

## LOW-POWER AND LOW-OFFSET-VOLTAGE TINY SINGLE C-MOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJU7091A, 92A and 93A are single C-MOS operational amplifiers operated on a single-power-supply, low voltage and low operating current.

The input offset voltage is lower than 2mV, and the input bias current is as low as than 1pA, consequently very small signal around the ground level can be amplified.

The minimum operating voltage is 1V and the output stage permits output signal to swing between both of the supply rails.

Furthermore, this series is packaged with very small MTP-5, therefore it can be especially applied to portable items.

### ■ FEATURES

- Single-Power-Supply
- Low Offset Voltage       $V_{IO}=2\text{mV}$  max
- Wide Operating Voltage       $V_{DD}=1\sim 5.5\text{V}$
- Wide Output Swing Range       $V_{OM}=2.9\text{V}$  min @3.0V
- Low Operating Current
- Low Bias Current       $I_{IB}=1\text{pA}$  typ
- Compensation Capacitor Incorporated
- Package Outline      MTP-5
- C-MOS Technology

### ■ LINE-UP

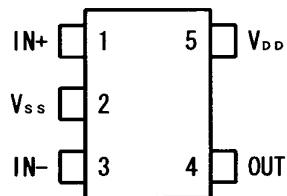
### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



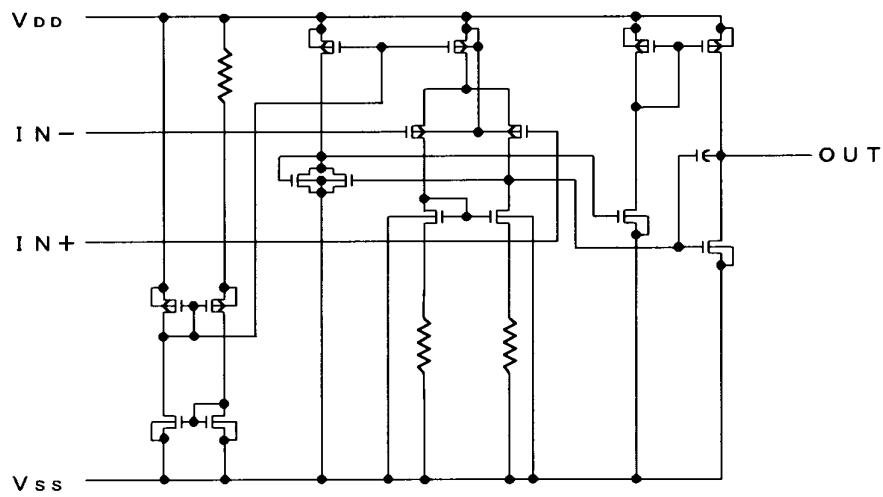
NJU709XAF

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION

(Top View)



### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT




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*New Japan Radio Co., Ltd.*


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## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	6.5	V
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	±6.5 Note1	V
Common Mode Input Voltage	V <sub>IC</sub>	-0.3 ~ 6.5	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	200	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 ~ +125	°C

Note1) If the supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>) is less than 6.5V, the input voltage must not over the V<sub>DD</sub> level though 6.5V is limit specified.

Note2) Decoupling capacitor should be connected between V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> due to the stabilized operation for the circuit.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

NJU7091A

(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0V, R<sub>L</sub>=∞)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	Typ	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =1/2V <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	2	mV
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>		—	1	—	pA
Input Bias Current	I <sub>IB</sub>		—	1	—	pA
Input Impedance	R <sub>IN</sub>		—	1	—	TΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A <sub>VD</sub>		60	70	—	dB
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>ICM</sub>		0~2.5	—	—	V
Maximum Output	V <sub>OM1</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =1MΩ	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.1	—	—	V
Swing Voltage	V <sub>OM2</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =1MΩ	—	—	V <sub>SS</sub> +0.1	V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	V <sub>IN</sub> =1/2V <sub>DD</sub>	55	65	—	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.5~5.5V	60	70	—	dB
Operating Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		—	15	25	uA
Slew Rate	SR		—	0.1	—	V/us
Unity Gain Bandwidth	F <sub>t</sub>	A <sub>v</sub> =40dB, C <sub>L</sub> =10pF	—	0.2	—	MHz

Note3) The source current is less than 2.9uA (at V<sub>OM</sub>/R<sub>L</sub>=2.9V/1MΩ).

