voltage regulator ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, resistors for setting Output Voltage, a current limit circuit, and a chip enable circuit.

These ICs perform with low dropout voltage and a chip enable function. To prevent the destruction by over current, current limit circuit is included. The R1160X Series have 3-mode. One is standby mode with CE or standby control pin. Other two modes are realized with ECO pin™. Fast Transient Mode (FT mode) and Low Power Mode (LP mode) are alternative with ECO pin™. Consumption current is reduced to 1/10 at Low Power Mode compared with Fast Transient Mode. Output voltage is maintained between FT mode and LP mode.

The output voltage of these ICs is internally fixed with high accuracy. Since the packages for these ICs are SOT-23-5 (Under Mass Production) and SON-6 package(Under development), high density mounting of the ICs on boards is possible.

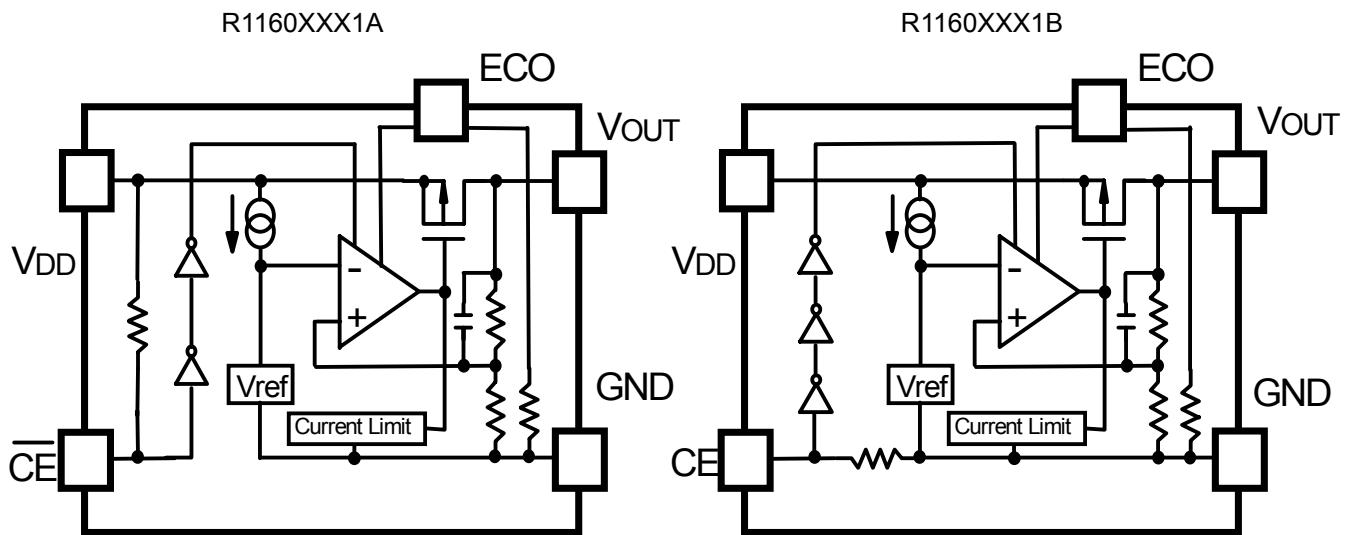
■ FEATURES

- Ultra-Low Supply Current..... TYP. 3.5µA(Low Power Mode, V_{OUT}≤1.5V),
..... TYP. 40µA (Fast Transient Mode)
- Standby Mode TYP. 0.1µA
- Low Dropout Voltage TYP. 0.30V(I_{OUT}=200mA Output Voltage=1.0V Type)
..... TYP. 0.20V(I_{OUT}=200mA Output Voltage=1.5V Type)
..... TYP. 0.14V(I_{OUT}=200mA Output Voltage=3.0V Type)
- High Ripple Rejection TYP. 70dB(f=1kHz, FT Mode)
- Low Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Output Voltage TYP. ±100ppm/°C
- Excellent Line Regulation TYP. 0.05%/V
- High Output Voltage Accuracy ±2.0% (±3.0% at LP Mode)
- Small Package SOT-23-5(Super Mini-mold) under MP, SON6(Under Development)
- Output Voltage..... Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 0.8V to 3.3V is
possible
- Input Voltage MIN. 1.4V
- Built-in fold-back protection circuit TYP. 50mA (Current at short mode)

■ APPLICATIONS

- Precision Voltage References.
- Power source for electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRs and hand-held communication equipment.
- Power source for battery-powered equipment.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



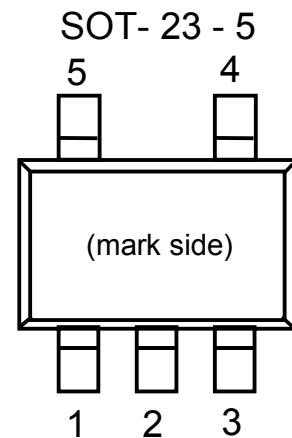
■ SELECTION GUIDE

The output voltage, chip enable polarity, and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the user's request. The selection can be available by designating the part number as shown below;

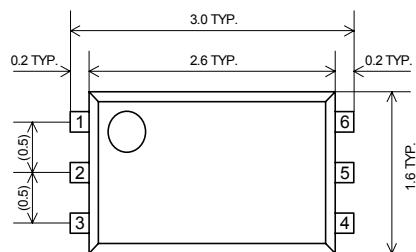
R1160XXX1X-XX ←Part Number
 ↑↑↑↑
 a b c d

| Code | Contents |
|------|--|
| a | Designation of Package Type : N:SOT-23-5 (Mini-mold) Under MP, D:SON6 (Under Development) |
| b | Setting Output Voltage (V_{OUT}) : Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 0.8V to 3.3V is possible. |
| c | Designation of Chip Enable Option : A:“L” active type. B:“H” active type. |
| d | Designation of Taping Type : Refer to Taping Specifications |

■ PIN CONFIGURATIONS



● SON6



■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description |
|---------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | V _{DD} | Input Pin |
| 2 | GND | Ground Pin |
| 3 | CE or CE | Chip Enable Pin |
| 4 | ECO | MODE alternative pin |
| 5 | V _{OUT} | Output pin |

| Pin No. | Symbol | Description |
|---------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1 | V _{DD} | Input Pin |
| 2 | NC | No Connection |
| 3 | V _{OUT} | Output pin |
| 4 | ECO | MODE alternative pin |
| 5 | GND | Ground Pin |
| 6 | CE or CE | Chip Enable Pin |

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Item | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------|
| Input Voltage | V _{IN} | 6.5 | V |
| Input Voltage(ECO Pin) | V _{ECO} | -0.3 ~ V _{IN} +0.3 | V |
| Input Voltage(CE/CE Pin) | V _{CE} | -0.3 ~ V _{IN} +0.3 | V |
| Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | -0.3 ~ V _{IN} +0.3 | V |
| Output Current | I _{OUT} | 250 | mA |
| Power Dissipation(SOT23-5) | P _D | 250 | mW |
| Power Dissipation(SON-6) | P _D | 150 | mW |
| Operating Temperature Range | T _{opt} | -40 ~ 85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | -55 ~ 125 | °C |

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

● R1160XXX1A

Topt=25°C

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| V _{OUT} | Output Voltage | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V VECO=V _{IN} 1μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 30mA (Note 1) | V _{OUT} ×0.98 (-30mV) | | V _{OUT} ×1.02 (30mV) | V |
| | | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V VECO=GND 1μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 30mA (Note 2) | V _{OUT} ×0.97 (-45mV) | | V _{OUT} ×1.03 (45mV) | V |
| I _{OUT} | Output Current | V _{IN} - V _{OUT} = 0.5V V _{IN} ≥ 1.5V, V _{OUT} ≤ 1.0V | 200 | | | mA |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT} | Load Regulation(FT Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, VECO=V _{IN} 1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 200mA | | 20 | 40 | mV |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT} | Load Regulation(LP Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, VECO=GND 1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 100mA | | 10 | 40 | mV |
| V _{DIF} | Dropout Voltage | Refer to the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE | | | | |
| I _{SS1} | Supply Current(FT Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V VECO=V _{IN} | | 40 | 70 | μA |
| I _{SS2} | Supply Current(LP Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, V _{OUT} ≤ 1.5V, VECO=GND | | 3.5 | 6.0 | μA |
| | | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V V _{OUT} ≥ 1.6V, VECO=GND | | 4.5 | 8.0 | μA |
| I _{standby} | Supply Current (Standby) | V _{IN} = V _{CE} = Set V _{OUT} +1V | | 0.1 | 1.0 | μA |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN} | Line Regulation(FT Mode) | Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6V I _{OUT} = 30mA, VECO=V _{IN} | | 0.05 | 0.20 | %/V |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN} | Line Regulation(LP Mode) | Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6V I _{OUT} = 30mA, VECO=GND | | 0.10 | 0.30 | %/V |
| RR | Ripple Rejection(FT Mode) | f = 1kHz, Ripple 0.2Vp-p V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V I _{OUT} = 30mA, VECO=V _{IN} | | 70 | | dB |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage | | 1.4 | | 6.0 | V |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔT | Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | I _{OUT} = 30mA -40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C | | ±100 | | ppm /°C |
| I _{lim} | Short Current Limit | V _{OUT} = 0V | | 50 | | mA |
| R _{PU} | CE Pull-up Resistance | | 2.0 | 5.0 | 14.0 | MΩ |
| R _{PD} | ECO Pull-down Resistance | | 1.5 | 5.0 | 14.0 | MΩ |
| V _{CEH} | CE, ECO Input Voltage "H" | | 1.0 | | V _{IN} | V |
| V _{CEL} | CE, ECO Input Voltage "L" | | 0.0 | | 0.3 | V |

Note1: ±30mV tolerance for V_{OUT}≤1.5V.

Note2: ±45mV tolerance for V_{OUT}≤1.5V.

● R1160XXX1B

Topt=25°C

| Symbol | Item | Conditions | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| V _{OUT} | Output Voltage | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V VECO=VIN 1μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 30mA(Note 1) | V _{OUT} ×0.98 (-30mV) | | V _{OUT} ×1.02 (30mV) | V |
| | | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V VECO=GND 1μA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 30mA(Note 2) | V _{OUT} ×0.97 (-45mV) | | V _{OUT} ×1.03 (45mV) | V |
| I _{OUT} | Output Current | V _{IN} - V _{OUT} = 0.5V V _{IN} ≥ 1.5V, V _{OUT} ≤ 1.0V | 200 | | | mA |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT} | Load Regulation(FT Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, VECO=VIN 1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 200mA | | 20 | 40 | mV |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔI _{OUT} | Load Regulation(LP Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, VECO=GND 1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 100mA | | 10 | 40 | mV |
| V _{DIF} | Dropout Voltage | Refer to the ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE | | | | |
| I _{SS1} | Supply Current(FT Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V VECO=VIN | | 40 | 70 | μA |
| I _{SS2} | Supply Current(LP Mode) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, V _{OUT} ≤ 1.5V, VECO=GND | | 3.5 | 6.0 | μA |
| | | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, V _{OUT} ≥ 1.6V, VECO=GND | | 4.5 | 8.0 | μA |
| Istandby | Supply Current (Standby) | V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V, VCE=GND | | 0.1 | 1.0 | μA |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN} | Line Regulation(FT Mode) | Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6V I _{OUT} = 30mA, VECO=VIN | | 0.05 | 0.20 | %/V |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔV _{IN} | Line Regulation(LP Mode) | Set V _{OUT} +0.5V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 6V I _{OUT} = 30mA, VECO=GND | | 0.10 | 0.30 | %/V |
| RR | Ripple Rejection(FT Mode) | f = 1kHz, Ripple 0.2Vp-p V _{IN} = Set V _{OUT} +1V I _{OUT} = 30mA, VECO=VIN | | 70 | | dB |
| V _{IN} | Input Voltage | | 1.4 | | 6.0 | V |
| ΔV _{OUT} /ΔT | Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | I _{OUT} = 30mA -40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C | | ±100 | | ppm/°C |
| Ilim | Short Current Limit | V _{OUT} = 0V | | 50 | | mA |
| R _{PDC} | CE Pull-down Resistance | | 2.0 | 5.0 | 14.0 | MΩ |
| R _{PDE} | ECO Pull-down Resistance | | 1.5 | 5.0 | 14.0 | MΩ |
| V _{CEH} | CE, ECO Input Voltage "H" | | 1.0 | | V _{IN} | V |
| V _{CEL} | CE, ECO Input Voltage "L" | | 0.0 | | 0.3 | V |

Note1: ±30mV tolerance for V_{OUT}≤1.5V.

Note2: ±45mV tolerance for V_{OUT}≤1.5V.

● ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS by OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Topt = 25°C

| Output Voltage V _{OUT} (V) | Dropout Voltage | | |
|--|--------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| | V _{DIF} (V) | | |
| | Condition | TYP. | MAX. |
| 0.8 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 0.9 | I _{OUT} = 200mA | 0.40 | 0.70 |
| 1.0 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 1.4 | | 0.30 | 0.50 |
| 1.5 ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 2.5 | | 0.20 | 0.30 |
| 2.6 ≤ V _{OUT} | | 0.14 | 0.20 (VECO="H") 0.25(VECO="L") |



■ TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

Phase Compensation

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, be sure to use a 2.2 μ F or more capacitor COUT with good frequency characteristics and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance). (Note: When the additional ceramic capacitors are connected to the Output Pin with Output capacitor for phase compensation, the operation might be unstable. Because of this, test these ICs with as same external components as ones to be used on the PCB.)

PCB Layout

Make VDD and GND line sufficient. When the impedance of these is high, it would be a cause of picking up the noise or unstable operation. Connect a capacitor with as much as 1.0 μ F capacitor between VDD and GND pin as close as possible. Set external components, especially output capacitor as close as possible to the ICs and make wiring shortest.

■ TEST CIRCUITS

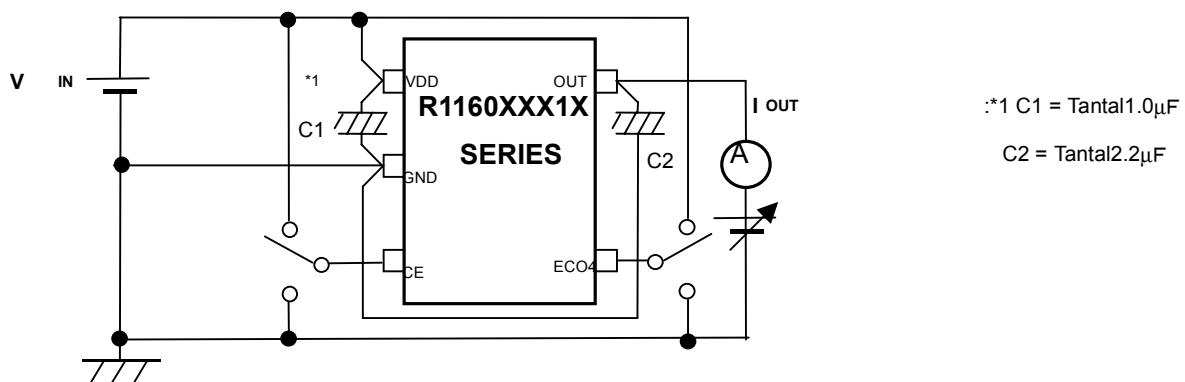


Fig.1 Output Voltage vs. Output Current Test Circuit

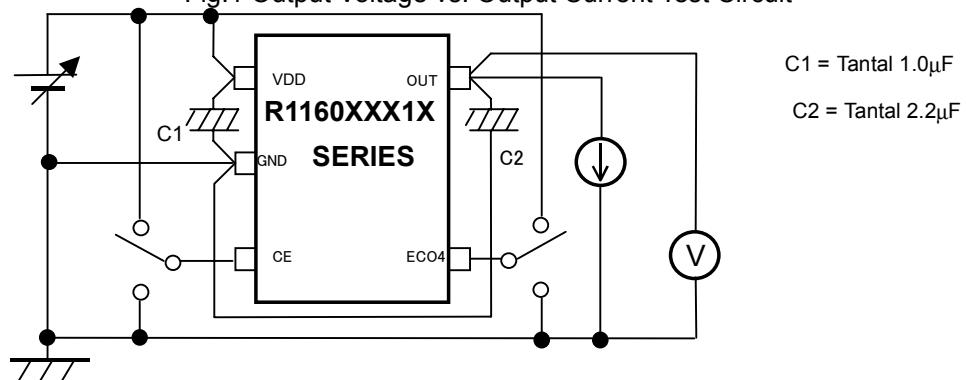
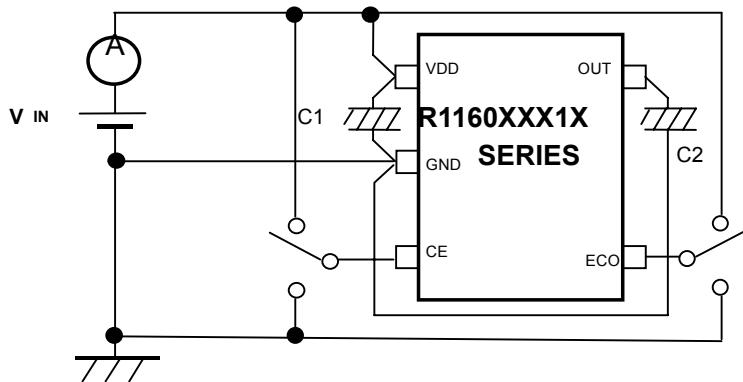
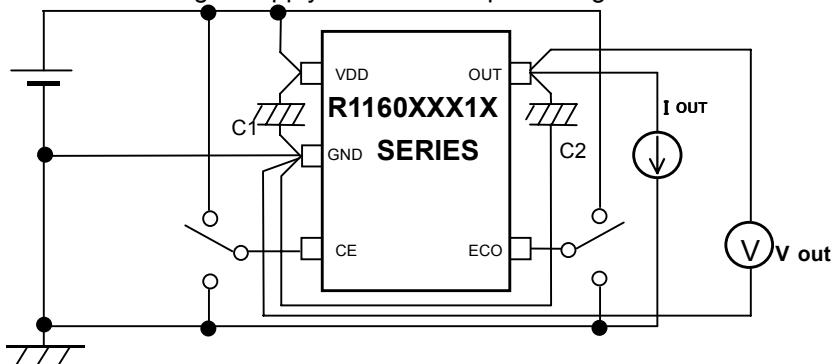


