

Vishay Siliconix

N-Channel 30-V (D-S) MOSFET with Schottky Diode

PRODUCT SUMMARY							
V _{DS} (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I _D (A) ^a	Q _g (Typ.)				
30	0.0115 at V _{GS} = 10 V	12 ^e	13.7 nC				
30	0.0145 at V _{GS} = 4.5 V	12 ^e	13.7 110				

SO-8 S 1 8 D S 2 7 D S 3 6 D G 4 5 D Top View

Ordering Information: Si4646DY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)

Si4646DY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

FEATURES

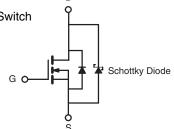
- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Definition
- SkyFET[®] Monolithic TrenchFET[®] Power MOSFET and Schottky Diode
- 100 % R_a and UIS Tested
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC





APPLICATIONS

- Notebook PC
 - System Power
- Buck Converter
- Synchronous Rectifier Switch



N-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS $T_A = 2$	5 °C, unless other	wise noted			
Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	30	V		
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V		
	T _C = 25 °C		12 ^e		
Continuous Drain Current (T _{.1} = 150 °C)	T _C = 70 °C	I _D	12 ^e		
Commission Prairie Carrotte (1) = 100 °C)	T _A = 25 °C	טי	12 ^{b, c}		
	T _A = 70 °C		9.5 ^{b, c}	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current	I _{DM}	50	A		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T _C = 25 °C	I _S	5.6		
Continuous Gource Brain Blode Guirent	T _A = 25 °C	'5	2.7 ^{b, c}		
Single Pulse Avalanche Current L = 0.1		I _{AS}	20		
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	L = 0.1 IIII1	E _{AS}	20	mJ	
	T _C = 25 °C		6.25		
Maximum Power Dissipation	T _C = 70 °C	P _D	4.0	W	
Maximum Fower Dissipation	T _A = 25 °C		3.0 ^{b, c}	VV	
	T _A = 70 °C		1.9 ^{b, c}		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55 to 150	°C		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS							
Parameter		Symbol	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{b, d}	t ≤ 10 s	R _{thJA}	33	42	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R_{thJF}	16	20	0,11		

Notes:

- a. Based on $T_C = 25$ °C.
- b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c.t = 10 s
- d. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 90 °C/W.
- e. Package limited.

Document Number: 68762 S09-0868-Rev. B, 18-May-09

Si4646DY

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Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static	-	<u>'</u>			<u> </u>		
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	V_{DS} $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V, } I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$				V	
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	1.2		2.5	V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I _{GSS}	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
Zara Cata Valta na Duain Commant	I _{DSS}	V _{DS} = 30 V, V _{GS} = 0 V		0.035	0.2		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		$V_{DS} = 30 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 100 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		3.5	35	- mA	
On -State Drain Current ^a	I _{D(on)}	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	20			Α	
	5	V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 10 A		0.0092	0.0115	Ω	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^a	R _{DS(on)}	V _{GS} = 4.5 V, I _D = 7 A		0.0115	0.0145		
Forward Transconductance ^a	9 _{fs}	V _{DS} = 15 V, I _D = 10 A		38		S	
Dynamic ^b				•			
Input Capacitance	C _{iss}			1790		pF	
Output Capacitance	C _{oss}	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		310			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C _{rss}	1		130			
Total Gate Charge	Qg	V _{DS} = 15 V, V _{GS} = 10 V, I _D = 10 A		30	45		
Total Gate Charge				13.7	21	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q_gs	$V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 10 \text{ A}$		5			
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}			4			
Gate Resistance	R_g	f = 1 MHz	0.3	1.2	2.4	Ω	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			23	45		
Rise Time	t _r	V_{DD} = 15 V, R_L = 1.5 Ω		13	25		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	$I_D \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		29	55		
Fall Time	t _f	1		12	24	20	
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}			11	22	ns	
Rise Time	t _r	$V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 1.5 \Omega$		10	20		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	$I_D \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		22	45		
Fall Time	t _f			8	16		
Drain-Source Body Diode and Schottky	Characterist						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I _S	T _C = 25 °C			5.6	Α	
Pulse Diode Forward Current ^a	I _{SM}				50	A	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	I _S = 2 A		0.53	0.7	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t _{rr}			17	30	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{rr}] _ 10 A dl/dt _ 100 A/vo T _ 05 °C		5.5	10	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t _a	$I_F = 10 \text{ A, dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s, T}_J = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		8			
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t _b	1		9		ns	

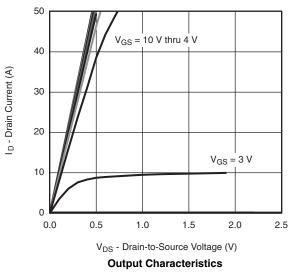
- a. Pulse test; pulse width \leq 300 μ s, duty cycle \leq 2 %.
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

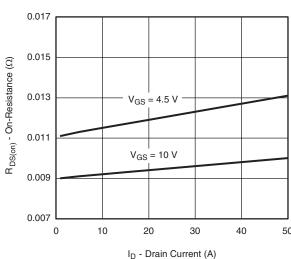
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

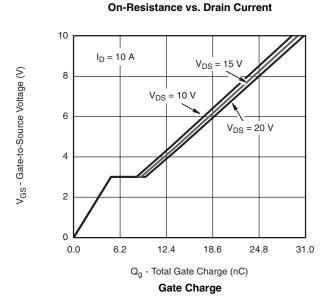


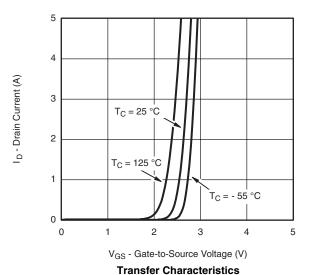
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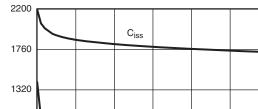
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