## NJU7092A

(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0V, R<sub>L</sub>=∞)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =1/2V <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	2	mV
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>		—	1	—	pA
Input Bias Current	I <sub>IB</sub>		—	1	—	pA
Input Impedance	R <sub>IN</sub>		—	1	—	TΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A <sub>VD</sub>		60	70	—	dB
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>ICM</sub>		0~2.5	—	—	V
Maximum Output	V <sub>OM1</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =100kΩ	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.1	—	—	V
Swing Voltage	V <sub>OM2</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =100kΩ	—	—	V <sub>SS</sub> +0.1	V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	V <sub>IN</sub> =1/2V <sub>DD</sub>	55	65	—	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.5~5.5V	60	70	—	dB
Operating Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		—	80	160	uA
Slew Rate	SR		—	1.0	—	V/us
Unity Gain Bandwidth	F <sub>t</sub>	A <sub>v</sub> =40dB, C <sub>L</sub> =10pF	—	1.0	—	MHz

Note4) The source current is less than 29uA (at V<sub>OM</sub>/R<sub>L</sub>=2.9V/100kΩ).

## NJU7093A

(Ta=25°C, V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0V, R<sub>L</sub>=∞)

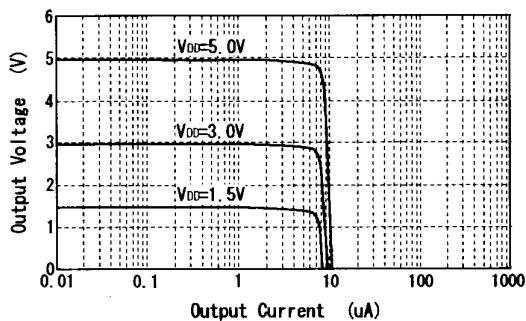
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =1/2V <sub>DD</sub>	—	—	2	mV
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>		—	1	—	pA
Input Bias Current	I <sub>IB</sub>		—	1	—	pA
Input Impedance	R <sub>IN</sub>		—	1	—	TΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A <sub>VD</sub>		60	70	—	dB
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>ICM</sub>		0~2.5	—	—	V
Maximum Output	V <sub>OM1</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =50kΩ	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.1	—	—	V
Swing Voltage	V <sub>OM2</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> =50kΩ	—	—	V <sub>SS</sub> +0.1	V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	V <sub>IN</sub> =1/2V <sub>DD</sub>	55	65	—	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	V <sub>DD</sub> =1.5~5.5V	60	70	—	dB
Operating Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		—	200	400	uA
Slew Rate	SR		—	1.0	—	V/us
Unity Gain Bandwidth	F <sub>t</sub>	A <sub>v</sub> =40dB, C <sub>L</sub> =10pF	—	1.0	—	MHz

Note5) The source current is less than 58uA (at V<sub>OM</sub>/R<sub>L</sub>=2.9V/50kΩ).

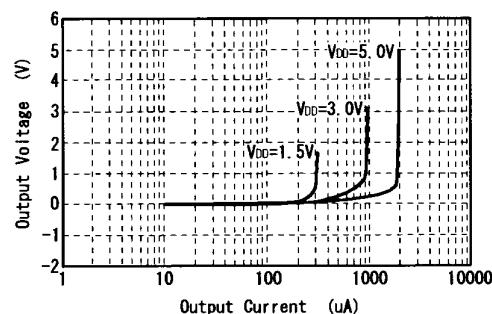
## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### (1) NJU7091A

Output Voltage vs. Output Current (SOURCE)

