

Adjustable Precision Shunt Regulators

■ FEATURES

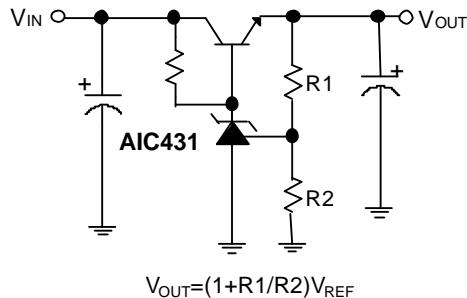
- Unconditionally Stable.
- Precision Reference Voltage.
AIC431 :2.495V $\pm 0.5\%$
TL431A :2.495V $\pm 1.0\%$
TL431 :2.495V $\pm 1.6\%$
- Sink Current Capability: 200mA.
- Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation: 250 μ A.
- Equivalent Full-Range Temperature Coefficient: 50 ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C.
- Fast Turn-On Response.
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance: 0.08 Ω .
- Adjustable Output Voltage.
- Low Output Noise.
- Space Saving SOT-89, SOT-23, TO-92 and SO8 packages.

■ DESCRIPTION

The AIC431/TL431A/TL431 are 3-terminal adjustable precision shunt regulators with guaranteed temperature stability over the applicable extended commercial temperature range. The output voltage may be set at any level greater than 2.495V (V_{REF}) up to 30V merely by selecting two external resistors that act as a voltage divider network. These devices have a typical output impedance of 0.08 Ω . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristics, making these devices excellent improved replacements for zener diodes in many applications.

The precise $\pm 0.5\%$ reference voltage tolerance of the AIC431 makes it possible in many applications to avoid the use of a variable resistor, consequently saving cost and eliminating drift and reliability problems associated with it.

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Precision Regulator



■ ORDERING INFORMATION

AIC431 CX

TL431A CX

TL431 CX

PACKAGING TYPE
S: SMALL OUTLINE
U: SOT-23
X: SOT-89
Z: TO-92

ORDER NUMBER	PIN CONFIGURATION
AIC431CS TL431ACS TL431CS (SO-8)	TOP VIEW CATHODE 1 ANODE 2 ANODE 3 NC 4 8] REF 7] ANODE 6] ANODE 5] NC
AIC431CUN TL431ACUN TL431CUN (SOT-23)	FRONT VIEW 1: CATHODE 2: VREF 3: ANODE 1 2 3
AIC431CUS TL431ACUS TL431CUS (SOT-23)	FRONT VIEW 1: VREF 2: CATHODE 3: ANODE 1 2 3
AIC431CX TL431ACX TL431CX (SOT-89)	FRONT VIEW 1: VREF 2: ANODE 3: CATHODE 1 2 3
AIC431CZ TL431ACZ TL431CZ (TO-92)	FRONT VIEW 1: VREF 2: ANODE 3: CATHODE 1 2 3

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Cathode Voltage	30V
Continuous Cathode Current	-10mA ~ 250mA
Reference Input Current Range	10mA
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C ~ 85°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C ~ 150°C
Power Dissipation (Notes 1, 2)	SOT-89 Package 0.80W TO-92 Package 0.78W

Note 1: $T_J, \text{max} = 150^\circ\text{C}$.

Note 2: Ratings apply to ambient temperature at 25°C .

■ TEST CIRCUITS

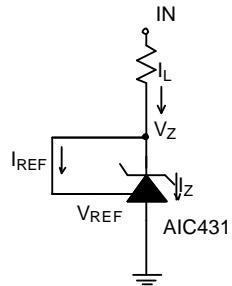
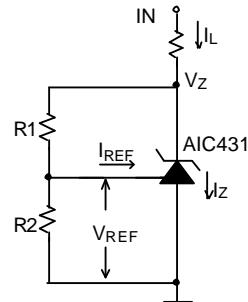