Fig.2 Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage Test Circuit



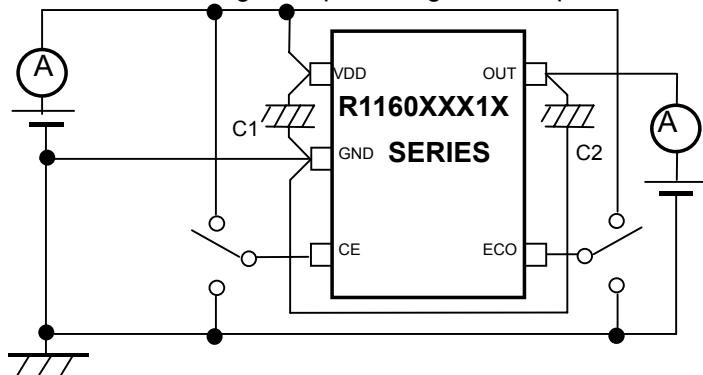
* 1 C1 = Tantal1.0 μ F
C2 = Tantal2.2 μ F

Fig.3 Supply Current vs. Input Voltage Test Circuit



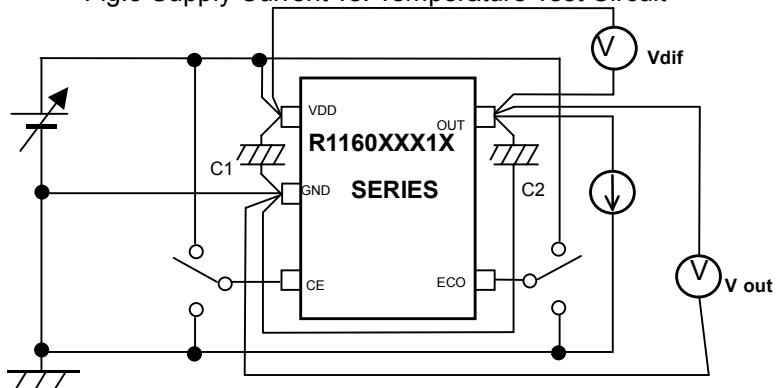
C1 = Tantal1.0 μ F
C2 = Tantal2.2 μ F

Fig.4 Output Voltage vs. Temperature Test Circuit



C1 = Tantal1.0 μ F
C2 = Tantal2.2 μ F

Fig.5 Supply Current vs. Temperature Test Circuit



C1 = Tantal1.0 μ F
C2 = Tantal2.2 μ F

Fig. 6 Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current/ Set Output Voltage Test Circuit

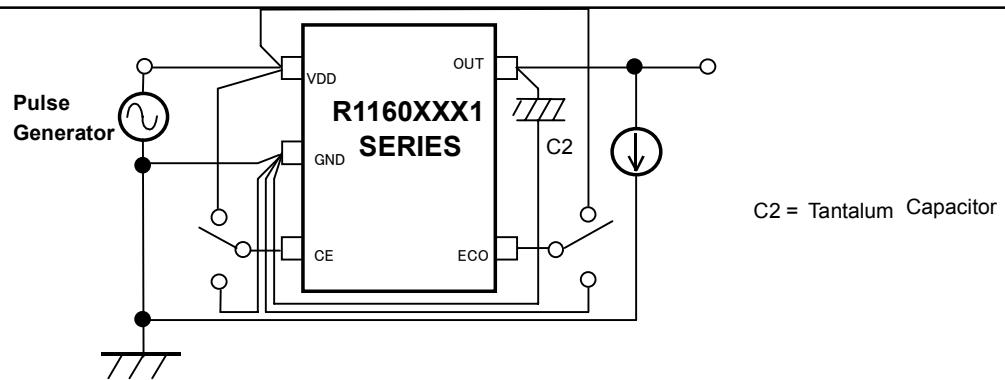


Fig. 7 Ripple Rejection Test Circuit

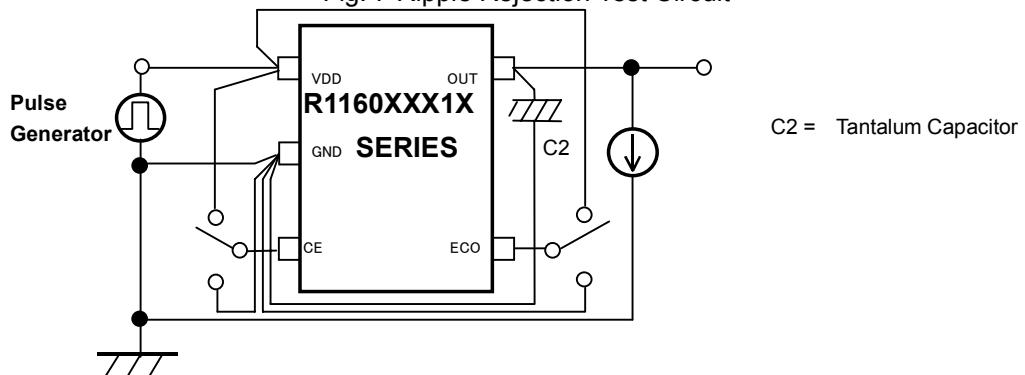


Fig.8 Input Transient Response Test Circuit

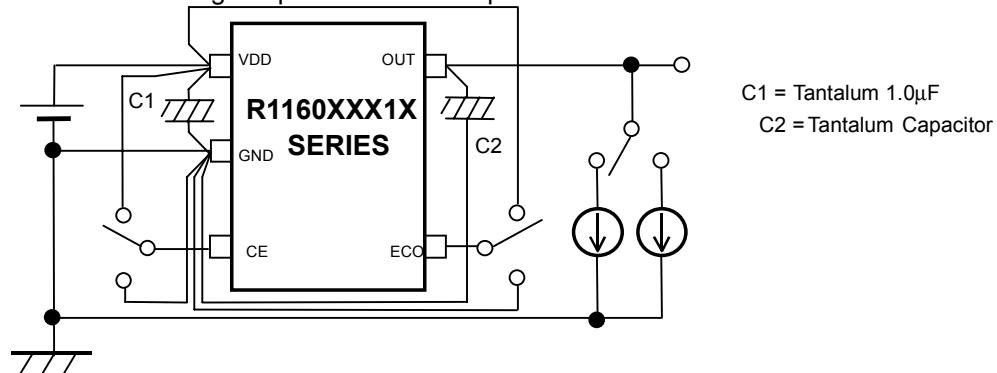


Fig.9 Load Transient Response Test Circuit

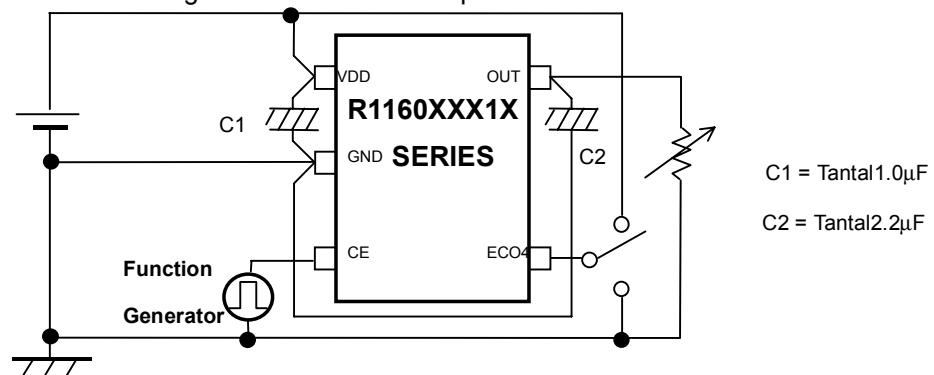


Fig.10 Turn on Speed with CE pin Test Circuit

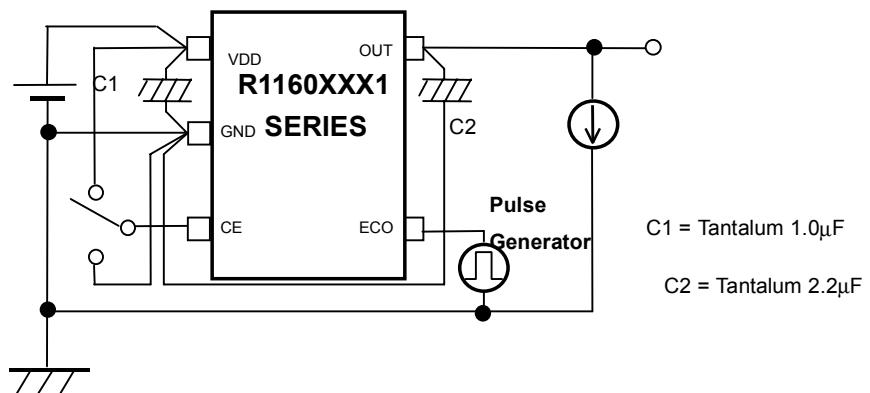


Fig.11 MODE Transient Response Test Circuit

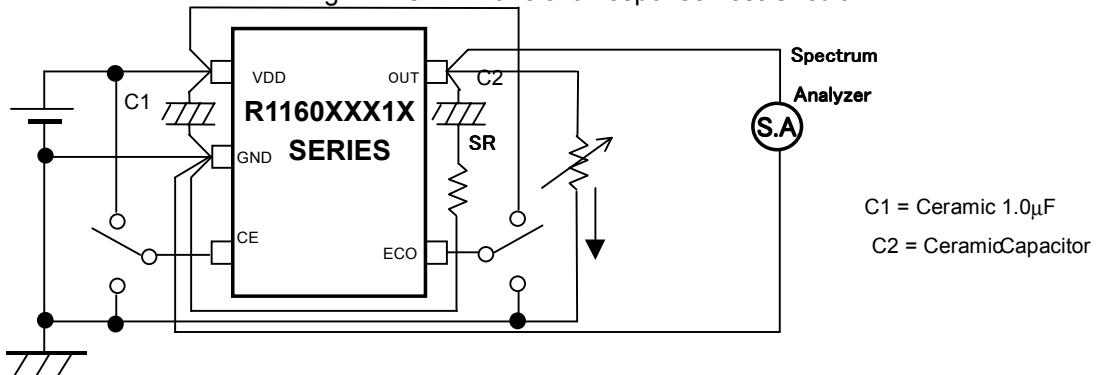
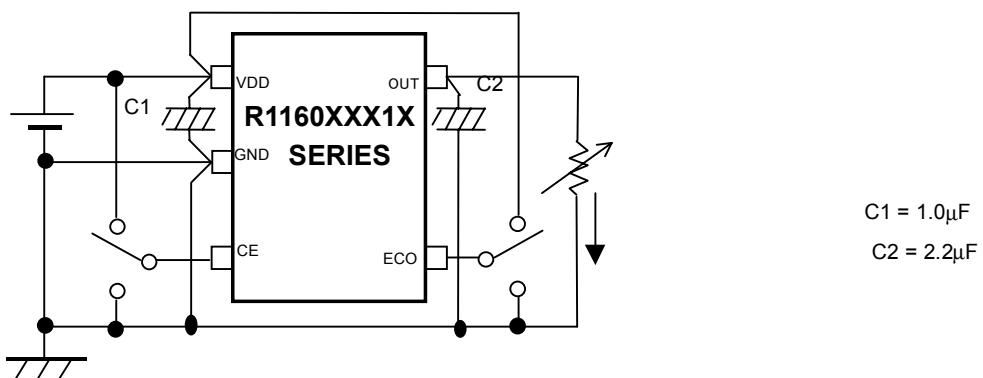


Fig.12 Output Noise Test Circuit(IOUT vs. ESR)

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION



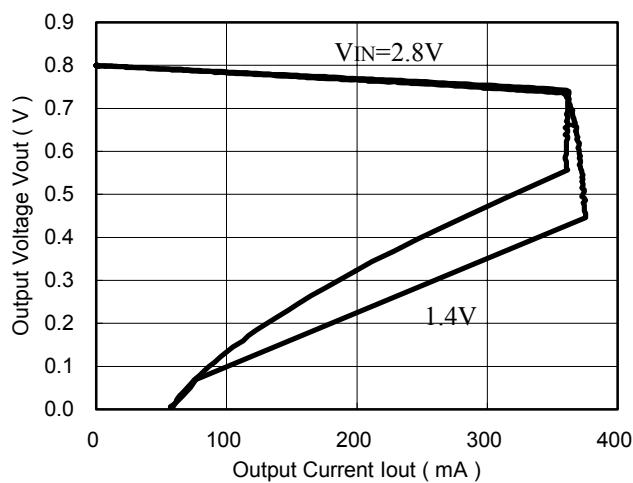
(External Components)

Output Capacitor; Tantalum Type

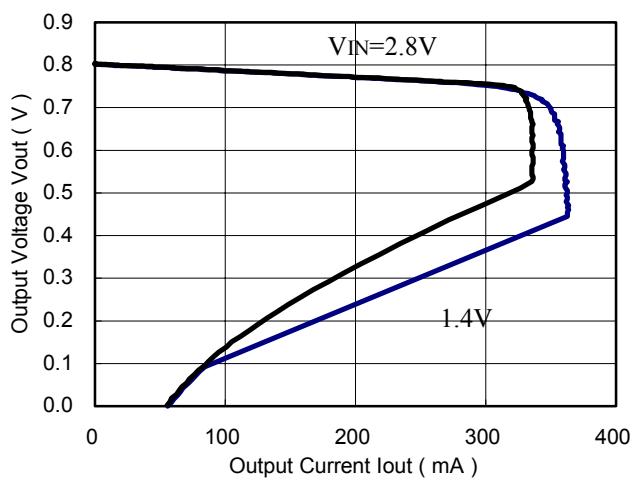
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