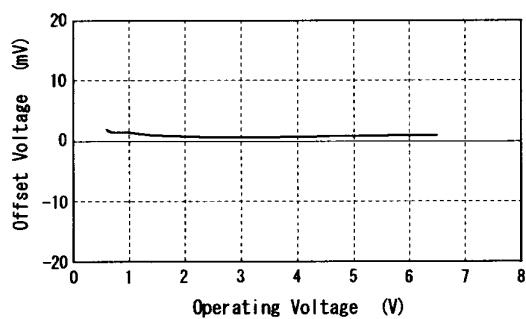


Output Voltage vs. Output Current (SINK)



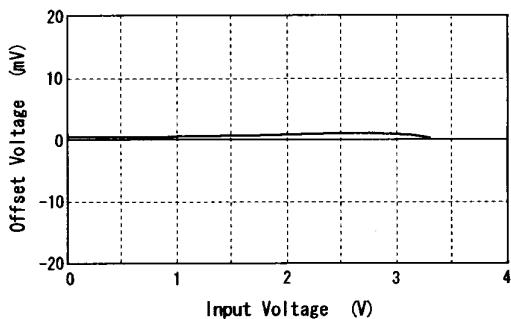
Offset Voltage vs. Operating Voltage

$V_{IN}=0.1V$



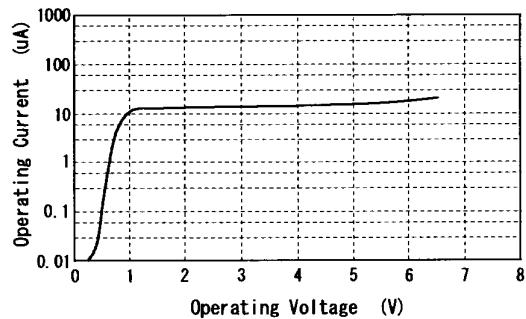
Offset Voltage vs. Input Voltage

$V_{DD}=3.0V$



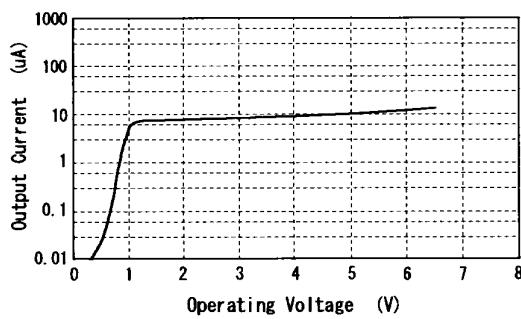
Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage

$V_{IN}=0.1V$

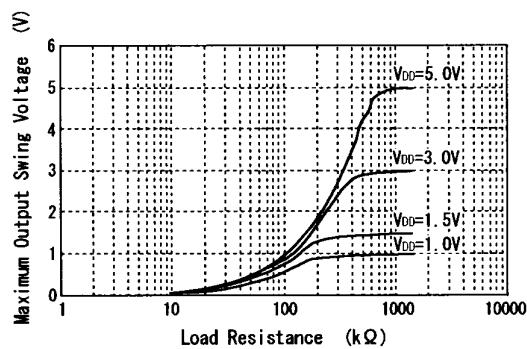


Output Current vs. Operating Voltage

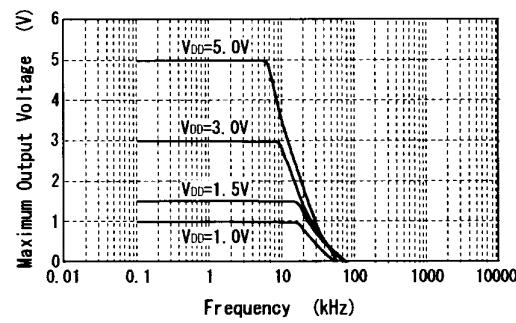
$V_{IN}=0.1V$



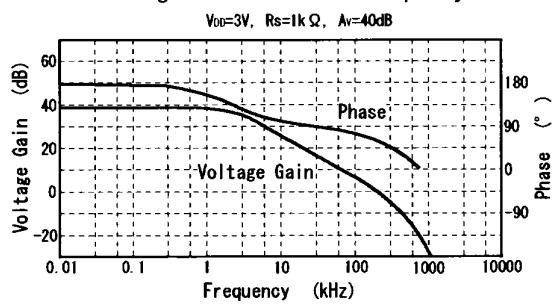
Maximum Output Swing Voltage vs. Load Resistance



