

Surge arrester

3-electrode arrester

 Series/Type:
 T23-A350XF1

 Ordering code:
 B88069X7240B502

 Version/Date:
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3-electrode arrester T23-A350XF1

Features	Applications
 Standard size 	Branch exchange (MDF)
 Fast response time 	Line protection
 High current rating 	Station protection
 Stable performance over life 	
 Very low capacitance 	
 High insulation resistance 	
 Reliable failsafe device 	
 RoHS-compatible 	

Electrical specifications

DC spark-over voltage 1) 2) 4)	350 ± 20	V %
Impulse spark-over voltage ⁴⁾ at 100 V/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 650 < 550	V
at 1 kV/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 700 < 600	V
Service life 10 operations 50 Hz, 1 s ⁵⁾ 1 operation 50 Hz, 0.18 s (9 cycles) ⁵⁾ 10 operations 8/20 μs ⁵⁾ 1 operation 8/20 μs ⁵⁾ 1 operation 10/350 μs ⁵⁾ 300 operations 10/1000 ⁵⁾	10 50 20 25 5 200	A A kA kA kA
Insulation resistance at 100 V _{dc} ⁴⁾	> 10	G
Capacitance at 1 MHz ⁴⁾ Transverse delay time ³⁾	< 1.5 < 0.2	pF μs
Arc voltage at 1 A Glow to arc transition current Glow voltage Weight	~ 30 V ~ 1 A ~ 200 V	
Storage temperature	-40 +90	g °C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/ 90/ 21	
Marking, blue negative	EPCOS 350 YY O 350 - Nominal voltage YY - Year of production O - Non radioactive	

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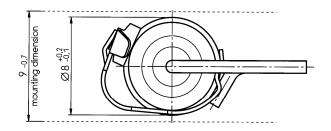
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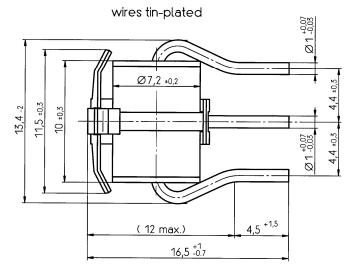
- At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859
- 2) In ionized mode
- 3) Test according to ITU-T Rec. K.12
- 4) Tip or ring electrode to center electrode
- Total current through center electrode, half value through tip respectively ring electrode.

Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12 and DIN 57845/VDE0845

The arrester failsafe mechanism contains a solder pellet with a melting temperature between 193 and 203 °C.

Dimensional drawing





Not to scale

Dimensions in mm

Non controlled document

Cautions and warnings

- The short-circuit spring does not trigger until 180 °C is reached depending on the material. Care must be taken to limit the thermal radiation onto adjacent parts to safe values.
- Depending on the incorporation position, the surge arrester may have to be additionally secured by mechanical means.
- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

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