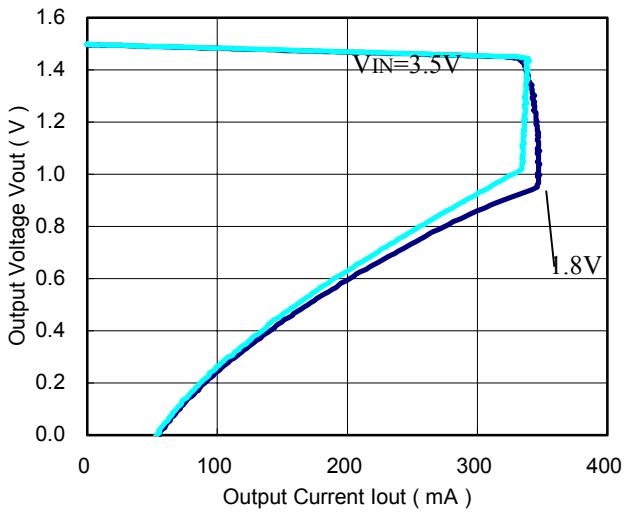
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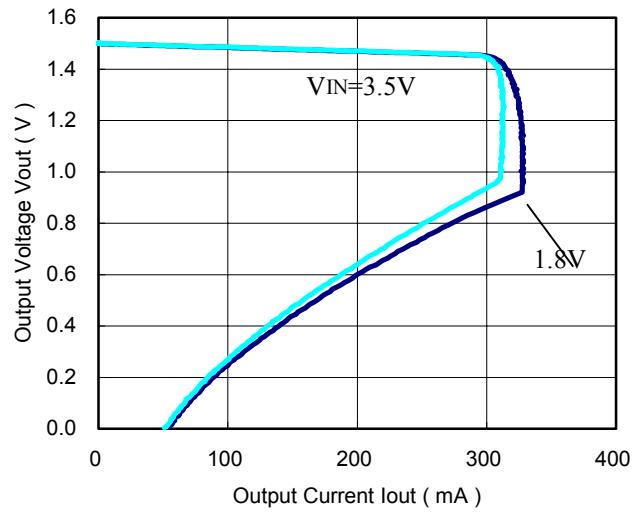
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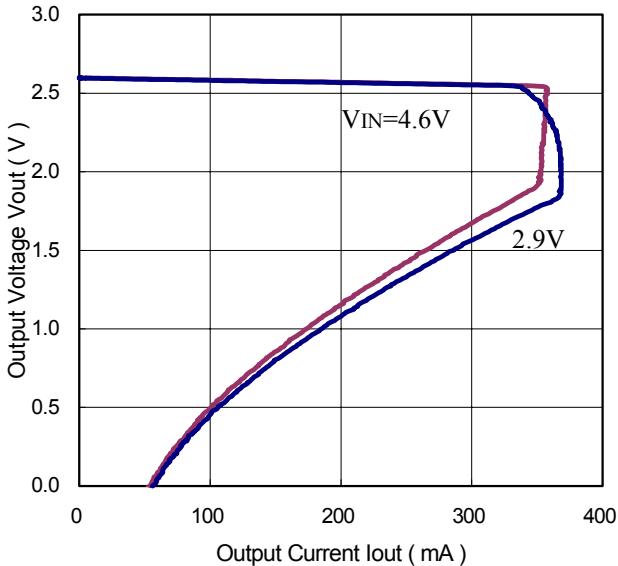
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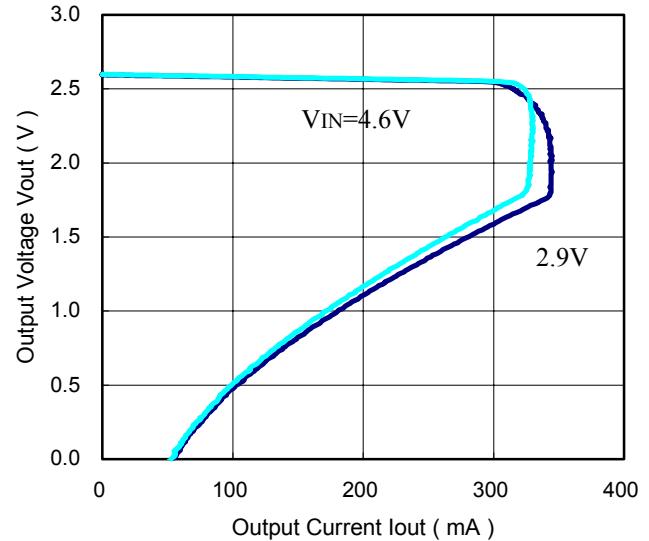
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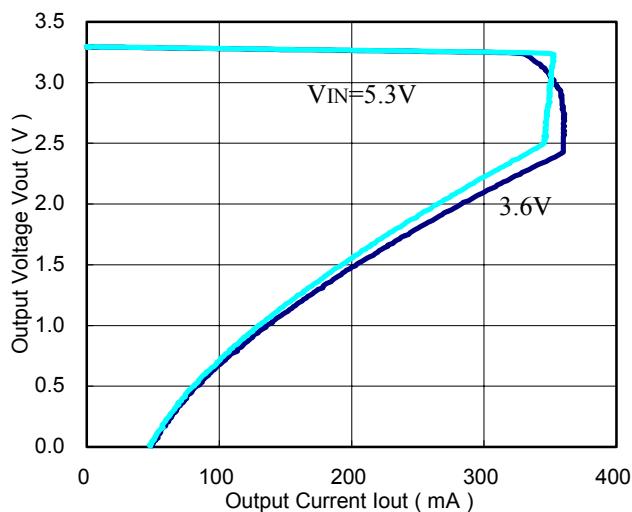
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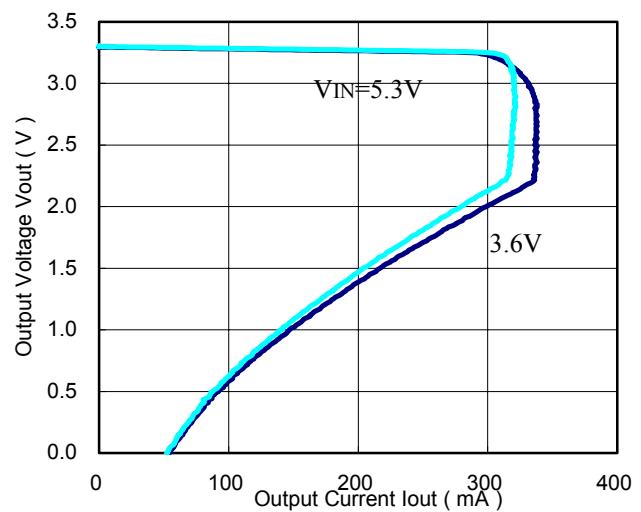
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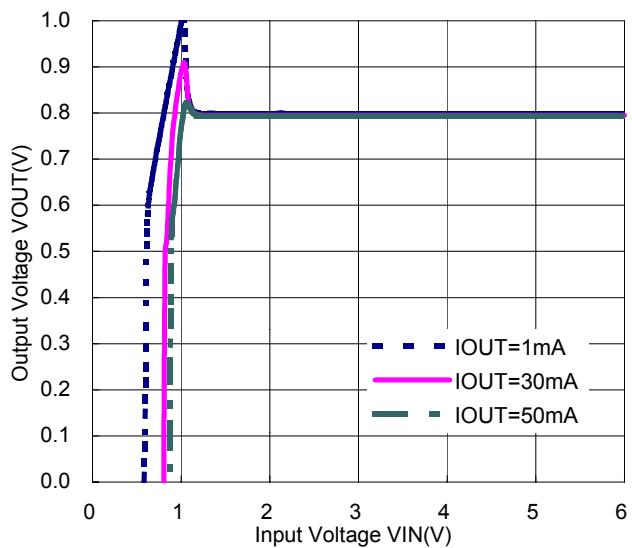


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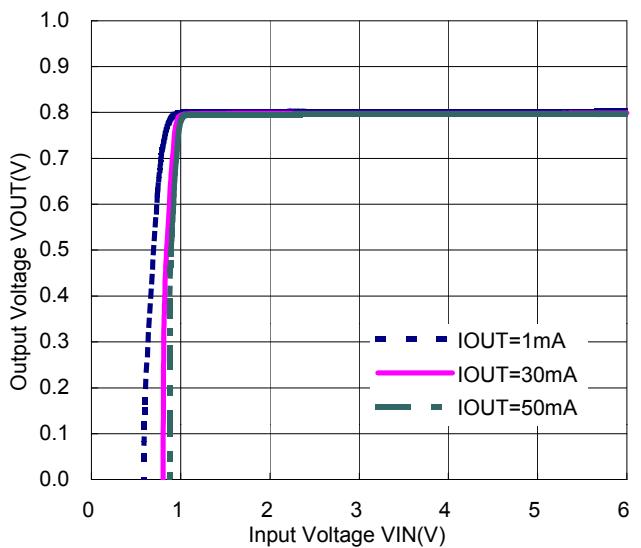


2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

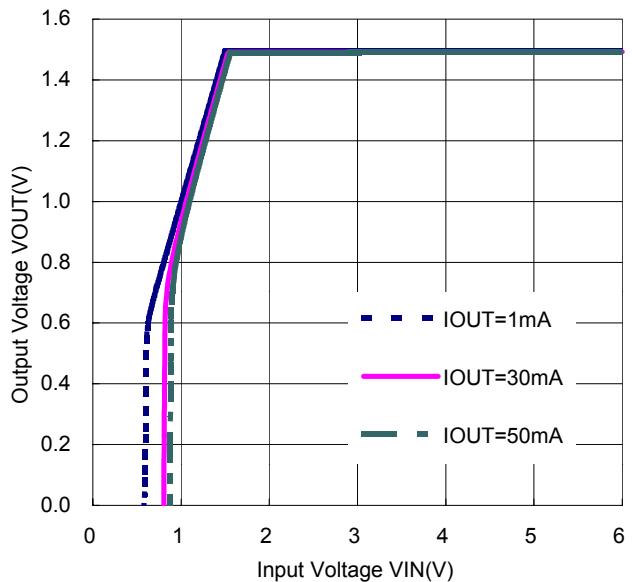
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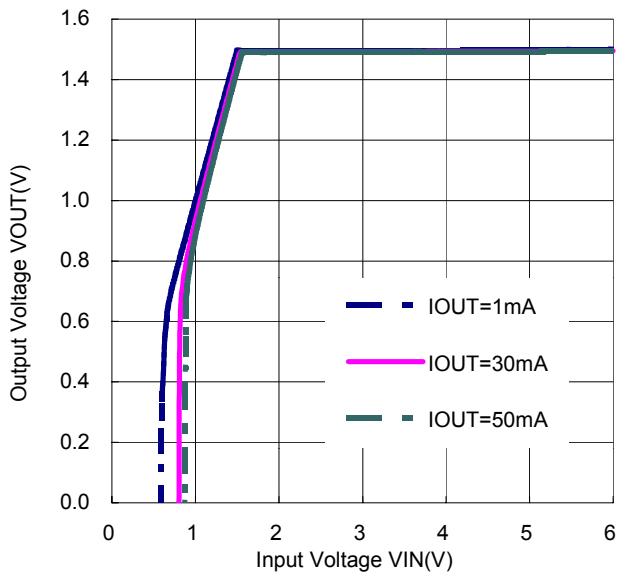
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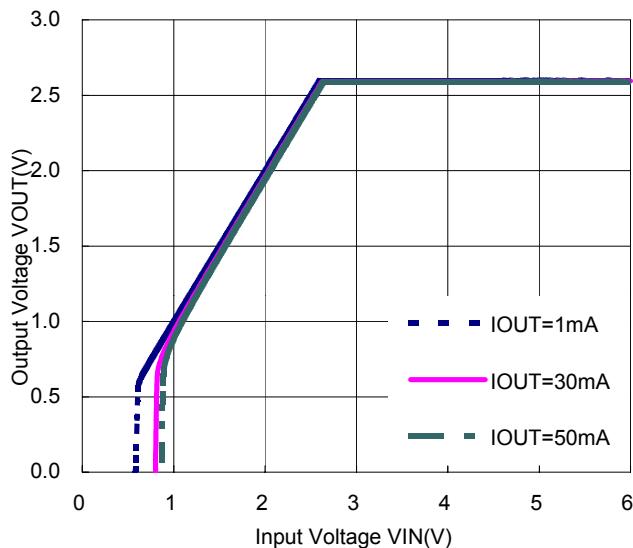
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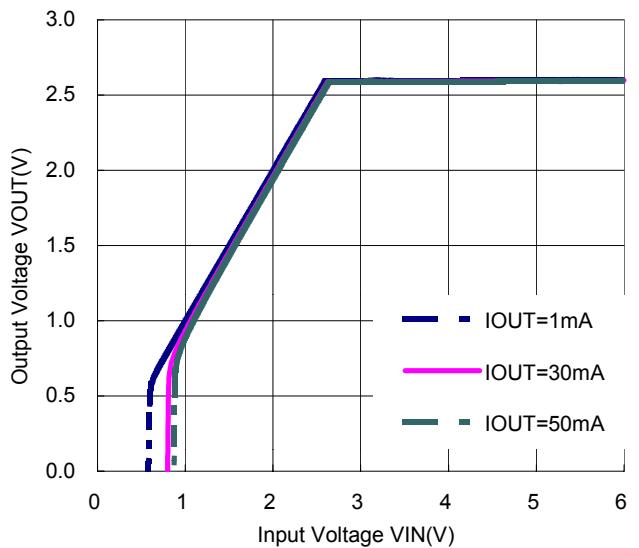
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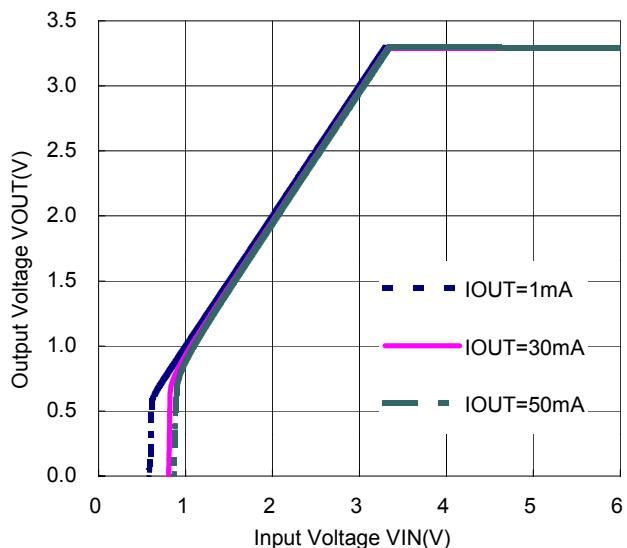
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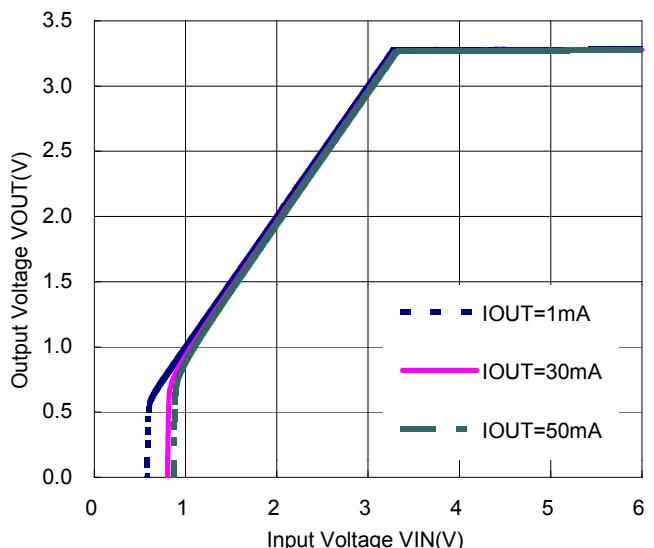
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R1160X331X ECO=H

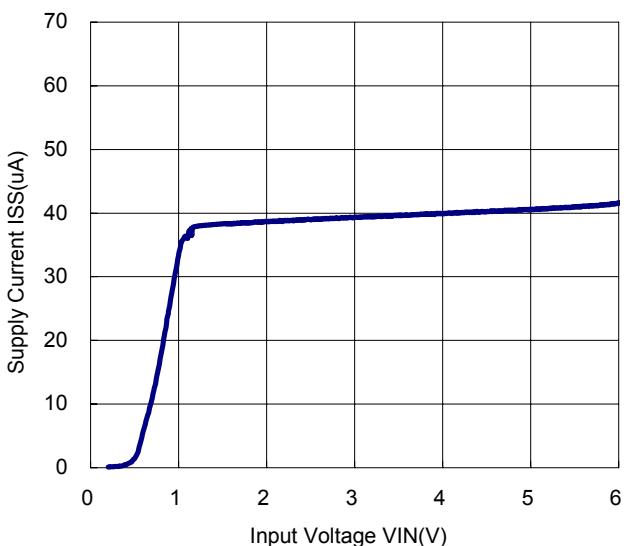


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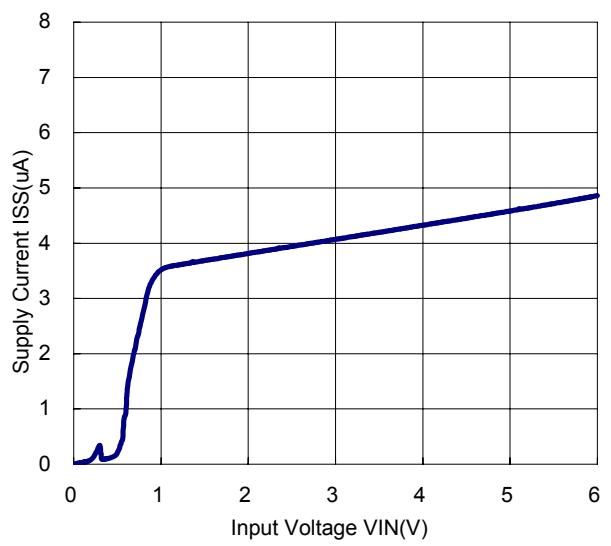


3) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

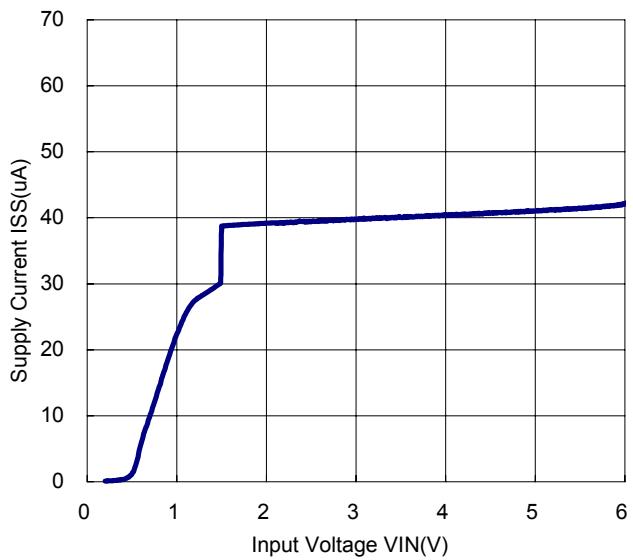
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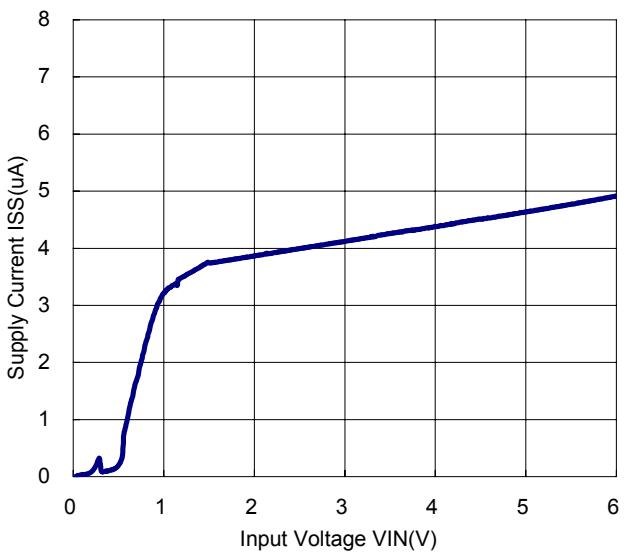
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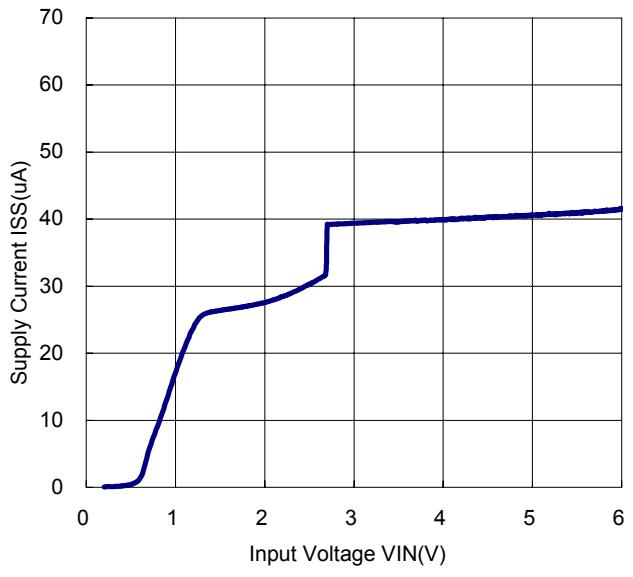
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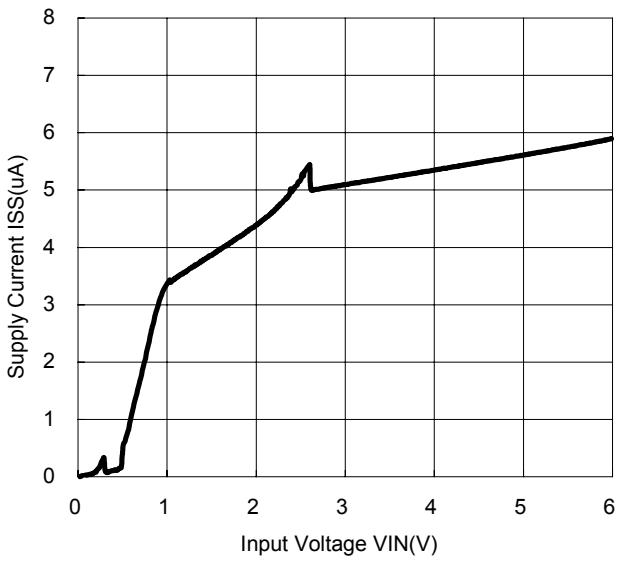
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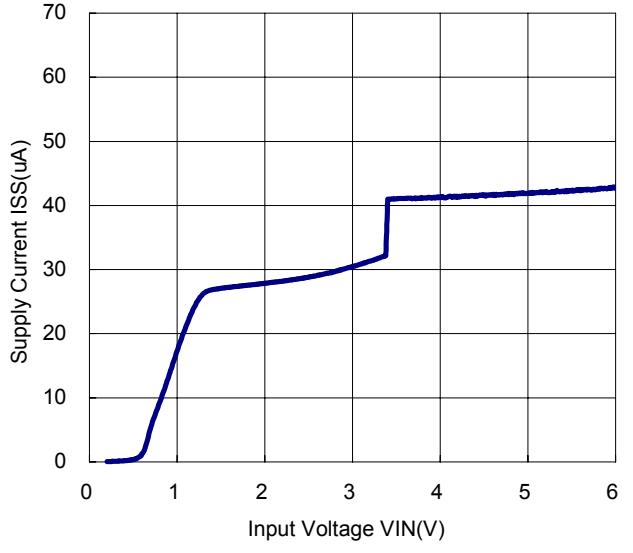
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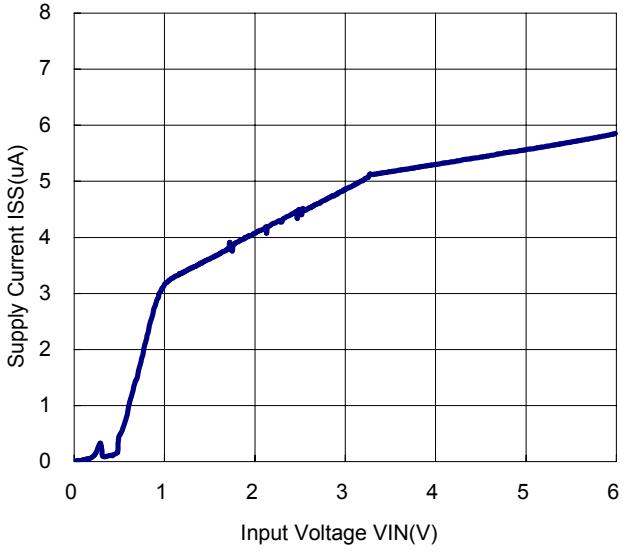
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R1160X331X ECO=H

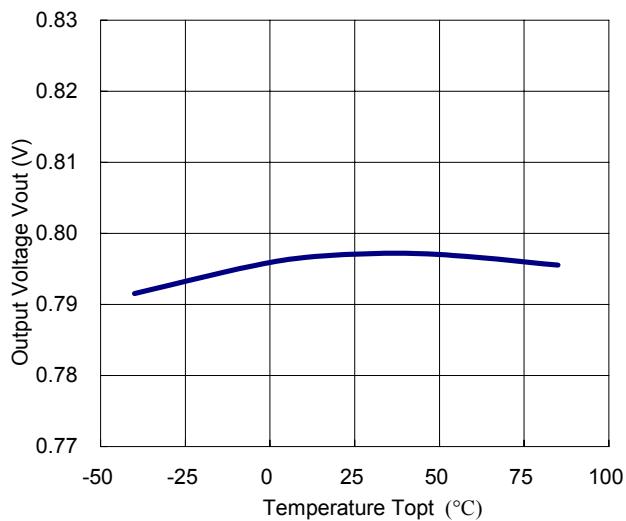


R1160X331X ECO=L

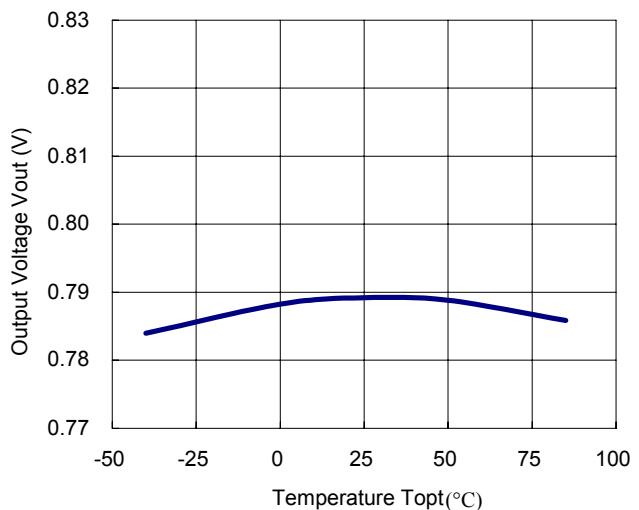


4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature

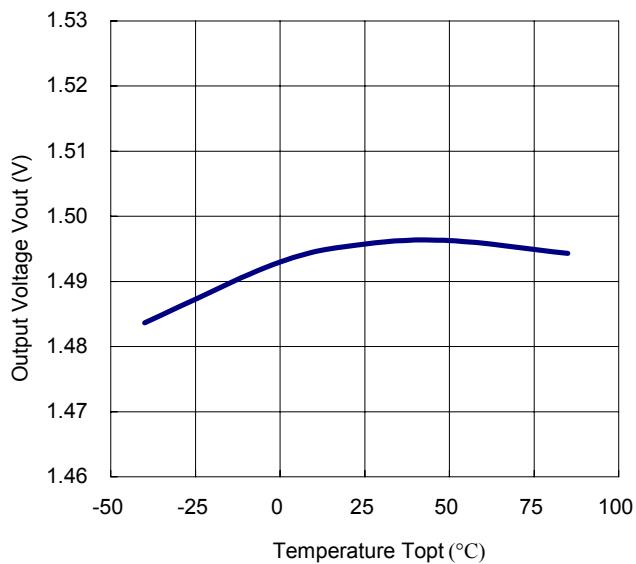
R1160X081X ECO=H



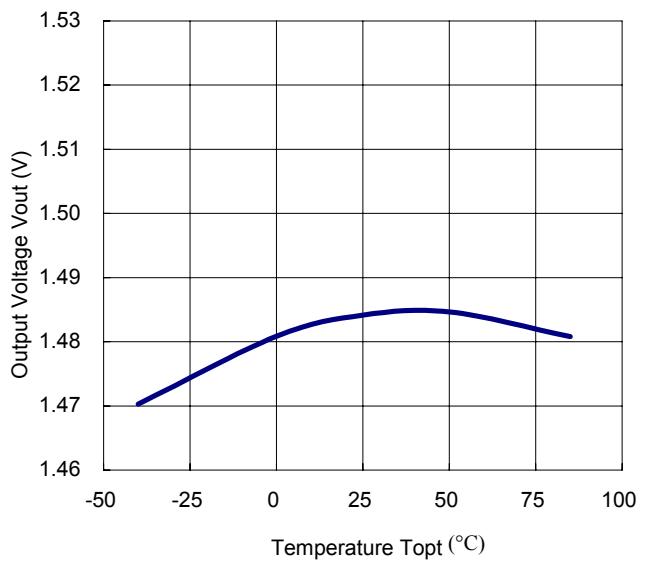
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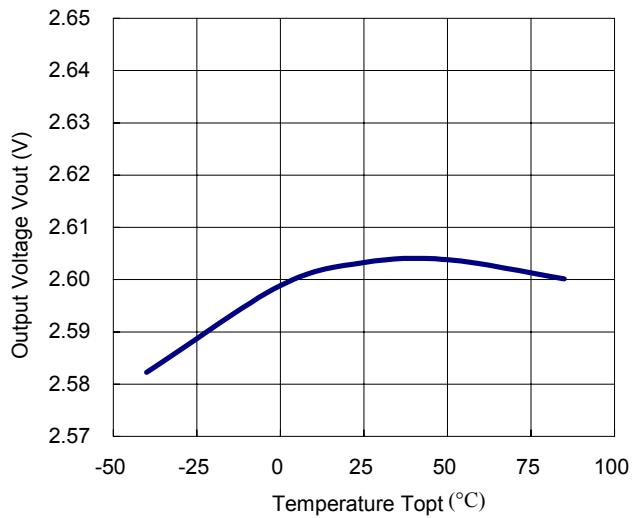
R1160X151X ECO=H