Fig. 1 Test Circuit for $V_z = V_{REF}$



Note: $V_z = V_{REF}(1 + R1/R2) + I_{REF} \times R1$

Fig. 2 Test circuit for $V_z > V_{REF}$

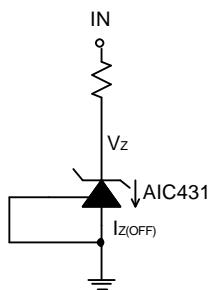


Fig. 3 Test circuit for off-state Current

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Reference Voltage	$V_z = V_{REF}$, $I_L = 10\text{mA}$ (Fig. 1)	AIC431	V_{REF}	2.482	2.495	2.508	V
		TL431A		2.470	2.495	2.520	
		TL431		2.455	2.495	2.535	
Deviation of Reference Input Voltage Over Temperature (Note 3)	$V_z = V_{REF}$, $I_L = 10\text{mA}$, $T_a = 0^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$ (Fig. 1)		V_{DEV}		9.0	20	mV
Ratio of the Change in Reference Voltage to the Change in Cathode voltage (Fig. 2)	$I_z = 10\text{mA}$	$\Delta V_z = 10\text{V} - V_{REF}$	$\frac{\Delta V_{REF}}{\Delta V_z}$		-0.5	-2.0	mV/V
		$\Delta V_z = 30\text{V} - 10\text{V}$			-0.35	-1.5	mV/V
Reference Input Current	$R_1 = 10\text{K}\Omega$, $R_2 = \infty$, $I_L = 10\text{mA}$ (Fig. 2)		I_{REF}		0.8	3.5	μA

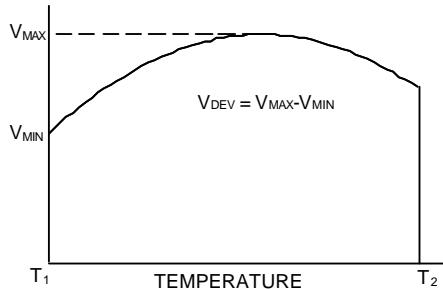


AIC431/TL431A/TL431

Deviation of Reference Input Current over Temperature	R1 =10KΩ, R2=∞, I _L =10mA Ta =-20°C ~ +85°C (Fig. 2)	αI _{REF}	0.3	1.2	μA
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■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Minimum Cathode current for Regulation	$V_Z = V_{REF}$ (Fig. 1)	$I_{Z(MIN)}$		0.25	0.5	mA
Off-State Current	$V_Z = 20V, V_{REF} = 0V$ (Fig. 3)	$I_{Z(OFF)}$		0.1	1.0	μA
Dynamic Output Impedance (Note 4)	$V_Z = V_{REF}$ Frequency = 0Hz (Fig. 1)	R_Z		0.08	0.3	Ω



Note 3. Deviation of reference input voltage, V_{DEV} , is defined as the maximum variation of the reference input voltage over the full temperature range.

The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, αV_{REF} is defined as:

$$\Delta V_{REF} \frac{\text{ppm}}{\text{°C}} = \pm \left[\frac{V_{MAX} - V_{MIN}}{V_{REF}(\text{at } 25\text{°C})} \right] 10^6 = \pm \left[\frac{V_{DEV}}{V_{REF}(\text{at } 25\text{°C})} \right] 10^6$$

Where:

$T_2 - T_1$ = full temperature change.

αV_{REF} can be positive or negative depending on whether the slope is positive or negative.

Example: $V_{DEV} = 9.0\text{mV}$, $V_{REF} = 2495\text{mV}$,

$T_2 - T_1 = 70\text{°C}$, slope is negative.

$$\alpha V_{REF} = \left[\frac{9.0\text{mV}}{2495\text{mV}} \right] 10^6 \Big|_{70\text{°C}} = -50\text{ppm/°C}$$

