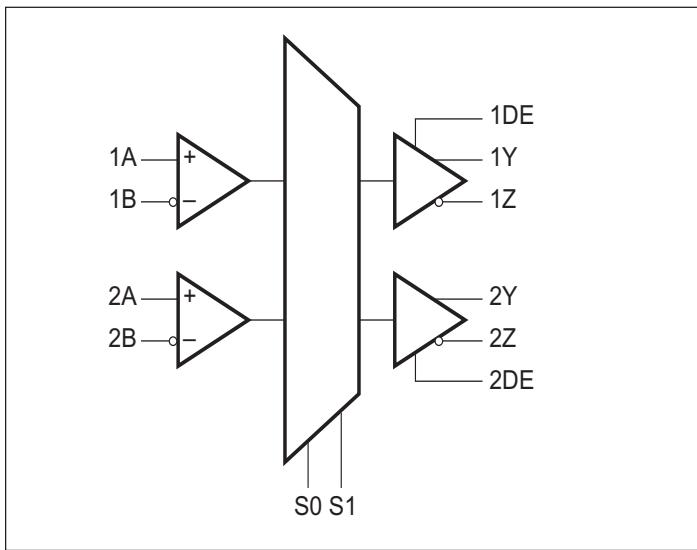


Features

- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI TIA/EIA-644-1995
- Designed for Signaling Rates up to 650 Mbit/s (325 MHz)
- Operates from a 3.3V Supply: -40°C to +85°C
- Low Voltage Differential Signaling with Output Voltages of $\pm 350\text{mV}$ into:
 - 100 Ohm load (PI90LV022)
 - 50 Ohm load Bus LVDS Signaling (PI90LVB022)
- Accepts $\pm 350\text{mV}$ differential inputs
- Wide common mode input voltage range: 0.2V to 2.7V
- Output drivers are high impedance when disabled or when $V_{CC} \leq 1.5\text{V}$
- Inputs are open, short, and terminated fail safe
- Propagation Delay Time: 3.5ns
- ESD protection is 10kV on bus pins
- Bus Pins are High Impedance when disabled or with V_{CC} less than 1.5V
- TTL Inputs are 5V I/O Tolerant
- Power Dissipation at 400Mbit/s less than 150mW
- Industrial temperature rating
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green available):
 - 16-pin TSSOP (L)

Block Diagram



Description

The PI90LV022 and PI90LVB022 are differential line drivers and receivers that use Low Voltage Differential Signaling (LVDS) to achieve signaling rates as high as 650 Mbps. The receiver outputs can be switched to either or both drivers through the multiplexer control signals S0 and S1. This allows the flexibility to perform splitter or signal routing functions with a single device.

The LVDS standard provides a minimum differential output voltage magnitude of 247mV into a 100 Ohm load and receipt of 100mV DC signals with up to 1V of ground potential difference between a transmitter and receiver. The PI90LVB022 doubles the output drive current to achieve Bus LVDS signaling levels with a 50 Ohm load. A doubly terminated Bus LVDS line enables multi-point configurations. Switching between channels does not create false transitions on the outputs.

The intended application of these devices and signaling technique is for both point-to-point base-band (PI90LV022) and multipoint (PI90LVB022) data transmissions over controlled impedance media.

