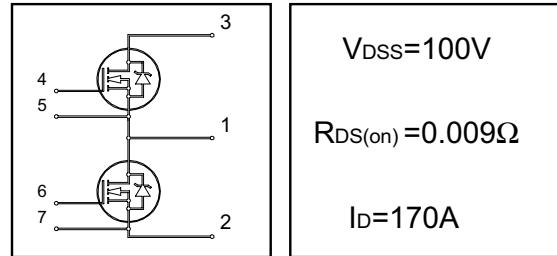


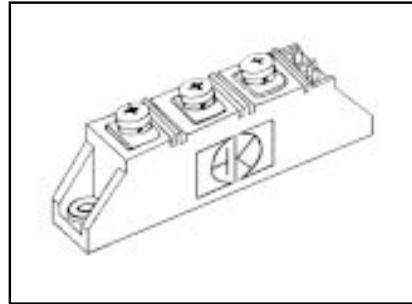
## Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175 °C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Fully Avalanche Rated



## Benefits

- Increased operating efficiency
- Direct mounting to heatsink
- Performance optimized for power conversion: UPS, SMPS, Welding, Motor Control
- Lower EMI, requires less snubbing



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
Id @ Tc=25°C	Continuous Drain Current, Vgs@10V	170	
Id @ Tc=100°C	Continuous Drain Current, Vgs@10V	120	A
Idm	Pulsed Drain Current	670	
Pd @ Tc=25°C	Power Dissipation	580	W
	Linear Derating Factor	3.8	W/°C
Vgs	Gate- to- Source Voltage	±30	V
Eas	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	1350	mJ
Iar	Avalanche Current	100	A
Ear	Repetitive Avalanche Energy	58	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt	2.3	V/ns
Tj	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +175	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +175	

## Termal / Mechanical Characteristics

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Termal Resistance, Junction-to- Case- IBGT	-	0.26	
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Termal Resistance, Junction-to- Case- Diode	-	0.36	°C/W
R <sub>θCS</sub>	Termal Resistance, Csar-to- Sink- Module	0.1	-	
	Mouting Torque, Case-to-Heatsink	-	4.0	N.m
	Mouting Torque, Case-to-Terminal 1,2 & 3	-	3.0	
	Weight of Module	100	-	g

# FP150TA10U

XI'AN IR-PERI  
Company

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100	—	—	V	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
$DV_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}/DT_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.11	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	0.009	$\Omega$	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=100\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.0	V	$V_{\text{DS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
$g_{\text{fe}}$	Forward Transconductance	52	—	—	S	$V_{\text{DS}}=50\text{V}, I_D=100\text{A}$
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=100\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$V_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Drain-to-Source Forward Current	—	—	100	nA	$V_{\text{GS}}=30\text{V}$
	Drain-to-Source Reverse Current	—	—	-100		$V_{\text{GS}}=-30\text{V}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	—	260	390	nC	$I_D=100\text{A}$
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	49	74		$V_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-to-Drain (Miller) Charge	—	160	250		$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn - On Delay Time	—	24	—	nS	$V_{\text{DD}} = 50\text{V}$
$t_r$	Rise Time	—	270	—		$I_D = 100\text{A}$
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn - Off Delay Time	—	45	—		$R_G = 1.03\Omega$
$t_f$	Fall Time	—	140	—		$V_{\text{GS}}= 10\text{V}$
$L_D$	Internal Drain Inductance	—	5.0	—	nH	Between lead,6mm from package and center of die
$L_S$	Internal Source Inductance	—	13	—		
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	—	6790	—	pF	$V_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	2470	—		$V_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	990	—		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	10740	—		$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=1.0\text{V}, f=1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	—	1180	—		$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}, f=1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{\text{oss eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	2210	—		$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V to } 80\text{V}$

## Dynamic Characteristics - $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	174	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode
	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	670		
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_S=100\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	220	330	nS	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}, I_F=100\text{A}$
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	1640	2460	nC	$dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$t_{\text{on}}$	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_s+L_d$ )				