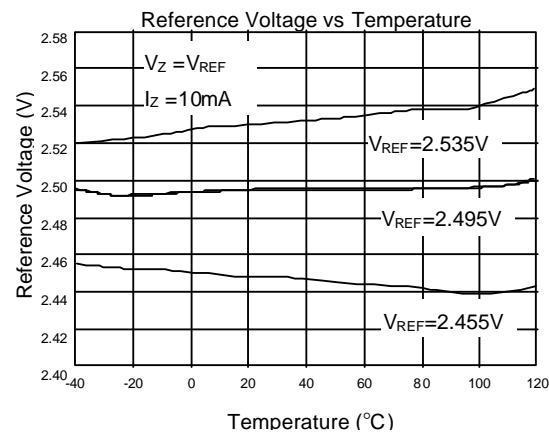
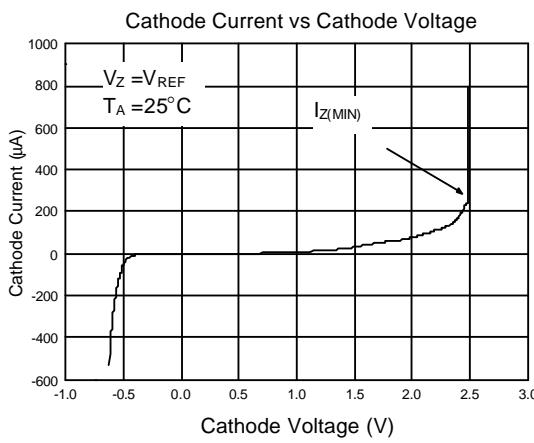
Note 4. The dynamic output impedance, R_Z , is defined as:

$$R_Z = \frac{\Delta V_Z}{\Delta I_Z}$$

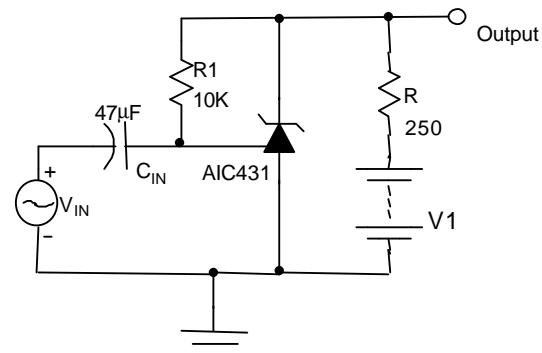
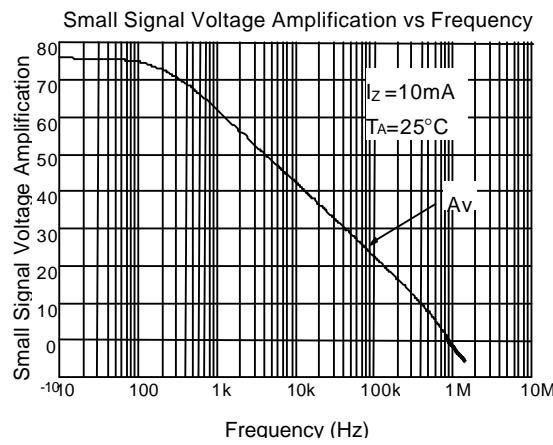
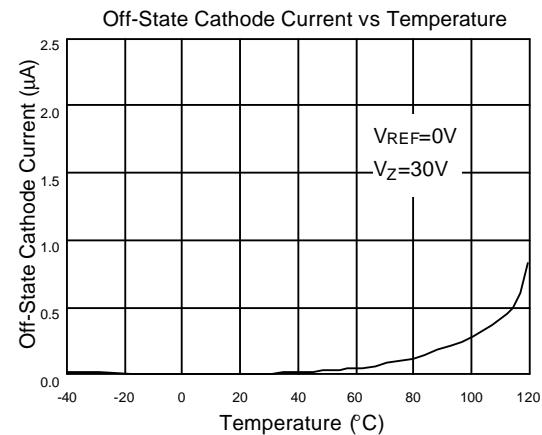
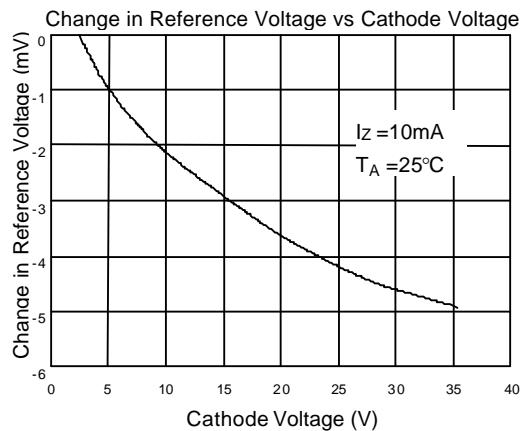
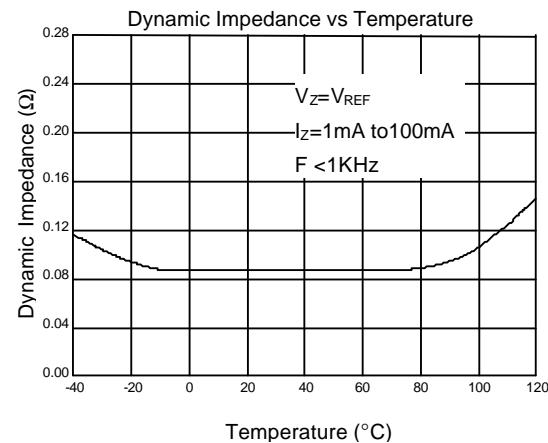
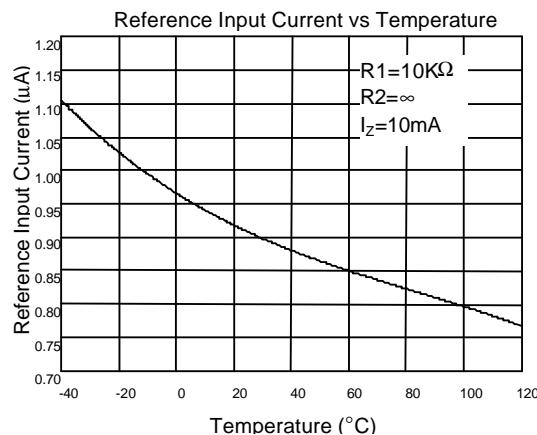
When the device is programmed with two external resistors, R_1 and R_2 , (see Fig. 2), the dynamic output impedance of the overall circuit, is defined as:

