ARIZONA MICROTEK, INC.

AZ10E111
AZ100E111

ECL/PECL 1:9 Differential Clock Driver

FEATURES

- Low Skew
- Differential Design
- Clock Enable
- V_{BB} Output
- Operating Range of 4.2V to 5.46V
- 75kΩ Internal Input Pulldown Resistors
- Direct Replacement for ON Semi MC10E111 & MC100E111

PACKAGE AVAILABILITY

PACKAGE	PART NUMBER	MARKING	NOTES
PLCC 28	AZ10E111FN	AZM10E111 <Date Code>	1,2
PLCC 28	AZ100E111FN	AZM100E111 <Date Code>	1,2

1 Add R2 at end of part number for 13 inch (2.5K parts) Tape & Reel.
2 Date code format: "YY" for year followed by "WW" for week.

DESCRIPTION

The AZ10/100E111 is a low skew 1-to-9 differential driver, designed with clock distribution in mind. The IN signal is fanned-out to nine identical differential outputs. An Enable input is also provided. A HIGH disables the device by forcing all Q outputs LOW and all $\overline{Q}$ outputs HIGH.
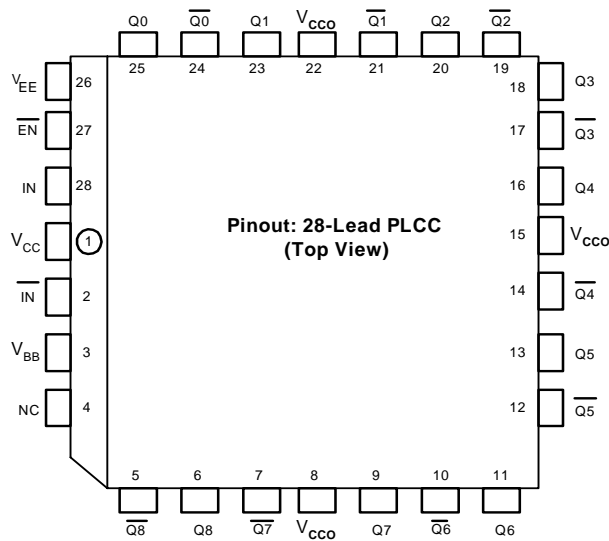
The AZ100E111 provides a V_{BB} output for single-ended use or a DC bias reference for AC coupling to the device. For single–ended input applications, the V_{BB} reference should be connected to one side of the IN/$\overline{IN}$ differential input pair. The input signal is then fed to the other IN/$\overline{IN}$ input. The V_{BB} pin should be used only as a bias for the E111 as its sink/source capability is limited. When used, the V_{BB} pin should be bypassed to ground via a 0.01μF capacitor.

The device is specifically designed, modeled and produced with low skew as the key goal. Optimal design and layout serve to minimize gate-to-gate skew within-device, and empirical modeling is used to determine process control limits that ensure consistent t_{pd} distributions from lot-to-lot. The net result is a dependable, low skew device.

To ensure that the tight skew specification is met, both sides of the differential output must be terminated into 50Ω, even if only one side is used. In most applications all nine differential pairs will be used and therefore terminated. In the case where fewer than nine pairs are used, it is necessary to terminate at least the output pairs on the same package side (i.e. sharing the same V_{CCO}) as the pair(s) being used on that side, in order to maintain minimum skew. Failure to do this will result in small degradations of propagation delay (on the order of 10-20ps) of the output(s) being used that, while not being catastrophic to most designs, will mean a loss of skew margin.
NOTE: Specifications in the ECL/PECL tables are valid when thermal equilibrium is established.
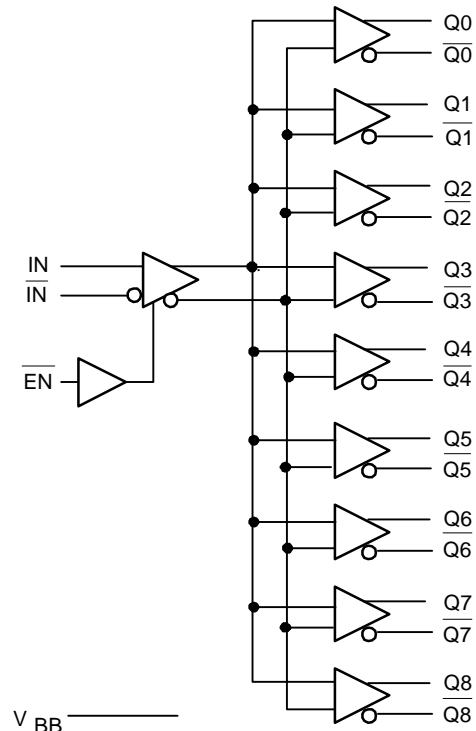
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Q0 Q̄0 Q1 V**CCO** Q̄1 Q2 Q̄2

