

General Description

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 family of low-cost op amps offer rail-to-rail inputs and outputs, draw only 320µA of quiescent current, and operate from a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply. For additional power conservation, the MAX4245/MAX4247 offer a low-power shutdown mode that reduces supply current to 50nA, and puts the amplifiers' outputs in a high-impedance state. These devices are unity-gain stable with a 1MHz gain-bandwidth product driving capacitive loads up to 470pF.

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 family is specified from -40°C to +125°C, making them suitable for use in a variety of harsh environments, such as automotive applications. The MAX4245 single amplifier is available in ultra-small 6-pin SC70 and space-saving 6-pin SOT23 packages. The MAX4246 dual amplifier is available in 8-pin SOT23, SO, and μ MAX[®] packages. The MAX4247 dual amplifier comes in a tiny 10-pin μ MAX package.

Applications

Selector Guide

SHUTDOWN

MODE

Yes

Yes

No

Yes

Portable Communications

Single-Supply Zero-Crossing Detectors

Instruments and Terminals

Electronic Ignition Modules

Infrared Receivers

PART

MAX4245AXT-T

MAX4245AUT-T

MAX4246AKA-T

MAX4246ASA

MAX4246AUA

MAX4247AUB

Sensor-Signal Detection

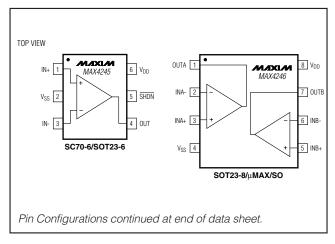
_Features

- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output Voltage Swing
- 50nA (max) Shutdown Mode (MAX4245/MAX4247)
- ♦ 320µA (typ) Quiescent Current Per Amplifier
- Single +2.5V to +5.5V Supply Voltage Range
- ♦ 110dB Open-Loop Gain with 2kΩ Load
- 0.01% THD with 100k Ω Load
- ♦ Unity-Gain Stable up to C_{LOAD} = 470pF
- No Phase Inversion for Overdriven Inputs
- Available in Space-Saving Packages
 6-Pin SC70 or 6-Pin SOT23 (MAX4245)
 8-Pin SOT23/SO or 8-Pin µMAX (MAX4246)
 10-Pin µMAX (MAX4247)

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX4245AXT-T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SC70-6	AAZ
MAX4245AUT-T	-40°C to +125°C	6 SOT23-6	AAUB
MAX4246AKA-T	-40°C to +125°C	8 SOT23-8	AAIN
MAX4246ASA	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO	_
MAX4246AUA	-40°C to +125°C	8 µMAX	_
MAX4247AUB	-40°C to +125°C	10 µMAX	—

Pin Configurations



2 No 2 No

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AMPLIFIERS

PER PACKAGE

1

1

2

2

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Power-Supply Voltage (V_{DD} to V_{SS}).....-0.3V to +6V All Other Pins(V_{SS} - 0.3V) to (V_{DD} + 0.3V)

Output Short-Circuit Duration	
(OUT shorted to V _{SS} or V _{DD})	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
6-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above +70°C)	245mW
6-Pin SOT23 (derate 8.7mW/°C above +70°C)	695mW
8-Pin SO (derate 5.9mW/°C above +70°C)	471mW