Maximum Output Swing Voltage vs. Frequency

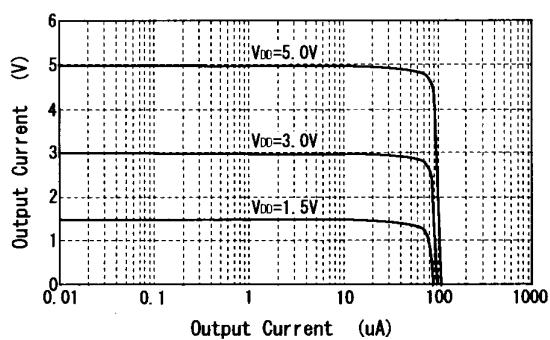


Voltage Gain-Phase vs. Frequency

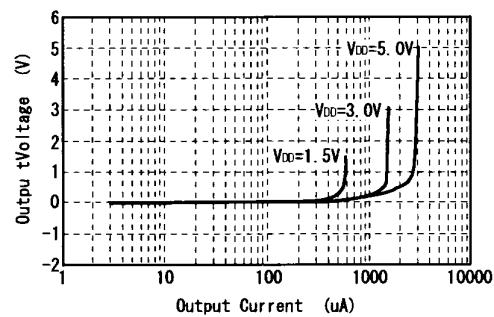


(2) NJU7092A

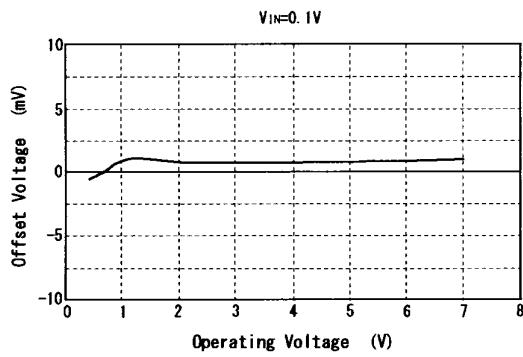
Output Voltage vs. Output Current (SOURCE)



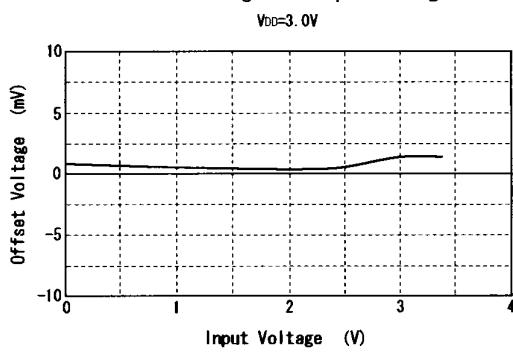
Output Voltage vs. Output Current (SINK)



