

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

DATEL's ADS-117 is a functionally complete, 12-bit, 2MHz, sampling A/D converter. Its standard, 24-pin, double-width DIP contains a fast-settling sample-hold amplifier, a 12-bit subranging (two-step) A/D converter, a precision reference, three-state output register and all the timing and control logic necessary to operate from a single start convert pulse. Digital input and output levels are TTL.

Total harmonic distortion (THD) and signal-to-noise ratio (including distortion) typically run -78dB and 70dB, respectively, with full scale inputs up to 100kHz. The ADS-117 requires $\pm 15V$ and $+5V$ power supplies and typically consumes 1.6 Watts. Models are available for use in either commercial (0 to $+70^{\circ}C$) or military (-55 to $+125^{\circ}C$) operating temperature ranges and extended commercial (-40 to $+85^{\circ}C$).

FEATURES

- 12-bit resolution
- No missing codes
- 2MHz minimum throughput
- Functionally complete
- Small 24-pin DDIP
- Low-power, 1.6 Watts
- Three-state output buffers
- Samples to Nyquist frequencies

INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS			
PIN	FUNCTION	PIN	FUNCTION
1	BIT 12 (LSB)	24	-15V Supply
2	BIT 11	23	ANALOG GROUND
3	BIT 10	22	+15V SUPPLY
4	BIT 9	21	+10V REFERENCE
5	BIT 8	20	BIPOLAR
6	BIT 7	19	ANALOG INPUT
7	BIT 6	18	COMP BIN
8	BIT 5	17	ENABLE (1-12)
9	BIT 4	16	START CONVERT
10	BIT 3	15	EOC
11	BIT 2	14	DIGITAL GROUND
12	BIT 1 (MSB)	13	+5V SUPPLY