Pin Configuration

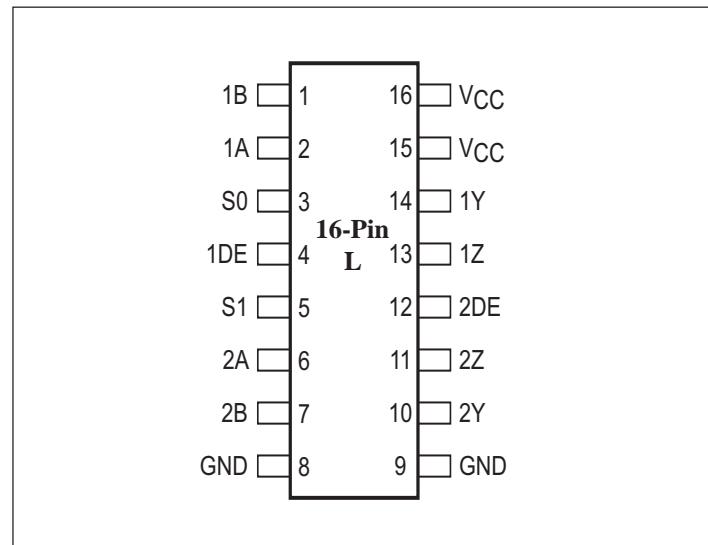
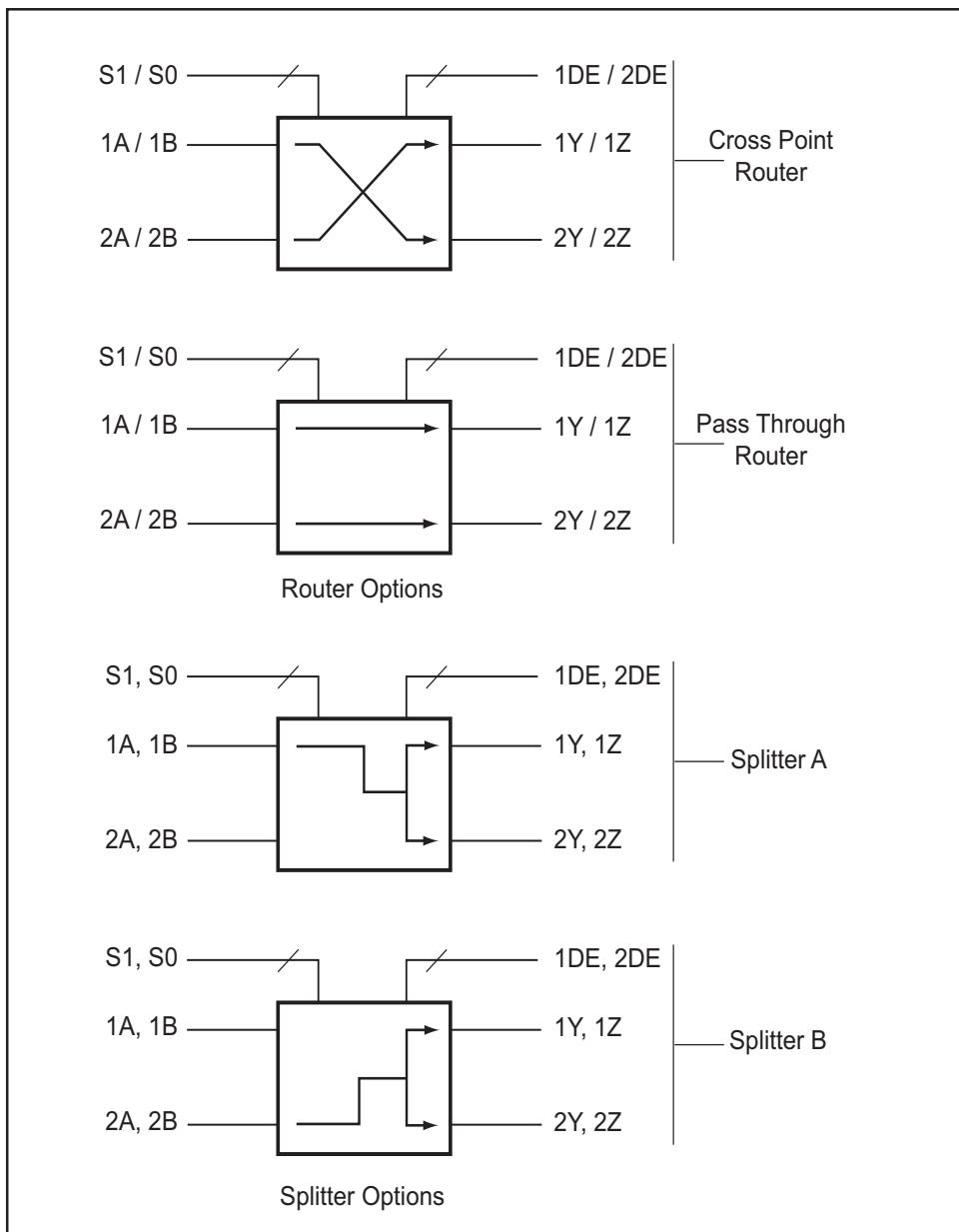


Table 1. MUX Truth Table

INPUT		OUTPUT		FUNCTION
S1	S0	1Y/1Z	2Y/2Z	
0	0	1A/1B	1A/1B	Splitter
0	1	2A/2B	2A/2B	Splitter
1	0	1A/1B	2A/2B	Router
1	1	2A/2B	1A/1B	Router

Note: Setting nDE to 0 will set Ouput nY/nZ to High Impedance.


