

# PQ6CU12X2APQ

CMOS Step-up  
Chopper Regulator

## ■ Features

- 1.High switching voltage :MAX.40V
- 2.Switching current: 250mA
- 3.Oscillation frequency variable: 300 to 800 kHz
- 4.Small package (2.9×2.8×1.3mm)
- 5.Possible to use ceramic capacitor
- 6.Built-in overcurrent protection functions
- 7.RoHS directive compliant

## ■ Applications

- 1.Power supply for tuner of digital AV equipment
- 2.LCD monitors

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta=25°C)

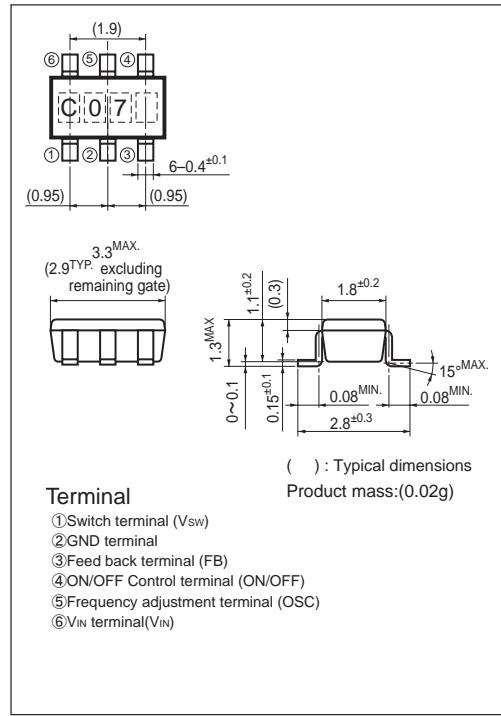
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	6.5	V
Switching voltage	V <sub>SW</sub>	40	V
ON/OFF control voltage	V <sub>C</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
OSC voltage	V <sub>C</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
Feed back voltage	F <sub>B</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
Switching current	I <sub>SW</sub>	250	mA
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	350	mW
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +150	°C
Soldering temperature	T <sub>sol</sub>	260(10s)	°C

## ■ Operating conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	-40 to +125	°C

## ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit:mm)



( ) : Typical dimensions

Product mass:(0.02g)

Lead finish:Lead-free solder plating  
(Composition: Sn2Bi)

Notice The content of data sheet is subject to change without prior notice.

In the absence of confirmation by device specification sheets, SHARP takes no responsibility for any defects that may occur in equipment using any SHARP devices shown in catalogs, data books, etc. Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device.

Sheet No.: OP06066

## ■ Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified, condition shall be  $V_{IN}=V_C=5V, V_O=30V, I_O=10mA, f_0=500kHz, T_a=25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input-output voltage range	$V_{IN}$	-	3	-	5.5	V
Quiescent current	$I_Q$	Switching, $I_O=0mA$	-	0.8	1.8	mA
Stand-by current	$I_{SD}$	$V_C=0V$	-	0.1	1	$\mu A$
<b>Error amplifier</b>						
Reference voltage	$V_{REF}$	-	0.97	1	1.03	V
Line regulation	$ R_{RegL} $	$V_{IN}=4$ to $5.5V, I_O=5mA$	-	0.7	3	%
Load regulation	$ R_{RegL} $	$I_O=1$ to $15mA$	-	1	3	%
<b>Oscillator</b>						
Oscillation frequency range	$f_0$ (range)	-	300	-	800	kHz
Oscillation frequency	$f_0$	$R_{osc}=130k\Omega$	375	500	625	kHz
Maximum duty	$D_{MAX}$	-	90	-	-	%
<b>Power switch</b>						
Overcurrent detection level	$I_L$	Switching current peak	260	-	-	mA
On-resistance	$R_{ON}$	$I_{sw}=150mA$	-	1.7	2.5	$\Omega$
Leakage current	$I_{LEAK}$	$V_{sw}=40V$	-	0.01	1	$\mu A$
<b>ON/OFF control terminal</b>						
ON-state voltage for control	$V_C(ON)$	-	1	-	-	V
OFF-state voltage for control	$V_C(OFF)$	-	-	-	0.4	V
ON-state current for control	$I_C(ON)$	-	-	-	100	$\mu A$