8-Pin SOT23 (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C)7	727mW
8-Pin µMAX (derate 4.5mW/°C above +70°C)	362mW
10-Pin µMAX (derate 5.6mW/°C above +70°C)	444mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +	+125°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +	+160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, R_L connected from OUT to V_{DD} / 2, SHDN_ = V_{DD} (MAX4245/MAX4247 only), T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Inferred from PSRR t	est	2.5		5.5	V
		$V_{DD} = +2.7V$			320	650	
Supply Current (Per Amplifier) I_{DD} $V_{DD} = +5.5V$			375	700	μA		
Supply Current in Shutdown	ISHDN_	\overline{SHDN} = V _{SS} (Note	2)		0.05	0.5	μA
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{SS} - 0.1V \le V_{CM} \le V_{CM}$	/ _{DD} + 0.1V		±0.4	±1.5	mV
Input Bias Current	Ι _Β	$V_{SS} - 0.1V \le V_{CM} \le V_{CM}$	/ _{DD} + 0.1V		±10	±50	nA
Input Offset Current	los	$V_{SS} - 0.1V \le V_{CM} \le V_{CM}$	/ _{DD} + 0.1V		±1	±6	nA
Input Resistance	RIN	$ V_{IN+} - V_{IN-} \le 10 \text{mV}$			4000		kΩ
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	Inferred from CMRR	Inferred from CMRR test			V _{DD} + 0.1	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{SS} - 0.1V \le V_{CM} \le V_{DD} + 0.1V$		65	80		dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$2.5 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \text{V}$		75	90		dB
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	Av	$\label{eq:VSS} \begin{split} V_{SS} &+ 0.05 V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{DD} - 0.05 V, \\ R_L &= 100 k \Omega \end{split}$			120		dB
		$V_{SS} + 0.2V \le V_{OUT} \le$	${\rm V_{DD}}$ - 0.2V, R _L = 2k Ω	95	110		l
Output Voltage Swing High	Val	Specified as	$R_L = 100 k\Omega$		1		mV
Output voltage Swing Fight	V _{OH}	V _{DD} - V _{OUT}	$R_L = 2k\Omega$		35	60	IIIV
Output Voltage Swing Low	Vo	OL Specified as V _{OUT} - V _{SS}	$R_L = 100 k\Omega$		1		mV
Output voltage Swing Low	VOL		$R_L = 2k\Omega$		30	60	IIIV
Output Short-Circuit Current		VD = +5.0V	Sourcing		11		mA
Output Short-Circuit Current	IOUT(SC)	VDD = +3.0V	Sinking		30)	
Output Leakage Current in Shutdown	IOUT(SH)	Device in Shutdown Mode (SHDN_ = V _{SS}), V _{SS} \leq V _{OUT} \leq V _{DD} (Note 2)			±0.01	±0.5	μA
SHDN_ Logic Low	VIL	(Note 2)				0.3 x V _{DD}	V
SHDN_ Logic High	VIH	(Note 2)		0.7 x V _{DD}			V
SHDN_ Input Current	IL/IH	$V_{SS} \le \overline{SHDN} \le V_{DD}$	$V_{SS} \leq \overline{SHDN} \leq V_{DD}$ (Note 2)		0.5	50	nA
	1						

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, R_L \text{ connected from OUT to } V_{DD} / 2, \overline{SHDN} = V_{DD} (MAX4245/MAX4247 \text{ only}), T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW			1.0		MHz
Phase Margin	фм			70		degrees
Gain Margin	GM			20		dB
Slew Rate	SR			0.4		V/µs
Input Voltage-Noise Density	en	f = 10kHz		52		nV/√Hz
Input Current-Noise Density	in	f = 10kHz		0.1		pA/√Hz
Capacitive-Load Stability	CLOAD	$A_V = 1$ (Note 3)			470	pF
Shutdown Delay Time	t(SH)	(Note 2)		3		μs
Enable Delay Time	t _(EN)	(Note 2)		4		μs
Power-On Time	ton			4		μs
Input Capacitance	CIN			2.5		pF
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$ f = 10 kHz, V_{OUT} = 2Vp-p, A_V = +1, \\ V_{DD} = +5.0V, Load = 100 k\Omega \text{ to } V_{DD}/2 $	0.01		%	
Settling Time to 0.01%	ts	$V_{OUT} = 4V$ step, $V_{DD} = +5.0V$, $A_V = +1$		10		μs