$$r_Z = \frac{\Delta V_Z}{\Delta I_Z} \equiv R_Z \left[1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right]$$

■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

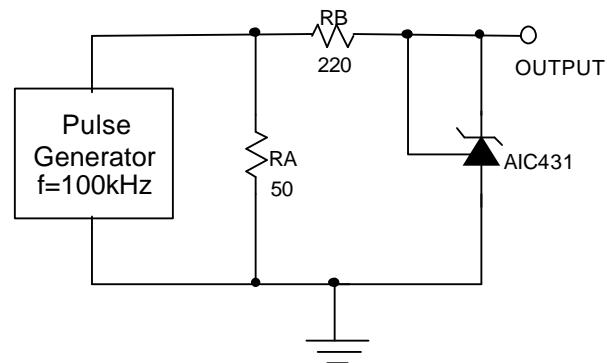
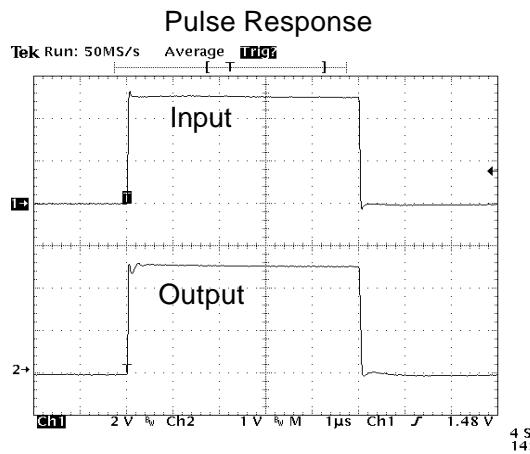