Figure 1. Possible Signal Routing

Absolute Maximum Ratings Over Operating Free-Air Temperature[†]

Supply Voltage Range, V _{CC} ⁽¹⁾	-0.5V to 4V
Voltage Range (DE, S0, S1)	-0.5 to 6V
Input Voltage Range, V _I (A or B)	-0.5V to V _{CC} + 0.5V
Electrostatic Discharge: A, B, Y, Z, and GND ⁽²⁾	Class 3, A: 16kV, B:600V All Pins Class 3, A: 7kV, B:500V
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature 1, 6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to Absolute-Maximum-Rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Notes:

1. All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to ground terminal.
2. Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7

Recommended Operating Conditions

		Min.	Nom.	Max.	Units
Supply Voltage, V _{CC}		3.0	3.3	3.6	
High-Level Input Voltage, V _{IH}	S0, S1, 1DE, 2DE	2			
Low-Level Input Voltage, V _{IL}	S0, S1, 1DE, 2DE			0.8	
Magnitude of Differential Input Voltage V _{ID}		0.1		0.6	V
Common-Mode input Voltage, V _{IC} (see Figure 2)		$\frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$		$2.4 - \frac{ V_{ID} }{2}$	
Operating free-air temperature, T _A		-40		85	°C

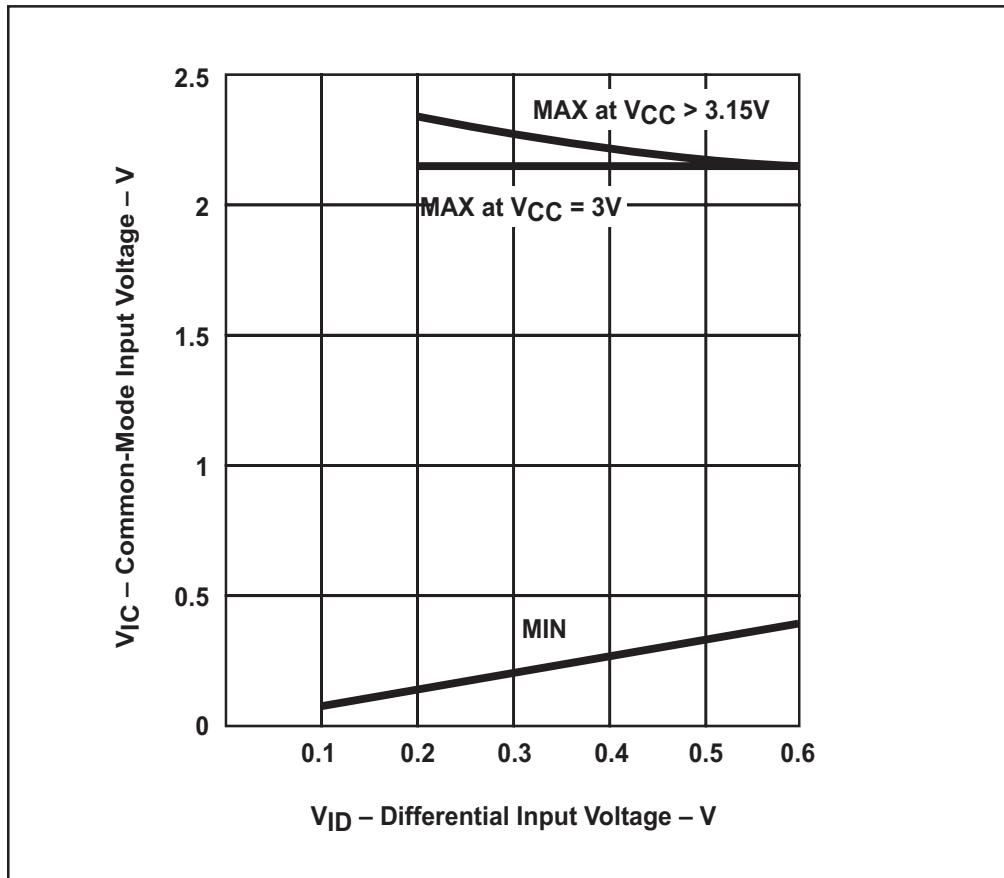


Figure 2. Common-Mode Input Voltage vs. Differential Voltage

Receiver Electrical Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units
V_{ITH+}	Positive-going differential input voltage threshold	$V_{CM} = 1.2V$			100	mV
V_{ITH-}	Negative-going differential input voltage threshold		-100			
I_I	Input current (A or B inputs)	$V_I = 0V$	-2		-20	μA
		$V_I = 2.4V$	-1.2			
$I_{I(OFF)}$	Power-off input current (A or B inputs)	$V_{CC} = 0V$			20	