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, R_L \text{ connected from OUT to } V_{DD} / 2, \overline{SHDN_} = V_{DD} (MAX4245/MAX4247 \text{ only}), T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) (Note 1)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Inferred from PSRR test	2.5		5.5	V
Supply Current (Per Amplifier)	IDD	$V_{DD} = +2.7V$			800	μA
Supply Current in Shutdown	ISHDN_	SHDN_ = V _{SS} (Note 2)			1	μA
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{SS} \le V_{CM} \le V_{DD}$ (Note 4)			±3.0	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCVOS	$V_{SS} \le V_{CM} \le V_{DD}$ (Note 4)		±2		µV/∘C
Input Bias Current	IB	$V_{SS} \le V_{CM} \le V_{DD}$ (Note 4)			±100	nA
Input Offset Current	los	$V_{SS} \le V_{CM} \le V_{DD}$ (Note 4)			±10	nA
Input Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	Inferred from CMRR test (Note 4)	V _{SS}		V _{DD}	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{SS} \le V_{CM} \le V_{DD}$ (Note 4)	60			dB
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$2.5V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5V$	70			dB
Large-Signal Voltage Gain	Av		85			dB
Output Voltage Swing High	VOH	Specified as V _{DD} - V _{OUT} , R _L = 2k Ω			90	mV
Output Voltage Swing Low	V _{OL}	Specified as V _{OUT} - V _{SS} , R _L = 2k Ω			90	mV
Output Leakage Current in Shutdown	IOUT(SH)	Device in Shutdown Mode (\overline{SHDN} = V _{SS}), V _{SS} \leq V _{OUT} \leq V _{DD} (Note 3)			±1.0	μA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = +2.7V, V_{SS} = 0V, V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, R_L \text{ connected from OUT to } V_{DD} / 2, \overline{SHDN_} = V_{DD} (MAX4245/MAX4247 \text{ only}), T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) (Note 1)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ΤΥΡ Ι	MAX	UNITS
SHDN_ Logic Low	VIL	(Note 2)		0.3	× V _{DD}	V
SHDN_ Logic High	VIH	(Note 2)	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$			V
SHDN_ Input Current	IL/IH	$V_{SS} \leq \overline{SHDN} \leq V_{DD}$ (Notes 2, 3)			100	nA

Note 1: Specifications are 100% tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

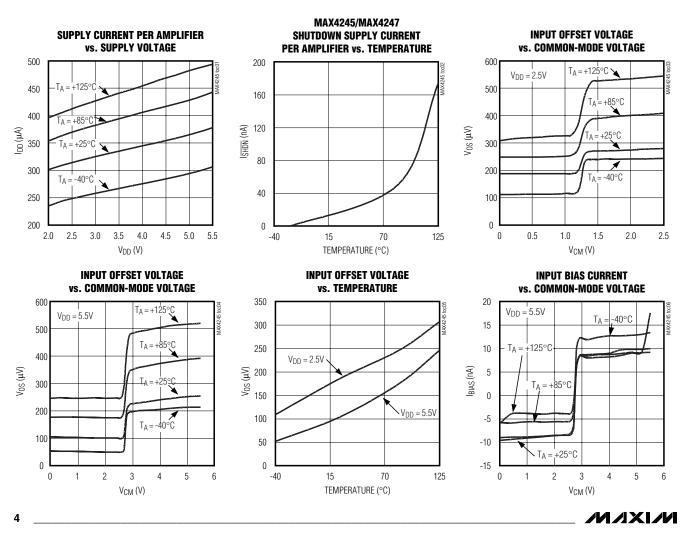
Note 2: Shutdown mode is only available in MAX4245 and MAX4247.

Note 3: Guaranteed by design, not production tested.

Note 4: For -40°C to +85°C, Input Common-Mode Range is V_{SS} - 0.1V $\leq V_{CM} \leq V_{DD}$ + 0.1V.

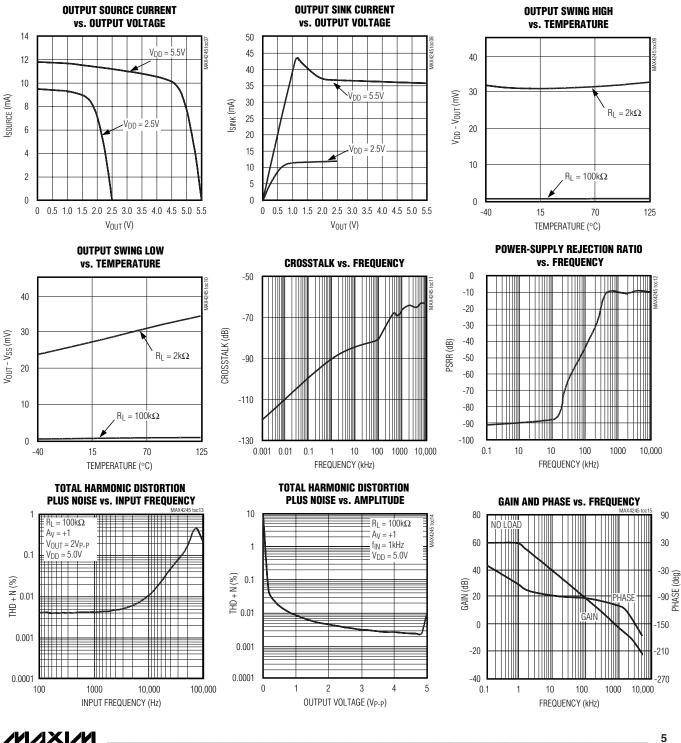
Typical Operating Characteristics

(V_{DD} = 2.7V, V_{SS} = V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, no load, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