BLOCK DIAGRAM

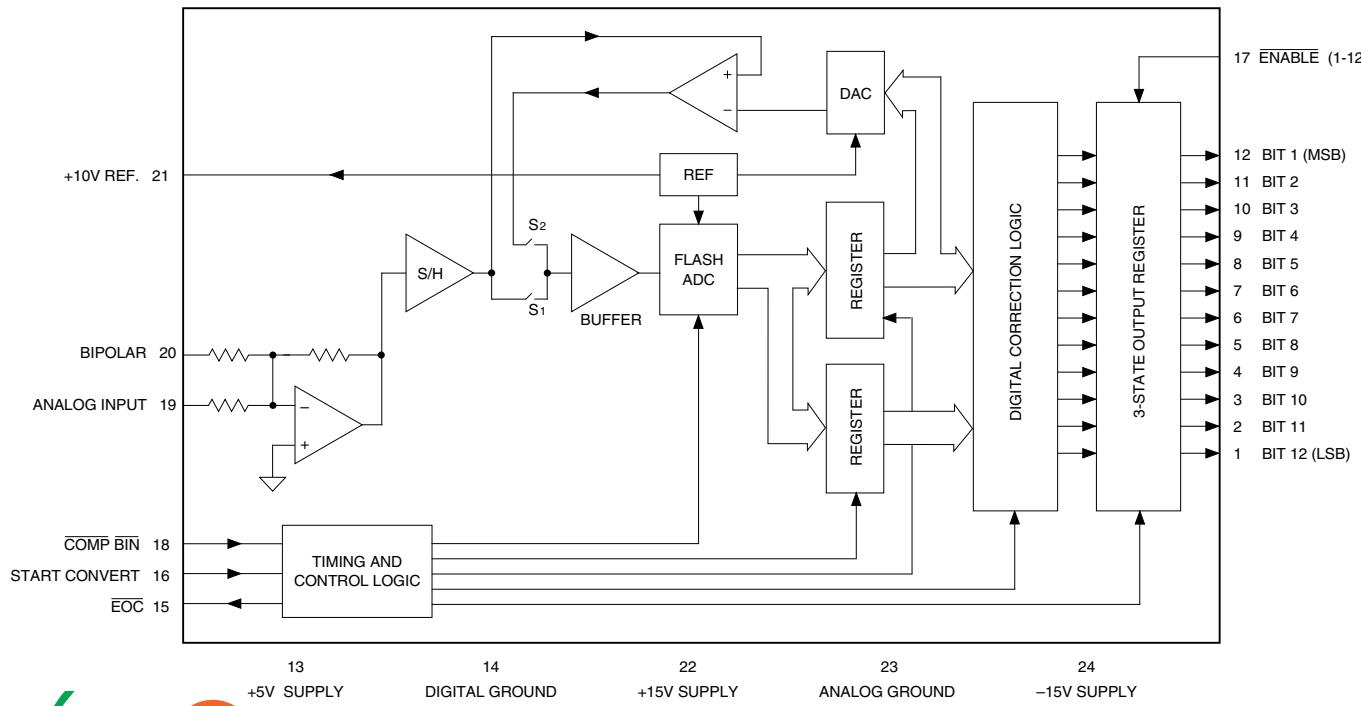


Figure 1. ADS-117 Functional Block Diagram



For full details go to
www.murata-ps.com/rohs

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS. CONT.

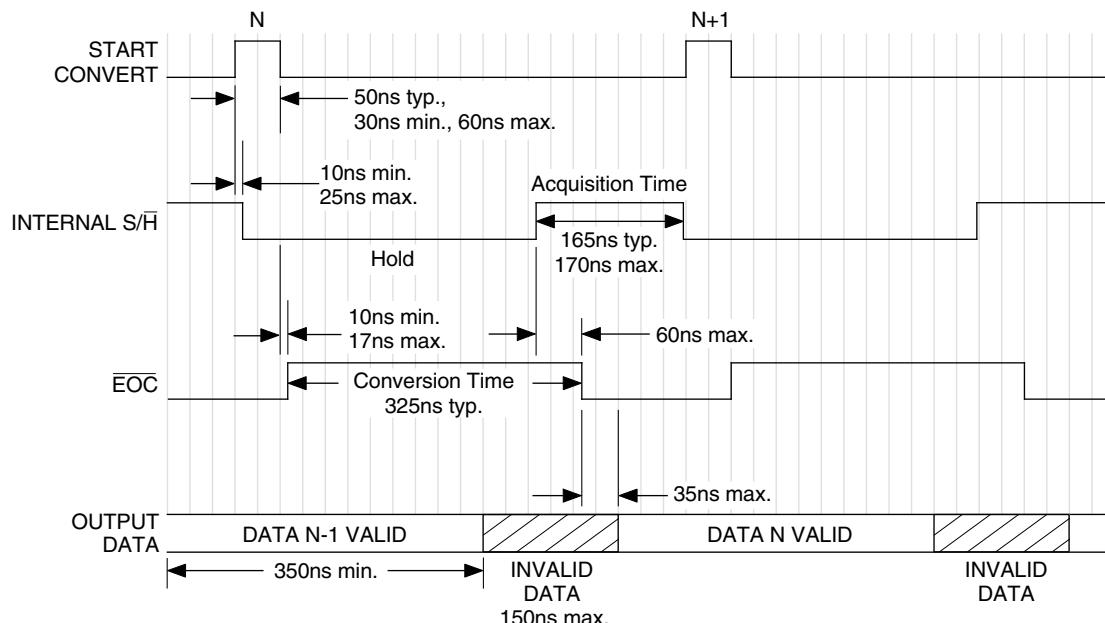
PHYSICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL				
Operating Temp. Range, Case	0	—	+70	°C
ADS-117MC	—	—	+85	°C
ADS-117ME	-45	—	+125	°C
ADS-117MM, 883	-55	—	+125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65	—	+150	°C
Thermal Impedance				
θ _{jc}	—	3	—	°C/W
θ _{ca}	—	23	—	°C/W
Package Type	24-pin, metal-sealed, ceramic DDIP			
Weight	0.42 ounces (12 grams)			

TECHNICAL NOTES

1. Applications which are unaffected by endpoint errors or remove them through software will use the typical connections shown in Figure 3. Remove system errors or adjust the small initial errors of the ADS-117 to zero using the optional external circuitry shown in Figure 4. The external adjustment circuit has no effect on the throughput rate.
2. Always connect the analog and digital grounds to a ground plane beneath the converter for best performance. The analog and digital grounds are not connected to each other internally.
3. Bypass the analog and digital supplies and the +10V reference (pin 21) to ground with 4.7µF, 25V tantalum electrolytic capacitors in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitors. Bypass the +10V reference (pin 21) to ANALOG GROUND (pin 23).
4. Obtain straight binary/offset binary output coding by tying COMP BIN (pin 18) to +5V or leaving it open. The device has an internal pull-up resistor on this pin. To obtain complementary binary or complementary offset binary output coding, tie pin 18 to ground. The pin 18 signal

is compatible with CMOS/TTL logic levels for those users desiring dynamic control of this function. Do not change COMP BIN status while EOC is high.

