CY62177EV30 MoBL®

32-Mbit (2 M × 16 / 4 M × 8) Static RAM

Features

- Thin small outline package (TSOP) I configurable as 2 M × 16 or as 4 M x 8 static RAM (SRAM)
- Very high speed
  - 55 ns
- Wide voltage range
  - 2.2 V to 3.7 V
- Ultra low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 3 µA
  - Maximum standby current: 25 µA
- Ultra low active power
  - Typical active current: 4.5 mA at f = 1 MHz
- Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}_1$, CE_2, and $\overline{OE}$ Features
- Automatic power down when deselected
- Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball TSOP I package

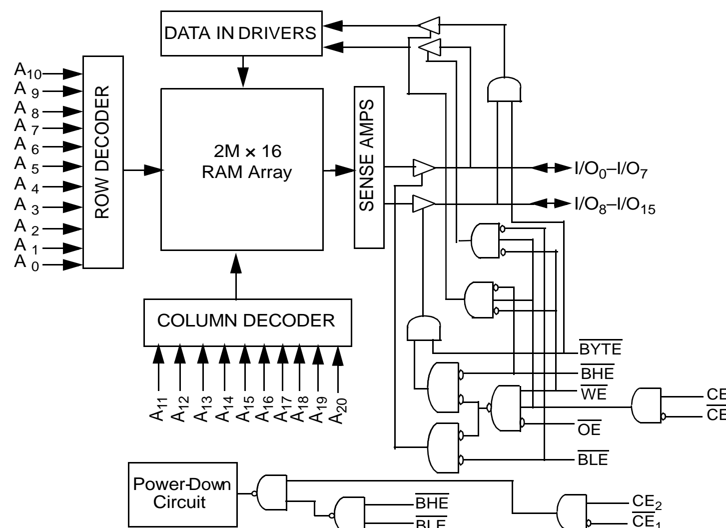
Functional Description

The CY62177EV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 2 M words by 16 bits and 4 M words by 8 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. It is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 99 percent when addresses are not toggling. The device can also be put into standby mode when deselected ($\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH or CE_2 LOW or both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ are HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high impedance state when: deselected ($\overline{CE}_1$HIGH or CE_2 LOW), outputs are disabled ($\overline{OE}$ HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled ($\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ HIGH), or during a write operation ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW, CE_2 HIGH and $\overline{WE}$ LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE_2 HIGH) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{20}). If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_8 through I/O_{15}) is written to the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{20}). To read from the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE_2 HIGH) and Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O_0 to I/O_7. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O_8 to I/O_{15}. See the Truth Table on page 10 for a complete description of read and write modes.

Pin #13 of the 48 TSOP I package is an DNU pin that must be left floating at all times to ensure proper application.

Logic Block Diagram



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Contents

Pin Configuration 3
Product Portfolio 3
Maximum Ratings 4
Operating Range 4
Electrical Characteristics 4
Capacitance 4
Thermal Resistance 5
Data Retention Characteristics 5
Switching Characteristics 6
Switching Waveforms 7
Truth Table 10
Ordering Information 11
Ordering Code Definitions 11
Package Diagram 12
Acronyms 13
Document Conventions 13
Units of Measure 13
Document History Page 14
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information 15
Worldwide Sales and Design Support 15
Products 15
PSoC Solutions 15

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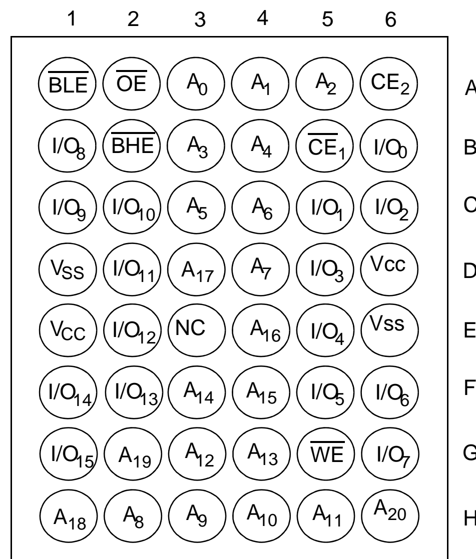
Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 48-pin TSOP I (Forward) (2 M × 16 / 4 M × 8) [1, 2]

Figure 2. 48-Ball FBGA Top View



Product Portfolio

Product	V_{CC} Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
					Operating I_{CC} (mA)				Standby I_{SB2} (μA)	
					f = 1 MHz		f = f_{Max}			
	Min	Typ[3]	Max		Typ[3]	Max	Typ[3]	Max	Typ[3]	Max
CY62177EV30LL	2.2	3.0	3.7	55	4.5	5.5	35	45	3	25

Notes
1. DNU Pin# 13 needs to be left floating to ensure proper application.
2. The BYTE pin in the 48-TSOP I package has to be tied to V_{CC} to use the device as a 2 M × 16 SRAM. The 48-TSOP I package can also be used as a 4 M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}. In the 4 M × 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A21, while BHE, BLE, and I/O_8 to I/O_{14} pins are not used.
3. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C.