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

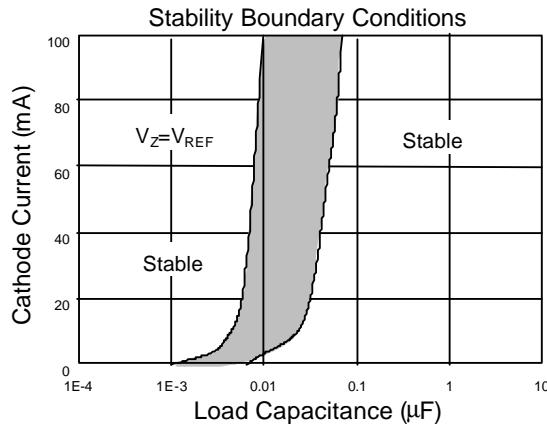


Test Circuit For Frequency Response

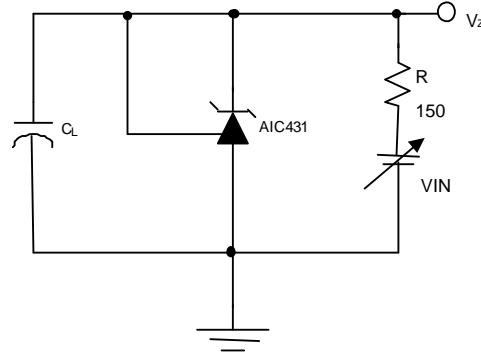
■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)



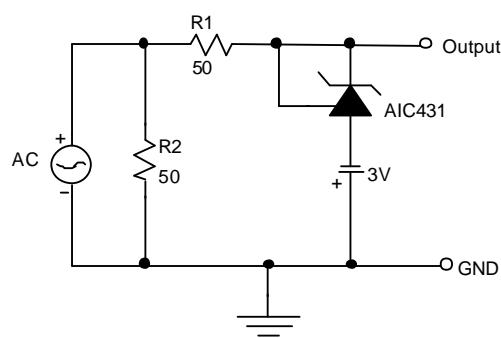
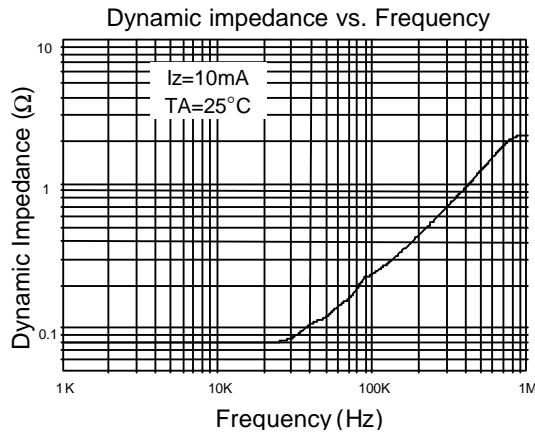
Test Circuit For Pulse Response



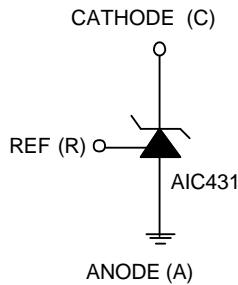
The areas between the curves represent condition that may cause the device oscillate



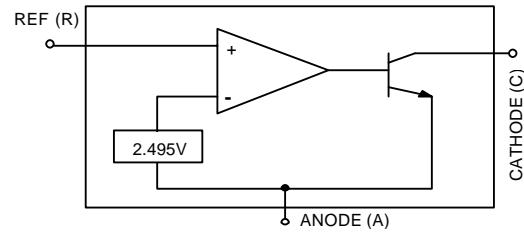
Test Circuit for Stability Boundary Conditions



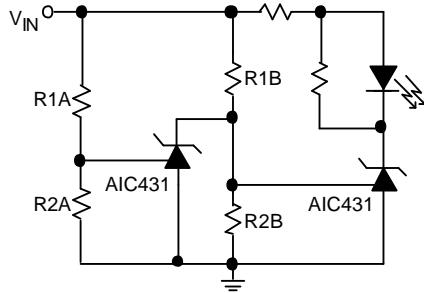
■ SYMBOL



■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ APPLICATION EXAMPLES



LED on when Low Limit < V_{IN} < High Limit

$$\text{Low Limit} \cong V_{REF} (1 + R1B/R2B) \quad \text{Delay} = R \times C \times \ln \left(\frac{V_{IN}}{V_{IN} - V_{REF}} \right)$$