5. To enable the three-state outputs, connect ENABLE (pin 17) to a logic "0" (low). To disable, connect pin 17 to a logic "1" (high).
6. To meet the guaranteed conversion rate, a maximum start convert pulse is specified. A wider start convert pulse will result in slower conversion rates. An initial start convert pulse is required before performing an actual conversion after power-up to assure the sample-hold is in the acquisition mode.
7. Figure 2 shows the relationship between the various input signals. The timing shown applies over the operating temperature range and over the operating power supply range.
7. Re-initiating the START CONVERT (pin 16) while EOC is a logic "1" (high) will result in a new conversion sequence.



Note: Scale is approximately 25ns per division.

Figure 2. ADS-117 Timing Diagram

CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

1. Connect the converter per Figure 3, Figure 4, and Table 1 for the appropriate input range. Apply a pulse of 150 nanoseconds to the START CONVERT input (pin 16) at a rate of 250kHz. This rate is chosen to reduce flicker if LED's are used on the outputs for calibration purposes.

2. Zero Adjustments

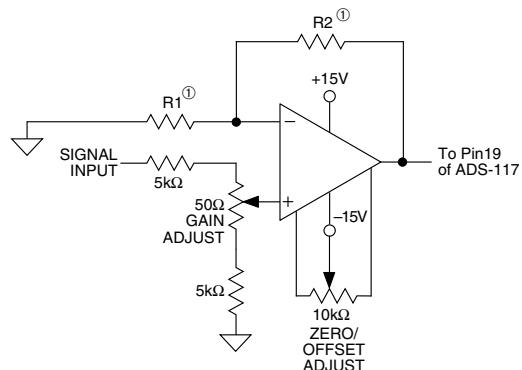
Apply a precision voltage reference source between the amplifier's analog input and ground. Adjust the output of the reference source per Table 2. For unipolar, adjust the zero trimming potentiometer so that the output code flickers equally between 0000 0000 0000 and 0000 0000 0001 with the pin 18 tied high (straight binary) or between 1111 1111 1110 and 1111 1111 1111 with pin 18 tied low (complementary binary).

For bipolar operation, adjust the potentiometer such that the code flickers equally between 1000 0000 0000 and 1000 0000 0001 with pin 18 tied high (offset binary) or between 0111 1111 1111 and 0111 1111 1110 with pin 18 tied low (complementary offset binary).

3. Full-Scale Adjustment

Set the output of the voltage reference used in step 2 to the value shown in Table 1. Adjust the gain trimming potentiometer so that the output code flickers equally between 1111 1111 1110 and 1111 1111 1111 for pin 18 tied high or between 0000 0000 0001 and 0000 0000 0000 for pin 18 tied low.

4. To confirm proper operation of the device, vary the precision reference voltage source to obtain the output coding listed in Table 3.



① For values of R1 and R2 refer to Table 1.

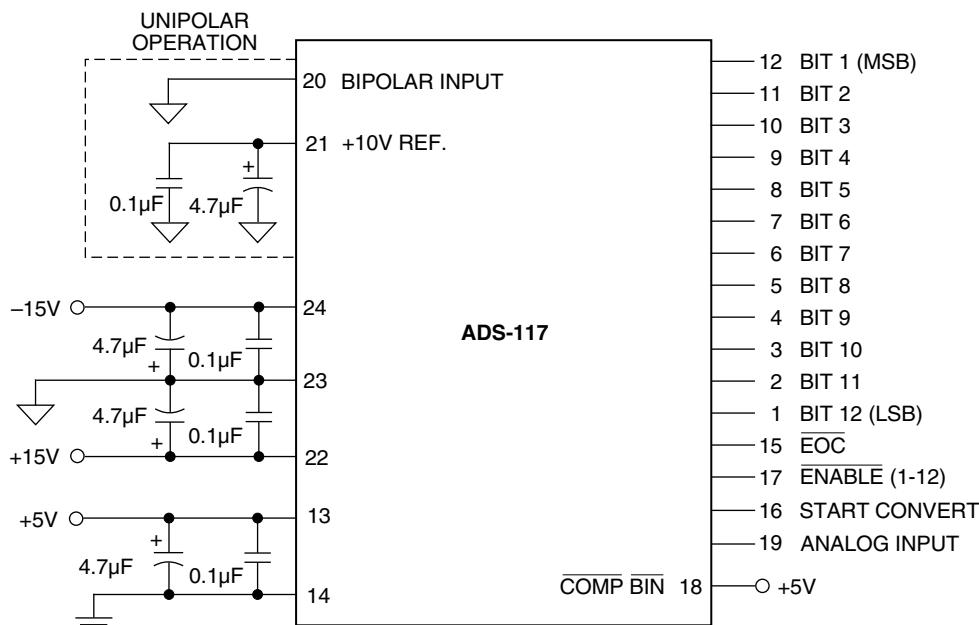
Figure 4. Optional Calibration Circuit

Table 1. Input Connections (using external calibration)