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                25   24   23   22   21   20   19
V_EE  26                                        18   Q3
EN̄   27                                         17   Q̄3
IN   28                                         16   Q4
V_CC  (1)      Pinout: 28-Lead PLCC            15   V_CCO
                     (Top View)
ĪN   2                                          14   Q̄4
V_BB  3                                         13   Q5
NC   4                                          12   Q̄5
                5    6    7    8    9    10   11
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Q̄8 Q8 Q̄7 V**CCO** Q7 Q̄6 Q6

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	FUNCTION
IN, ĪN	Differential Input Pair
EN	Enable
Q0, Q̄0 - Q8, Q̄8	Differential Outputs
V_BB	V_BB Output
V_CC , V_CCO	Positive Supply
V_EE	Negative Supply

LOGIC SYMBOL

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which device life may be impaired.

Symbol	Characteristic		Rating	Unit
V_CC	PECL Power Supply	(V_EE = 0V)	0 to +8.0	Vdc
V_I	PECL Input Voltage	(V_EE = 0V)	0 to +6.0	Vdc
V_EE	ECL Power Supply	(V_CC = 0V)	-8.0 to 0	Vdc
V_I	ECL Input Voltage	(V_CC = 0V)	-6.0 to 0	Vdc
I_OUT	Output Current	--- Continuous	50	mA
		--- Surge	100	
T_A	Operating Temperature Range		-40 to +85	°C
T_STG	Storage Temperature Range		-65 to +150	°C

10K ECL DC Characteristics (V_EE = -4.94V to -5.46V, V_CC = V_CCO = GND)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_OH	Output HIGH Voltage[1]	-1080		-890	-1020		-840	-980		-810	-910		-720	mV
V_OL	Output LOW Voltage[1]	-1950		-1650	-1950		-1630	-1950		-1630	-1950		-1595	mV
V_IH	Input HIGH Voltage	-1230		-890	-1170		-840	-1130		-810	-1060		-720	mV
V_IL	Input LOW Voltage	-1950		-1500	-1950		-1480	-1950		-1480	-1950		-1445	mV
V_BB	Reference Voltage	-1430		-1300	-1380		-1270	-1350		-1250	-1310		-1190	mV
I_IH	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150			150	μA
I_IL	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			μA
I_EE	Power Supply Current		48	60		48	60		48	60		48	60	mA

1.   Each output is terminated through a 50Ω resistor to V_CC – 2V.

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10K PECL DC Characteristics (V_{EE} = GND, V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = +5.0V)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage[1,2]	3920		4110	3980		4160	4020		4190	4090		4280	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage[1,2]	3050		3350	3050		3370	3050		3370	3050		3405	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage[1]	3770		4110	3830		4160	3870		4190	3940		4280	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage[1]	3050		3500	3050		3520	3050		3520	3050		3555	mV
V_{BB}	Reference Voltage[1]	3570		3700	3620		3730	3650		3750	3690		3810	mV
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			μA
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		48	60		48	60		48	60		48	60	mA

1. For supply voltages other that 5.0V, use the ECL table values and ADD supply voltage value.
2. Each output is terminated through a 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} – 2V.

100K ECL DC Characteristics (V_{EE} = -4.2V to -5.46V, V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = GND)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage[1]	-1085	-1005	-880	-1025	-955	-880	-1025	-955	-880	-1025	-955	-880	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage[1]	-1830	-1695	-1555	-1810	-1705	-1620	-1810	-1705	-1620	-1810	-1705	-1620	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	-1165		-880	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	-1810		-1475	-1810		-1475	-1810		-1475	-1810		-1475	mV
V_{BB}	Reference Voltage	-1380		-1260	-1380		-1260	-1380		-1260	-1380		-1260	mV
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			μA
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		48	60		48	60		48	60		55	69	mA

1. Each output is terminated through a 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} – 2V.

100K PECL DC Characteristics (V_{EE} = GND, V_{CC} = V_{CCO} = +5.0V)

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage[1,2]	3915	3995	4120	3975	4045	4120	3975	4045	4120	3975	4045	4120	mV
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage[1,2]	3170	3305	3445	3190	3295	3380	3190	3295	3380	3190	3295	3380	mV
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage[1]	3835		4120	3835		4120	3835		4120	3835		4120	mV
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage[1]	3190		3525	3190		3525	3190		3525	3190		3525	mV
V_{BB}	Reference Voltage[1]	3620		3740	3620		3740	3620		3740	3620		3740	mV
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150			150	μA
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.5			0.5			0.5			0.5			μA
I_{EE}	Power Supply Current		48	60		48	60		48	60		55	69	mA

1. For supply voltages other that 5.0V, use the ECL table values and ADD supply voltage value.
2. Each output is terminated through a 50Ω resistor to V_{CC} – 2V.