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Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature .... –65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient temperature with power applied .... –55 °C to +125 °C

Supply voltage to ground potential ....–0.3 V to $V_{CC(max)}$ + 0.3 V

DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state [4, 5] ....–0.3 V to $V_{CC(max)}$ + 0.3 V

DC input voltage [4, 5]....................–0.3 V to $V_{CC(max)}$ + 0.3 V

Output current into outputs (LOW) .... 20 mA

Static discharge voltage.. > 2001 V (per MIL-STD-883, method 3015)

Latch up current.. > 200 mA

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}[6]
CY62177EV30LL	Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.7 V

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		55 ns			Unit
				Min	Typ[7]	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	I_{OH} = –0.1 mA	V_{CC} = 2.20 V	2.0	–	–	V
		I_{OH} = –1.0 mA	V_{CC} = 2.70 V	2.4	–	–	V
V_{OL}	Output LOW voltage	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA	V_{CC} = 2.20 V	–	–	0.4	V
		I_{OL} = 2.1 mA	V_{CC} = 2.70 V	–	–	0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH voltage	V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V		1.8	–	V_{CC} + 0.3 V	V
		V_{CC}= 2.7 V to 3.7 V		2.2	–	V_{CC} + 0.3 V	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW voltage	V_{CC} = 2.2 V to 2.7 V		–0.3	–	0.6	V
		V_{CC}= 2.7 V to 3.7 V		–0.3	–	0.7[8]	V
I_{IX}	Input leakage current	GND ≤ V_I ≤ V_{CC}		–1	–	+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V_O ≤ V_{CC}, Output Disabled		–1	–	+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} operating supply current	f = f_{Max} = 1/t_{RC}	V_{CC} = $V_{CC(max)}$ I_{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels	–	35	45	mA
		f = 1 MHz		–	4.5	5.5	mA
I_{SB2} [9, 10]	Automatic CE power down current—CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE_1}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.2 V or CE_2 ≤ 0.2 V or (BHE and BLE) ≥ V_{CC} – 0.2 V, V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.2 V or V_{IN} ≤ 0.2 V, f = 0, V_{CC} = 3.7 V		–	3	25	µA

Capacitance

Parameter[11]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	T_A = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$	15	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance		15	pF

Notes

4. $V_{IL(min)}$ = –2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
5. $V_{IH(max)}$ = V_{CC} + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
6. Full Device AC operation assumes a 100 µs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC} (min) and 200 µs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
7. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C.
8. Under DC conditions the device meets a V_{IL} of 0.8 V. However, in dynamic conditions Input LOW Voltage applied to the device must not be higher than 0.7 V.
9. The $\overline{BYTE}$ pin in the 48-TSOP I package has to be tied to V_{CC} to use the device as a 2 M × 16 SRAM. The 48-TSOP I package can also be used as a 4 M × 8 SRAM by tying the $\overline{BYTE}$ signal to V_{SS}. In the 4 M × 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A21, while BHE, BLE, and I/O_8 to I/O_{14} pins are not used.
10. Chip enables ($\overline{CE_1}$ and CE_2) and Byte Enables (BHE and BLE) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

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Thermal Resistance

Parameter[12]	Description	Test Conditions	FBGA	TSOPI	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, 2-layer printed circuit board	38.10	44.66	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		7.54	12.12	°C/W

Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveforms

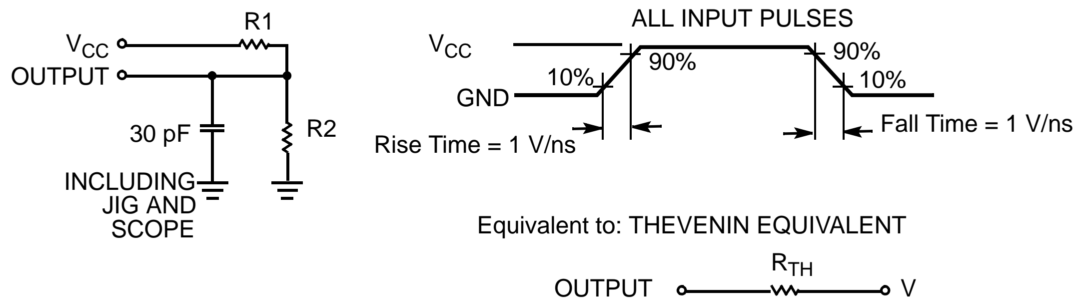


Table 1. AC Test Loads

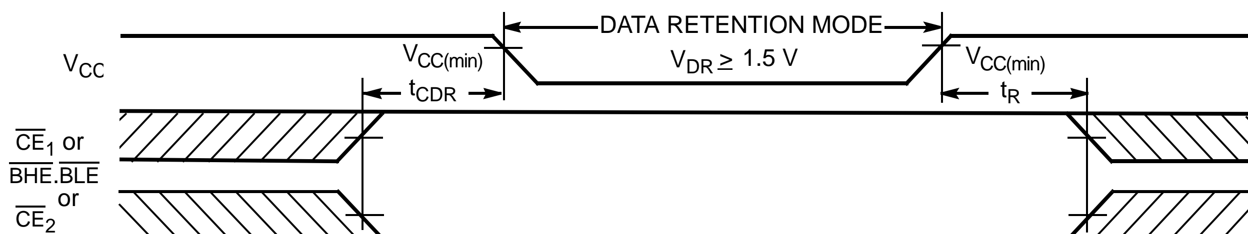
Parameter	2.5 V	3.3 V	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	Ω
R_{TH}	8000	645	Ω
V_{TH}	1.20	1.75	V

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ[13]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for data retention		1.5	–	–	V
I_{CCDR} [14]	Data retention current	V_{CC} = 1.5 V, $\overline{CE}_1 \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $CE_2 \leq 0.2$ V, or ($\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$) $\geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2$ V or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2$ V	–	–	17	µA
t_{CDR}[12]	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	–	ns
t_R[15]	Operation recovery time		55	–	–	ns

Figure 4. Data Retention Waveform [16]



Notes

12. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
13. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$, T_A = 25 °C.
14. Chip enables ($\overline{CE}_1$ and CE_2) and Byte Enables ($\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
15. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100$ µs or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100$ µs.
16. BHE.BLE is the AND of both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$. Chip is deselected by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$.

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Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter[17]	Description	55 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	
Read Cycle				
t_{RC}	Read cycle time	55	–	ns
t_{AA}	Address to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{OHA}	Data hold from address change	6	–	ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE_2 HIGH to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	25	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to LOW Z[18]	5	–	ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z[18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE_2 HIGH to Low Z[18]	10	–	ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and CE_2 LOW to High Z[18, 19]	–	18	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE_2 HIGH to power up	0	–	ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}_1$ HIGH and CE_2 LOW to power down	–	55	ns
t_{DBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	–	55	ns
t_{LZBE}	$\overline{BLE}$/$\overline{BHE}$ LOW to Low Z [18]	10	–	ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BLE}$/$\overline{BHE}$ HIGH to HIGH Z [18, 19]	–	18	ns
Write Cycle[20]				
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	55	–	ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and CE_2 HIGH to write end	40	–	ns
t_{AW}	Address setup to write end	40	–	ns
t_{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
t_{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	40	–	ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BLE}$/$\overline{BHE}$ LOW to write end	40	–	ns
t_{SD}	Data setup to write end	25	–	ns
t_{HD}	Data hold from Write End	0	–	ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z[18, 19]	–	20	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z[18]	10	–	ns

Notes

17. Test conditions for all parameters other than tristate parameters assume signal transition time of 1 V/ns, timing reference levels of $V_{CC(typ)}/2$, input pulse levels of 0 to $V_{CC(typ)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} as shown in Table 1 on page 5.
18. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZBE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any given device.
19. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZBE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedence state.
20. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$, and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

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Switching Waveforms

Figure 5. Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled)[21, 22]