$$\text{High Limit} \cong V_{REF} (1 + R1A/R2A)$$

Fig. 4 Voltage Monitor

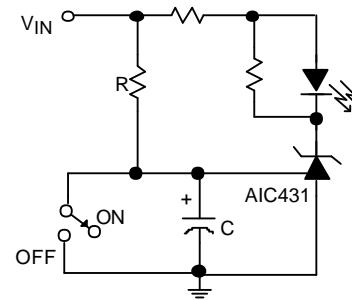
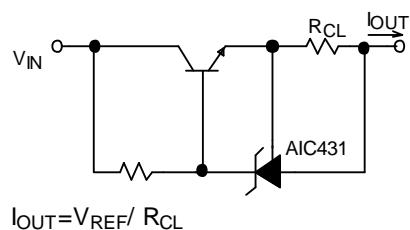
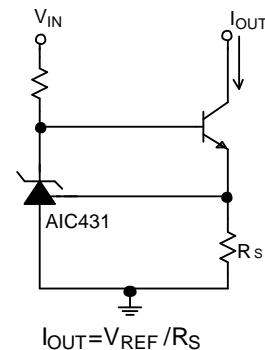


Fig. 5 Delay Timer



$$I_{OUT} = V_{REF} / R_{CL}$$

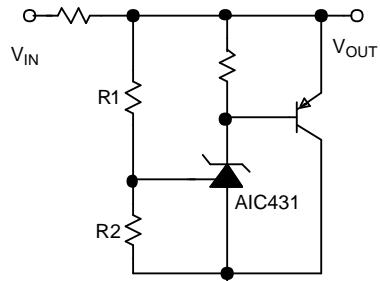
Fig. 6 Current Limiter or Current Source



$$I_{OUT} = V_{REF} / R_s$$

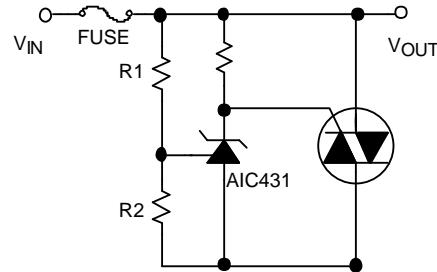
Fig. 7 Constant-Current Sink

■ APPLICATION EXAMPLES (Continued)



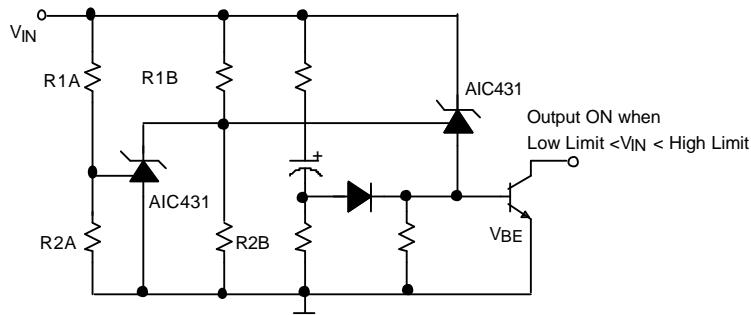
$$V_{OUT} \cong (1+R1/R2) \times V_{REF}$$

Fig 8. Higher-Current Shunt Regulator



$$V_{LIMIT} \cong (1+R1/R2) \times V_{REF}$$

Fig 9. Crow Bar



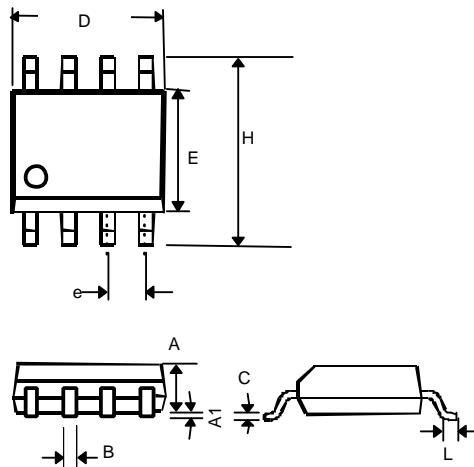
$$\text{Low Limit} \leq V_{REF} (1 + R1B / R2B) + V_{BE}$$