Receiver/Driver Electrical Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions		Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units		
V _O D	Differential output voltage magnitude		R _L = 100 Ohm (LV022)	See Fig. 3	247	440	590	mV		
ΔV _O D	Change in differential output voltage magnitude between logic states				-50		50			
V _O C(SS)	Steady-state common-mode output voltage		R _L = 50 Ohm (LVB022)	See Fig. 4	1.125		1.375	V		
ΔV _O C(SS)	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states				-50	3	50	mV		
V _O C(PP)	Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage						150			
I _{CC}	Supply current		No Load			8	12	mA		
			R _L = 100 Ohm (LV022)			13	20			
			R _L = 50 Ohm (LVB022)			21	27			
			Both Channels Disabled			3	6			
I _H	High-level input current	DE	V _{IH} = 5				40	nA		
		S0, S1					-3	μA		
I _{IL}	Low-level input current	DE	V _{IL} = 0.8V				-20	nA		
		S0, S1					10	μA		
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current		V _{OY} or V _{OZ} = 0V, V _O D = 0V (LV022)				-10	mA		
							-10			
			V _{OY} or V _{OZ} = 0V, V _O D = 0V (LVB022)				-10			
							-10			
I _{OZ}	High-Impedance output current		V _O D = 600mV			1.5	±25	nA		
			V _O = 0V or V _{CC}			1.5	±25			
I _{O(OFF)}	Power-off output current		V _{CC} = 0V, V _O = 3.6V			1.5	±40			
C _{IN}	Input capacitance					3		pF		
			S0, S1, 1DE, 2DE			8				

Note:

1. All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3 supply

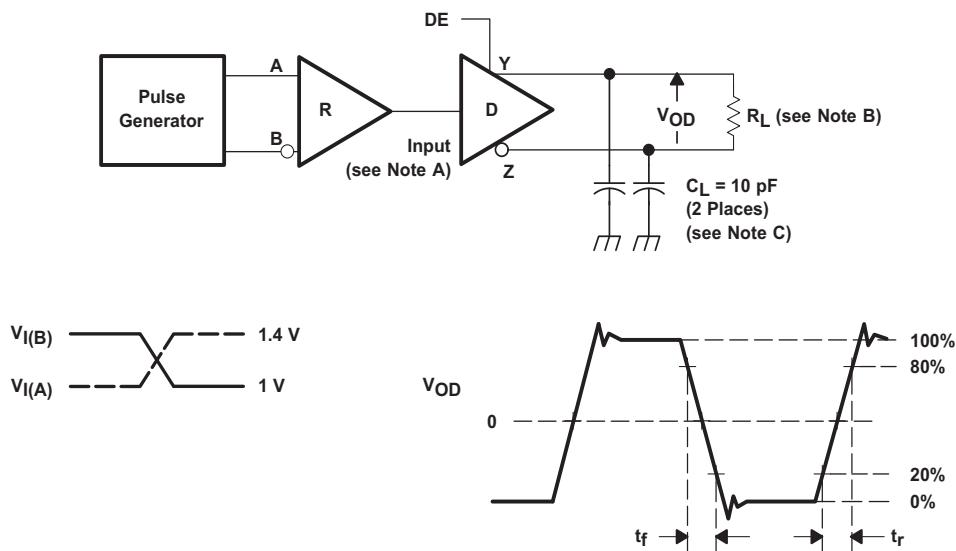
Differential Receiver to Driver Switching Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Conditions
 (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Min.	Typ. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	
t _{PLH}	Differential propagation delay, low-to-high		$C_L = 10\text{pF}$ (See Fig. 5)		4.0	6.0	ns	
t _{PHL}	Differential propagation delay, high-to-low				4.0	6.0		
t _{sk(p)}	Pulse skew ($ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $)				0.2	—		
t _r	Transition, low-to-high	PI90LV022			0.9	1.5		
t _r	Transition, low-to-high	PI90LVB022			0.6	1.3		
t _f	Transition, high-to-low	PI90LV022			0.8	1.5		
t _f	Transition, high-to-low	PI90LVB022			0.5	1.3		
t _{PHZ}	Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output		(See Fig. 6)		4.0	10	ps	
t _{PLZ}	Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high-impedance output				4.3	10		
t _{PZH}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output				3.0	10		
t _{PZL}	Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-low-level output				2.0	10		
t _{PHL_R1_Dx}	Channel-to-channel skew, receiver to driver ⁽²⁾				95		ps	
t _{PLH_R1_Dx}					95			
t _{PHL_R2_Dx}					95			
t _{PLH_R2_Dx}					95			

Notes:

1. All typical values are at 25°C and with a 3.3 supply.
2. These parametric values are measured over supply voltage and temperature ranges recommended for the device.