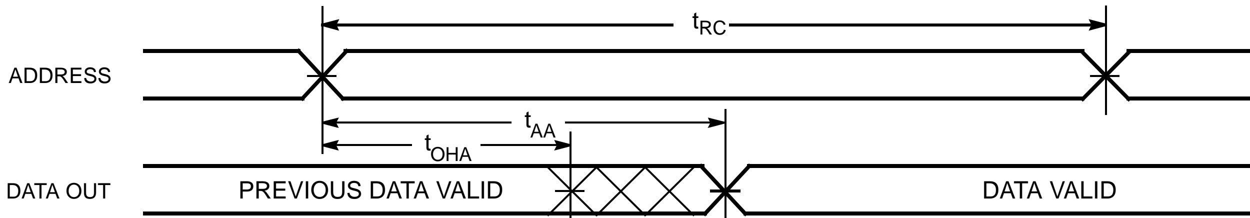
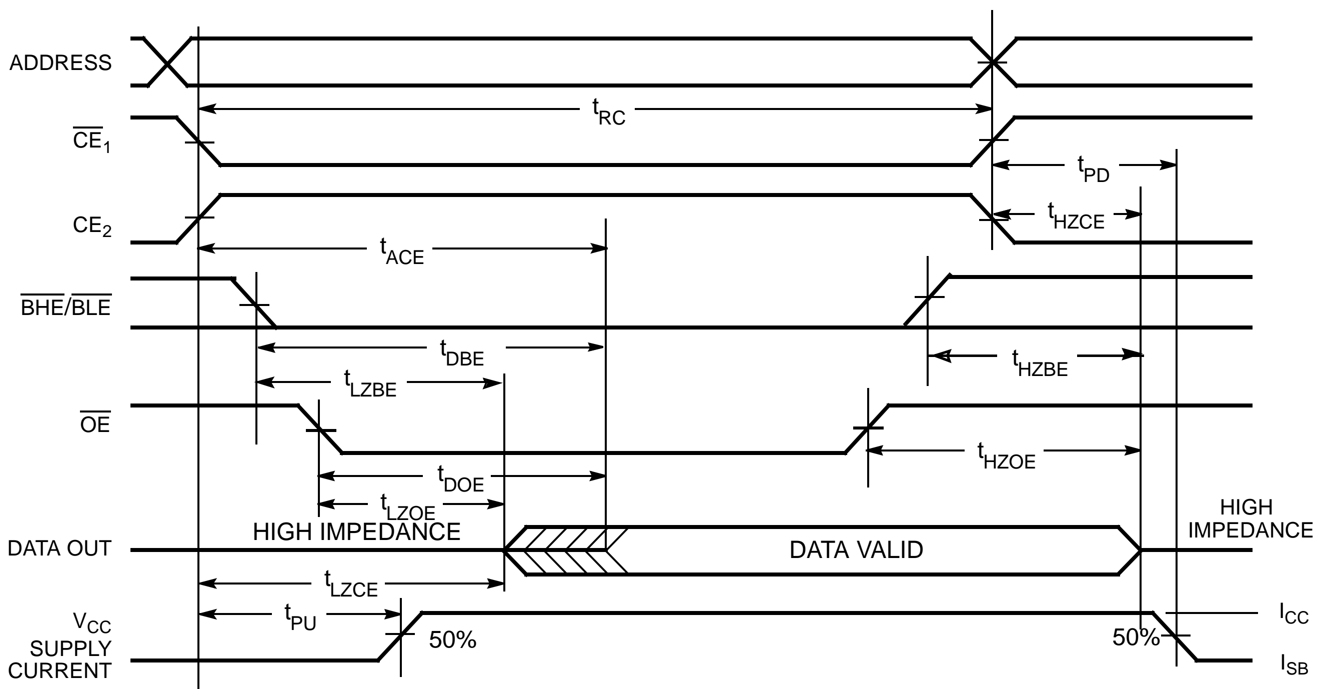


Figure 6. Read Cycle 2 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled)[22, 23]



Notes

21. The device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$, and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$.
22. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
23. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}_1$, $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ transition LOW and CE_2 transition HIGH.

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Switching Waveforms *(continued)*

Figure 7. Write Cycle 1 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled) [24, 25, 26, 27]