INPUT RANGE	R1	R2	UNIT
0 +10V, ±5	2	2	kΩ
0 to 5V, ±2.5V	2	6	kΩ
0 to +2.5V, ±1.25V	2	14	kΩ

Table 2. Zero and Gain Adjustments

INPUT RANGE	ZERO ADJUST +1/2 LSB	GAIN ADJUST RANGE
0 to +10V	+1.22mV	+9.9963V
±5V	+1.22mV	+4.9963V

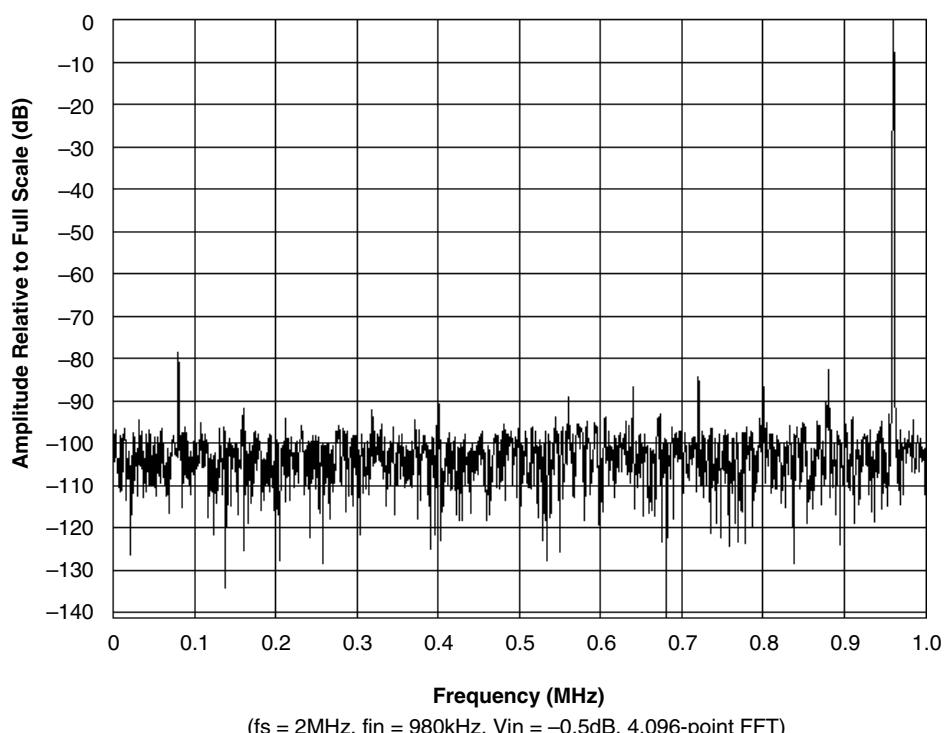


NOTE: For unipolar operation, ground pin 20.
For bipolar operation, connect pin 20 to pin 21.
Always bypass pin 21 as shown for both unipolar and bipolar operation.