Fig.1 Standard measuring circuit

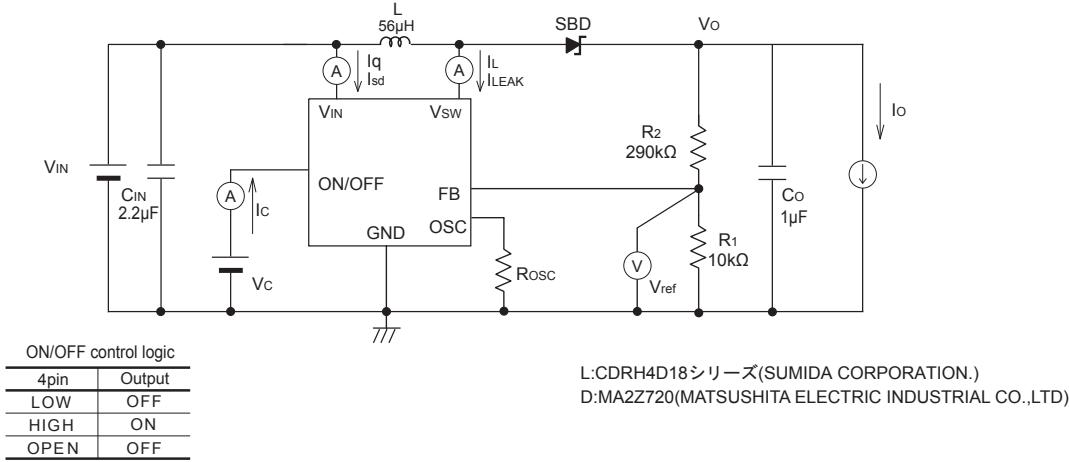


Fig.2 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

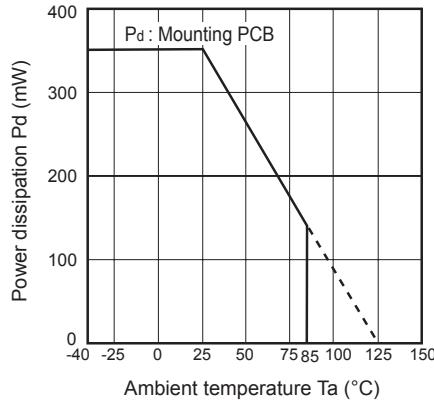


Fig.3 Reference Voltage Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

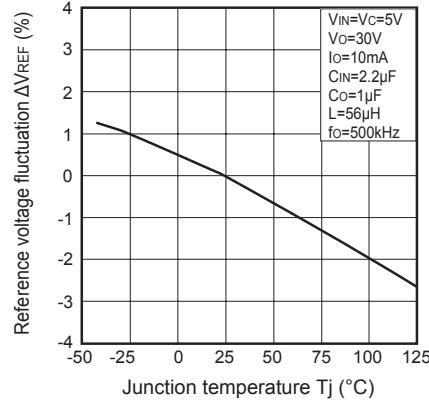


Fig.4 Oscillation Frequency Fluctuation vs. Junction Temperature

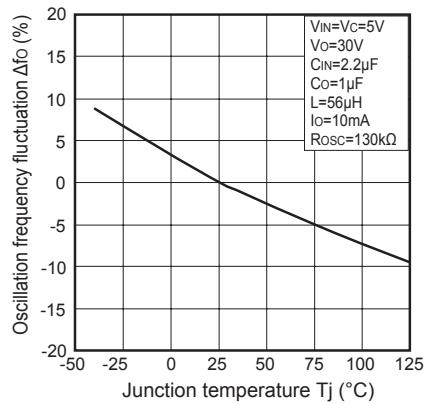


Fig.5 Oscillation Frequency vs. Resistance (Rosc)