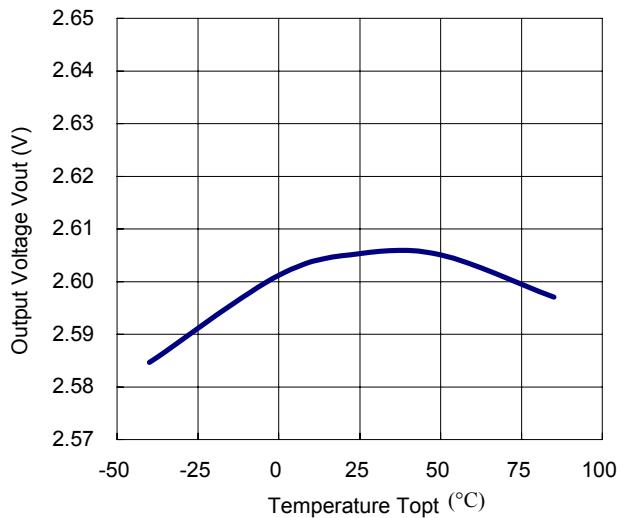
R1160X151X ECO=L



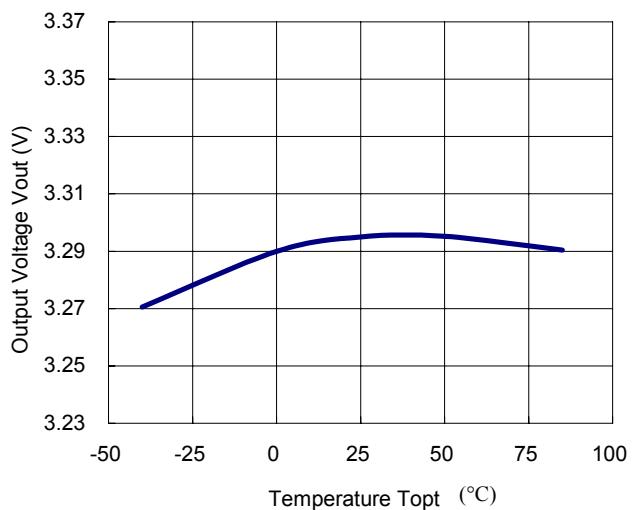
R1160X261X ECO=H



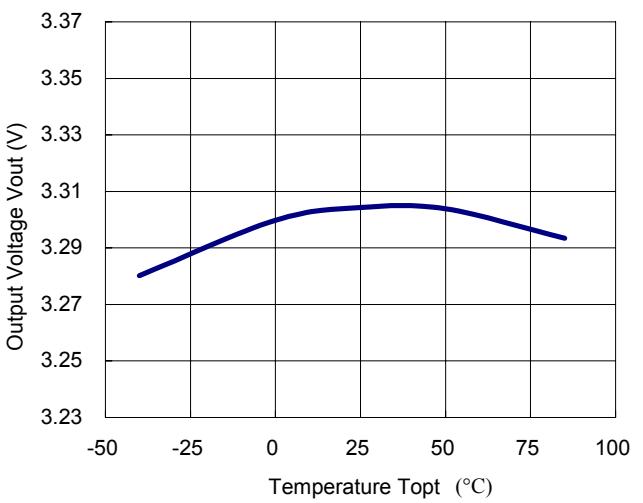
R1160X261X ECO=L



R1160X331X ECO=H

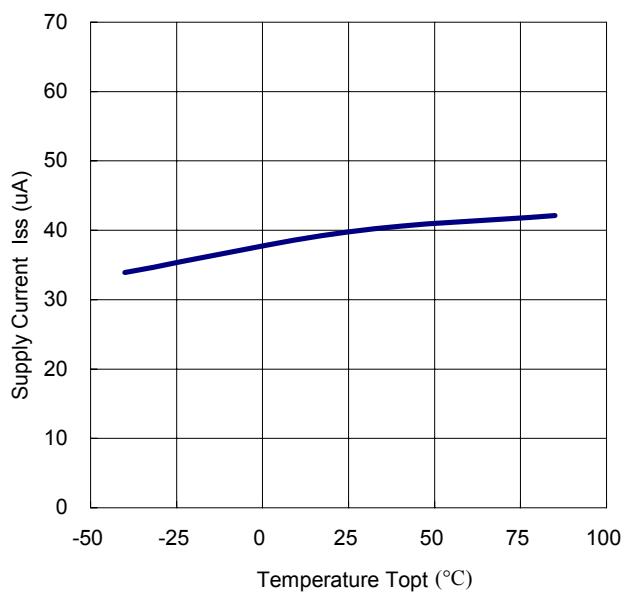


R1160X331X ECO=L

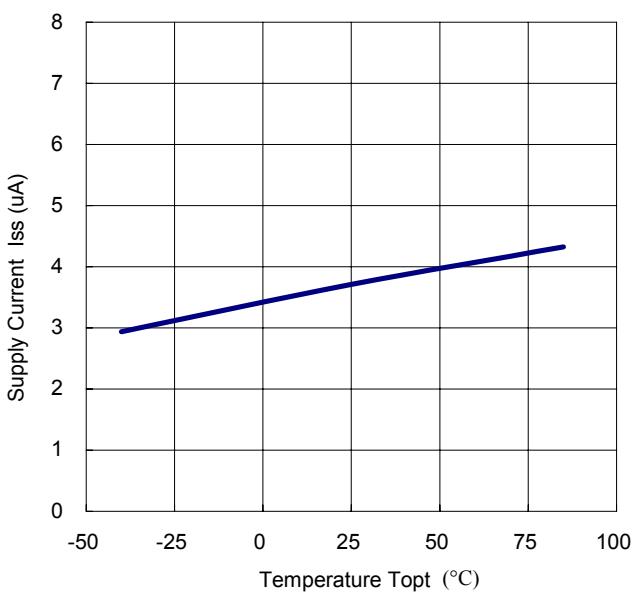


5) Supply Current vs. Temperature

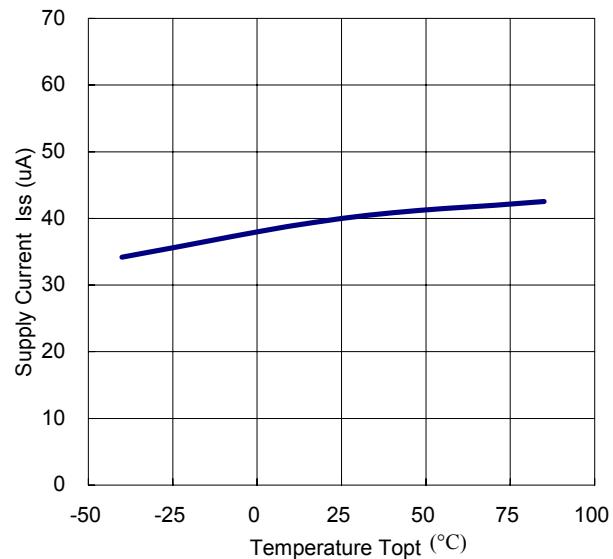
R1160X081X ECO=H



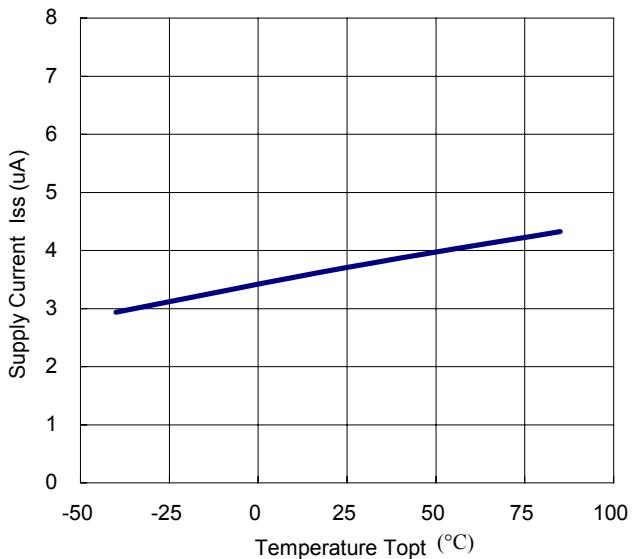
R1160X081X ECO=L

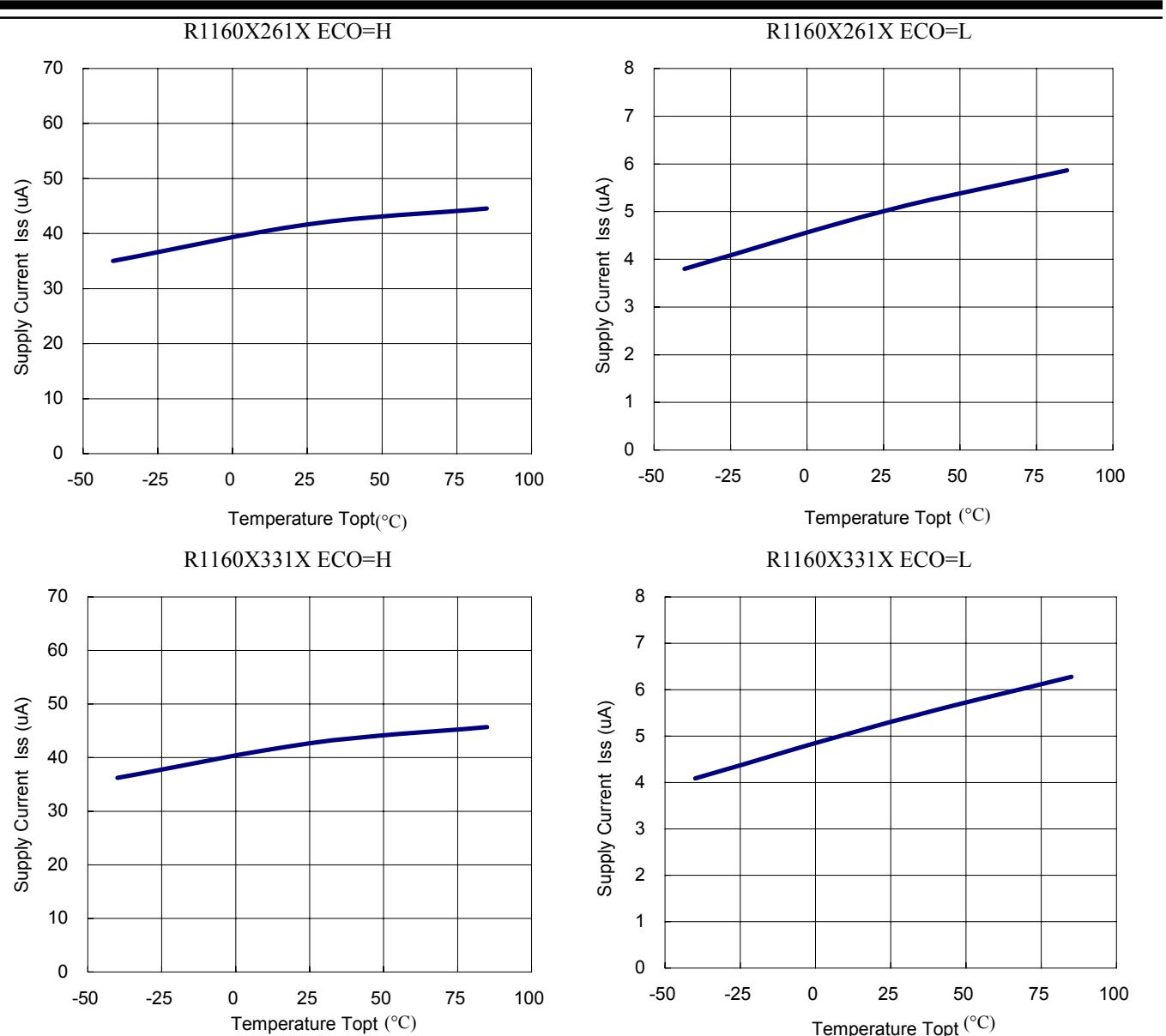


R1160X151X ECO=H

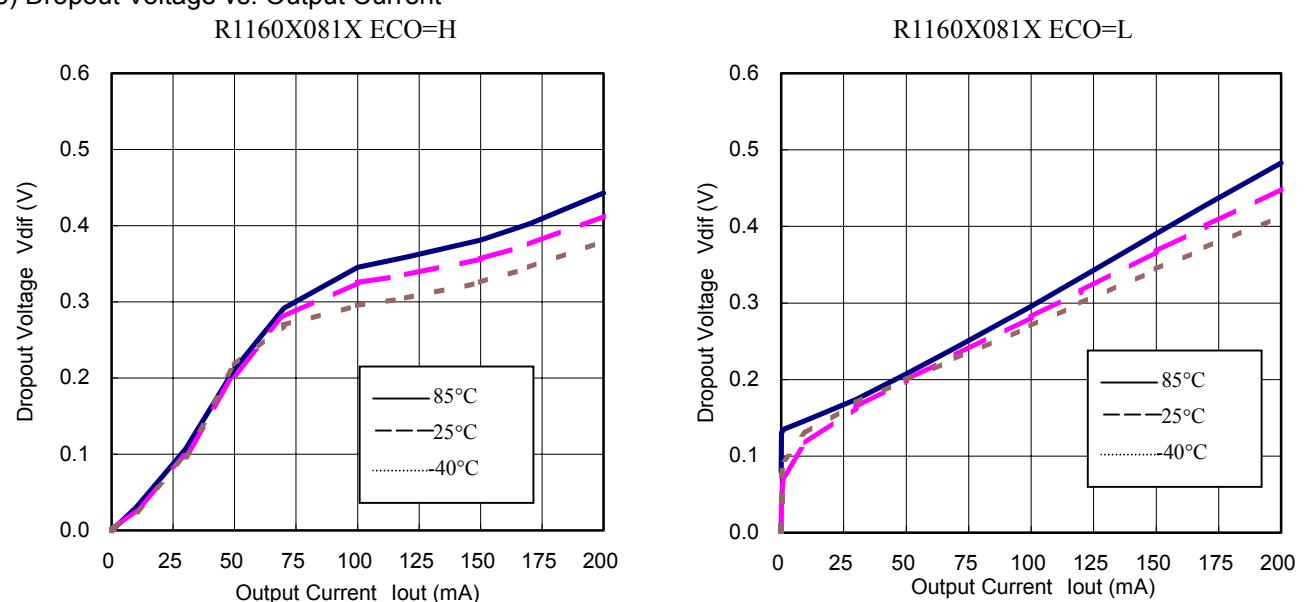


R1160X151X ECO=L

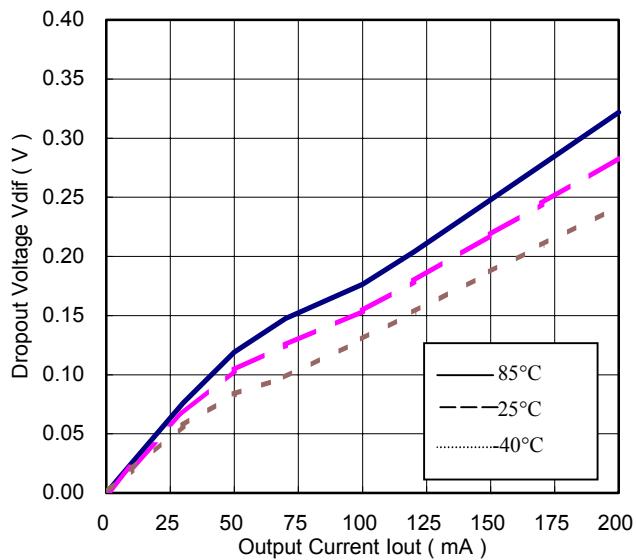




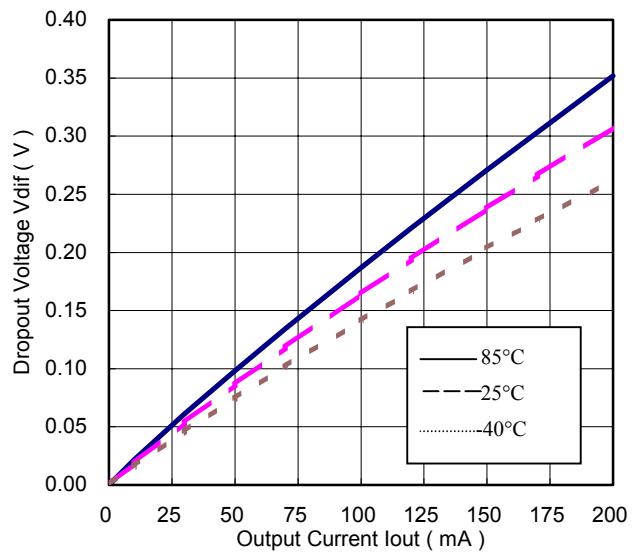
6) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current



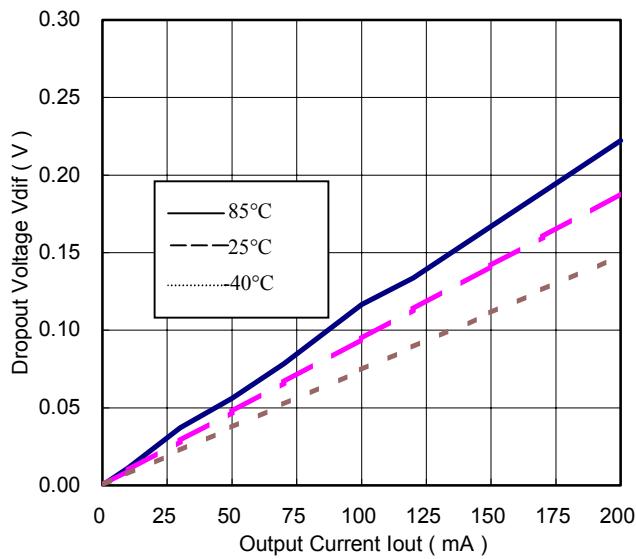
R1160X101X ECO=H



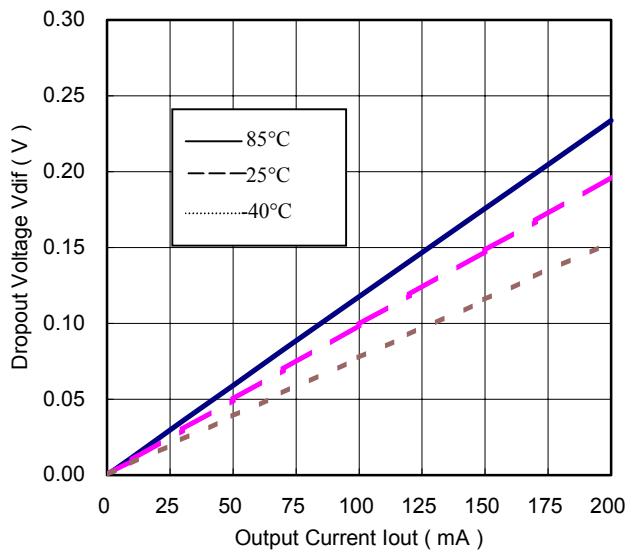
R1160X101X ECO=L



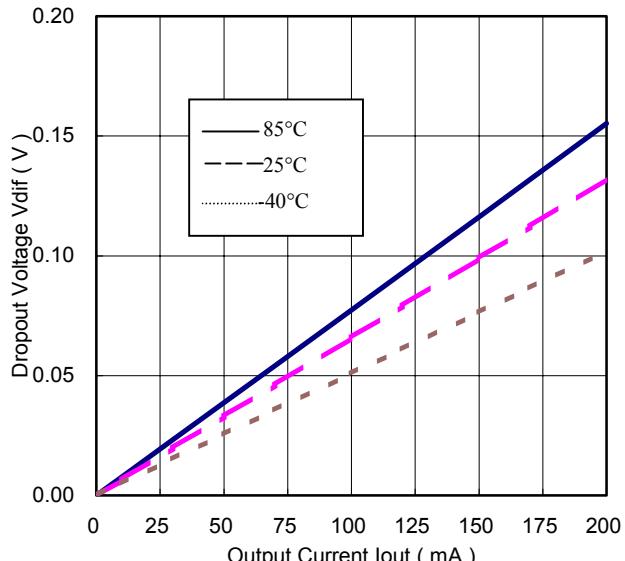
R1160X151X ECO=H



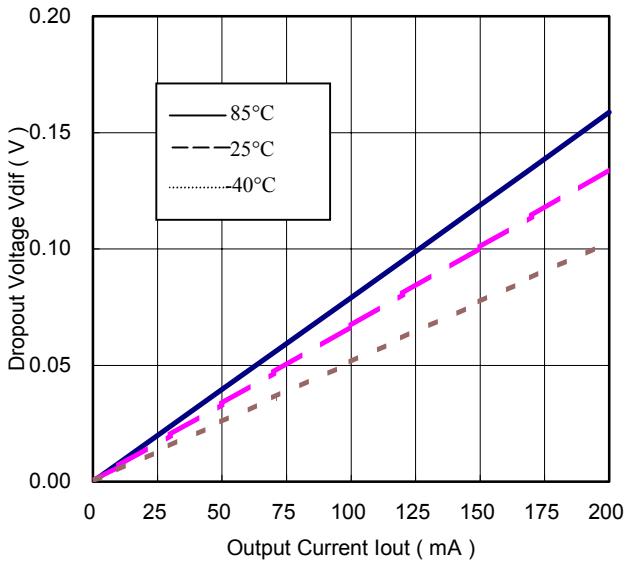
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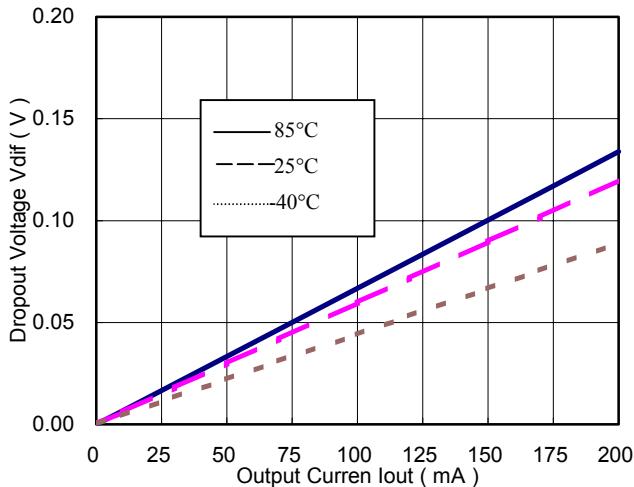
R1160X261X ECO=H



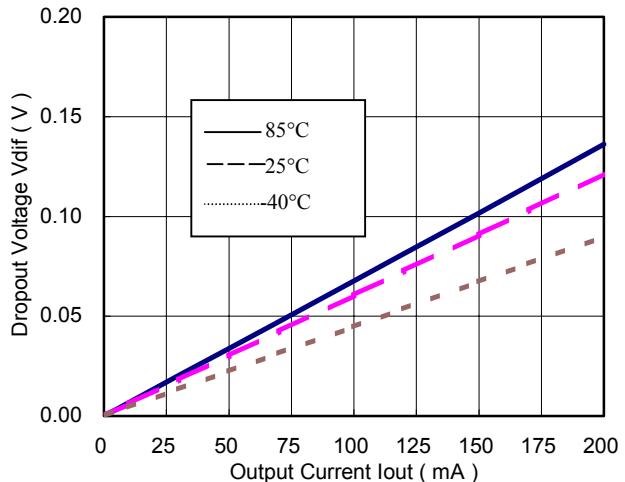
R1160X261X ECO=L



R1160X331X ECO=H

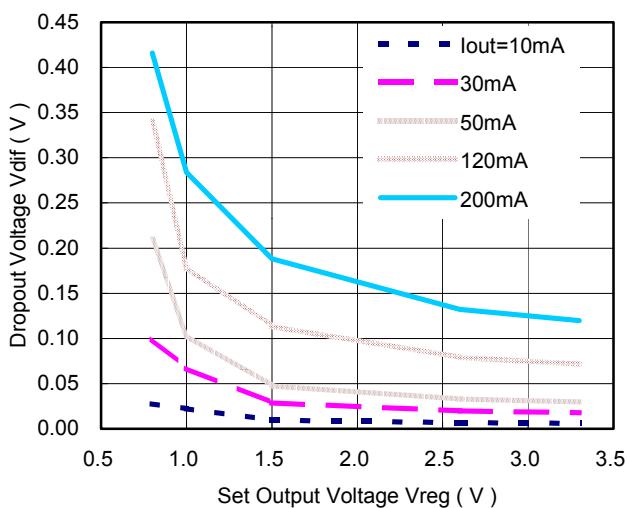


R1160X331X ECO=L

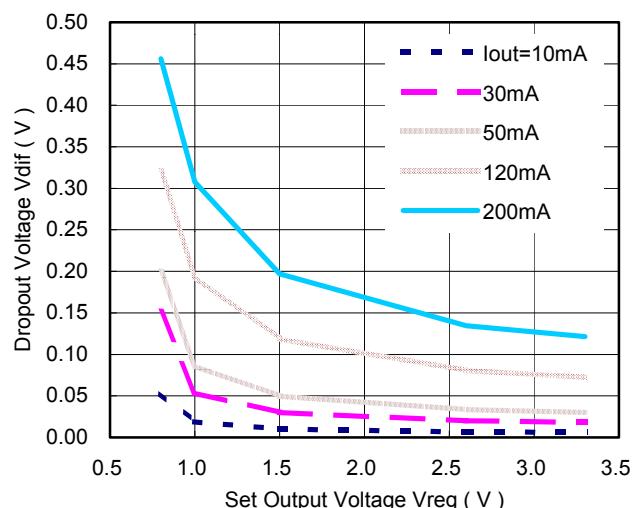


7) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage (Topt=25°C)