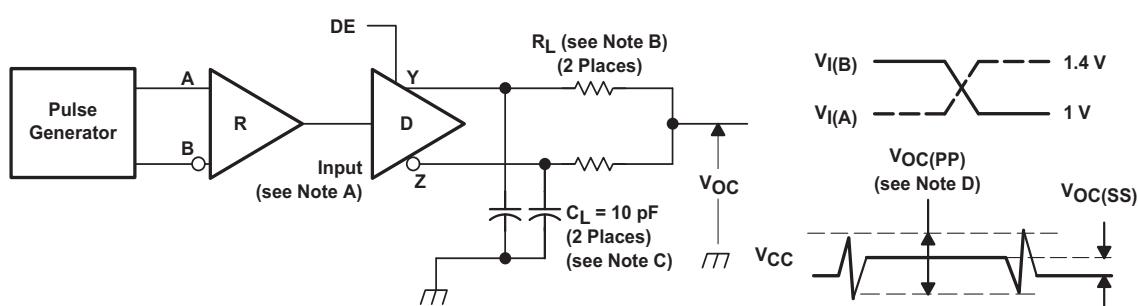
Parameter Measurement Information



Notes:

- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1\text{ ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) - 50 Mpps, pulse width = $10 \pm 0.2\text{ ns}$.
- B. $R_L = 100\Omega$ or $50\Omega \pm 1\%$.
- C. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 6mm of the D.U.T.
- D. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

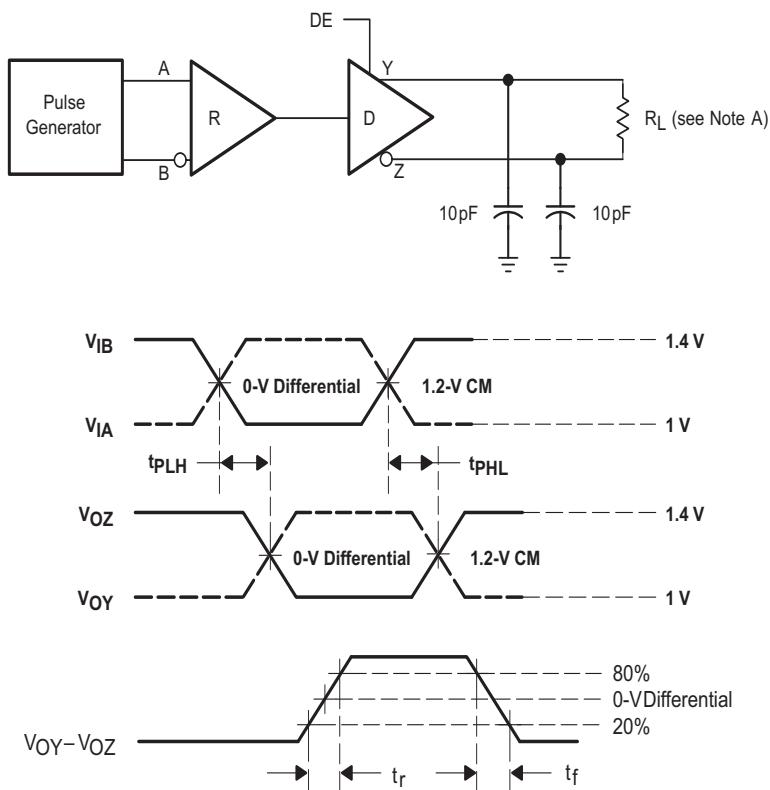
Figure 3. Test Circuit and Voltage Definitions for the Differential Output Signal



Notes:

- A. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: t_r or $t_f \leq 1\text{ ns}$, pulse repetition rate (PRR) - 50 Mpps, pulse width = $10 \pm 0.2\text{ ns}$.
- B. $R_L = 100\Omega$ or $50\Omega \pm 1\%$.
- C. C_L includes instrumentation and fixture capacitance within 6mm of the D.U.T.
- D. The measurement of $V_{OC(PP)}$ is made on test equipment with a -3dB bandwidth of at least 300 MHz.

Figure 4. Test Circuit and Definitions for the Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage



Notes:

- A. $R_L = 100\Omega$ or $50\Omega \pm 1\%$
- B. All input pulses are supplied by a generator having the following characteristics:
pulse repetition rate (PPR) = 50 Mpps, pulse width = $10 \pm 0.2\text{ns}$.