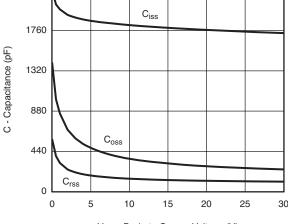






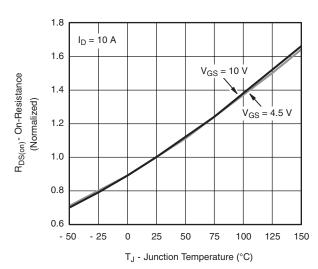






V_{DS} - Drain-to-Source Voltage (V)

Capacitance



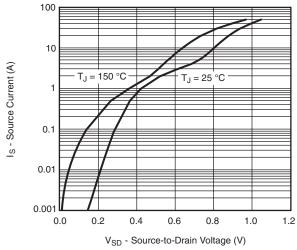
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

Si4646DY

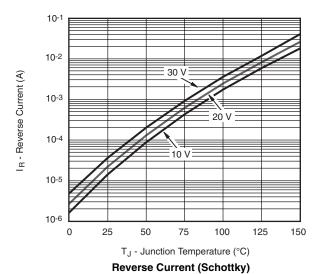
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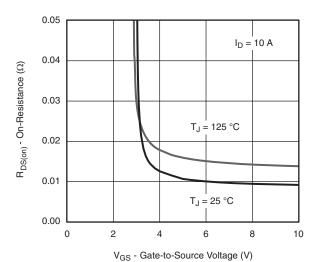
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

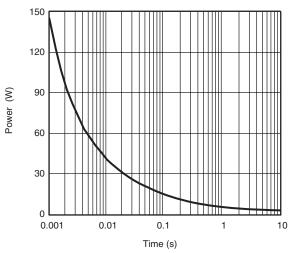


Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

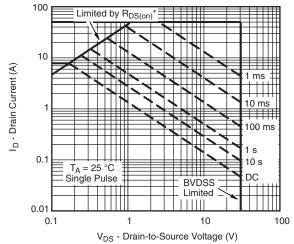




On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient



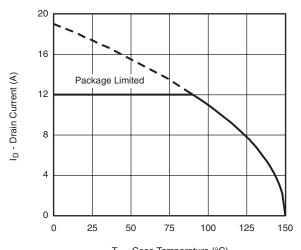
 * V_{GS} > minimum V_{GS} at which $R_{DS(on)}$ is specified

Safe Operating Area



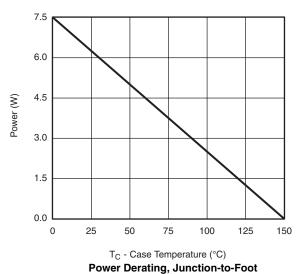
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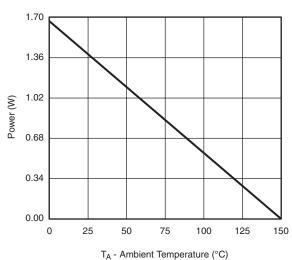
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



T_C - Case Temperature (°C)

Current Derating*





Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient

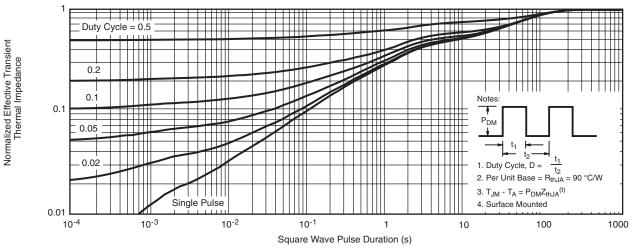
^{*} The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(max)} = 150$ °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

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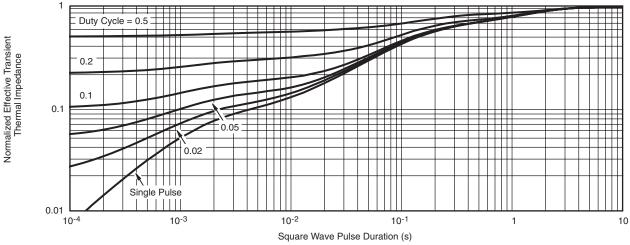
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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient

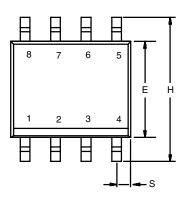


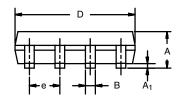
Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

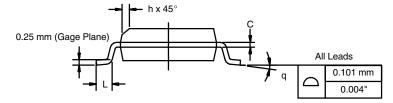
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SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MS-012







	MILLIM	IETERS	INCHES				
DIM	Min	Max	Min	Max			
Α	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069			
A ₁	0.10	0.20	0.004	0.008			
В	0.35	0.51	0.014	0.020			
С	0.19	0.25	0.0075	0.010			
D	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.196			
Е	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157			
е	1.27	BSC	0.050) BSC			
Н	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244			
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020			
L	0.50	0.93	0.020	0.037			
q	0°	8°	0°	8°			
S	0.44	0.64	0.018	0.026			
FCN: C-0652	FCN: C-06527-Rev L 11-Sep-06						

ECN: C-06527-Rev. I, 11-Sep-06

DWG: 5498

Document Number: 71192 www.vishay.com 11-Sep-06 www.vishay.com

TrenchFET® Power MOSFETs

Application Note 808

Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs, (http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.



Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading



Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

APPLICATION NOTE

Document Number: 70740 www.vishay.com
Revision: 18-Jun-07 1



RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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