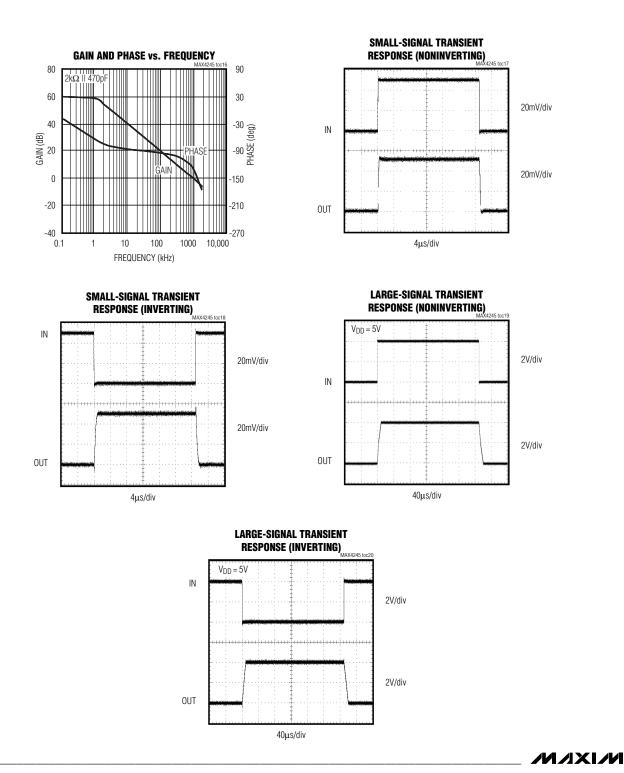
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{DD} = 2.7V, V_{SS} = V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, no load, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(V_{DD} = 2.7V, V_{SS} = V_{CM} = 0V, V_{OUT} = V_{DD} / 2, no load, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247

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Pin Description

	PIN			EUNCTION
MAX4245	MAX4246	MAX4247	NAME	FUNCTION
1	—	_	IN+	Noninverting Input
2	4	4	V _{SS}	Ground or Negative Supply
3	—	_	IN-	Inverting Input
4	—	—	OUT	Amplifier Output
5	—	—	SHDN	Shutdown
6	8	10	V _{DD}	Positive Supply
—	1	1	OUTA	Amplifier Output Channel A
_	2	2	INA-	Inverting Input Channel A
_	3	3	INA+	Noninverting Input Channel A
	5	7	INB+	Noninverting Input Channel B
_	6	8	INB-	Inverting Input Channel B
_	7	9	OUTB	Amplifier Output Channel B
_	—	5	SHDNA	Shutdown Channel A
_	—	6	SHDNB	Shutdown Channel B



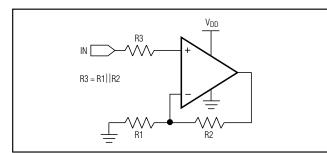


Figure 1a. Minimizing Offset Error Due to Input Bias Current (Noninverting)

Detailed Description

Rail-to-Rail Input Stage

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 have rail-to-rail input and output stages that are specifically designed for low-voltage, single-supply operation. The input stage consists of composite NPN and PNP differential stages, which operate together to provide a common-mode range extending to both supply rails. The crossover region of these two pairs occurs halfway between V_{DD} and V_{SS}. The input offset voltage is typically $\pm 400 \mu$ V. Low-operating supply voltage, low supply current and rail-to-rail outputs make this family of operational amplifiers an excellent choice for precision or general-purpose, low-voltage, battery-powered systems.

Since the input stage consists of NPN and PNP pairs, the input bias current changes polarity as the common-

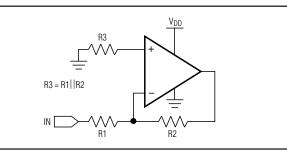


Figure 1b. Minimizing Offset Error Due to Input Bias Current (Inverting)

mode voltage passes through the crossover region. Match the effective impedance seen by each input to reduce the offset error caused by input bias currents flowing through external source impedance (Figures 1a and 1b).

The combination of high-source impedance plus input capacitance (amplifier input capacitance plus stray capacitance) creates a parasitic pole that can produce an underdamped signal response. Reducing input capacitance or placing a small capacitor across the feedback resistor improves response in this case.

