

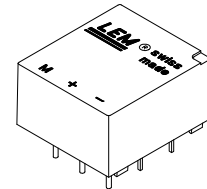
Current Transducer LA 25-NP

$I_{PN} = 5-6-8-12-25 \text{ A}$

For the electronic measurement of currents : DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).



16080



Electrical data

I_{PN}	Primary nominal r.m.s. current	25	At				
I_p	Primary current, measuring range	0 .. ± 36	At				
R_M	Measuring resistance @	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$		$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$			
		R_{Mmin}	R_{Mmax}	R_{Mmin}	R_{Mmax}		
		with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$		100	320	100	315 Ω
		@ $\pm 25 \text{ At}_{max}$		100	190	100	185 Ω
	@ $\pm 36 \text{ At}_{max}$						
I_{SN}	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current	25	mA				
K_N	Conversion ratio	1-2-3-4-5	: 1000				
V_C	Supply voltage ($\pm 5 \%$)	± 15	V				
I_C	Current consumption	$10 + I_s$	mA				
V_d	R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 mn	2.5	kV				
V_b	R.m.s. rated voltage ¹⁾ , safe separation	600	V				
		basic isolation	1700	V			

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Typical accuracy @ $I_{PN}, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	± 0.5	%			
e_L	Linearity error	< 0.2	%			
I_O	Offset current ²⁾ @ $I_p = 0, T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Typ	Max			
		± 0.05	± 0.15 mA			
		I_{OM}	Residual current ³⁾ @ $I_p = 0$, after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$	± 0.05	± 0.15 mA	
		I_{OT}	Thermal drift of I_O	0°C .. + 25°C	± 0.06	± 0.25 mA
				+ 25°C .. + 70°C	± 0.10	± 0.35 mA
- 25°C .. + 85°C				± 0.5 mA		
	- 40°C .. + 85°C		± 1.2 mA			
t_r	Response time ⁴⁾ @ 90 % of I_{PN}	< 1	μs			
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 50	A/ μs			
f	Frequency bandwidth (- 1 dB)	DC .. 150	kHz			

General data

T_A	Ambient operating temperature	- 40 .. + 85	$^\circ\text{C}$	
T_S	Ambient storage temperature	- 45 .. + 90	$^\circ\text{C}$	
R_p	Primary resistance per turn @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	< 1.25	m Ω	
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$	110	Ω	
		@ $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$	115	Ω
R_{IS}	Isolation resistance @ 500 V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	> 1500	M Ω	
m	Mass	22	g	
	Standards	EN 50178 : 1997		

- Notes :**
- ¹⁾ Pollution class 2
 - ²⁾ Measurement carried out after 15 mn functioning
 - ³⁾ The result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit
 - ⁴⁾ With a di/dt of 100 A/ μs .

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) multi-range current transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

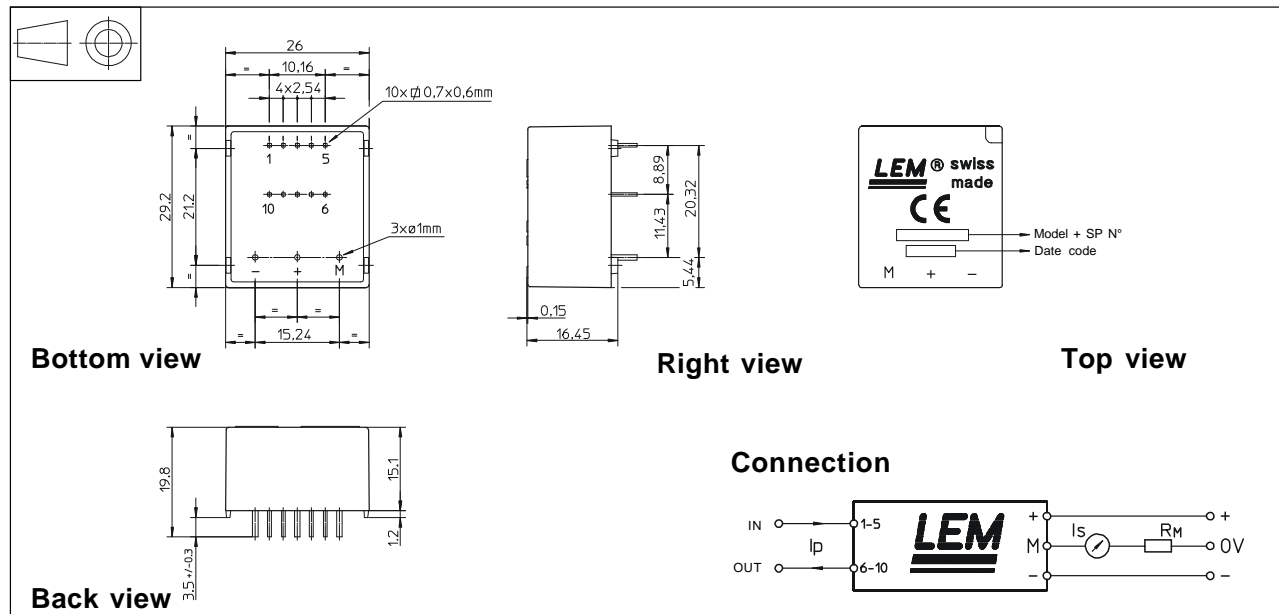
Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Dimensions LA 25-NP (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Number of primary turns	Primary current		Nominal output current I_{SN} [mA]	Turns ratio K_N	Primary resistance R_P [$m\Omega$]	Primary insertion inductance L_P [μH]	Recommended connections
	nominal I_{PN} [A]	maximum I_p [A]					
1	25	36	25	1/1000	0.3	0.023	<pre> 5 4 3 2 1 IN 6 7 8 9 10 OUT </pre>
2	12	18	24	2/1000	1.1	0.09	<pre> 5 4 3 2 1 IN 6 7 8 9 10 OUT </pre>
3	8	12	24	3/1000	2.5	0.21	<pre> 5 4 3 2 1 IN 6 7 8 9 10 OUT </pre>
4	6	9	24	4/1000	4.4	0.37	<pre> 5 4 3 2 1 IN 6 7 8 9 10 OUT </pre>
5	5	7	25	5/1000	6.3	0.58	<pre> 5 4 3 2 1 IN 6 7 8 9 10 OUT </pre>

Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.2 mm
- Fastening & connection of primary 10 pins 0.7 x 0.6 mm
- Fastening & connection of secondary 3 pins $\varnothing 1$ mm
- Recommended PCB hole 1.2 mm

Remarks

- I_s is positive when I_p flows from terminals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 to terminals 10, 9, 8, 7, 6
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.