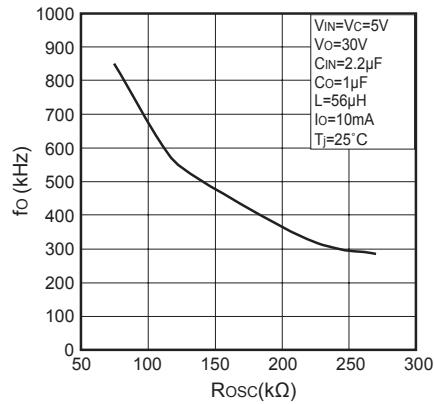


Fig.6 On-resistance vs. Junction Temperature

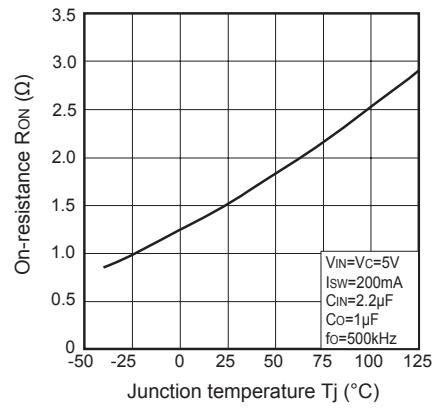


Fig.7 ON-state Voltage for Control vs. Junction Temperature

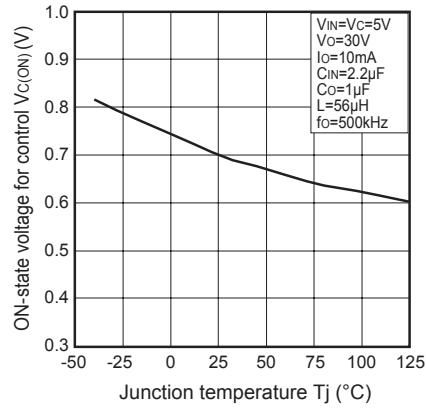
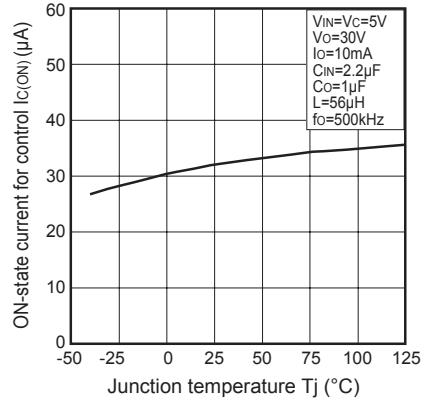
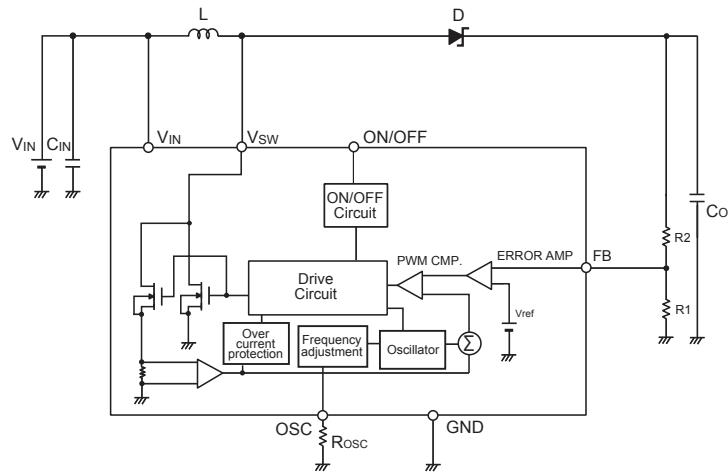


Fig.8 ON-state Current for Control vs. Junction Temperature



■ Block Diagram



■ Example of application