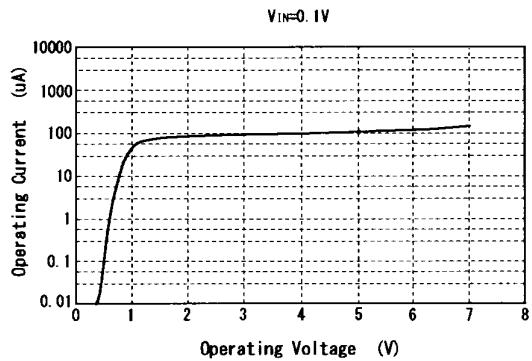
Offset Voltage vs. Operating Voltage



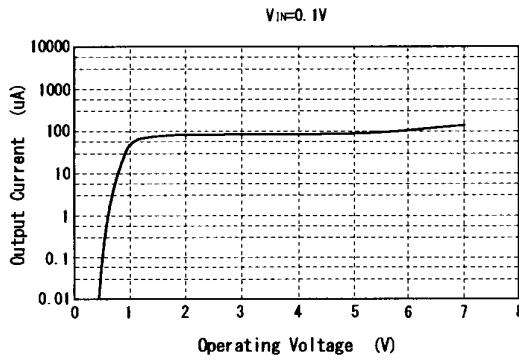
Offset Voltage vs. Input Voltage

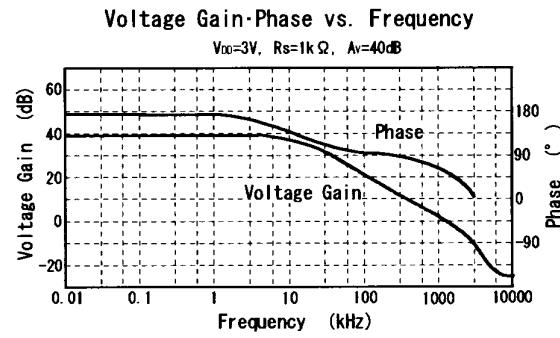
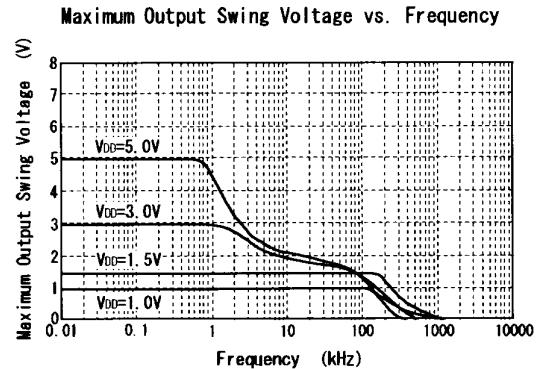
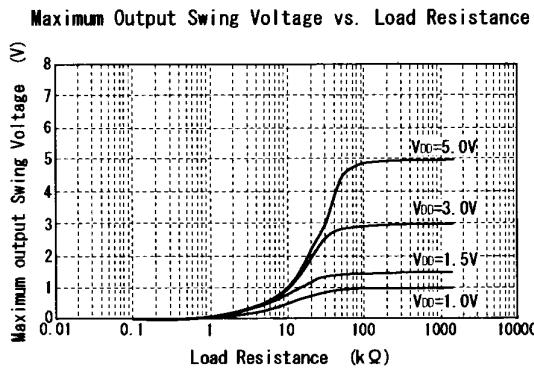


Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage



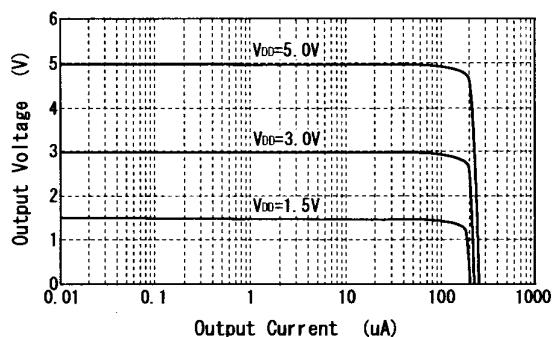
Output Current vs. Operating Voltage



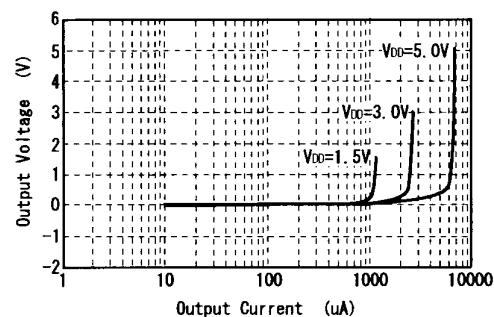


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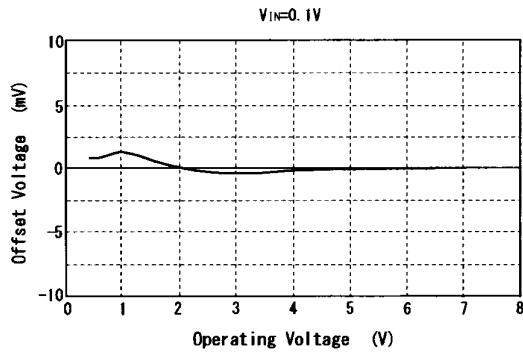
Output Voltage vs. Output Current (SOURCE)