R1160XXX1X ECO=H



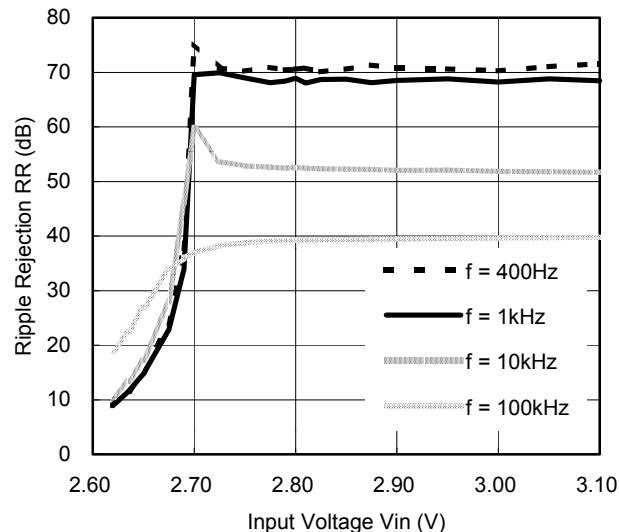
R1160XXX1X ECO=L



8) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Bias (Topt=25°C)

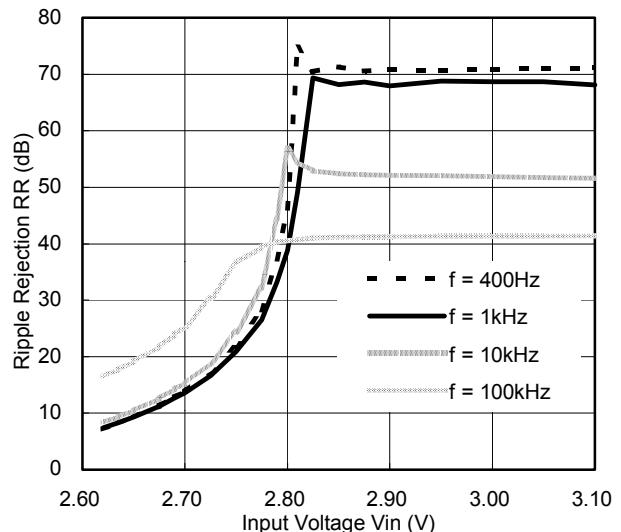
R1160X261X Ripple 0.2VP-P

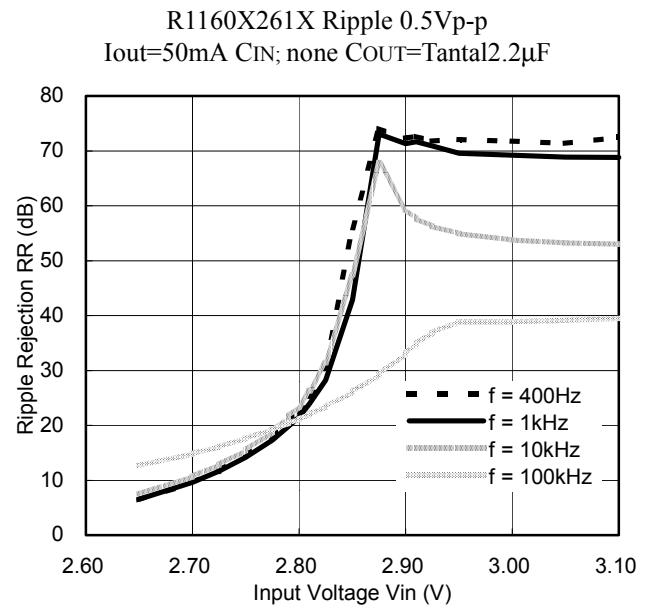
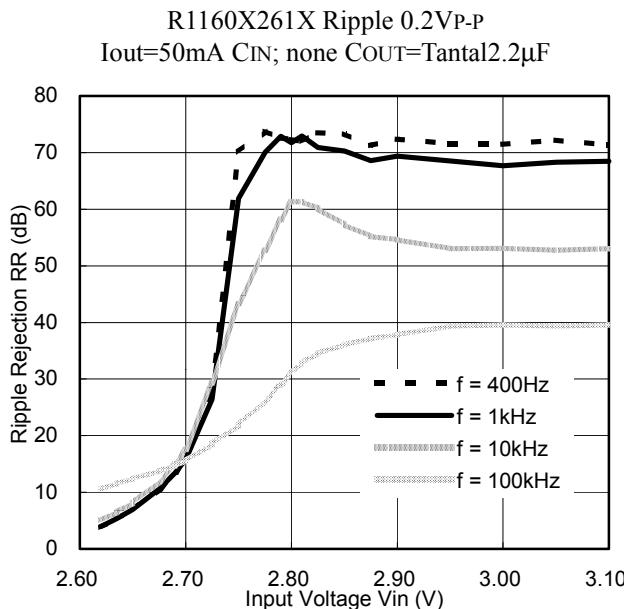
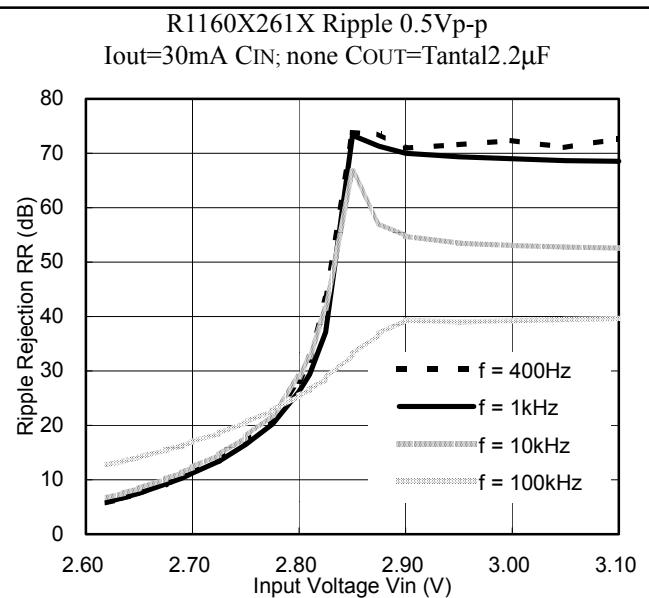
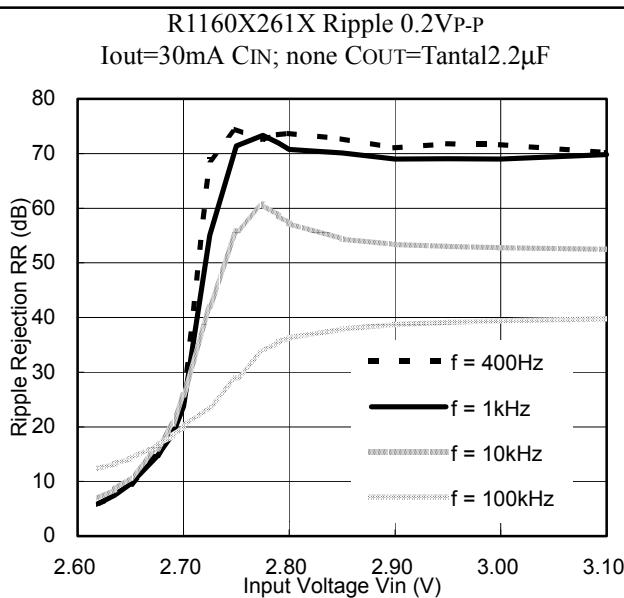
Iout=1mA CIN; none COUT=Tantal2.2μF



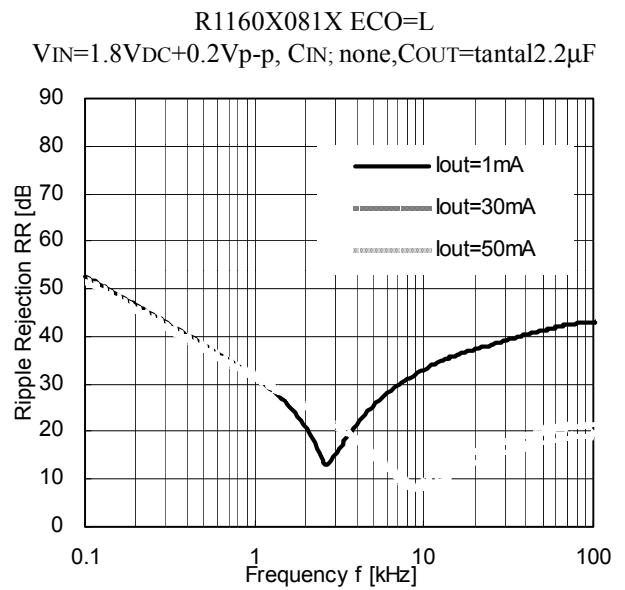
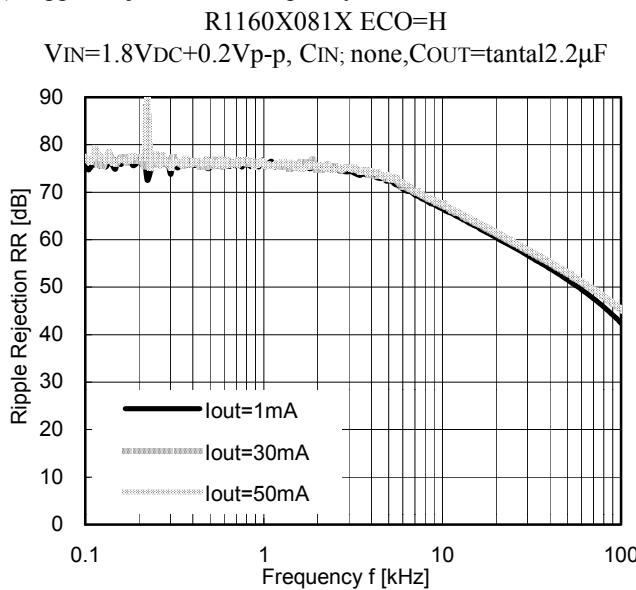
R1160X261X Ripple 0.5VP-p

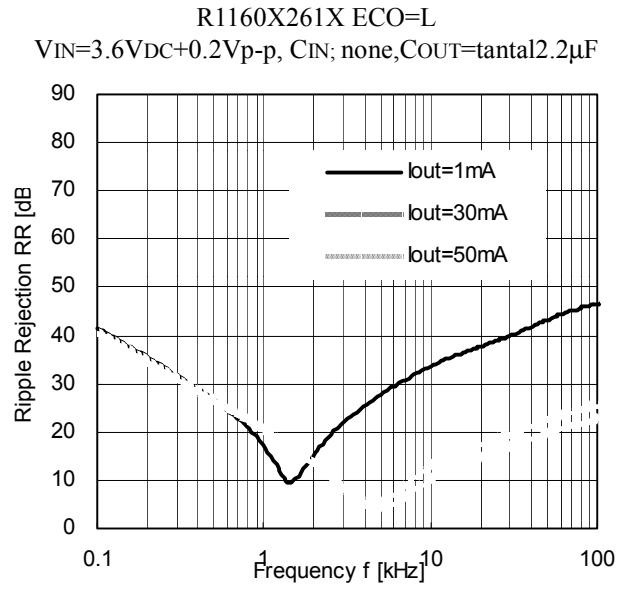
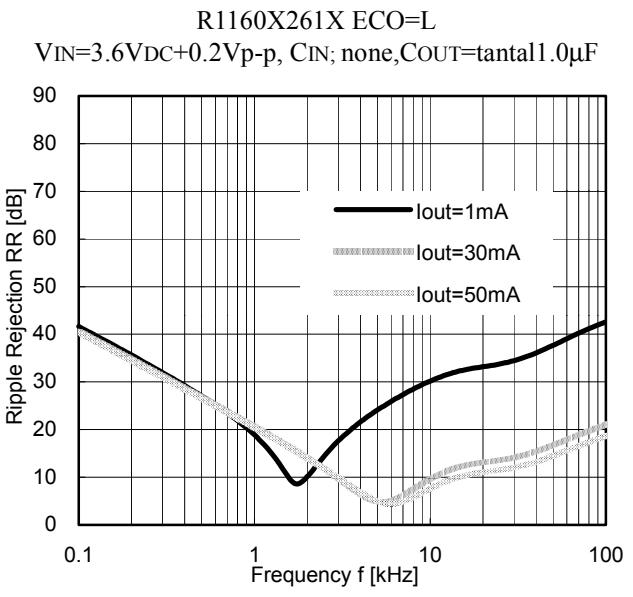
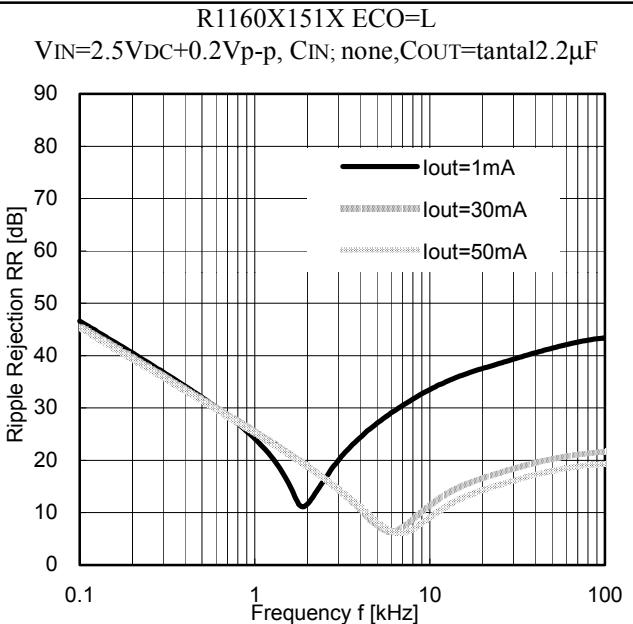
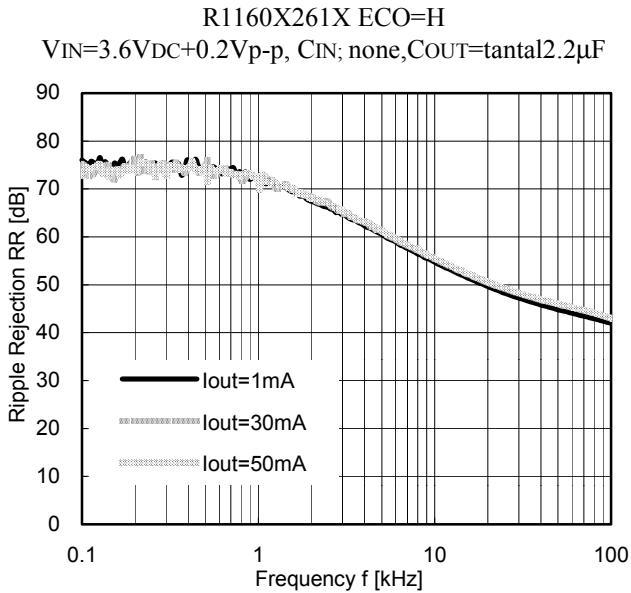
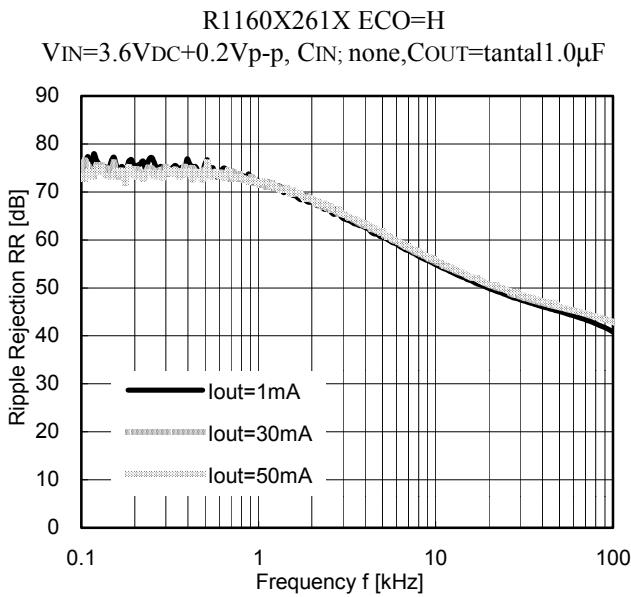
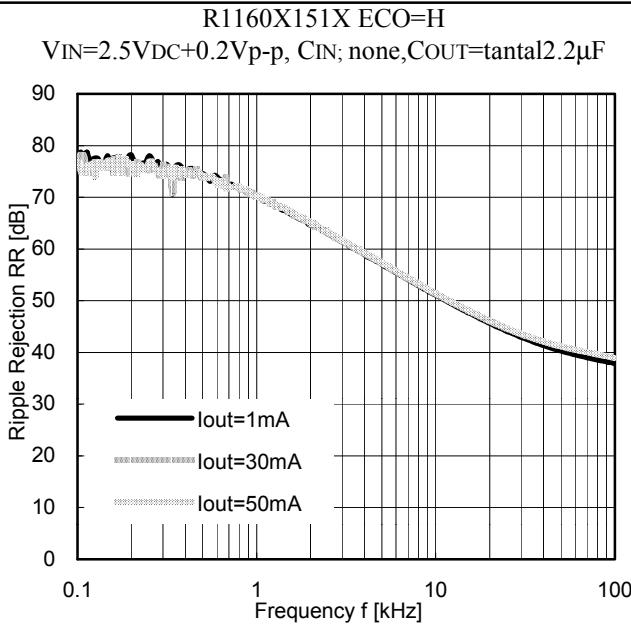
Iout=1mA CIN; none COUT=Tantal2.2μF