Figure 3. ADS-117 Connection Diagram

Table 3. Output Coding

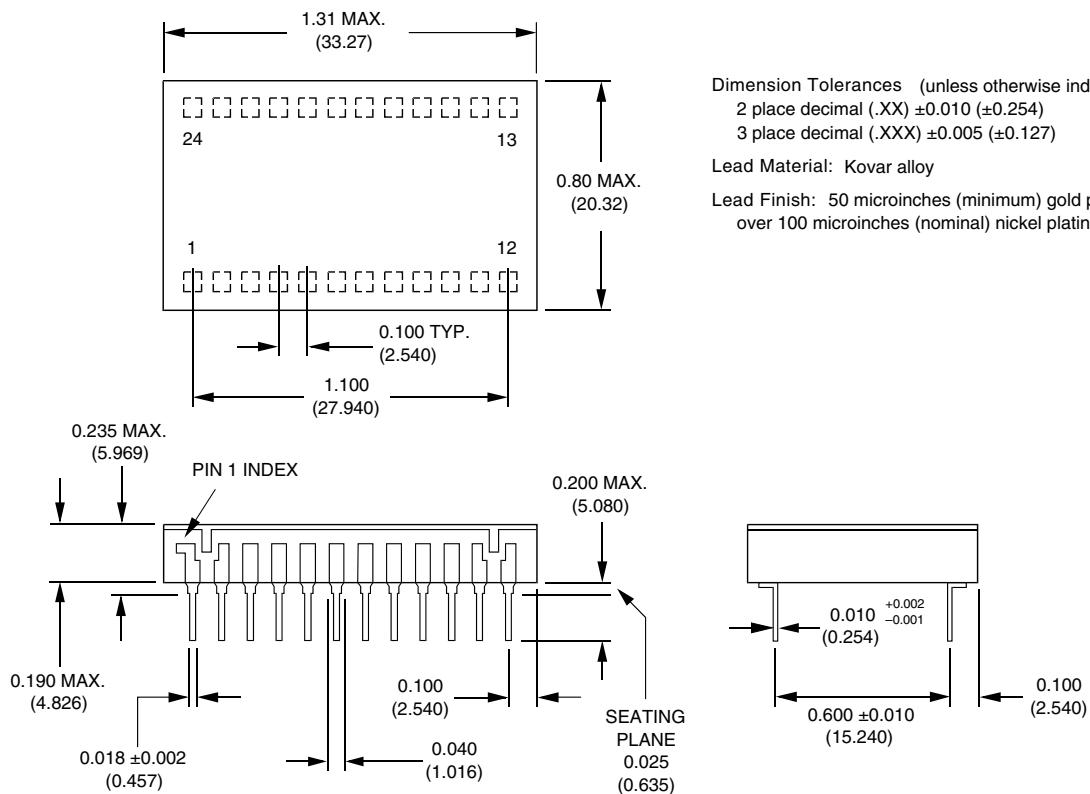
UNIPOLAR SCALE	INPUT RANGE 0 to +10V	STRAIGHT BIN.		COMP. BINARY				INPUT RANGE $\pm 5V$	BIPOLAR SCALE		
		OUTPUT CODING		MSB		LSB					
		MSB	LSB	MSB	LSB	MSB	LSB				
+FS – 1 LSB	+9.9976	1111	1111	1111	0000	0000	0000	+4.9976	+FS – 1 LSB		
+7/8 FS	+8.7500	1110	0000	0000	0001	1111	1111	+3.7500	+3/4FS		
+3/4 FS	+7.5000	1100	0000	0000	0011	1111	1111	+2.5000	+1/2FS		
+1/2 FS	+5.0000	1000	0000	0000	0111	1111	1111	0.0000	0		
+1/4 FS	+2.5000	0100	0000	0000	1011	1111	1111	-2.5000	-1/2FS		
+1/8 FS	+1.2500	0010	0000	0000	1101	1111	1111	-3.7500	-3/4FS		
+1 LSB	+0.0024	0000	0000	0001	1111	1111	1110	-4.9976	-FS+1LSB		
0	0.0000	0000	0000	0000	1111	1111	1111	-5.0000	-FS		
OFF. BINARY											
COMP. OFF. BIN.											



(fs = 2MHz, fin = 980kHz, Vin = -0.5dB, 4,096-point FFT)

Figure 5. FFT Analysis of ADS-117

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS INCHES (mm)



Dimension Tolerances (unless otherwise indicated):

2 place decimal (.XX) ± 0.010 (± 0.254)

3 place decimal (.XXX) ± 0.005 (± 0.127)

Lead Material: Kovar alloy

Lead Finish: 50 microinches (minimum) gold plating over 100 microinches (nominal) nickel plating

ORDERING INFORMATION

MODEL NUMBER	OPERATING TEMP. RANGE	ACCESSORIES
ADS-117MC	0 to +70°C	ADS-EVAL1 Evaluation Board (without ADS-117)
ADS-117ME	-40 to +85°C	HS-24 Heat Sink for all ADS-117 models
ADS-117MM	-55 to +125°C	
ADS-117/883	-55 to +125°C	

For MIL-STD-883 product specification or availability of surface-mount packaging, contact DATEL. Receptacles for PC mounting can be ordered through AMP Inc., Part # 3-331272-8 (Component Lead Socket), 24 required.