AC Characteristics (V_{EE} =10E(-4.94V to -5.46V), 100E(-4.2V to -5.46V); V_{CC} =V_{CCO} =GND or V_{EE} =GND; V_{CC} =V_{CCO} = 10E(+4.94V to +5.46V), 100E(+4.2V to +5.46V))

Symbol	Characteristic	-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
t_{PLH} / t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay to Output IN (Diff)[1]	380		680	460		560	480		580	510		610	ps
	IN (SE)[2]	280		780	410		610	430		630	460		660	
	Enable[3]	400		900	450		850	450		850	450		850	
	Disable[3]	400		900	450		850	450		850	450		850	
t_S	Setup Time EN to IN[5]	250	0		200	0		200	0		200	0		ps
t_H	Hold Time IN to EN[6]	50	-200		0	-200		0	-200		0	-200		ps
t_R	Release Time EN to IN[7]	350	100		300	100		300	100		300	100		ps
t_{SKEW}	Within-Device Skew[4]		25	75		25	50		25	50		25	50	ps
V_{PP} (AC)	Minimum Input Swing[8]	250			250			250			250			mV
V_{CMR}	Common Mode Range[9]	V_{CC} - 1.6		V_{CC} - 0.4	V_{CC} - 1.6		V_{CC} - 0.4	V_{CC} - 1.6		V_{CC} - 0.4	V_{CC} - 1.6		V_{CC} - 0.4	V
t_r / t_f	Rise/Fall Time	250		650	275		600	275		600	275		600	ps

1. The differential propagation delay is defined as the delay from the crossing points of the differential input signals to the crossing point of the differential output signals.
2. The single-ended propagation delay is defined as the delay from the 50% point of the input signal to the 50% point of the output signal.
3. Enable is defined as the propagation delay from the 50% point of a negative transition on EN to the 50% point of a positive transition on Q (or a negative transition on Q̄). Disable is defined as the propagation delay from the 50% point of a positive transition on EN to the 50% point of a negative transition on Q (or a positive transition on Q̄).
4. The within-device skew is defined as the worst-case difference between any two similar delay paths within a single device.
5. The setup time is the minimum time that EN must be asserted prior to the next transition of IN/ IN̄ to prevent an output response greater than ±75mV to that IN/ IN̄ transition (see Figure 1).
6. The hold time is the minimum time that EN must remain asserted after a negative going IN or a positive going IN̄ to prevent an output response greater than ±75 mV to that IN/ IN̄ transition (see Figure 2).
7. The release time is the minimum time that EN must be de-asserted prior to the next IN/ IN̄ transition to ensure an output response that meets the specified IN to Q propagation delay and output transition times (see Figure 3).
8. V_{PP}(min) is defined as the minimum peak-to-peak input differential voltage which will cause no increase in the propagation delay. The V_{PP}(min) is AC limited for the E111, because differential input as low as 50 mV will still produce full ECL levels at the output.
9. V_{CMR} is defined as the range within which the V_{IH} level may vary, with the device still meeting the propagation delay specification. The V_{IL} level must be such that the peak-to-peak voltage is less than 1.0V and greater than or equal to V_{PP}(min).
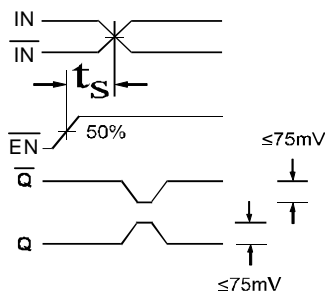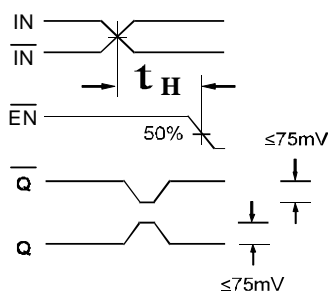
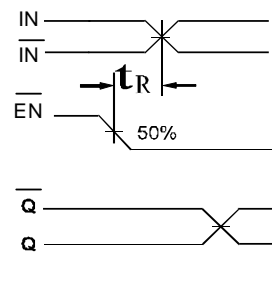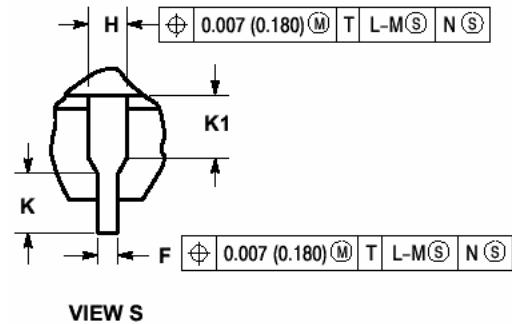**Figure 1. Setup Time**