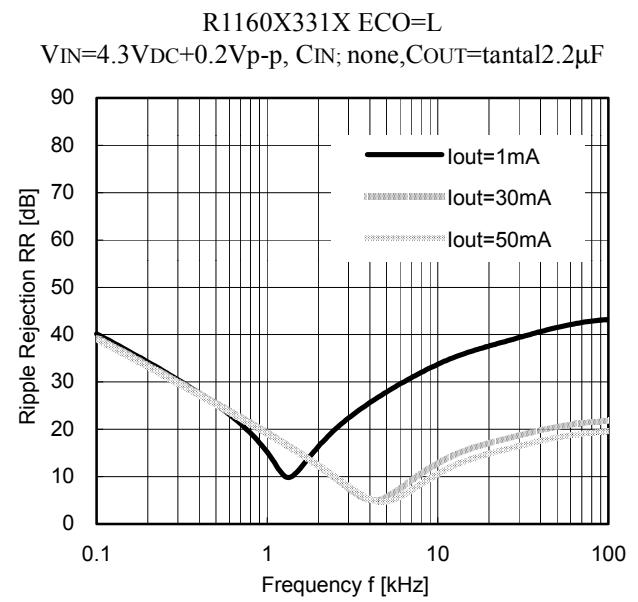
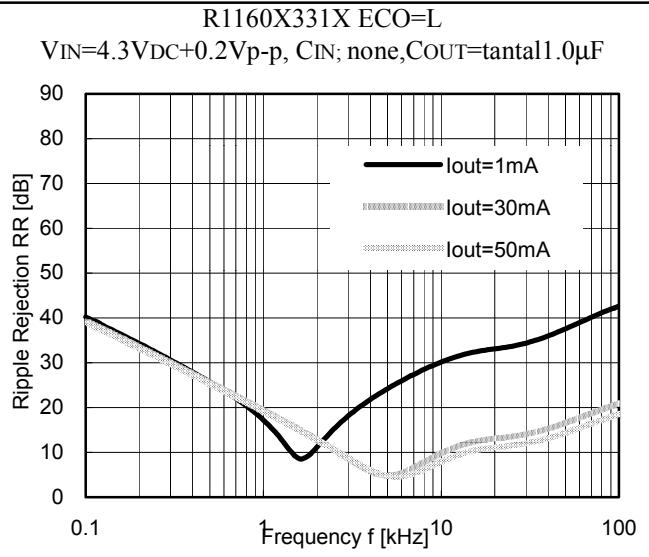
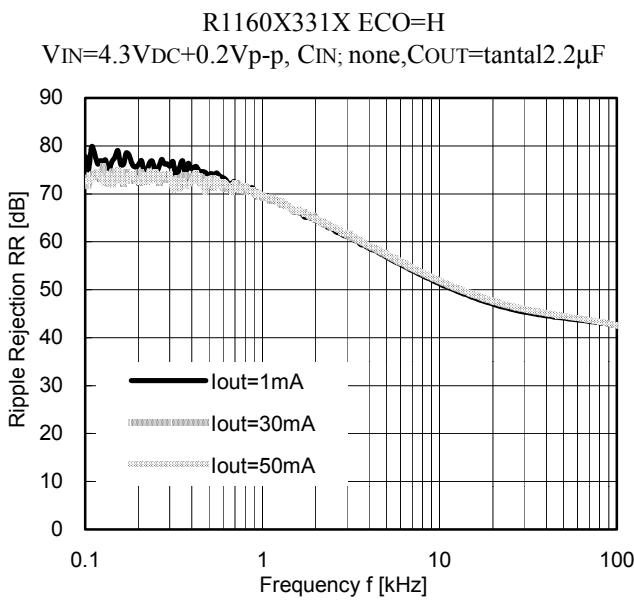
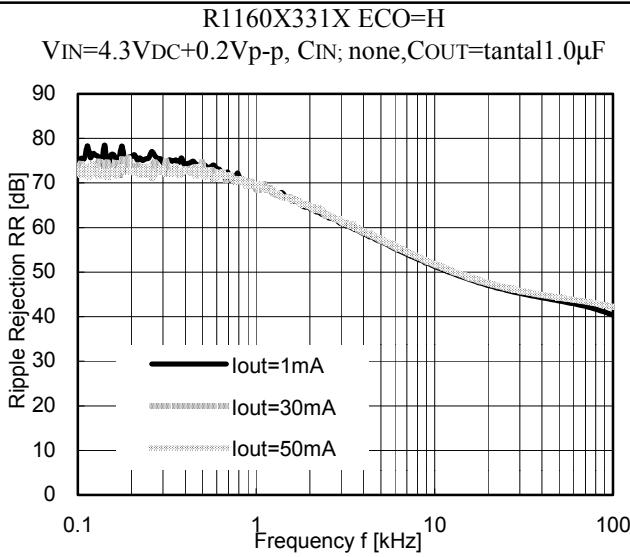




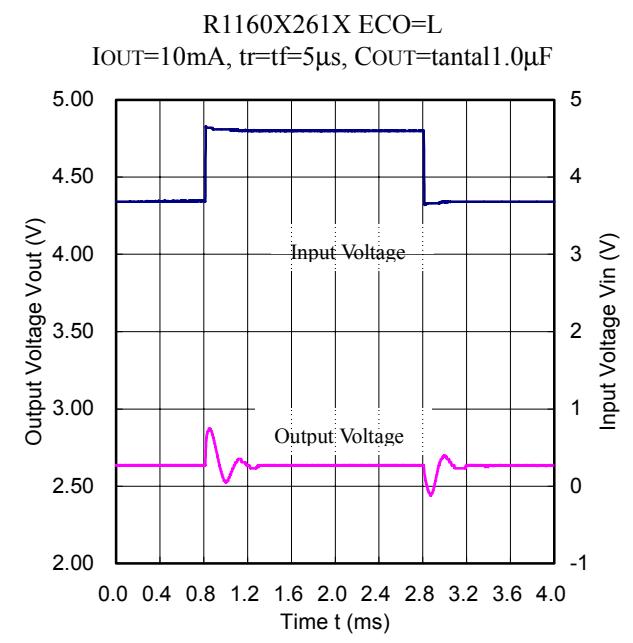
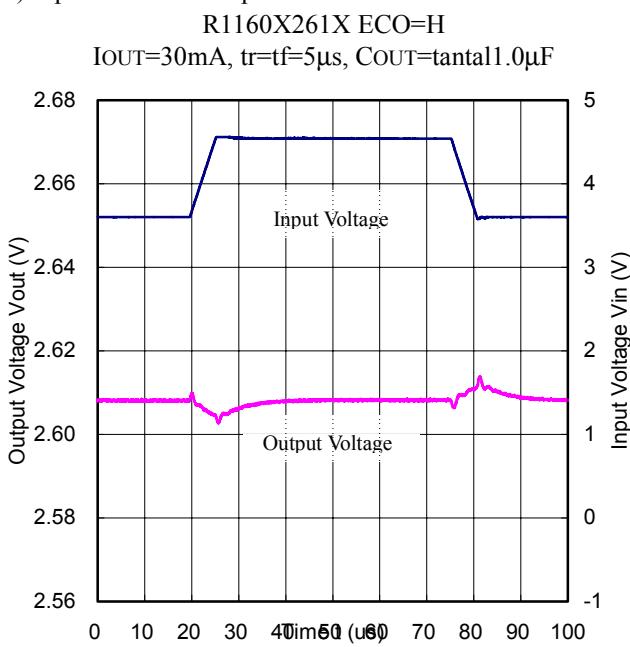
9) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

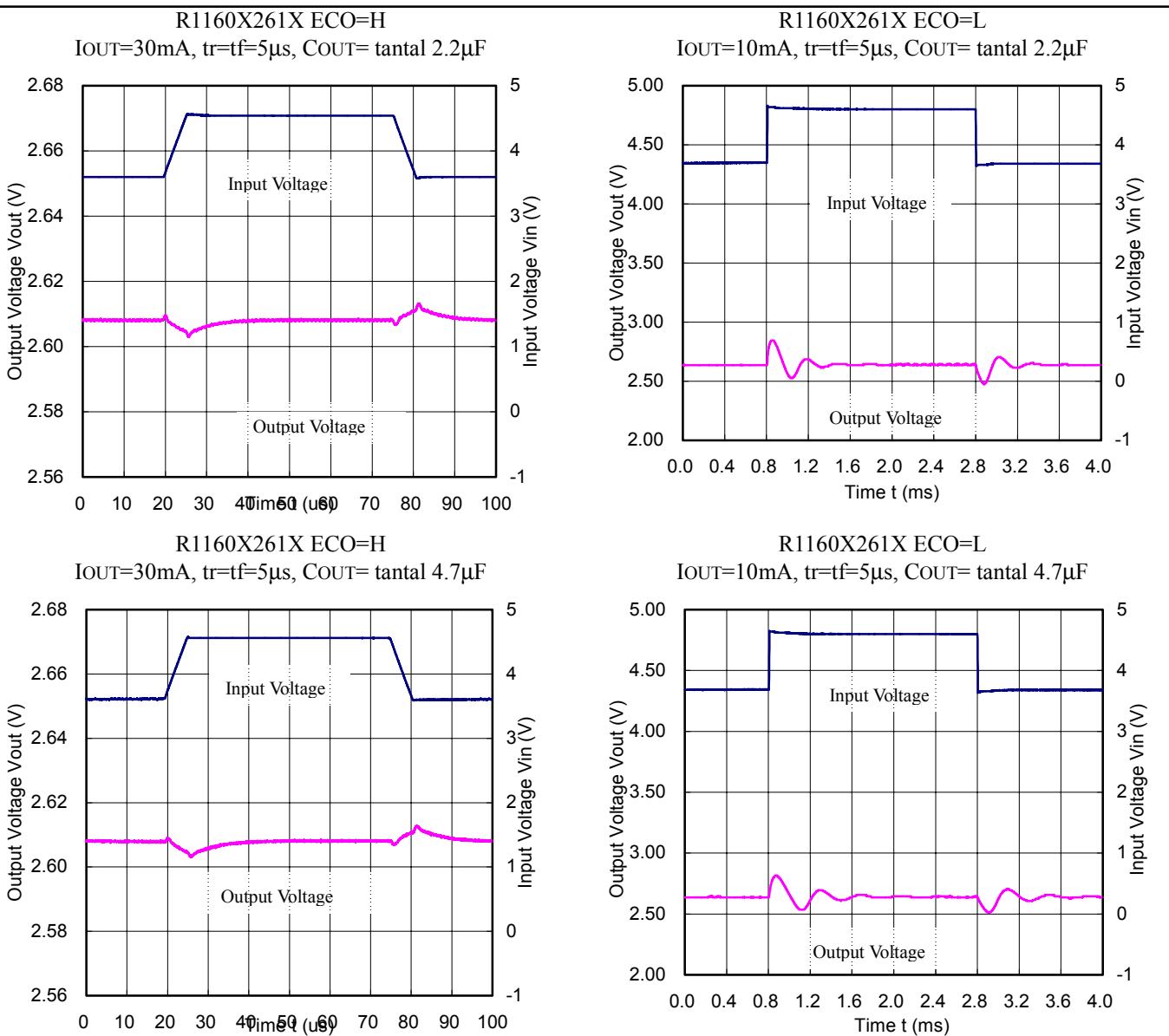




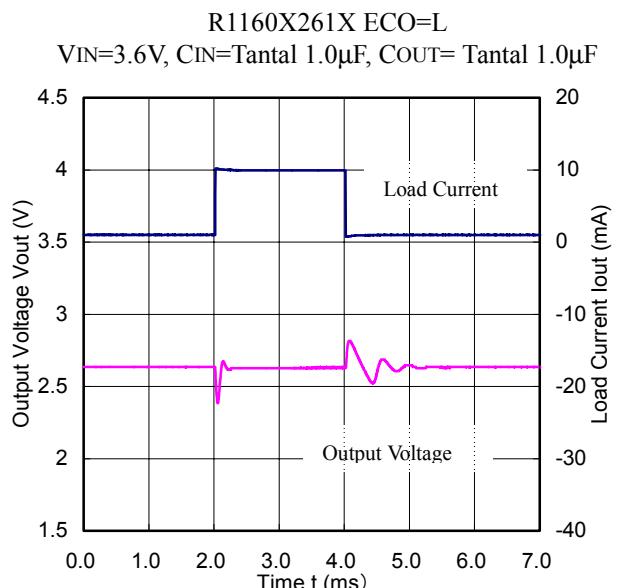
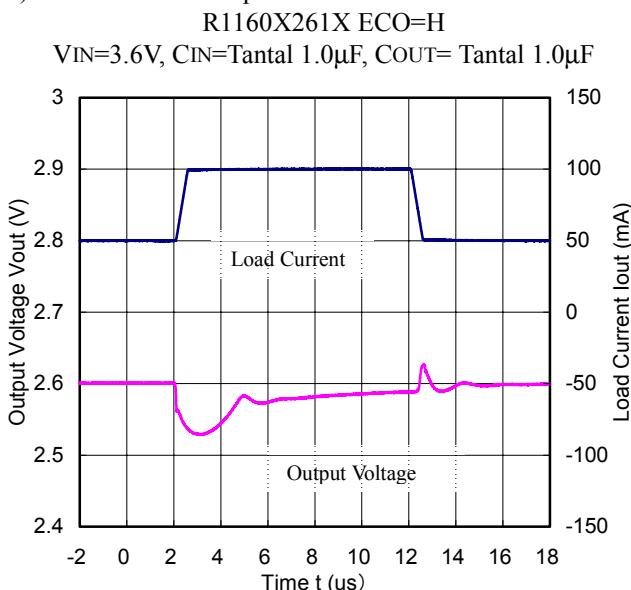


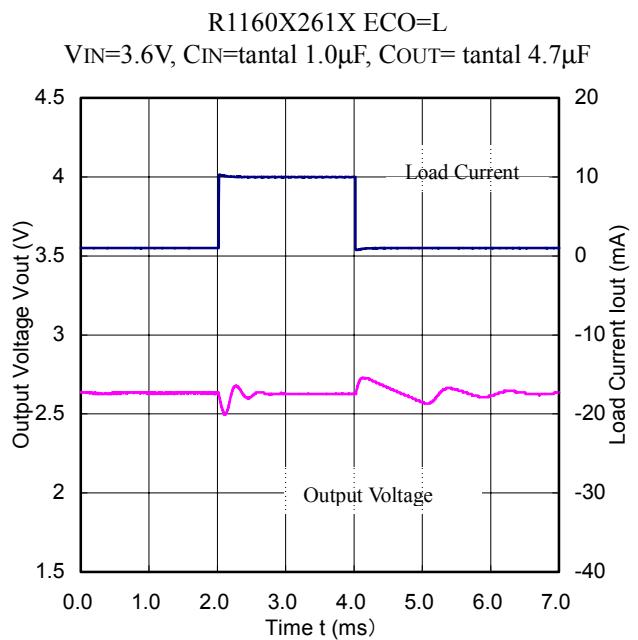
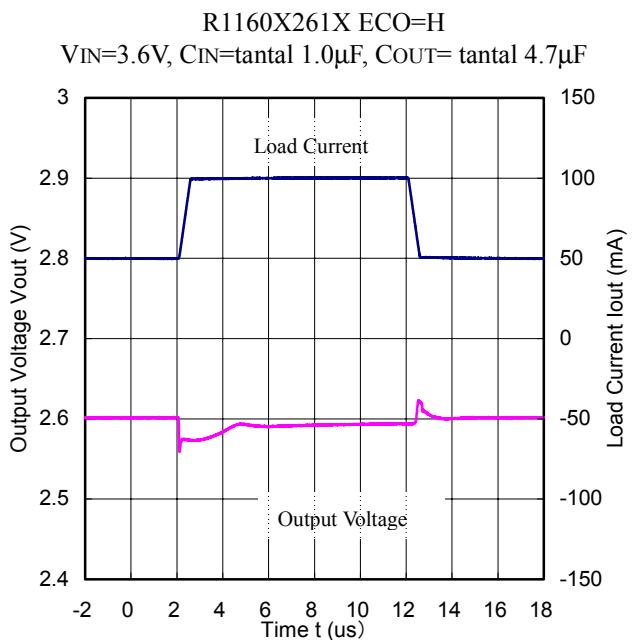
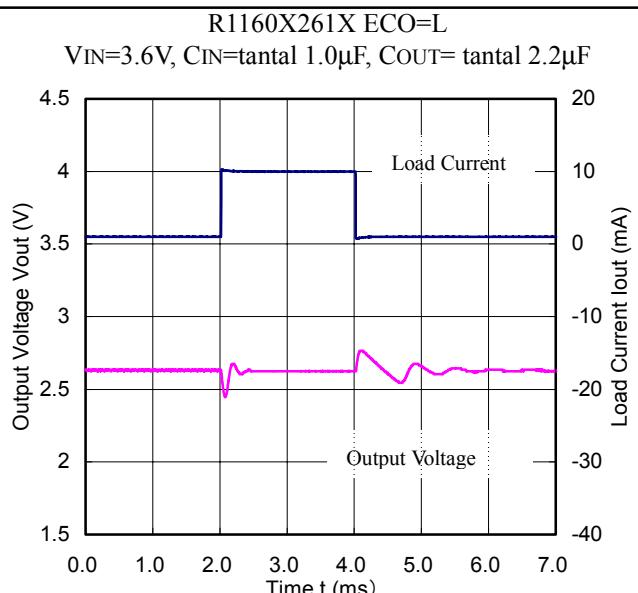
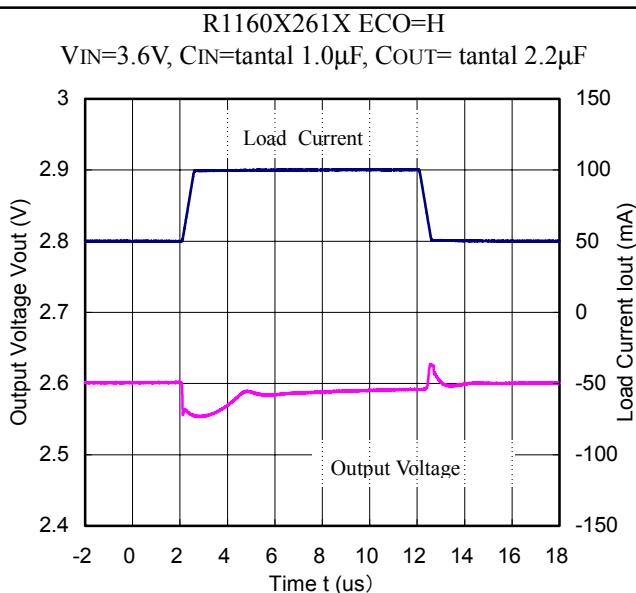
10) Input Transient Response