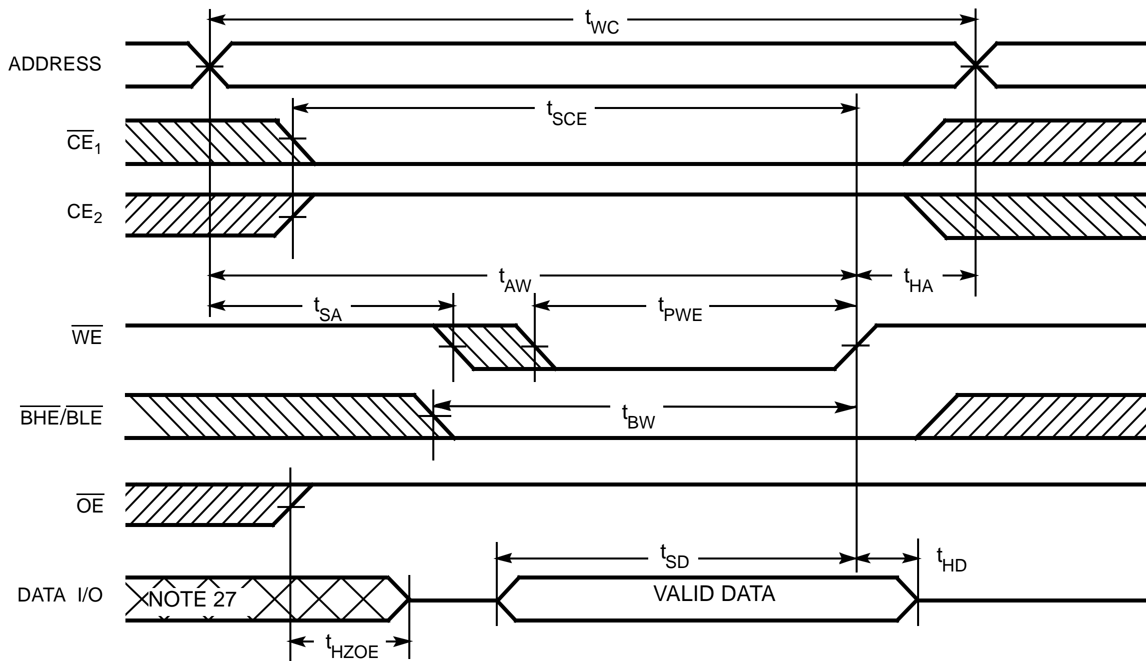
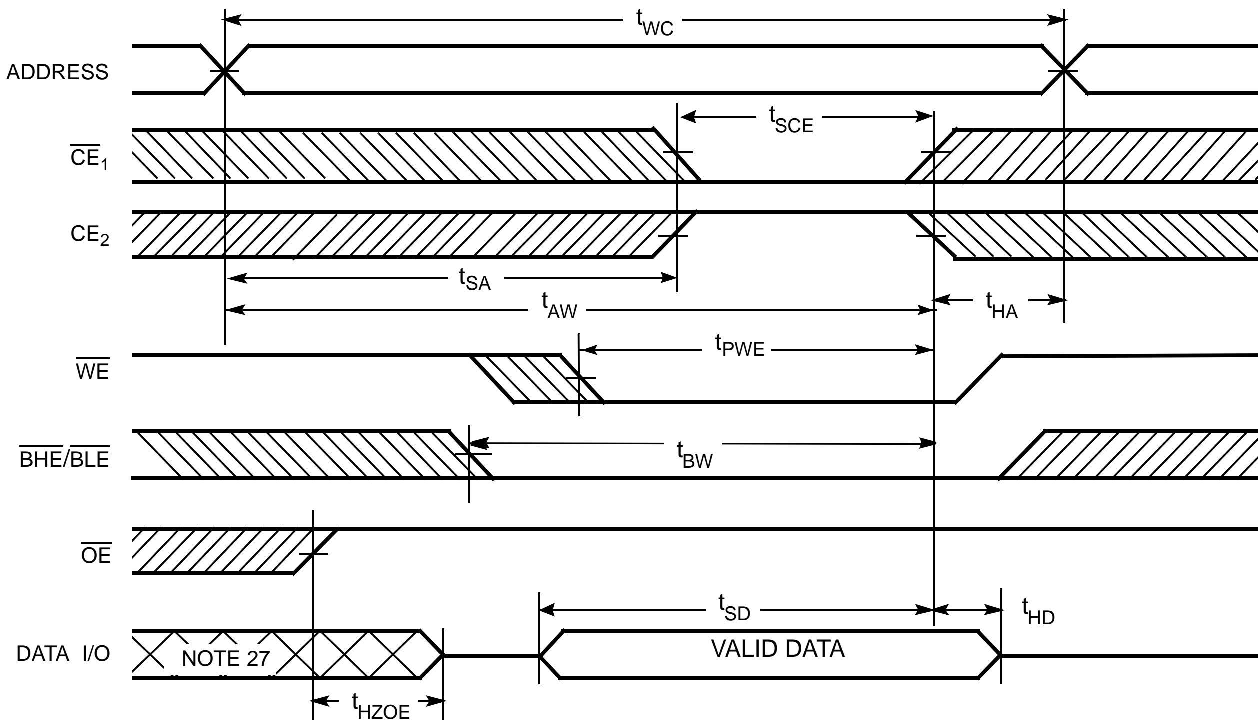


Figure 8. Write Cycle 2 ($\overline{CE_1}$ or CE_2 Controlled) [24, 25, 26, 27]



Notes

24. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{WE}$, $\overline{CE_1} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{BHE}$ and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$, and $CE_2 = V_{IH}$. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
25. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
26. If $\overline{CE_1}$ goes HIGH and CE_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$, the output remains in a high impedance state.
27. During this period the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

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Switching Waveforms *(continued)*

Figure 9. Write Cycle 3 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[28, 29]