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 family's inputs are protected from large differential input voltages by internal $5.3k\Omega$ series resistors and back-to-back triple-diode stacks across the inputs (Figure 2). For differential-input voltages much less than 2.1V (triple-diode drop),

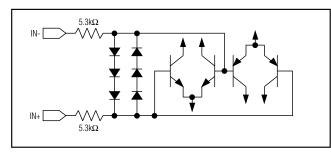


Figure 2. Input Protection Circuit

input resistance is typically $4M\Omega$. For differential voltages greater than 2.1V, input resistance is around 10.6k Ω , and the input bias current can be approximated by the following equation:

 $I_B = (V_{DIFF} - 2.1V) / 10.6k\Omega$

In the region where the differential input voltage approaches 2.1V, the input resistance decreases exponentially from 4M Ω to 10.6k Ω as the diodes begin to conduct. It follows that the bias current increases with the same curve.

In unity-gain configuration, high slew-rate input signals may capacitively couple to the output through the triple-diode stacks.

Rail-to-Rail Output Stage

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 can drive a $2k\Omega$ load and still typically swing within 35mV of the supply rails. Figure 3 shows the output voltage swing of the MAX4245 configured with Ay = -1V/V.

Applications Information

Power-Supply Considerations

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 operate from a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply (or dual $\pm 1.25V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies) and consume only 320µA of supply current per amplifier. A 90dB power-supply rejection ratio allows the amplifiers to be powered directly off a decaying battery voltage, simplifying design and extending battery life.

Power-Up 47 output typically set-

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 output typically settles within 4 μ s after power-up. Figure 4 shows the output voltage on power-up and power-down.

Shutdown Mode

The MAX4245/MAX4247 feature a low-power shutdown mode. When SHDN_ is pulled low, the supply current drops to 50nA per amplifier, the amplifier is disabled, and the output enters a high-impedance state. Pulling

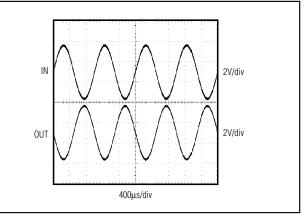


Figure 3. Rail-to-Rail Input/Output Voltage Range

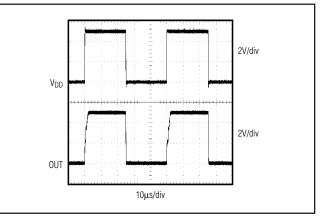


Figure 4. Power-Up/Power-Down Waveform

SHDN_ high enables the amplifier. Figure 5 shows the MAX4245/MAX4247's shutdown waveform.

Due to the output leakage currents of three-state devices and the small internal pullup current for SHDN_, do not let the SHDN_ float. Floating SHDN_ may result in indeterminate logic levels, and could adversely affect op amp operation. The logic threshold for SHDN_ is referred to Vss. When using dual supplies, pull SHDN_ to Vss, not GND, to shut down the op amp.

Driving Capacitive Loads

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 are unity-gain stable for loads up to 470pF. Applications that require greater capacitive drive capability should use an isolation resistor between the output and the capacitive load



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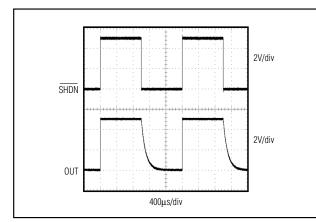


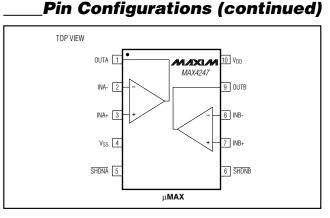
Figure 5. Shutdown Waveform

(Figures 6a, 6b, 6c). Note that this alternative results in a loss of gain accuracy because $R_{\rm ISO}$ forms a voltage divider with the $R_{\rm LOAD}.$

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247 family operates from either a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply or dual \pm 1.25V to \pm 2.75V supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply with a 100nF capacitor to V_{SS} (in this case GND). For dual-supply operation, both the V_{DD} and the V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 100nF capacitors.

Good PC board layout techniques optimize performance by decreasing the amount of stray capacitance at the op amp's inputs and output. To decrease stray capacitance, minimize trace lengths and widths by placing external components as close to the device as possible. Use surface-mount components when possible.