Figure 2. Hold Time

Figure 3. Release Time

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PACKAGE DIAGRAM
PLCC 28

A ⊕ 0.007 (0.180) Ⓜ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

R ⊕ 0.007 (0.180) Ⓜ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

◠ 0.004 (0.100)
–T– SEATING PLANE

VIEW S

⊕ 0.010 (0.250)Ⓢ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

B ⊕ 0.007 (0.180) Ⓜ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

U ⊕ 0.007 (0.180) Ⓜ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

G1 ⊕ 0.010 (0.250)Ⓢ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

VIEW D–D

H ⊕ 0.007 (0.180) Ⓜ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

F ⊕ 0.007 (0.180) Ⓜ T L–MⓈ N Ⓢ

VIEW S
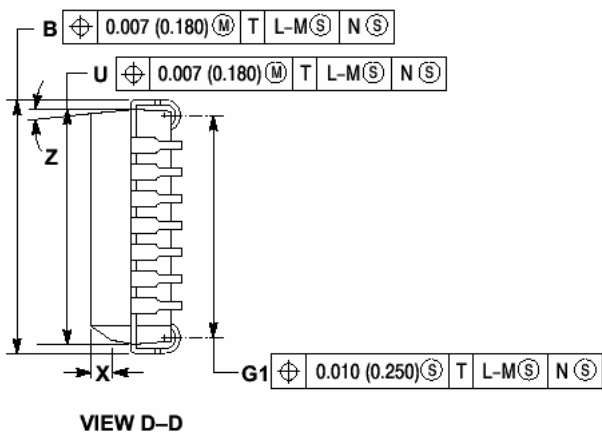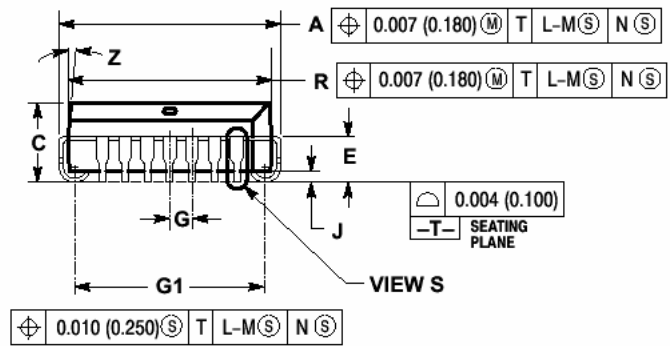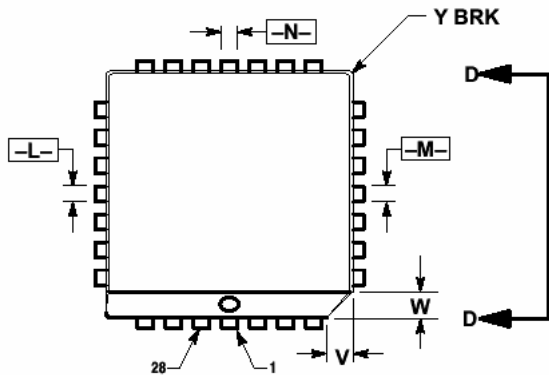
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	12.32	12.57	0.485	0.495
B	12.32	12.57	0.485	0.495
C	4.20	4.57	0.165	0.180
E	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
F	0.33	0.48	0.013	0.019
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	0.66	0.81	0.026	0.032
J	0.51		0.020	
K	0.64		0.025	
R	11.43	11.58	0.450	0.456
U	11.43	11.58	0.450	0.456
V	1.07	1.21	0.042	0.048
W	1.07	1.21	0.042	0.048
X	1.07	1.42	0.042	0.056
T		0.50		0.020
Z	2^O	10°	2^O	10°
G1	10.42	10.92	0.410	0.430
K1	1.02		0.040	

NOTES:
1. DATUMS –L-, -M-, AND –N- DETERMINED WHERE TOP OF LEAD SHOULDER EXITS PLASTIC BODY AT MOLD PARTING LINE.
2. DIMENSION G1, TRUE POSITION TO BE MEASURED AT DATUM –T-, SEATING PLANE.
3. DIMENSIONS R AND U DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. ALOWABLE MOLD FLASH IS 0.010mm (0.250in.) PER SIDE.
4. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
6. THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKGE BOTTOM BY UP TO 0.012mm (0.300in.). DIMENSIONS R AND U ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH, THE BAR BURRS, GATE BURRS AND INTERLEAD FLASH, BUT INCLUDING ANY MISMATCH BETWEEN THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
7. DIMENSION H DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION OR INTRUSION. THE DAMBAR PROTRUSION(S) SHALL NOT CAUSE THE H DIMENSION TO BE SMALLER THAN 0.025mm (0.635in.).

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