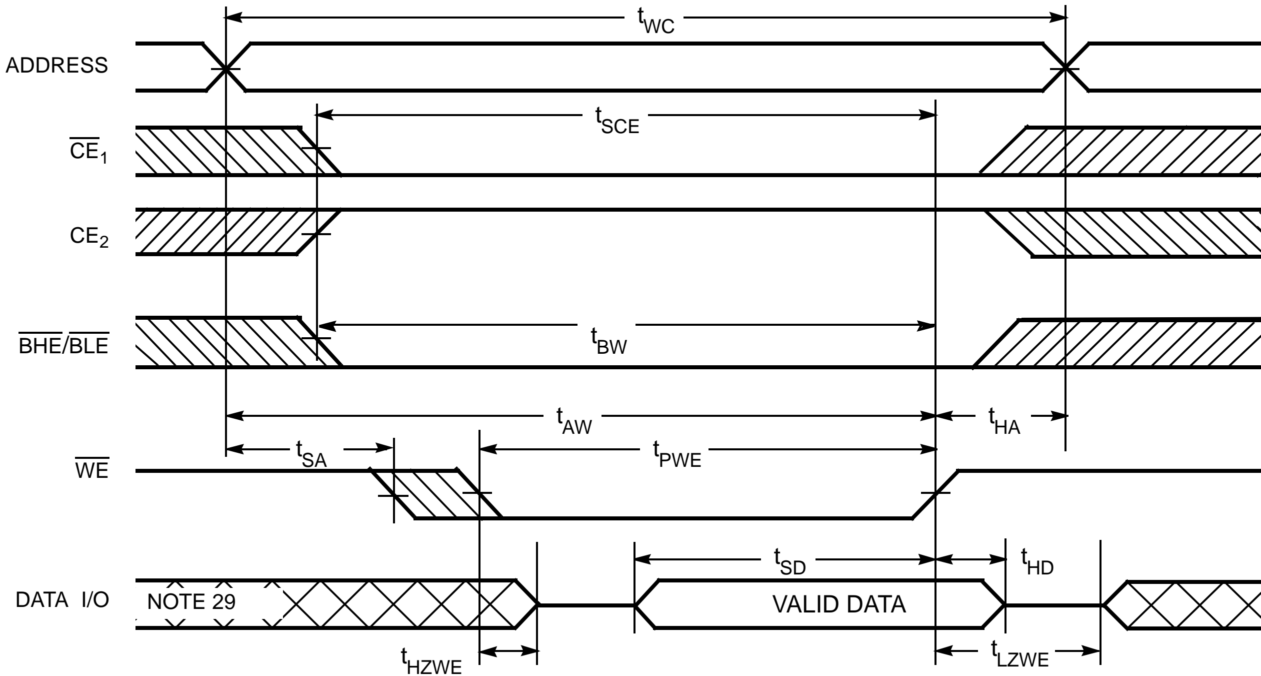
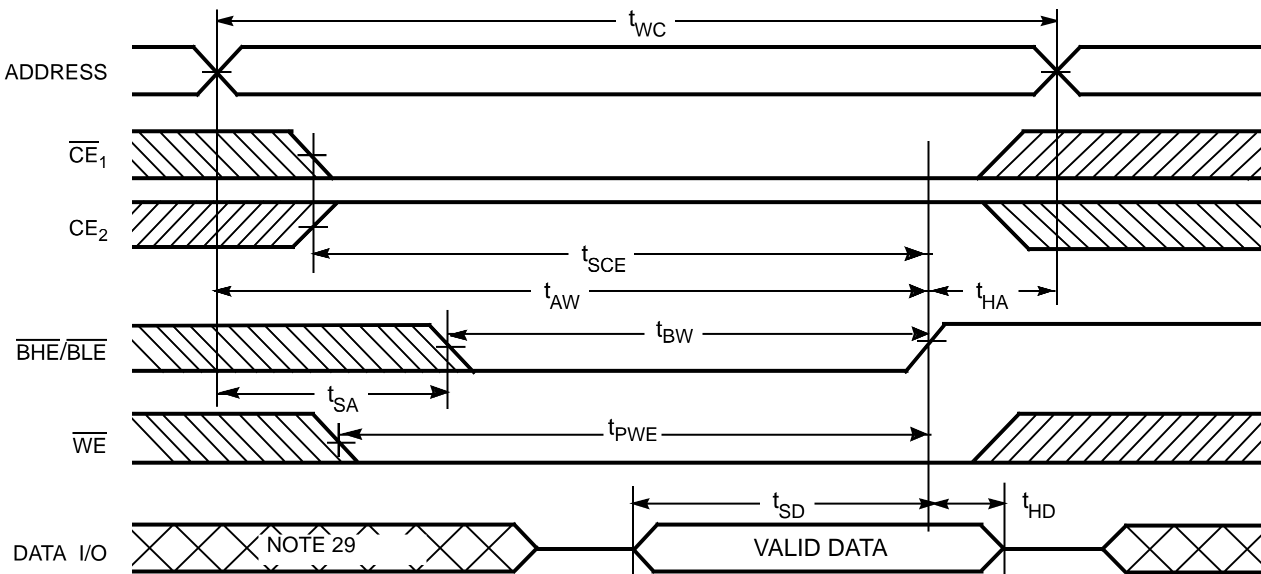


Figure 10. Write Cycle 4 ($\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW)[28, 29]



Notes

28. If $\overline{CE}_1$ goes HIGH and CE_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ = V_{IH}, the output remains in a high impedance state.
29. During this period the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

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Truth Table

$\overline{CE_1}$	CE_2	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	Inputs Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X[30]	X	X	X[30]	X[30]	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I_{SB})
X[30]	L	X	X	X[30]	X[30]	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I_{SB})
X[30]	X[30]	X	X	H	H	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	H	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O_0–I/O_{15})	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	H	L	High Z (I/O_8–I/O_{15}): Data Out (I/O_0–I/O_7)	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	L	L	H	Data Out (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); High Z (I/O_0–I/O_7)	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	X	L	L	Data In (I/O_0–I/O_{15})	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	X	H	L	High Z (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); Data In (I/O_0–I/O_7)	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	X	L	H	Data In (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); High Z (I/O_0–I/O_7)	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	H	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	H	H	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	H	L	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})