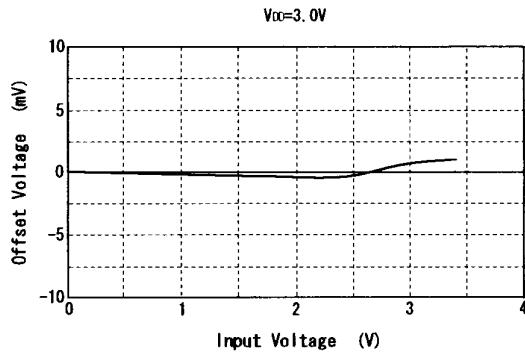
Output Voltage vs. Output Current (SINK)



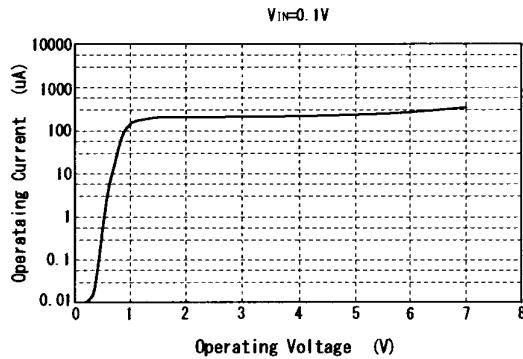
Offset Voltage vs. Operating Voltage



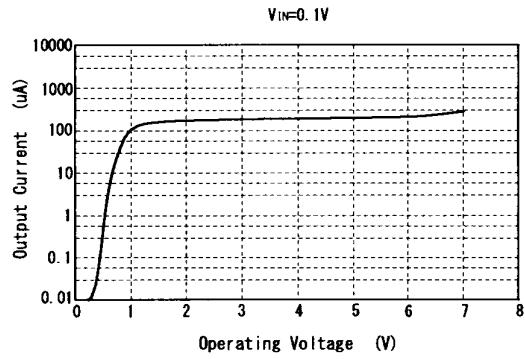
Offset Voltage vs. Input Voltage

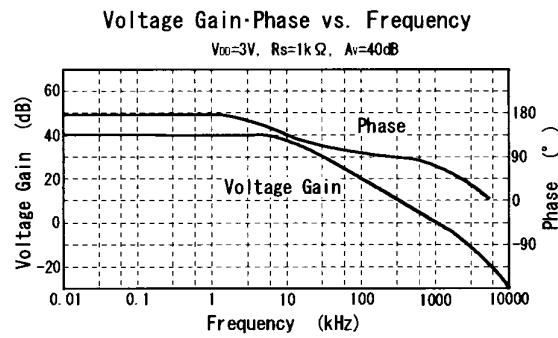
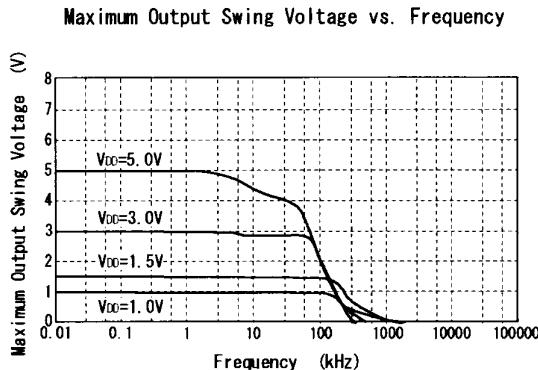
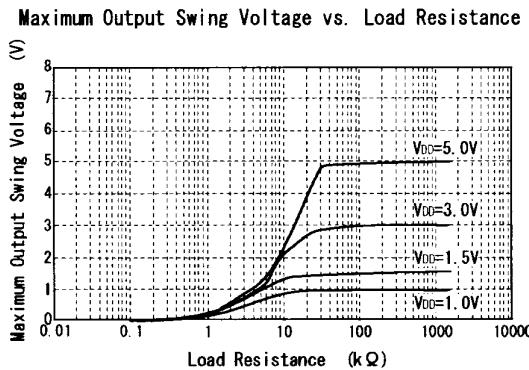


Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage



Output Current vs. Operating Voltage



**[CAUTION]**

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