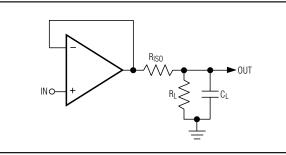


Figure 6a. Using a Resistor to Isolate a Capacitive Load from the Op Amp

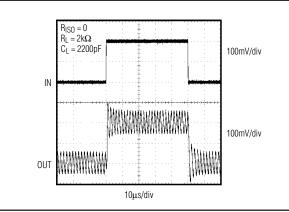


Figure 6b. Pulse Response Without Isolating Resistor

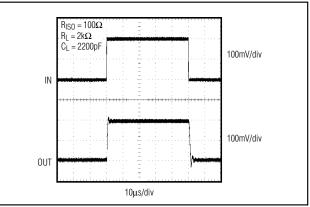


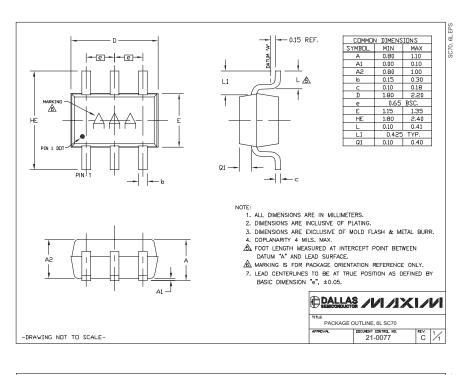
Figure 6c. Pulse Response With Isolating Resistor

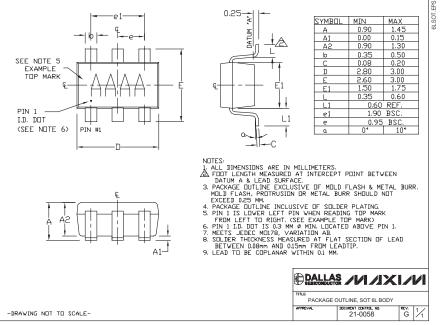
Chip Information

MAX4245 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 207 MAX4246/MAX4247 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 414 PROCESS: BICMOS

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

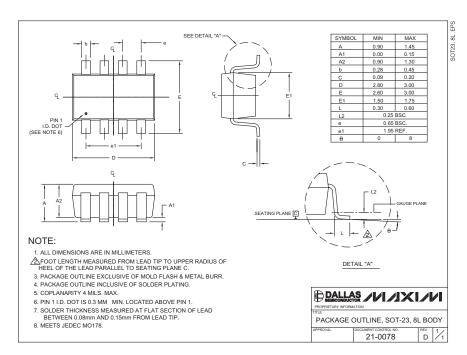


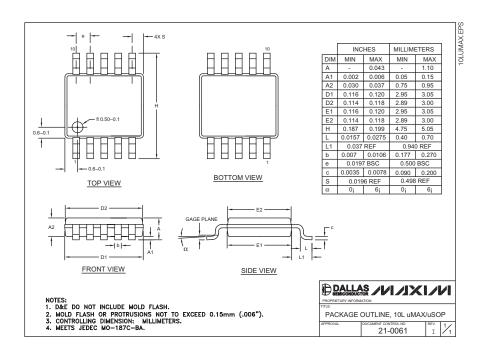


M/IXI/M

Package Information (continued)

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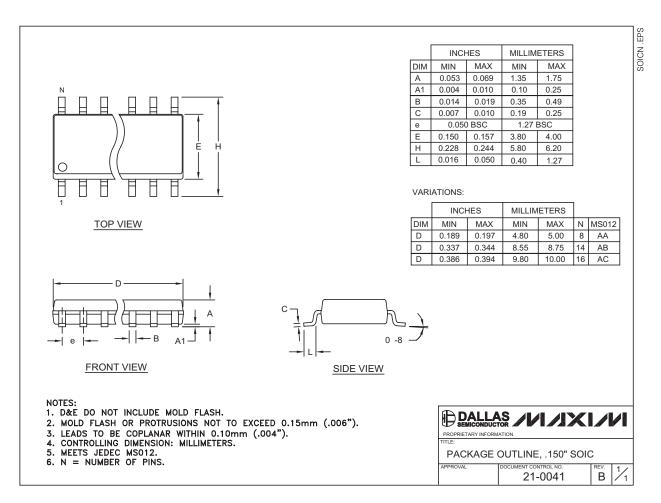




MAX4245/MAX4246/MAX4247

Package Information (continued)

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