Note

30. The ‘X’ (Don’t care) state for the chip enables and byte enables in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

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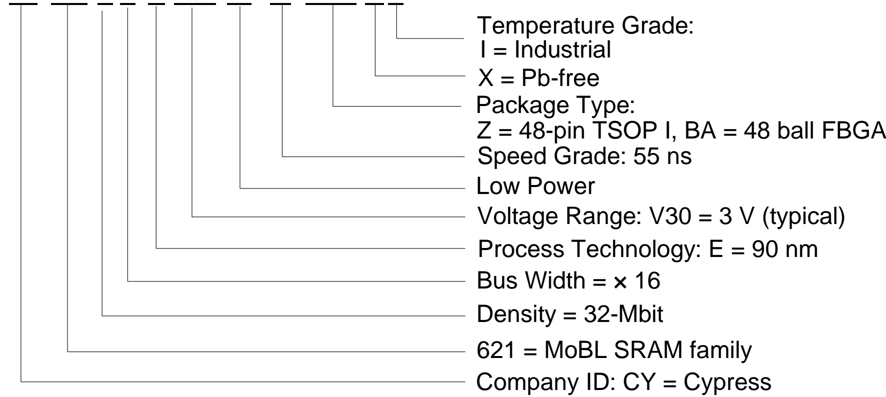
Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62177EV30LL-55ZXI	51-85183	48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) Pb-free	Industrial
55	CY62177EV30LL-55BAXI	51-85191	48 ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) Pb-free	Industrial

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

Ordering Code Definitions



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Package Diagram

Figure 11. 48 ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) (51-85191)

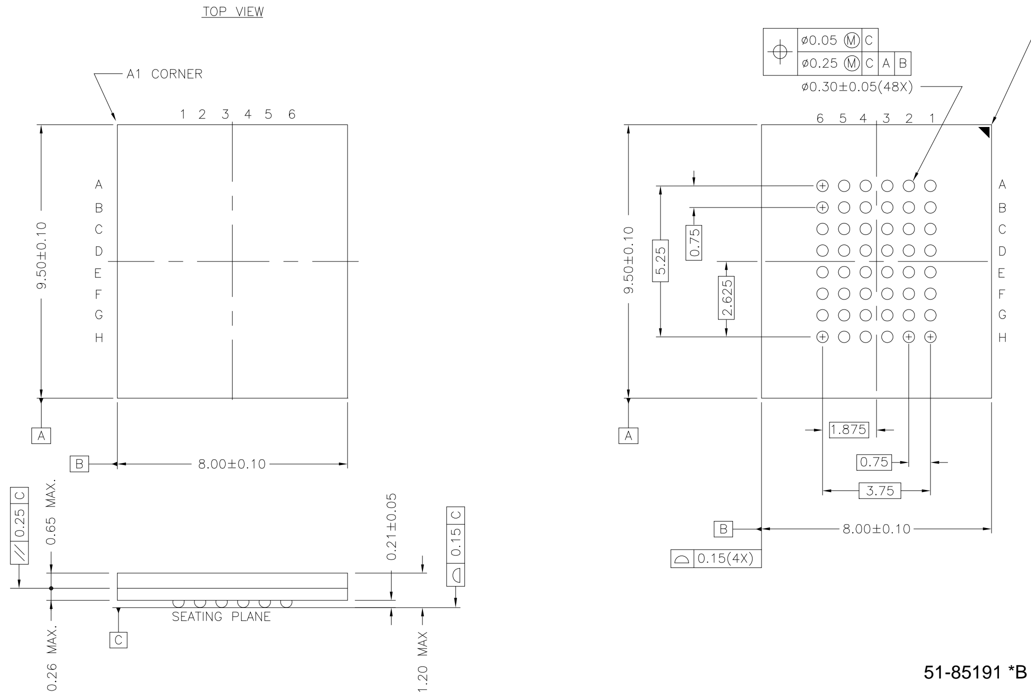
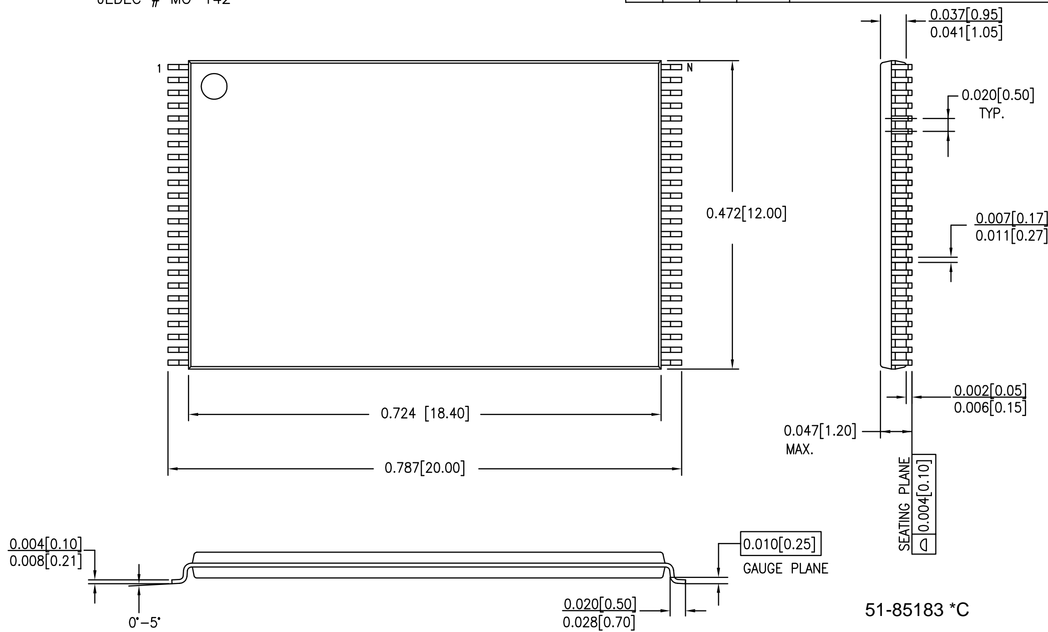