$$\text{High Limit} \cong V_{REF} (1 + R1A / R2A)$$

Fig 10. Over-Voltage/Under-Voltage Protection Circuit

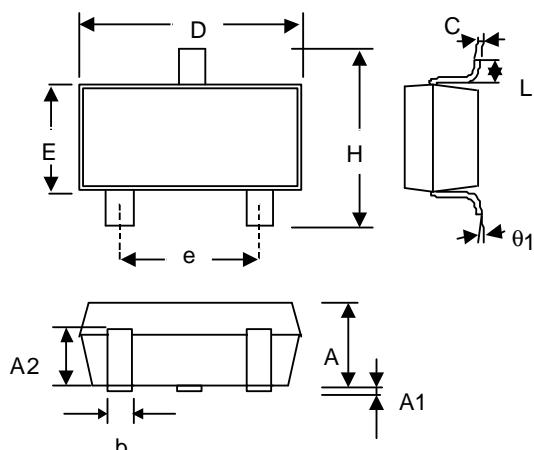
■ PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

- 8 LEAD PLASTIC SO (unit: mm)



SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.33	0.51
C	0.19	0.25
D	4.80	5.00
E	3.80	4.00
e	1.27(TYP)	
H	5.80	6.20
L	0.40	1.27

- SOT-23 (unit: mm)



SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A	1.00	1.30
A1	—	0.10
A2	0.70	0.90
b	0.35	0.50
C	0.10	0.25
D	2.70	3.10
E	1.40	1.80
e	1.90 (TYP)	
H	2.60	3.00
L	0.37	—
1	1°	9°

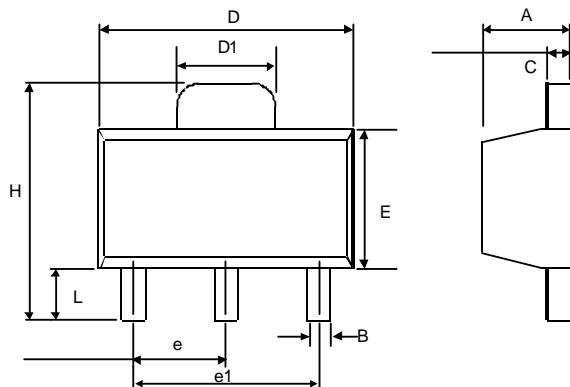
- SOT-23 MARKING

Part No.	Marking
AIC431CUN	AC1N
TL431CUN	AC2N
TL431ACUN	AC3N

Part No.	Marking
AIC431CUS	AC1S
TL431CUS	AC2S
TL431ACUS	AC3S

■ PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (Continued)

- SOT-89 (unit: mm)

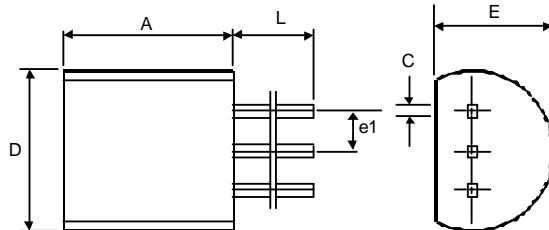


SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A	1.40	1.60
B	0.36	0.48
C	0.35	0.44
D	4.40	4.60
D1	1.62	1.83
E	2.29	2.60
e	1.50 (TYP.)	
e1	3.00 (TYP.)	
H	3.94	4.25
L	0.89	1.20

- SOT-89 MARKING

Part No.	Marking
AIC431CX	AC01B
TL431CX	AC02B
TL431ACX	AC03B

- TO-92 (unit: mm)



SYMBOL	MIN	MAX
A	4.32	5.33
C	0.38 (TYP.)	
D	4.40	5.20
E	3.17	4.20
e1	1.27 (TYP.)	
L	12.7	-