Figure 5. Differential Receiver to Driver Propagation Delay and Driver Transition Time Waveforms

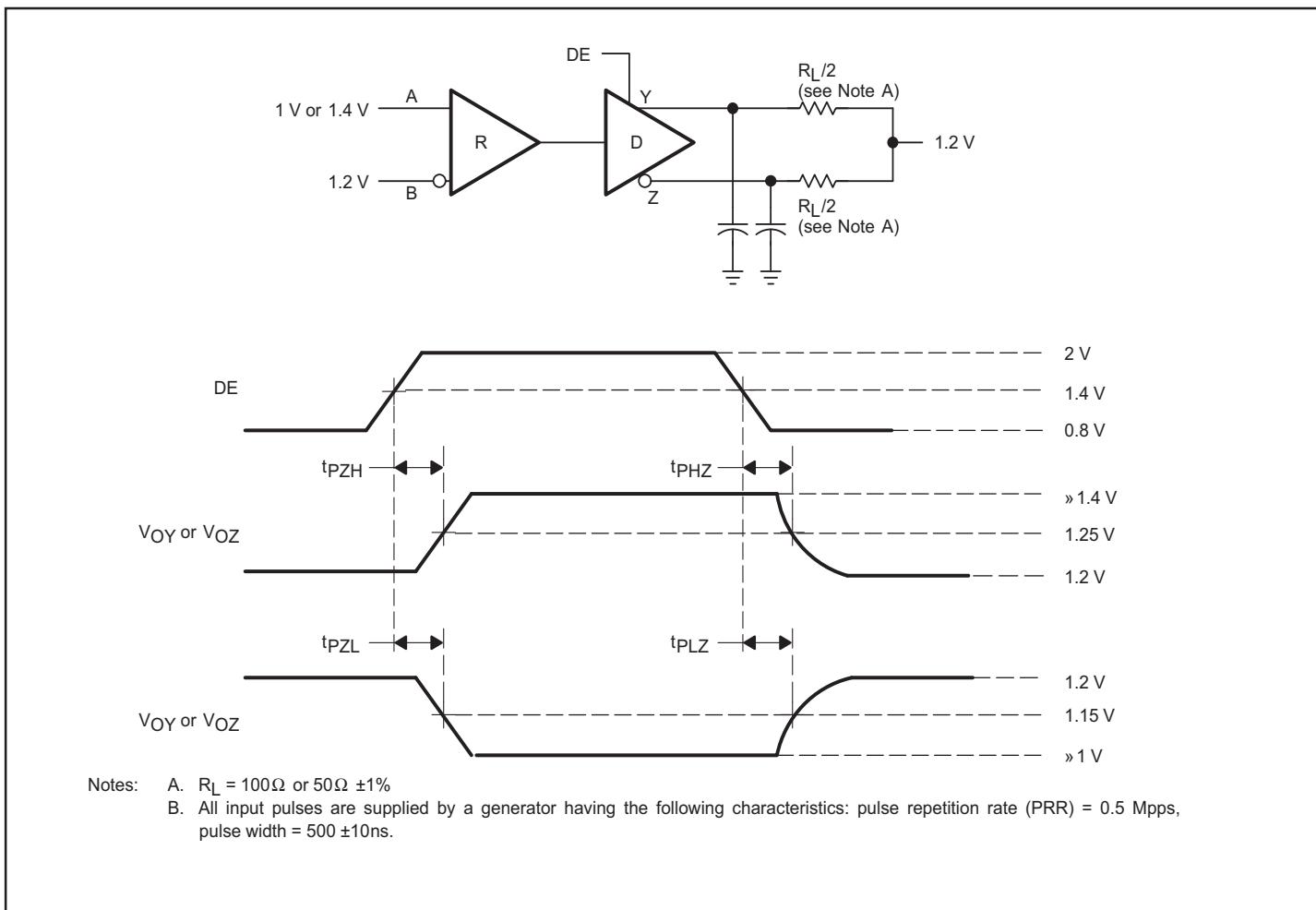


Figure 6. Enable and Disable Timing Circuit

Typical Characteristics

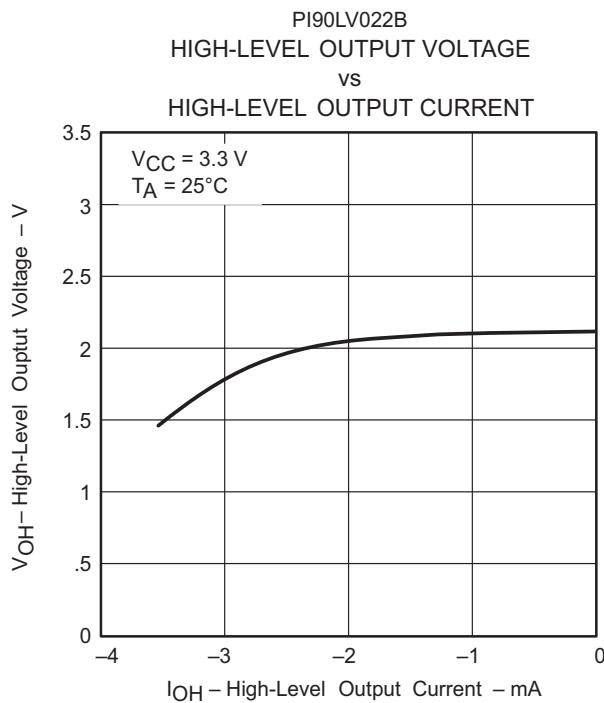


Figure 7

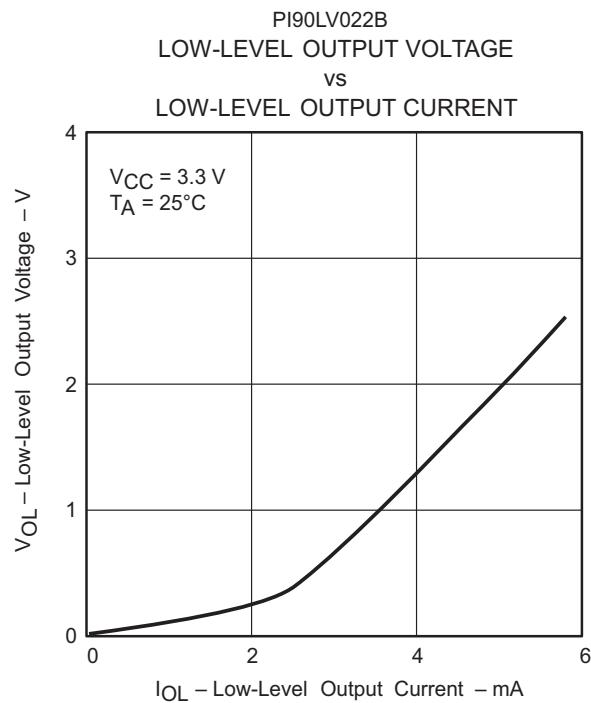


Figure 8

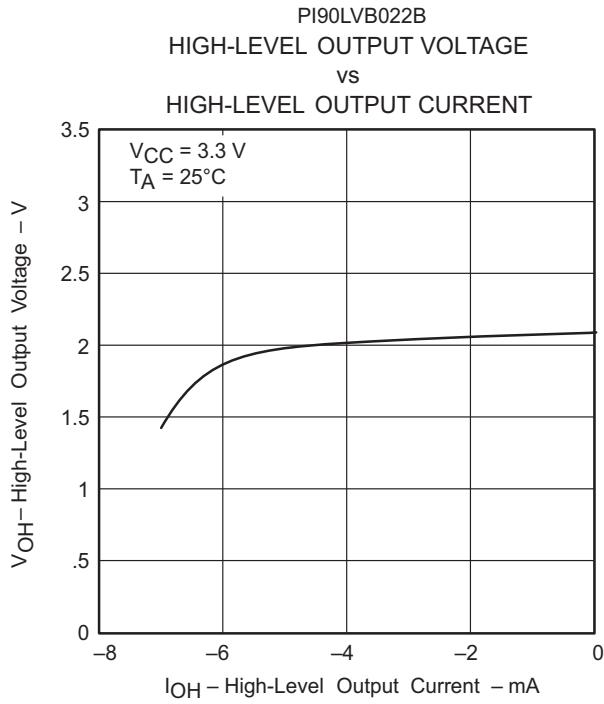


Figure 9

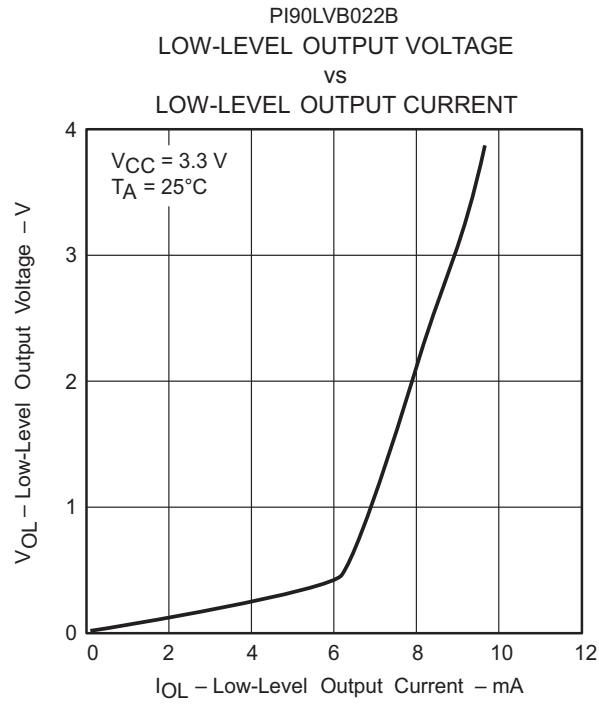