Figure 12. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm), 51-85183



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Acronyms

Acronym	Description
$\overline{BHE}$	byte high enable
$\overline{BLE}$	byte low enable
$\overline{CE}$	chip enable
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
I/O	input/output
I/O	input/output
$\overline{OE}$	output enable
SRAM	static random access memory
TSOP	thin small outline package
$\overline{WE}$	write enable

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	Mega Hertz
µA	microamperes
mA	milliamperes
ms	milliseconds
ns	nanoseconds
Ω	ohms
%	percent
pF	picofarads
ps	picoseconds
V	volts
W	watts

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Document History Page

Document Title: CY62177EV30 MoBL® 32-Mbit (2 M × 16 / 4 M × 8) Static RAM Document Number: 001-09880				
Revision	**ECN**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	498562	NXR	See ECN	New Datasheet
*A	2544845	VKN/PYRS	07/29/08	Removed 45 ns speed bin Added 70 ns speed bin Added 48-Pin TSOPI package Added footnote# 4 related to TSOPI package Added footnote# 9 related to I_{SB2} and I_{CCDR} Updated Ordering information table
*B	2589750	VKN/PYRS	10/15/08	Changed pin functions of pin# 10 from NC to A20 and pin# 13 from A20 to DNU in 48-Pin TSOPI package
*C	2668432	VKN/PYRS	03/03/09	Replaced 70 ns speed with 55 ns Extended the V_{CC} range to 3.7 V Changed $I_{CC\ (max)}$ spec from 2.8 mA to 4.5 mA at f = 1 MHz Changed $I_{CC\ (max)}$ spec from 30 mA to 45 mA at f = $f_{(max)}$ Removed I_{SB1} spec Changed $I_{SB2\ (max)}$ spec from 17 µA to 25 µA Modified footnote #10
*D	2779867	VKN	10/06/09	Converted from Preliminary to Final Changed $I_{CC\ (max)}$ spec from 4.5 mA to 5.5 mA at f = 1 MHz Changed $I_{CC\ (typ)}$ spec from 2.2 mA to 4.5 mA at f = 1 MHz Changed $I_{CC\ (typ)}$ spec from 28 mA to 35 mA at f = $f_{(max)}$ Added V_{IL} spec for TSOP I package and footnote# 10 Changed C_{OUT} spec from 10 pF to 15 pF Included thermal specs Changed t_{OHA} spec from 10ns to 6ns
*E	2899662	AJU	03/26/10	Removed inactive parts from Ordering Information. Updated Package Diagram
*F	2927528	VKN	05/04/2010	Included $\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ in footnote #11 Added footnote #25 related to chip enable Added Contents and Acronyms Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information
*G	3177000	AJU	02/18/2011	Updated Features (Removed FBGA package related information). Updated Pin Configuration (Removed FBGA package related information). Corrected NC to DNU in footnote #2 Updated Electrical Characteristics (Included $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ in I_{SB2} test conditions to reflect Byte power down feature). Updated Thermal Resistance (Removed FBGA package related information). Updated Data Retention Characteristics (Included $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ in I_{CCDR} test conditions to reflect Byte power down feature). Added Ordering Code Definitions. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Removed FBGA package related information in all instances in the document. Updated in new template.
*H	3295175	RAME	06/29/2011	Updated Package Diagram. Updated Table of Contents. Removed reference to AN1064 SRAM system guidelines.
*I	3461953	TAVA	12/22/2011	Added Figure 2 and Figure 11. Updated Ordering Information and Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Thermal Resistance Table.

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