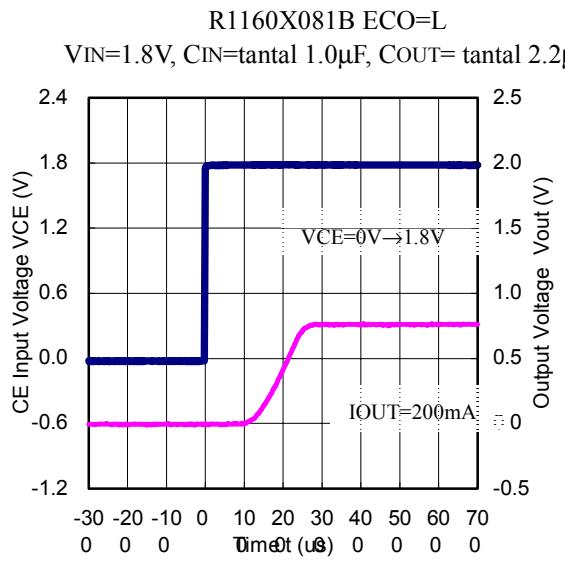
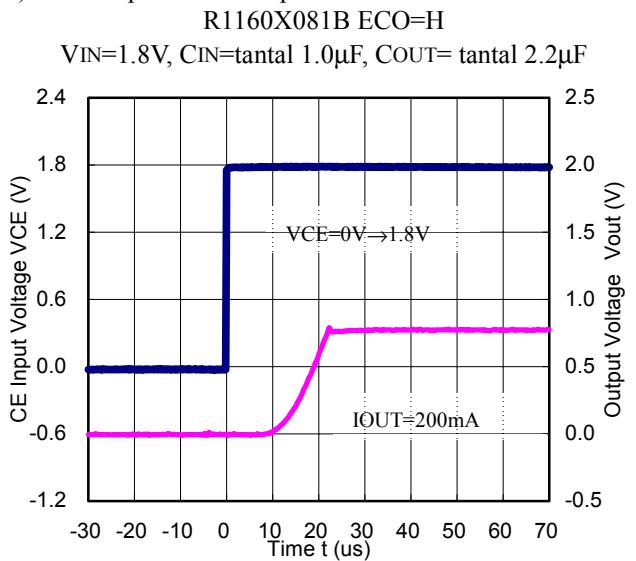


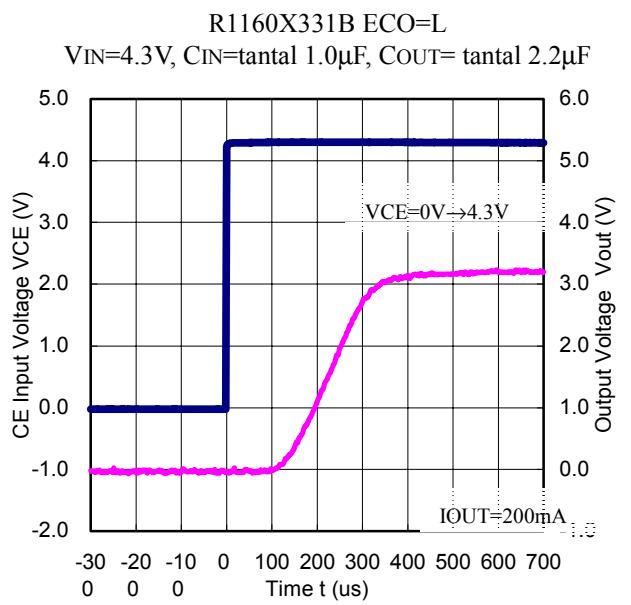
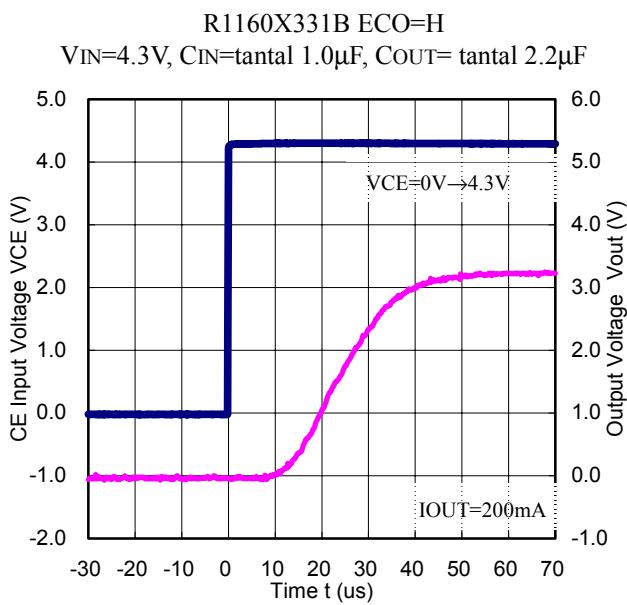
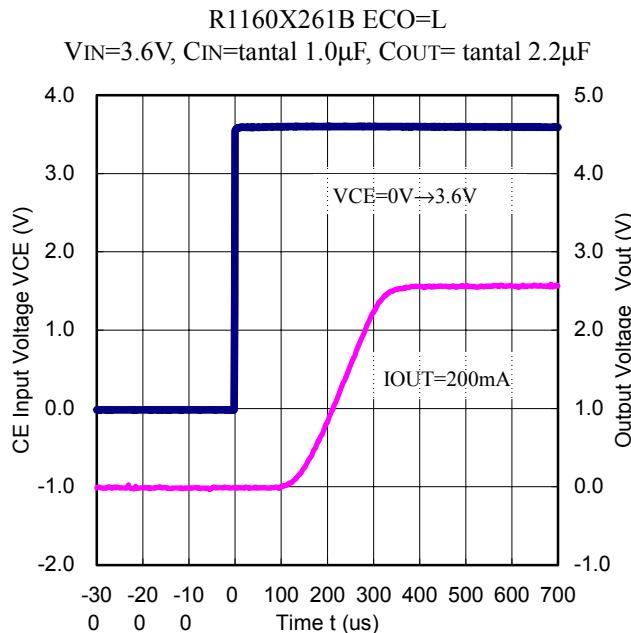
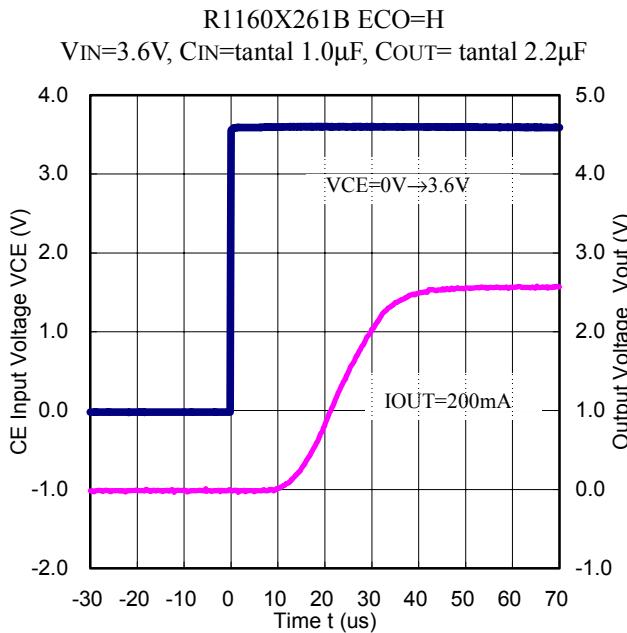
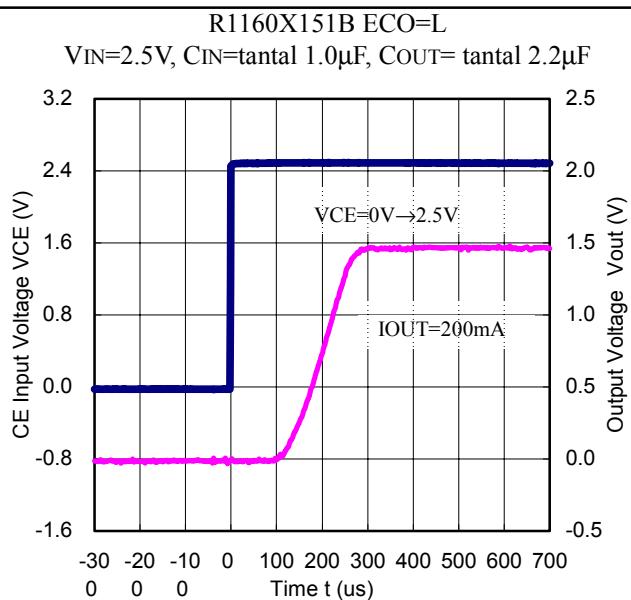
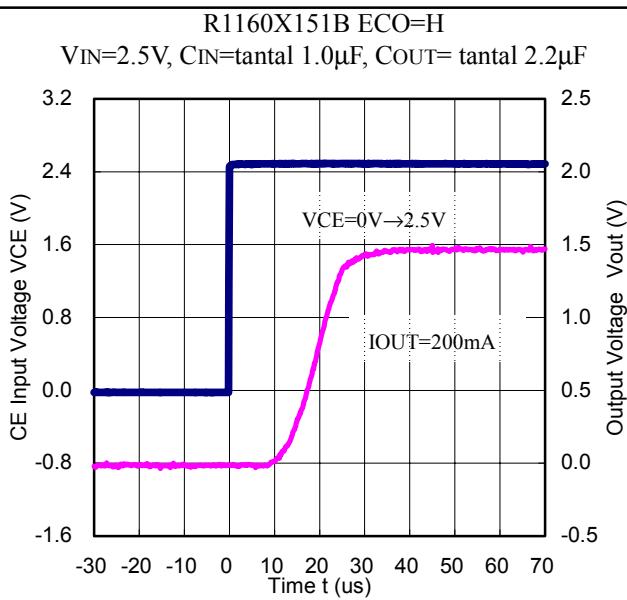
11) Load Transient Response





12) Turn on speed with CE pin

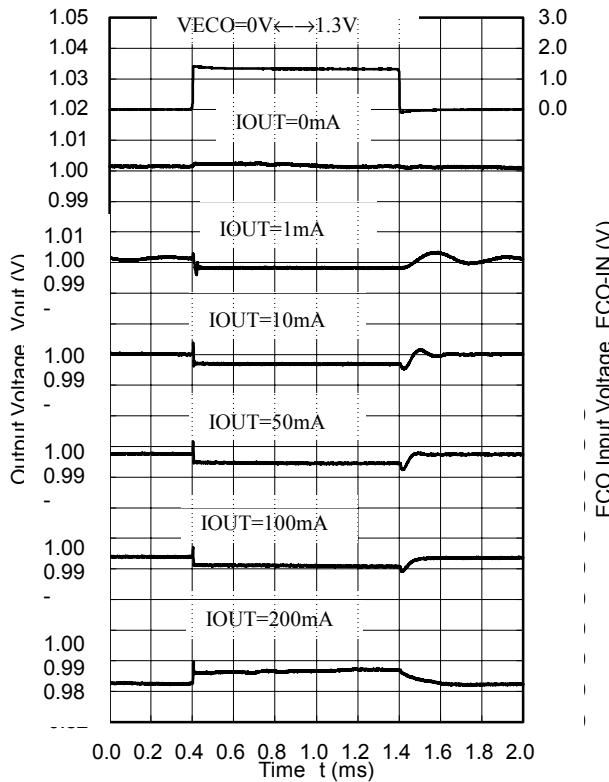




13) Output Voltage at Mode alternative point

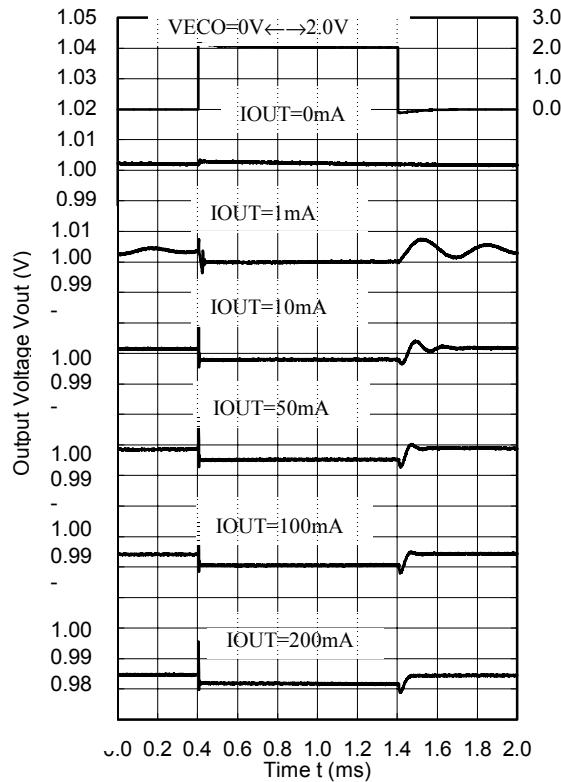
R1160X101X

VIN=1.3V, CIN=tantal 1.0 μ F, COUT= tantal 2.2 μ F



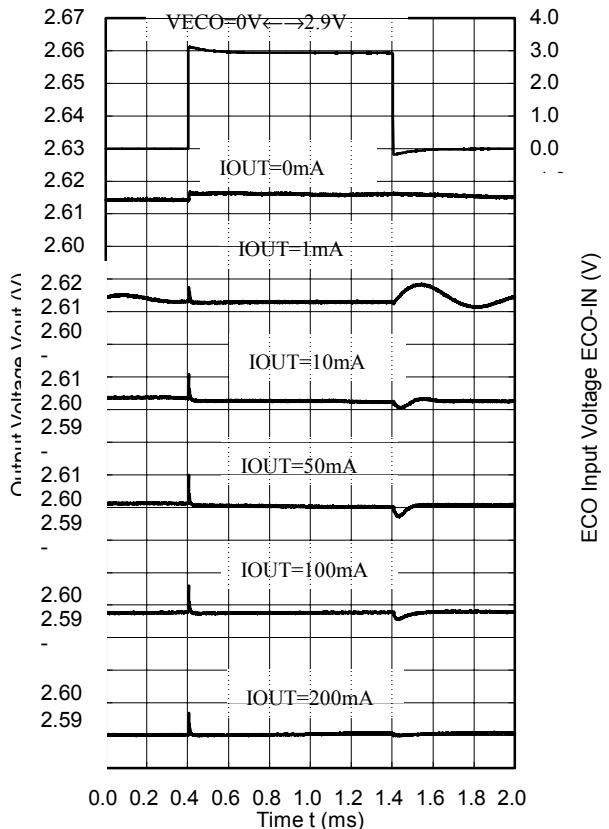
R1160X101X

VIN=2.0V, CIN=tantal 1.0 μ F, COUT= tantal 2.2 μ F



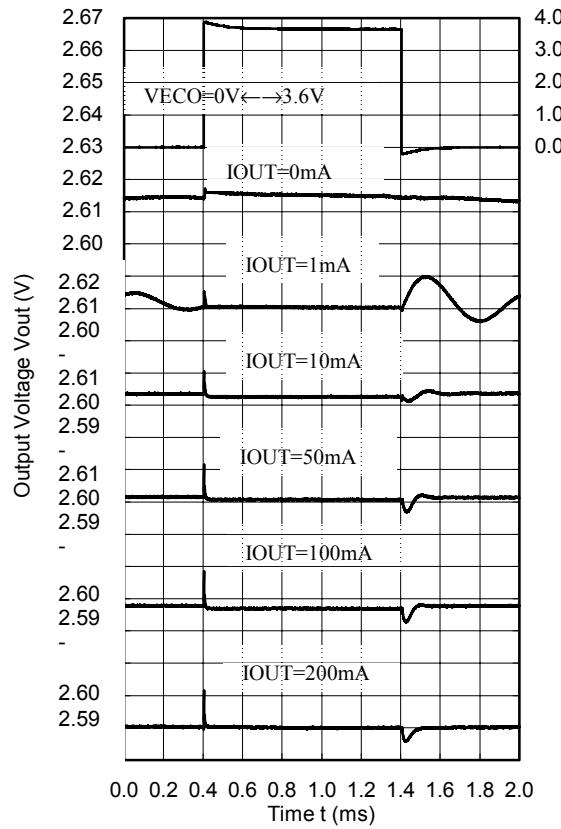
R1160X261X

VIN=2.9V, CIN=tantal 1.0 μ F, COUT= tantal 2.2 μ F



R1160X261X

VIN=3.6V, CIN=tantal 1.0 μ F, COUT= tantal 2.2 μ F



■ TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, be sure to use a capacitor COUT with good frequency characteristics and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) of which is in the range described as follows:

The relations between I_{OUT} (Output Current) and ESR of Output Capacitor are shown below. The conditions when the white noise level is under 40µV(Avg.) are marked as the hatched area in the graph.

<Test conditions>

- (1) Frequency band: 10Hz to 2MHz
- (2) Temperature: 25°C