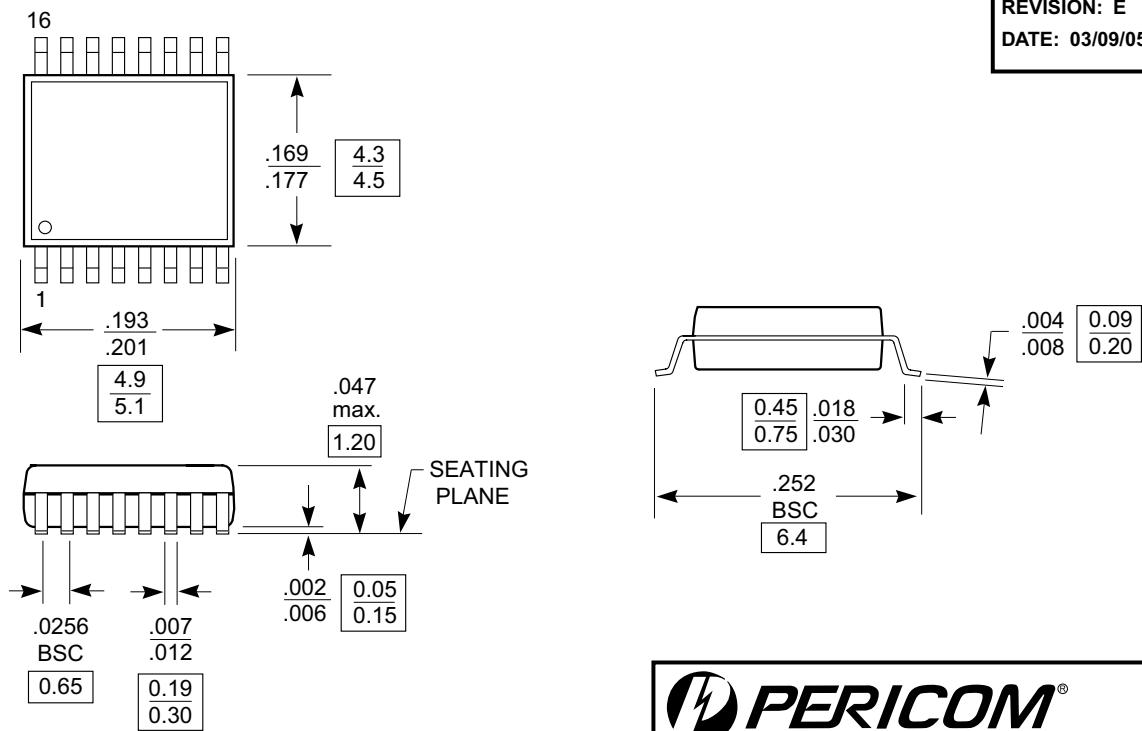


Figure 10



Note:

1. Package Outline Exclusive of Mold Flash and Metal Burr
 2. Controlling dimensions in millimeters
 3. Ref: JEDEC MO-153F/AB

PERICOM

Pericom Semiconductor Corporation
3545 N. 1st Street, San Jose, CA 95134
1-800-435-2335 • www.pericom.com

DESCRIPTION: 16-Pin, 173-Mil Wide, TSSOP

PACKAGE CODE: L

Note:

1. For latest package info, please check: <http://www.pericom.com/products/packaging/mechanicals.php>

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Package Code	Package Description
PI90LV022LE	L	Pb-free & Green, 16-pin 173-mil TSSOP
PI90LVB022LE	L	Pb-free & Green, 16-pin 173-mil TSSOP

Notes:

1. Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at www.pericom.com/packaging/
 2. E = Pb-free and Green
 3. Adding an X suffix = Tape/Reel